Appendix B. A description of all basin characteristics considered as potential explanatory variables in the various regressions conducted as part of the Southeast Model Comparison.

[Gages-II can be found in Falcone and others (2009) and in Falcone (2011). cm, centimeter; m, meter]

Variable Name	Source	Class	Description	FDC Regressions	Moment Regressions
			Mean watersned aspect, degrees (degrees of the		
			compass, 0-360). Derived from 100-m resolution		
			National Elevation Data. 0 and 360 point to north.		
			Because of the national Albers projection, actual aspect		
ASPECT_DEGREES	Gages-II	Торо	may vary.	Χ	
_	-		Average value for the range of available water capacity		
			for the soil layer or horizon (inches of water per inches		
AWCAVE	Gages-II	Soils	of soil depth).	Χ	
			Watershed compactness ratio, 100 times the area		
			divided by the squared perimeter; higher values		
BAS_COMPACTNESS	Gages-II	Bas_Morph	represent a more compact shape.	Χ	
			Average value of bulk density (grams per cubic		
BDAVE	Gages-II	Soils	centimeter).	Χ	Χ
			Percent of the watershed classified as corn cropland.		
CDL_CORN	Gages-II	LC_Crops	Class 1 of the 2009 USDA NASS Cropland Data Layer.	X	Χ
			Percent of the watershed classified as other hays		
			cropland. Class 37 of the 2009 USDA NASS Cropland		
CDL_OTHER_HAYS	Gages-II	LC_Crops	Data Layer.	Χ	
			Percent of the watershed classified as pasture/grass		
CDL DACTURE CRACC	C !!	16.6	cropland. Class 62 of the 2009 USDA NASS Cropland	V	
CDL_PASTURE_GRASS	Gages-II	LC_Crops	Data Layer.	Х	
			Percent of the watershed classified as soybeans		
			cropland. Class 5 of the 2009 USDA NASS Cropland		
CDL_SOYBEAN	Gages-II	LC_Crops	Data Layer.	X	X
CLAYAVE	Gages-II	Soils	Average value of clay content (percentage).	Х	Χ
			Subsurface flow contact time index. The subsurface		
			contact time index estimates the number of days that		
			infiltrated water resides in the saturated subsurface		
CONTACT	Gages-II	Hydro	zone of the basin before discharging into the stream.	Χ	Χ
CORNSOYBEAN_index	Derived (Gages-II)	LC06_Basin	Summation of CDL_CORN and CDL_SOYBEANS.	X	Χ

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Variable Name	Source	Class	Description	FDC Regressions	Moment Regressions
			Percentage of the watershed classified as cultivated		
CROPSNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	crops (class 82).	Χ	
			Percentage of the watershed classified as deciduous		
DECIDNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	forest (class 41).	Χ	Χ
			Watershed drainage area, sq km, as delineated in our		
DRAIN_SQKM	Gages-II	BasinID	basin boundary.	Χ	Χ
			Maximum watershed elevation (meters) from 100-m		
ELEV_MAX_M	Gages-II	Торо	National Elevation Dataset.		Χ
			Mean watershed elevation (meters) from 100-m		
ELEV_MEAN_M_BASIN	Gages-II	Торо	National Elevation Dataset.	Χ	Χ
			Median watershed elevation (meters) from 100-m		
ELEV_MEDIAN_M_BASIN	Gages-II	Торо	National Elevation Dataset.	X	X
			Minimum watershed elevation (meters) from 100-m		
ELEV_MIN_M	Gages-II	Торо	National Elevation Dataset (may include sinks).		Χ
			Percentage of the watershed classified as evergreen		
EVERGRNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	forest (class 42).	Χ	
			Percentage of the watershed classified as forested.		
FORESTNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	(Sum of classes 41, 42, and 43.)	Χ	
			Monthly precipitation (12 values) as a fraction of		
FracP	Derived (Gages-II)	Climate	annual total precipitation.		Χ
			Number of days between first frost (FST32F_BASIN) and		
FROST_index	Derived (Gages-II)	Climate	last frost (LST32F_BASIN).	Χ	Χ
			Watershed average of mean day of the year of first		
			freeze, derived from 30 years of record (1961-1990), 2-		
			km PRISM. For example, value of 300 is the 300th day		
FST32F_BASIN	Gages-II	Climate	of the year (Oct 27th).	Χ	Χ
			Percentage of the watershed classified as herbaceous		
GRASSNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	(grassland) (class 71).	X	
			Average January (1971-2000) air temperature for the		
JAN_TMP7100_DEGC	Gages-II	Climate	watershed, degrees C; derived from 800-m PRISM data.	X	

