



Magnetotelluric Data Collected Near Geophysically Logged Boreholes in the Española and Middle Rio Grande Basins, New Mexico

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Introduction

The Santa Fe region is growing rapidly. The Santa Fe Group aquifer in the Española Basin is the main source of municipal water for the region (**fig. 1**), and water shortfalls could have serious consequences. Future growth and land management in the region depend on accurate assessment and protection of the region's ground-water resources. An important issue in managing the ground-water resources is a better understanding of the hydrogeology of the Tertiary Santa Fe Group. The Santa Fe Group includes the sedimentary deposits that fill the Rio Grande rift and contain the principal ground-water aquifers.

The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) is conducting a series of multidisciplinary studies of the Española Basin in northern New Mexico. Detailed geologic mapping, high-resolution airborne magnetic surveys, electromagnetic surveys, and hydrologic, lithologic, and hydro-geochemical data are being used to better understand the aquifer systems. Magnetotelluric (MT) surveys were completed as part of these studies (Williams and Rodriguez, 2001; 2003; 2005a; 2005b). The primary purpose of the MT surveys was to map changes in electrical resistivity with depth that are related to differences in various rock types that help control the properties of aquifers in the region.

Resistivity modeling of the MT data can be used to investigate buried structures related to the basic geologic framework of the study area. The purpose of this report is to release MT sounding data collected near geophysically logged boreholes in the study area, including the nearby Middle Rio Grande Basin. This MT data can be used in subsequent resistivity modeling. No interpretation of the data is included in this report.

Electrical Rock Properties

Electromagnetic geophysical methods detect variations in the electrical properties of rocks - in particular electrical resistivity, or its inverse, electrical conductivity. Electrical resistivity can be correlated with geologic units on the surface and also at depth by using lithologic logs to provide a three-dimensional (3-D) picture of subsurface geology. In the upper crust, the resistivity of geologic units is largely dependent upon their fluid content, pore-volume porosity, interconnected fracture porosity, and conductive mineral content (Keller, 1989). While there is not a one-to-one relationship between lithology and resistivity, there are general correlations that can be made using typical values even though values can be found at other localities that may fall outside of the ranges presented below (Palacky, 1987). Fluids within the pore spaces and fracture openings, especially if saline, can reduce resistivities in what would otherwise be a resistive rock matrix. Resistivity can also be lowered by the presence of electrically conductive clay minerals, graphitic carbon, and metallic mineralization. It is common, for example, for altered volcanic rocks to contain replacement minerals that have resistivities ten times lower than those of the surrounding rocks (Nelson and Anderson, 1992). Saturated, fine-grained sediments, such as clay-rich alluvium, marine shales, and other mudstones, are normally conductive from a few ohm-meters (ohm-m) to a few tens of ohm-m (Keller, 1987; Palacky, 1987). In-situ measurement from local data in Deszcz-Pan and others (2000) show that coarser-grained sediments, such as gravels and clean

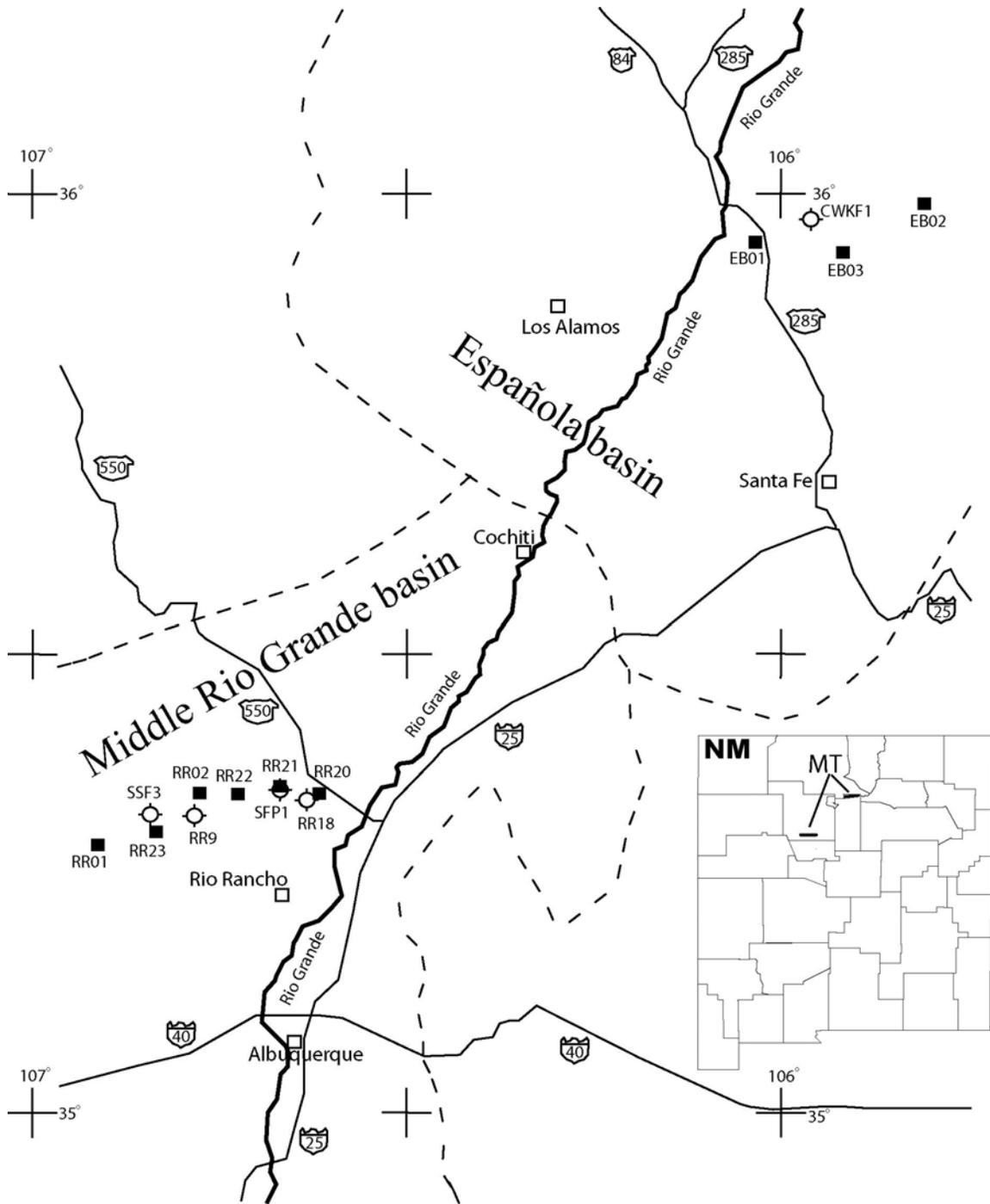


Figure 1. Magnetotelluric (MT) profile index map of northern New Mexico. MT stations acquired in September 1999, July 2002, and July 2004 are numbered solid black boxes. Open circles are nearby geophysically logged boreholes (CWKF1-Castle West Kelly Federal 1, SSF3 - Shell Santa Fe 3, RR9- Rio Rancho 9, SFP1 - Santa Fe Pacific 1, RR18- Rio Rancho 18). Numbered black lines are major highways. Dashed lines are Española and Middle Rio Grande basin boundaries. Map datum is Clark 1866 Spheroid, NAD 1927 CONUS with geographic projection.

sands, are commonly moderately conductive (tens of ohm-m). Others have reported similar in-situ resistivity measurements for sands and gravels elsewhere in North America (Gilson and others, 2000; Alger, 1971). Metamorphic rocks (non-graphitic) and unaltered, unfractured igneous rocks are normally moderately to highly resistive (a few hundreds to thousands of ohm-m). Carbonate rocks can have similarly high resistivities depending on their fluid content, porosity, and impurities (Keller, 1987; Palacky, 1987). Fault zones may be moderately conductive (tens of ohm-m) when they are comprised of rocks fractured enough to have hosted fluid transport and consequent mineralogical alteration (Eberhart-Phillips and others, 1995). Higher subsurface temperatures cause higher ionic mobility that reduces rock resistivities (Keller, 1987; Palacky, 1987). Tables of electrical resistivity for a variety of rocks, minerals, and geological environments may be found in Keller (1987) and Olhoeft (1989), although these resistivity measurements were laboratory measurements, and using them for in-situ measurements is problematic. Palacky (1987) presents a figure of typical ranges of resistivities of various earth materials, but whether the figure was derived from entirely in-situ measurements is not clear.

Magnetotelluric Method

The MT method is a passive surface electromagnetic geophysical technique that measures variations in the Earth's natural electromagnetic field to investigate the electrical resistivity structure of the subsurface from depths of tens of meters to tens of kilometers (Vozoff, 1991). Worldwide lightning activity at frequencies of 10,000 to 1 Hertz (Hz) and geomagnetic micro-pulsations at frequencies of 1 to 0.001 (Hz) provide the majority of natural signal used by the MT method. The natural electromagnetic wave propagates vertically in the earth due to the large resistivity contrast between the air and the earth causing a vertical refraction of the electromagnetic wave transmitted into the Earth (Vozoff, 1972).

The natural electric and magnetic fields are recorded in two orthogonal, horizontal directions at the Earth's surface (the vertical magnetic field is also recorded). The resulting time-series signals are used to derive tensor apparent resistivities and phases by first converting them to complex cross spectra using Fourier transform techniques. Least squares, cross-spectral analysis (Bendat and Piersol, 1971) are used to solve for a tensor transfer function. Prior to conversion to apparent resistivity and phase, the tensor is normally rotated into principal directions that usually correspond to the direction of maximum and minimum apparent resistivity. For a two-dimensional (2-D) Earth, in which Earth resistivity structure varies with depth and in one lateral direction, the MT fields can be decoupled into transverse-electric (TE) and transverse-magnetic (TM) modes. The 2-D resistivity modeling is generally computed to fit both modes. When the geology satisfies the 2-D assumption, the MT data for the TE mode represents electric fields oriented parallel to geologic strike, and the data for the TM mode represents electric fields oriented perpendicular to strike. The MT method is well suited for studying complicated geological environments because the electric and magnetic fields are sensitive to vertical and horizontal variations in resistivity. The method is capable of establishing whether the electromagnetic fields are responding to subsurface rock bodies of effectively 1, 2, or 3 dimensions. An introduction to the MT method and references

for a more advanced understanding are contained in Dobrin and Savit (1988) and Vozoff (1991).

Magnetotelluric Survey

Nine MT soundings were collected in September 1999, July 2002, and July 2004 near geophysically logged boreholes in the study area, including the nearby Middle Rio Grande Basin. Station locations were chosen for proximity to roads and to avoid electrical noise such as power lines. All data at the stations were collected with a portable Electromagnetic Instruments, Inc. (EMI), MT-1 system (EMI, Inc., 1996). Horizontal electric fields were recorded using copper sulfate porous pots placed in an L-shaped, three-electrode array with dipole lengths of 30 meters (m). The orthogonal, horizontal magnetic fields in the direction of the electric-field measurement array were sensed using high magnetic permeability, mu-metal-cored induction coils. Frequencies were sampled from 0.009 to 70 Hz, using single-station recordings of the orthogonal, horizontal components of the electric and magnetic fields and the vertical magnetic field.

The following table lists the 9 MT station locations. Coordinates are referenced to the 1866 Clarke spheroid and North American 1927 Western United States datum. Longitude and latitude format is degrees: minutes: seconds. Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) units and station elevations are in meters. The accuracy of the x, y component is ± 5 m. The accuracy of the z component is ± 10 m.

Table 1

Station	Longitude	Latitude	North(m)	East(m)	Elevation
EB01	-106:02:02	35:56:50	3,978,396	13,406,745	1795
EB02	-105:48:29	35:59:23	3,982,900	13,427,161	2509
EB03	-105:55:03	35:56:09	3,977,013	13,417,246	2098
RR01	-106:54:48	35:17:32	3,906,919	13,326,002	1775
RR02	-106:46:40	35:20:50	3,912,809	13,338,440	1829
RR20a	-106:37:05	35:20:51	3,912,588	13,352,962	1682
RR21a	-106:40:11	35:21:20	3,913,545	13,348,281	1754
RR22a	-106:43:35	35:20:52	3,912,787	13,343,119	1780
RR23a	-106:50:09	35:18:19	3,908,252	13,333,083	1886

Magnetotelluric Data

The recorded time-series data were converted to the frequency domain and processed to determine a resistivity and phase tensor at each site. Rotation of the impedance tensor to maximum and minimum directions allowed for decoupling into the TE and TM modes.

Although remote reference techniques were not used in the study, cross-power files were sorted to select optimal signal-to-noise time-series data sets (see Appendix 1).

The effects of near-surface resistivity anomalies can give rise to “static shifts” in the data (Sternberg and others, 1988). Static shifts were significant at stations **EB02**, **EB03**, **RR2**, **RR21a**, **RR23**, and **RR23a**. Cultural features can furthermore affect the response of the MT system. Fences, pipelines, communication lines, power lines, power generators, railways, moving vehicles and trains, and other man-made sources of electromagnetic noise can contaminate the responses.

The figures in Appendix 1 represent the field-processed MT data for each station after the time-series data were converted to the frequency domain, and after the tensor-transfer function was rotated into principal directions as described in the “Magnetotelluric Method” section of this report.

For each station, nine separate plots are given:

1. Apparent Resistivity (x and o symbols are xy and yx components, respectively)
2. Impedance Phase (x and o symbols are xy and yx components, respectively)
3. Rotation Angle
4. Impedance Skew
5. Multiple Coherency (x and o symbols are xy and yx components, respectively)
6. Impedance Polar Plots
7. Tipper Magnitude
8. Tipper Strike
9. HzHx (x symbol) and HzHy (o symbol) Coherency

Error bars (|,|) on the Apparent Resistivity, Impedance Phase, Skew, Tipper Magnitude, and Tipper Strike plots represent probable errors within one standard deviation of the sample variance (Gamble and others, 1979).

Apparent resistivity is the ratio of the electric field strength magnitude over the magnetic field strength magnitude for a given frequency. The impedance phase is proportional to the slope of the apparent-resistivity curve on a log-log plot, relative to a baseline at -45 degrees (Vozoff, 1991). A measure of the dimensionality for MT data is provided by the impedance skew of the impedance tensor (Vozoff, 1972). If the effective, measured resistivity response to the geology beneath an MT station is truly one- or two-dimensional, then the skew will be zero. Both instrument and environmental sources of noise contribute to non-zero skew values but are typically small (about 0.1) for relatively low-noise-level recordings. Higher skews (more than 0.2) indicate either the resistivity response to 3-D geology or higher levels of noise.

In the study area, noise from a number of small power lines and small moving vehicles was negligible at distances of 0.4 km and greater from the noise source. Power-line amplitude was measured at each site and was typically less than 20 percent of the maximum recordable signals. Noise from larger power lines, power generators, pipelines, and trains was negligible at distances of more than 5 km from the site. Local lightning, wind, and rainstorms also can degrade data quality, but these were avoided by not recording during active thunderstorm periods. Burying the magnetic induction coils and keeping the electric dipole wires flat on the ground surface helped to minimize wind noise.

Predicted values of the electric field can be computed from the measured values of the magnetic field (Vozoff, 1991). The coherence of the predicted electric field with the measured electric field is a measure of the signal-to-noise ratio provided in the multiple coherency plots. Values are normalized between 0 and 1, where values at 0.5 signify signal levels equal to noise levels. For this data set, coherencies generally were at an acceptable level, except at times in the frequency “dead band” (0.01 to 5 Hz) when they dropped below 0.75 (Dobrin and Savit, 1988).

The figures in Appendix 1 represent the field-processed MT data at each station, and include some data scatter and poor signal-to-noise ratios. The only effort aimed at

removing noisy data points was to visually inspect and select the best signal-to-noise field data to combine into the final data plots.

The impedance polar plots provide a measure of the MT data dimensionality (Reddy and others, 1977). For 1-D resistivity structures, the principal impedance (off-diagonal elements) polar diagram (dashed line) is a circle. For 2-D or 3-D resistivity structures, the principal impedance polar diagram (dashed line) elongates either parallel to or perpendicular to strike direction. Over resistors, the principal impedance polar diagram elongates perpendicular to strike direction, while over conductors, the principal impedance polar diagram elongates parallel to strike direction. For 2-D resistivity structures, the additional impedance polar diagram (solid line) attains the shape of a symmetric clover leaf. For 3-D resistivity structures, the additional impedance polar diagram (solid line) elongates in one direction, and its amplitude is comparable to that of the principal impedance polar diagram (dashed line), although high noise levels can produce the same effect on the polar diagram. A 3-D analysis of polar plots at each frequency should take into account the corresponding coherency and skew values along with their associated error levels. The polar plots computed for our data show station **EB01** was 3-D below 0.06 Hz. Station **EB02** was 3-D below 0.6 Hz. Station **EB03** was 3-D over all frequencies.

The tipper can be calculated from the vertical component of the magnetic field. The tipper magnitude is a measure of the tipping of the magnetic field out of the horizontal plane (Vozoff, 1991). The magnitude is zero for the 1-D case, typically increases to between 0.1 to 0.5, and rarely is as great as 1, as it responds to vertical and subvertical structures. The tipper strike typically is used to help resolve the 90-degree ambiguity in the impedance rotation angle. The tipper magnitude of these stations typically ranged between 0.1 and 0.6 over the lower frequencies, indicating some vertical structure at depth. The HzHx and HzHy coherency is a measure of the signal-to-noise ratio of the vertical magnetic field with respect to each of the orthogonal, horizontal magnetic field directions. Values are normalized between 0 and 1, where values of 0.5 signify signal levels equal to noise levels. These three-components of magnetic-field coherence provide a check on the quality of the measured values in the tipper magnitude and tipper strike plots.

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Appendix 1

Magnetotelluric Data Plots

There are nine separate plots for each station:

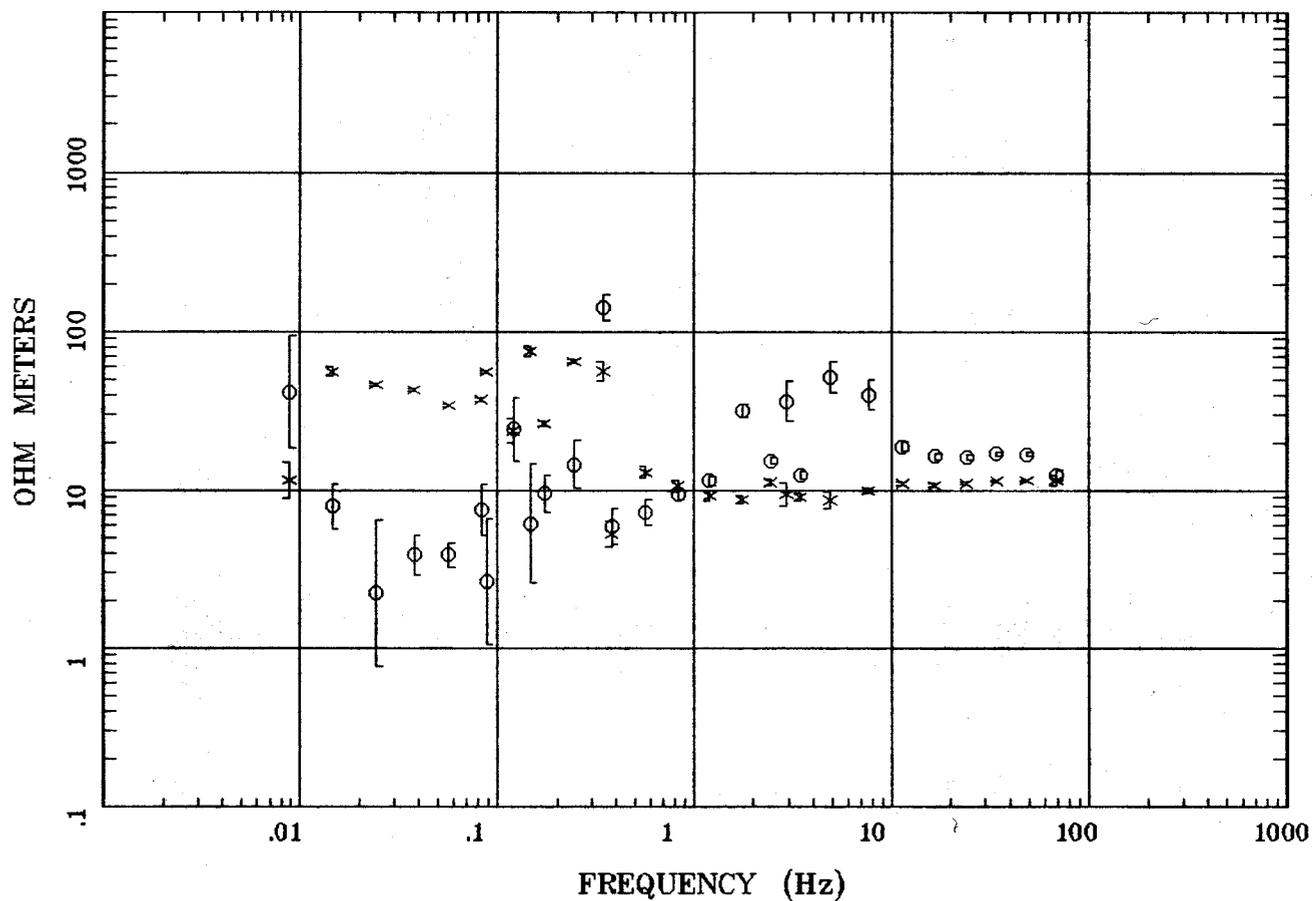
1. Apparent Resistivity for the unrotated xy (x symbol) and yx (o symbol) modes
2. Impedance Phase for the unrotated xy (x symbol) and yx (o symbol) modes
3. Rotation Angle for the impedance tensor (corresponds to the direction of xy component)
4. Impedance Skew for the impedance tensor
5. Multiple Coherency for the xy (x symbol) and minimum (o symbol) modes of the electric field
6. Impedance Polar Plots (at 12 selected frequencies)
7. Tipper Magnitude for the vertical magnetic field
8. Tipper Strike for the vertical magnetic field
9. HzHx (x symbol) and HzHy (o symbol) Coherency

Refer to the “Magnetotelluric Data” section in this report for an explanation of these plots.

Station EB01

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Espanola, NM



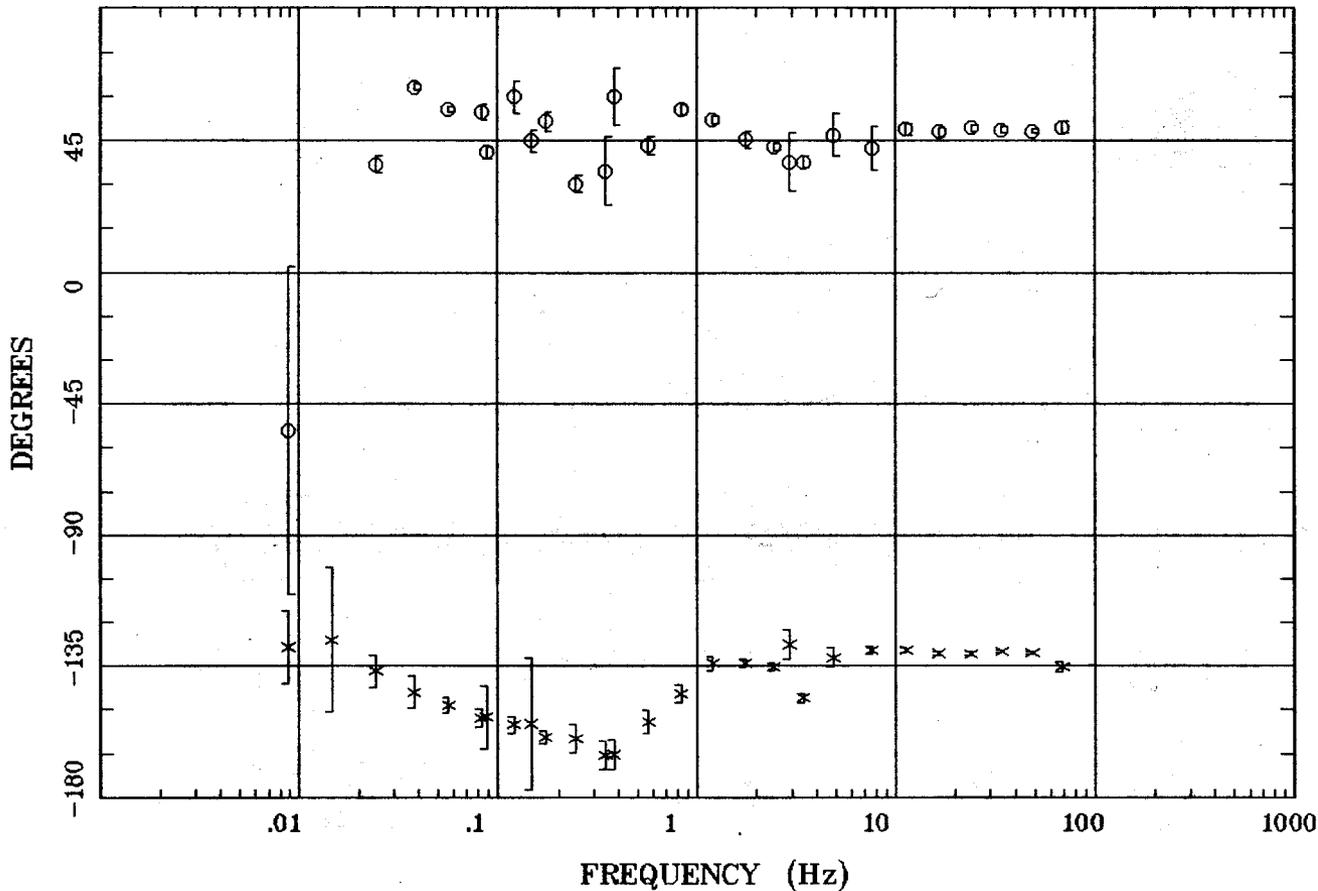
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Survey Co:USGS

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IMPEDANCE PHASE

Espanola, NM

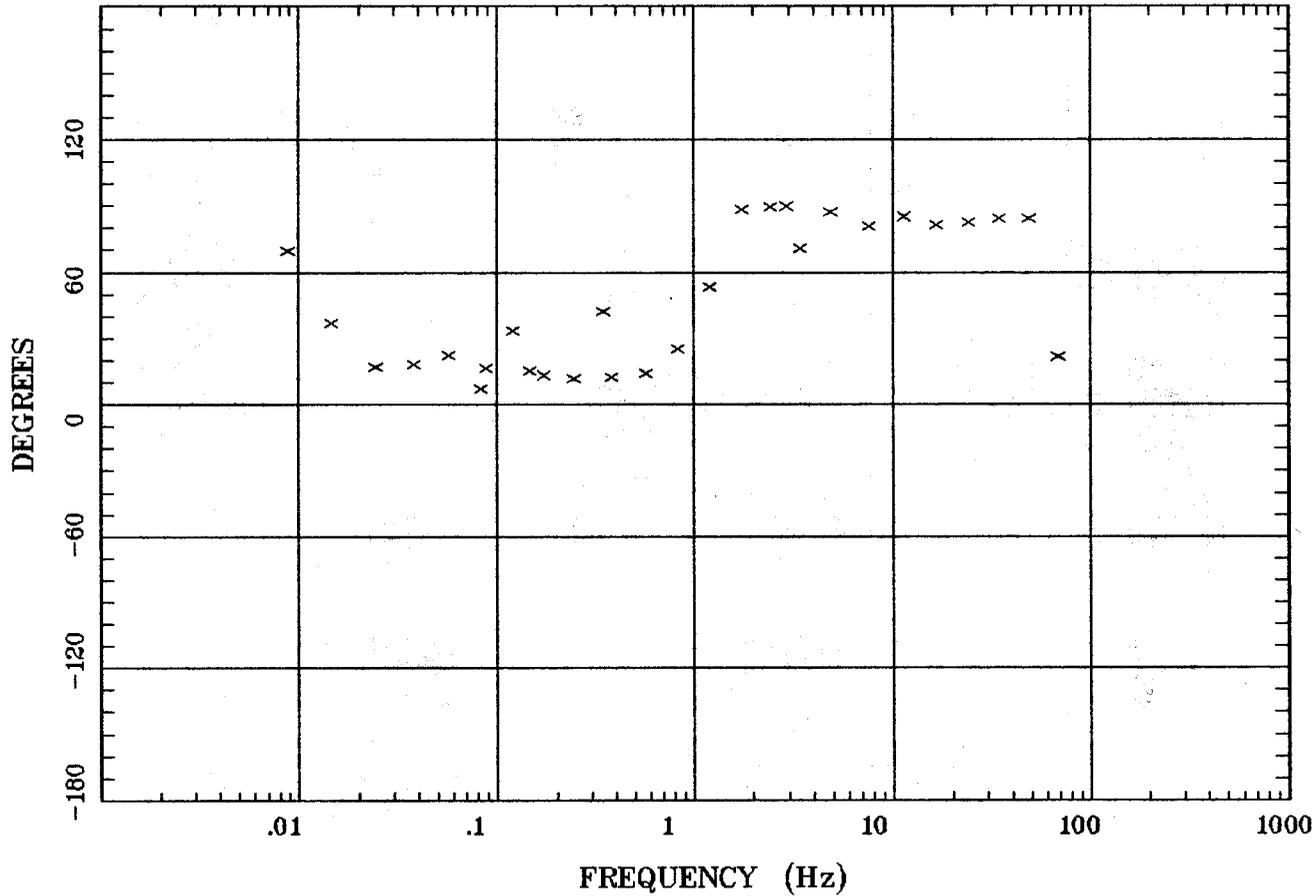


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ROTATION ANGLE

Espanola, NM

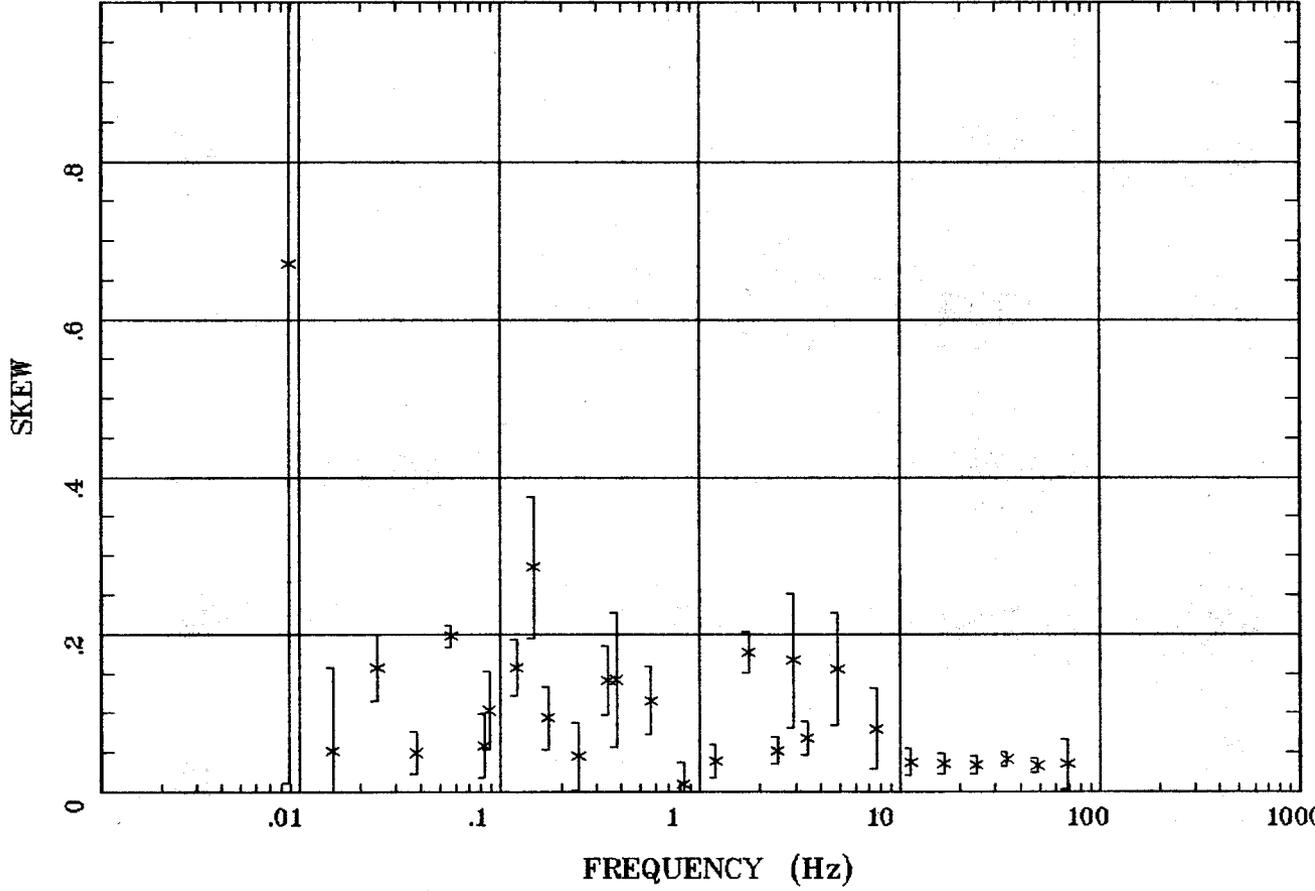


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IMPEDANCE SKEW

Espanola, NM



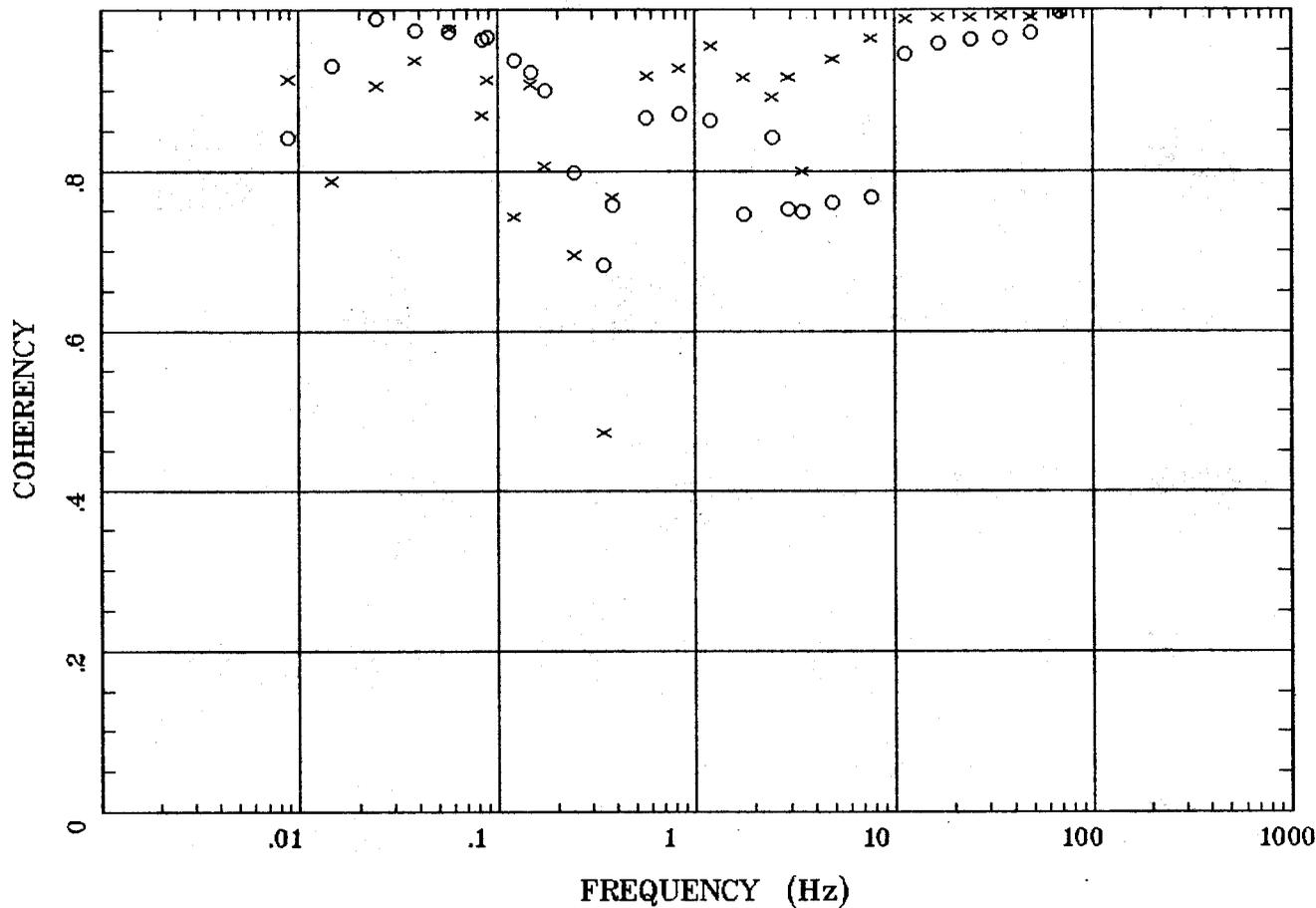
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E MULT Coh.

Española, NM

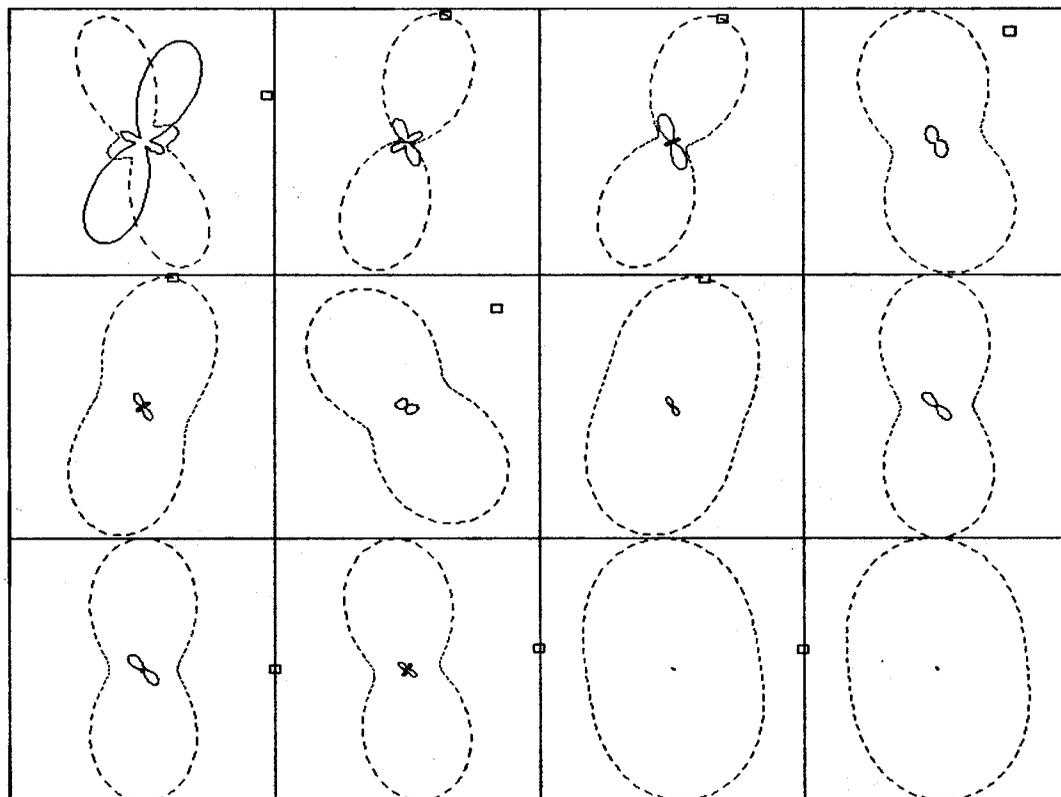


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Rotation:
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POLAR PLOTS

Espanola, NM



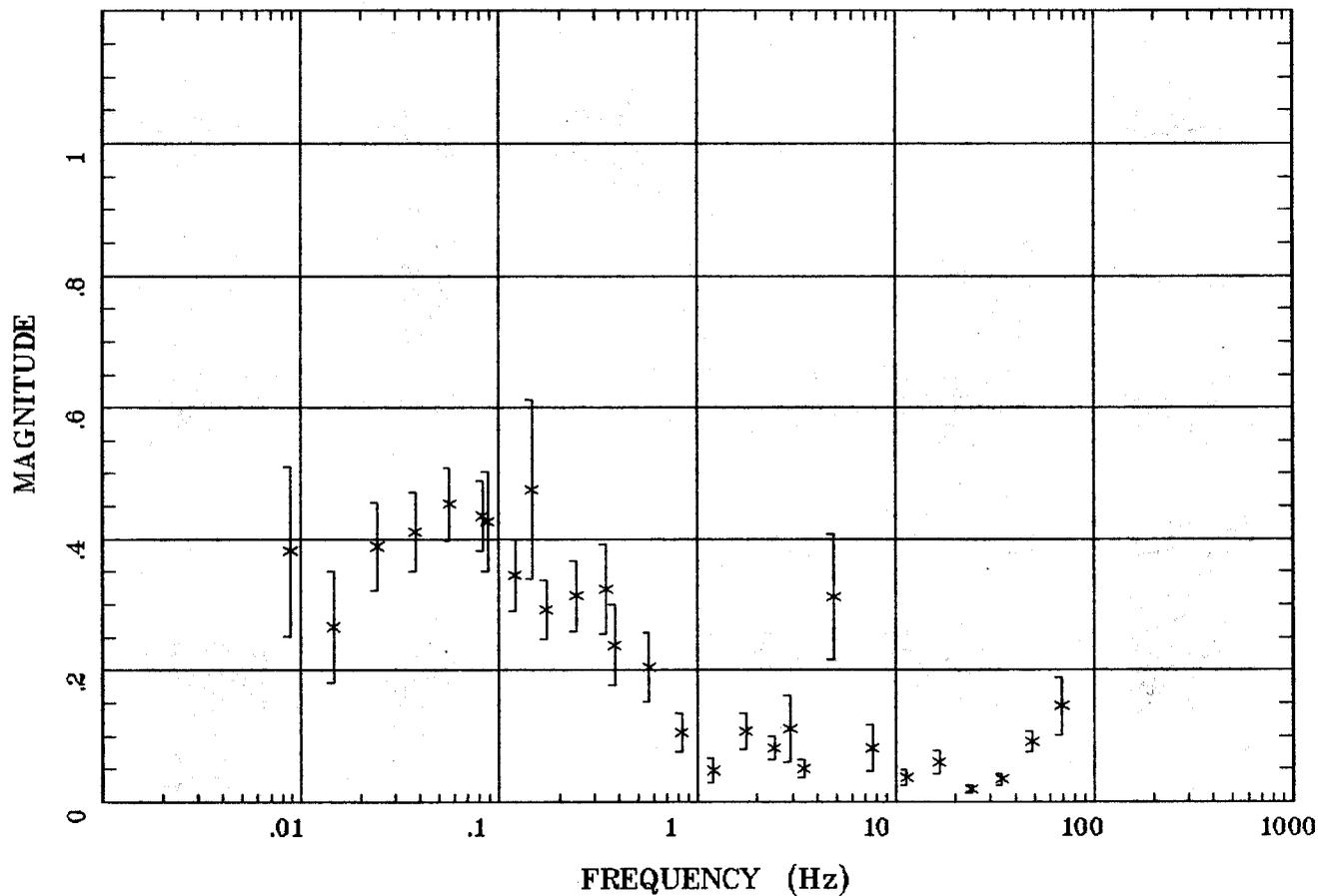
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.172 Hz	.345 Hz	.566 Hz	1.758 Hz
2.930 Hz	7.617 Hz	16.602 Hz	34.375 Hz

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TIPPER MAGNITUDE

Española, NM



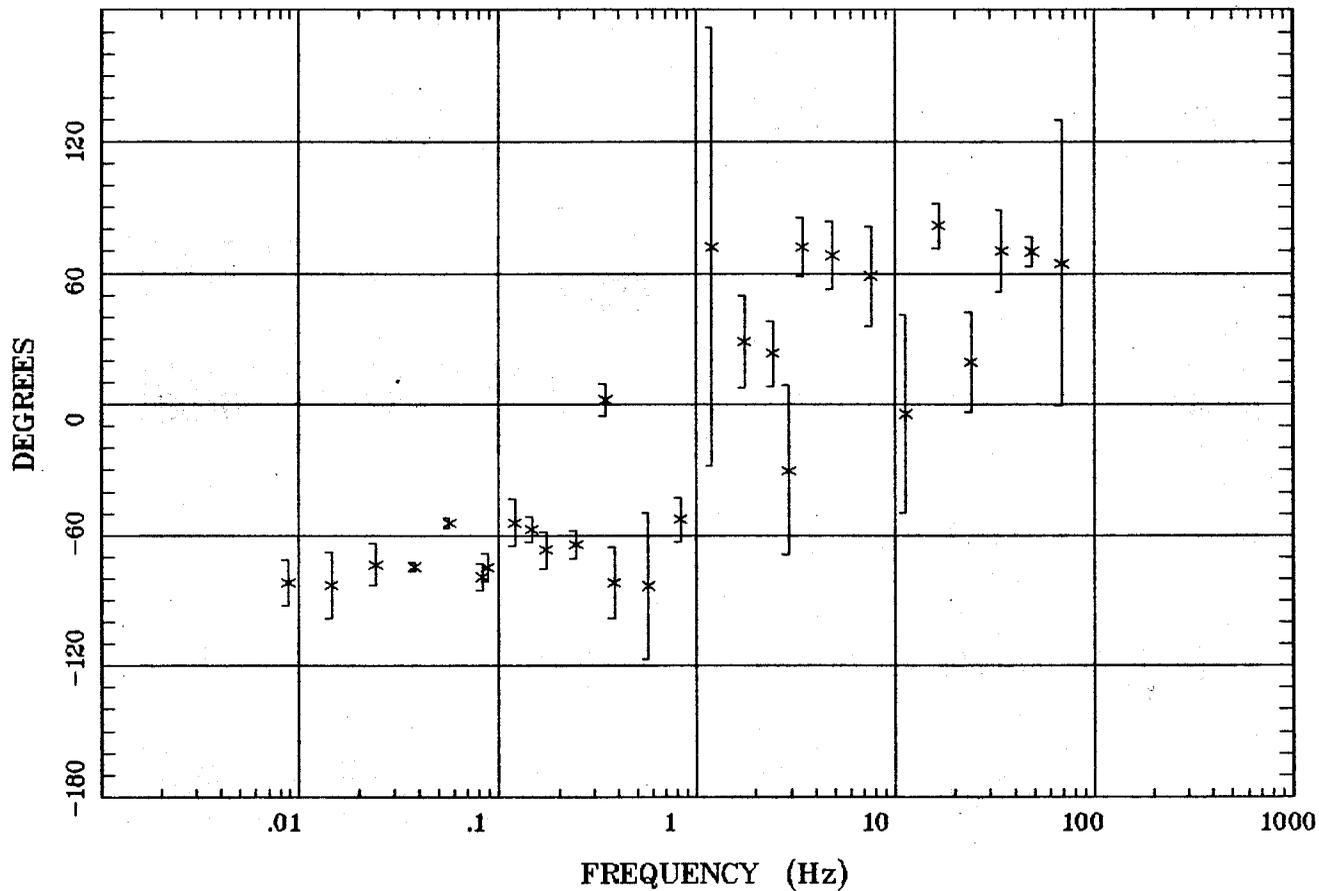
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TIPPER STRIKE

Española, NM



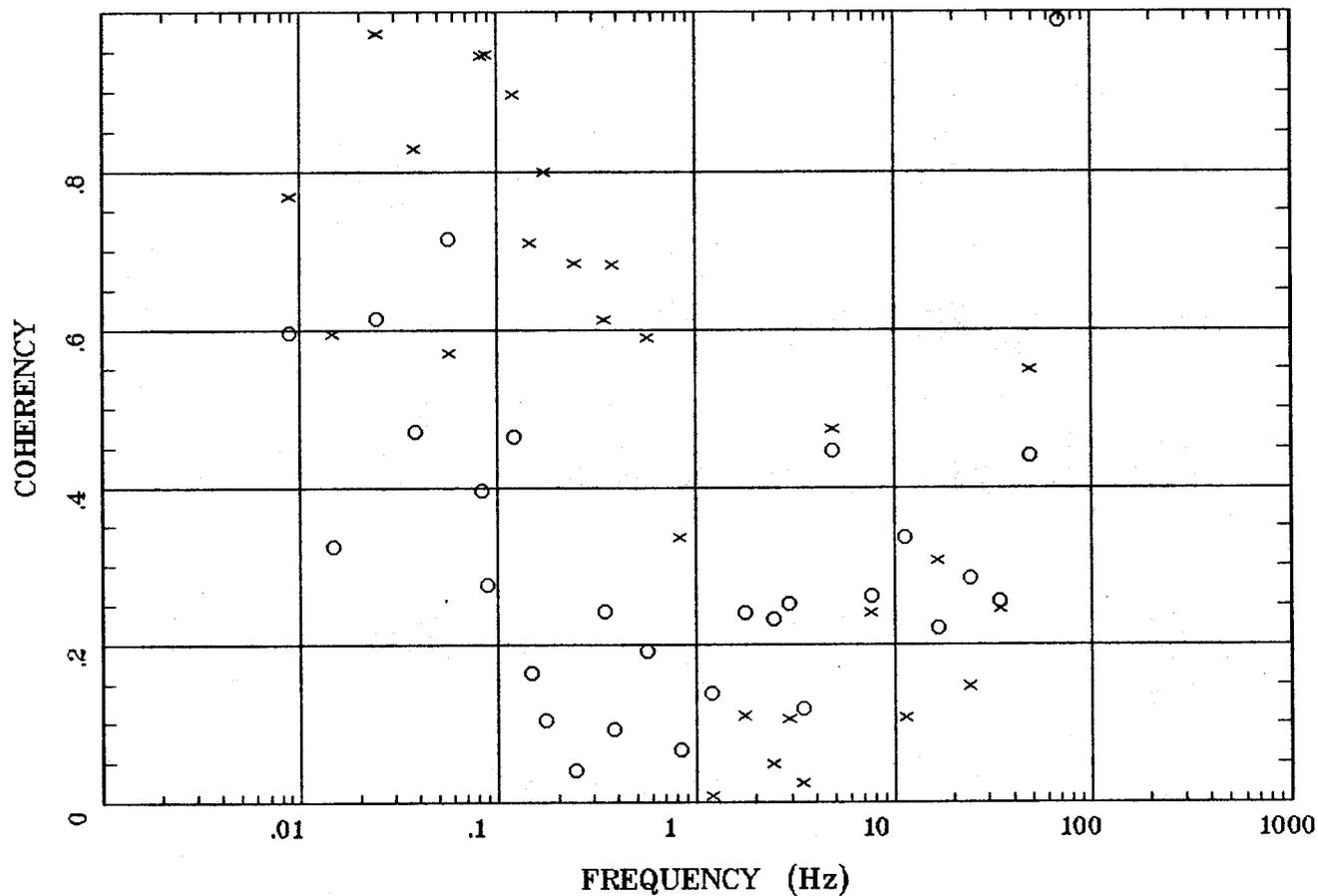
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HzHx.x Coh HzHy.o

Española, NM



81

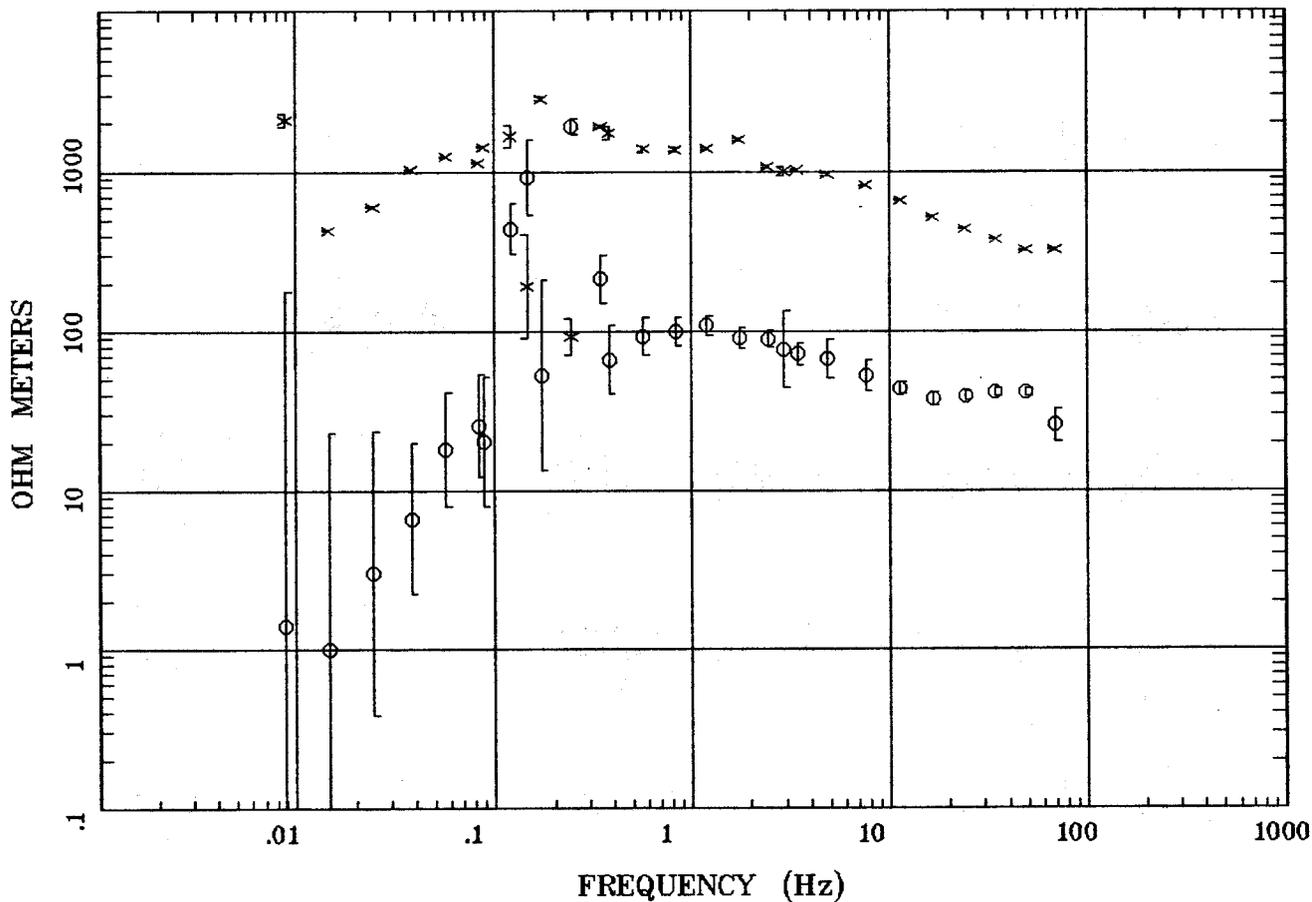
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Station EB02

