

What is a Topographic Map?

A map is a representation of the Earth, or part of it. The distinctive characteristic of a topographic map is that the shape of the Earth's surface is shown by contour lines. Contours are imaginary lines that join points of equal elevation on the surface of the land above or below a reference surface, such as mean sea level. Contours make it possible to measure the height of mountains, depths of the ocean bottom, and steepness of slopes.

A topographic map shows more than contours. The map includes symbols that represent such features as streets, buildings, streams, and vegetation. These symbols are constantly refined to better relate to the features they represent, improve the appearance or readability of the map, or reduce production cost.

Consequently, within the same series, maps may have slightly different symbols for the same feature. Examples of symbols that have changed include built-up areas, roads, intermittent drainage, and some lettering styles. On one type of large-scale topographic map, called provisional, some symbols and lettering are handdrawn.

Topographic Map Symbols

Reading Topographic Maps

Interpreting the colored lines, areas, and other symbols is the first step in using topographic maps. Features are shown as points, lines, or areas, depending on their size and extent. For example, individual houses may be shown as small black squares. For larger buildings, the actual shapes are mapped. In densely built-up areas, most individual buildings are omitted and an area tint is shown. On some maps, post offices, churches, city halls, and other landmark buildings are shown within the tinted area.

The first features usually noticed on a topographic map are the area features, such as vegetation (green), water (blue), and densely built-up areas (gray or red).

Many features are shown by lines that may be straight, curved, solid, dashed, dotted, or in any combination. The colors of the lines usually indicate similar classes of information: topographic contours (brown); lakes, streams, irrigation ditches, and other hydrographic features (blue); land grids and important roads (red); and other roads and trails, railroads, boundaries, and other cultural features (black). At one time, purple was used as a revision color to show all feature changes. Currently, purple is not used in our revision program, but purple features are still present on many existing maps.

Various point symbols are used to depict features such as buildings, campgrounds, springs, water tanks, mines, survey control points, and wells. Names of places and features are shown in a color corresponding to the type of feature. Many features are identified by labels, such as "Substation" or "Golf Course."

Topographic contours are shown in brown by lines of different widths. Each contour is a line of equal elevation; therefore, contours never cross. They show the general shape of the terrain. To help the user determine elevations, index contours are wider. Elevation values are printed in several places along these lines. The narrower intermediate and supplementary contours found between the index contours help to show more details of the land surface shape. Contours that are very close together represent steep slopes. Widely spaced contours or an absence of contours means that the ground slope is relatively level. The elevation difference between adjacent contour lines, called the contour interval, is selected to best show the general shape of the terrain. A map of a relatively flat area may have a contour interval of 10 feet or less. Maps in mountainous areas may have contour intervals of 100 feet or more. The contour interval is printed in the margin of each U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) map.

Bathymetric contours are shown in blue or black, depending on their location. They show the shape and slope of the ocean bottom surface. The bathymetric contour interval may vary on each map and is explained in the map margin.

Area exposed at mean low tide; soundin datum line***	ng
Channel***	
Sunken rock***	+
OUNDARIES	
National	
State or territorial	
County or equivalent	
Civil township or equivalent	
Incorporated city or equivalent	
Federally administered park, reservation, or monument (external)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Federally administered park, reservation, or monument (internal)	
State forest, park, reservation, or	·
monument and large county park	
Forest Service administrative area* Forest Service ranger district*	
National Forest System land status, Forest Service lands*	
National Forest System land status, non-Forest Service lands*	
Small park (county or city)	
UILDINGS AND RELATED FEATURES	
Building	
School; house of worship	t i
Athletic field	
Built-up area	
Forest headquarters*	
Ranger district office*	<u>_</u>
Guard station or work center*	•
Racetrack or raceway	$\bigcirc \bigcirc$
Airport, paved landing strip, runway, taxiway, or apron	
Unpaved landing strip	
Unpaved landing strip Well (other than water), windmill or win	nd generator oo a
	nd generator •• 2
Well (other than water), windmill or win	ed generator •• 2 •● ● ∅ ∅ ₩
Well (other than water), windmill or win Tanks	•••
Well (other than water), windmill or win Tanks Covered reservoir	
Well (other than water), windmill or win Tanks Covered reservoir Gaging station	
Well (other than water), windmill or win Tanks Covered reservoir Gaging station Located or landmark object (feature as Boat ramp or boat access*	
Well (other than water), windmill or win Tanks Covered reservoir Gaging station Located or landmark object (feature as Boat ramp or boat access* Roadside park or rest area	
Well (other than water), windmill or win Tanks Covered reservoir Gaging station Located or landmark object (feature as Boat ramp or boat access* Roadside park or rest area Picnic area	
Well (other than water), windmill or win Tanks Covered reservoir Gaging station Located or landmark object (feature as Boat ramp or boat access* Roadside park or rest area	

