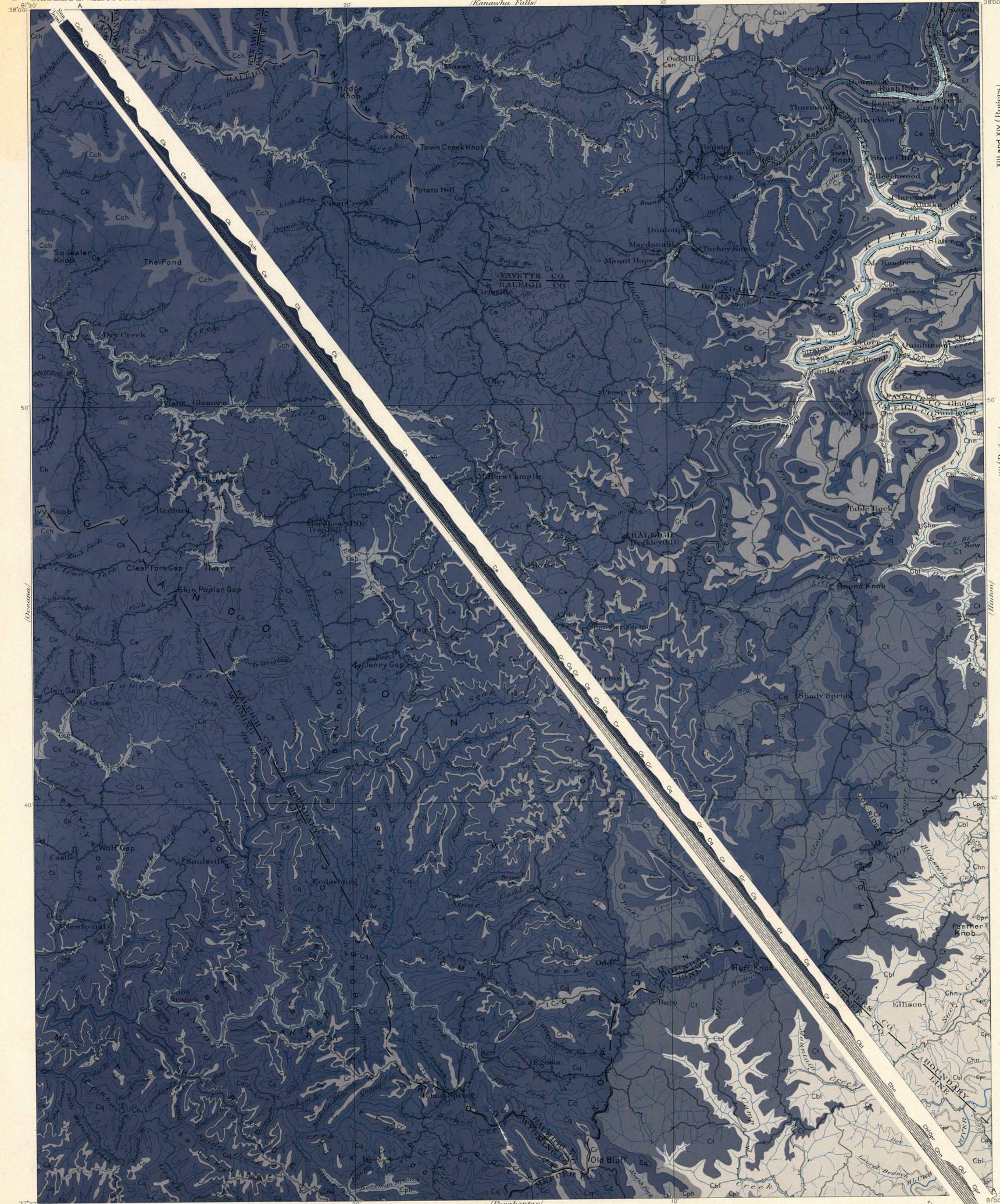


STRUCTURE-SECTION SHEET



LEGEND

SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

SHEET SECTION SYMBOL

Cch Cch
Charleston sandstone
(coarse sandstone or conglomerate with several thick beds of coal)

Ck Ck
Kanawha formation
(sandy and argillaceous shale and soft sandstone with numerous coal beds of workable thickness)

Cs Cs
Sewell formation
(sandy and argillaceous shale and sandstone containing three lentils of coarse sandstone or conglomerate and the Sewell coal bed)

Csn
Nuttall sandstone lentil
(coarse sandstone or conglomerate)

Csh
Harvey conglomerate lentil
(coarse conglomerate)

Csg
Guyandot sandstone lentil
(coarse sandstone or conglomerate)

Cr Cr
Raleigh sandstone
(coarse sandstone or conglomerate, massive along New River but thinner bedded elsewhere)

Cq Cq
Quinnimont shale
(argillaceous and sandy shale with Quinnimont coal at the base and Beckley coal at the top of the formation)

Cc
Clark formation
(shale and sandstone)

Ct Ct
Thurmond formation
(shale and sandstone)

Cph
Pocahontas formation
(shale and sandstone with sandstone coal at the top of the formation)

Cbl Cbl
Bluestone formation
(red and green shales and green sandstone)

Cpr Cpr
Princeton conglomerate
(coarse conglomerate)

Chn Chn
Hinton formation
(red and green shales with beds of sandstone and impure limestone)

Known productive formations

Ck-Cc-Cq-Cc
(Kanawha, Sewell, Quinnimont, and Clark formations contain important coal seams)

Cch-Ct
(Charleston sandstone and Thurmond formation contain coal seams)

Csn-Csh-Csg-Cr-Cph
Coal
(Nuttall, Harvey, and Guyandot lentils, Raleigh sandstone, and Pocahontas formation are associated with coal seams)

XIII and XIV (Rogers)

Lentils in Sewell formation (not differentiated on the section)

XII (Rogers)

(Hinton)

XI (Rogers)

CARBONIFEROUS

Henry Gannett, Chief Topographer.
H.M. Wilson, Chief Geographer in charge.
Triangulation by U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.
Topography by Hersey Munroe.
Surveyed in 1894-95.

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0 1 2 3 4 Kilometers

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