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Espanola, NM



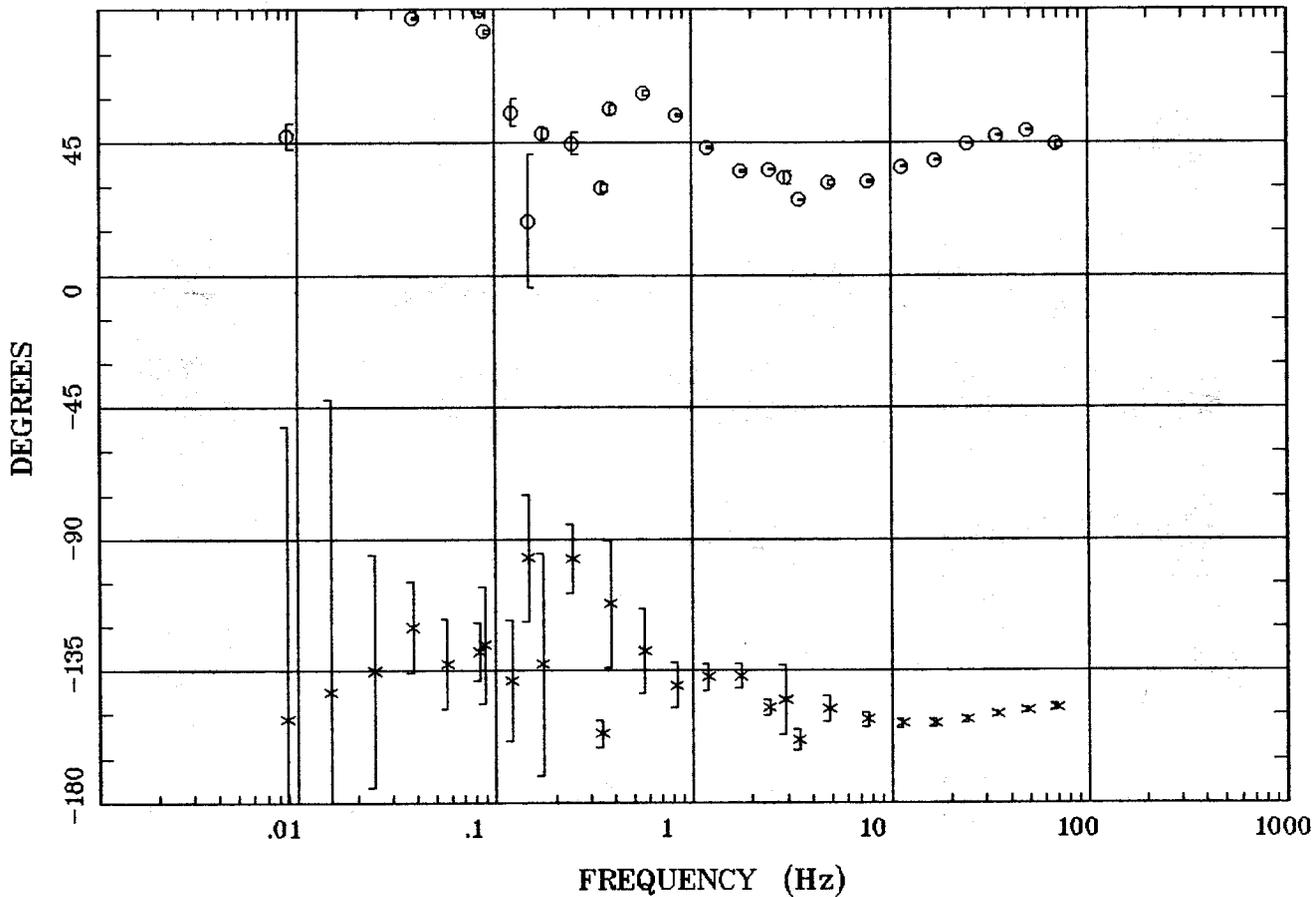
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Survey Co:USGS

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IMPEDANCE PHASE

Espanola, NM



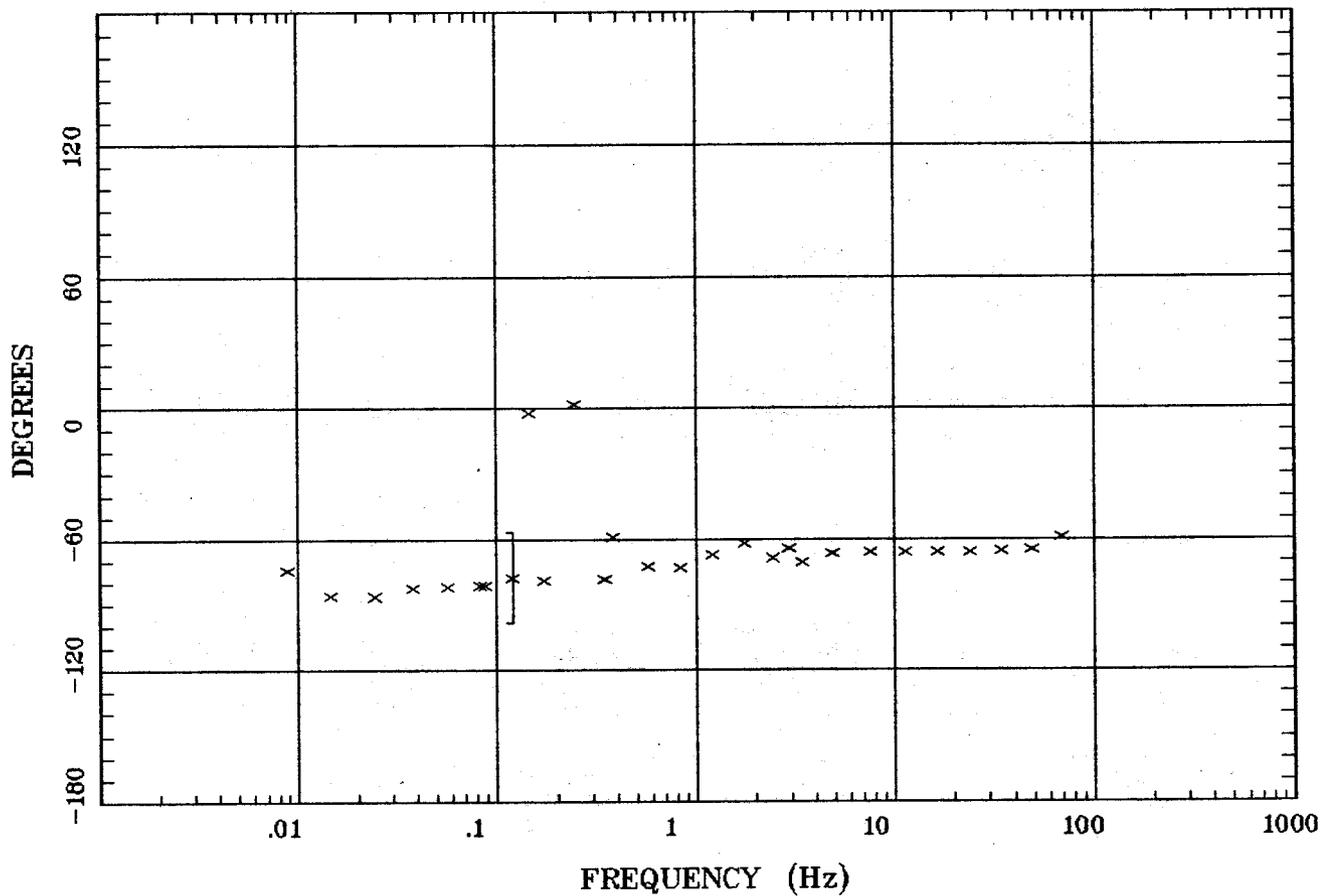
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 Survey Co:USGS

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 Plotted: 09:14 Mar 12, 2003
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ROTATION ANGLE

Española, NM



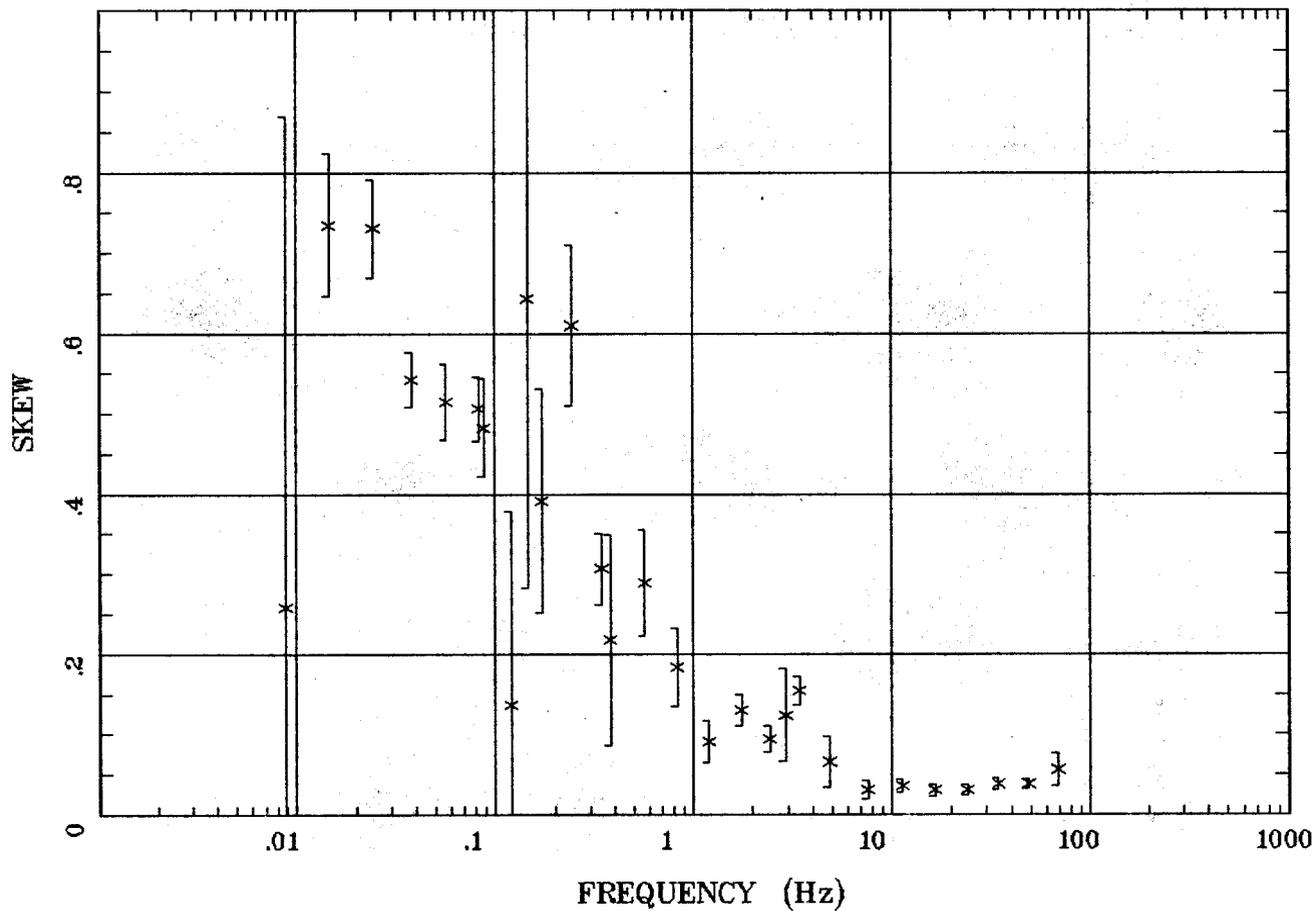
21

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 Survey Co:USGS

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 Plotted: 09:14 Mar 12, 2003
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE SKEW

Española, NM

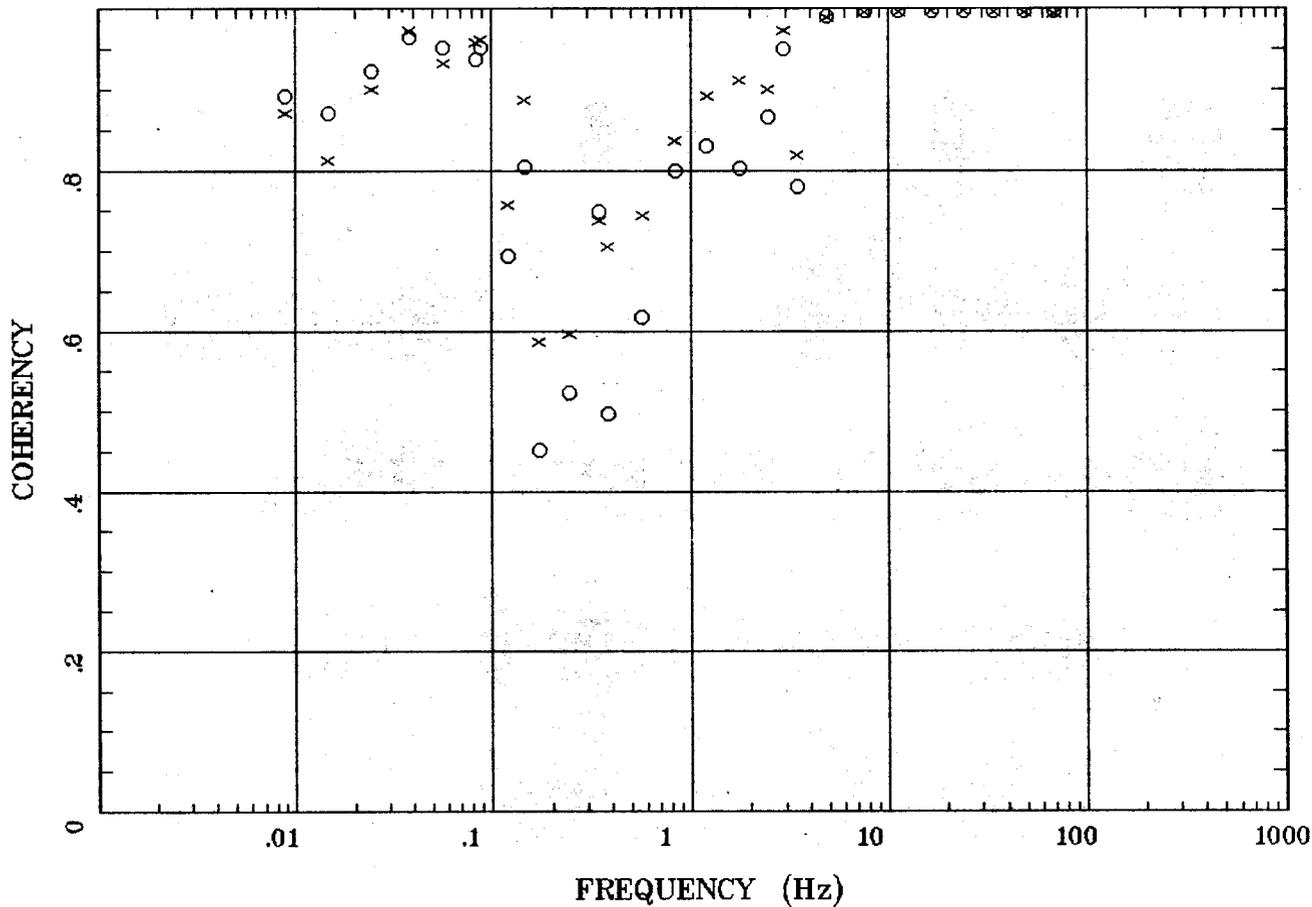


Client:
 Remote: e-fld 95 m west
 Acquired: 12:2 Jul 28, 2002
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: eb02b.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch6 Ch7
 Plotted: 09:14 Mar 12, 2003
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

E MULT Coh.

Española, NM

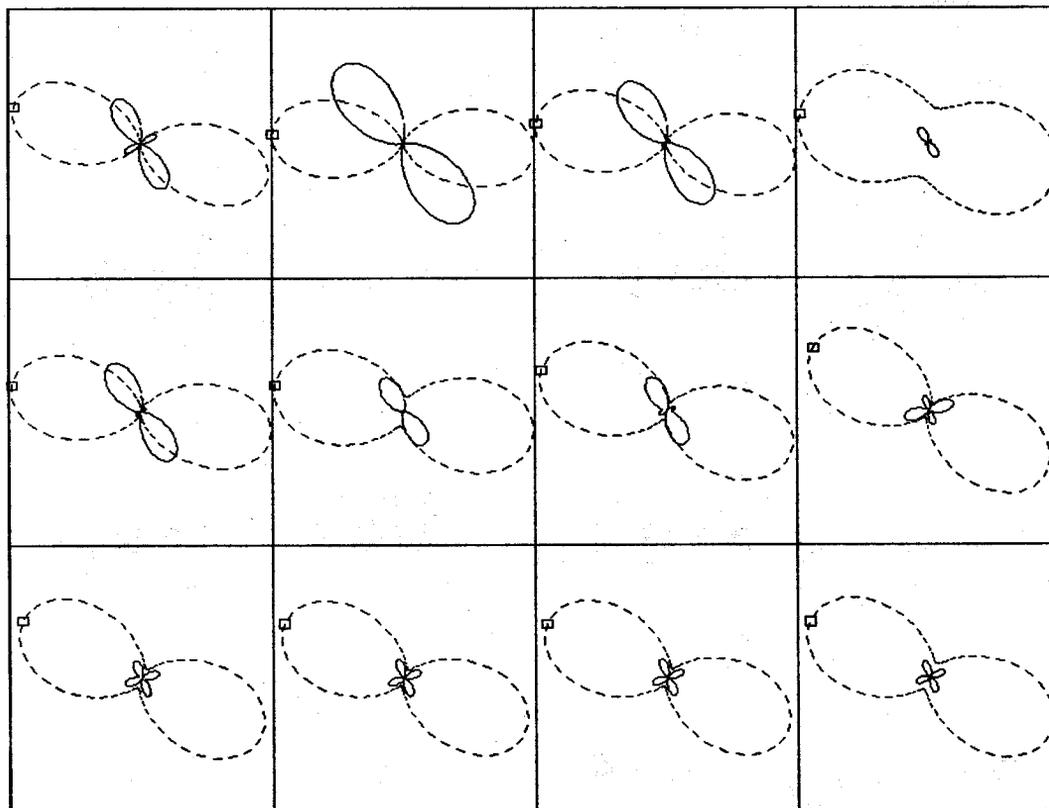


Client:
Remote: e-fld 95 m west
Acquired: 12:2 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb02b.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch6 Ch7
Plotted: 09:14 Mar 12, 2003
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Española, NM



.0088 Hz

.0244 Hz

.0566 Hz

.120 Hz

.172 Hz

.345 Hz

.566 Hz

1.758 Hz

2.930 Hz

7.617 Hz

16.602 Hz

34.375 Hz

Client:

Remote: e-fld 95 m west

Acquired: 12:2 Jul 28, 2002

Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:

Filename: eb02b.avg

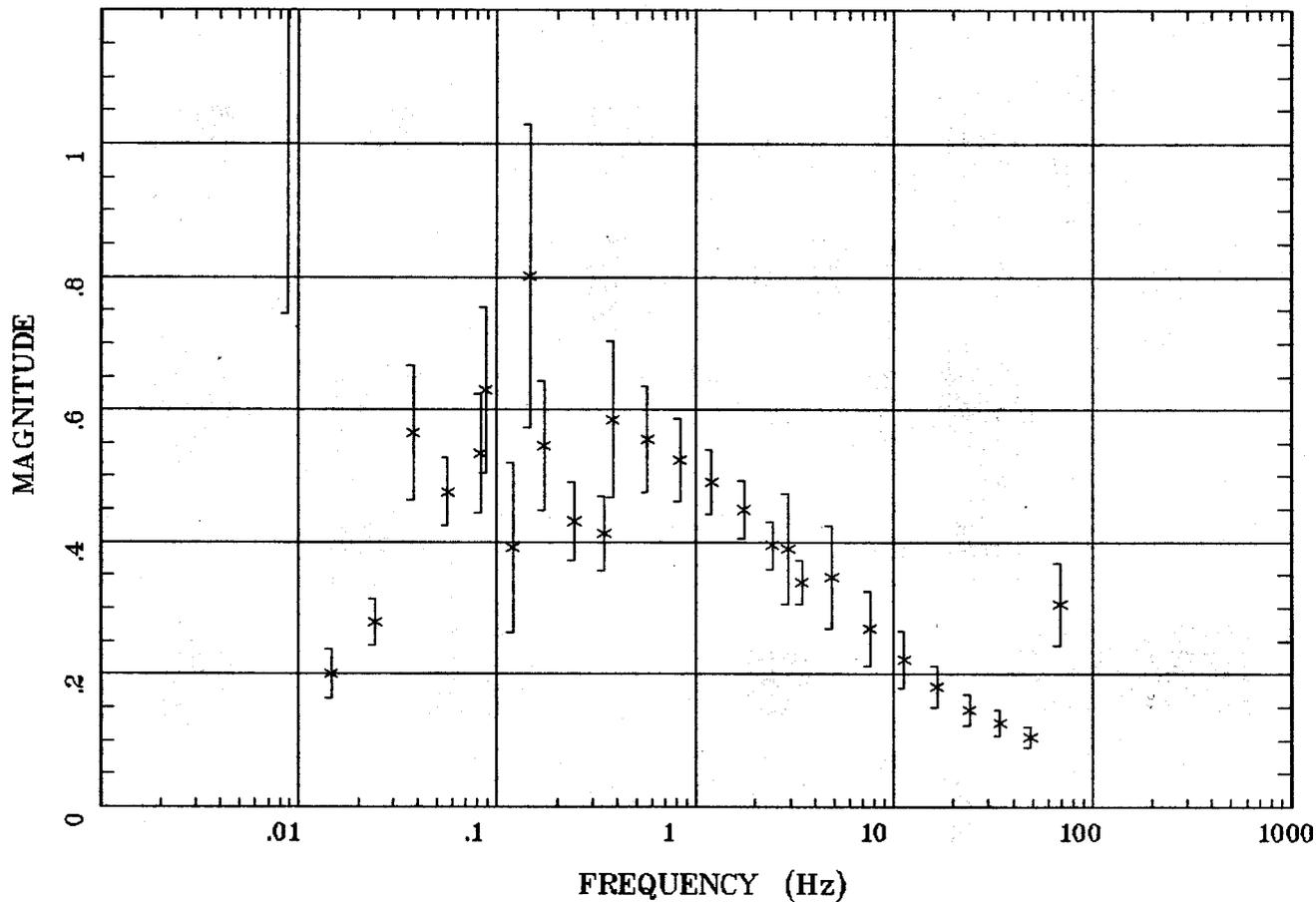
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch6 Ch7

Plotted: 09:14 Mar 12, 2003

< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER MAGNITUDE

Espanola, NM



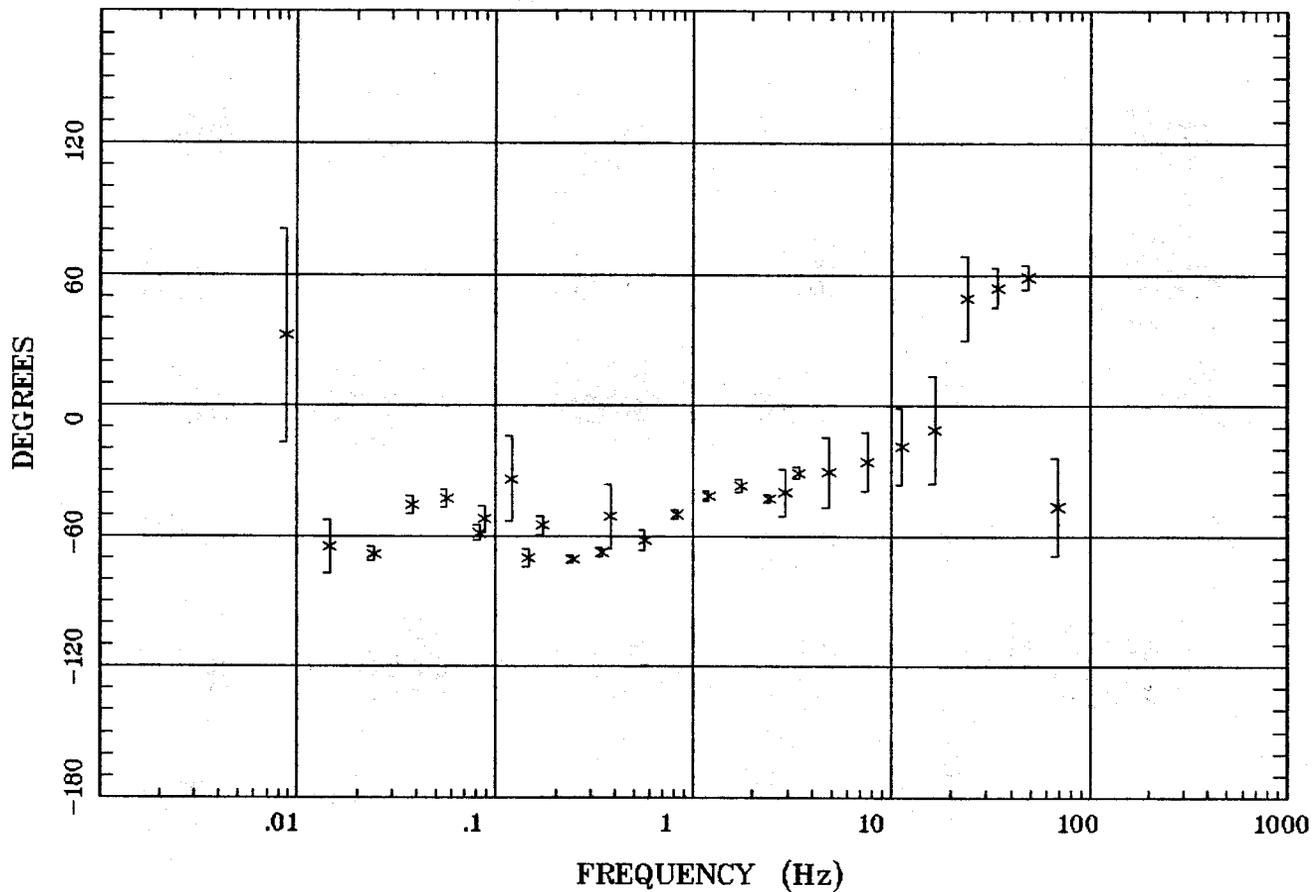
25

Client:
 Remote: e-fld 95 m west
 Acquired: 12:2 Jul 28, 2002
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: eb02b.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch6 Ch7
 Plotted: 09:14 Mar 12, 2003
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER STRIKE

Española, NM



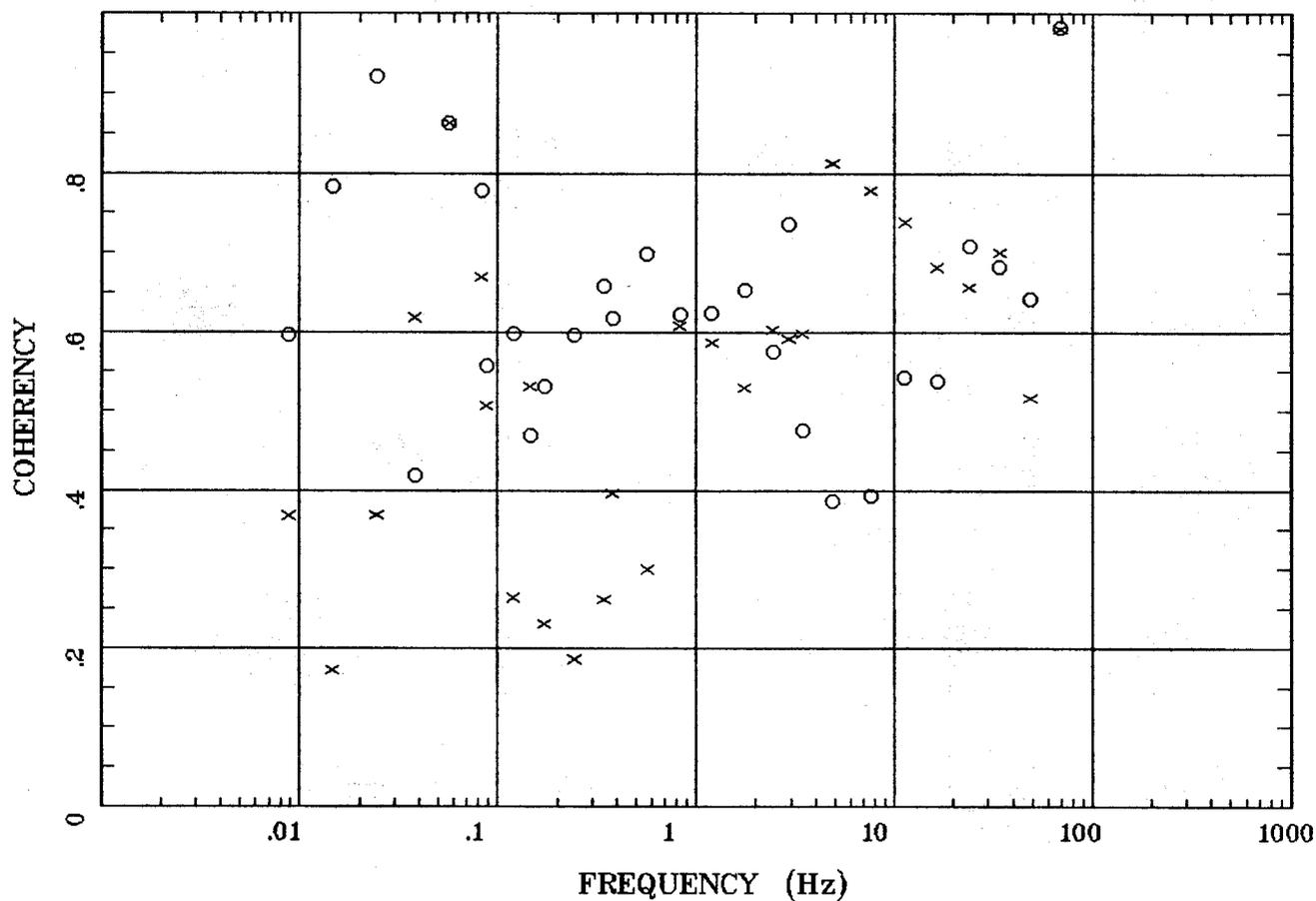
Client:
 Remote: e-fld 95 m west
 Acquired: 12:2 Jul 28, 2002
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: eb02b.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch6 Ch7
 Plotted: 09:14 Mar 12, 2003
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

Station EB02

HzHx.x Coh HzHy.o

Espanola, NM



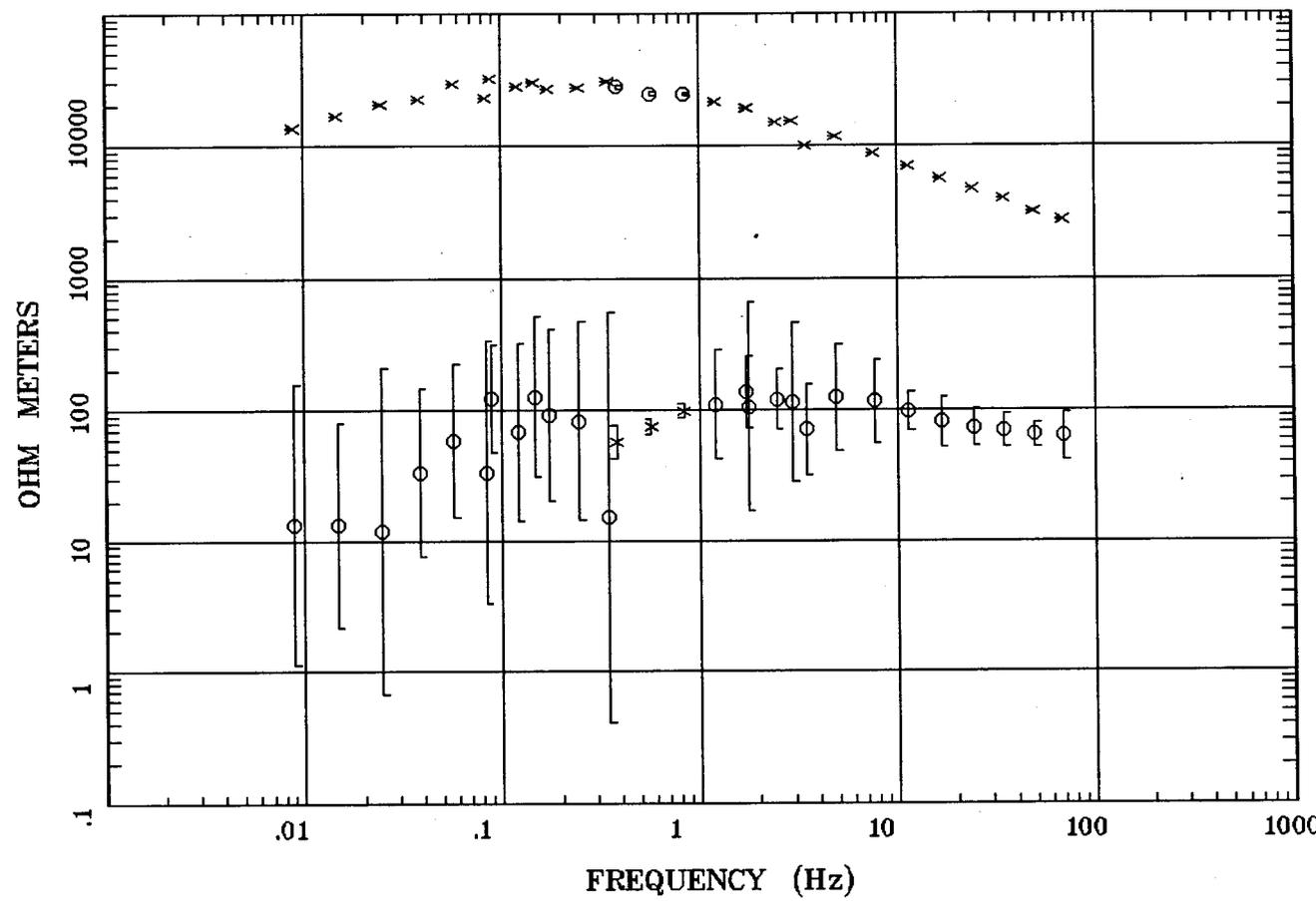
27

Client:
Remote: e-fld 95 m west
Acquired: 12:2 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb02b.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch6 Ch7
Plotted: 09:14 Mar 12, 2003
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Espanola, NM



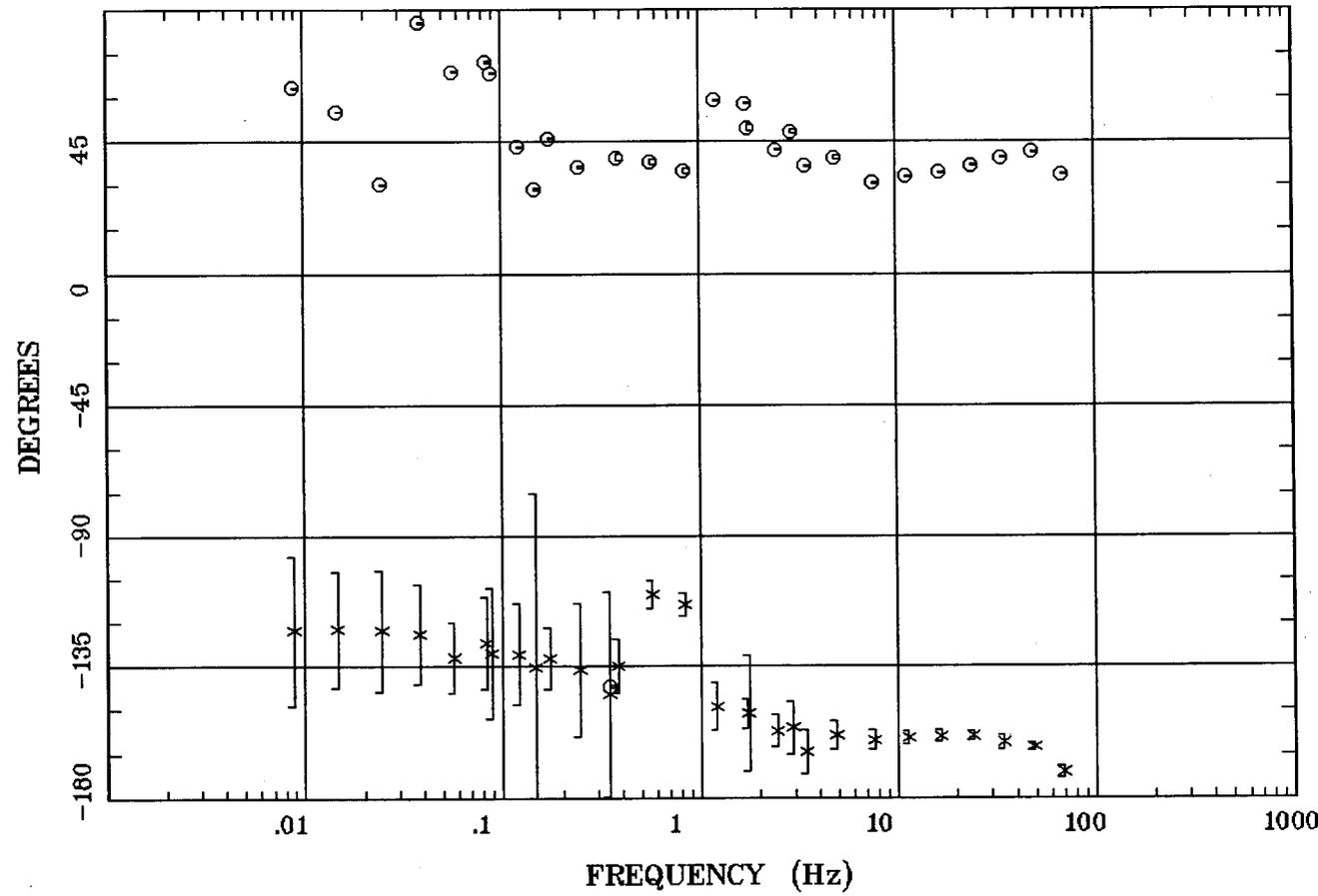
28

Client:
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: eb03all.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE PHASE

Espanola, NM



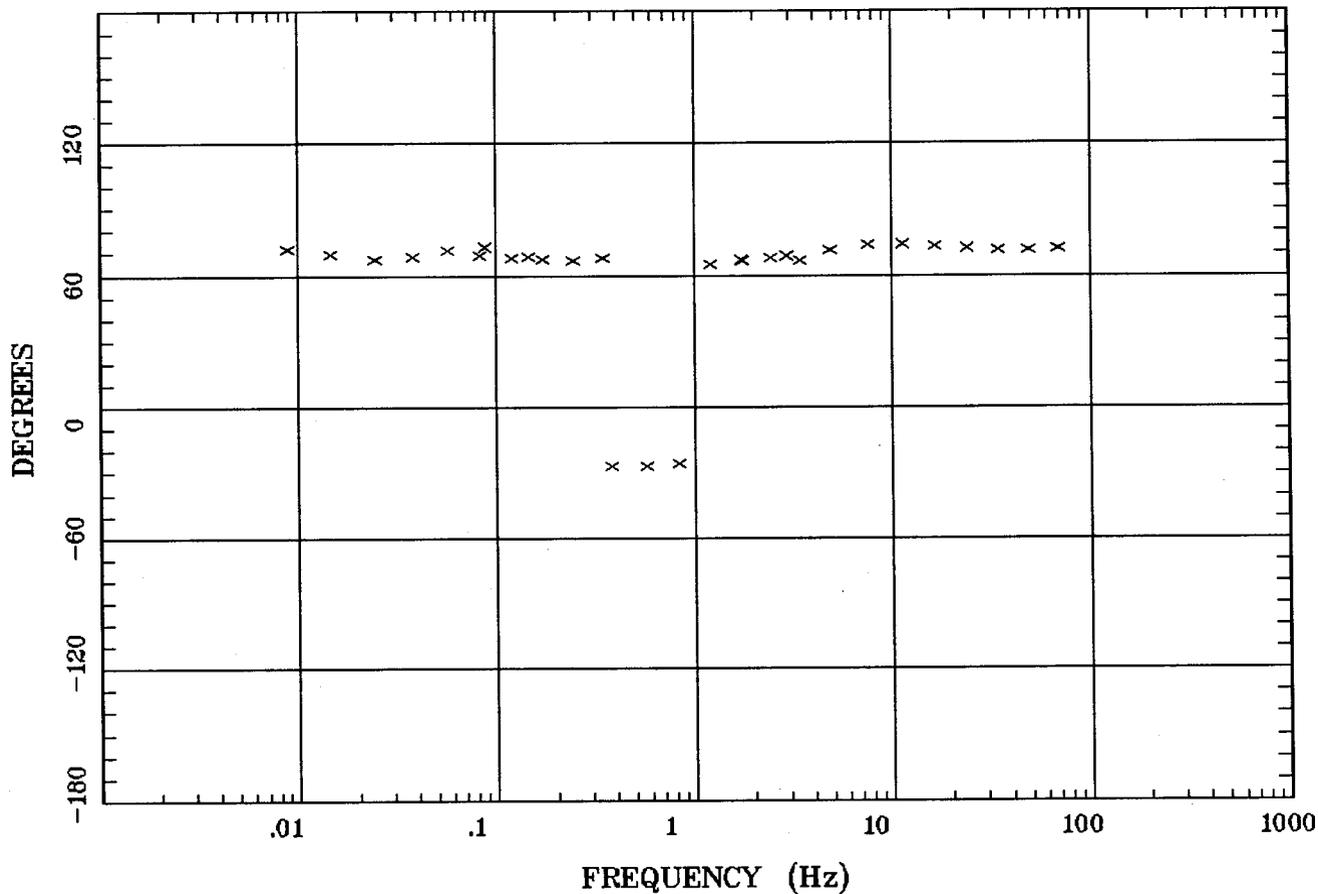
29

Client:
Remote: none
Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb03all.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

ROTATION ANGLE

Espanola, NM

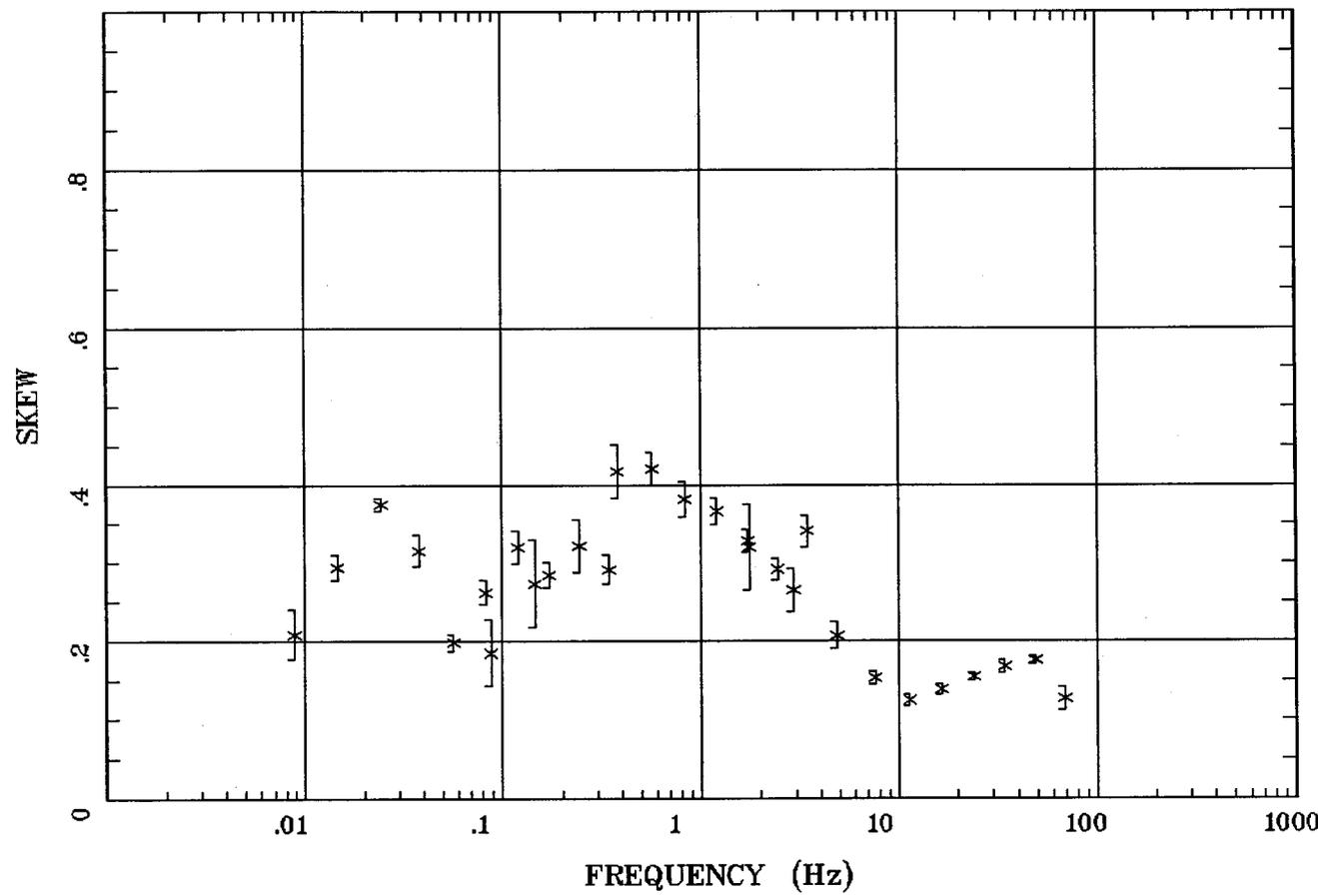


Client:
Remote: none
Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb03all.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE SKEW

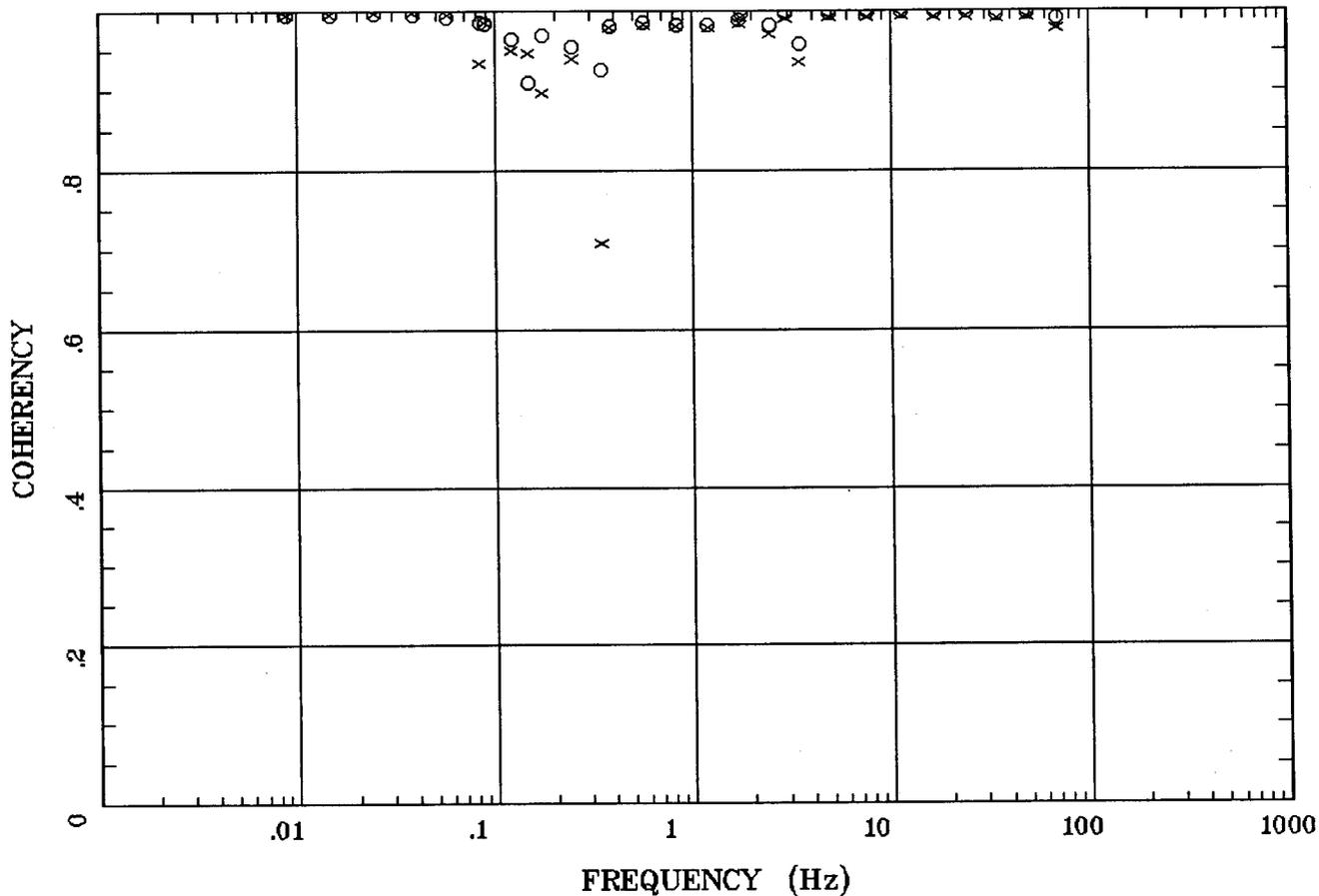
Esplanola, NM



31

Client:
Remote: none
Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb03all.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

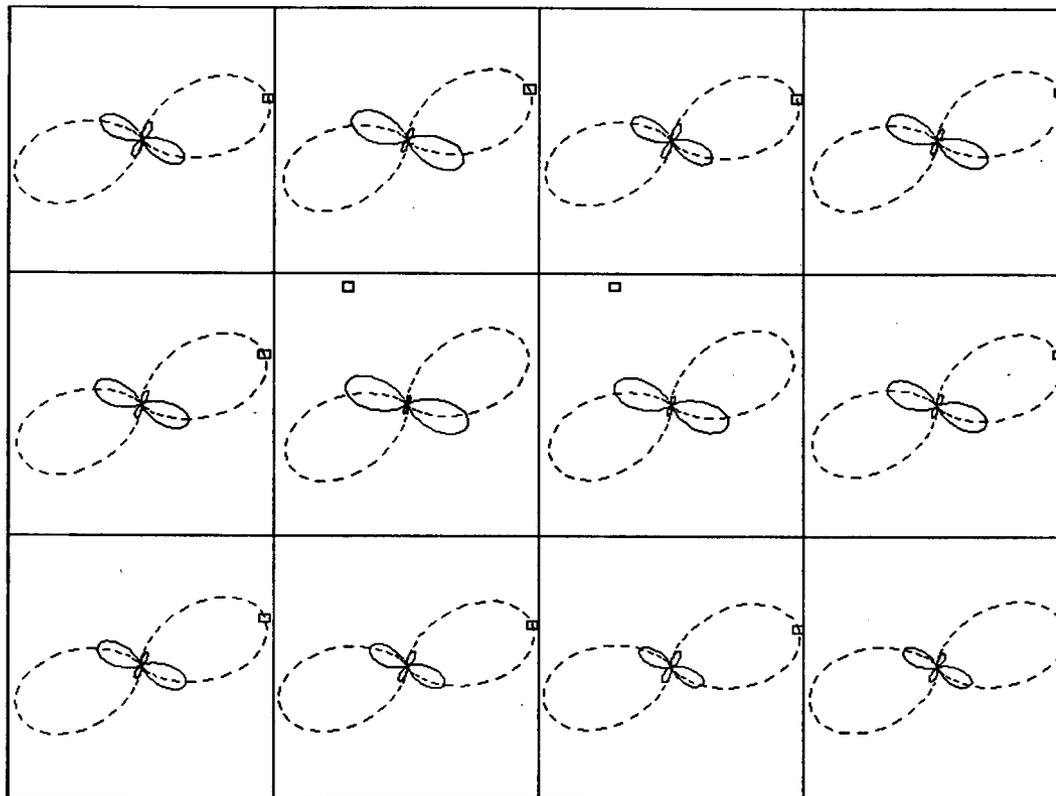


Client:
Remote: none
Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb03all.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Española, NM



.0088 Hz

.0244 Hz

.0566 Hz

.120 Hz

.172 Hz

.381 Hz

.830 Hz

1.719 Hz

2.930 Hz

4.883 Hz

16.602 Hz

34.375 Hz

Client:

Remote: none

Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002

Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:

Filename: eb03all.avg

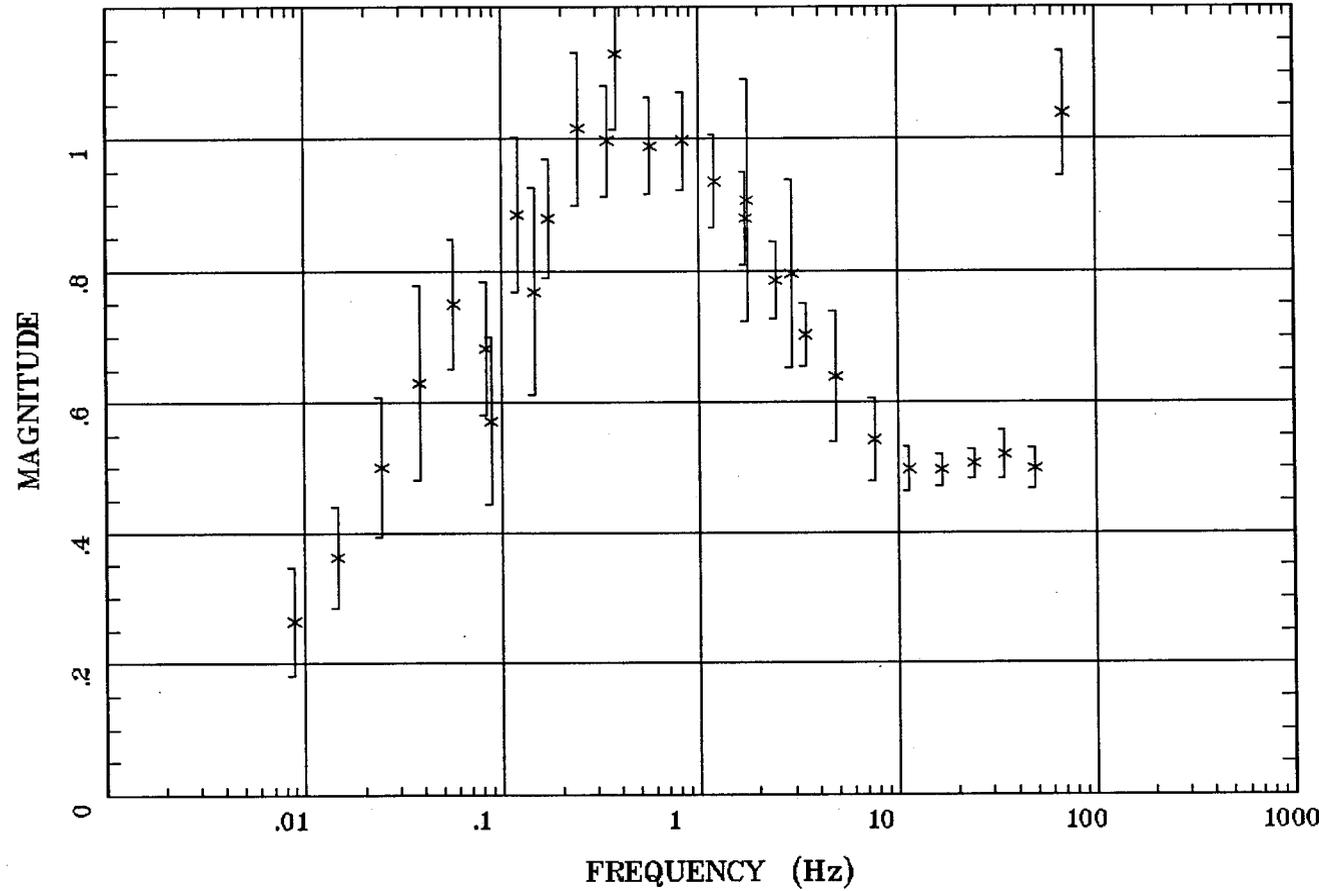
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4

Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006

< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER MAGNITUDE

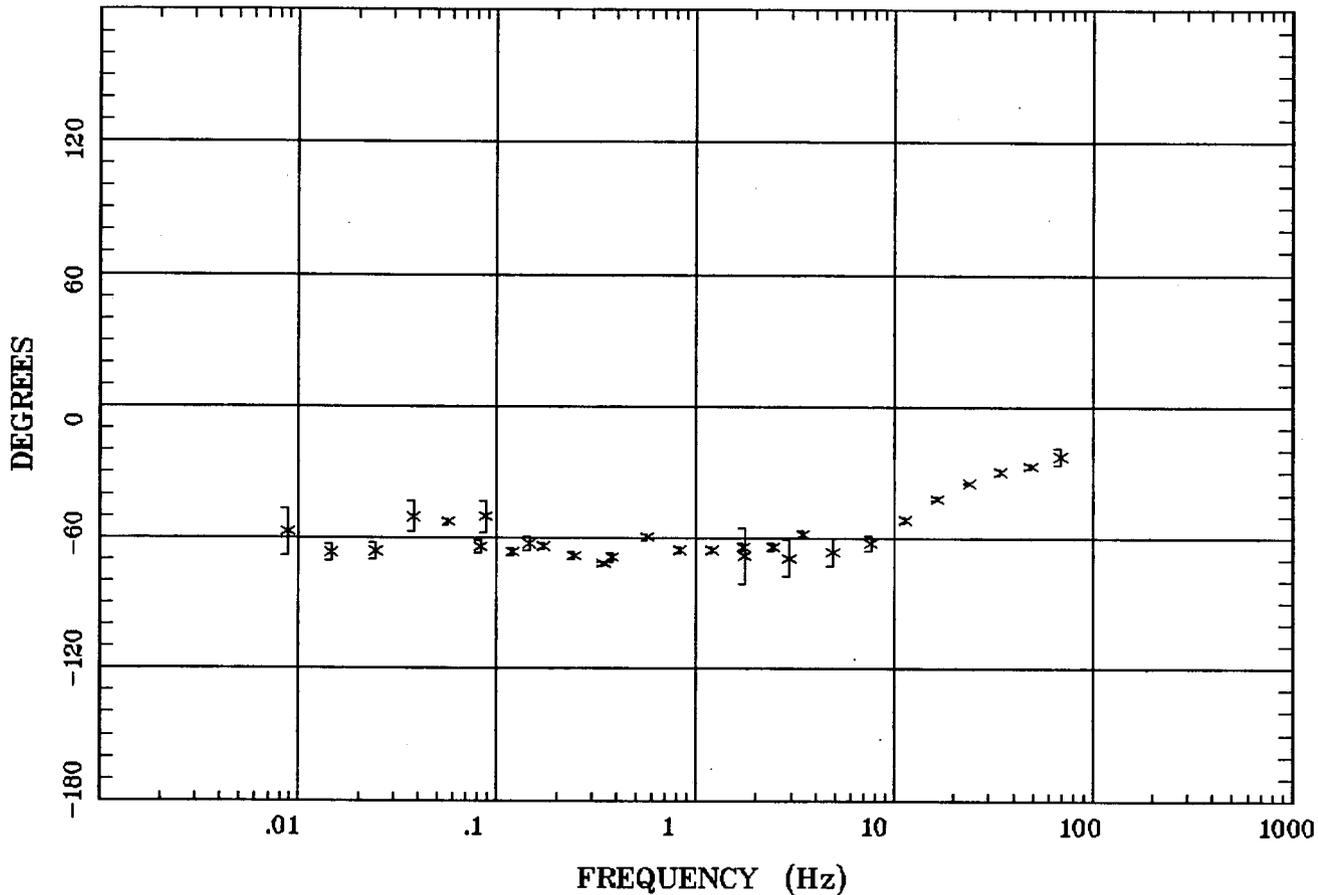
Espanola, NM



34

Client:
Remote: none
Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb03all.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



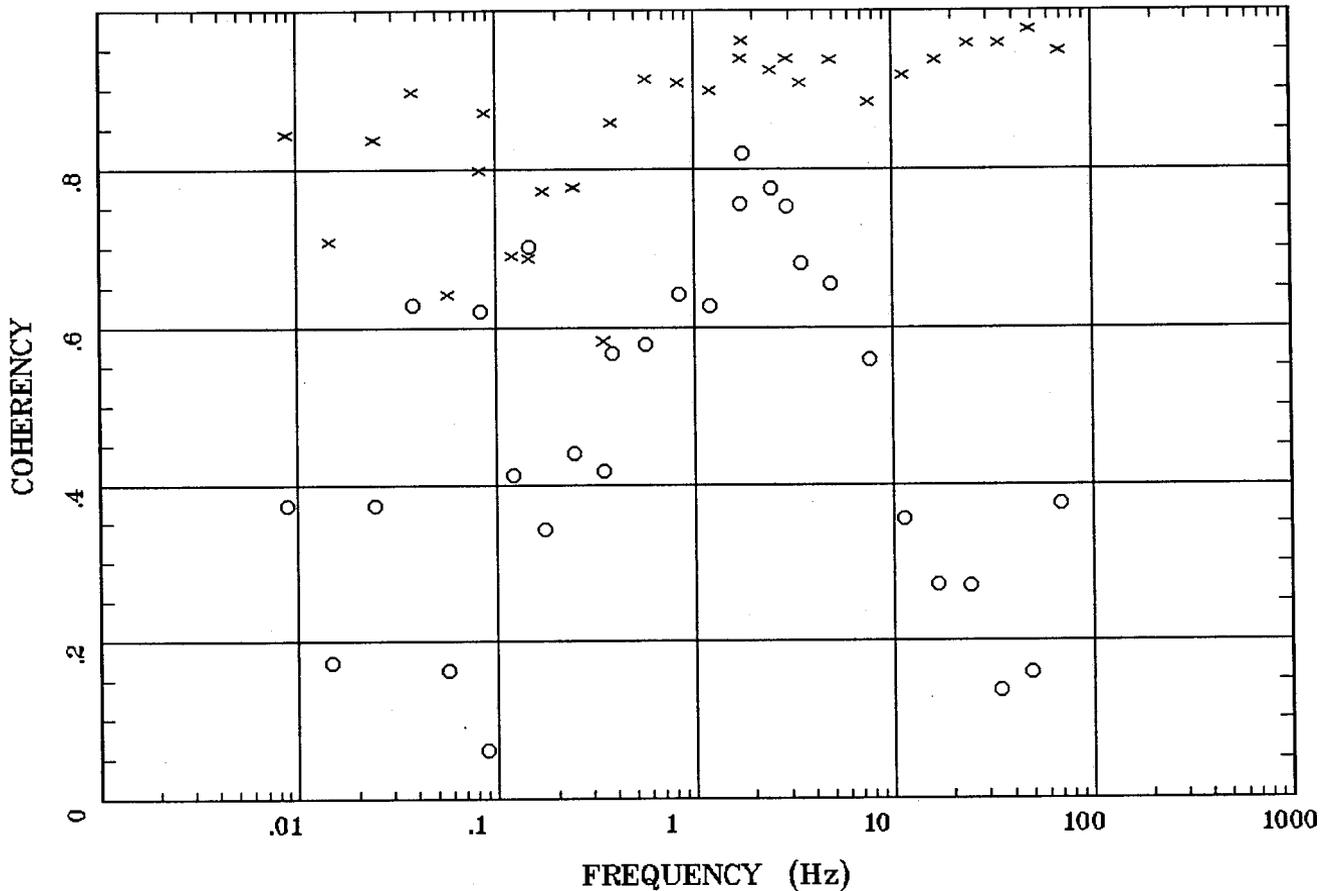
Client:
Remote: none
Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb03all.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

53

HzHx.x Coh HzHy.o

Espanola, NM

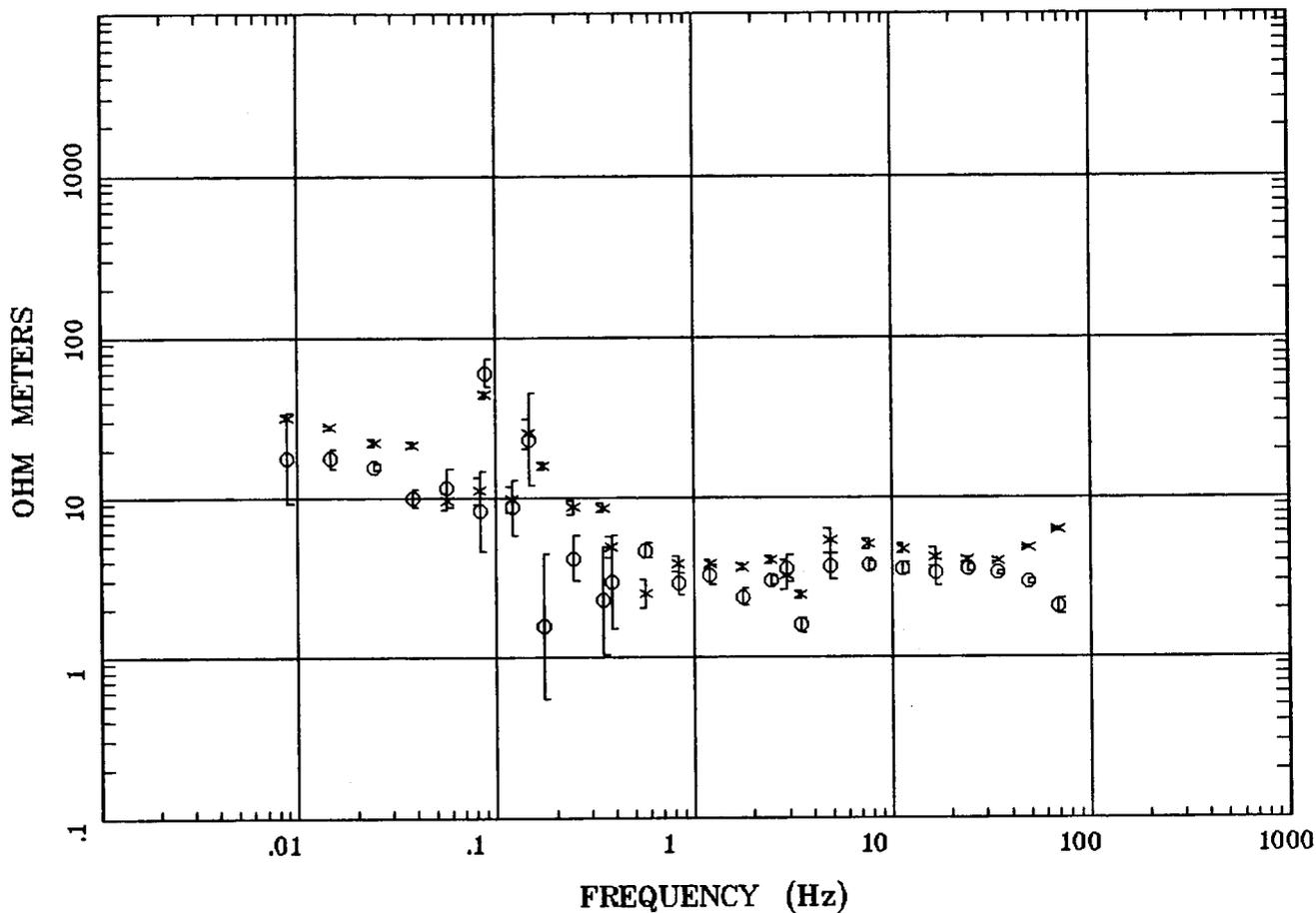


Client:
Remote: none
Acquired: 16:3 Jul 28, 2002
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: eb03all.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:55 Jan 11, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



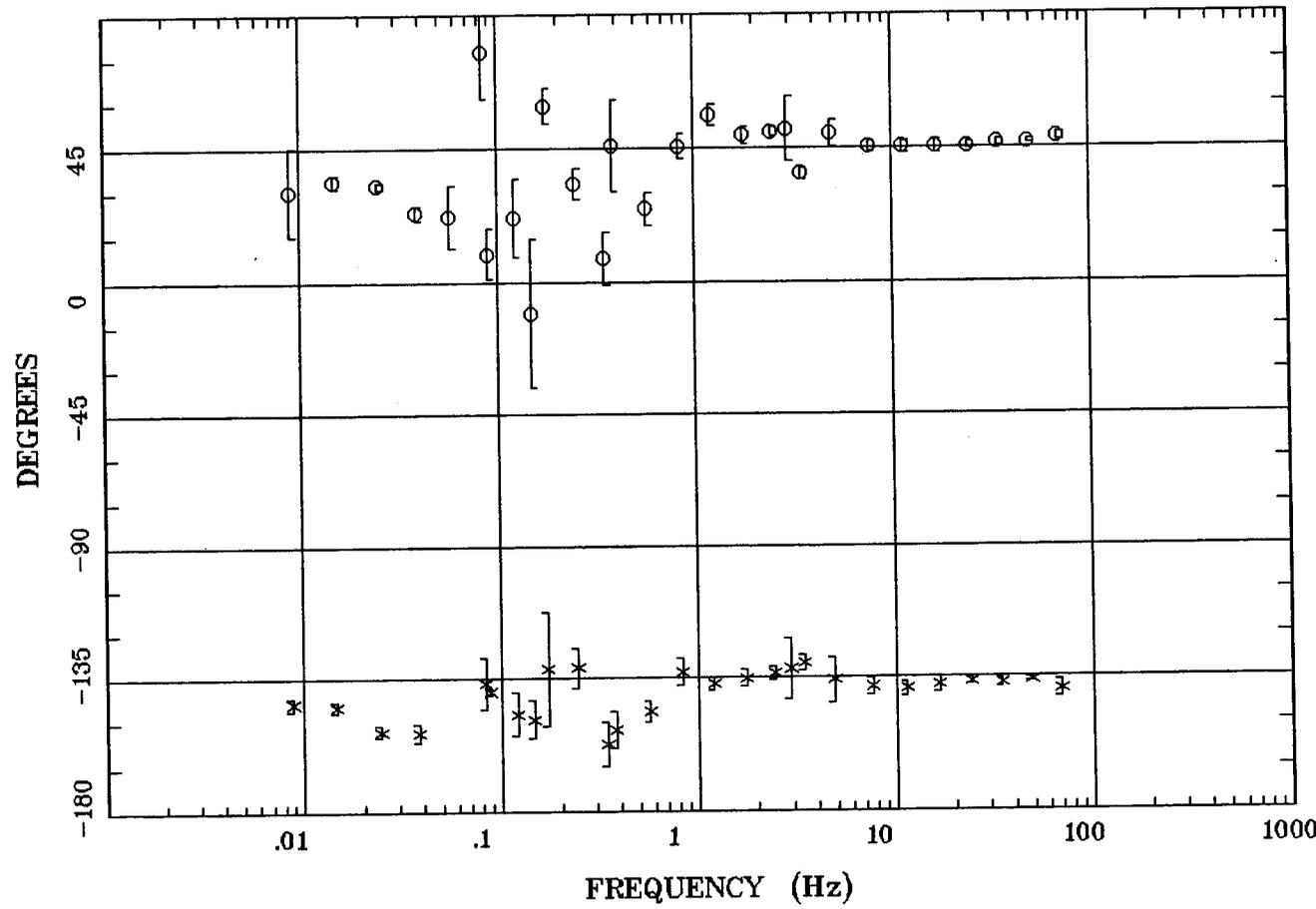
37

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rrim56.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE PHASE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

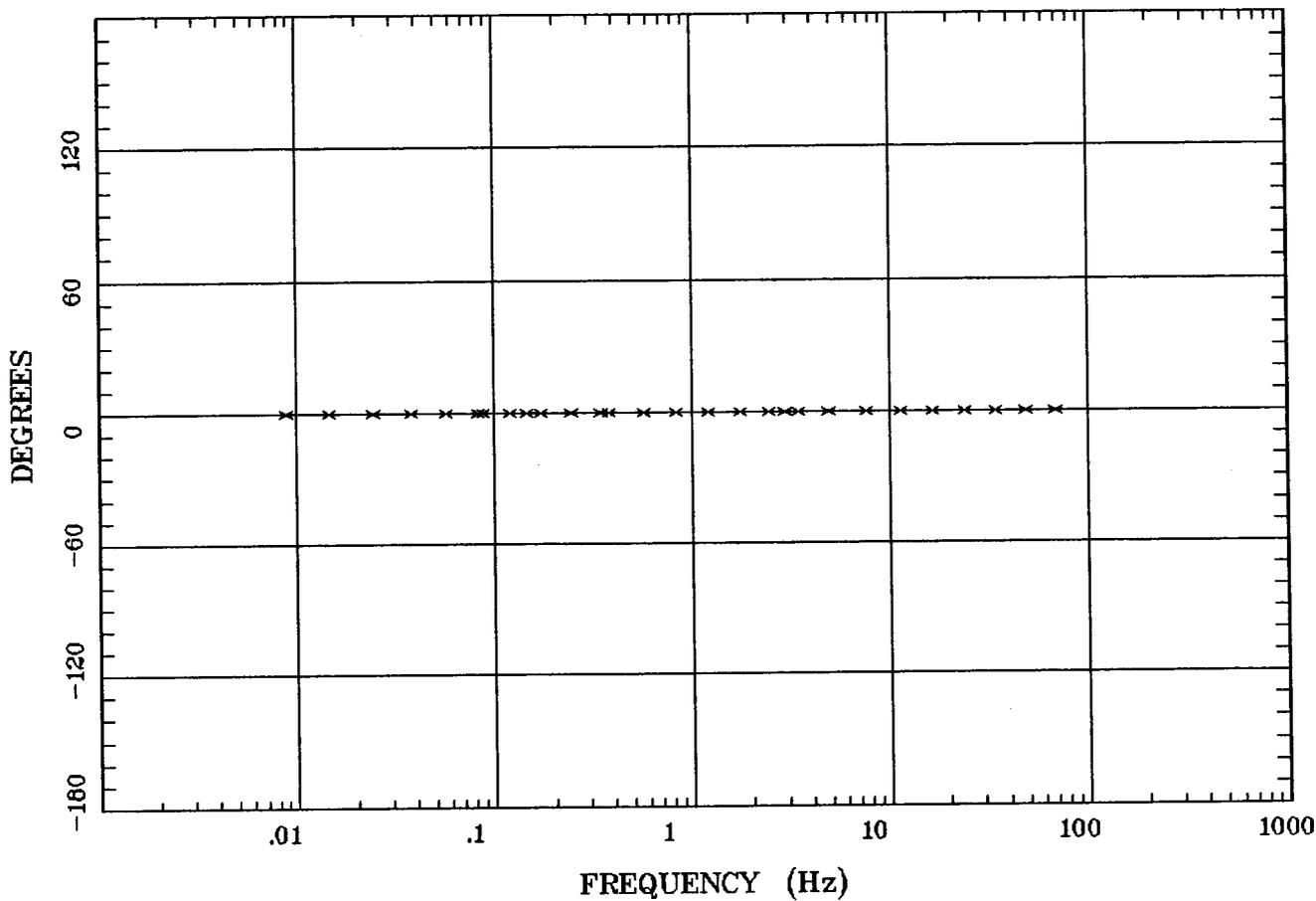


Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rrim56.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

ROTATION ANGLE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



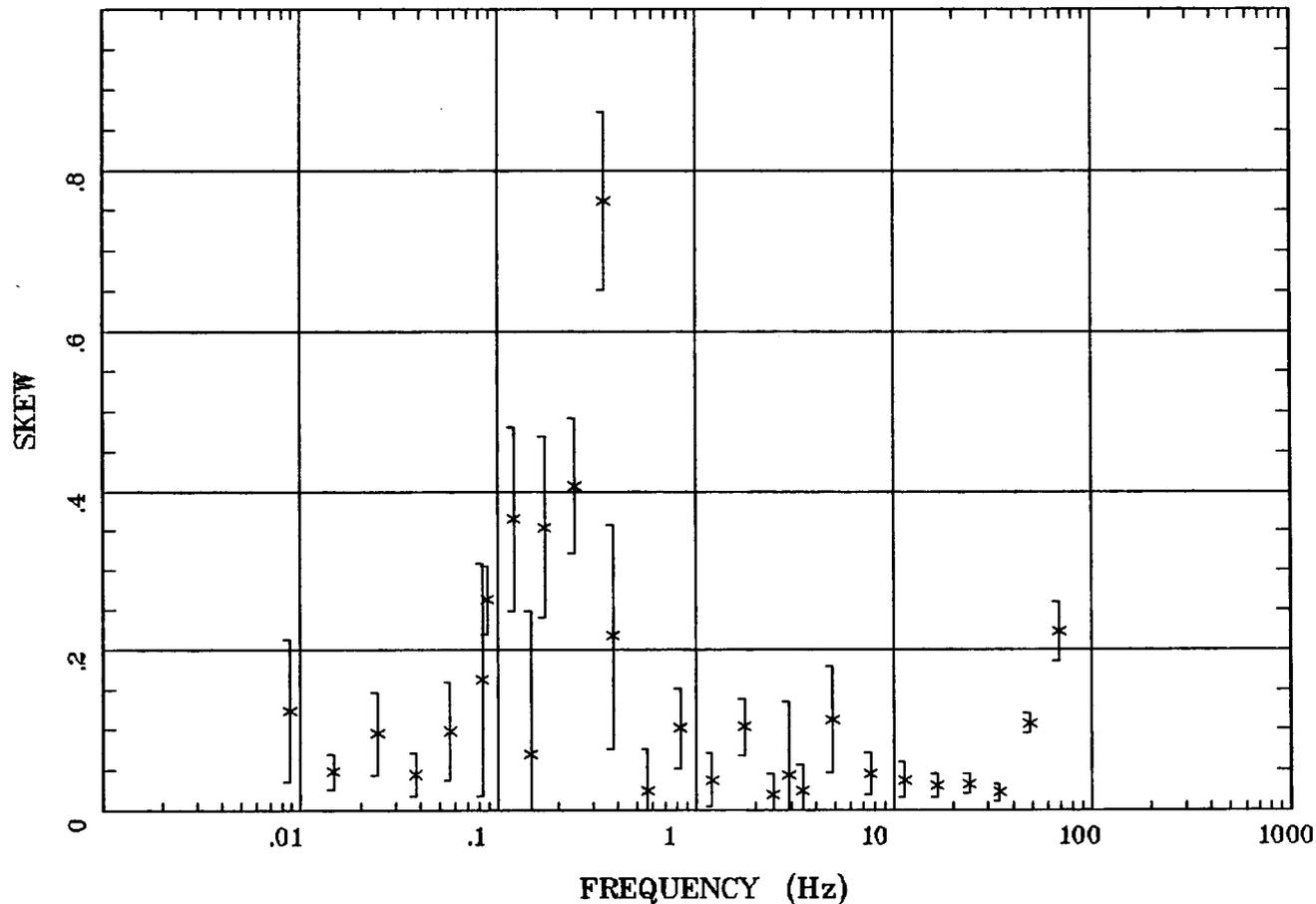
69

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rrim56.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE SKEW

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



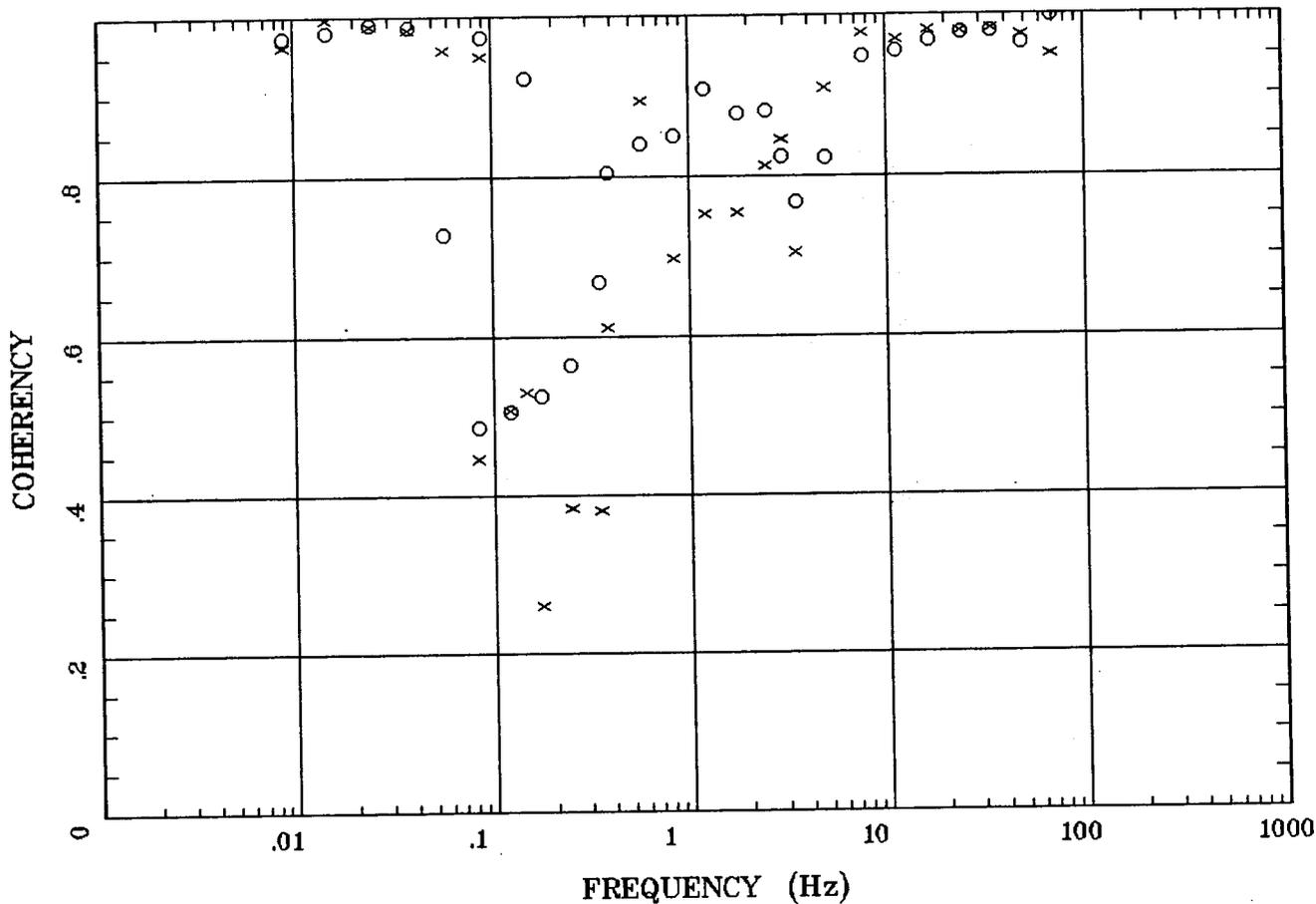
40

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rrim56.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

E MULT Coh.

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



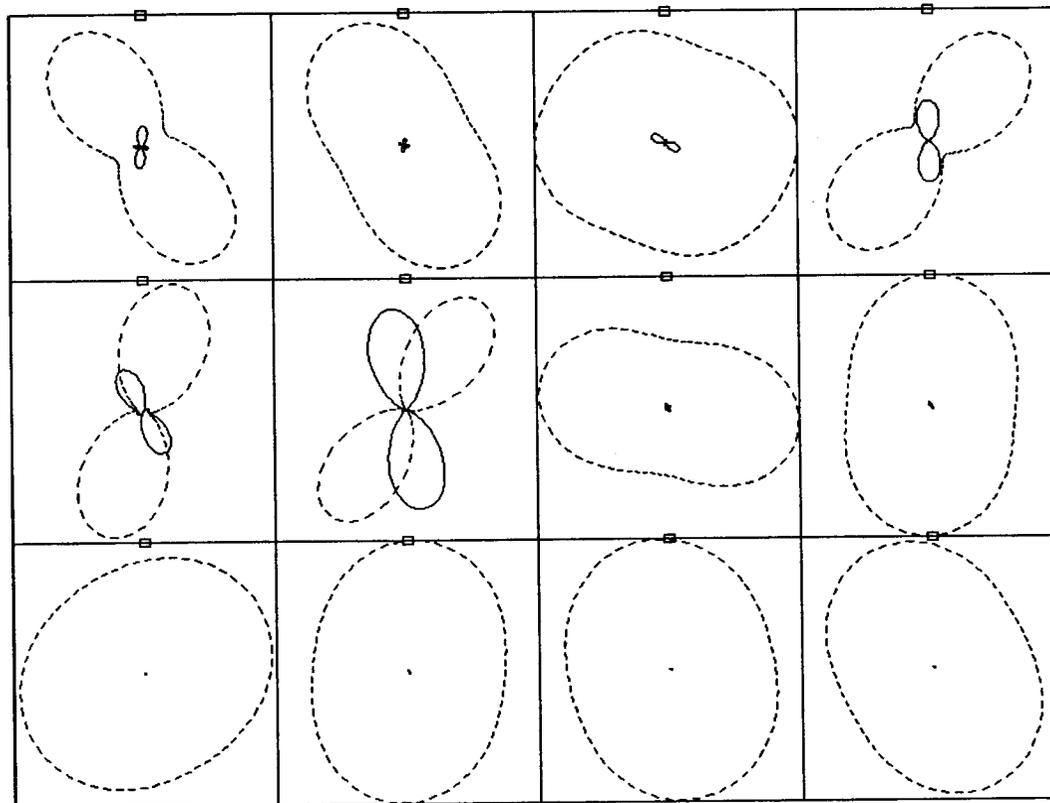
41

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rrim56.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



.0088 Hz

.0244 Hz

.0566 Hz

.120 Hz

.172 Hz

.345 Hz

.566 Hz

1.758 Hz

2.930 Hz

7.617 Hz

16.602 Hz

34.375 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:

Filename: rrim56.avg

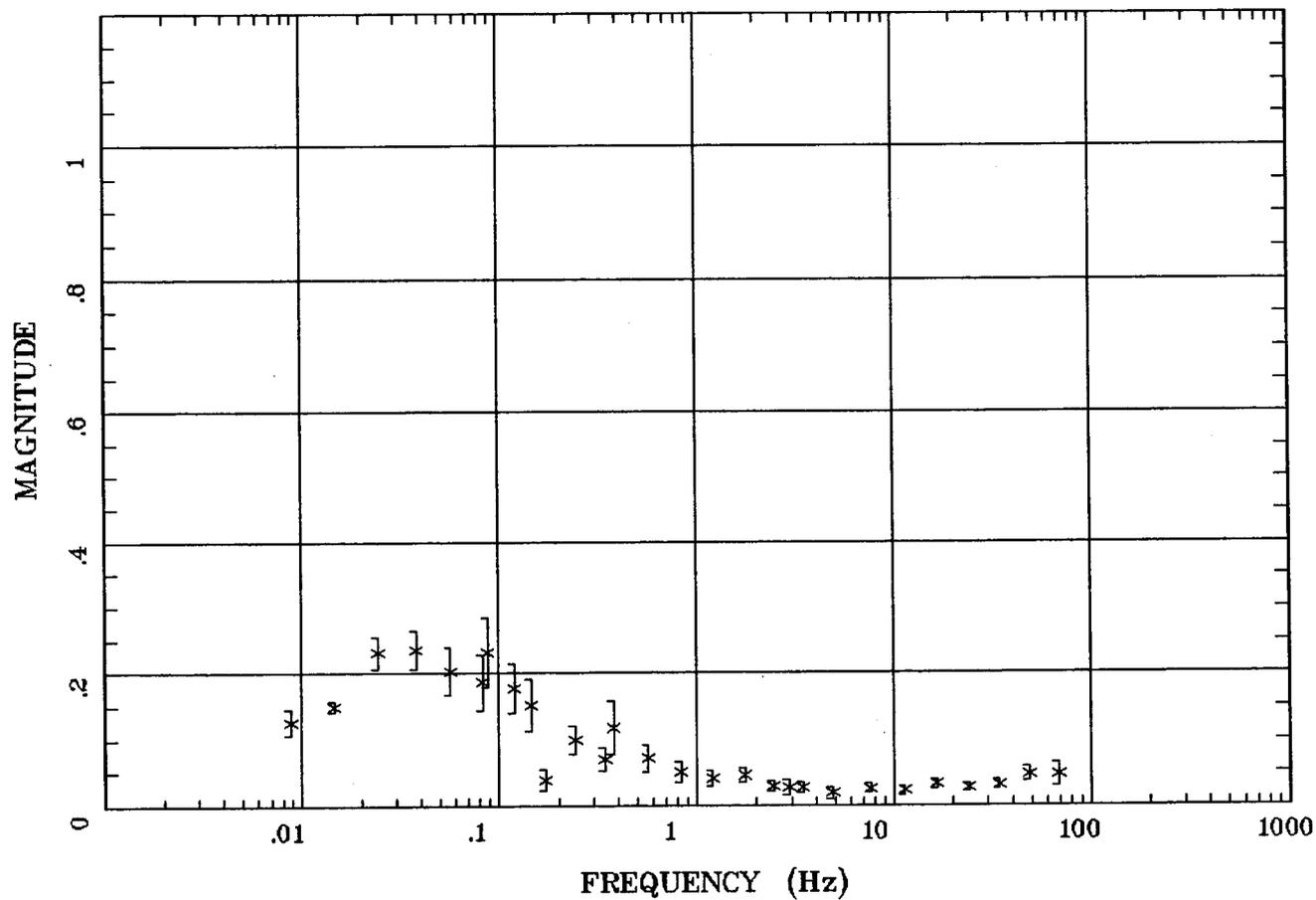
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4

Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004

< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER MAGNITUDE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



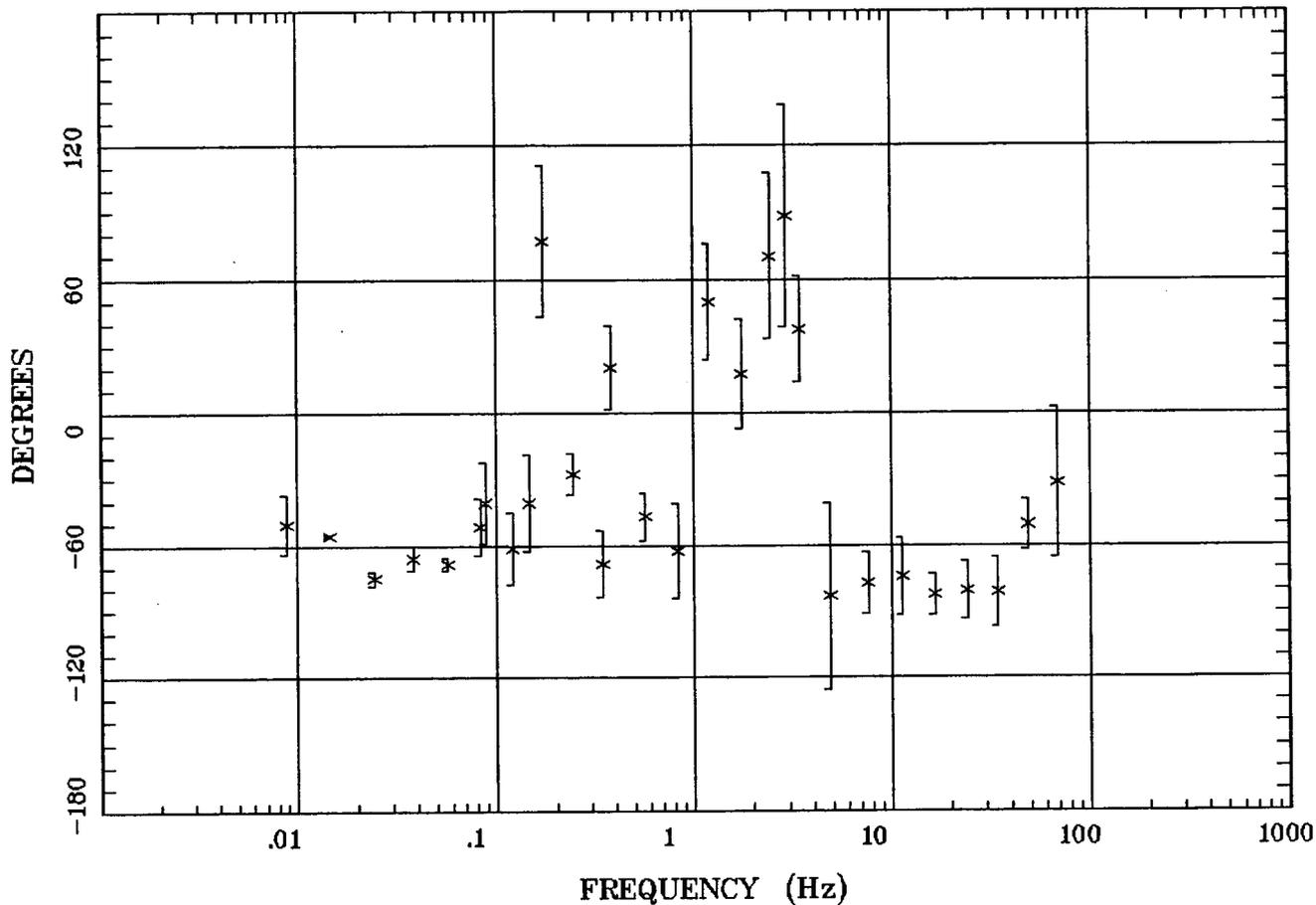
43

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rrim56.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER STRIKE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



44

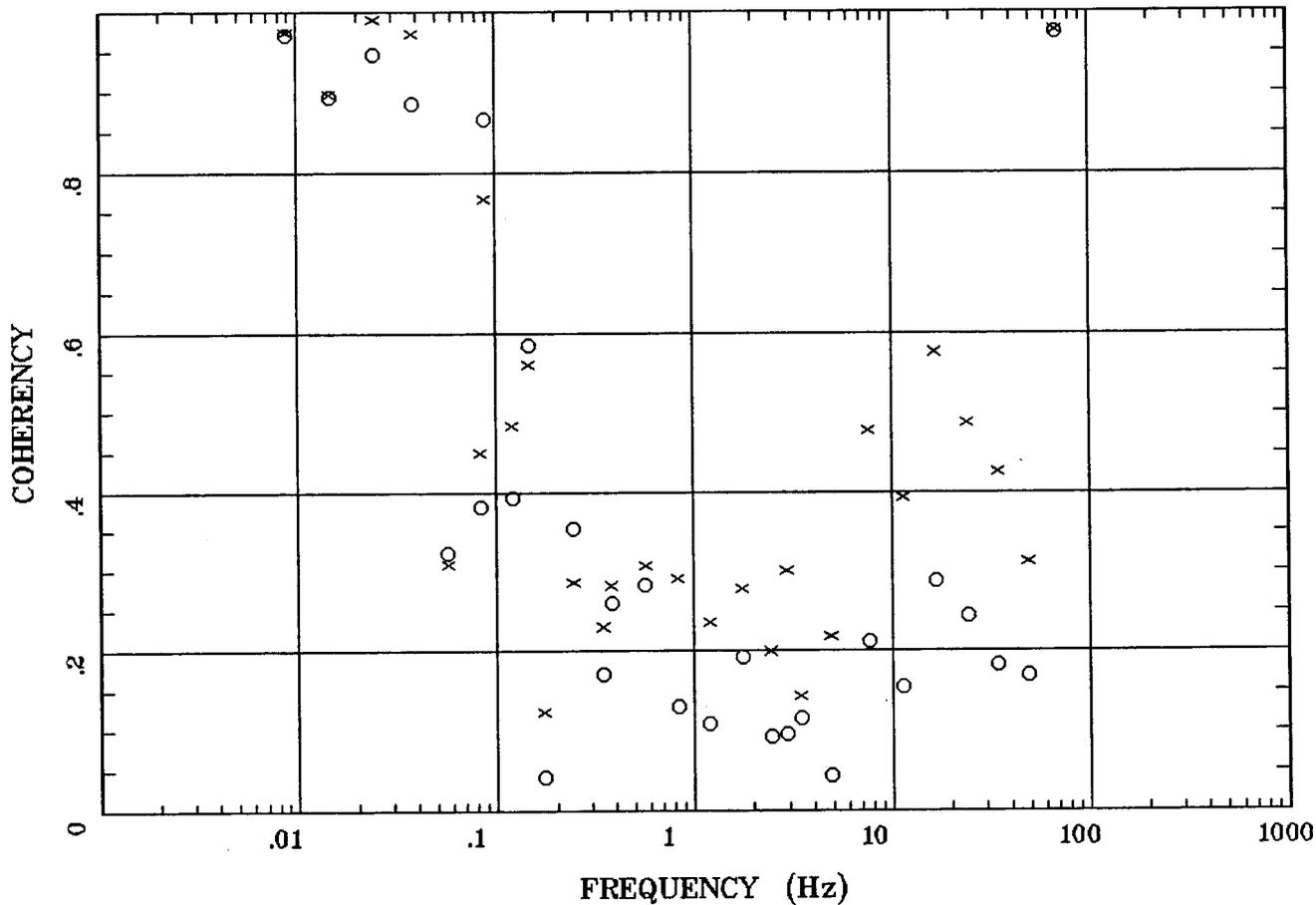
Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rrim56.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

Station RR01

HzHx.x Coh HzHy.o

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



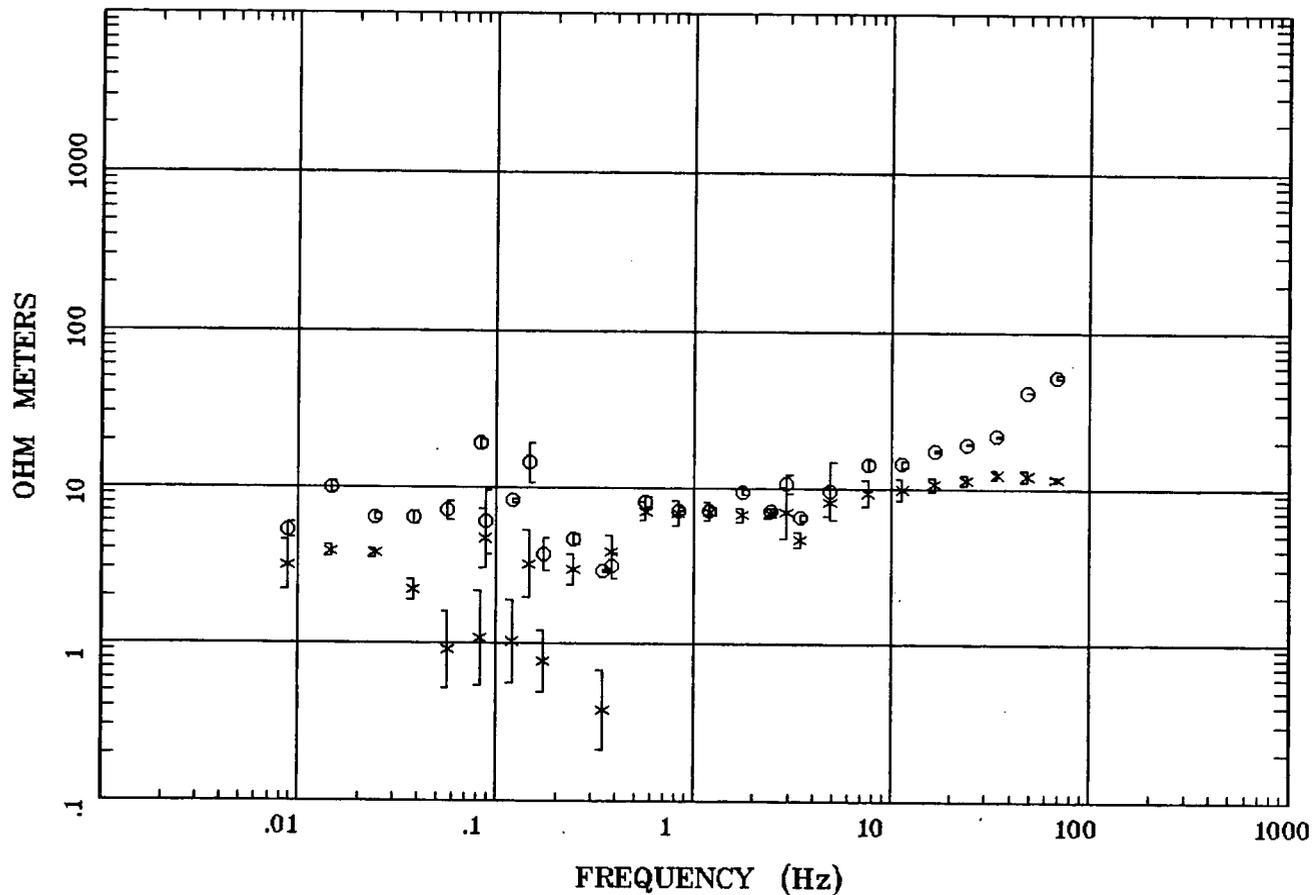
45

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 10:4 Jul 20, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rrim56.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:13 Sep 24, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



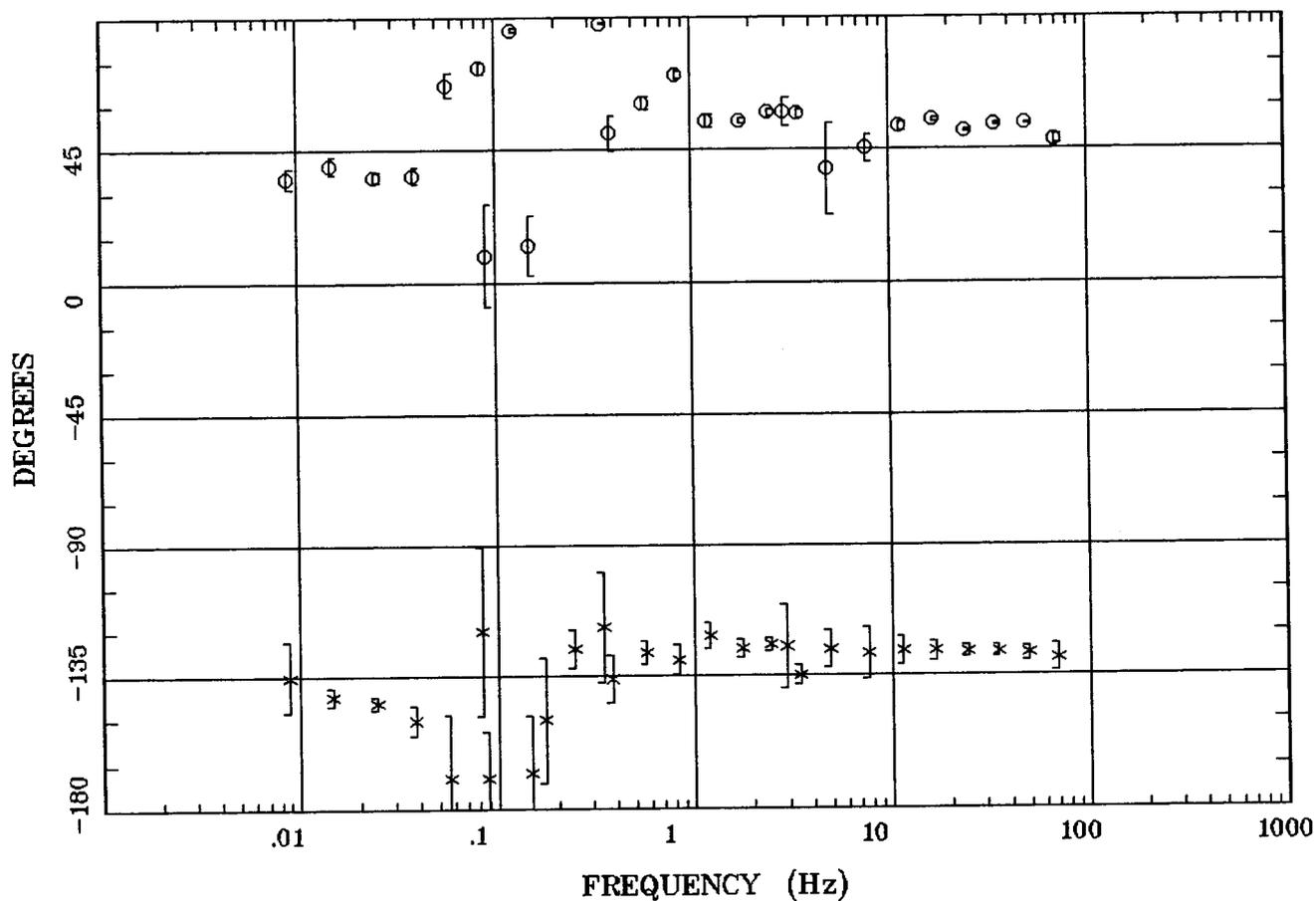
Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr2m63.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

Station RR02

IMPEDANCE PHASE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



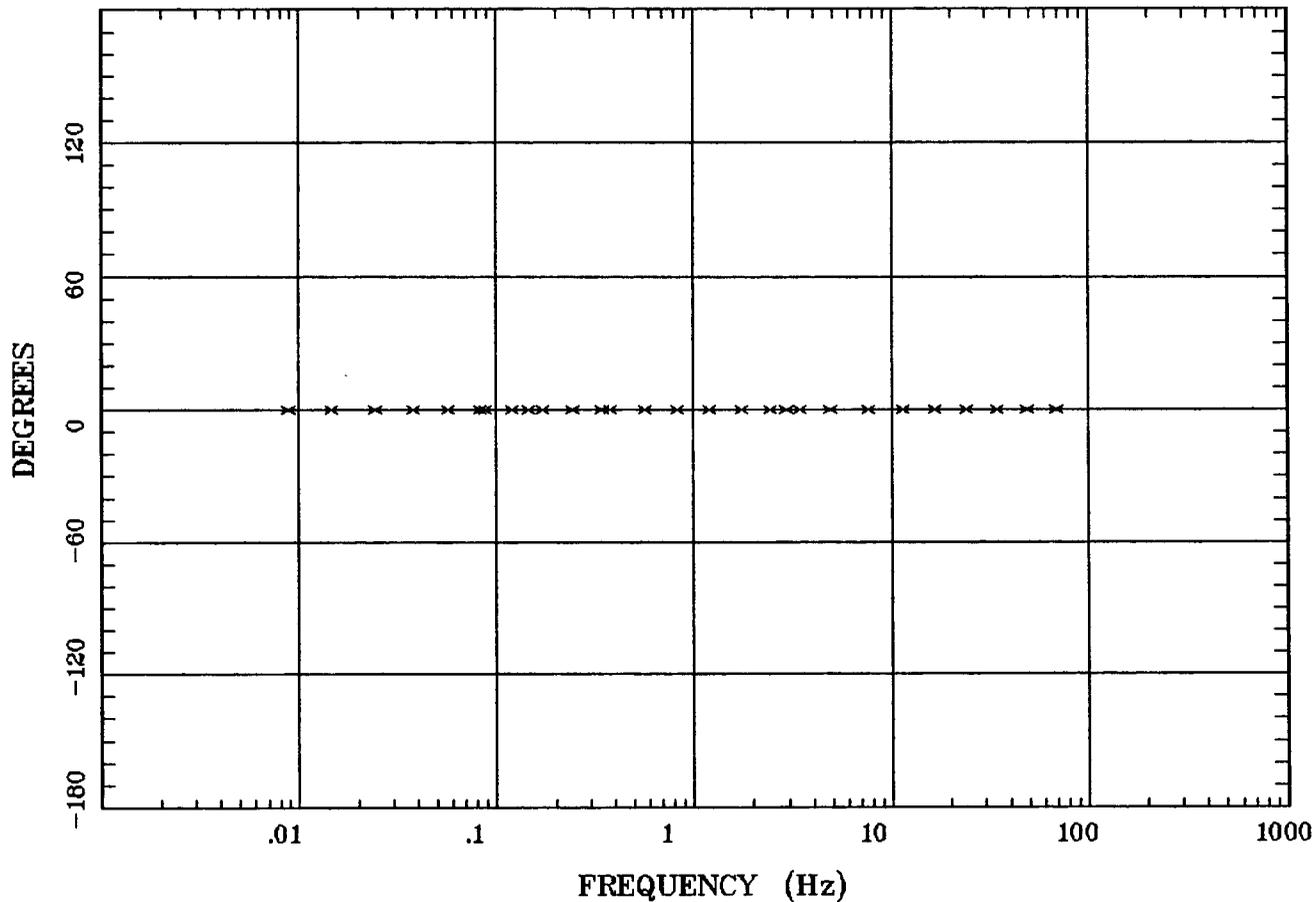
47

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr2m63.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

ROTATION ANGLE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

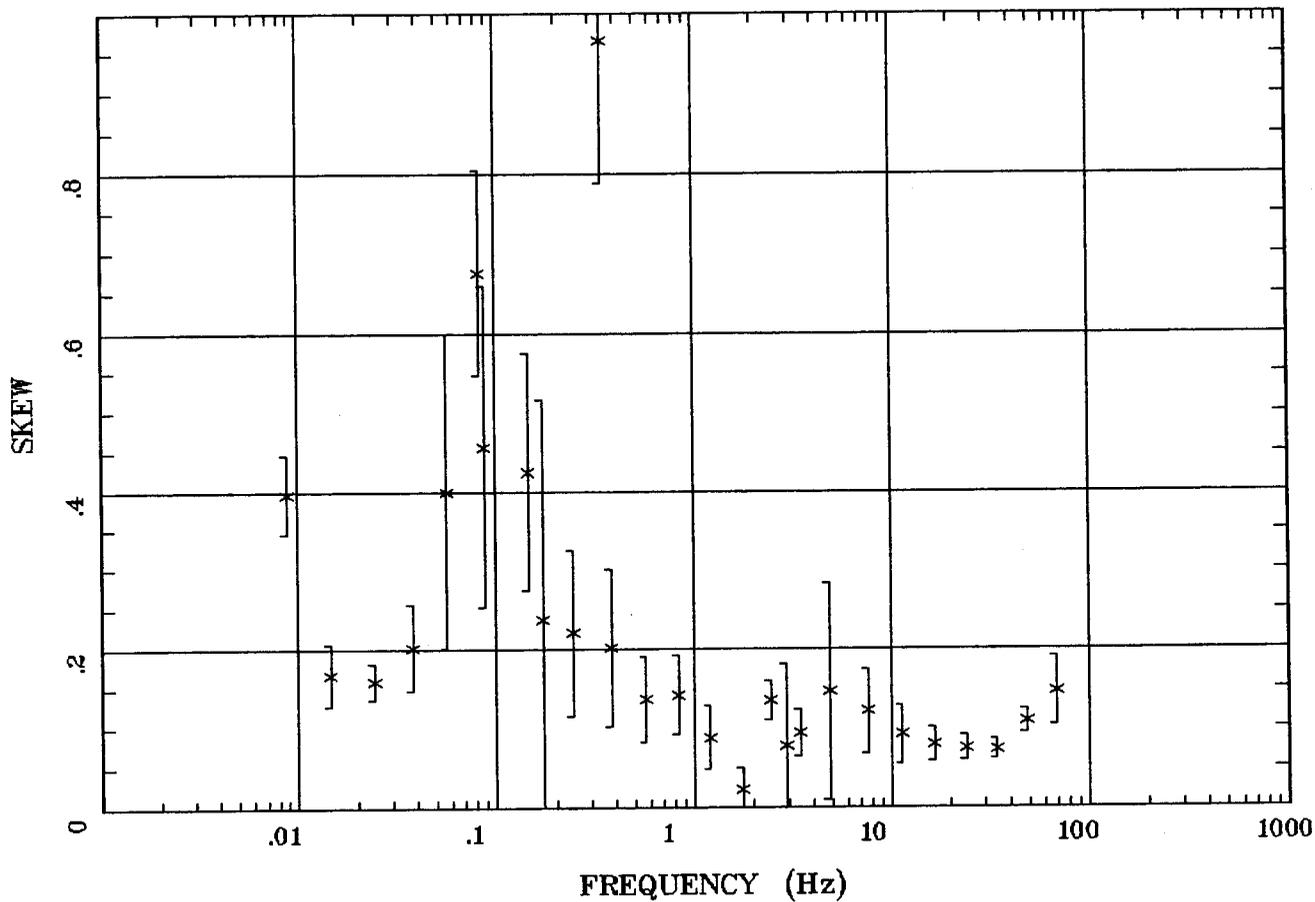


Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr2m63.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE SKEW

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



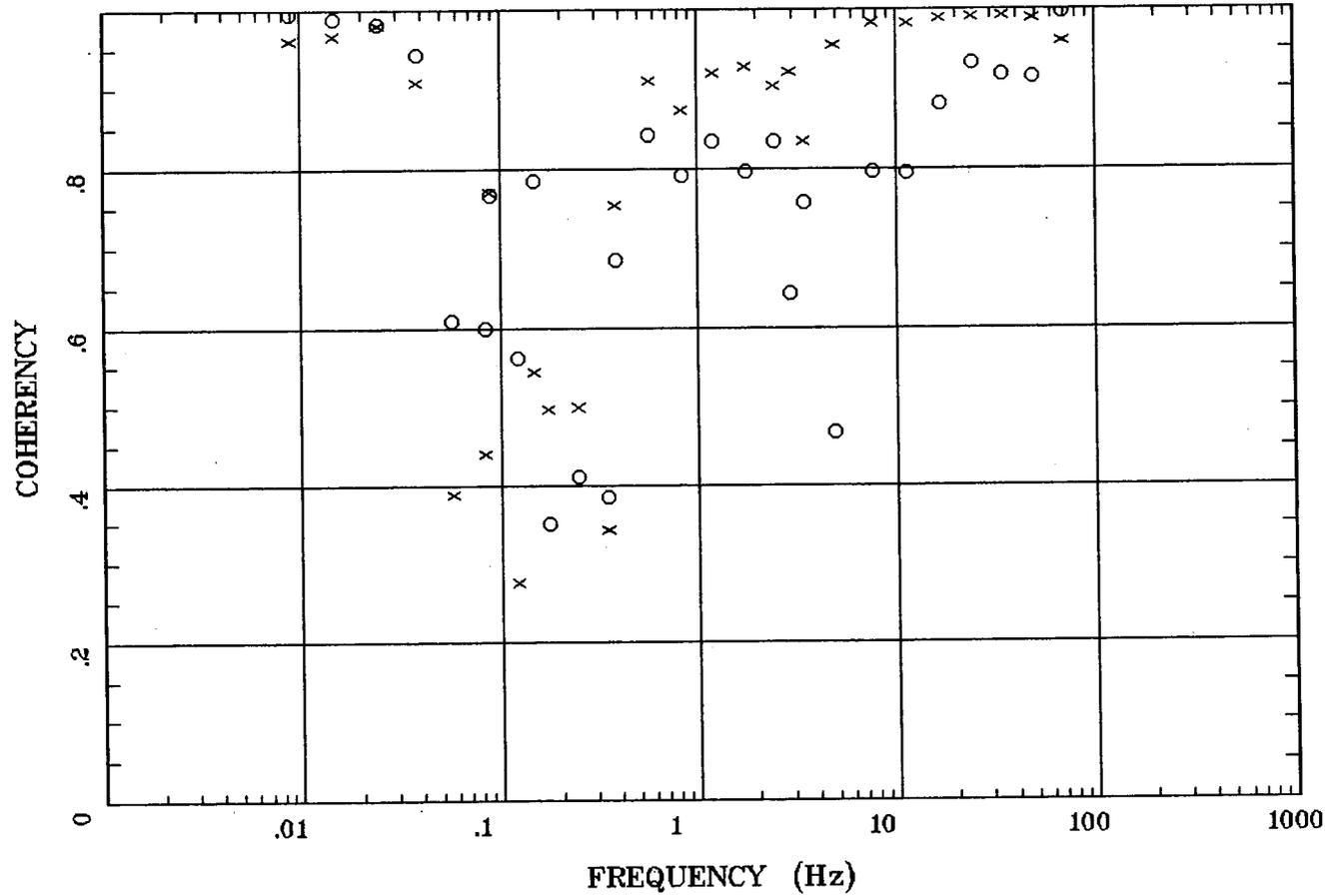
49

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr2m63.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

E MULT Coh.

