GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE BRANNAN GULCH 7-1/2' QUADRANGLE, BAKER COUNTY, OREGON

By James G. Evans
GEOLOGIC MAP SYMBOLS
COMMONLY USED ON MAPS OF THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
(Special symbols are shown in explanation)

Contact — Dashed where approximately located; short dashed where inferred; dotted where concealed

Fault — Dashed where approximately located; short dashed where inferred; dotted where concealed

Fault, showing dip — Ball and bar en downthrown side

Normal fault — Hachured on downthrown side

Fault — Showing relative horizontal movement

Thrust fault — Sawteeth on upper plate

Anticline — Showing direction of plunge; dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed

Asymmetric anticline — Short arrow indicates steeper limb

Overturmed anticline — Showing direction of dip of limbs

Syncline — Showing direction of plunge; dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed

Asymmetric syncline — Short arrow indicates steeper limb

Overturmed syncline — Showing direction of dip of limbs

Monoclone — Showing direction of plunge of axis

Minor anticline — Showing plunge of axis

Minor syncline — Showing plunge of axis

Strike and dip of beds — Ball indicates top of beds known from sedimentary structures

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Note: planar symbols (strike and dip of beds, foliation or schistosity, and cleavage) may be combined with linear symbols to record data observed at same locality by superimposed symbols at point of observation. Coexisting planar symbols are shown intersecting at point of observation.

Shafts

Vertical

Adit, tunnel, or slope

Accessible

Inaccessible

Prospect

Quarry

Active

Abandoned

Gravel pit

Active

Abandoned

Oil well

Drilling

Shut-in

Dry hole

Gas

Show of gas abandoned

Oil

Show of oil