



EXPLANATION

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <p><b>CRETACEOUS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Late rhyolite dikes</li> <li>□ Andesite dikes or plugs</li> <li>□ Diorite</li> <li>□ Pegmatite dikes</li> <li>□ Porphyritic granite</li> <li>□ Porphyritic granite</li> <li>□ Medium-grained granite</li> <li>□ Breccia zone cemented by fluorite</li> <li>□ Shattered zone with numerous fluorite veinlets</li> <li>□ Fluorite veinlets away from brecciated and shattered zone</li> </ul> | <p><b>CAMBRIAN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>□ Silicified zone along fault</li> <li>--- Contact, showing dip<br/>Dashed where approximately located</li> <li>--- Fault, showing dip<br/>Dashed where approximately located</li> <li>--- Strike and dip of joints</li> <li>--- Strike of vertical joints</li> <li>⊥ Inclined shaft</li> <li>⊙ Pit, trench, or glory hole</li> <li>⊙ Dump</li> <li>△ Claim monument</li> <li>⊗ BM 6663.7</li> <li>⊕ Bench mark</li> </ul> |
|---|--|

LIBRARY OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

Topography by Elliot Gillerman and J. F. Schreiber, Jr.

GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE SPAR HILL AND PINE CANYON FLUOROSPAR DEPOSITS AND VICINITY, BURRO MOUNTAINS, GRANT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

Geology by Elliot Gillerman, Sept. 1948 July, 1948