Appendix B. A description of all basin characteristics considered as potential explanatory variables in the various regressions conducted as part of the Southeast Model Comparison.—Continued [Gages-II can be found in Falcone and others (2009) and in Falcone (2011). cm, centimeter; m, meter]

Variable Name	Source	Class	Description	FDC Regressions	Moment Regressions
			Average July (1971-2000) air temperature for the		
JUL_TMP7100_DEGC	Gages-II	Climate	watershed, degrees C; derived from 800-m PRISM data.	X	
			Average K-factor value for the uppermost soil horizon		
			in each soil component. K-factor is an erodibility factor		
			that quantifies the susceptibility of soil particles to		
			detachment and movement by water. The K-factor is		
			used in the Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) to		
			estimate soil loss by water. Higher values of K-factor		
KFACT_UP	Gages-II	Soils	indicate greater potential for erosion.	X	X
			Summation of WOODYWETNLCD06 and		
LAND_index	Derived (Gages-II)	LC06_Basin	EVERGRNLCD06.	X	
			Watershed average of mean day of the year of last		
			freeze, derived from 30 years of record (1961-1990), 2-		
			km PRISM. For example, value of 100 is the 100th day		
LST32F_BASIN	Gages-II	Climate	of the year (April 10th).	X	X
			Average March (1971-2000) precipitation (cm) for the		
MAR_PPT7100_CM	Gages-II	Climate	watershed; derived from 800-m PRISM data.	Х	
			Average precipitation (cm) for the watershed for each		
MonP	Derived (Gages-II)	Climate	month (12 values); derived from 800-m PRISM data.		Χ
			Average air temperature (1971-2000) for the		
			watershed for each month (12 values), degrees C;		
MonT	Derived (Gages-II)	Climate	derived from 800-m PRISM data.		X
			Average October (1971-2000) precipitation (cm) for the		
OCT_PPT7100_CM	Gages-II	Climate	watershed; derived from 800-m PRISM data.	X	
	· ·		Average value of organic matter content (percent by		
OMAVE	Gages-II	Soils	weight).	X	Χ
	-		Percentage of the watershed classified as pasture or		
PASTURENLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	hay (class 81).	X	Χ
	=	_			

Appendix B. A description of all basin characteristics considered as potential explanatory variables in the various regressions conducted as part of the Southeast Model Comparison.—Continued [Gages-II can be found in Falcone and others (2009) and in Falcone (2011). cm, centimeter; m, meter]

