

LEGEND

SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

(Areas of sedimentary rocks are shown by patterns of parallel lines.)

XII Blackwater formation
(conglomerate, sandstone, and shale containing thin coal seams locally workable)

XI Canaan formation
(red and green shale and greenish and brown sandstone)

X Greenbrier limestone
(massive shale and sandstone)

X Potomac sandstone
(gray sandstone, in places conglomeratic)

IX Hampshire formation
(shale and sandstone, mainly red)

Dj Jennings formation
(gray, olive, and buff shale and gray sandstone)

Dr Romney shale
(dark shale with thin lime; some beds near the base)

SDm Monterey sandstone

SI Lewistown limestone
(limestone including the top cherty limestone and the thin shaly and impure limestone with thin beds of coarse rock)

Sr Rockwood formation
(thin sandstone with iron ore below)

Scn Cacapon sandstone

Stc Tuscarora quartzite

Sj Juniata formation
(red sandstone and shale)

Smb Martinsburg shale
(gray shale with sandy beds at the top)

CSs Shenandoah limestone

bs Basalt
(dike)

gf Granite-gneiss
(alkali)

Faults

Sections

X Iron ore prospects

Known productive formations

Sr Iron
(thin beds of hematite iron ore black in the Rockwood formation)

Limestone
(Greenbrier, Lewistown, and Shenandoah limestone formations)

CARBONIFEROUS

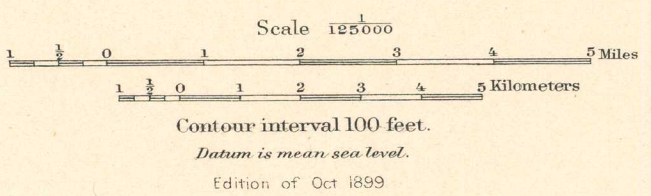
DEVONIAN

SILURIAN

JURASSIC ?



Henry Gannett, Chief Topographer.
Gilbert Thompson, Geographer in charge.
Triangulation by the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.
Topography by L.C. Fletcher.
Surveyed in 1886-87.



Geology by N.H. Darton.
Surveyed in 1896 and 1897.