

STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMNS FROM SOUTHERN AREA: SOUTH OF I-10

EXPLANATION

Generalized description of lithologic patterns used on columns. See individual columns for details of composition, lithologic diversity, or formation names. Isotopic age determinations (in Ma) on left side of column; linear time scale on right. See "Preface" in text for further explanation.

Sedimentary rocks and deposits

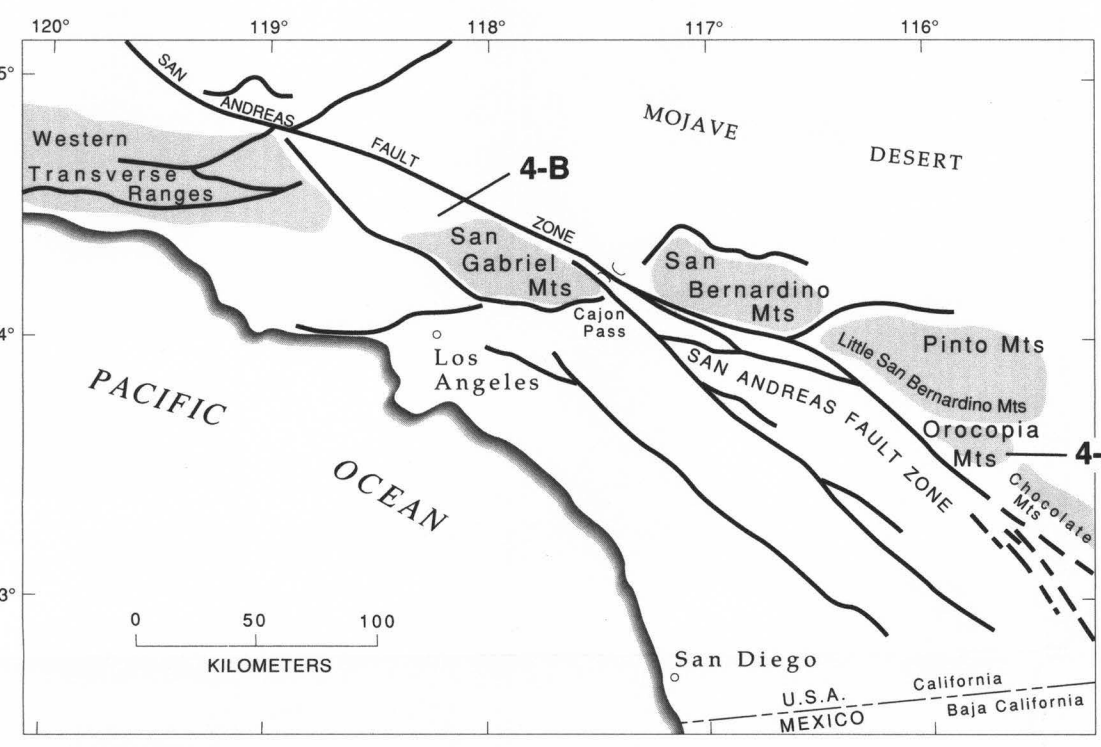
- Alluvium
- Limestone
- Evaporite. May locally contain gypsum, halite, or celestine
- Claystone, mudstone, and siltstone
- Sandstone
- Sandstone and conglomerate
- Conglomerate and sandstone
- Conglomerate
- Breccia, debris-flow deposits
- Tuffaceous sedimentary rocks