Variable Name	Source	Class	Description	FDC Regressions	Moment Regressions
GEOPERM	Gleeson et al. (2011)	Geology	Geological permeability.	Х	X
PERMAVE	Gages-II	Soils	Average permeability (inches/hour).	Χ	Χ
			Mean-annual potential evapotranspiration (PET),		
PET	Gages-II	Climate	estimated using the Hamon (1961) equation.	X	X
			Percentage of the watershed classified as planted or		
PLANTNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	cultivated (agriculture). (Sum of classes 81 and 82.)	X	X
			Difference between March and October precipitation		
PPT_index	Derived (Gages-II)	Climate	as a fraction of the average precipitation.	Χ	Χ
_			Mean annual precip (cm; 1971-2000) for the		
PPTAVG_BASIN	Gages-II	Climate	watershed, from 800-m PRISM data.	Χ	Χ
_	-		Precipitation seasonality index. Index of how much		
			annual precipitation falls seasonally (high values) or		
			spread out over the year (low values). Based on		
			monthly precipitation values from 30-year (1971-2000)		
			PRISM. Range is 0 (precipitation is spread out exactly		
			evenly in each month) to 1 (all precipitation falls in a		
PRECIP_SEAS_IND	Gages-II	Climate	single month).	Χ	
			Basin relief. (Maximum elevation minus minimum		
RELIEFFT	Derived (Gages-II)	Торо	elevation.)	Χ	Χ
			Average annual (1971-2000) rainfall and runoff factor		
RFACT	Gages-II	Soils	("R factor" of USLE).	Χ	Χ
			Watershed average (1971-2000) relative humidity		
RH_BASIN	Gages-II	Climate	(percent), from 2-km PRISM.	X	X
ROCKDEPAVE	Gages-II	Soils	Average value of total soil thickness examined (inches).	X	X
			Dimensionless elevation relief ratio, calculated as as		
			the difference between mean and minimum elevation		
RRMEAN	Gages-II	Торо	divided by the full range of elevations.	X	Χ

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Variable Name	Source	Class	Description	FDC Regressions	Moment Regressions
			Dimensionless elevation relief ratio, calculated as as the difference between median and minimum		
RRMEDIAN	Gages-II	Торо	elevation divided by the full range of elevations.	X	X
SANDAVE	Gages-II	Soils	Average sand content of soils (percentage). Percentage of the watershed classified as shrubland	X	X
SHRUBNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	(class 52).	Χ	
SILTAVE	Gages-II	Soils	Average silt content of soils (percentage). Mean watershed slope, percent; derived from 100-m	X	X
SLOPE_PCT	Gages-II	Торо	resolution National Elevation Dataset.	Х	Χ
			Estimated snow as a percent of total precipitation,		
SNOW_PCT_PRECIP	Gages-II	Climate	mean for period 1901-2000 on a 1-km grid. Monthly precipitation, standardized by mean and	Х	
StanP	Derived (Gages-II)	Climate	standard deviation of monthly precipitation. Monthly average temperature standardized by mean and standard deviation of monthly average		Х
StanT	Derived (Gages-II)	Climate	temperature.		X
			Average annual air temperature (1971-2000) for the		
T_AVG_BASIN	Gages-II	Climate	watershed, degrees C; derived from 2-km PRISM data. Difference between the average July temperature and January temperature, less the basin average	X	X
T_index	Derived (Gages-II)	Climate	temperature. Watershed average of maximum monthly air	X	X
T_MAX_BASIN	Gages-II	Climate	temperature (degrees C, 1971-2000) from 800-m PRISM data. Watershed average of minimum monthly air	X	X
T_MIN_BASIN	Gages-II	Climate	temperature (degrees C, 1971-2000) from 800-m PRISM data.	Х	X

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Variable Name	Source	Class	Description	FDC Regressions	Moment Regressions
			Topographic wetness index. Calculated as In(a/S),		
			where "In" is the natural log, "a" is the upslope area per		
			unit contour length and "S" is the slope at that point.		
			See		
			http://ks.water.usgs.gov/Kansas/pubs/reports/wrir.99-		
TOPWET	Gages-II	Hydro	4242.html for more detail.	Χ	Χ
			Percentage of the watershed classified as open water		
WATERNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	(class 11).	Χ	Χ
			Percentage of the watershed classified as woody		
WOODYWETNLCD06	Gages-II	LC06_Basin	wetlands (class 90).	X	Χ
			Average value of depth to seasonally high water table		
WTDEPAVE	Gages-II	Soils	(feet).	X	Χ