

NOTES ON BASE

This is one map in a series of topographic map sheets covering the entire surface of Mars at nominal scales of 1:25,000,000 and 1:5,000,000 (Barton, 1973). The major source of map data was the Mariner 9 television experiment (Masursky and others, 1970).

ADOPTED FIGURE

The figure of Mars used for the computation of the map projection is an oblate spheroid (flattening of 1/192) with an equatorial radius of 3393.4 km and a polar radius of 3375.7 km.

PROJECTION

The Mercator projection is used for this sheet, with a scale of 1:5,000,000 at the equator and 1:4,330,000 at lat 30°. Longitudes increase to the west in accordance with usage of the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1971). Latitudes are areographic (de Vaucouleurs and others, 1973).

CONTROL

Planimetric control is provided by photogrammetric triangulation using Mariner 9 pictures (Davies, 1973; Davies and Arthur, 1973) and the radio-tracked position of the spacecraft. The first meridian passes through the crater Airy-0 (latitude 5.19° S) within the crater Airy. No simple statement is possible for the precision, but local consistency is 5-10 km.

MAPPING TECHNIQUE

A series of mosaics of Mercator projections of Mariner 9 pictures was assembled at 1:5,000,000. Shaded relief was copied from the mosaics and portrayed with uniform illumination with the sun to the west. Many Mariner 9 pictures besides those in the base mosaic were examined to improve the portrayal (Levinthal and others, 1973). The shading is not generalized and may be interpreted with photographic reliability (Inge, 1972). Shaded relief analysis and representation were made by Susan L. Davis.

COLOR

No attempt was made on the map to precisely duplicate the color of the Martian surface, although the color used does approximate it.

