DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA
MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND NATIONAL ECONOMY
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF PETROLEUM AND MINERAL AFFAIRS

MISCELLANEOUS GEOLOGIC INVESTIGATIONS
MAP I-270 B-I

ARABIAN PENINSULA

Scale 1:2 000 000

Bathymetric contours and spot elevations in meters

1958

MAP LEGEND

- Capital
- City
- Town or village
- Surfaced primary road
- Primary road
- Secondary road
- Trail
- Railroad
- Abandoned railroad
- Railroad station
- Airport
- Landing field
- Ruins
- Water pipe line
- Important desert watering points
- Oil field
- Oil pipe line
- Oil terminal
- Pumping station, auxiliary pumping unit, or gas and oil separation plant
- Refinery
- Mine, prospect, or ancient workings
- Sabkhah (See glossary)
- Coral reef
- Lava flow or volcanic debris
- International boundary

GLOSSARY

Transliteration of names conforms to the system of the Board on Geographic Names (BGN/PCGN system), except for those in Africa and the Island of Socotra (Saqatra).

Arabic

Abraq	Rocky hill with sand on slopes
'Ayn; pl., 'Uyún	Spring, solution pit, or well
Barqah(t)	Hard ground
Bath	Depression or hollow, usually elongate
Bi'r; pl., Bi'ar	Dug Well
Dalj	Deep sink hole or solution cavity
Darb	Road or trail
Dikkah(t)	Rollan sand terrain dominated by hummocks accumulated about small bushes and grass clumps
Ghubbah(t)	Gypsum
Harrah(t)	Lava flow and volcanic debris
Hisn	Fort
'Irq; pl., 'Urúq	Long linear sand ridge
Jabal; pl., Jibal	Hill or mountain
Jazirah(t); pl., Jazá'ir	Island
Khafs	Pond in a natural depression
Khalíj	Gulf
Khashm	Headland or promontory along a cliff or mountain front
Khawr	Small gulf
Mishash	Shallow hand-dug well
Nafud	Large area of sand dunes
Nakb	Stone
Qal'ah(t)	Fortress
Qasr	Fort, palace, or castle
Qurayn (diminutive of Qarn)	Prominent mountain front
Ramlah(t); pl., Rimál	Sand area
Ra's	Cape
Rawḍah(t); pl., Riyáḍ	Closed basin with flint, flat, vegetation-covered mud surface, occasionally containing a playa lake
Rihā	Long row or ridge of low broken hills
Sabkhah(t)	Silt, clay, and sand flats, often with saline incrustations
Sahl	Plain
Saqiyah(t)	Ditch
Shafā	Same as wādī
Sharm	Abyss, sea-gulf
Summān	Extensive, rocky, plateau-like area ranging from a plain to shallowly dissected area
Sūq	Market place
'Urayq (diminutive of 'Irq)	Small linear sand ridge
Wādī; pl., Widyān	Valley or dry water course

Persian

Bandar	Port
Jazīreh	Island
Rūd, Rūdkhāneh	River
Shahr	City

NOTES

Prepared by the U. S. Geological Survey and the Arabian American Oil Company under the joint sponsorship of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Ministry of Finance and National Economy, and the U. S. Department of State.

Compiled in 1957 by Max E. Brown, Richard A. Bramkamp, Leon F. Ramirez, Ray D. Jackson, Simon H. Kinney, and Clifford O. Bacon. Where photography was unavailable World Aeronautical Charts, British War Office 1:1,000,000 and 1:250,000 maps, and ground traverse by Arabian American Oil Company were used as source materials. Geographic positions of coast and reef symbols are interpolated from data on published charts of the U.S. Hydrographic Office and the British Admiralty. Interpolated positions of boundary lines not demarcated on the ground are not necessarily definitive.

Geographic names on this map are based on information available as of January 1958. Minor differences between some of these names and those on the 1:500,000 quadrangle maps of the same area are the result of more recent information.

Lambert conformal conic projection; standard parallels 17° and 33°.

This map has been prepared as a base for a geologic map in preparation. It is available at the Directorate General of Petroleum and Mineral Affairs, Jiddah and Ad Dammam, Saudi Arabia, and at the U. S. Geological Survey, Washington, D. C., U. S. A.

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