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



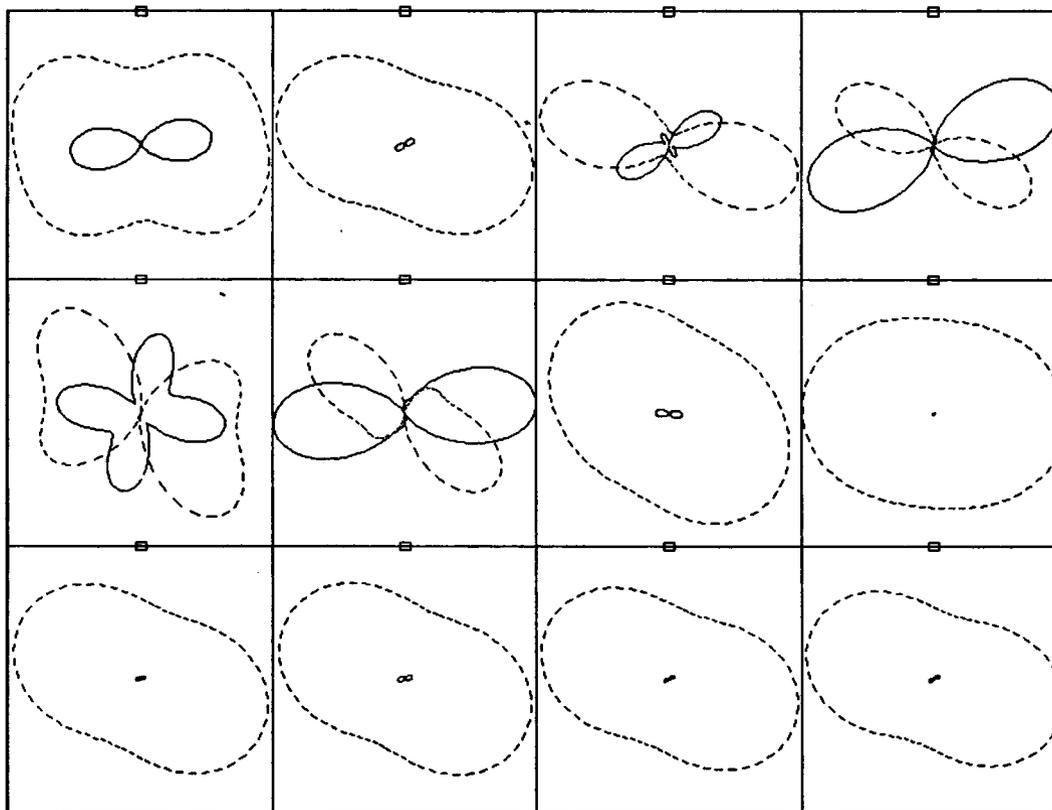
50

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr2m63.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



.0088 Hz

.0244 Hz

.0566 Hz

.120 Hz

.172 Hz

.345 Hz

.566 Hz

1.758 Hz

2.930 Hz

7.617 Hz

16.602 Hz

34.375 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin

Remote: none

Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004

Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:

Filename: rr2m63.avg

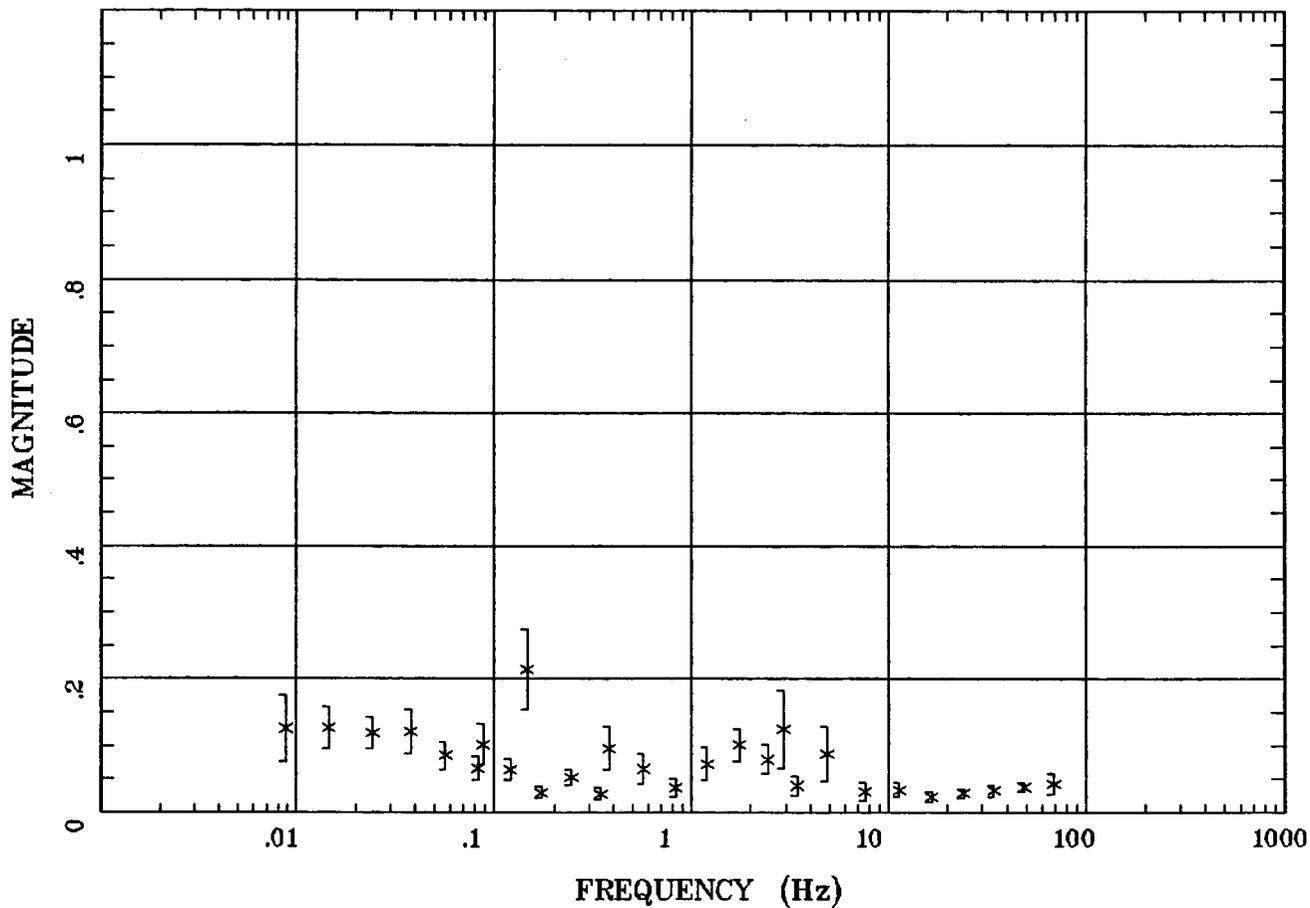
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4

Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004

< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER MAGNITUDE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

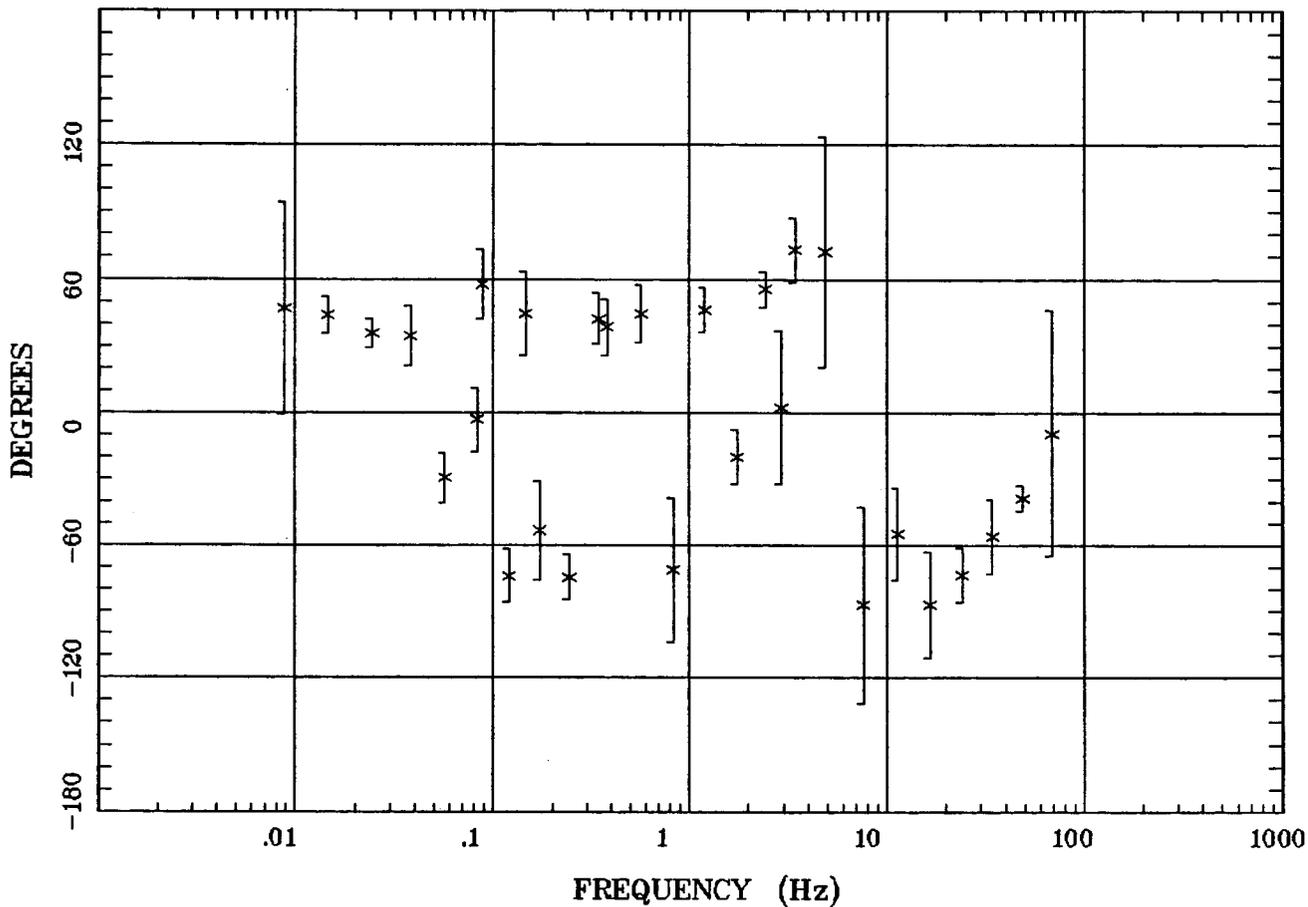


Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr2m63.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER STRIKE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

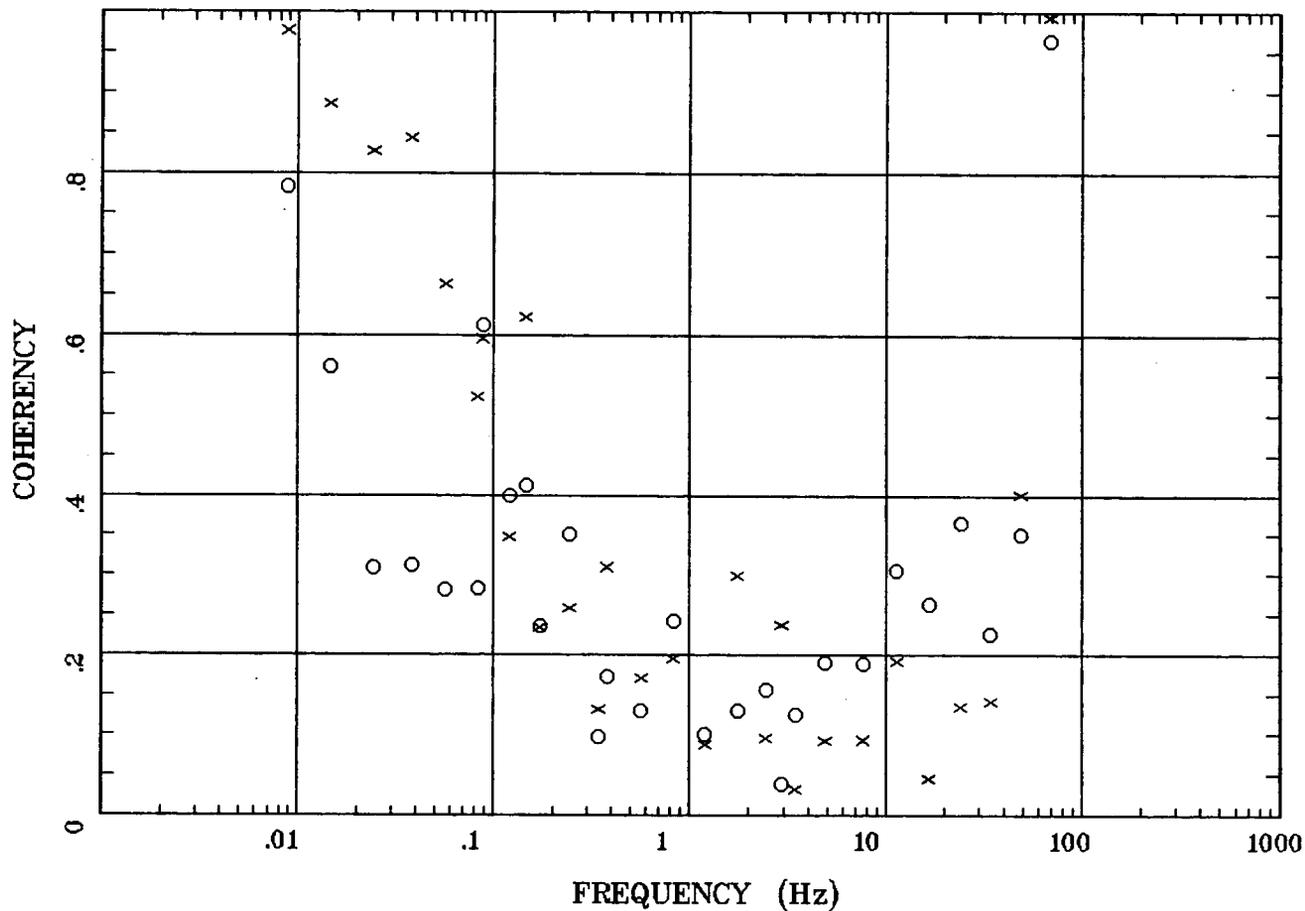


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr2m63.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

HzHx.x Coh HzHy.o

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



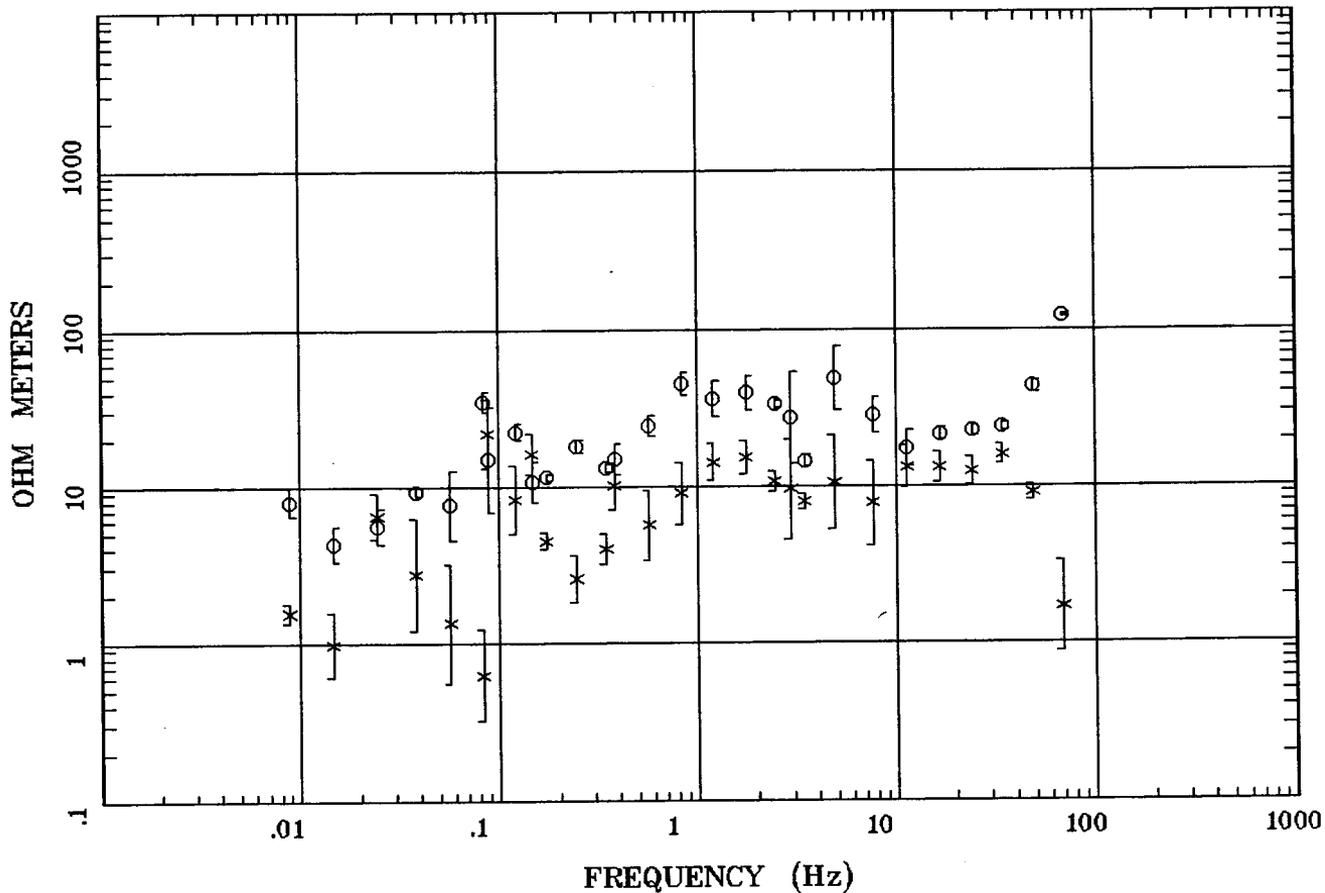
Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:3 Jul 20, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr2m63.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:23 Sep 24, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

Station RR20

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



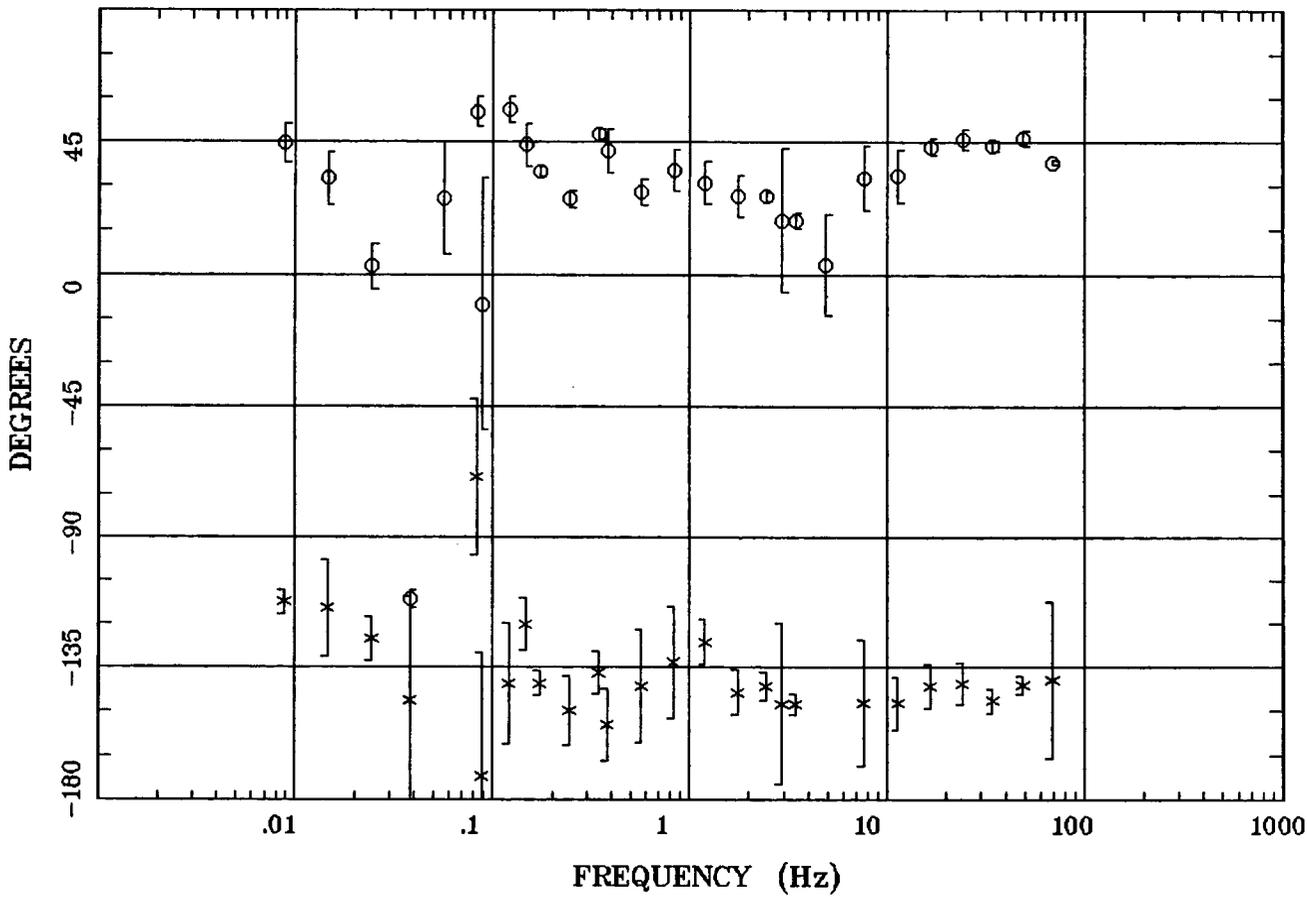
55

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr20m25.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE PHASE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



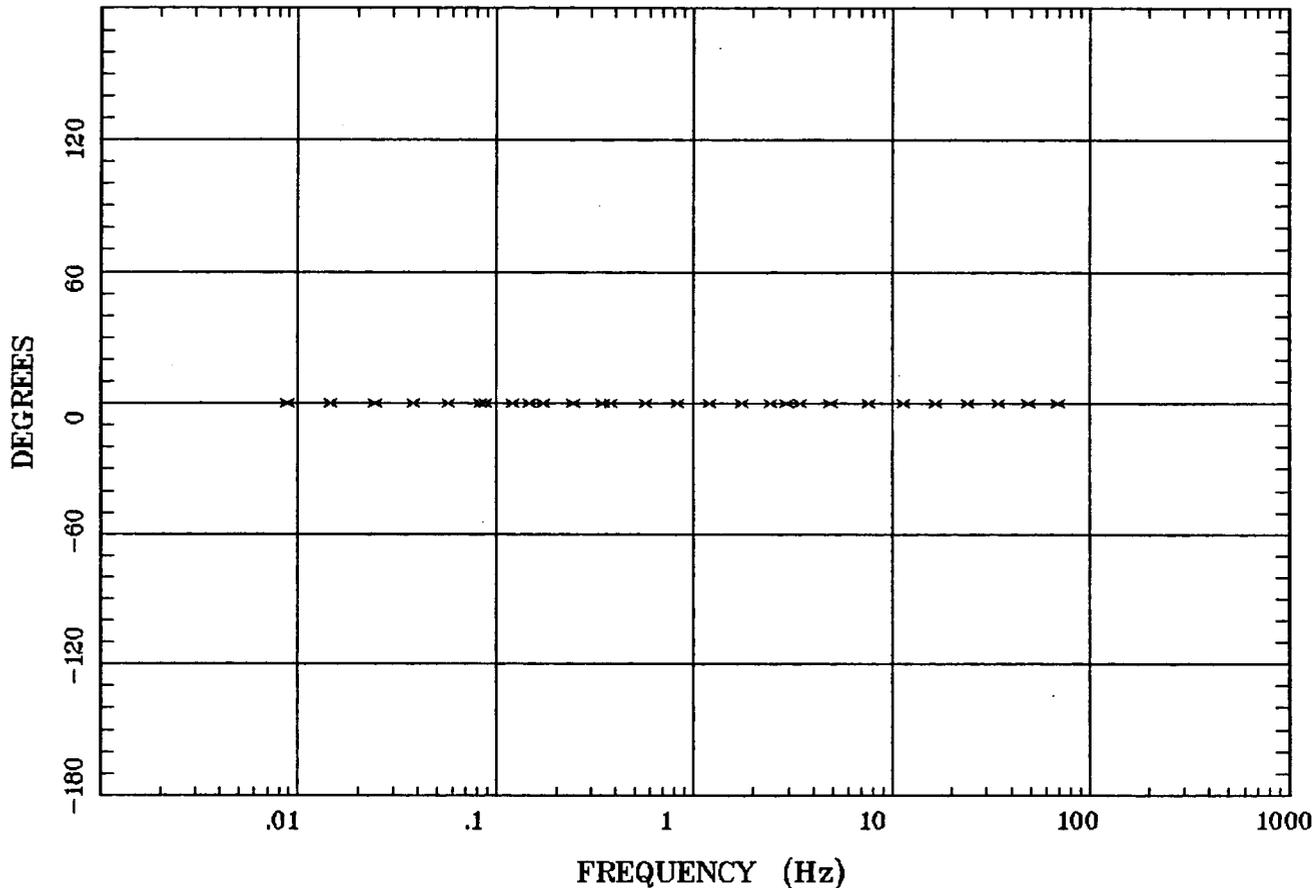
95

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr20m25.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

ROTATION ANGLE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



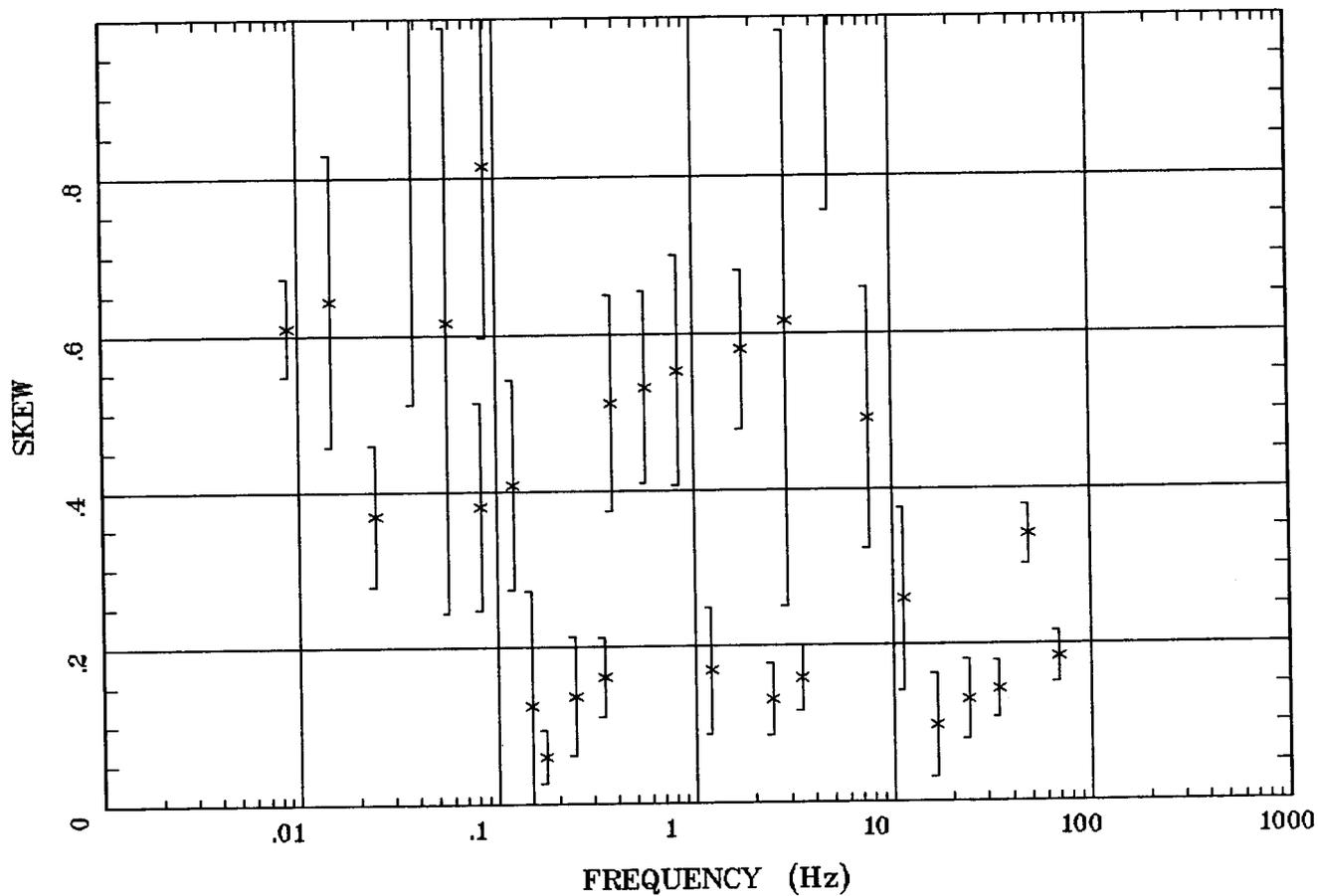
57

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr20m25.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

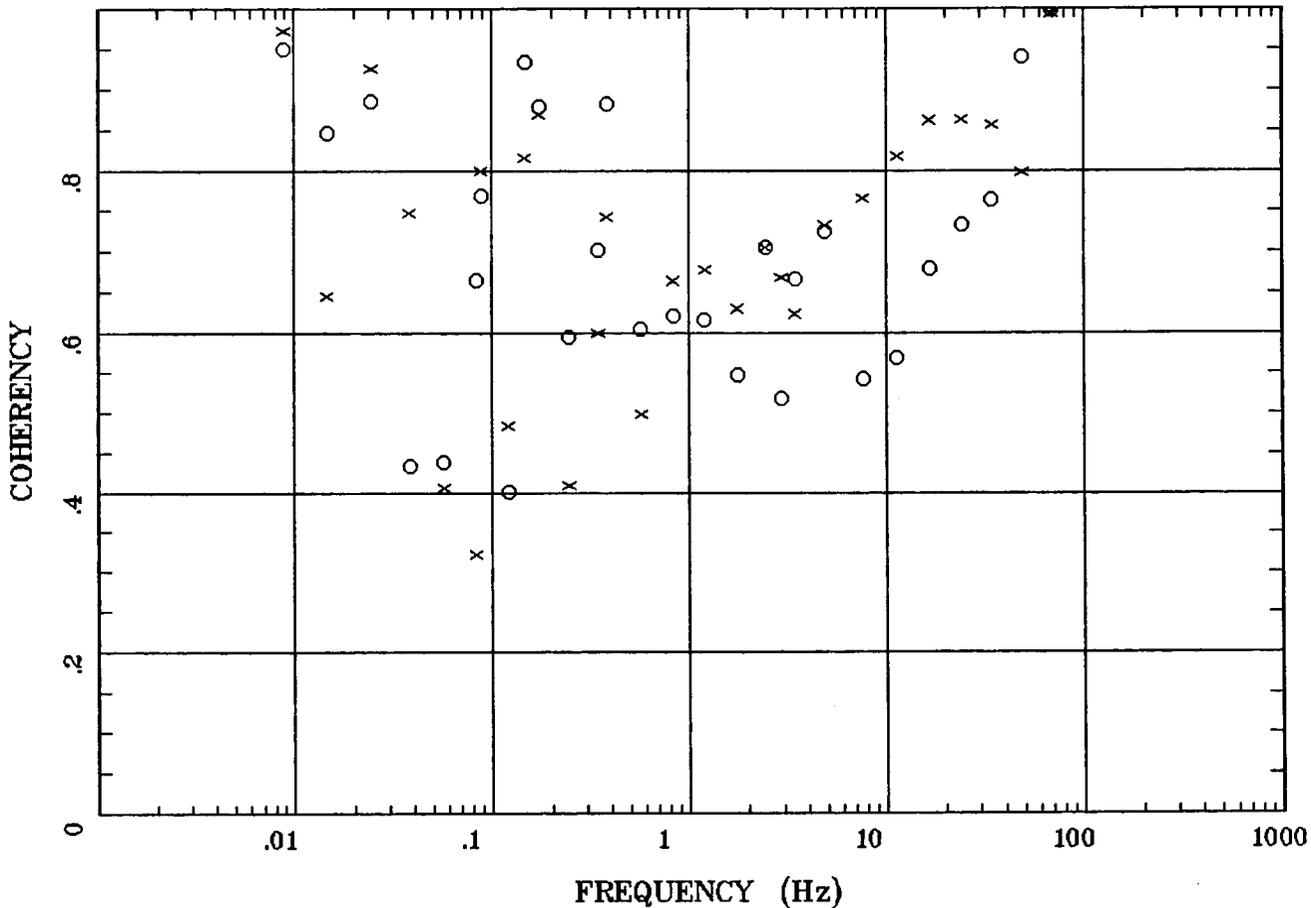
IMPEDANCE SKEW

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr20m25.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

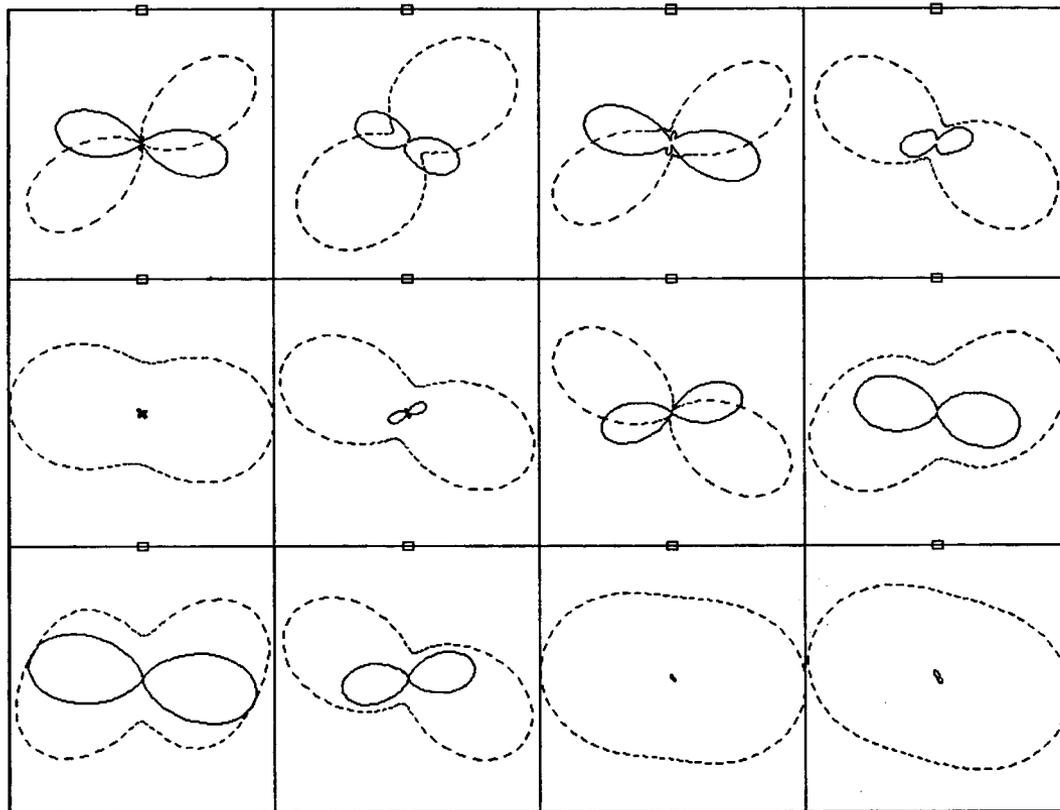


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr20m25.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

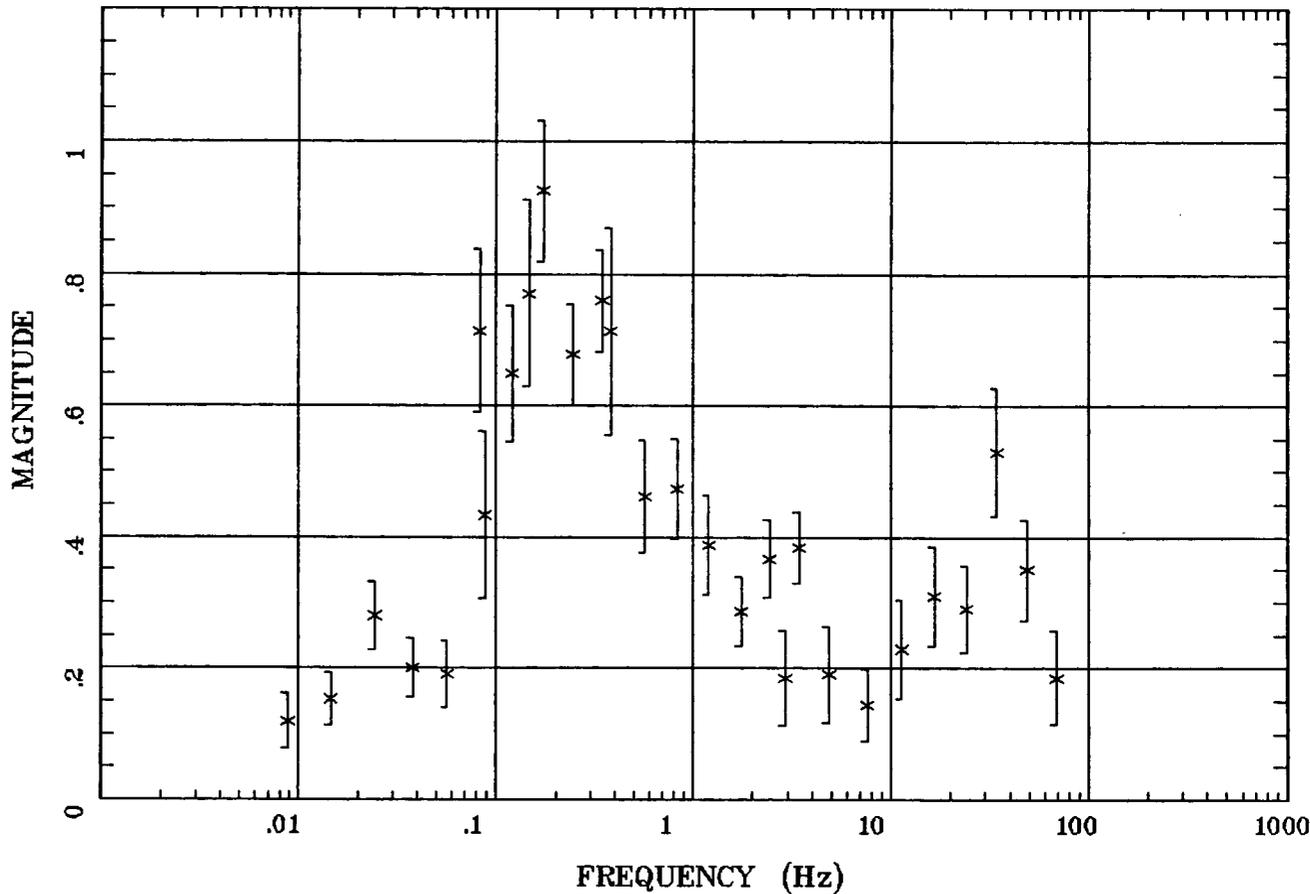
Albuquerque NM 1:100K



.0088 Hz	.0244 Hz	.0566 Hz	.120 Hz
.172 Hz	.345 Hz	.566 Hz	1.758 Hz
2.930 Hz	7.617 Hz	16.602 Hz	34.375 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

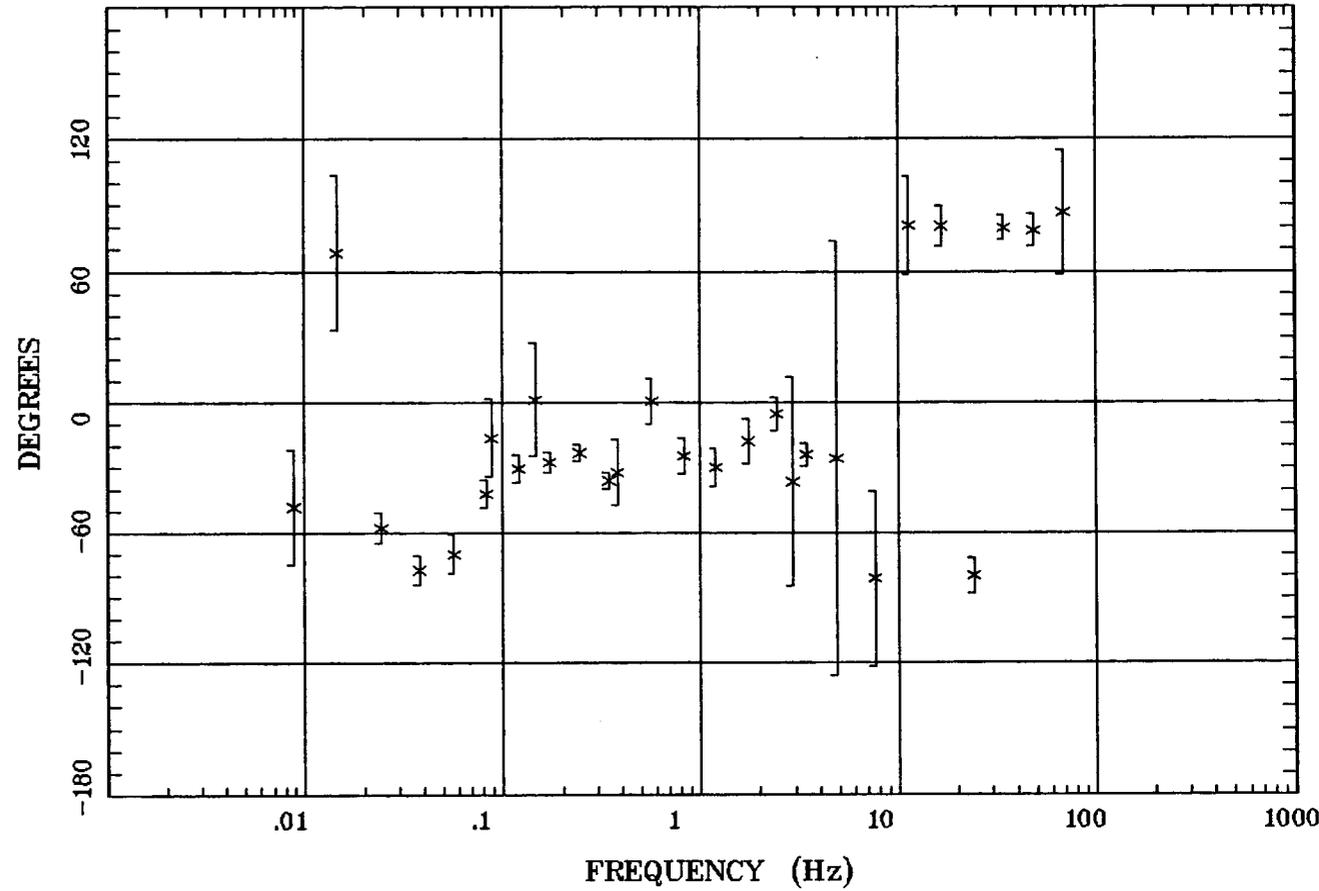
Rotation:
 Filename: rr20m25.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



19

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

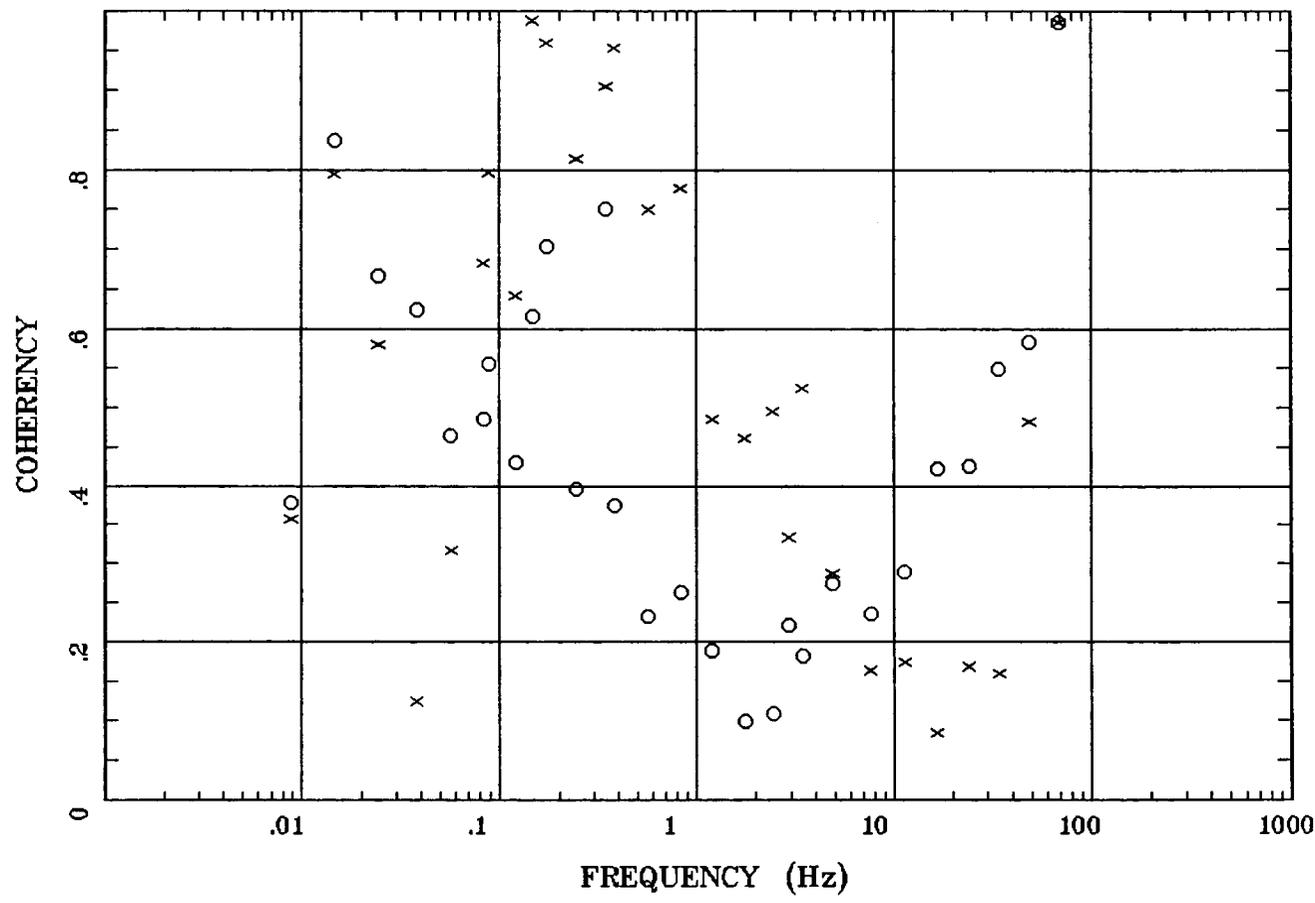
Rotation:
 Filename: rr20m25.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



62

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr20m25.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



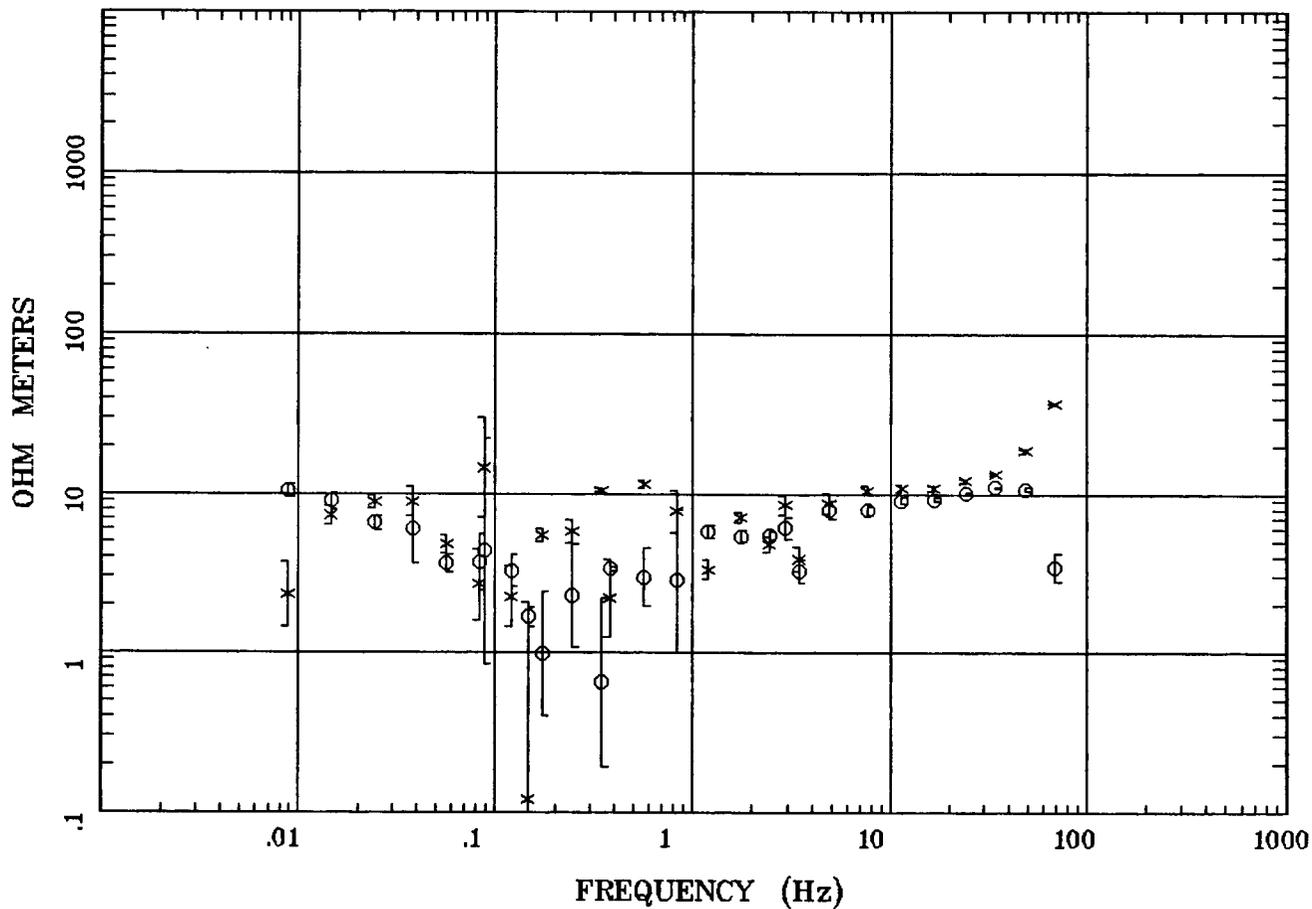
89

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:3 Jul 17, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr20m25.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 15:31 Sep 01, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