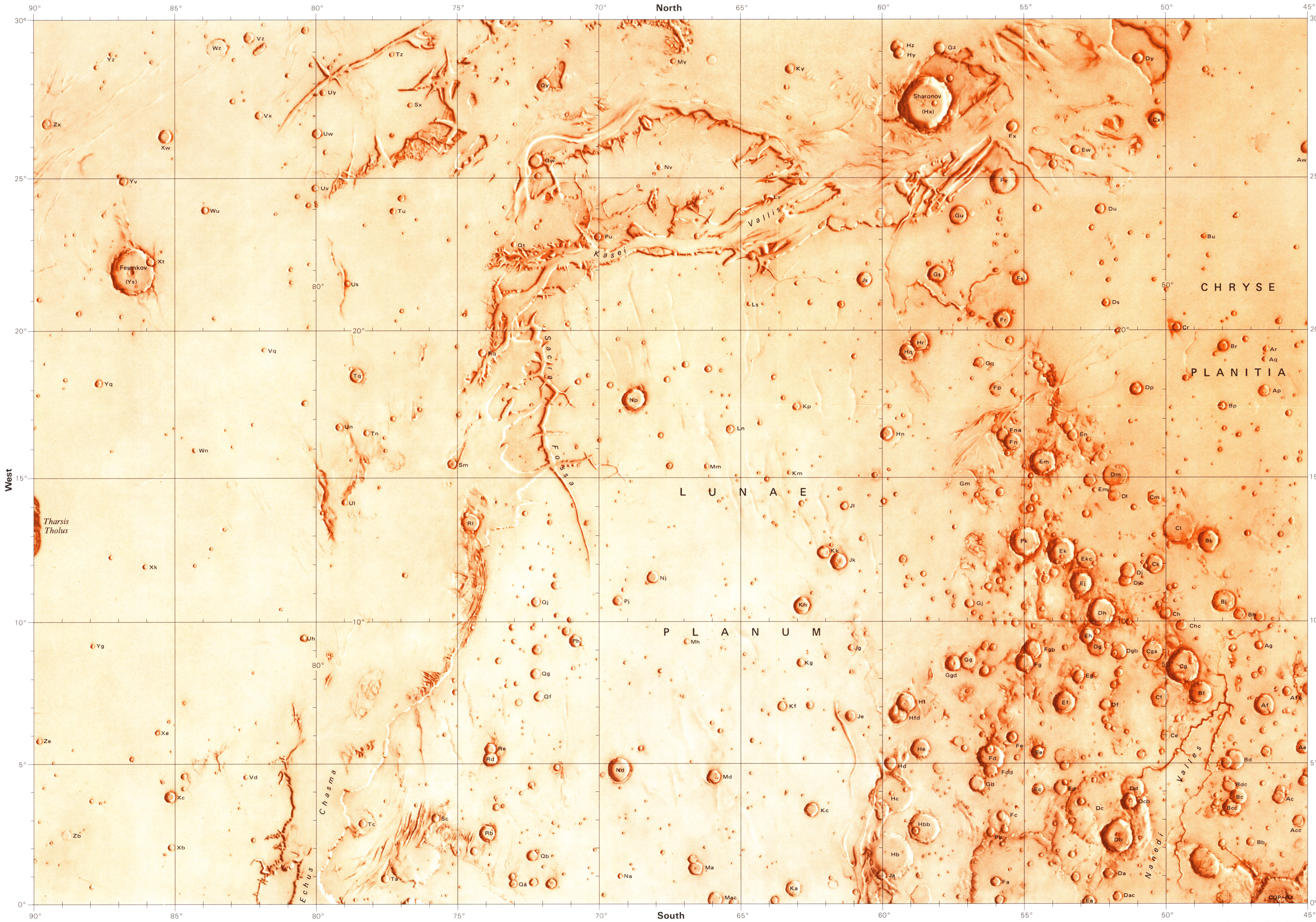
NOMENCLATURE

All names on this sheet are approved by the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1974), except the following names which are provisional: Echus Chauma, Nandi Vallis and Sacra Foss. Double and triple letter designations for craters refer to position on the map. Some craters have commemorative names; letter designations for these craters are shown in parentheses. Where craters lie mostly on an adjoining map, their letters are derived from the other map; where craters lie exactly on the boundary of two maps, their letters are derived from the eastern or southern map.

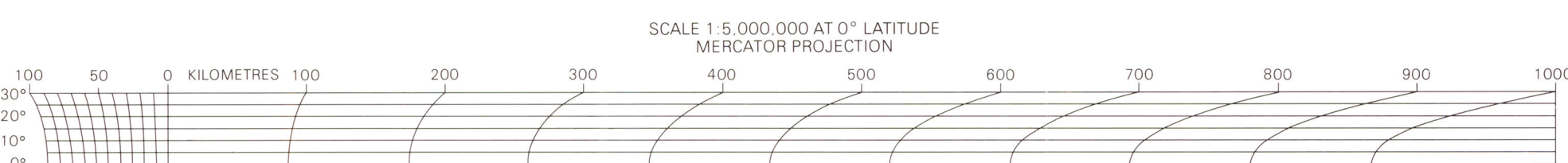
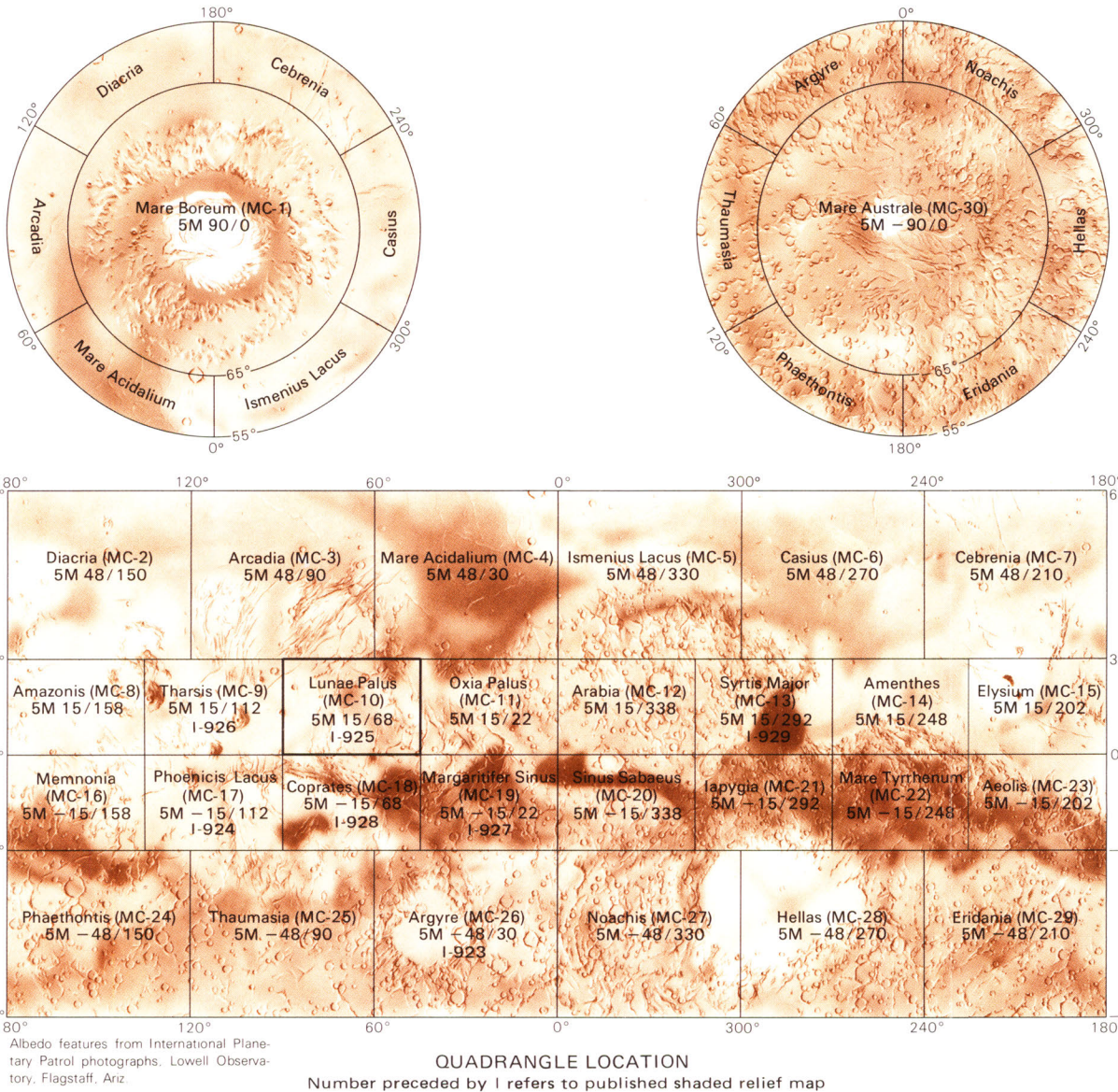
MC-10: Abbreviation for Mars Chart 10.
M 5M 15/68 R: Abbreviation for Mars 1:5,000,000 series; center of sheet, 15° latitude, 68° longitude; shaded relief map, R.

