

NOTE A

On the reverse side of our Form 9 (Well Record) is space for a "Condensed Drillers Log." In filling out this side of the form we request that for both field wells and exploratory test operators show:

1) Lithologic descriptions by gross intervals (rather than the drilling operations log which on occasion has been provided in the past). And we are especially interested in a description of the rock in which the well bottomed.

Also, we would appreciate a description of any circumstances indicating the presence and extent of any lost circulation zones. Such circumstances would be the loss of returns, sudden dropping of the drill pipe during drilling operations, extremely and anomalously fast drilling time, and the necessity of re-drilling a given section due to the presence of "boulders." The inclusion of information of this type would be a definite aid in understanding the hydrology of the cavernous zones, used for salt water disposal in the oil fields of southern Florida.

In addition, any definite evidence of a stronger than usual water flow should be noted; and any comments relative to approximate pressure and chemical content of the flow would be helpful.

2) A statement relative to whether or not cement returns were obtained in the setting of those casing strings, the annular space of which preferably should be sealed across the fresh water-salt water contact to prevent contamination of fresh water zones. For southern Florida this means that the State would like to know if returns were established in the setting of the 13 3/8-inch surface casing.

3) A full and detailed description of any drill stem tests (Note: Only a very brief description of any DST's is to be shown on the front of Form 9). Initial Shut-in Bottom Hole Pressures are to be provided in those cases in which a "dual shut-in pressure" tool is used.

<u>Depth</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
0 - 3,805	Sand and Shale.
3,805 - 5,504	Chalk w/Interbedded Shale.
5,504 - 10,278	Sand and shale.
10,278 - 10,405	Anhydrite and shale.
10,405 - 15,570	Sand and shale.
15,570 - 16,420	Sand, shale and anhydrite.
16,420 - 16,876	Dolomite and lime.
16,876 - 16,888	Dolomitic, argillaceous sand.
16,888 - 16,967	Anhydrite.