Foreshore flat Mud Coral or rock reef 13 martin Reef-Rock, bare or awash; dangerous * to navigation Group of rocks, bare or awash Exposed wreck Depth curve; sounding Breakwater, pier, jetty, or wharf Seawall Oil or gas well; platform 0 **CONTOURS** Topographic Index 6000 Approximate or indefinite Intermediate Approximate or indefinite Supplementary Depression Cut Fill Continental divide Bathymetric Index*** Intermediate*** Index primary*** Primary*** Supplementary*** CONTROL DATA AND MONUMENTS Principal point** ⊕ 3-20 U.S. mineral or location monument ▲ USMM 438 + Mile 69 River mileage marker Boundary monument ^{вм} ₉₁₃₄ ВМ + 277 Third-order or better elevation, with tablet Third-order or better elevation, [⊡] 5628 recoverable mark, no tablet 67 🗆 ₄₅₆₇ With number and elevation Horizontal control Third-order or better, permanent mark △ Neace 🔶 Neace ^{BM}∆ ₅₂ ♦ Pike BM393 With third-order or better elevation With checked spot elevation A 1012 Coincident with found section corner Cactus | Cactus Unmonumented** +

COASTAL FEATURES

Vertical control		
Third-order or better elevation, with tabl	et Bi	$^{\rm M} imes_{5280}$
Third-order or better elevation, recoverable mark, no tablet		× 528
Bench mark coincident with found section corner	BM +	
Spot elevation		× 7523
GLACIERS AND PERMANENT SNOWFIELD	S	
Contours and limits		
Formlines		E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E
Glacial advance	L. P.	
Glacial retreat		
LAND SURVEYS		
Public land survey system		
Range or Township line		
Location approximate		
Location doubtful		
Protracted		
Protracted (AK 1:63,360-scale)		
Range or Township labels	R1E T2N	R3W T49
Section line		
Location approximate		
Location doubtful		
Protracted		
Protracted (AK 1:63,360-scale)		
Section numbers	1 - 36	1 - 36
Found section corner	_	
Found closing corner		_ <u>+</u>
Witness corner	_	
Meander corner	_	— - MC
Weak corner*		
Other land surveys		
Range or Township line		
Section line Land grant, mining claim, donation land		
claim, or tract Land grant, homestead, mineral, or		
other special survey monument Fence or field lines		E
MARINE SHORELINES		
Shoreline		~ .
Apparent (edge of vegetation)***		
Indefinite or unsurveyed		
MINES AND CAVES		
Quarry or open pit mine		×
Gravel, sand, clay, or borrow pit		×
Mine tunnel or cave entrance		
Mine shaft		,
Prospect		:
Tailings		Tailings
Mine dump		