Volcanic rocks and deposits

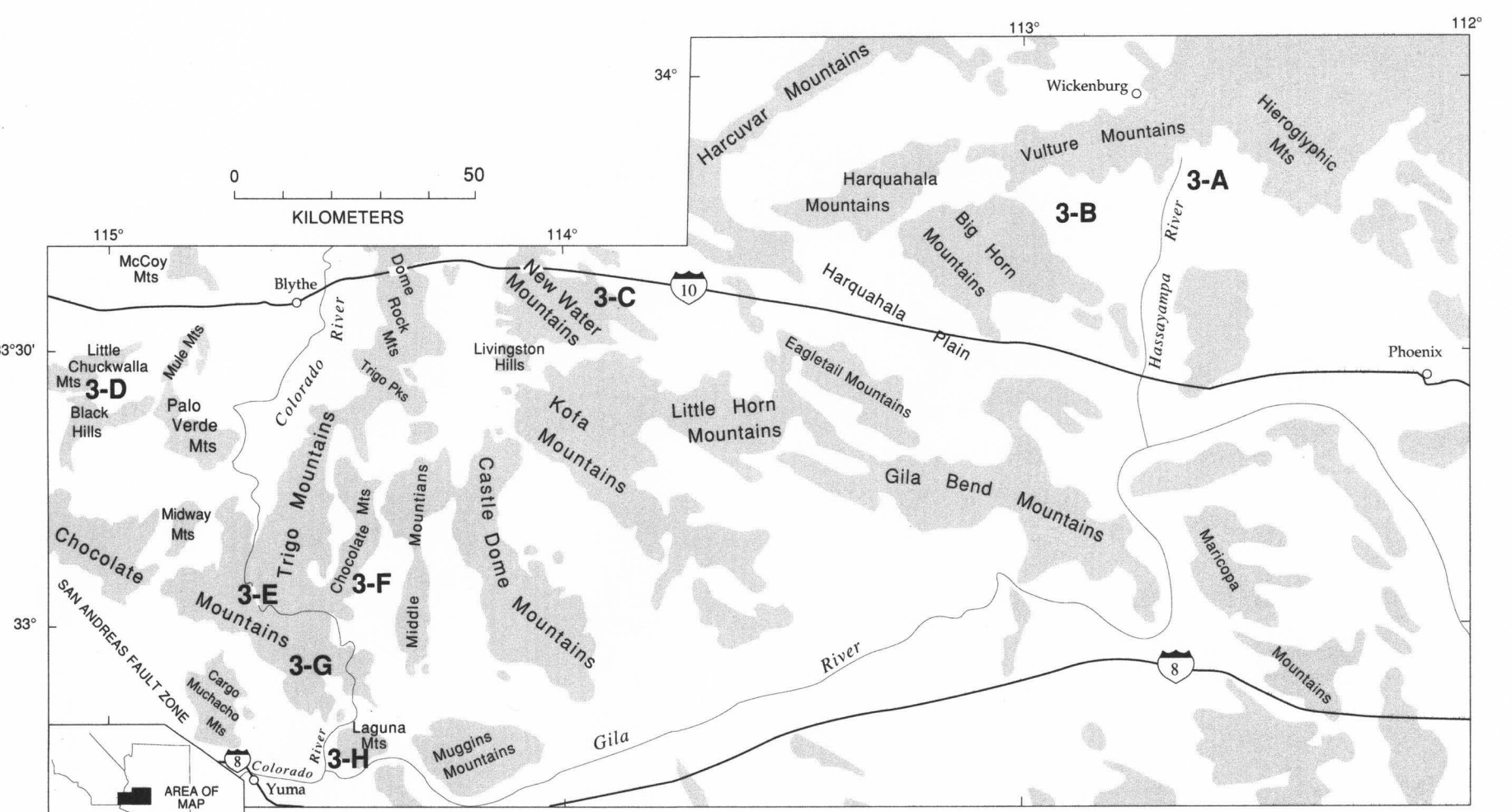
- Chiefly lava flows and domes
- Basalt and basaltic andesite. May locally contain trachyte
- Andesite and dacite
- Rhyodacite and rhyolite

Chiefly volcanoclastic rocks

- Ash-flow tuff
- Tuff and tuffaceous rocks
- Breccia
- Unconformable contact—Queried where uncertain
- Section of uncertain rock type or covered interval
- Unit thickness, in meters



INDEX MAP SHOWING LOCATION OF STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMNS DISCUSSED IN CHAPTER 4



INDEX MAP SHOWING LOCATION OF STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMNS DISCUSSED IN CHAPTER 3

STRATIGRAPHIC COLUMNS FROM FAR WESTERN AREA  
NEAR SAN ANDREAS FAULT ZONE, CALIFORNIA

TERTIARY STRATIGRAPHY OF HIGHLY EXTENDED TERRANES, CALIFORNIA, ARIZONA, AND NEVADA

David R. Sherrod and Jane E. Nielson, editors  
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