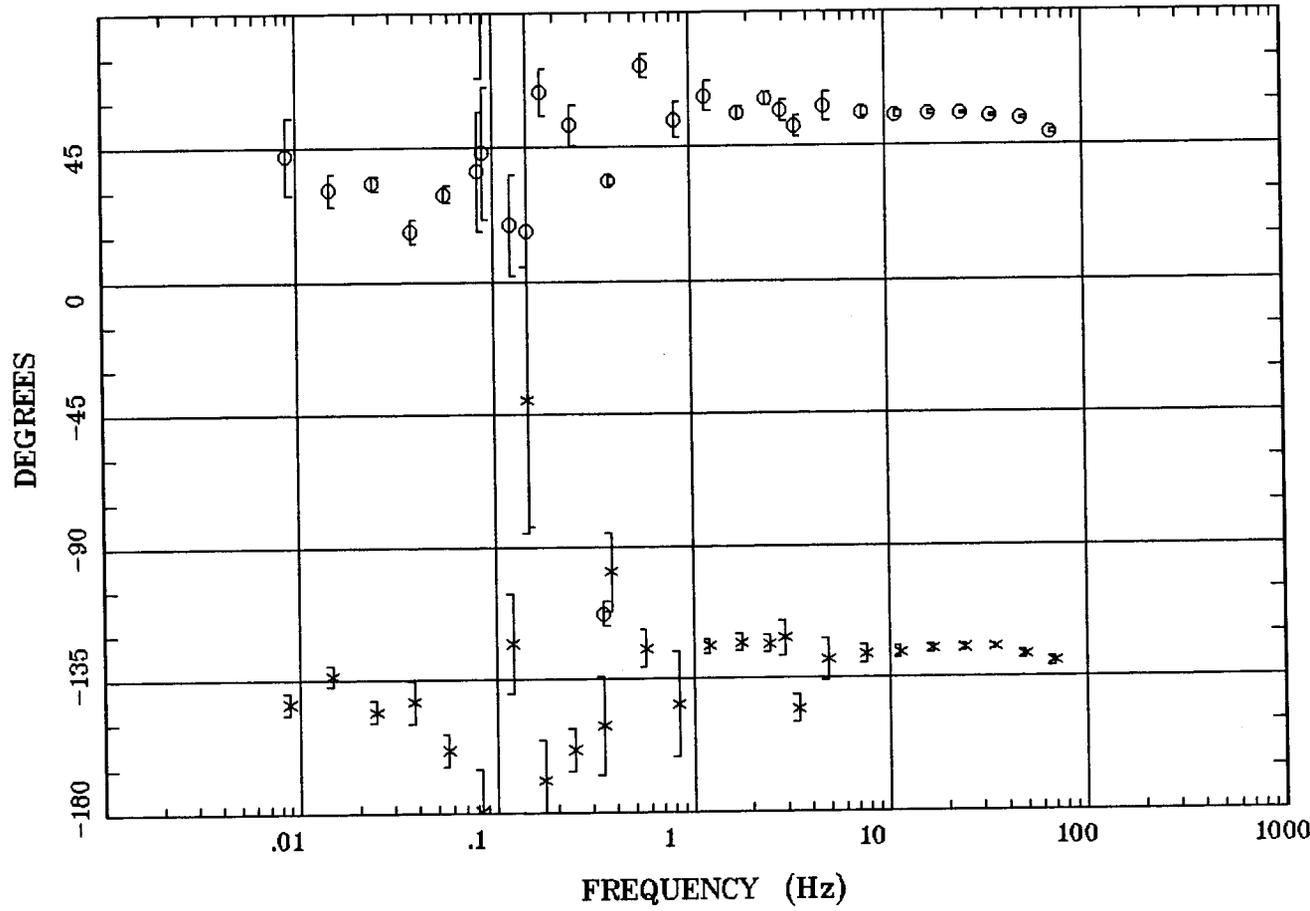


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21m13.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:51 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE PHASE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



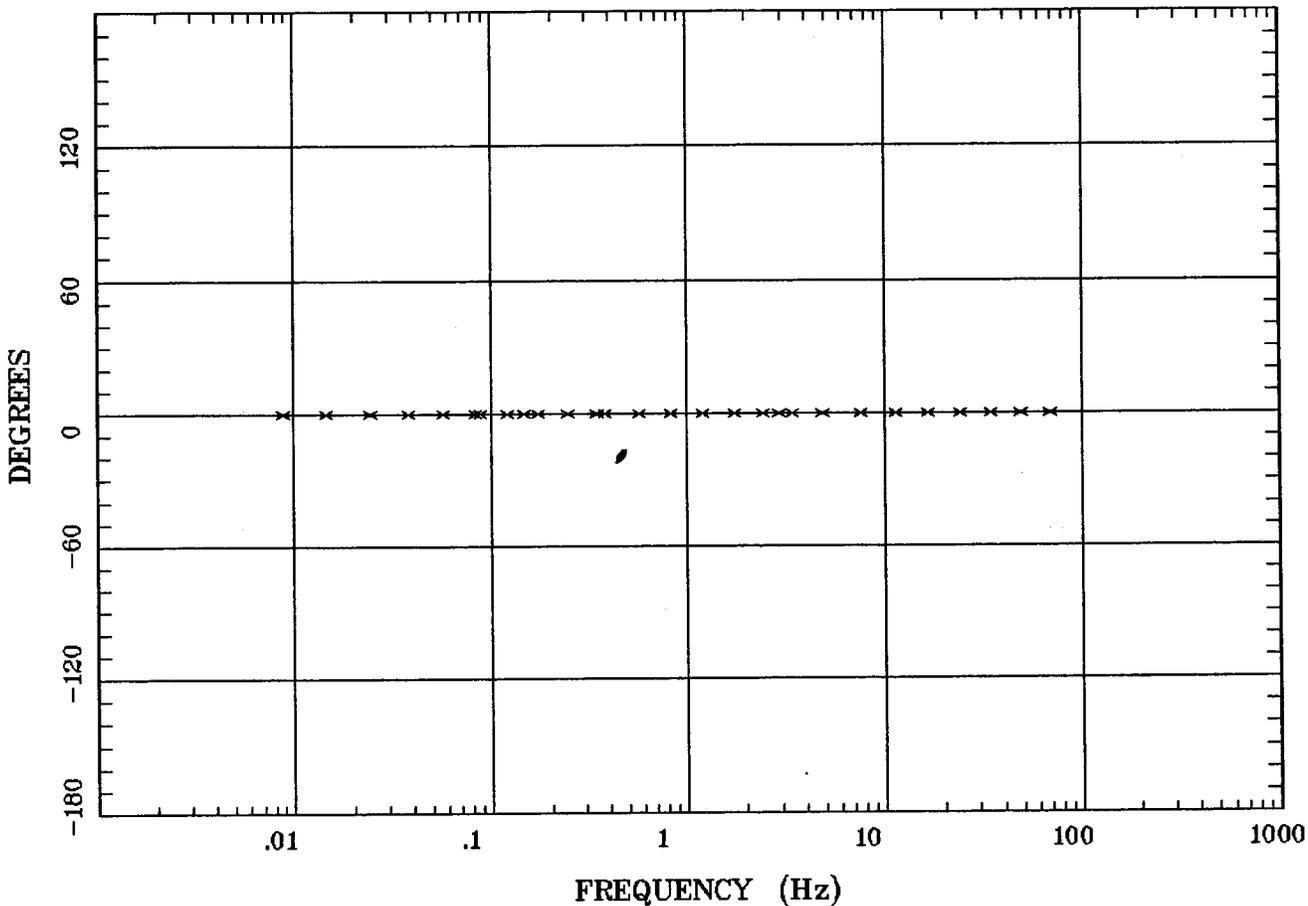
59

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21m13.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:51 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

ROTATION ANGLE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



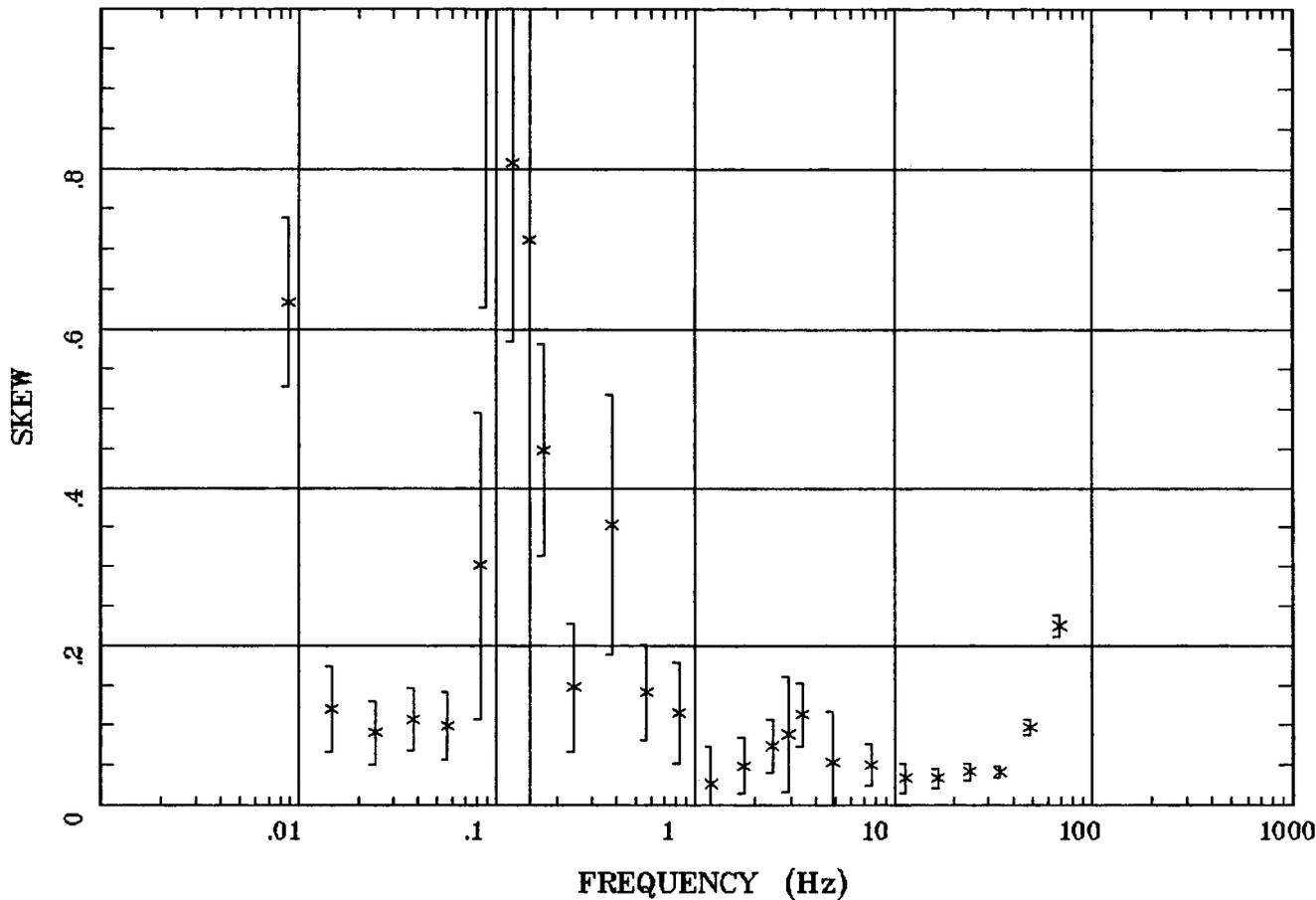
99

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr21m13.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 15:51 Sep 01, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE SKEW

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



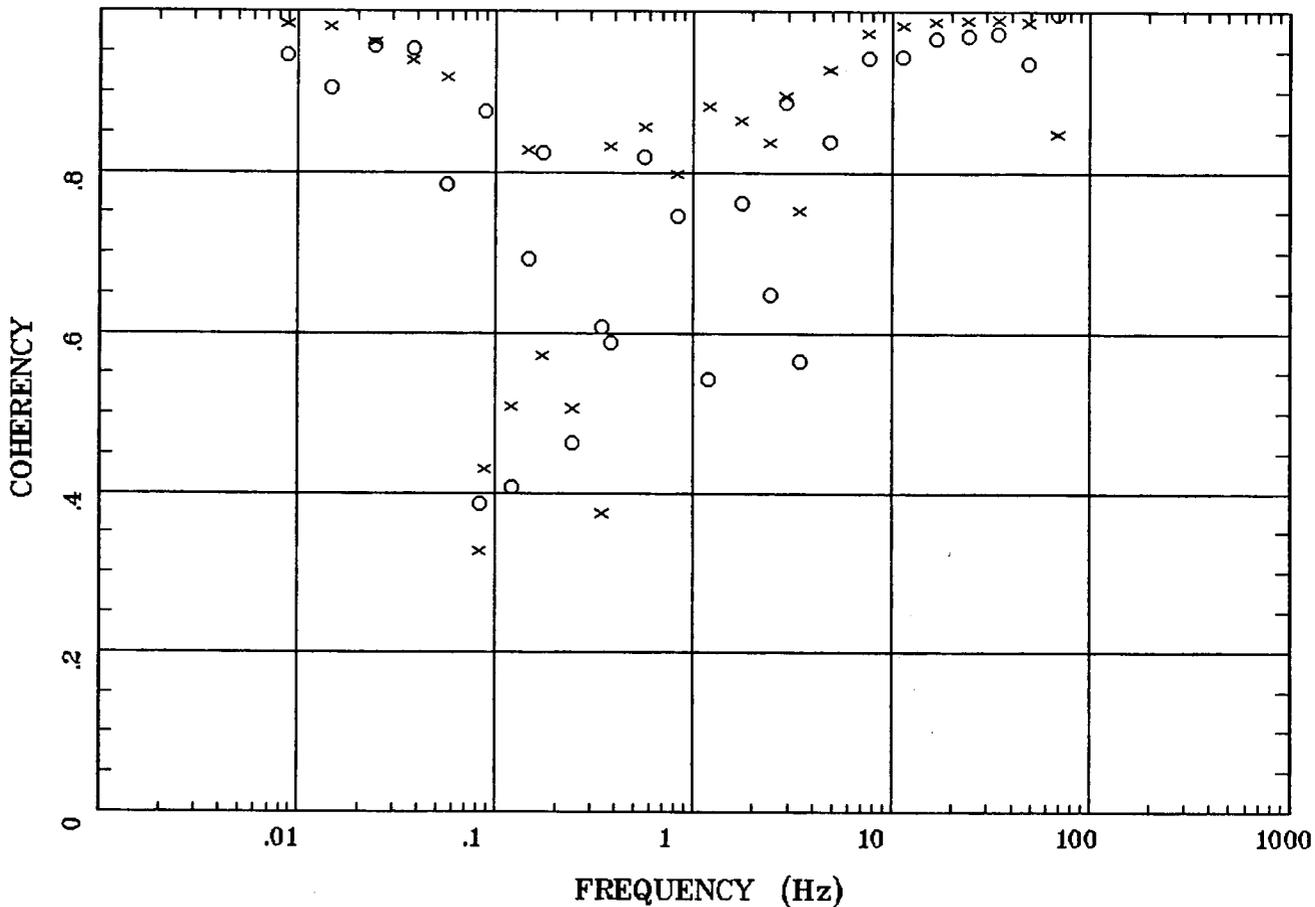
67

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21m13.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:51 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

E MULT Coh.

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

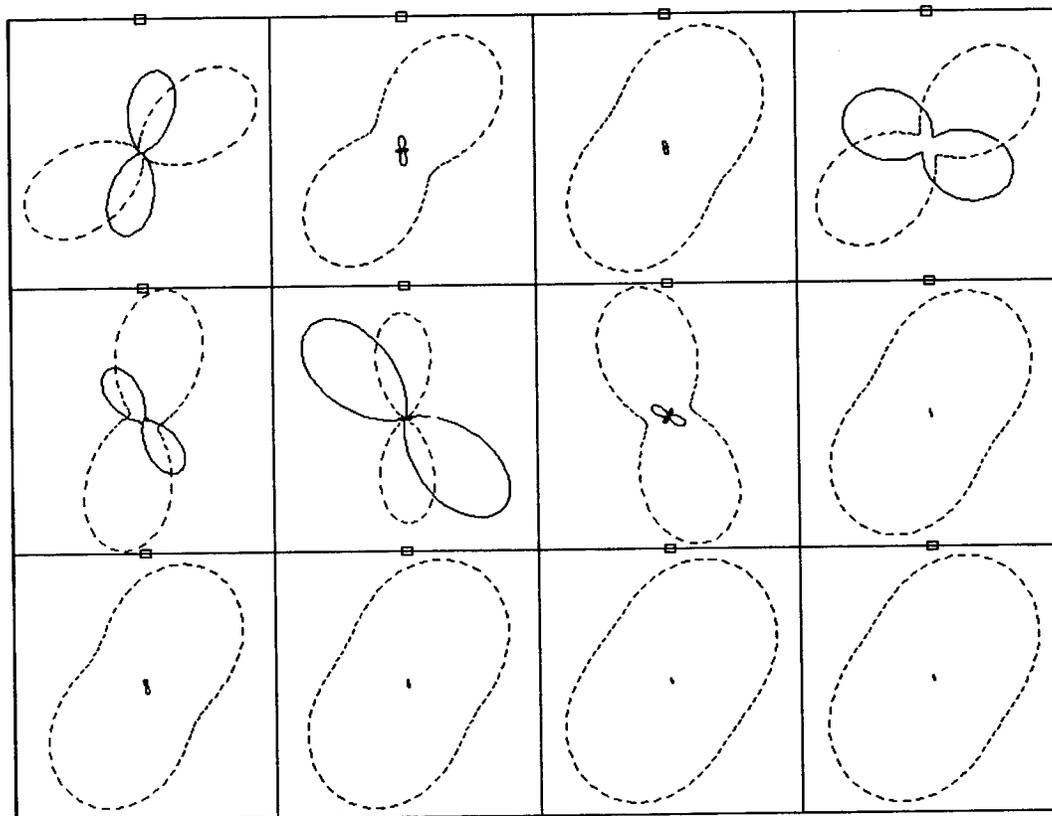


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21m13.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:52 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



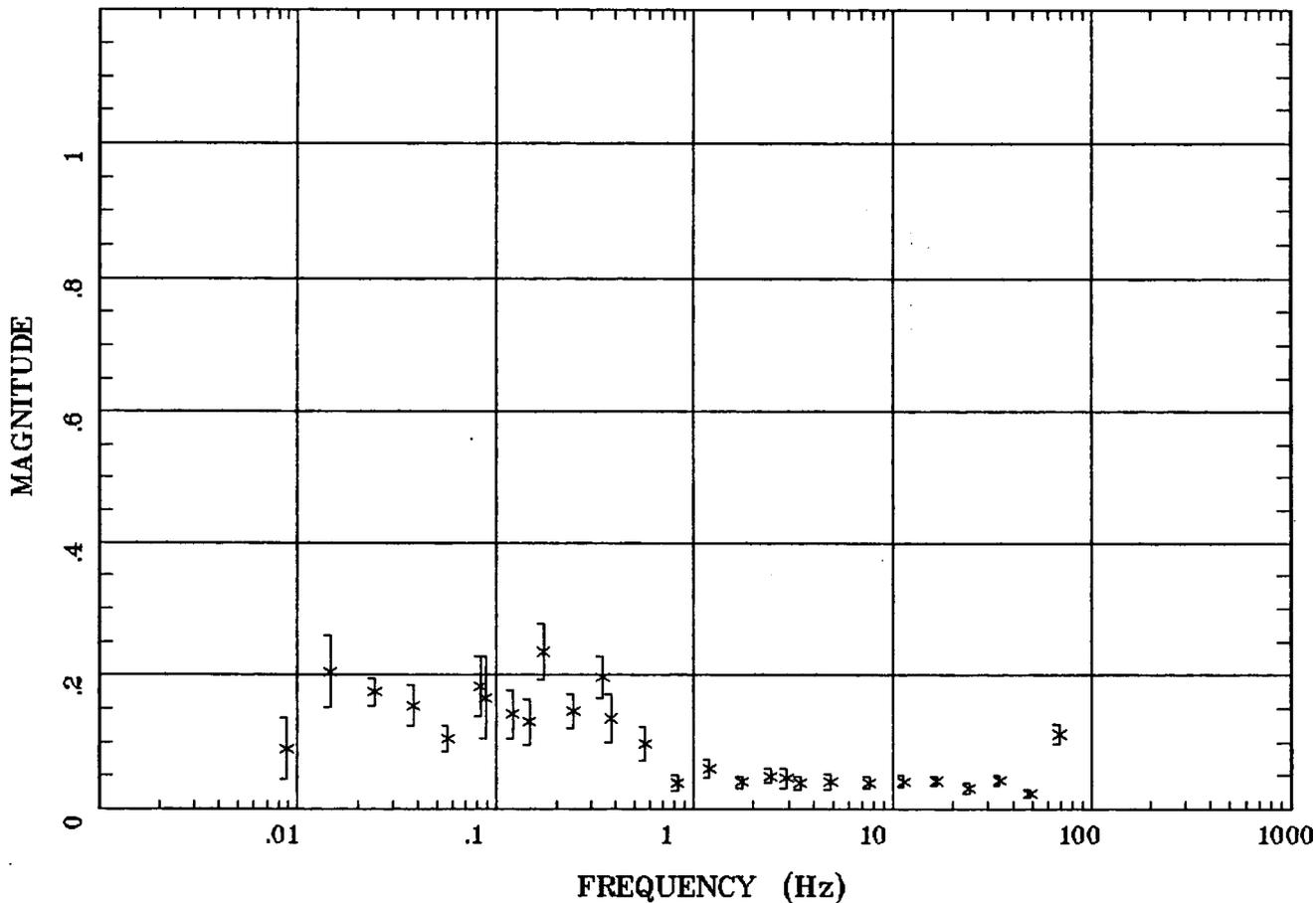
.0088 Hz	.0244 Hz	.0566 Hz	.120 Hz
.172 Hz	.345 Hz	.566 Hz	1.758 Hz
2.930 Hz	7.617 Hz	16.602 Hz	34.375 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21m13.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:52 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER MAGNITUDE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

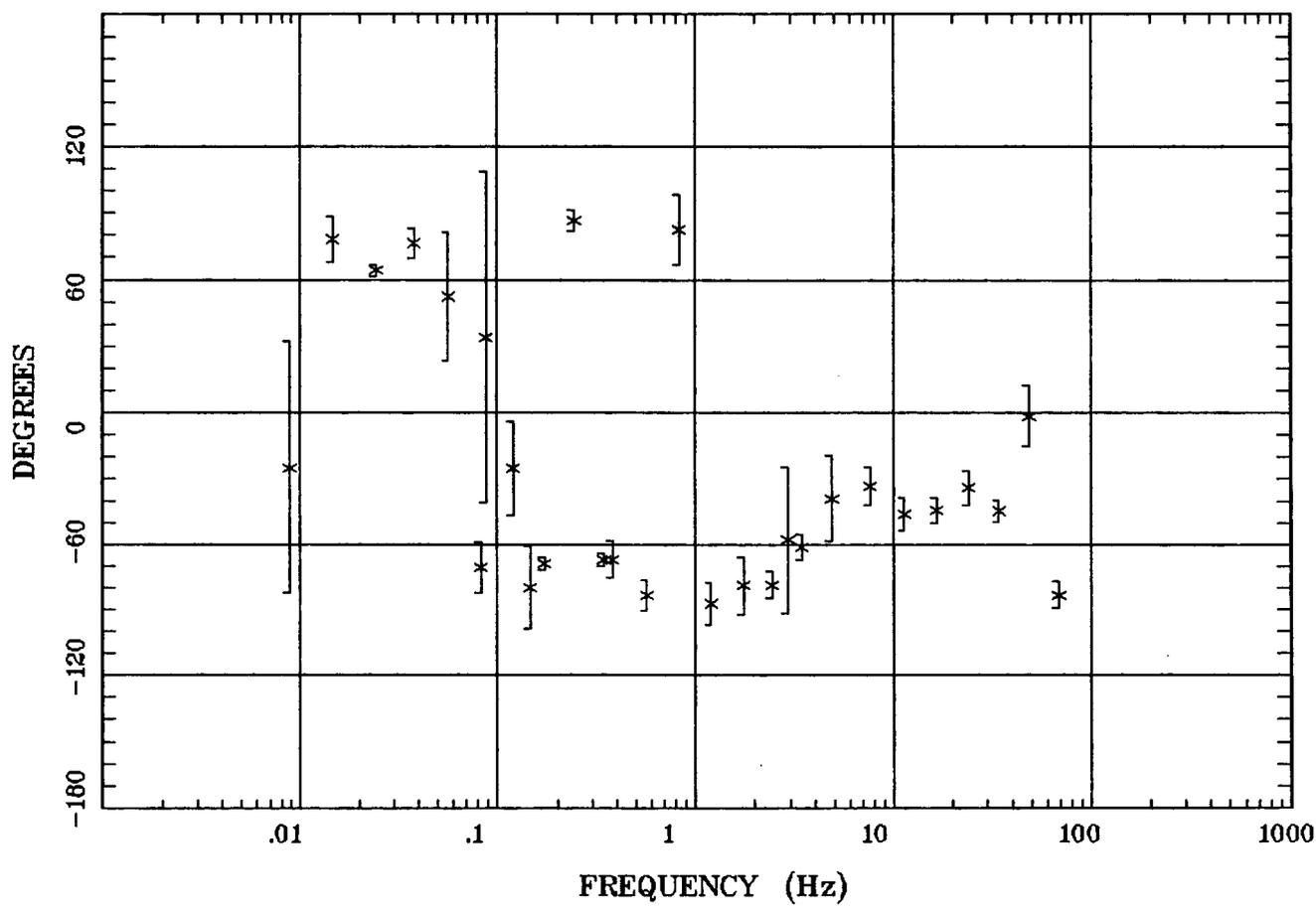


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21m13.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 15:52 Sep 01, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER STRIKE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



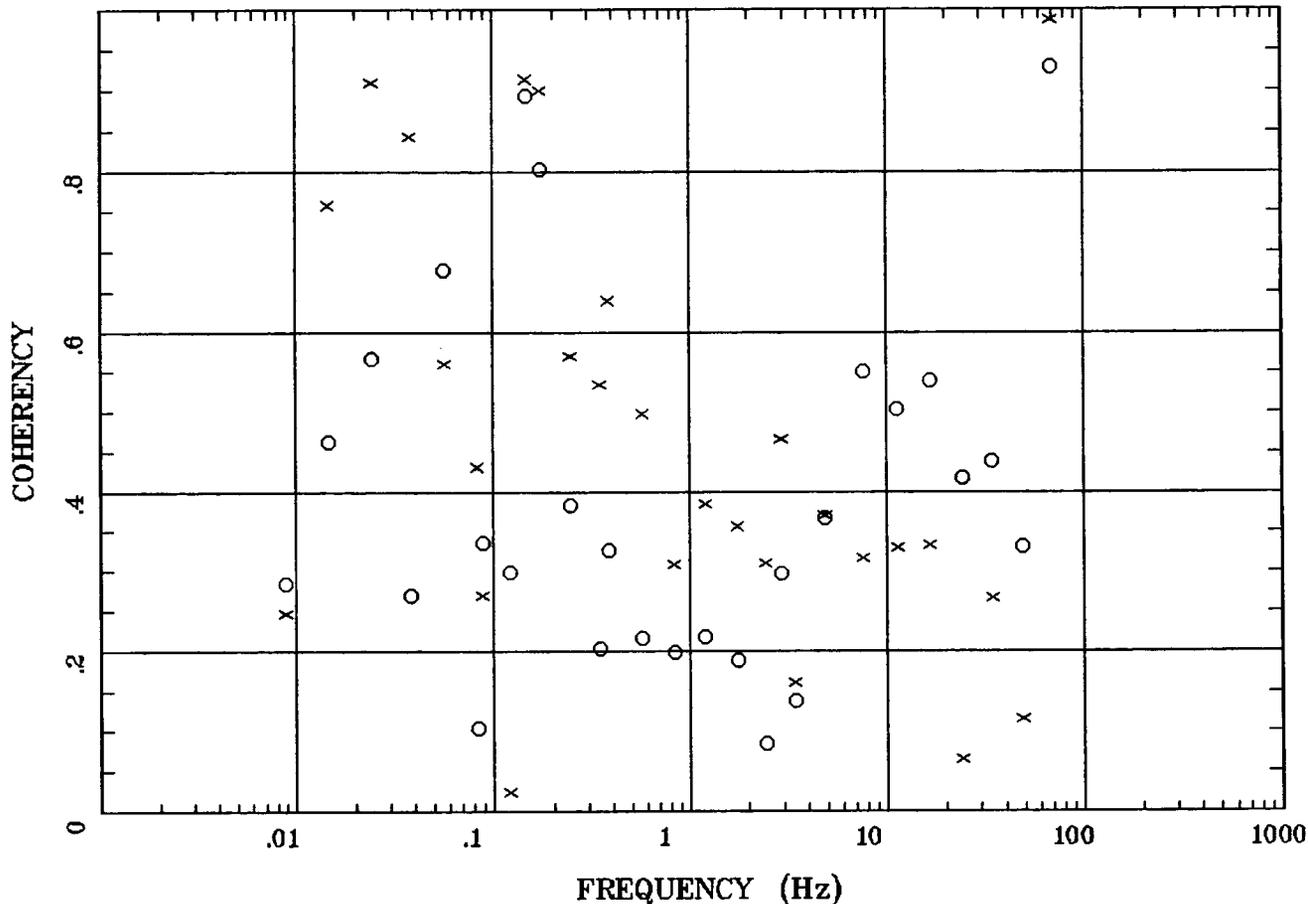
Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr21m13.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 15:52 Sep 01, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

71

HzHx.x Coh HzHy.o

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



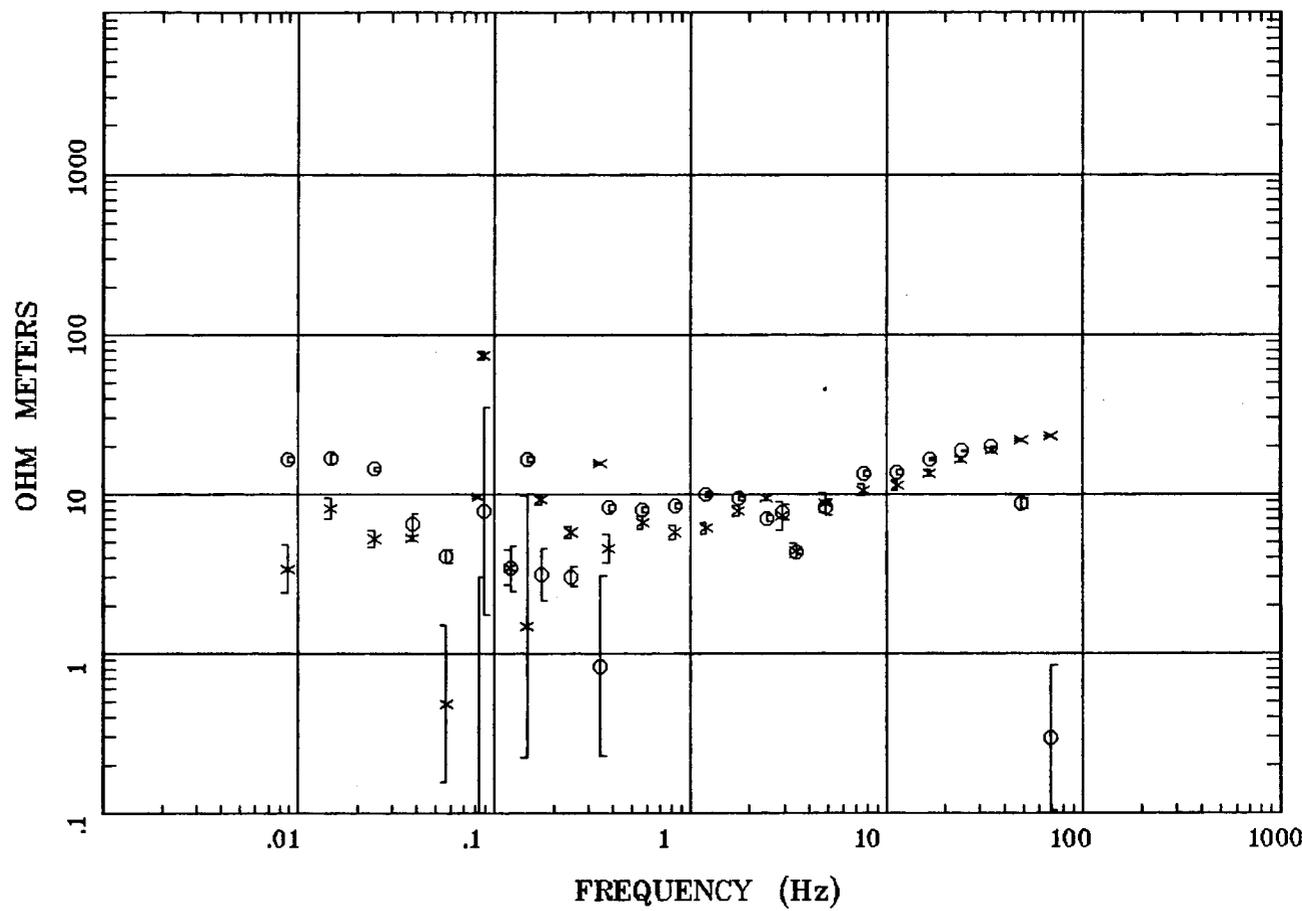
72

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 10:1 Jul 18, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr21m13.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 15:52 Sep 01, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



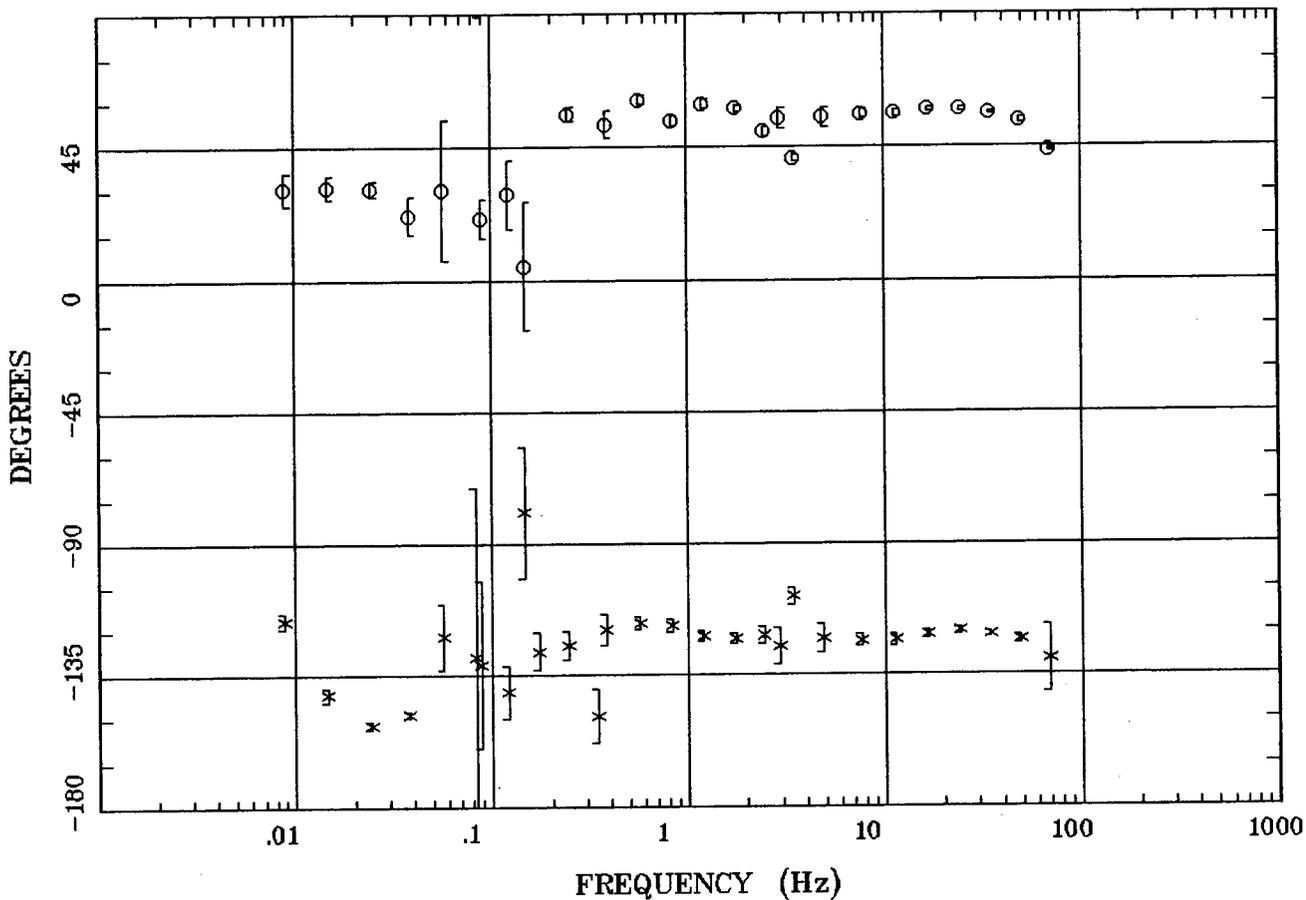
73

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr22m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 08:08 Aug 09, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE PHASE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



74

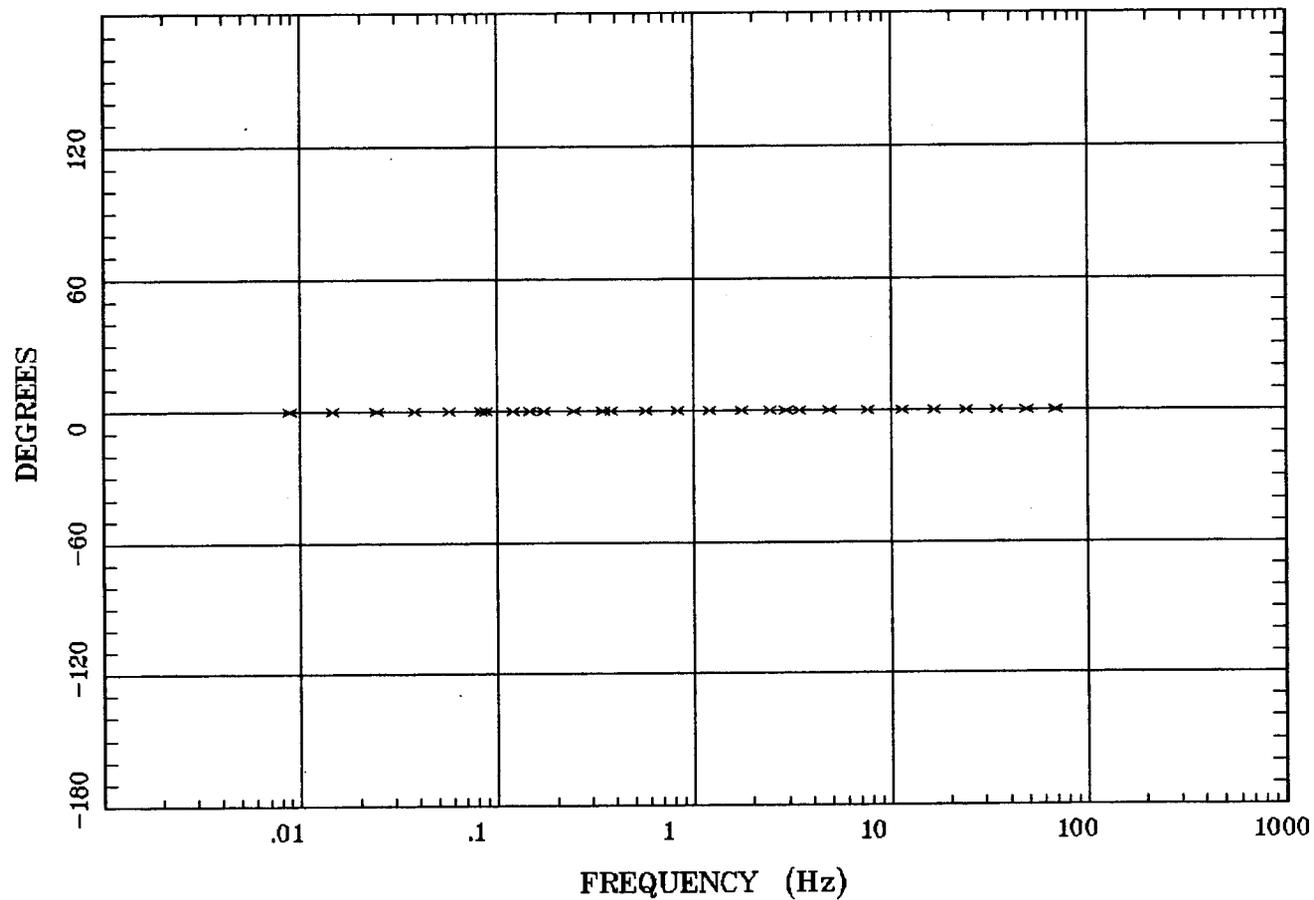
Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr22m.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 08:08 Aug 09, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

Station RR22

ROTATION ANGLE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



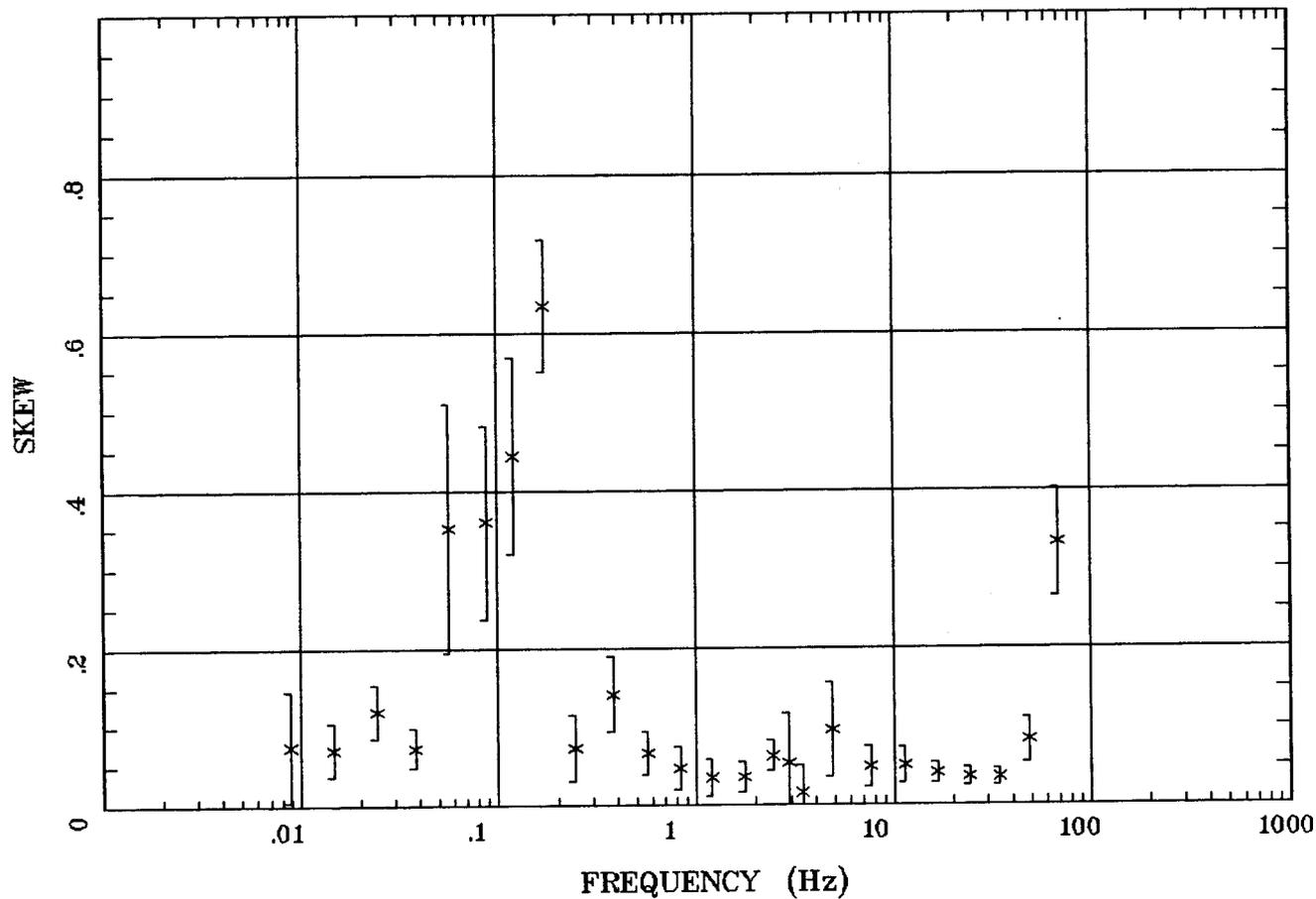
75

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr22m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 08:08 Aug 09, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE SKEW

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

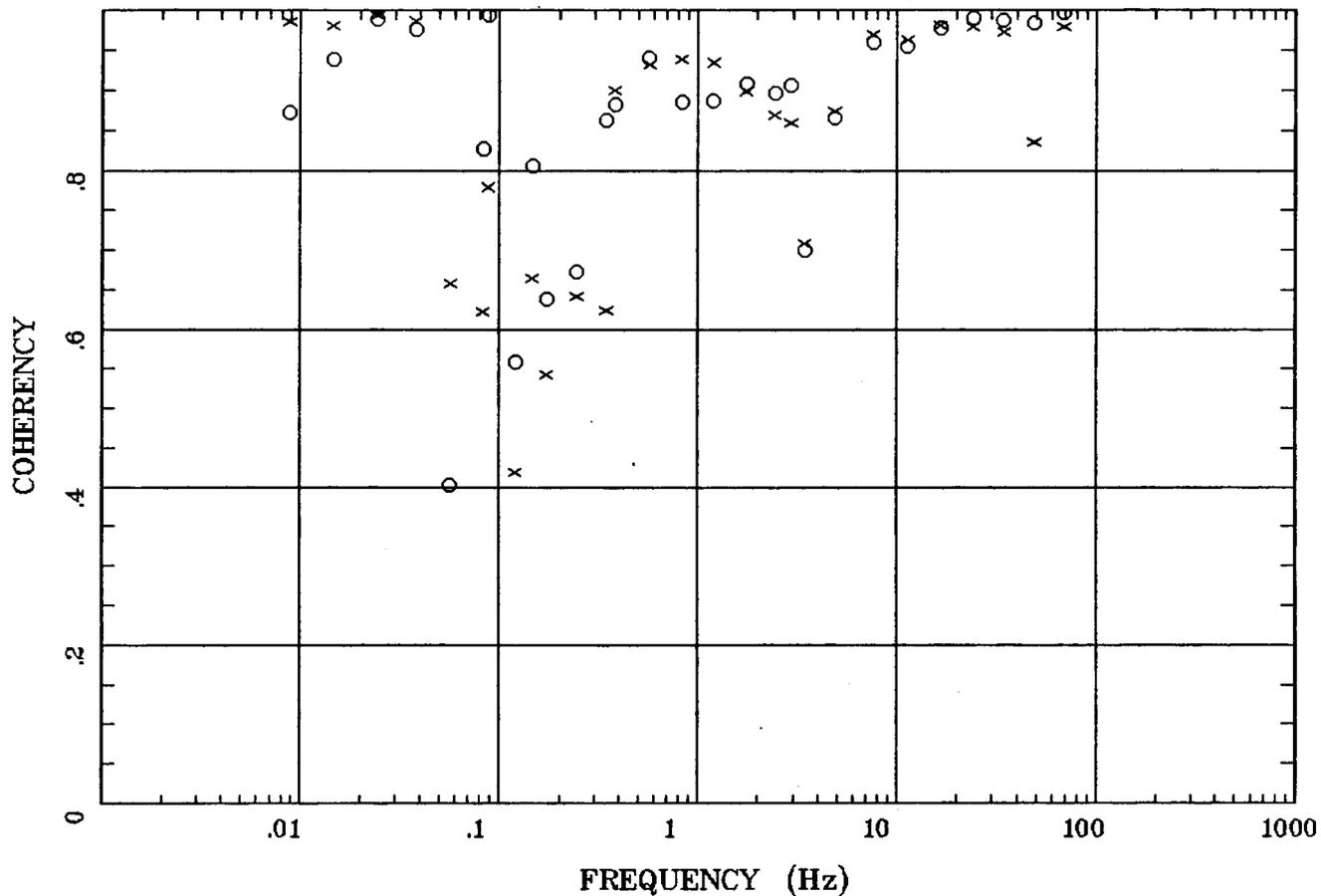


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr22m.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 08:08 Aug 09, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

E MULT Coh.

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

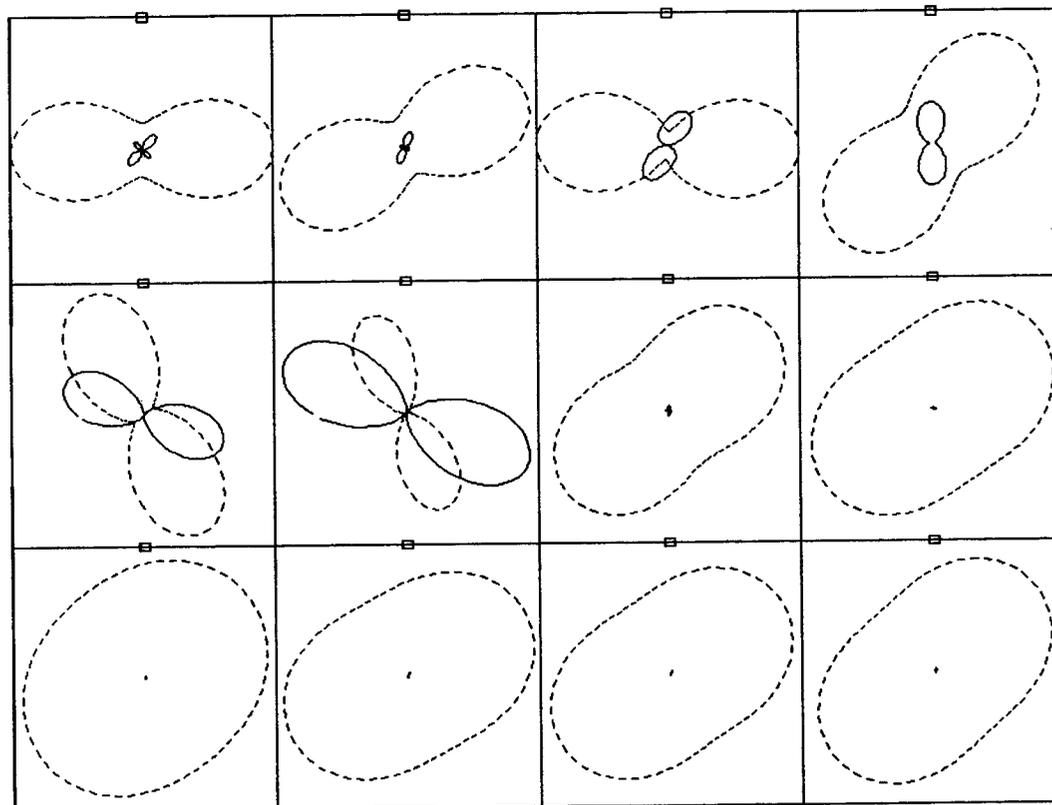


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr22m.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 08:08 Aug 09, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



.0088 Hz

.0244 Hz

.0566 Hz

.120 Hz

.172 Hz

.345 Hz

.566 Hz

1.758 Hz

2.930 Hz

7.617 Hz

16.602 Hz

34.375 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:

Filename: rr22m.avg

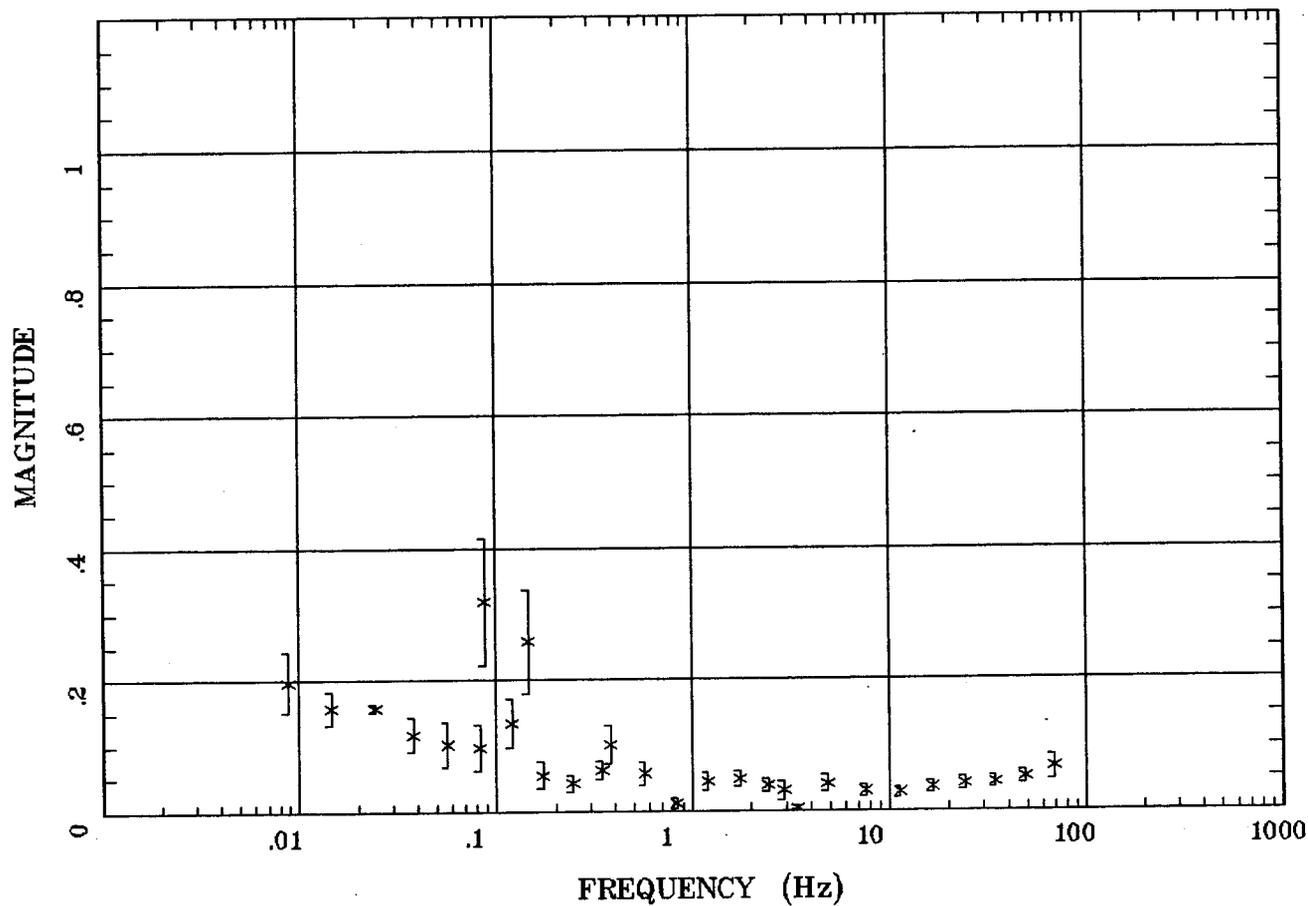
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4

Plotted: 08:09 Aug 09, 2004

< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER MAGNITUDE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

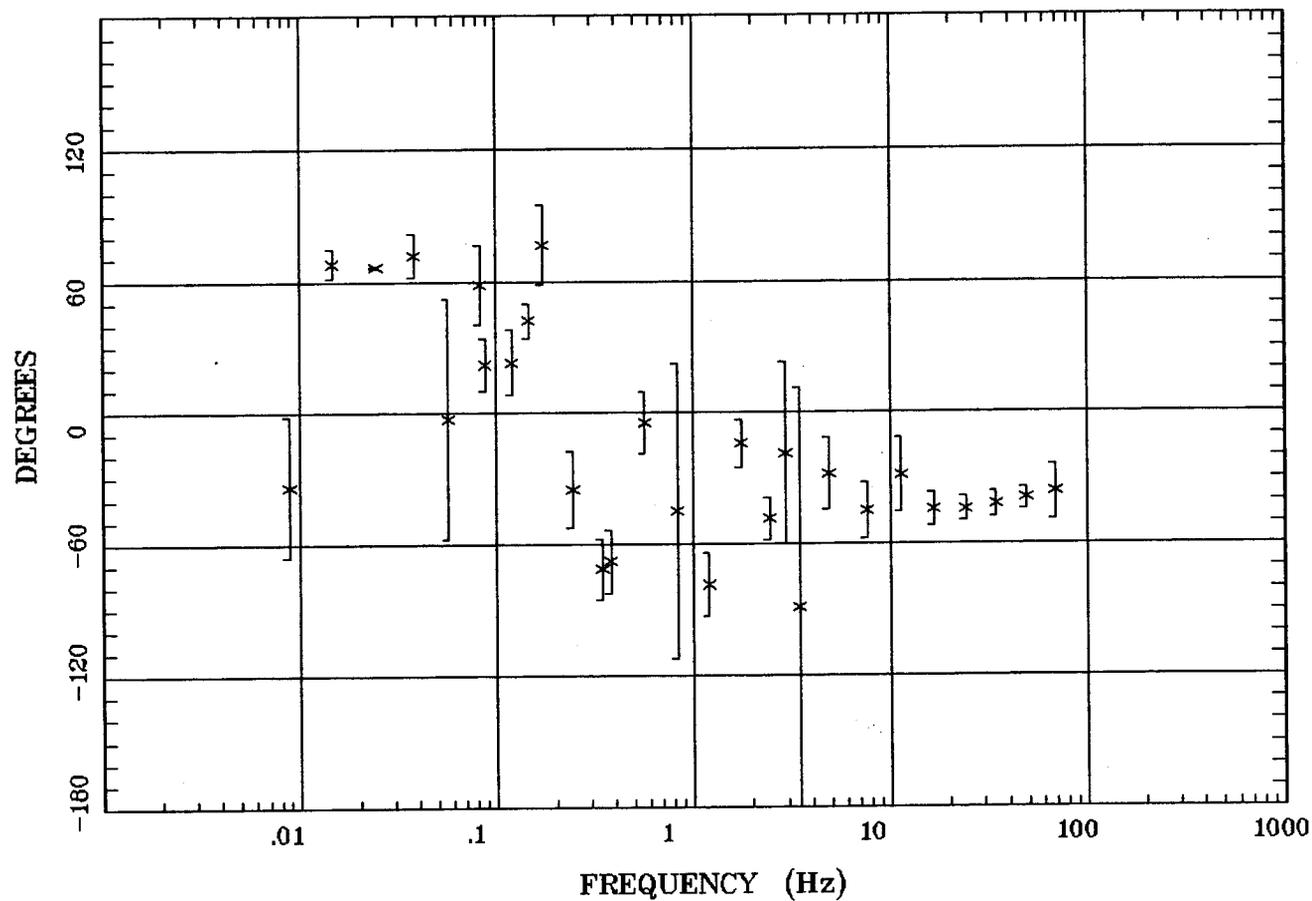


Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr22m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 08:09 Aug 09, 2004
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

