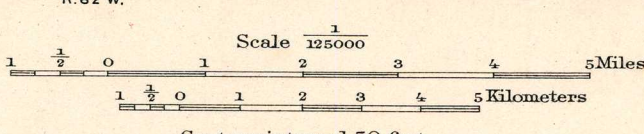
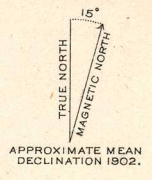


LEGEND

- 0-500
 - 500-1000
 - 1000-1500
 - 1500-2000
 - 2000-2500
 - 2500-3000
 - 3000-3500
- Area of Dakota sandstone which will probably yield flowing wells at less than 3000 feet depth
(Depth to top of Dakota sandstone indicated by pattern. Flowing water may be expected from 20 to 300 feet below the top of the formation.)
- 0-500
 - 500-1000
 - 1000-1500
 - 1500-2000
 - 2000-2500
 - 2500-3000
 - 3000-3500
- Area of Dakota sandstone which will probably yield pumping wells at less than 3000 feet depth
(Depth to top of Dakota sandstone indicated by pattern.)
- Outcrop of Dakota and associated underlying sandstones (area in which surface waters enter water-bearing strata)
- Area in which Dakota sandstone is more than 3000 feet below the surface
- 0-1000
 - 1000-1500
 - 1500-2125
- Depths to water-bearing horizon in Pahassa limestone tapped in Cambria well (the Deadwood sandstone lies from 350 to 500 feet deeper and probably also contains water)
- Wells in Dakota and associated water-bearing strata
 - Cambria well in Pahassa limestone

E.M. Douglas, Geographer in charge.
Triangulation by Frank Tweedy and R.H. Chapman.
Topography by W.H. Herron.
Surveyed in 1899.



Contour interval 50 feet.
Datum in mean sea level.
Edition of Feb. 1904.

DIAGRAM OF TOWNSHIP

6	8	4	2	1	1
7	8	9	10	11	12
18	17	16	15	14	13
19	20	21	22	23	24
30	29	27	26	25	24
31	30	29	28	27	26

Geology by N.H. Darton.
Surveyed in 1899-1901.