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Scientific Investigations Map 3256
*Pamphlet accompanies map*



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Alteration type modeled using Boolean algebra from mineral assemblages identified through spectroscopic analysis of ASTER data described by Rockwell (2006).

ASTER scenes used for analysis to derive listed from multiple scenes.

| Western path | Sedor path |
|---|---|
| Dissimilar 1, 2003 | Dissimilar 19, 2003 |

AST_L1B.003:2062742545 AST_L1B.003:2062742554
AST_L1B.003:2062742551 AST_L1B.003:2062742560
AST_L1B.003:2062742557 AST_L1B.003:2062742566
AST_L1B.003:2062742563 AST_L1B.003:2062742572

ASTER data georeferenced to orthoimagery using triangle based finite element analysis (Rheinz, 1993).

Background is imagery derived from multiple Landsat 7 ETM+ scenes (USGS, http://glcfapp.glcf.umiacs.umd.edu/index/ffm/ml_imagery/).

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Scale 1:100,000

0 5 10 20 30 40 Miles
0 5 10 20 30 40 Kilometers

APPROXIMATE MEAN DECLINATION, 2013

MAP LOCATION

# Comparative mineral mapping in the Colorado Mineral Belt using AVIRIS and ASTER remote sensing data

## Map of modeled hydrothermal alteration type derived from ASTER data

By
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2013

## Explanation - Map 1

### AVIRIS-derived iron-bearing mineral assemblages and water

- chlorite + goethite
- chlorite + muscovite
- epidote
- generic ferrous iron (e.g. some chlorites and muscovites)
- generic ferrous iron + goethite and muscovite
- goethite + jarosite
- goethite: coarse-grained
- goethite: fine-grained
- goethite: medium- to coarse-grained +/- trace jarosite
- goethite: medium-grained
- goethite: thin coating
- hematite: fine-grained - low fit x depth
- hematite: fine-grained - moderate fit x depth
- hematite: fine-grained - high fit x depth
- hematite: medium- to coarse-grained
- jarosite
- jarosite: fine-grained
- other iron oxides and hydroxides
- turbid water - high sediment load
- turbid water - low sediment load
- turbid water - moderate sediment load
- turbid water - moderate to high sediment load
- water: high chlorophyll content - high fit x depth
- water: high chlorophyll content - low fit x depth
- water: high chlorophyll content - low to moderate fit x depth
- water: high chlorophyll content - moderate to high fit x depth
- water: low chlorophyll content - high fit x depth
- water: low chlorophyll content - low fit x depth
- water: low chlorophyll content - low to moderate fit x depth
- water: low chlorophyll content - moderate fit x depth
- water: low chlorophyll content - moderate to high fit x depth

## Explanation - Map 2

### AVIRIS-derived phyllosilicate, sulfate, carbonate, sorosilicate, and nesosilicate minerals

- calcite
- calcite + dolomite
- calcite + kaolinite
- calcite or chlorite + sericite or smectite +/- dry vegetation
- dolomite
- dolomite + sericite +/- kaolinite
- dolomite or calcite + sericite or smectite
- epidote
- epidote + trace sericite +/- chlorite
- high-Al sericite
- jarosite + sericite +/- gypsum
- kaolinite + sericite
- kaolinite + smectite
- kaolinite +/- alunite +/- illite
- kaolinite +/- alunite or dry vegetation
- medium-Al sericite
- poorly crystallized kaolinite or impure float
- possible alunogen
- possible pyrophyllite + kaolinite or sericite
- sericite + chlorite
- sericite + chlorite, or low-Al (Fe/Mg) sericite
- smectite (montmorillonite)
- water
- well-crystallized kaolinite
- white crust (possible epsomite)

## Explanation - Map 3

### ASTER-derived iron-bearing mineral assemblages, vegetation, and water

- dry, non-photosynthetic vegetation, may include carbonate-bearing rocks and soils
- dry/green vegetation
- green vegetation 1 - lowest chlorophyll content or plant density
- green vegetation 2
- green vegetation 3
- green vegetation 4
- green vegetation 5
- green vegetation 6
- green vegetation 7
- green vegetation 8
- green vegetation 9
- green vegetation 10
- green vegetation 11
- green vegetation 12
- green vegetation 13
- green vegetation 14
- green vegetation 15
- green vegetation 16
- green vegetation 17
- green vegetation 18
- green vegetation 19 - highest chlorophyll content or plant density
- major ferric iron 1 - lowest fit x depth
- major ferric iron 2
- major ferric iron 3
- major ferric iron 4
- major ferric iron 5
- major ferric iron 6
- major ferric iron 7
- major ferric iron 8
- major ferric iron 9 - highest fit x depth
- minor ferric iron 1 - includes redbeds and soils - lowest fit x depth
- minor ferric iron 2 - includes redbeds and soils
- minor ferric iron 3 - includes redbeds and soils
- minor ferric iron 4 - includes redbeds and soils
- minor ferric iron 5 - includes redbeds and soils
- minor ferric iron 6 - includes redbeds and soils
- minor ferric iron 7 - includes redbeds and soils - highest fit x depth
- mine to major ferric iron
- sericite +/- chlorite, or wet soil near water
- turbid water 1 - lowest sediment load
- turbid water 2
- turbid water 3
- turbid water 4 - highest sediment load
- water with red algae and/or sediment load
- water - deep and/or low chlorophyll content
- water - shallow and/or high chlorophyll content

## Explanation - Map 4

### ASTER-derived map of phyllosilicate, sulfate, carbonate, sorosilicate, and silica minerals

- alunite, pyrophyllite, and (or) dry vegetation*
- alunite (or dry vegetation) + kaolinite
- calcite
- chlorite
- dolomite
- epidote, or calcite + dolomite mix
- high-abundance Al sericite
- jarosite
- kaolinite
- kaolinite + sericite
- kaolinite + smectite
- low-abundance Al sericite
- low-Al (Fe/Mg) sericite, or muscovite + chlorite
- primarily false detections of high-abundance sericite on shadowed, north-facing slopes
- primarily false detections of low-Al sericite or muscovite + chlorite on shadowed, north-facing slopes
- primarily false detections of sericite + calcite/chlorite/epidote on shadowed, north-facing slopes
- sericite (or smectite) + calcite (and/or chlorite, epidote)
- smectite (montmorillonite) or low-abundance sericite

* spectral match to alunite (deep absorption near 2.17 micrometers)

## Explanation - Map 5

### ASTER-derived alteration type and key mineral assemblages grouped by relative net acid production and acid neutralizing capacity

**High net acid production (NAP)**

- pyritic (jarosite)
- phyllic (quartz-sericite-pyrite, or QSP)
- *potential* phyllic (QSP) on north-facing slopes

**Moderate to high NAP (variable pyrite content)**

- advanced argillic
- argillic + ferric iron
- regional propylitic to weak QSP (minor sericite + ferric iron)

**Low to moderate NAP**

- argillic (no ferric iron)

**Moderate to high acid neutralizing capacity (ANC)**

- propylitic or carbonate rocks +/- sericite or smectite
- *possible* regional propylitic
- sericite + chlorite

**High ANC**

- propylitic or carbonate rocks +/- sericite or smectite

**No significant NAP or ANC**

- sericitic (mainly lithologic, especially in metamorphosed pelitic rocks)

- outline of ASTER data coverage
- outline of AVIRIS data coverage
- areas of no data, cloud, cloud shadow, snow, or corrupted shortwave infrared (SWIR) data
- approximate outline of Colorado Mineral Belt

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