TIPPER STRIKE

Albuquerque NM 1:100K

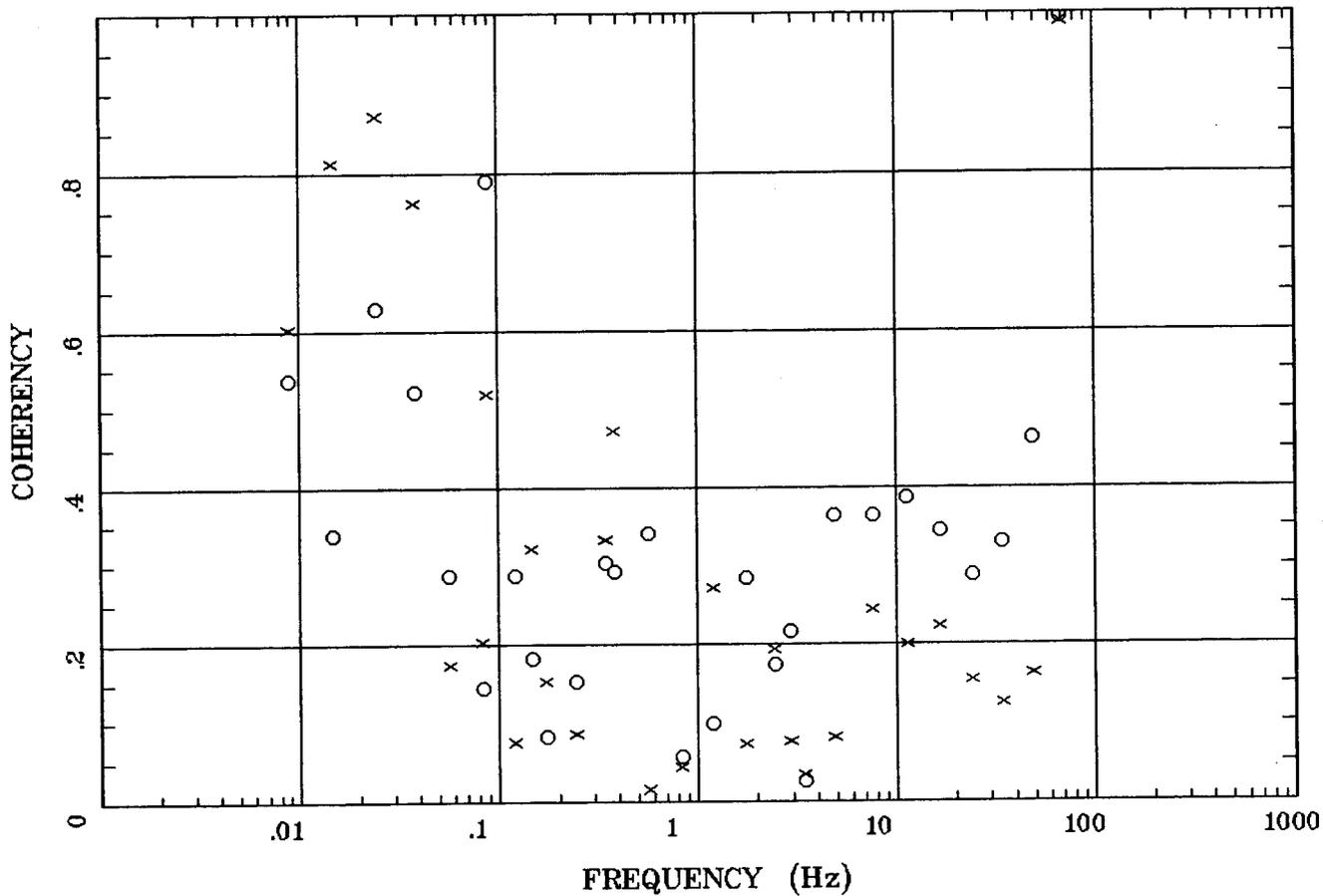


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr22m.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 08:09 Aug 09, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

HzHx.x Coh HzHy.o

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



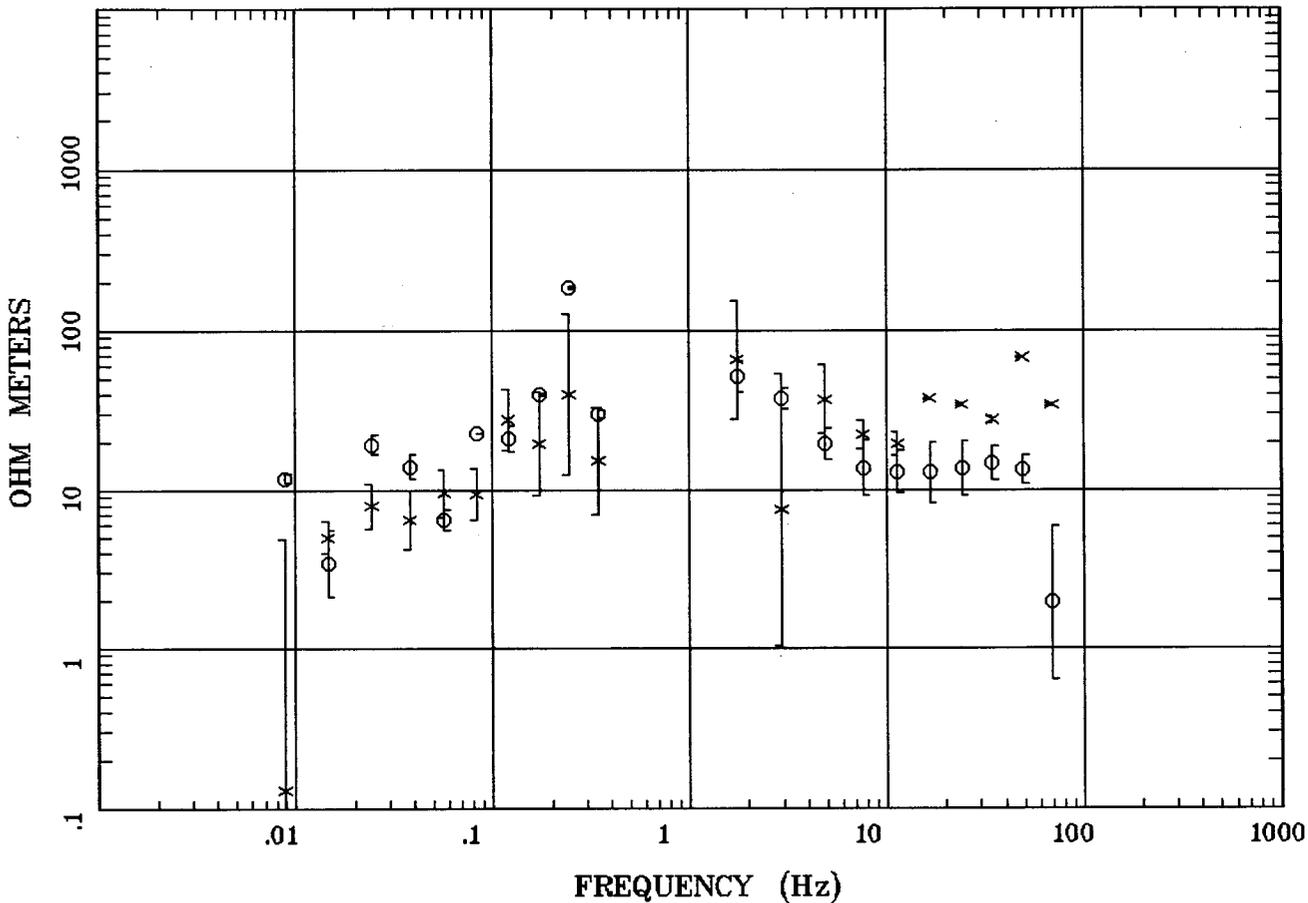
18

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 10:4 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr22m.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 08:09 Aug 09, 2004
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

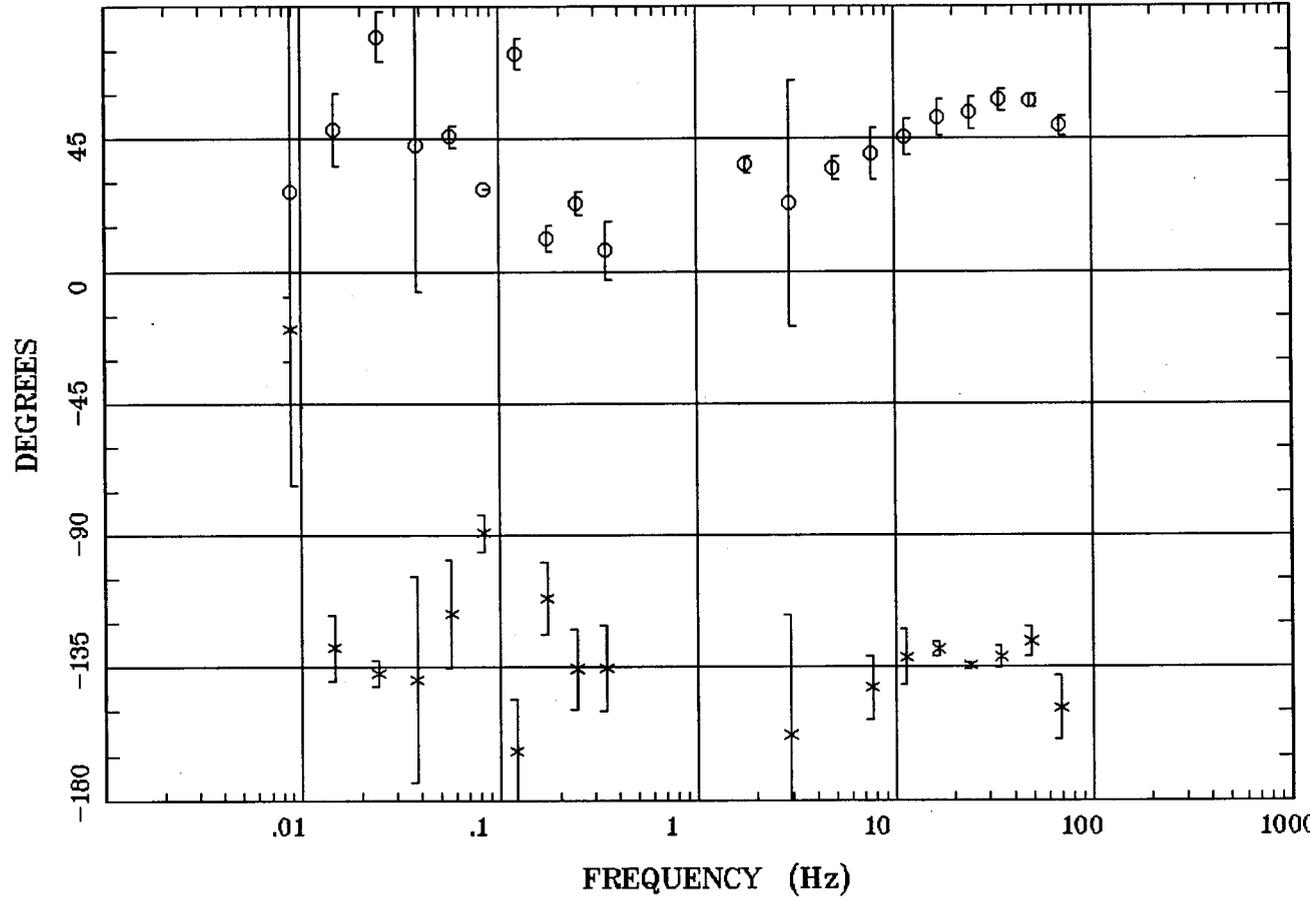
APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Station RR23
Albuquerque NM 1:100K



Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:2 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr23m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:44 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

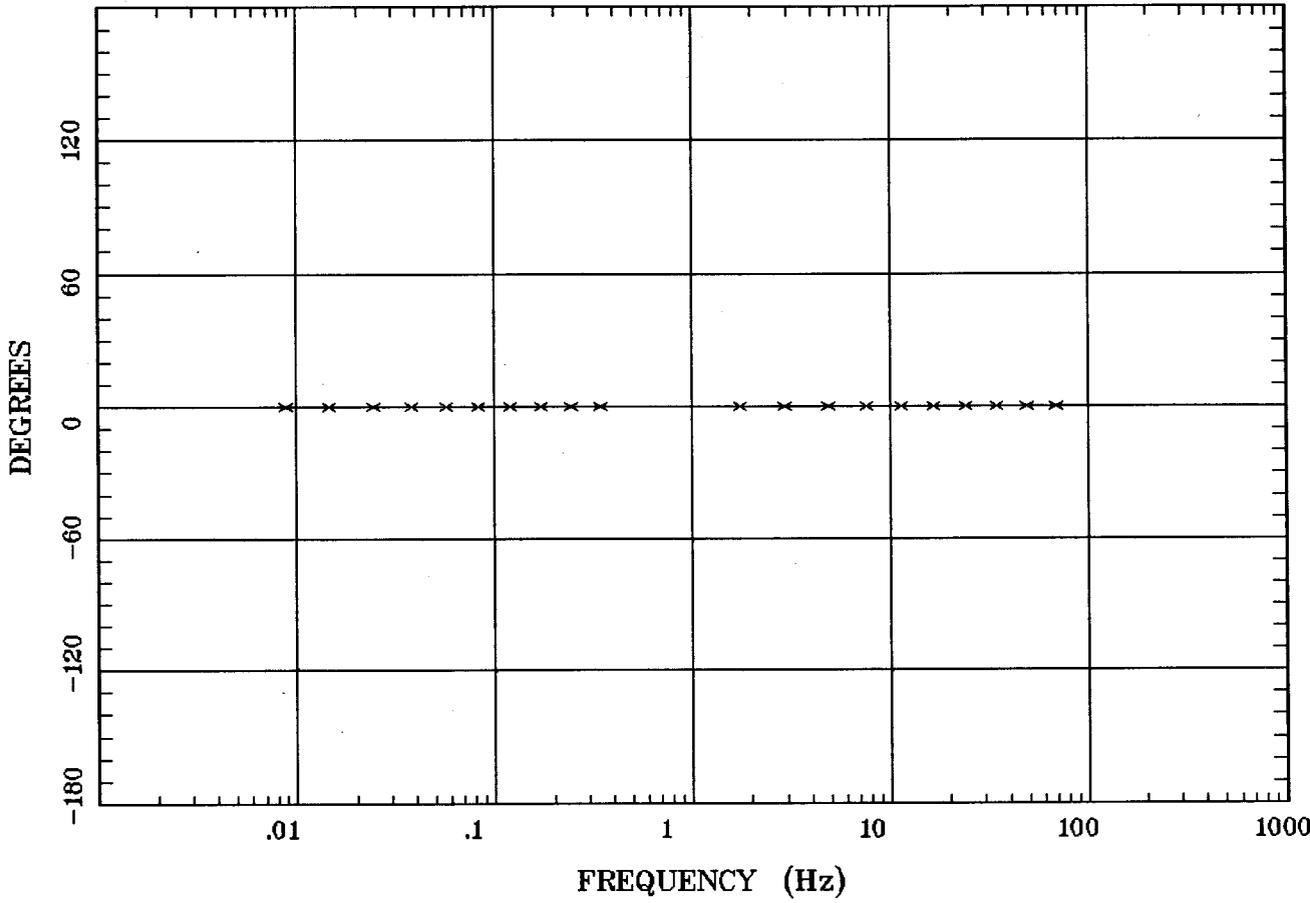


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 11:2 Jul 19, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr23m.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:44 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

ROTATION ANGLE

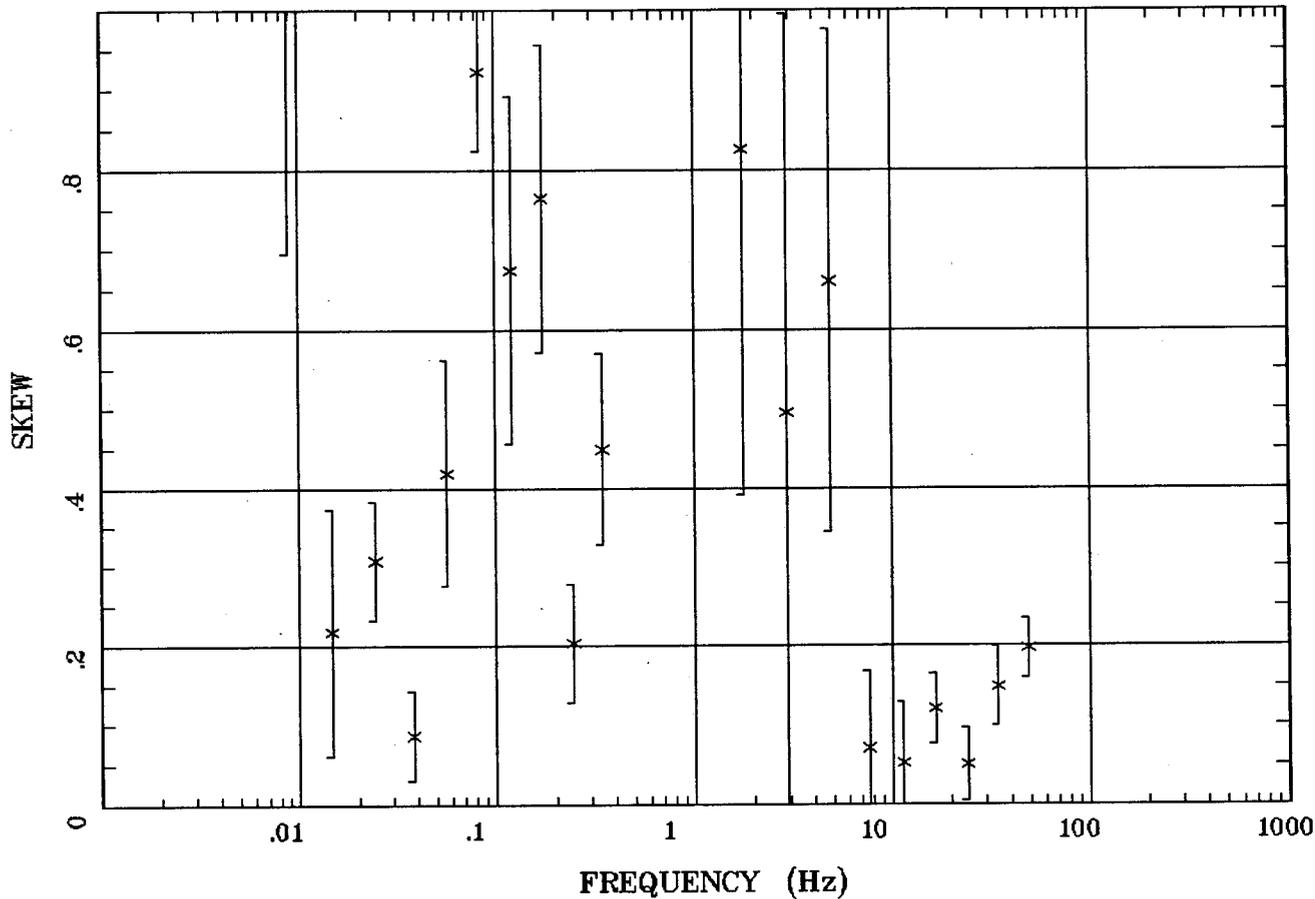
Albuquerque NM 1:100K



84

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:2 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

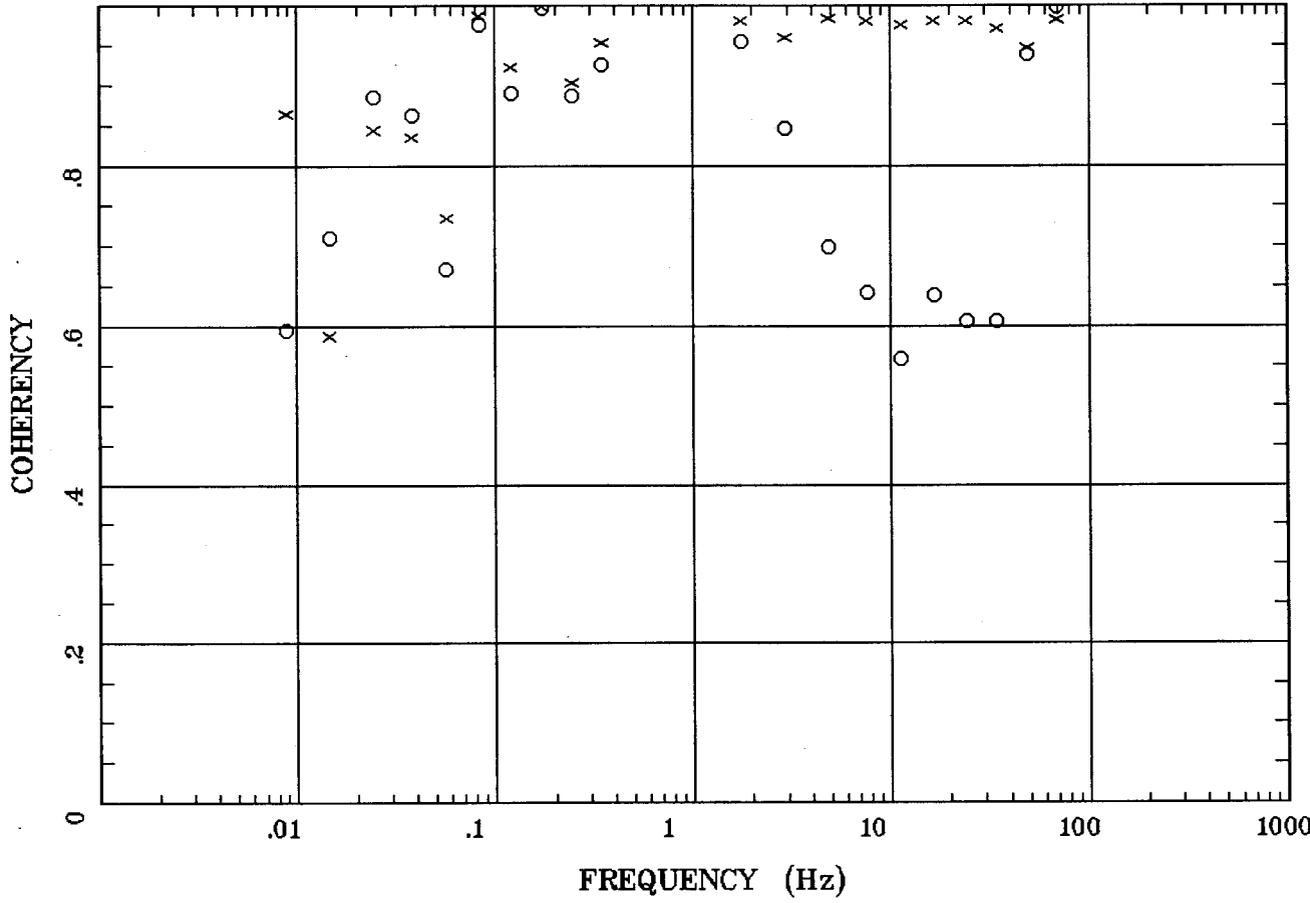
Rotation:
Filename: rr23m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:44 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



58

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:2 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr23m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:44 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



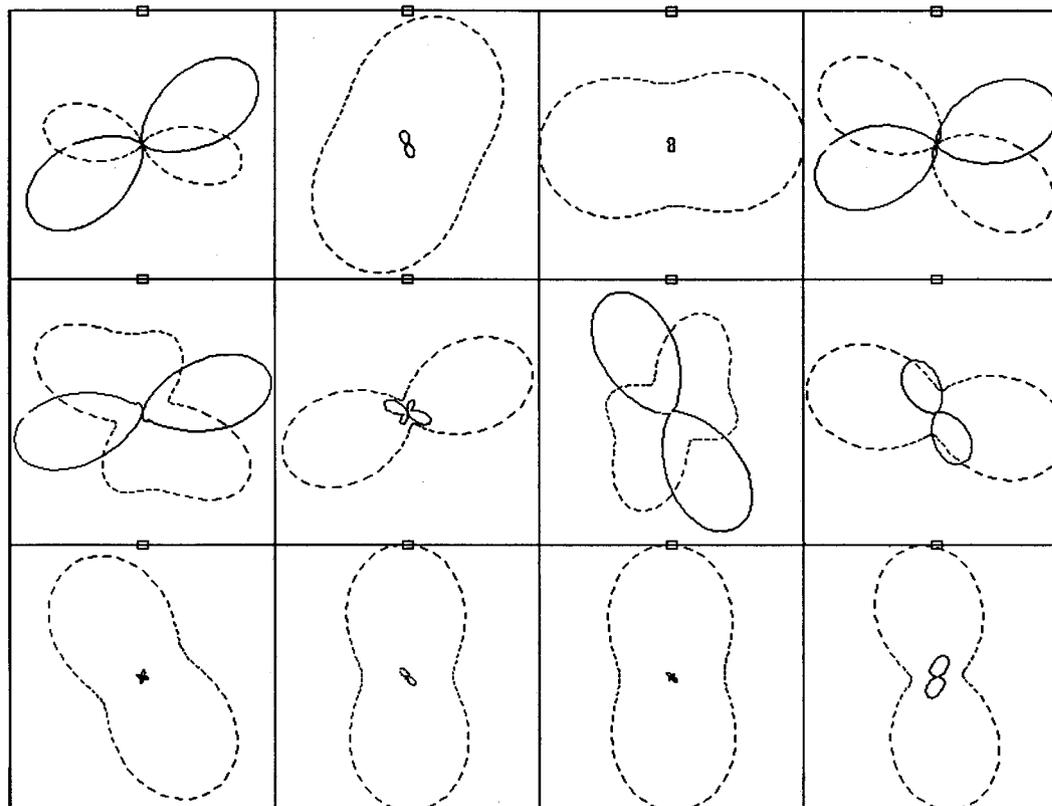
98

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:2 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr23m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:44 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque NM 1:100K



.0088 Hz

.0146 Hz

.0381 Hz

.0830 Hz

.120 Hz

.244 Hz

1.758 Hz

2.930 Hz

7.617 Hz

16.602 Hz

24.023 Hz

48.828 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin

Remote: none

Acquired: 11:2 Jul 19, 2004

Survey Co:USGS

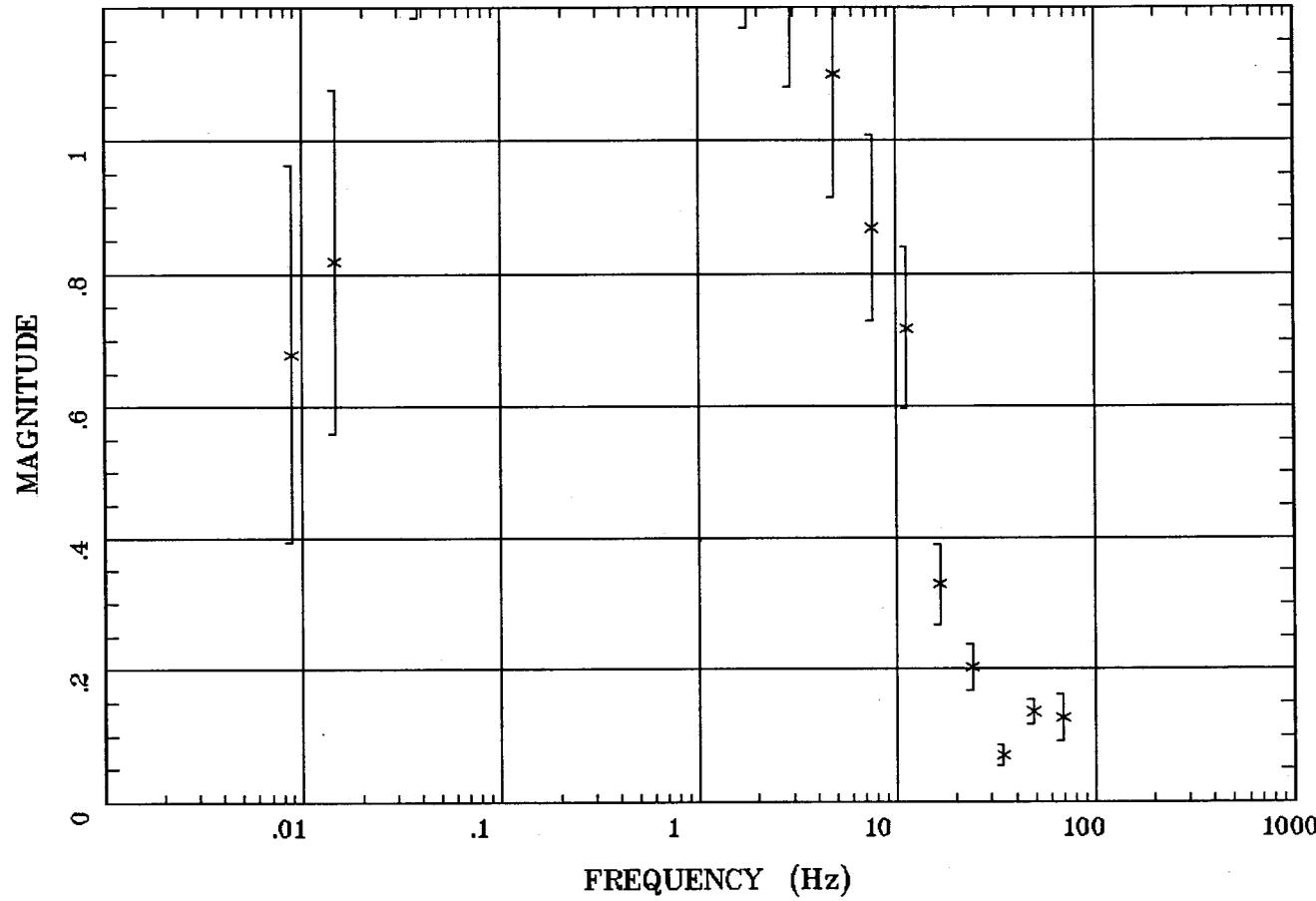
Rotation:

Filename: rr23m.avg

Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4

Plotted: 11:44 Jan 12, 2006

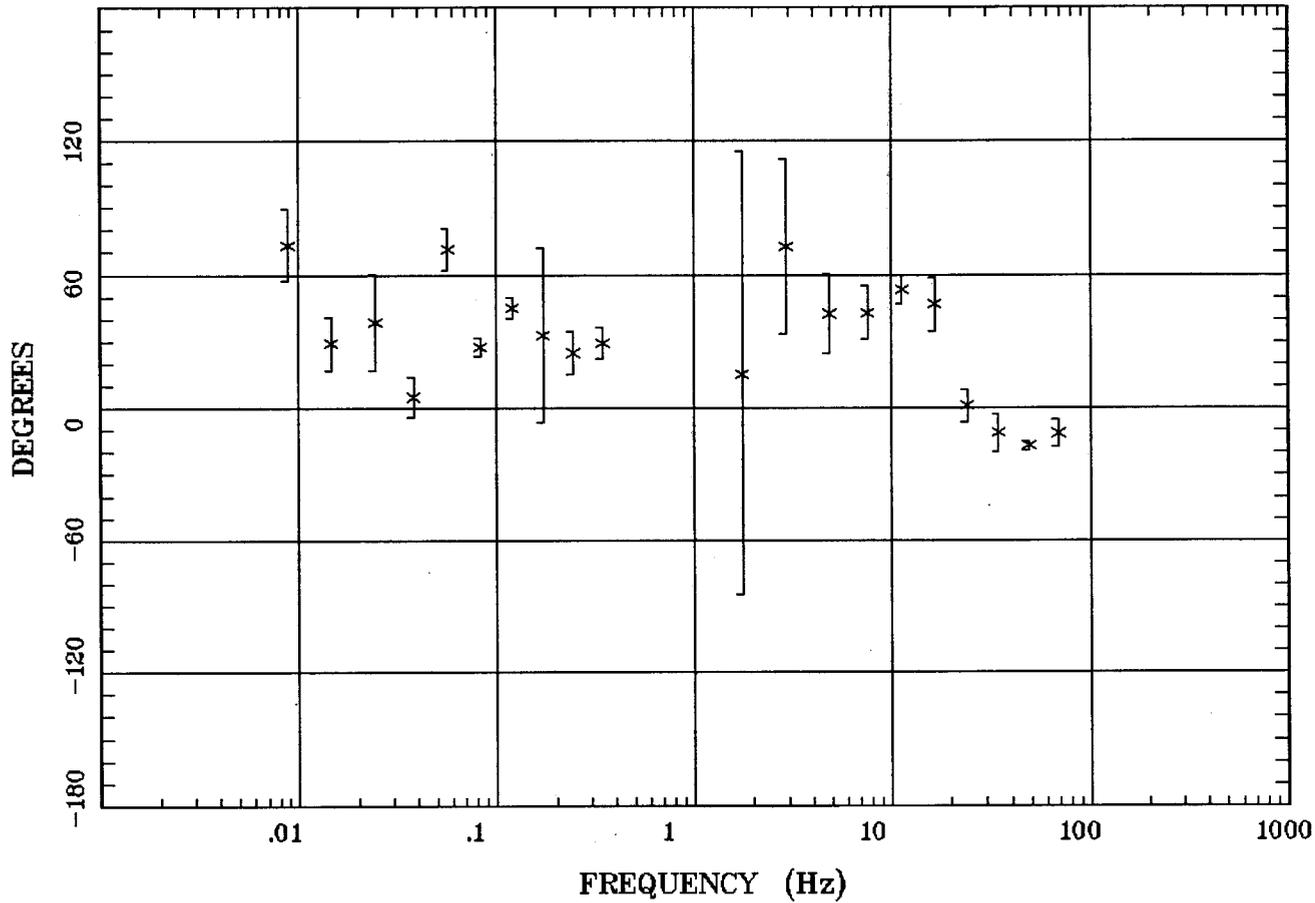
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



88

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:2 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

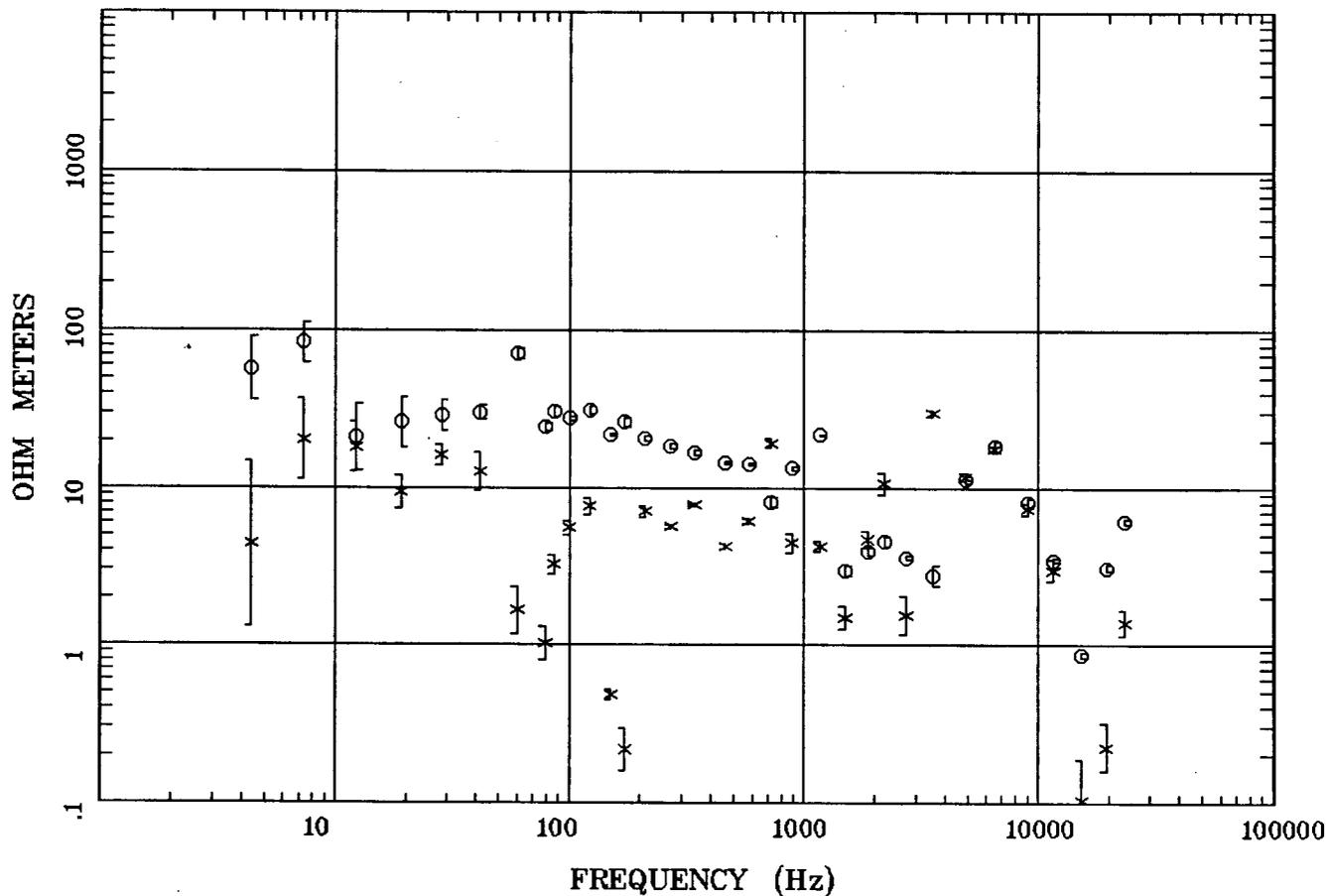
Rotation:
Filename: rr23m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:44 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



68

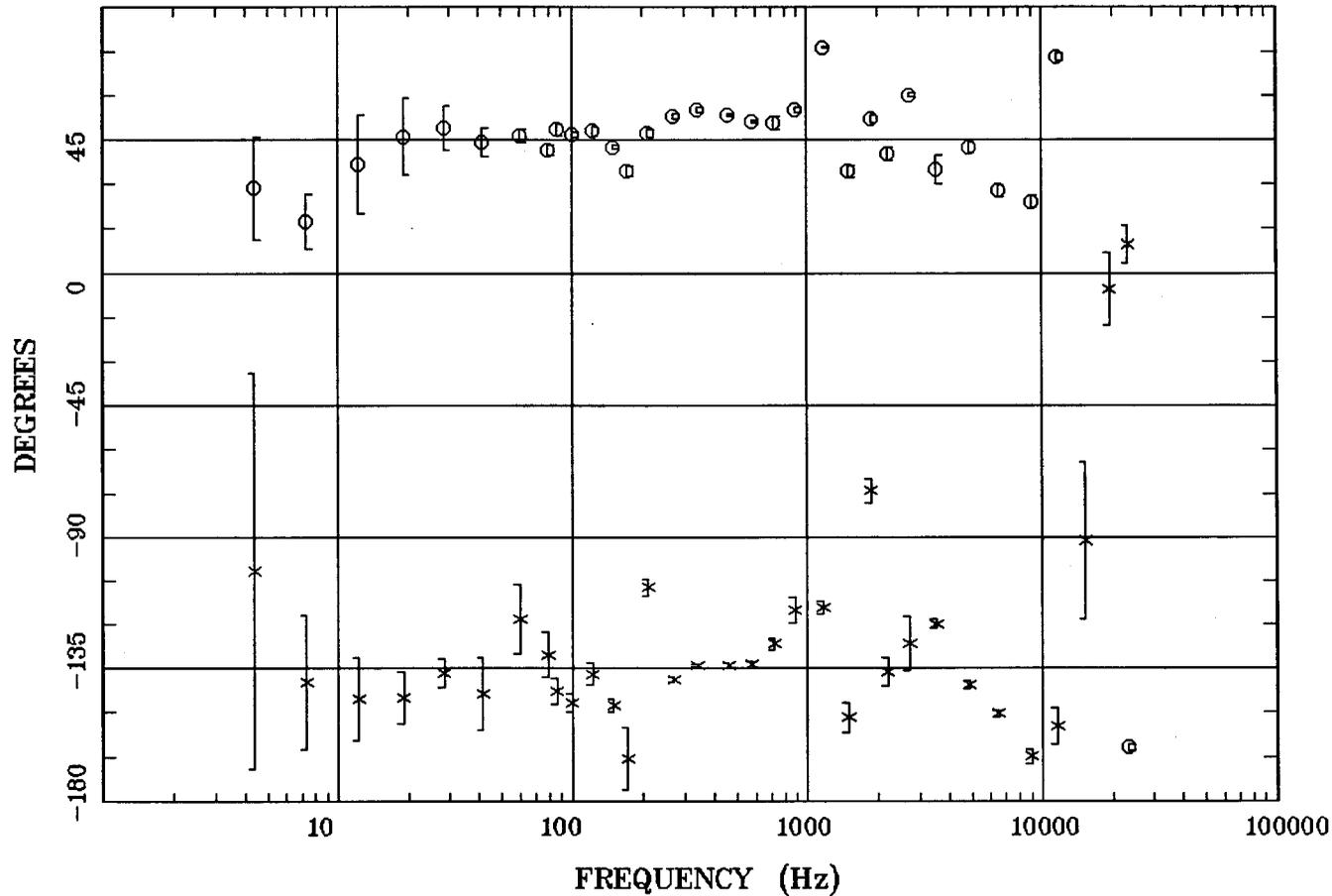
Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 11:2 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr23m.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:44 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



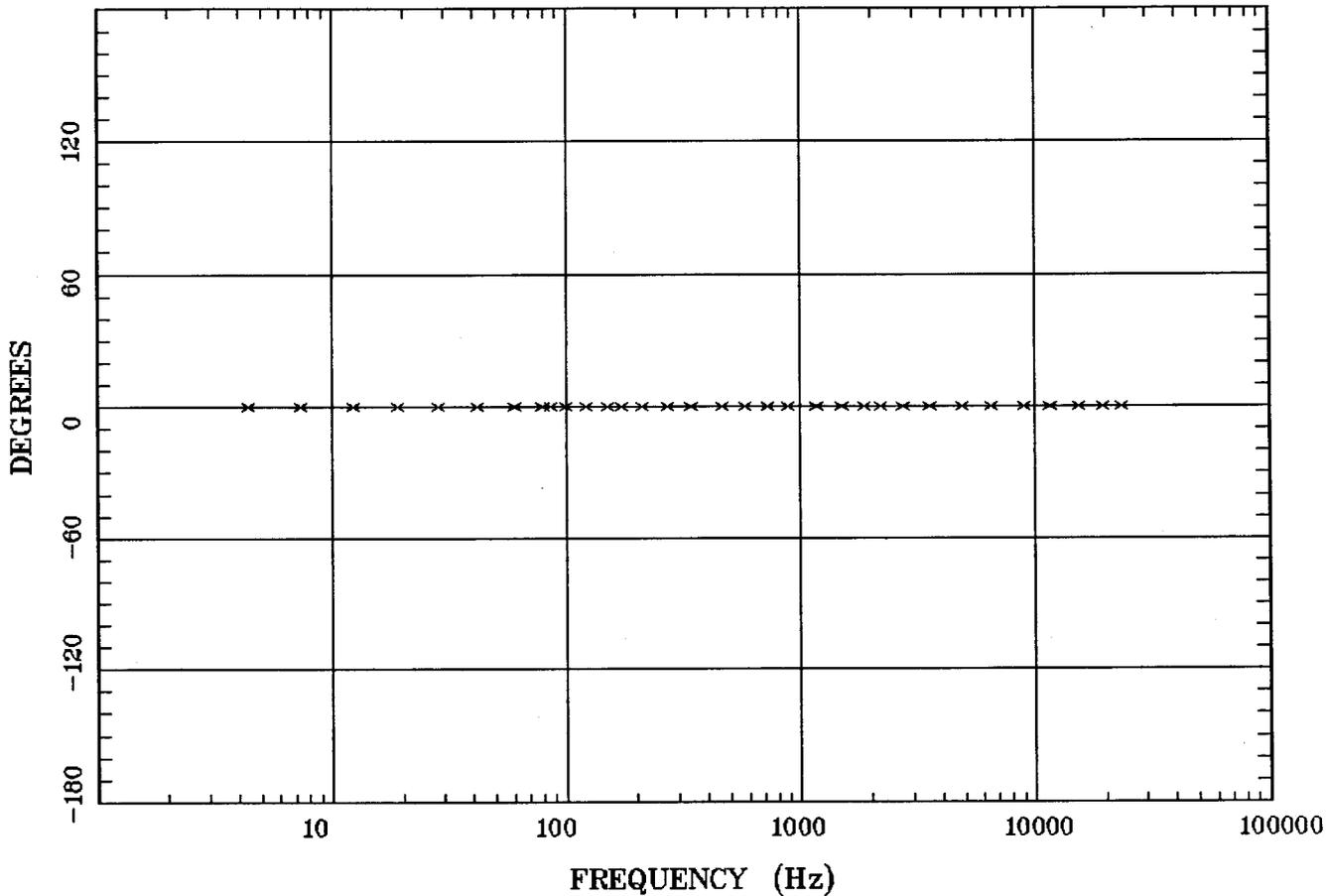
Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr20a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 09:46 Jan 10, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

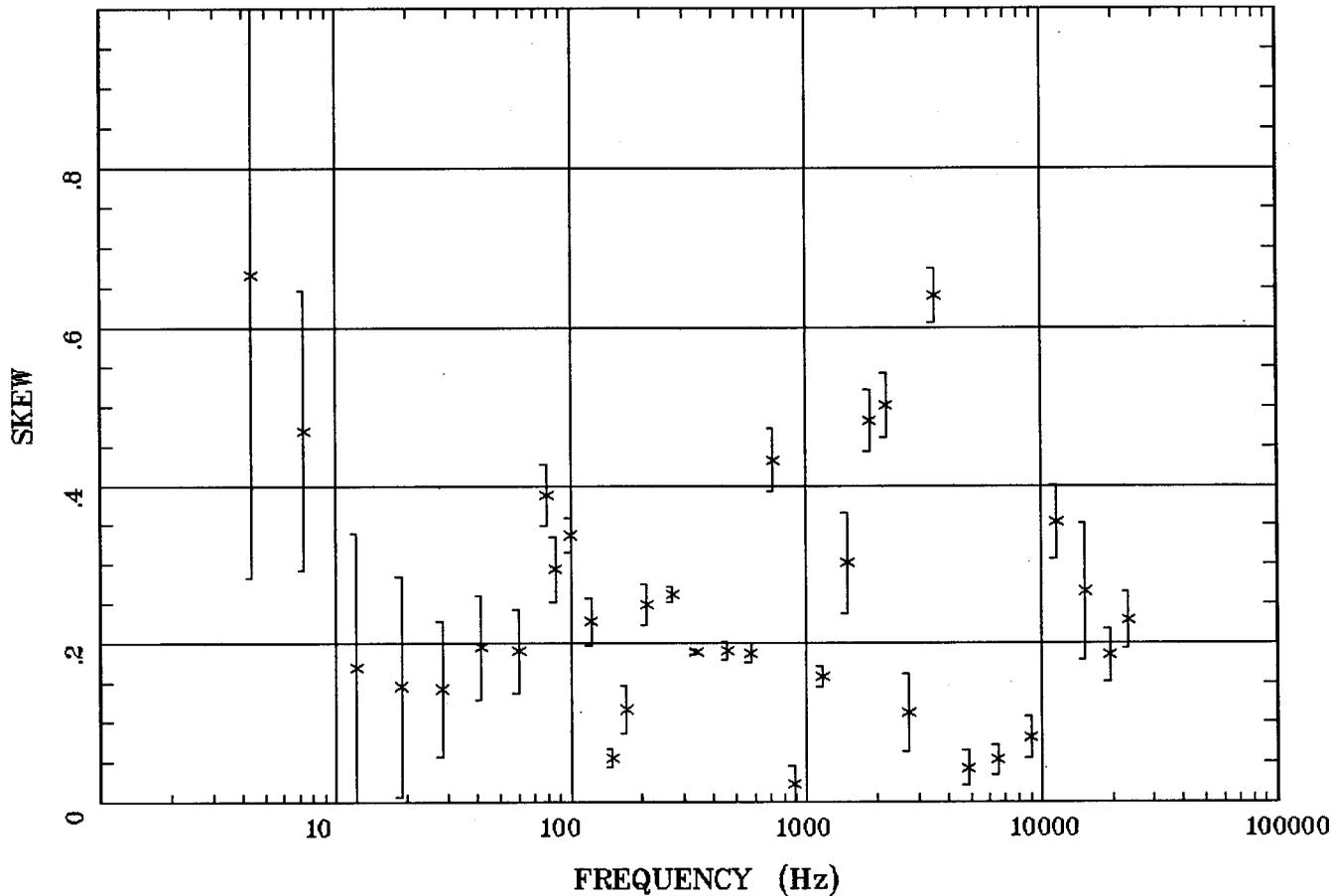
Rotation:
 Filename: rr20a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 09:46 Jan 10, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



96

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

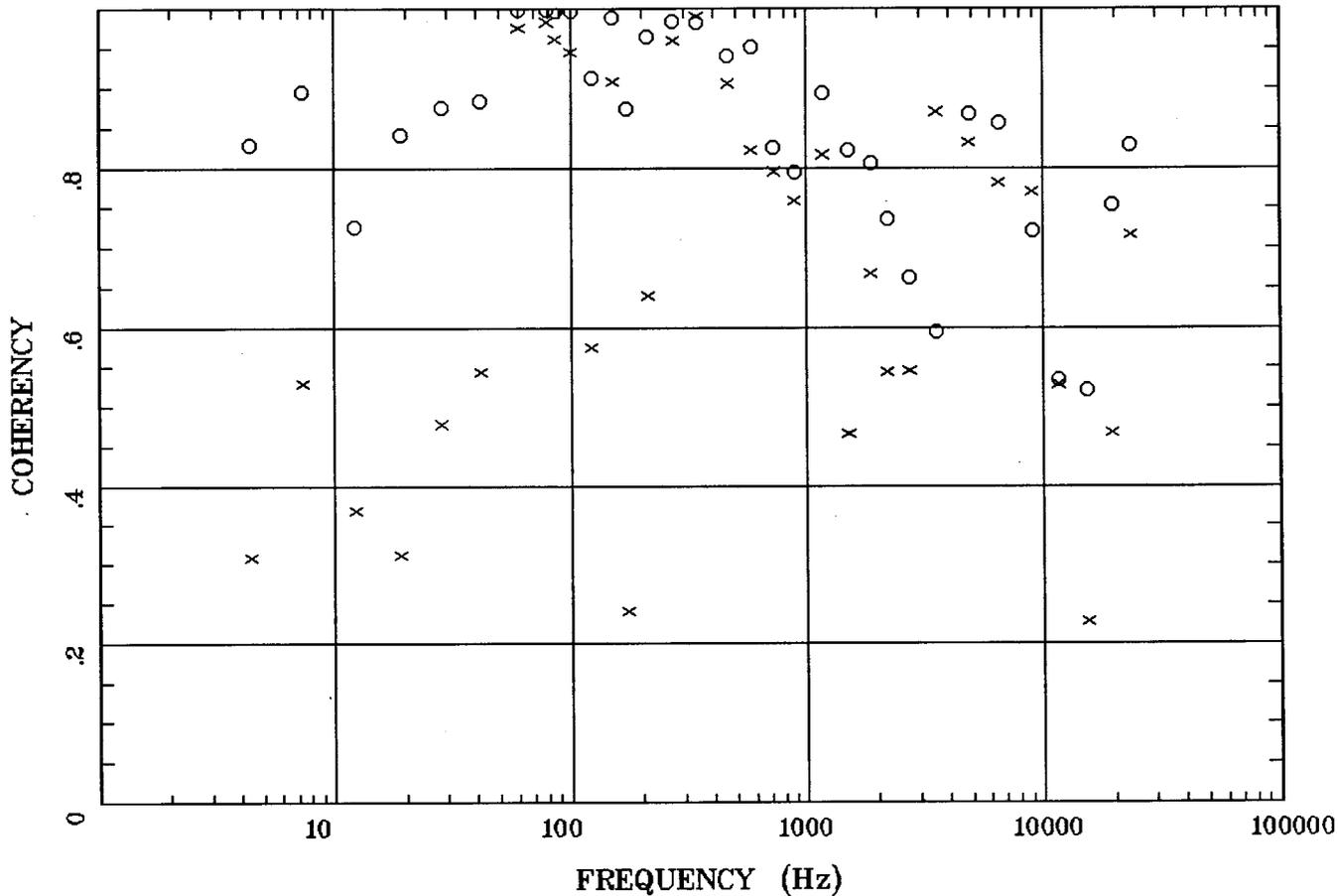
Rotation:
Filename: rr20a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:46 Jan 10, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



94

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr20a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 09:46 Jan 10, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



56

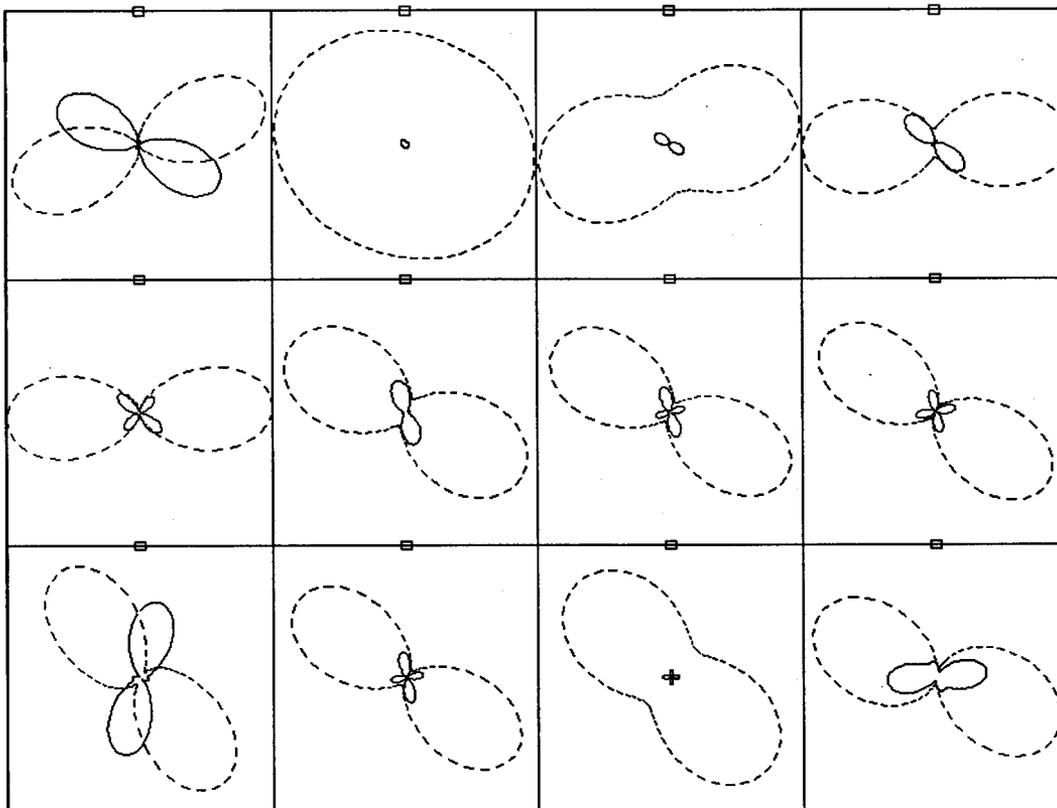
Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr20a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:46 Jan 10, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque 100K

