GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE ROSEBUD COAL FIELD, MONTANA

Scale 1/63,360

1 0 1 2 3 4 5 Miles

1936

Base from author's field sheets and U.S. Land Office plats.

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EXPLANATION

QUATERNARY AND TERTIARY (?)

Alluvium. Gravel, sand, silt, and clay.

Terrace deposits. Gravel, sand, silt, and clay.

Pleistocene and Pliocene (?)

Wasatch (?) and Fort Union (?)

Terrace gravels

Qtg Older terrace gravel

Qtg Younger terrace gravel

TERTIARY

Tongue River member (Fort Union formation). (Massive sandstone, yellow beds; some shale. Ground-sluiced coal bed.)

Lebo shale member (Shales and sandstones. Some coal beds, lenticular and impure. Big Dirty coal bed at base in the western part of the field. Local coal beds at base elsewhere.)

Tullock member (Alternating beds of sandstone and shale. Coal beds lenticular, absent in eastern part of area, thick in eastern part. Combines Flowers-Kelly and Wright coal bed at base.)

Hell Creek member (Sandstone and shale. Non-coal bearing.)

Coal sticker and approximate line of outcrop

Outcrop of coal bed. (Through uniform point where coal was measured, or through point as near as these in text and in coal section plates.)

Areas where coal can be mined by open cut. (Shown in areas taken as outcrops of coal beds. A—Coal 20 feet or less. B—Coal 20 feet or less.

Fault. (U—Upthrow; D—Downthrow.)

Strike and dip

Coal prospect or mine

Corner stone found