PROJECTION AND GRIDS

Neatline	39°15′ 90°37′30″	
Graticule tick	- 55'	
Graticule intersection		
Datum shift tick	 +	
State plane coordinate systems	I	
Primary zone tick	640 000 FEET	
Secondary zone tick	247 500 METERS	
Tertiary zone tick	260 000 FEET	
Quaternary zone tick	98 500 METERS	
Quintary zone tick	320 000 FEET	
Universal transverse metcator grid		
UTM grid (full grid)	273	
UTM grid ticks*	269	
RAILROADS AND RELATED FEATURES		
Standard gauge railroad, single track	+++-	
Standard gauge railroad, multiple track		
Narrow gauge railroad, single track	- , ' -	
Narrow gauge railroad, multiple track		
Railroad siding	~~	
Railroad in highway Railroad in road		
Railroad in light duty road*	++	
Railroad underpass; overpass	+ +	
Railroad bridge; drawbridge		
Railroad tunnel	+>=====+++	
Railroad yard		
Railroad turntable; roundhouse		
RIVERS, LAKES, AND CANALS		
Perennial stream	\sim	
Perennial river	\sim	
Intermittent stream		
Intermittent river		
Disappearing stream		
Falls, small		
Falls, large		
Rapids, small		
-		
Rapids, large	and a second sec	
Masonry dam		
Dam with lock		
Dam carrying road		

RIVERS, LAKES, AND CANALS – <i>continued</i>		
Perennial lake/pond		
Intermittent lake/pond		
Dry lake/pond	Dry Lake	
Narrow wash		
Wide wash	- <u>Wash</u>	
Canal, flume, or aqueduct with lock	$-\!$	
Elevated aqueduct, flume, or conduit	\rightarrow \leftarrow \rightarrow \leftarrow	
Aqueduct tunnel	→===≠-→====≠-	
Water well, geyser, fumarole, or mud p	ot oo	
Spring or seep	•	

ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES

Please note: Roads on Provisional-edition maps are not classified as primary, secondary, or light duty. These roads are all classified as improved roads and are symbolized the same as light duty roads.

Primary highway		
Secondary highway		
Light duty road		
Light duty road, paved*		
Light duty road, gravel*		
Light duty road, dirt*		
Light duty road, unspecified*		
Unimproved road		======
Unimproved road*	======	
4WD road		
4WD road*	======	
Trail		
Highway or road with median strip		
Highway or road under construction		<u>Under</u> Const
Highway or road underpass; overpass	-	┥┿╸
Highway or road bridge; drawbridge		
Highway or road tunnel		
Road block, berm, or barrier*		—
Gate on road*		<u> </u>
Trailhead*		

* USGS-USDA Forest Service Single-Edition Quadrangle maps only.

In August 1993, the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Forest Service signed an Interagency Agreement to begin a single-edition joint mapping program. This agreement established the coordination for producing and maintaining single-edition primary series topographic maps for quadrangles containing National Forest System lands. The joint mapping program eliminates duplication of effort by the agencies and results in a more frequent revision cycle for quadrangles containing National Forests. Maps are revised on the basis of jointly developed standards and contain normal features mapped by the USGS, as well as additional Forest System lands. Singleedition maps look slightly different but meet the content, accuracy, and quality criteria of other USGS products.

SUBMERGED AREAS AND BOGS Marsh or swamp Submerged marsh or swamp Wooded marsh or swamp Submerged wooded marsh or swamp Submerged wooded marsh or swamp Land subject to inundation Max Pool 431

SURFACE FEATURES

Levee	<u>Levee</u>
Sand or mud	(Sand)
Disturbed surface	
Gravel beach or glacial moraine	(Gravel)
Tailings pond	Tailings Pond
FRANSMISSION LINES AND PIPELINE	S
Power transmission line; pole; tower	+
Telephone line	——— Telephone
Aboveground pipeline	
Underground pipeline	Pipeline
VEGETATION	
Woodland	
Shrubland	
Orchard	
Vineyard	
Mangrove	Mangrove

** Provisional-Edition maps only.

Provisional-edition maps were established to expedite completion of the remaining large-scale topographic quadrangles of the conterminous United States. They contain essentially the same level of information as the standard series maps. This series can be easily recognized by the title "Provisional Edition" in the lower right-hand corner.

*** Topographic Bathymetric maps only.

Topographic Map Information

For more information about topographic maps produced by the USGS, please call: 1-888-ASK-USGS or visit us at http://ask.usgs.gov/