Station RR20



4.394 Hz

12.207 Hz

41.504 Hz

85.938 Hz

150 Hz

210 Hz

460 Hz

885 Hz

1870 Hz

2730 Hz

6500 Hz

15290 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin

Remote: none

Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004

Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:

Filename: rr20a.avg

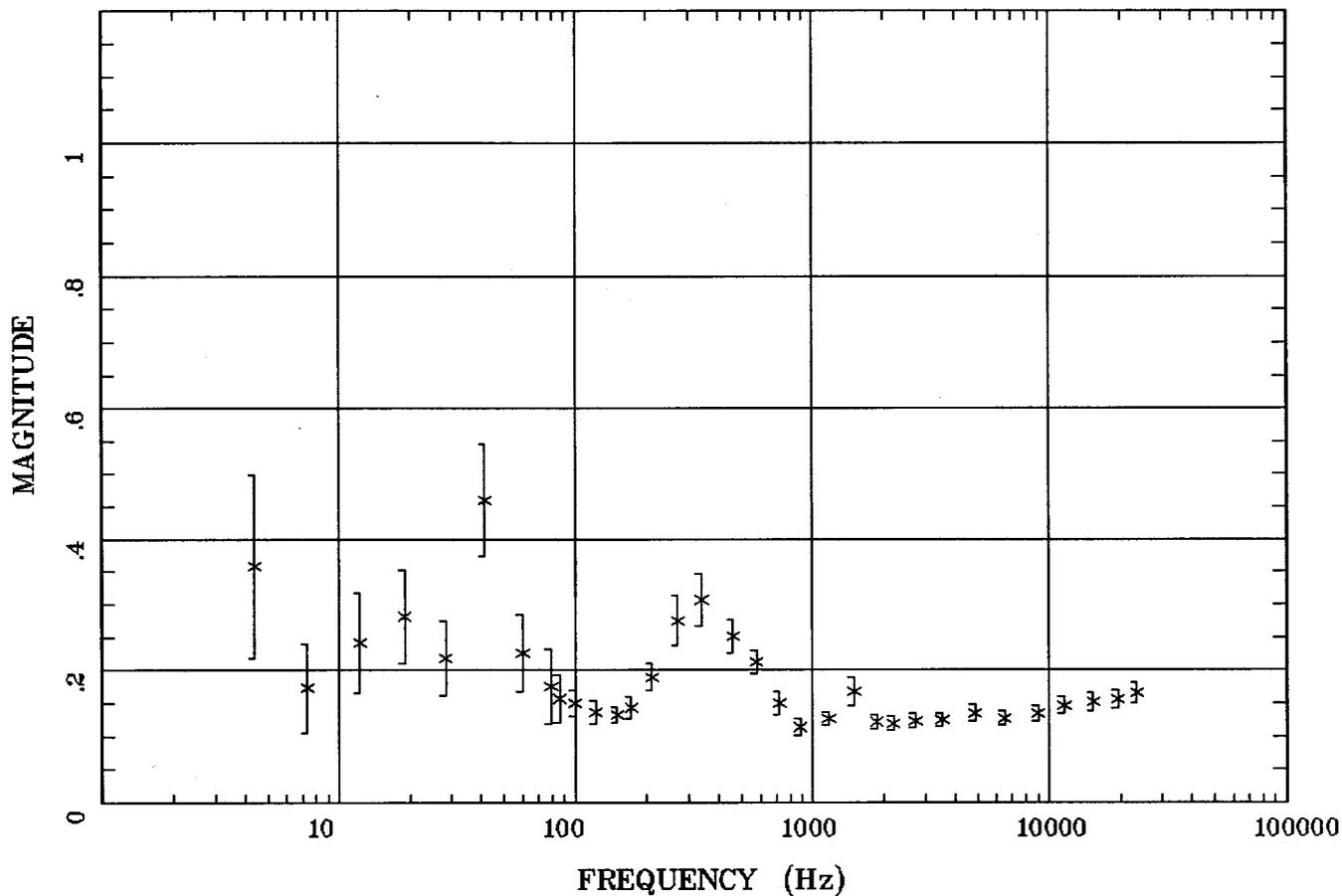
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4

Plotted: 09:46 Jan 10, 2006

< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

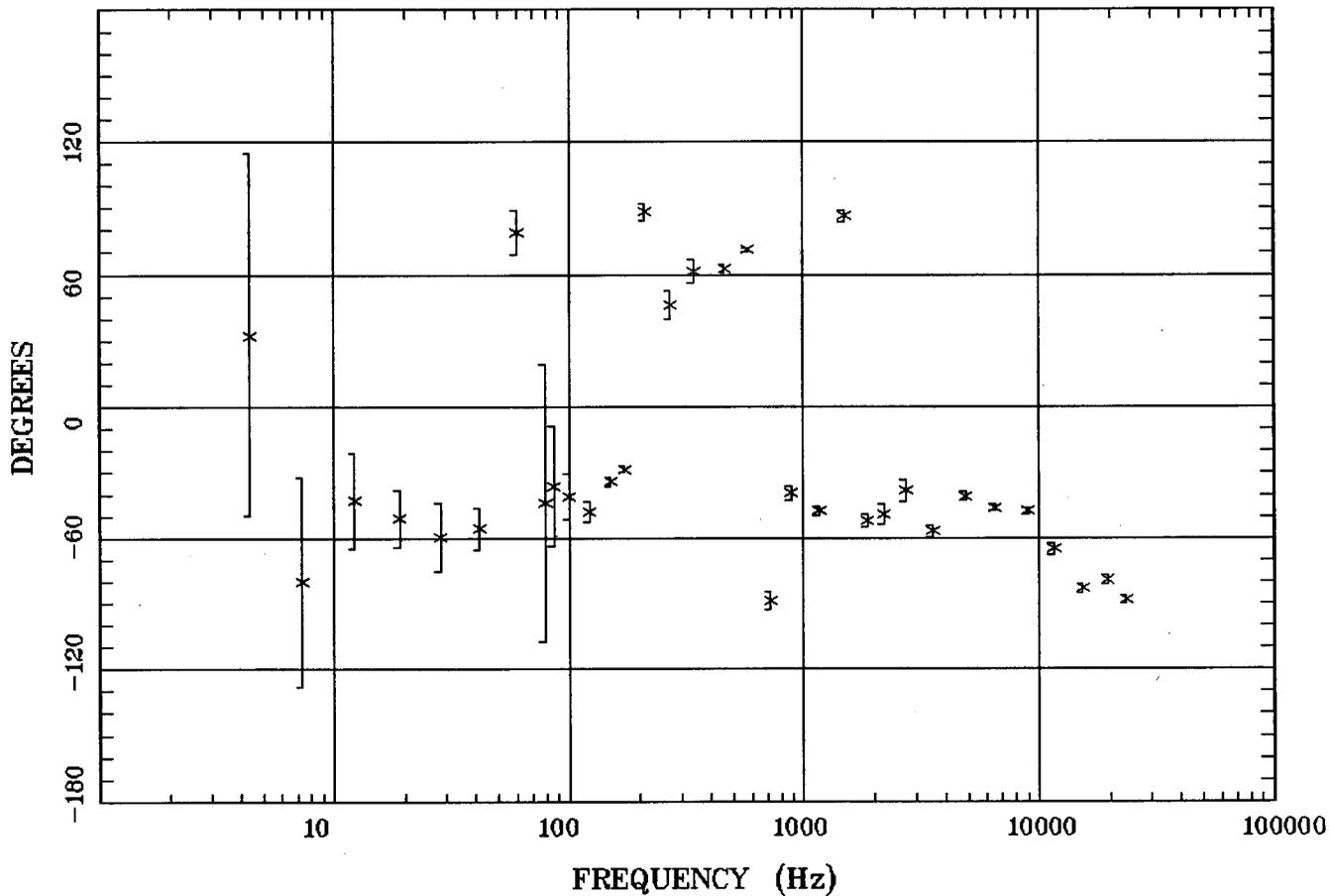
TIPPER MAGNITUDE

Albuquerque 100K



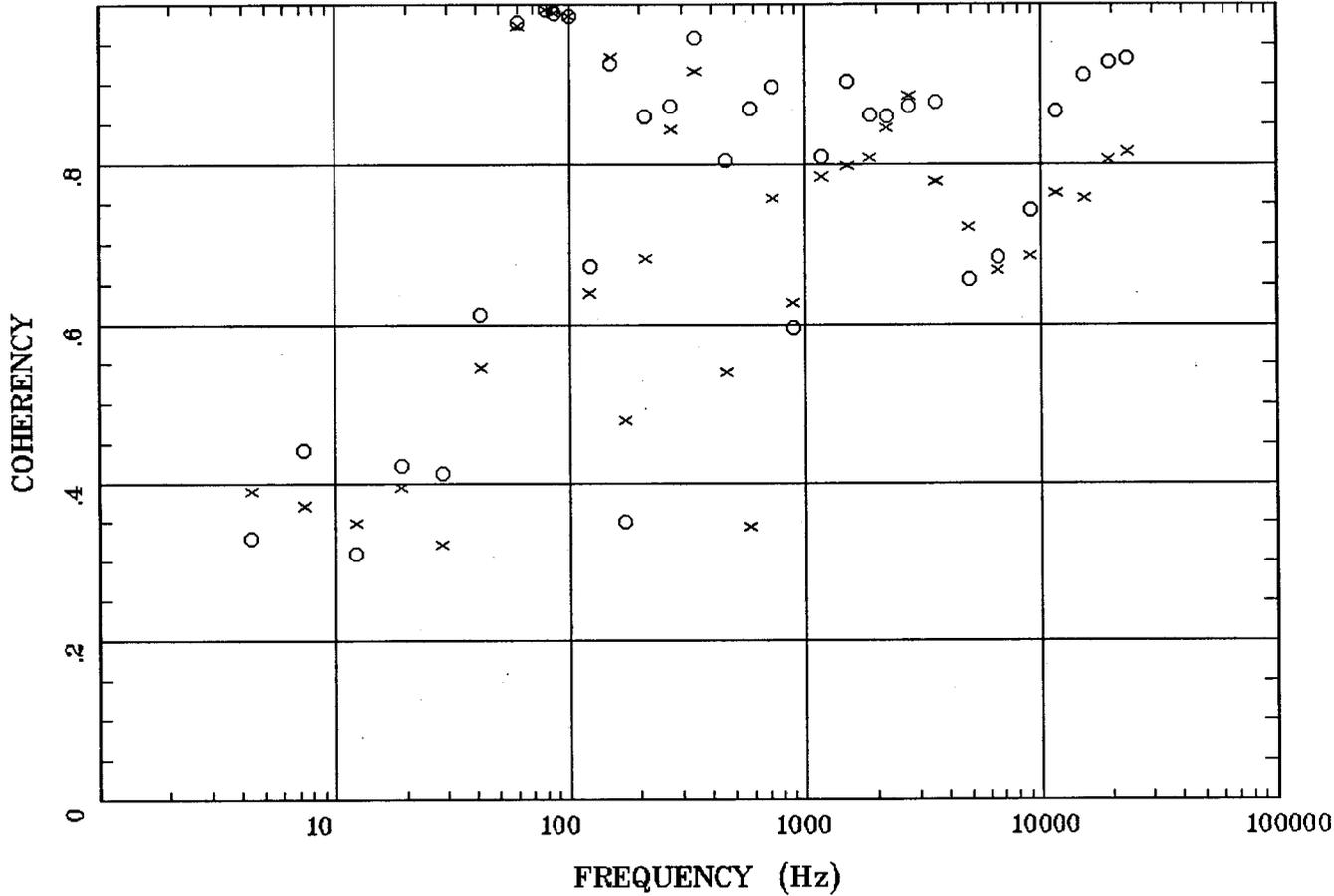
Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr20a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:46 Jan 10, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr20a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 09:47 Jan 10, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



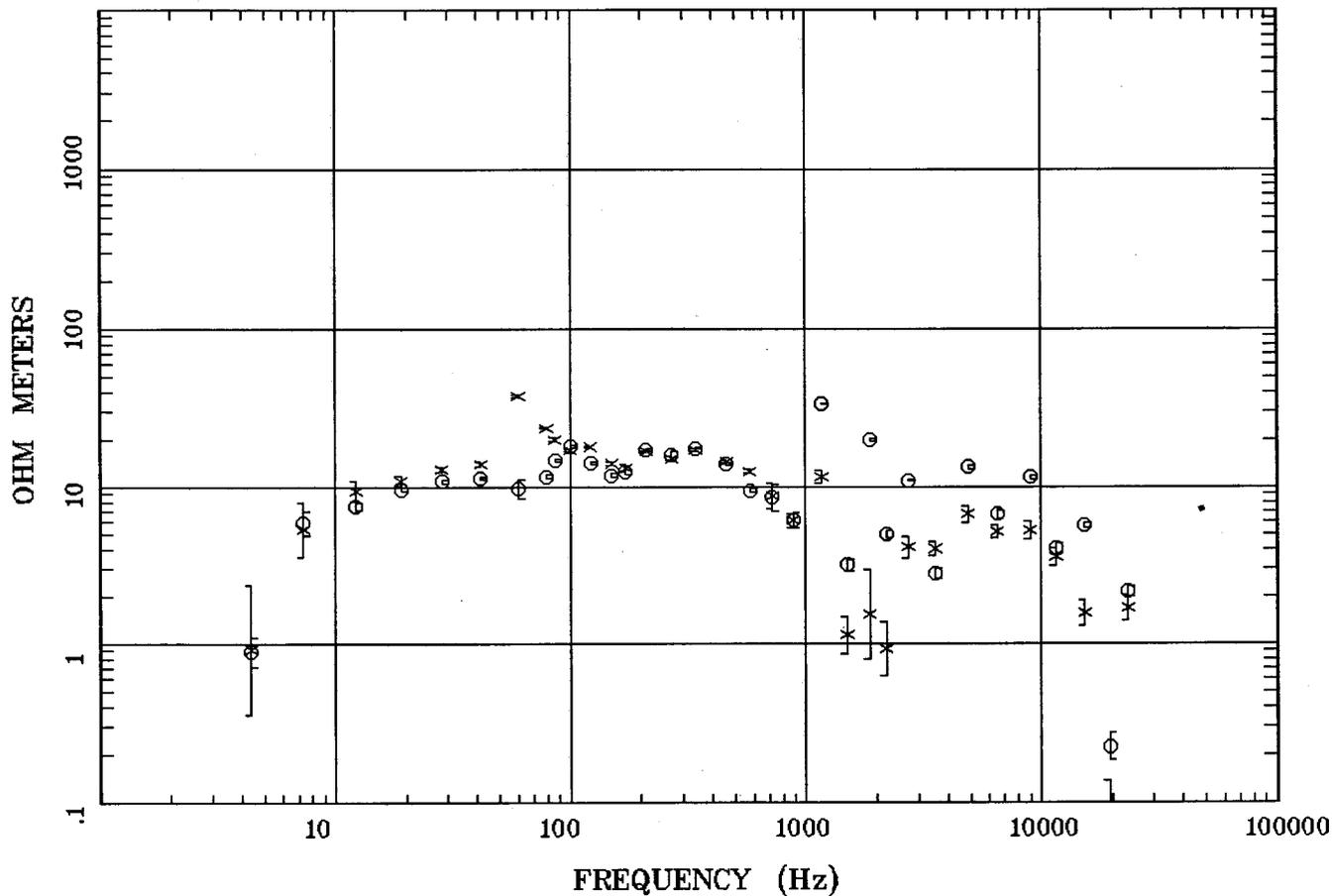
66

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:4 Jul 17, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr20a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 09:47 Jan 10, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Albuquerque 100K

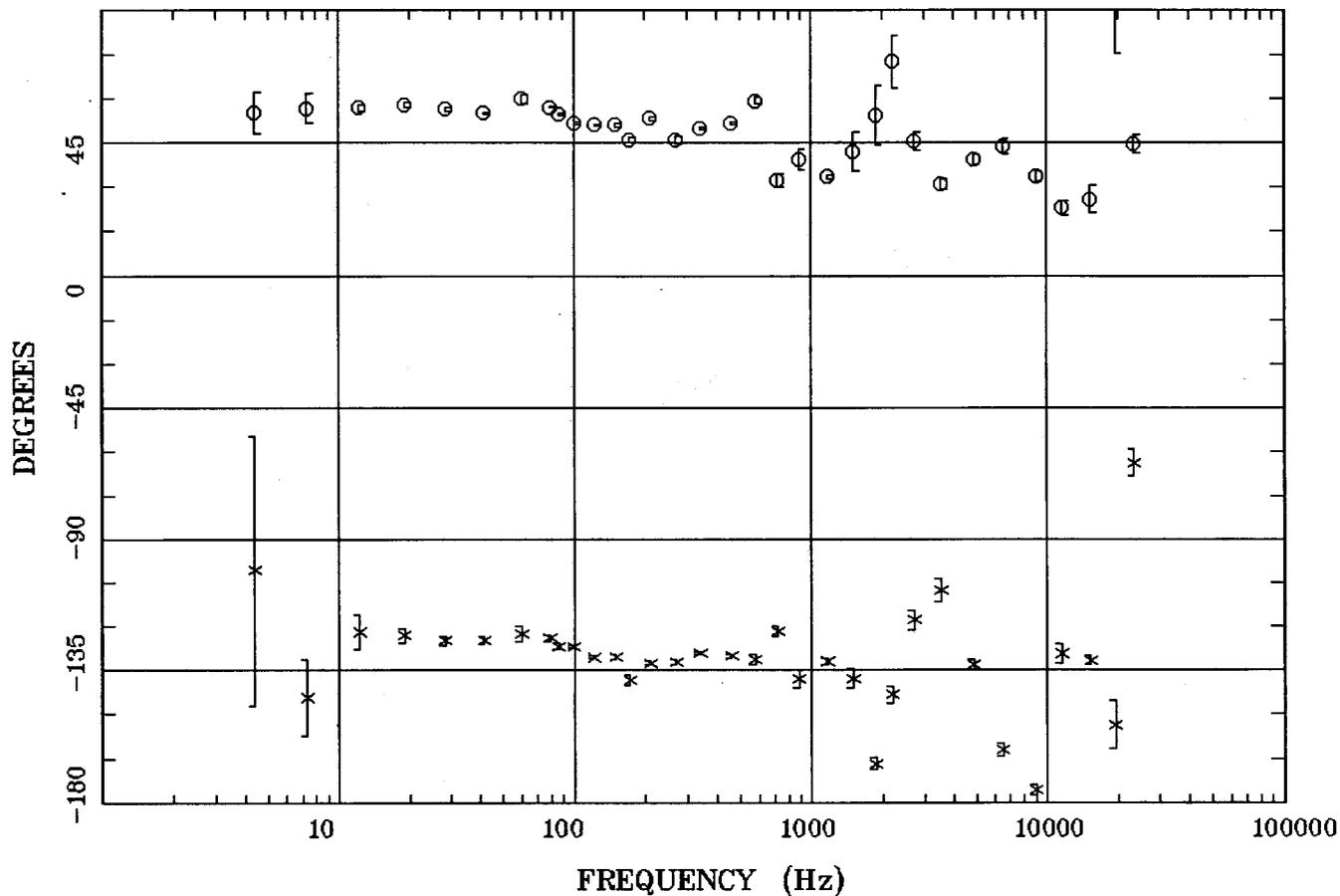


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:34 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

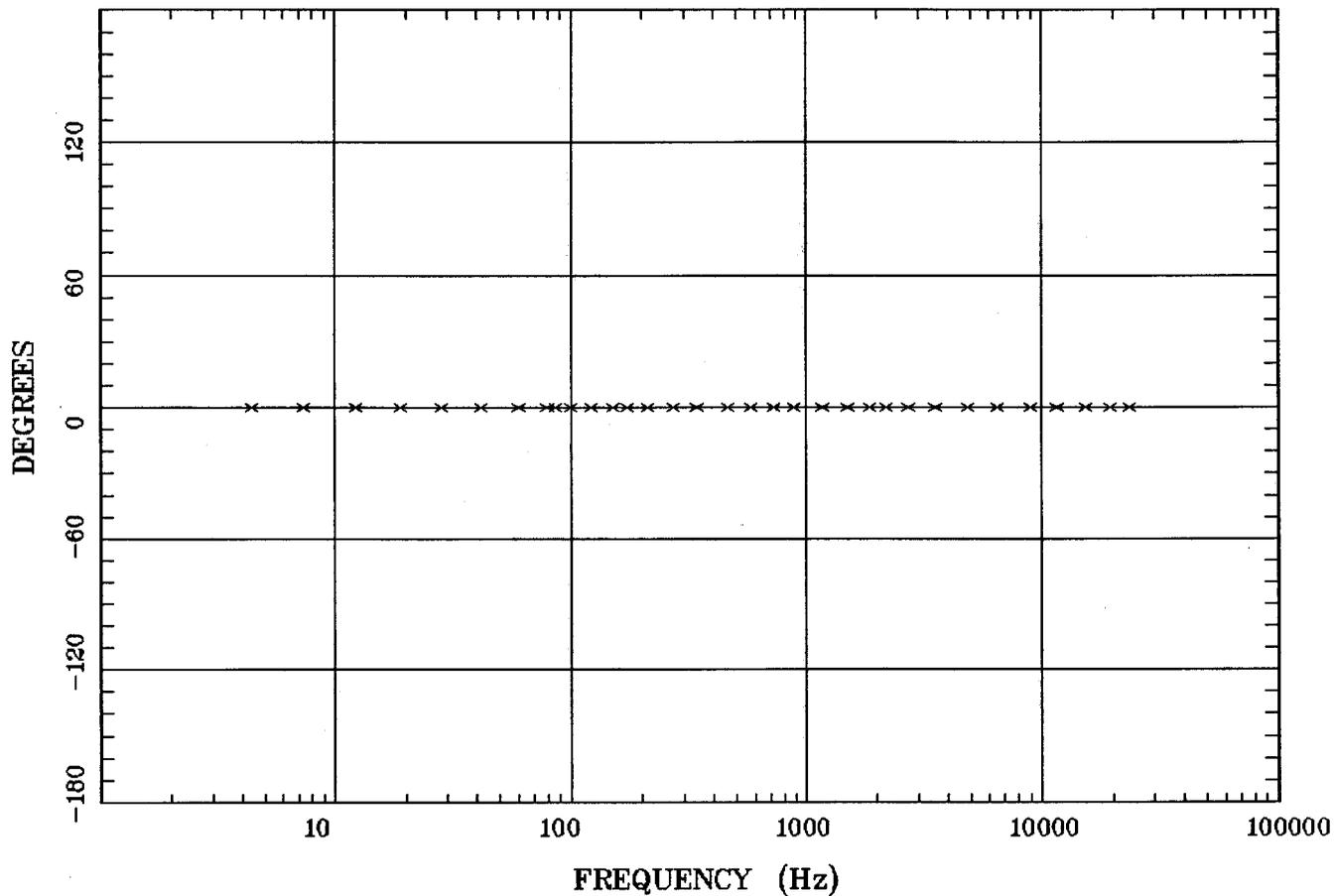
IMPEDANCE PHASE

Albuquerque 100K



Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:34 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



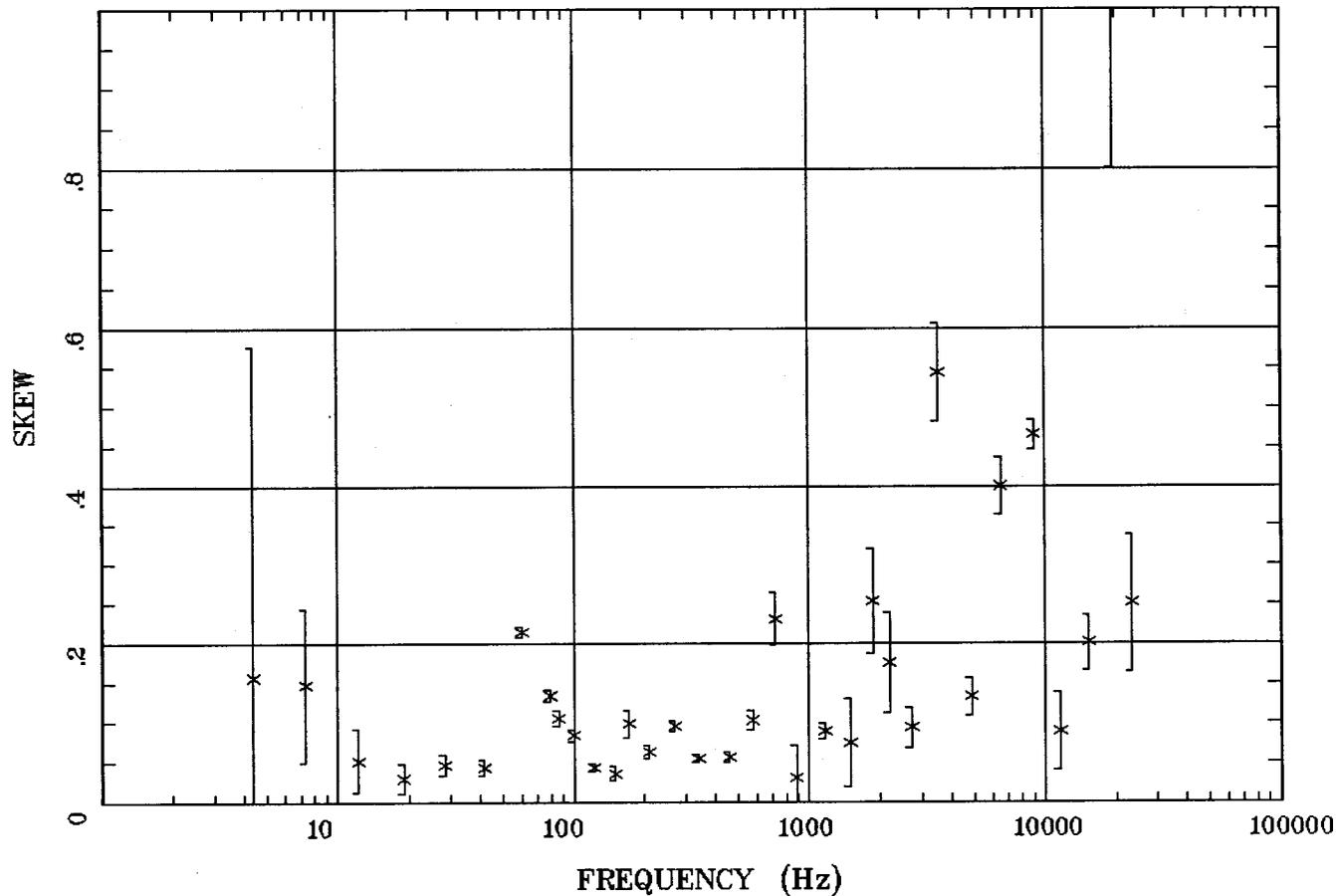
102

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr21a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:34 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

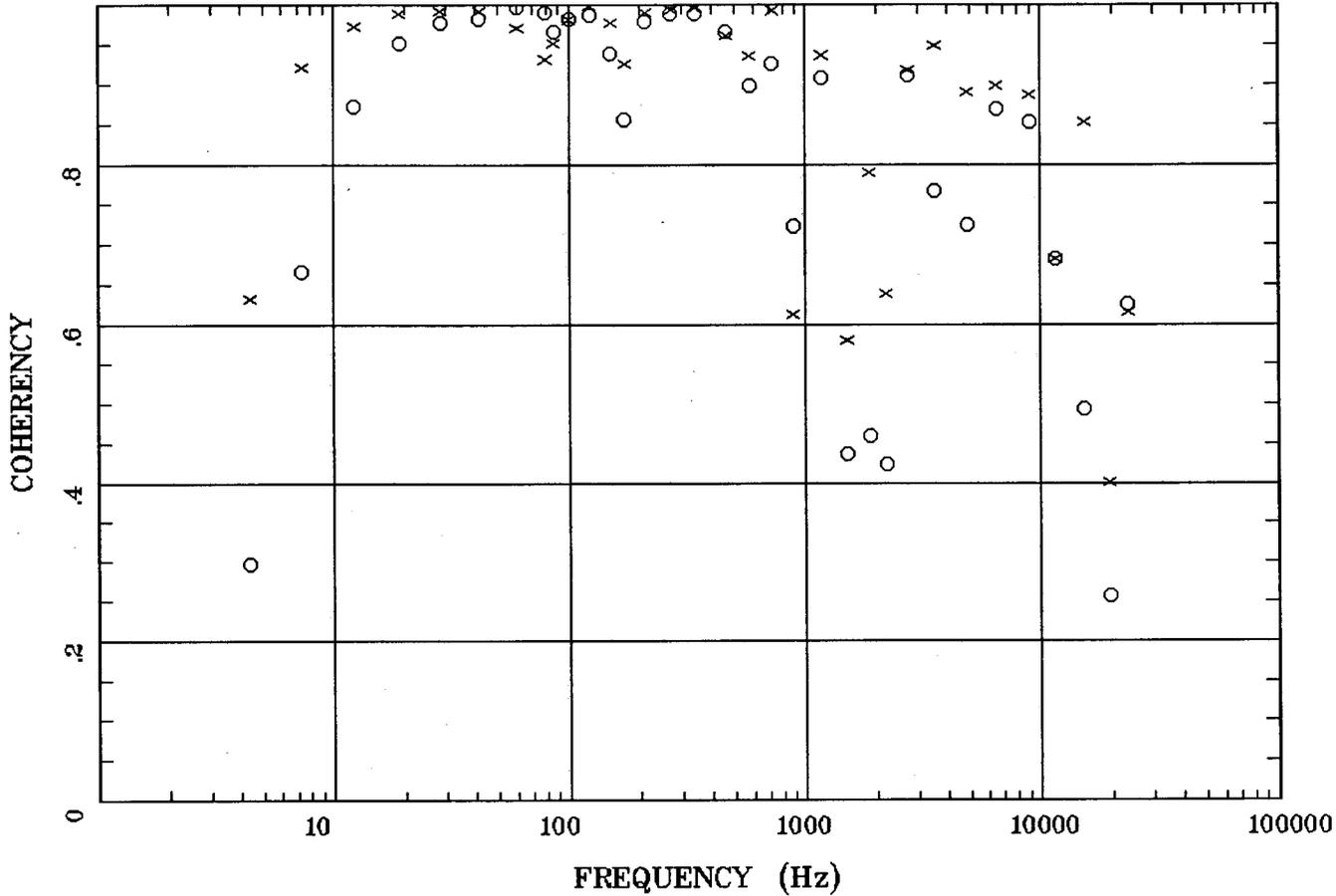
IMPEDANCE SKEW

Albuquerque 100K



Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr21a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:34 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



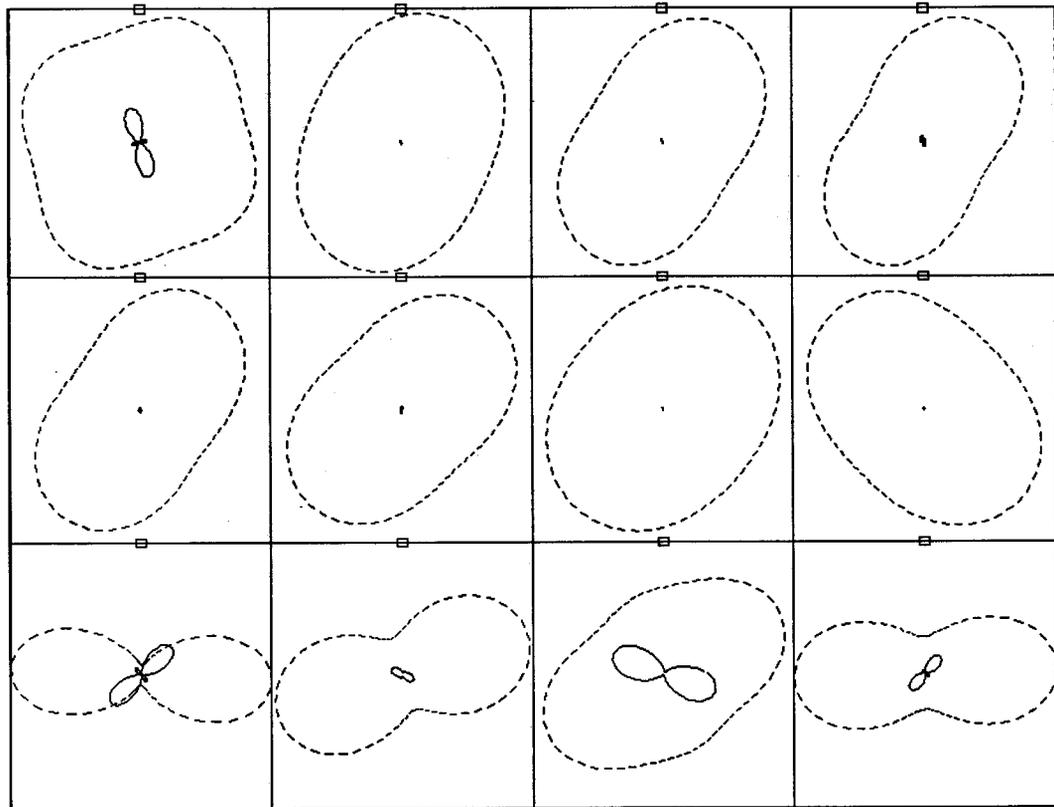
104

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr21a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:34 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque 100K



4.394 Hz

150 Hz

1870 Hz

12.207 Hz

210 Hz

2730 Hz

41.504 Hz

460 Hz

6500 Hz

85.938 Hz

885 Hz

15290 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin

Remote: none

Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004

Survey Co:USGS

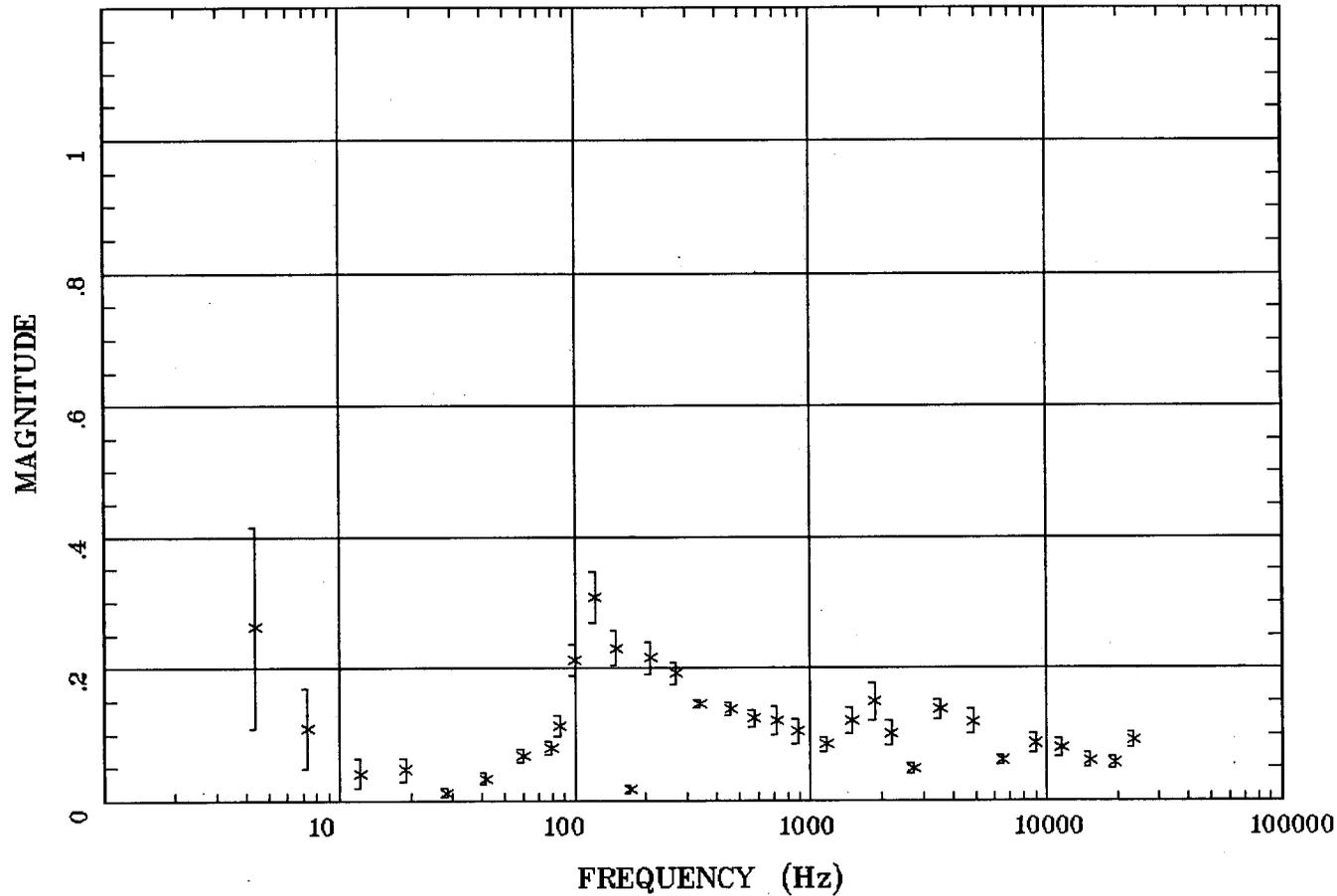
Rotation:

Filename: rr21a.avg

Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4

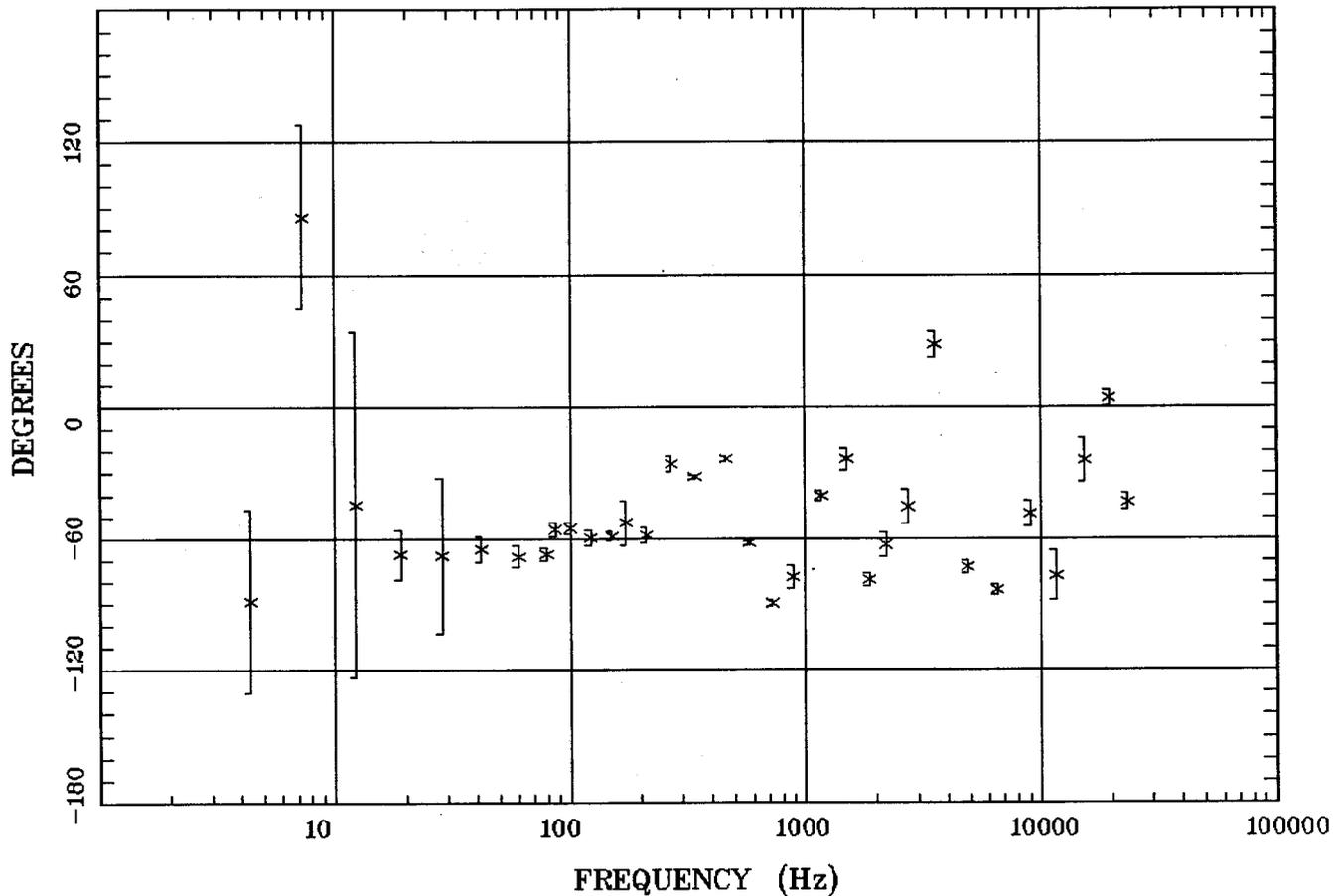
Plotted: 11:35 Jan 12, 2006

< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

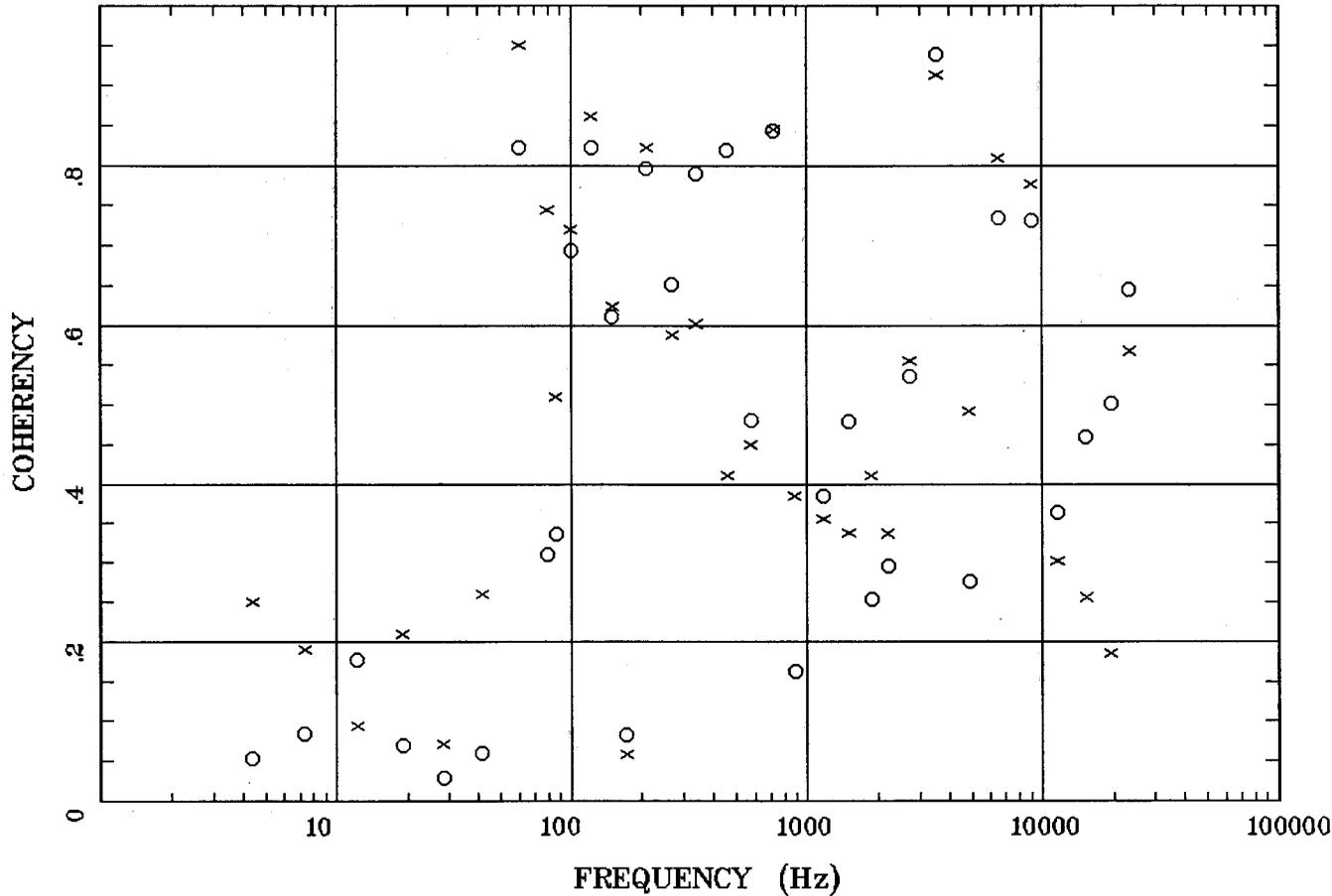
Rotation:
Filename: rr21a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:35 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



101

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

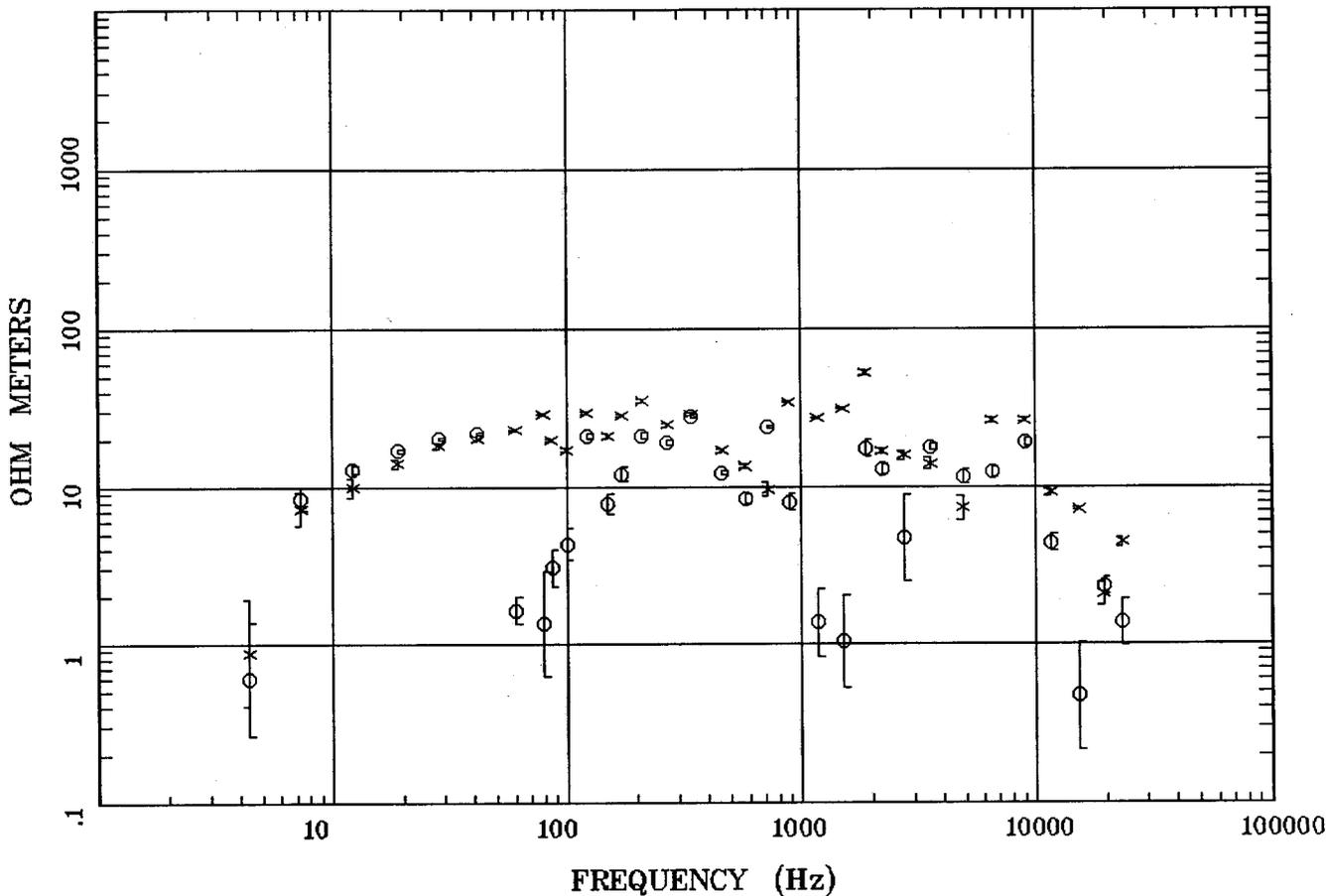
Rotation:
Filename: rr21a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:35 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



801

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 12:4 Jul 18, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

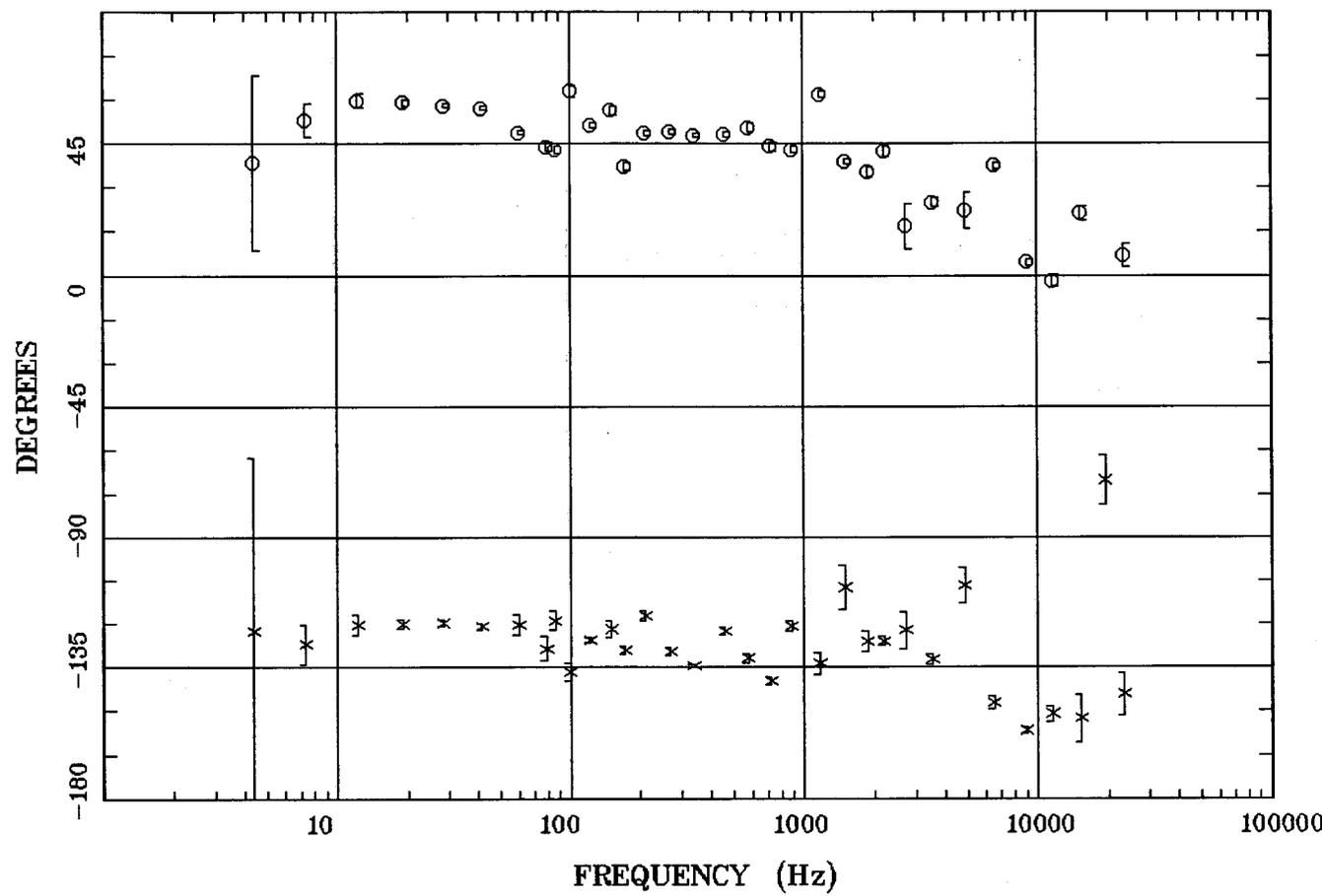
Rotation:
Filename: rr21a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:35 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



601

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr22a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:37 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



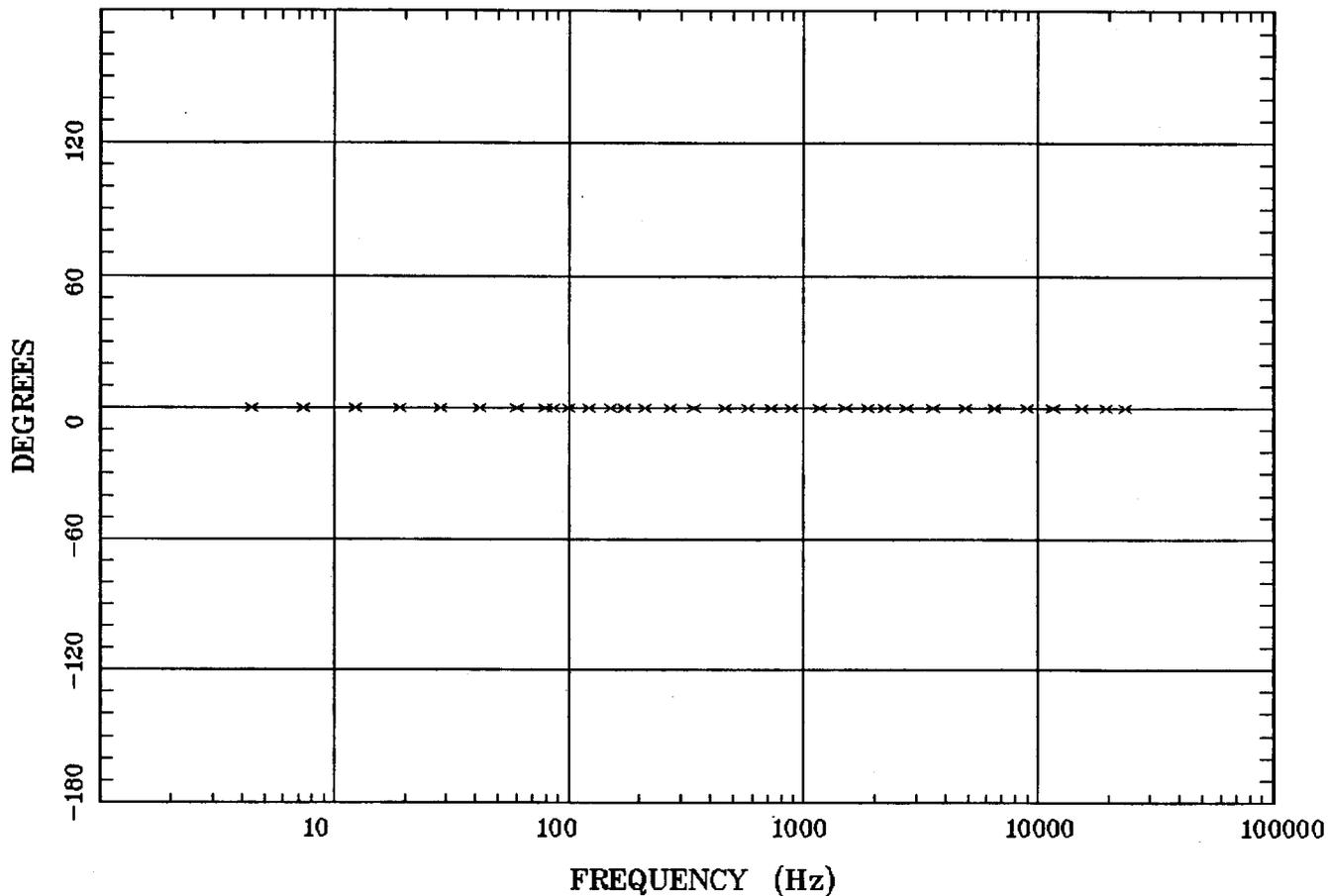
Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr22a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:37 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