REFERENCES

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International Astronomical Union, Commission 16, 1971, Physical study of planets and satellites in Proc. 14th General Assembly, 1970: Internat. Astron. Union Trans., v. XIVB, p. 128-137.
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Interior—Geological Survey, Reston, Va., 1975. 0757123
Prepared on behalf of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California
Institute of Technology under WO-8122



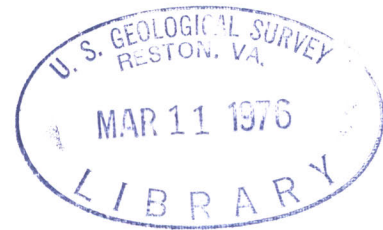
Acamera pictures			
Index No.	DAS No.	Index No.	DAS No.
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2	07255863	25	07471273
3	07255593	26	07471203
4	07255672	27	07471133
5	07255253	28	07471063
6	07271143	29	08071778
7	07255953	30	07543583
8	07327773	31	07543223
9	07327423	32	07543163
10	07327553	33	07543093
11	07327283	34	07543023
12	07327113	35	07471053
13	05380798	36	07543053
14	08798859	37	05138728
15	07399733	38	08046669
16	07399893	39	07543473
17	07399913	40	07543053
18	07399923	41	07543448
19	07399924	42	07543483
20	07399913	43	07543448
21	073999103	44	07543413
22	08050219	45	07543443
23	07471693		

INDEX TO MARINER 9 PICTURES
The mosaic used to control the positioning of features on this map was made with the Mariner 9 A-camera pictures outlined above.

SHADED RELIEF MAP OF THE LUNAE PALUS QUADRANGLE OF MARS

MC-10
M 5M 15/68 R
1975

For sale by U.S. Geological Survey,
Denver, Colo. 80226, and Reston, Va. 22092, price \$1.00



Mars (Lunae Palus quad.) Relief 1:5,000,000. 1975.
Copy 1

G3700
SVR
C438
1-925
C-9



M(200)
1-985
c.1