



EXPLANATION

- 10.4 m, 69°
5.9 m, 33°
- Large fault scarp**—Tick on downslope side; maximum relief across scarp greater than about 10 m, as determined from field studies or estimated from aerial photographs; value in meters is maximum relief across fault scarp; value in degrees is maximum scarp slope angle
- Small fault scarp**—Tick on downslope side; maximum relief across scarp less than about 10 m; value in meters is maximum relief across fault scarp; value in degrees is maximum scarp slope angle
- Linear fault-related feature**—Most are trenches, aligned notches, low scarps, aligned drainages, and vegetation lineaments
- Subtle and (or) discontinuous fault-related feature**—Many are vegetation and tonal-contrast (as interpreted from aerial photographs) lineaments
- Geomorphic surfaces**
- Q1B No to light desert varnish and inactive but well-defined bar and channel topography. Late Holocene age (about 200–2,000 years old)
- Q1C Medium to dark desert varnish and subdued bar-and-swale topography. Holocene age (about 2,000–10,000 years old)
- Q2 Dark desert varnish and smooth geomorphic surface. Pleistocene age (greater than 10,000 years; predates Lake Manly in Death Valley)

LINEAR FEATURES OF THE MUSTARD CANYON, GOLDEN CANYON, ARTISTS DRIVE,
BADWATER TURTLEBACK, AND BLACK MOUNTAINS SECTIONS,
DEATH VALLEY FAULT ZONE, CALIFORNIA

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