011

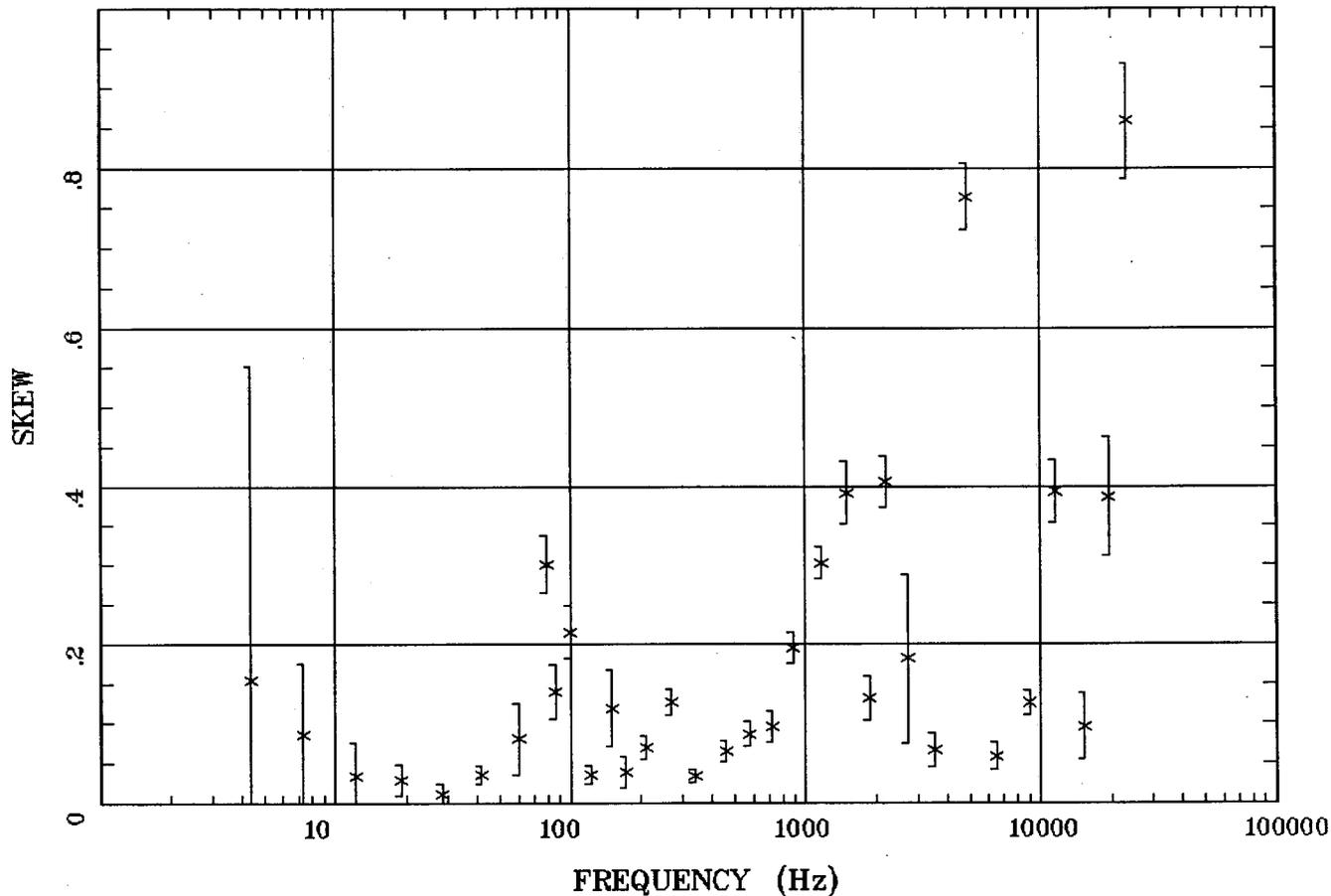
ROTATION ANGLE

Albuquerque 100K



Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

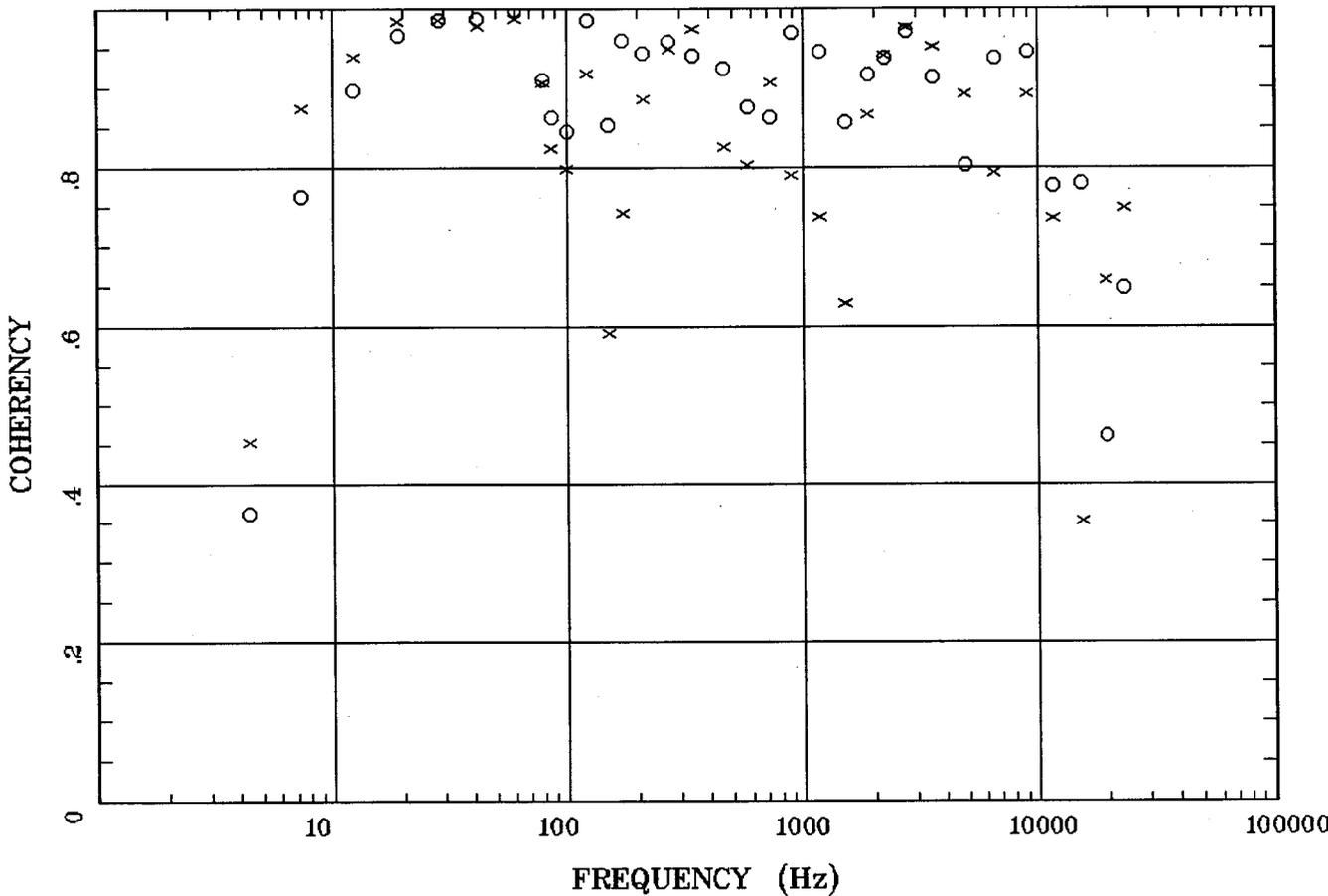
Rotation:
Filename: rr22a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:37 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



112

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr22a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:37 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

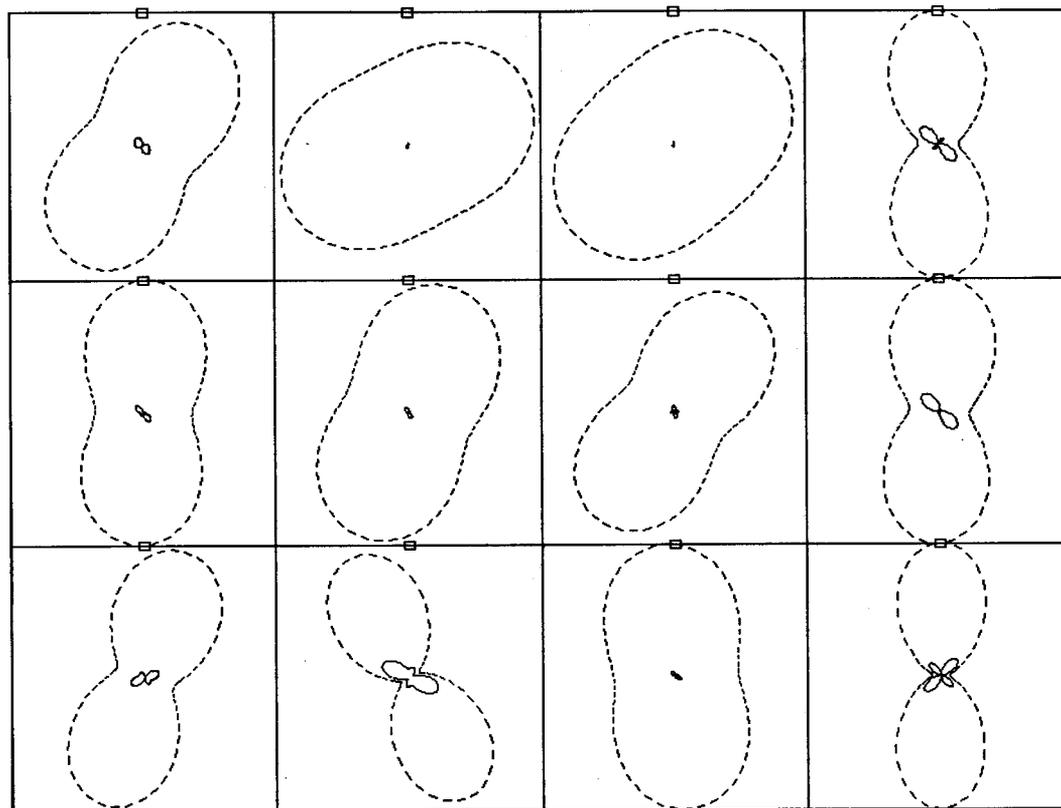


Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr22a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:37 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque 100K



4.394 Hz

12.207 Hz

41.504 Hz

85.938 Hz

150 Hz

210 Hz

460 Hz

885 Hz

1870 Hz

2730 Hz

6500 Hz

15290 Hz

Client: Espanola Basin

Remote: none

Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004

Survey Co:USGS

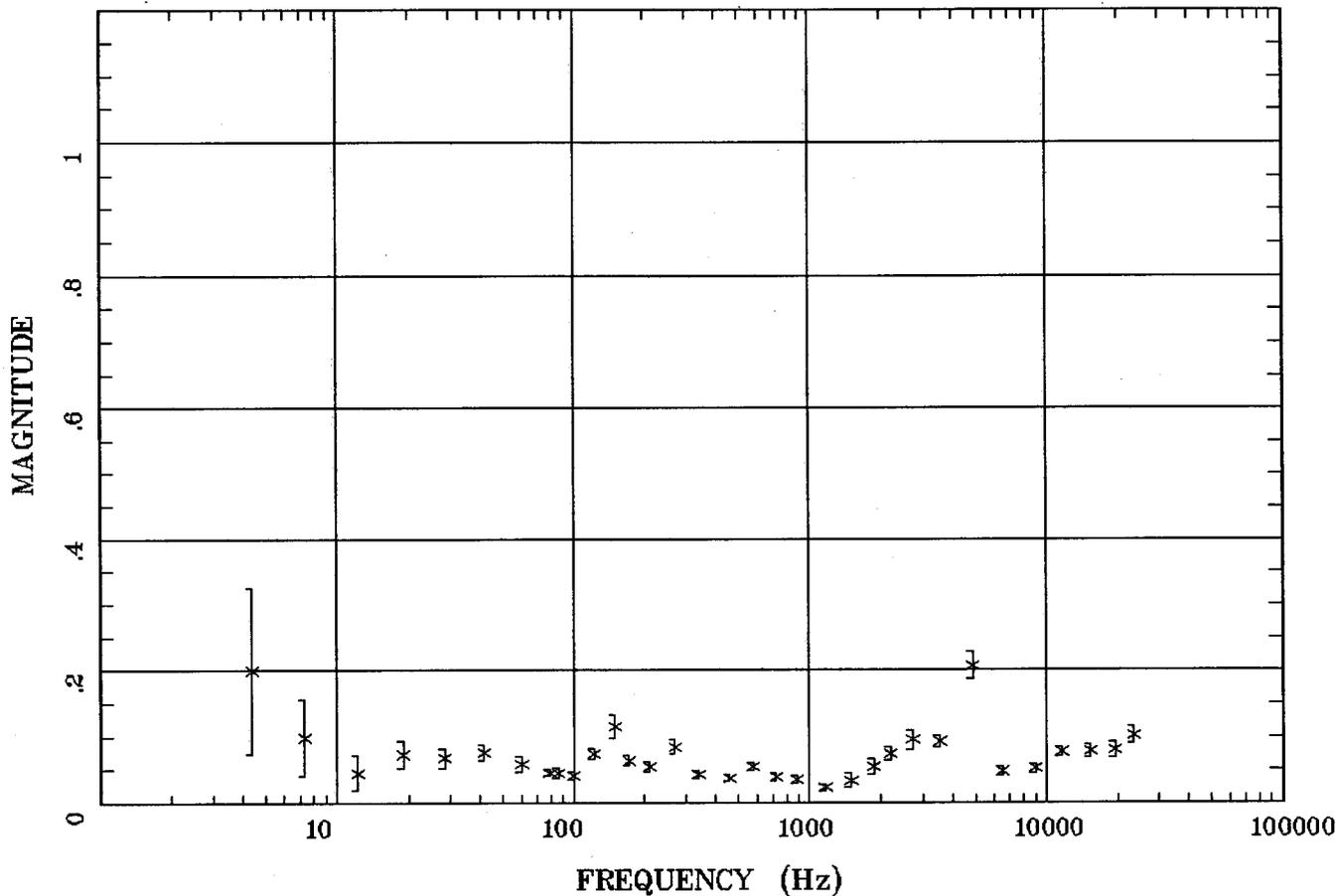
Rotation:

Filename: rr22a.avg

Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4

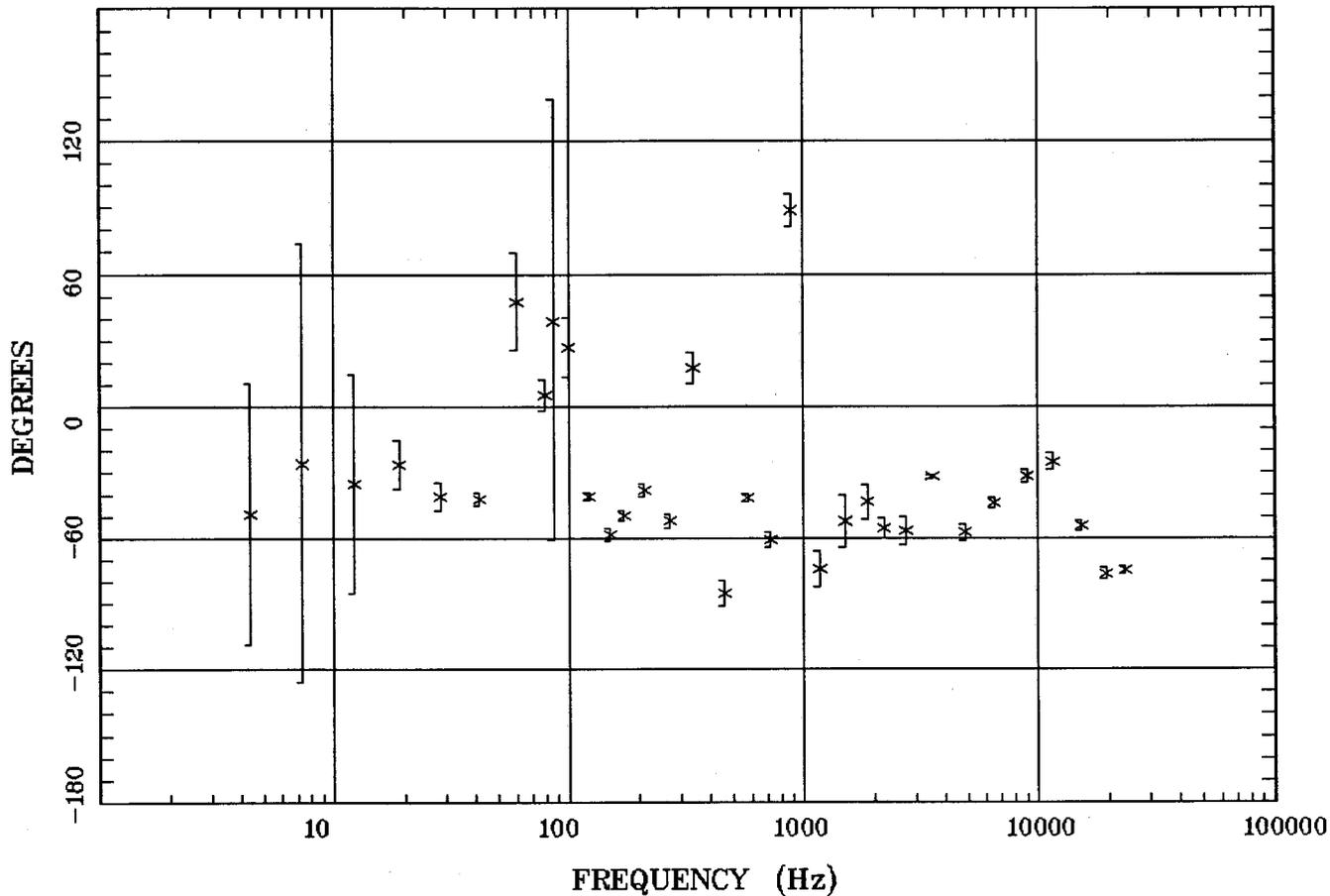
Plotted: 11:37 Jan 12, 2006

< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

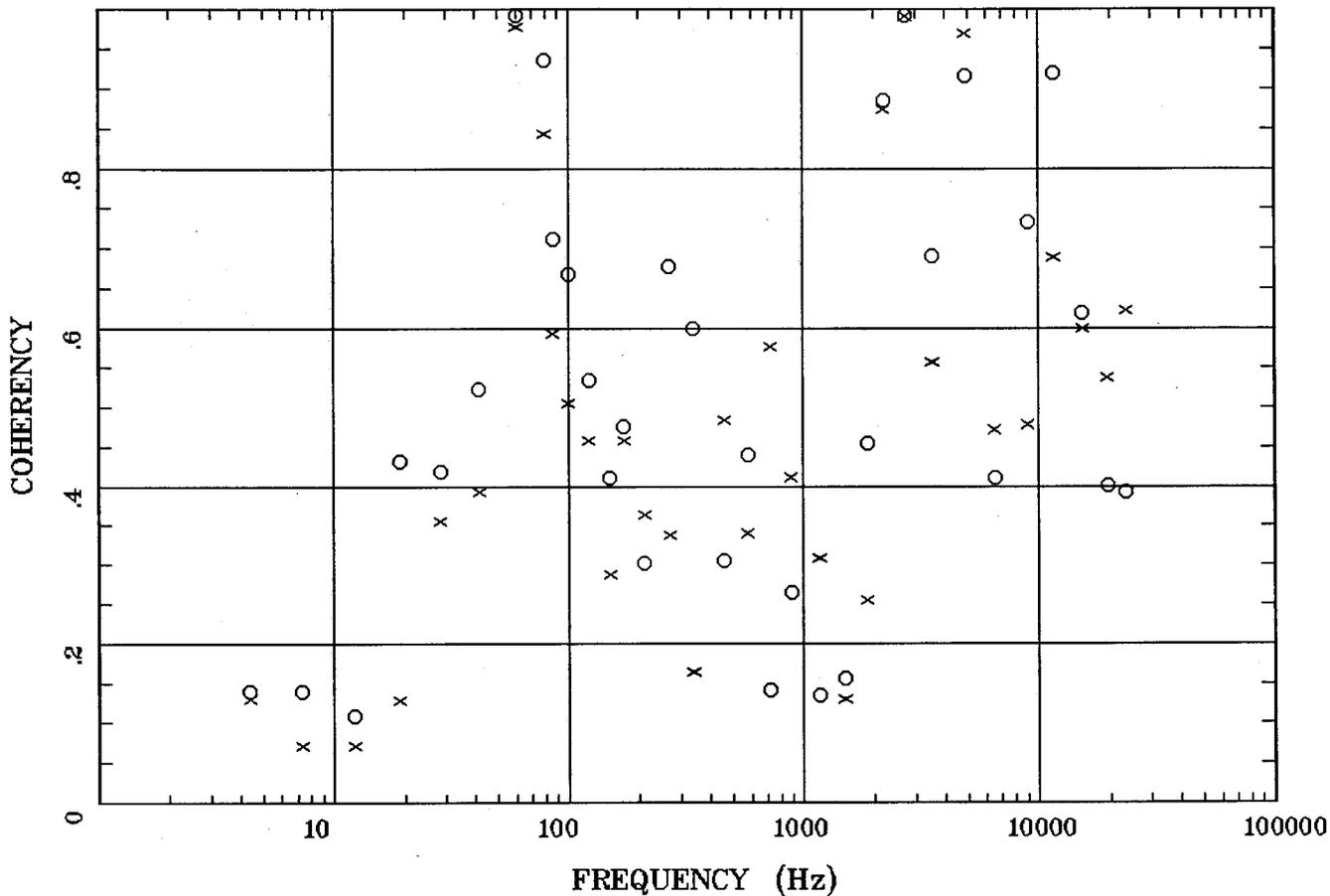
Rotation:
Filename: rr22a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:37 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



911

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr22a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:38 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



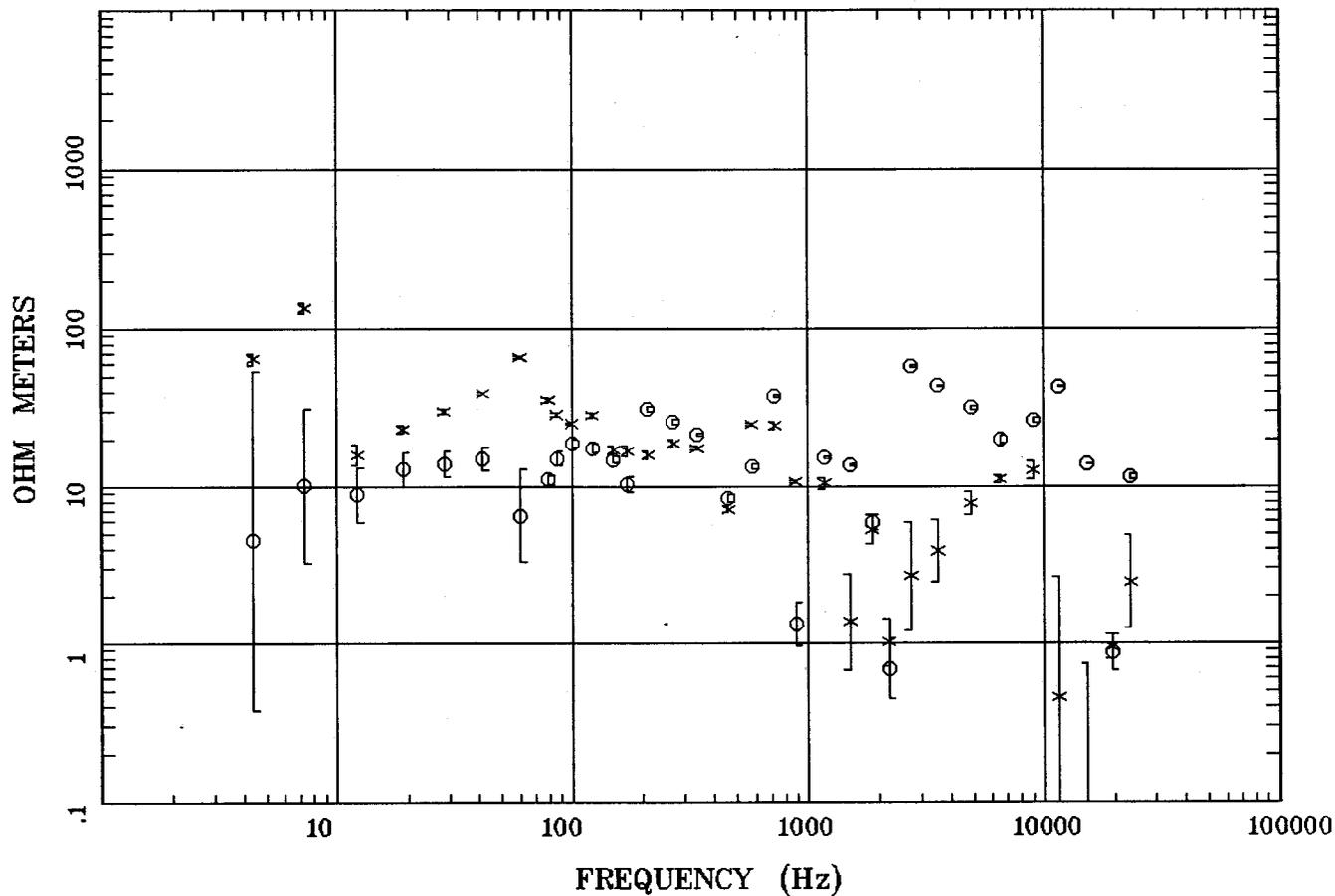
Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 14:1 Jul 21, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr22a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:38 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

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APPARENT RESISTIVITY

Albuquerque 100K

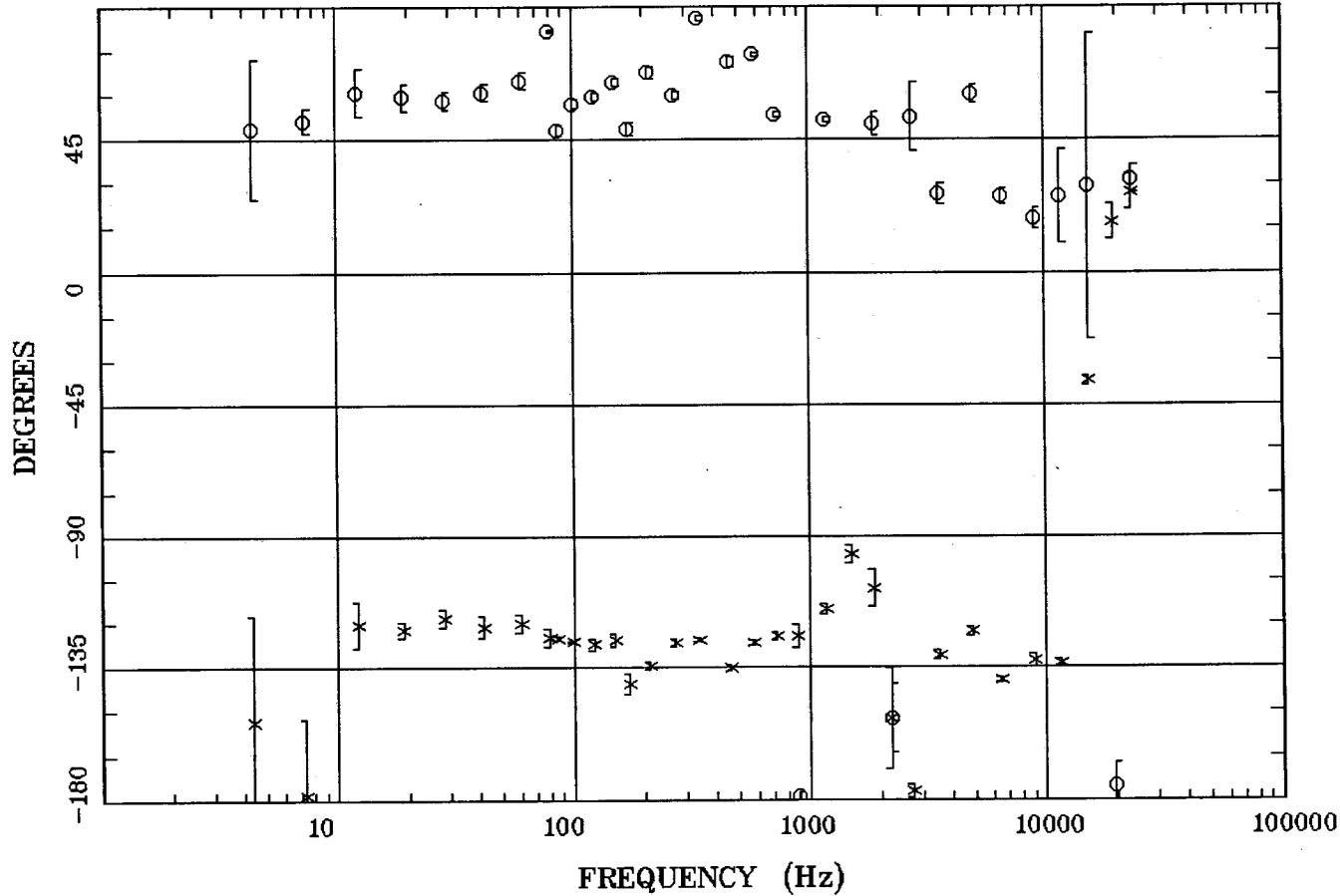


Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr23a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

IMPEDANCE PHASE

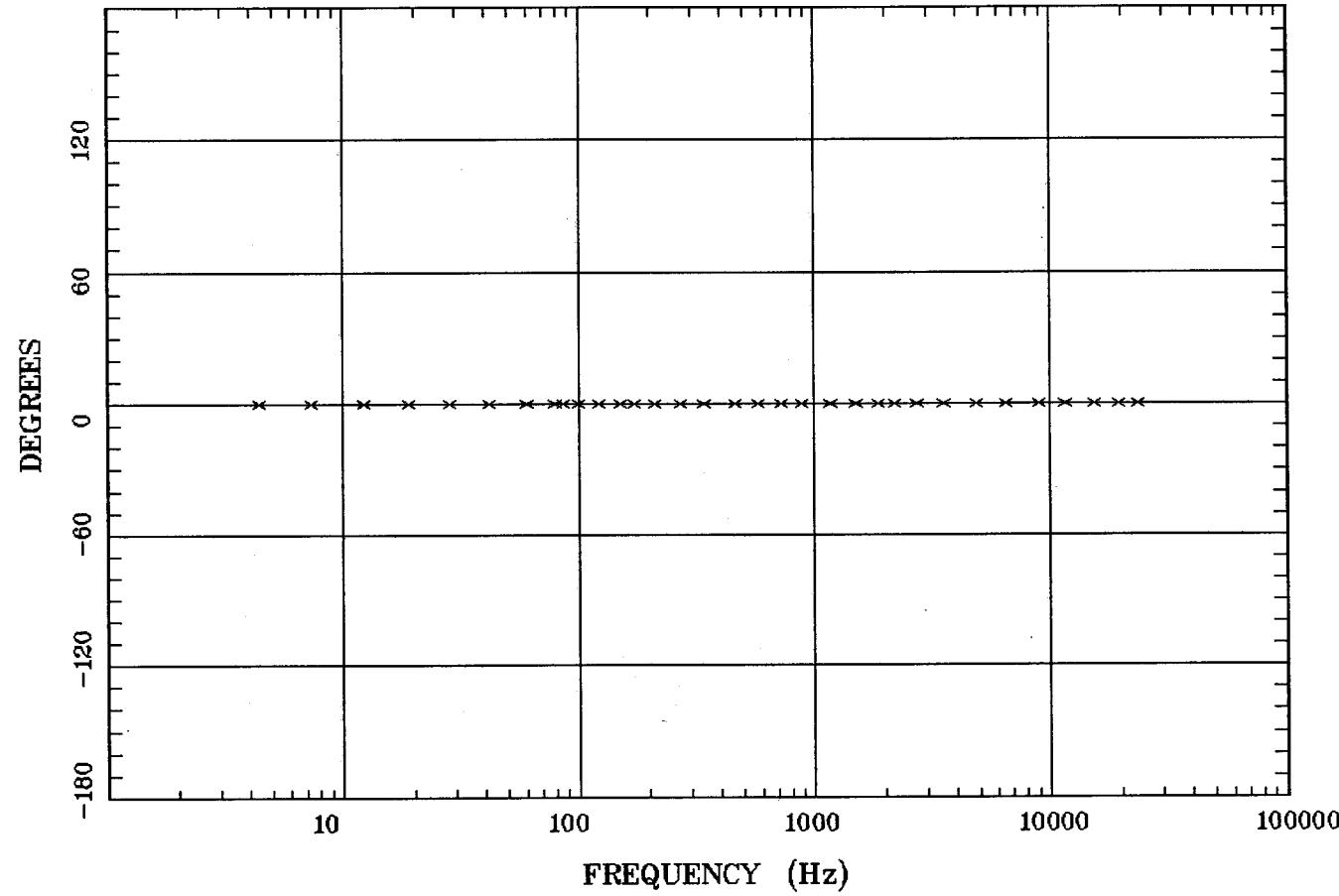
Albuquerque 100K



611

Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

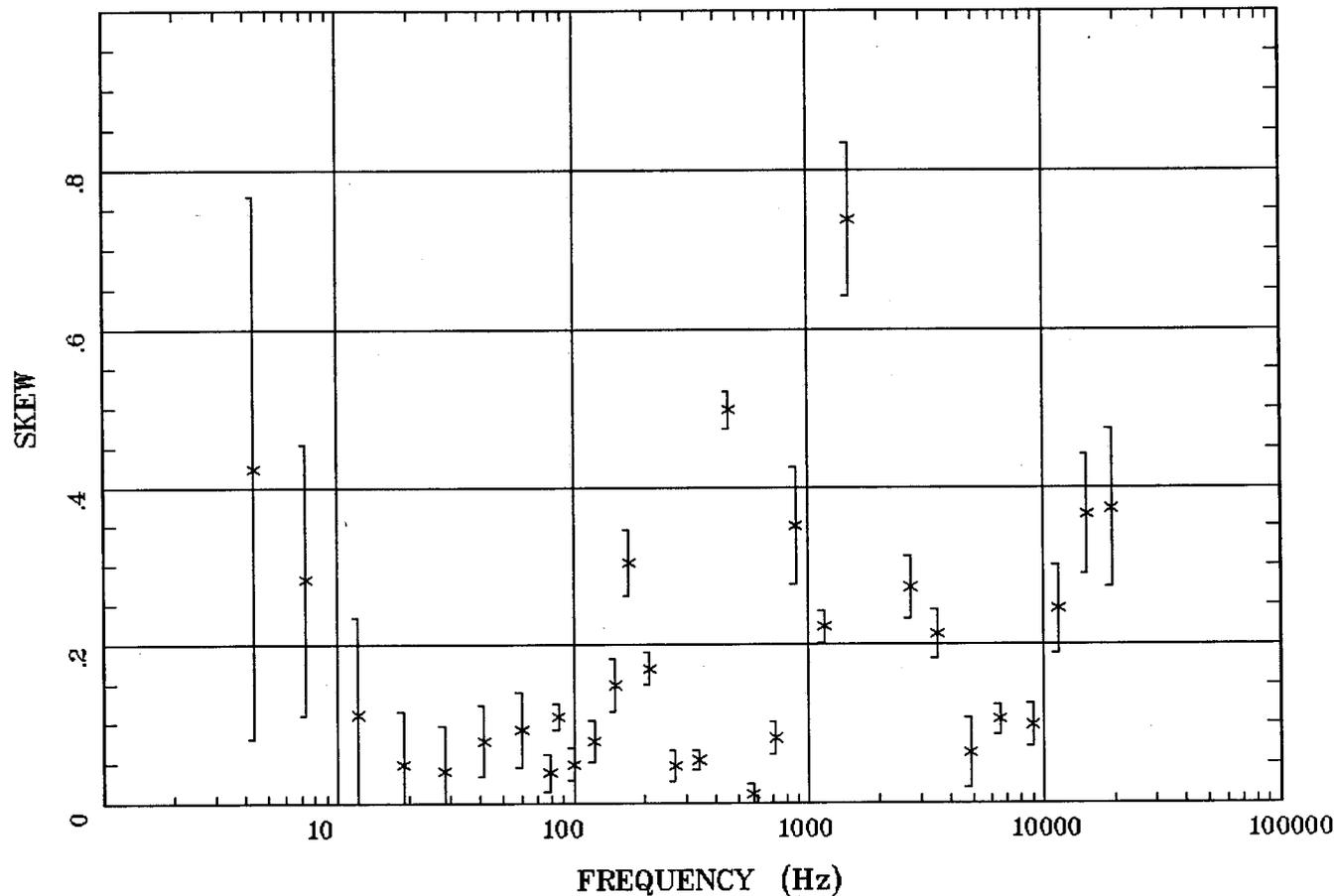
Rotation:
 Filename: rr23a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



120

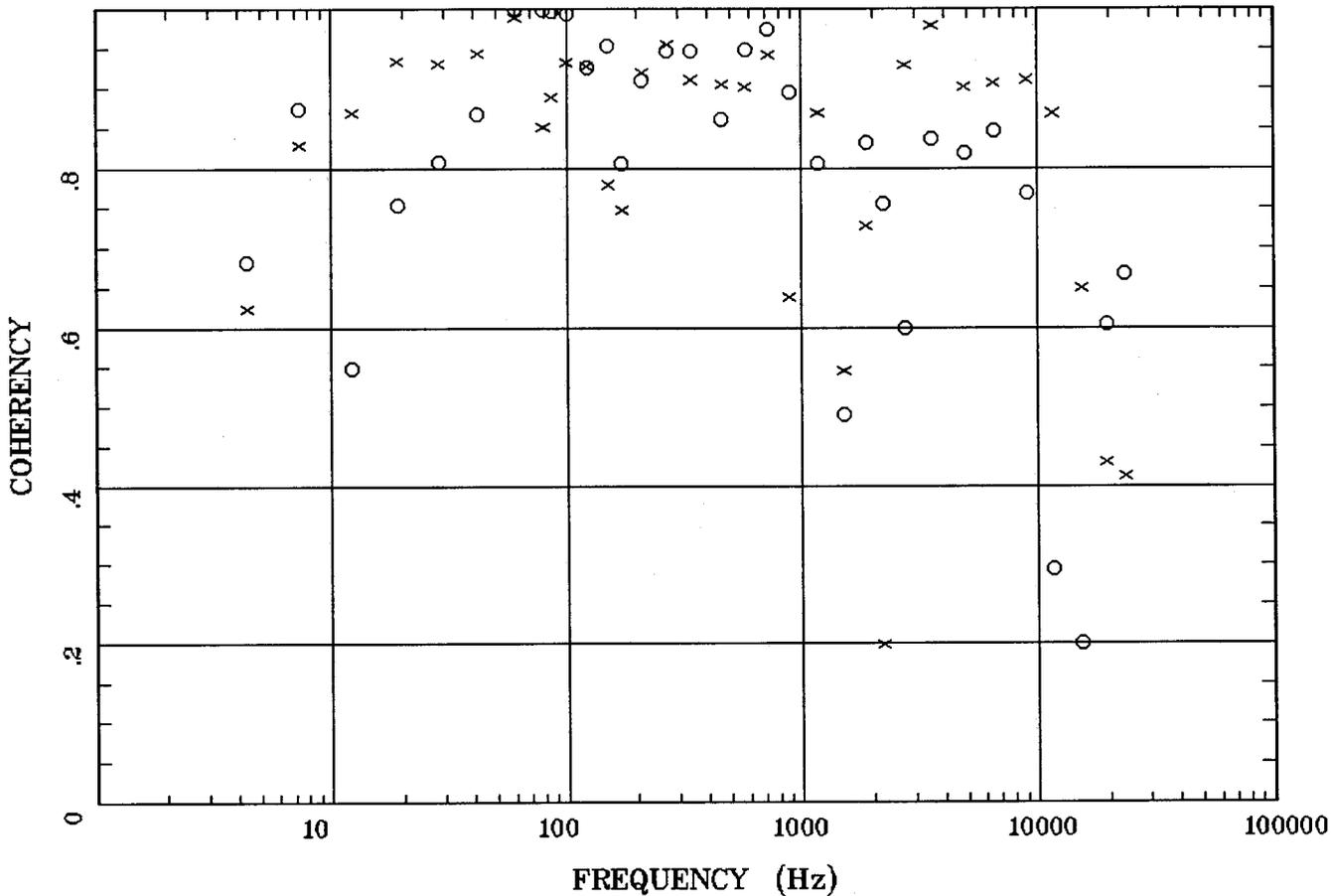
Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr23a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr23a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



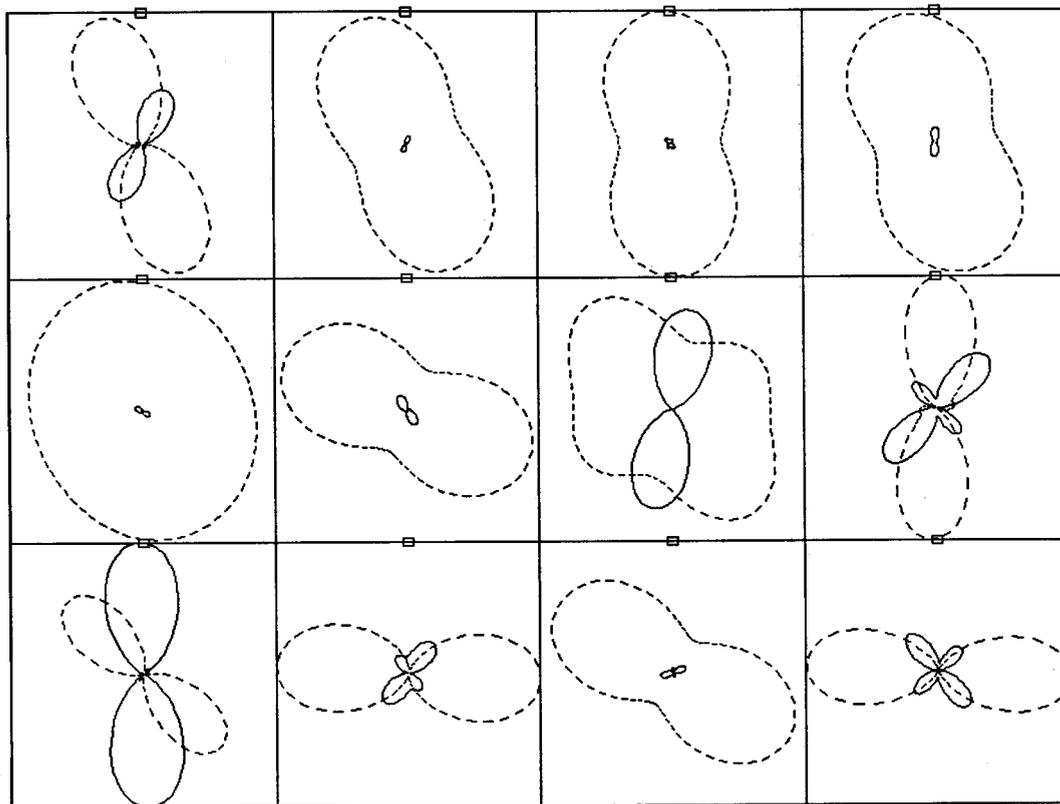
122

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr23a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >

POLAR PLOTS

Albuquerque 100K



4.394 Hz

150 Hz

1870 Hz

12.207 Hz

210 Hz

2730 Hz

41.504 Hz

460 Hz

6500 Hz

85.938 Hz

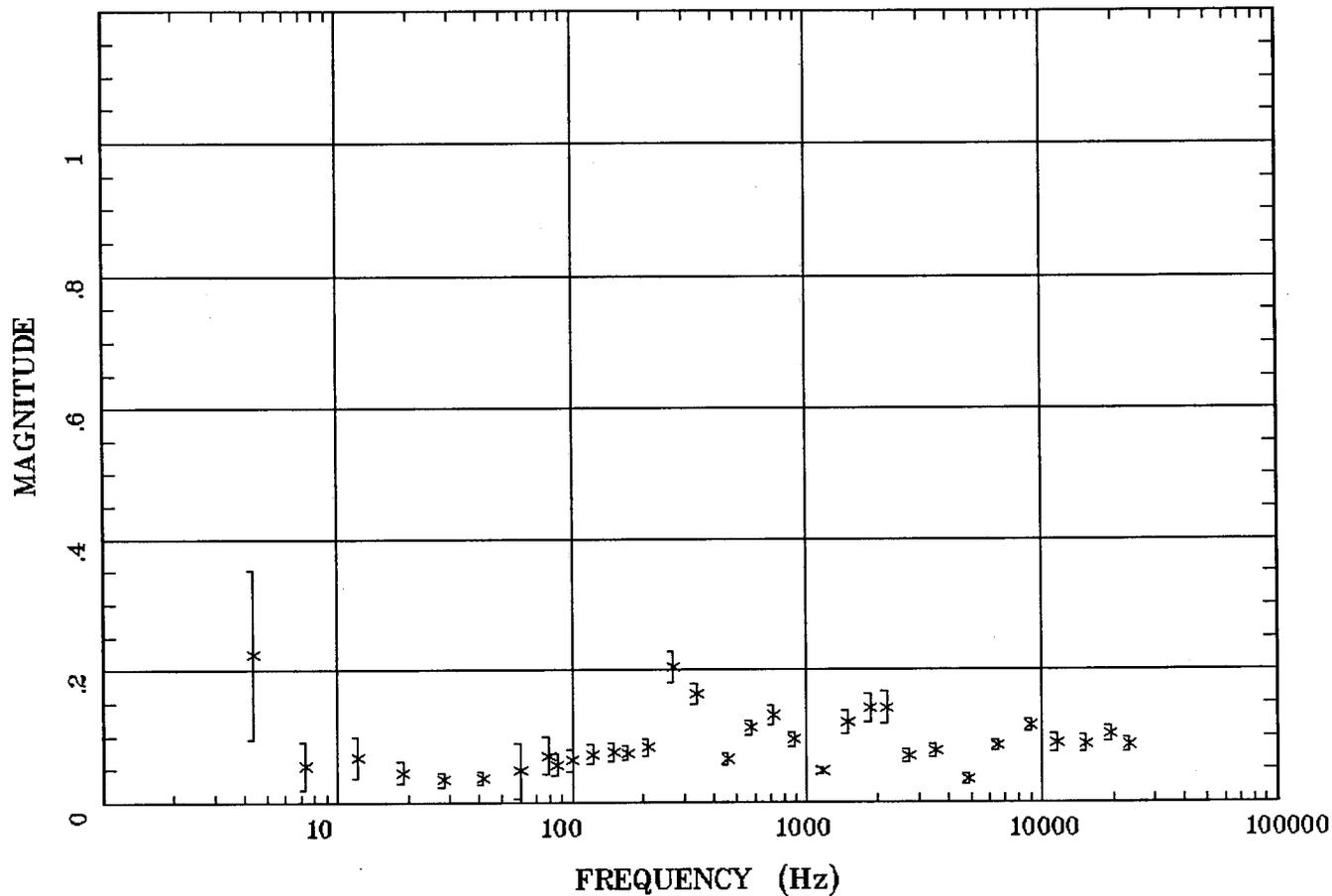
885 Hz

15290 Hz

123

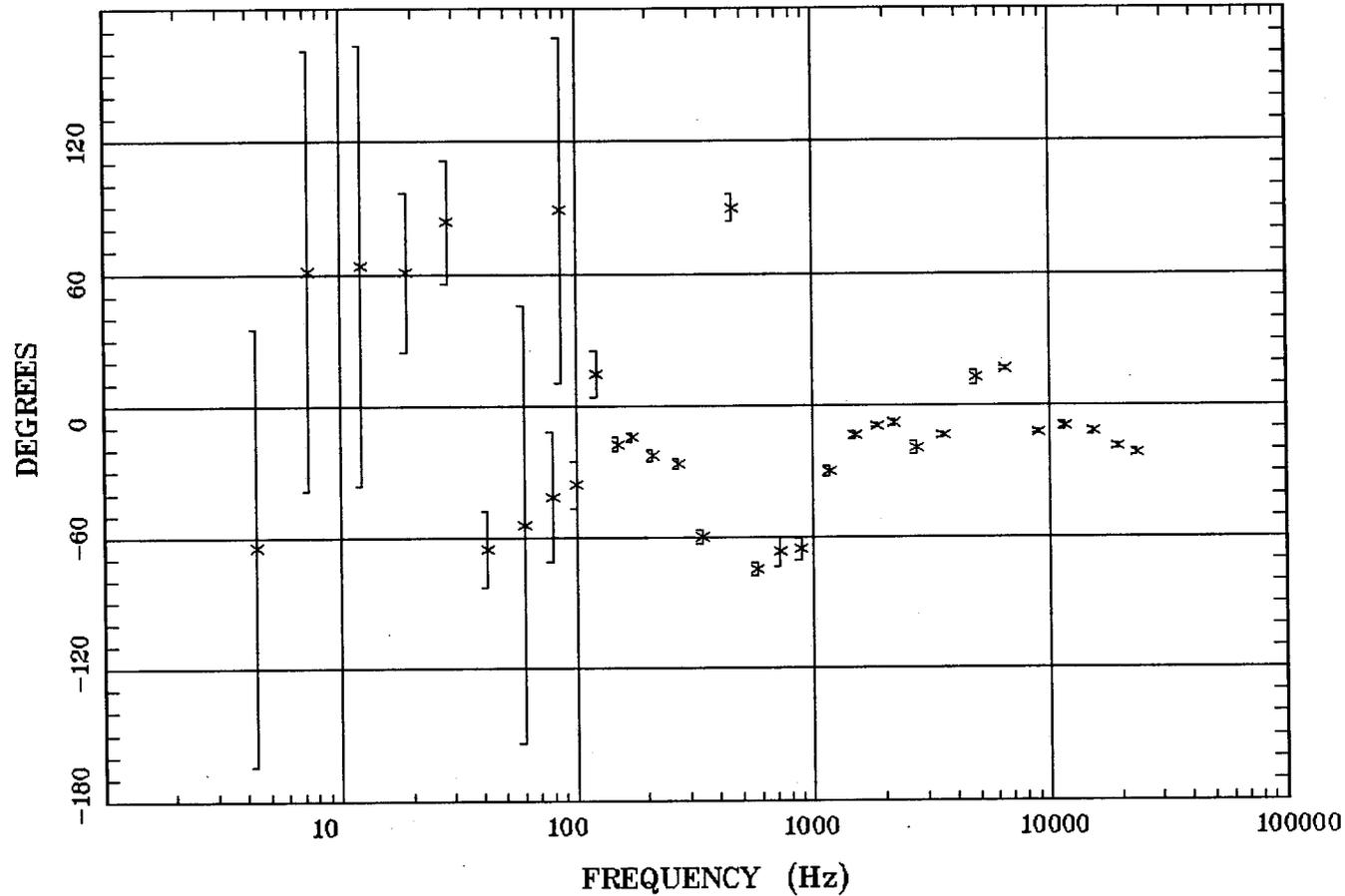
Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr23a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



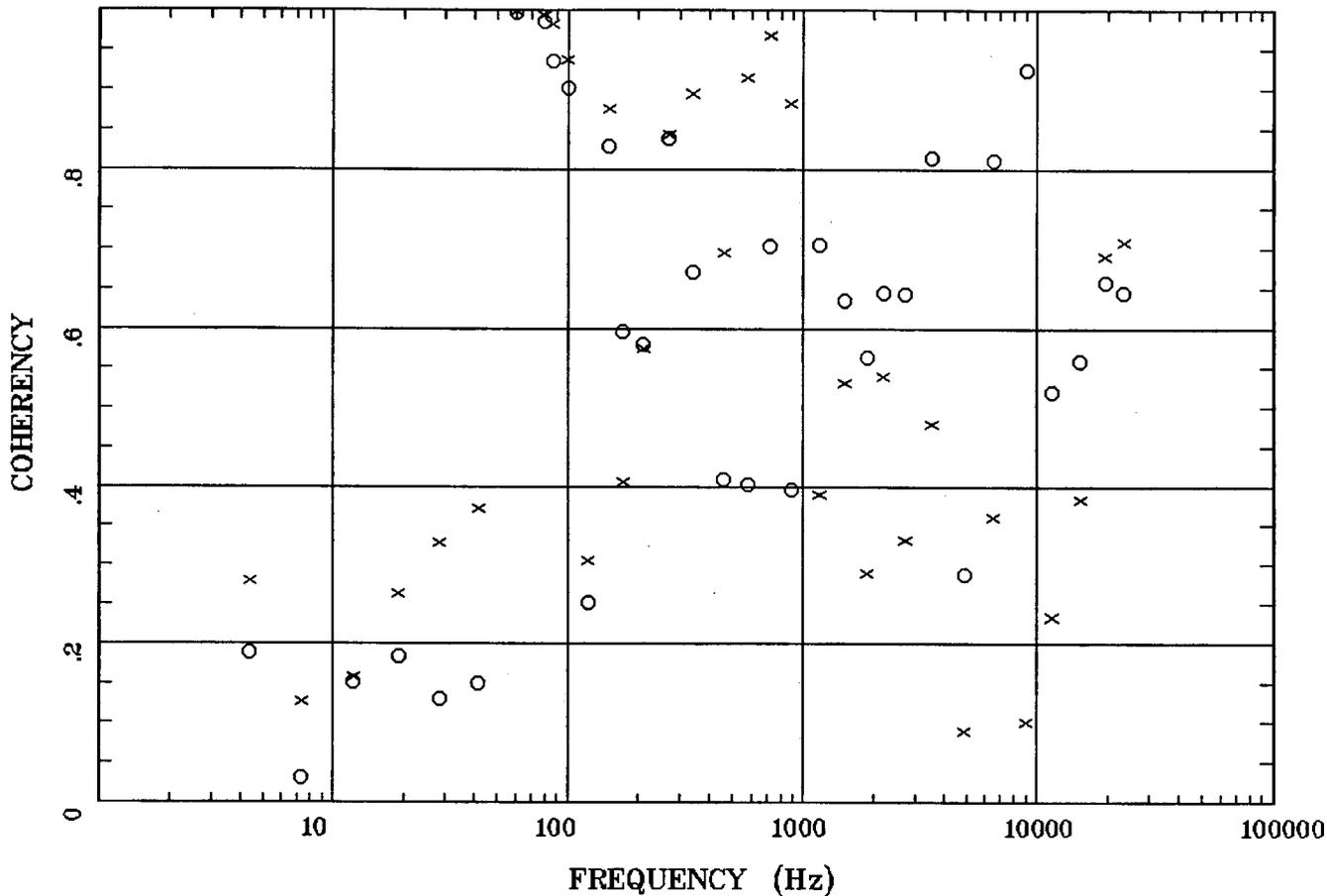
Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr23a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



Client: Espanola Basin
 Remote: none
 Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
 Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
 Filename: rr23a.avg
 Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
 Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
 < EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >



126

Client: Espanola Basin
Remote: none
Acquired: 13:4 Jul 19, 2004
Survey Co:USGS

Rotation:
Filename: rr23a.avg
Channels: Ch1 Ch2 Ch3 Ch4 Ch5 Ch3 Ch4
Plotted: 11:39 Jan 12, 2006
< EMI - ElectroMagnetic Instruments >