## **Results of Alkalinity Calculator**

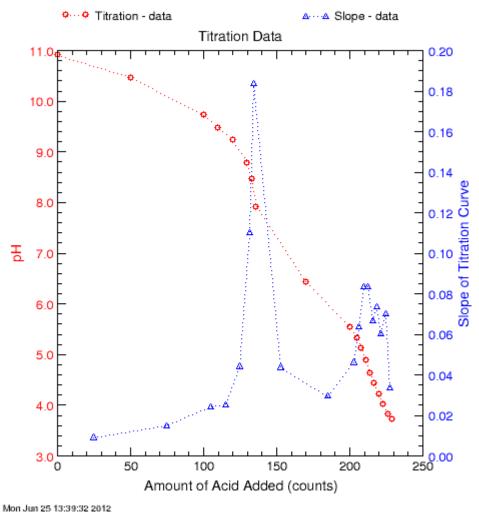
Date: Tuesday, 22-May-2012, 16:29 UTC Version: 2.21 // [22-Mar-2009] <version history> Site Name: MW01 - Sample 1 Replicate Site ID: 431525108371901 Collection Date: 4/24/12 Collection Time: 1331 Sample Temperature: 21.00 °C Sample Conductance: 1642.0 µS/cm **Analyst:** Peter McMahon **Analysis Date:** 4/24/12 **Analysis Time:** Sample Volume: 100 mL Filtered?: yes Acid Concentration: 1.60 eq/L Acid Lot Number: A0321 Acid Correction Factor: 1.010 [help] Acid Expiration Date: July 2012 Stirring Method: magnetic

Titration Type: digital titration

**Comments:** 

**Titration Data:** 

: [	рН	-d(pH)	Counts	d(Counts)	-d(pH)/d(Counts)
	10.91		0		
	10.46	0.45	50	50.0	0.009000
	9.72	0.74	100	50.0	0.014800
	9.48	0.24	110	10.0	0.024000
	9.23	0.25	120	10.0	0.025000
	8.79	0.44	130	10.0	0.044000
	8.46	0.33	133	3.0	0.110000
	7.91	0.55	136	3.0	0.183333
	6.43	1.48	170	34.0	0.043529
	5.55	0.88	200	30.0	0.029333
	5.32	0.23	205	5.0	0.046000
	5.13	0.19	208	3.0	0.063333
	4.88	0.25	211	3.0	0.083333
	4.63	0.25	214	3.0	0.083333
	4.43	0.20	217	3.0	0.066667
	4.21	0.22	220	3.0	0.073333
	4.03	0.18	223	3.0	0.060000
	3.82	0.21	226	3.0	0.070000
	3.72	0.10	229	3.0	0.033333



This is a PNG image. [help]

Results from	Inflection Point Method				
Inflection Point Method:	The <u>inflection point method</u> determines endpoints by finding the greatest change in the measured pH per unit volume of acid added. [reporting tips]				
	Carbonate endpoint:	pH 8.19	134.5 counts		
	Bicarbonate endpoint:	pH 4.88	211.0 counts		
	Alkalinity:	4.26 meq/L	213.3 mg/L as $CaCO_3$		
	Advanced Speciation (from alkalinity and sample pH)				
	Hydroxide:	0.69 meq/L	11.7 mg/L as OH <sup>-</sup>		
	Carbonate:	3.27 meq/L	98.1 mg/L as CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>		
	Bicarbonate:	0.31 meq/L	18.7 mg/L as $HCO_3^-$		
	<b>Warning:</b> The carbonate endpoint found in this titration (134.5 counts) does not agree well with the calculated theoretical carbonate endpoint for this cample (114.0 counts). This is an indication that				

counts) does not agree well with the calculated theoretical carbonate endpoint for this sample (114.9 counts). This is an indication that something significant, other than hydroxide, carbonate, and bicarbonate, was neutralized in this titration. **The calculated values**  for carbonate and bicarbonate may not represent their true concentrations in the sample and should be reported only as estimates. Use the "e" remark code when entering the carbonate and bicarbonate concentrations into NWIS. [more info]

Equilibrium	Constituent	Symbol	log <sub>10</sub> (K)
Dissociation Constants:	Water	K <sub>w</sub> '	-14.07
	Carbonic acid	K <sub>1</sub> '	-6.31
	Bicarbonate	K2 <sup>'</sup>	-10.18

These mixed acid dissociation constants have been corrected for both temperature effects and activity corrections, using the following data as the basis for those corrections:

Temperature:	21.00 °C	
Specific conductance:	1642.0 µS/cm	
Estimated ionic strength:	2.42e-02 eq/L	

If you don't think the inflection point method, either of the theoretical carbonate titration curve methods, or the Gran method found the correct endpoints, hit the **Back** button on your browser and try again with one or more user-specified fixed endpoints.

Confused about the methods used? See the <u>methods</u> page.

Thanks for using the Alkalinity Calculator!