

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

NOTES ON BASE

This is one map in a series of topographic map sheets covering the entire surface of Mars at nominal scales of 1:25,000,000 and 1:5,000,000 (Barton, 1973). The major source of map data was the Mariner 9 television experiment (Masursky and others, 1970).

ADOPTED FIGURE

The figure of Mars used for the computation of the map projection is an oblate spheroid (flattening of 1/192) with an equatorial radius of 3393.4 km and a polar radius of 3375.7 km.

PROJECTION

The polar stereographic projection is used for this sheet, with a scale of 1:4,290,000 at lat 45°. Longitude increases to the west in accordance with usage of the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1971). Latitudes are areographic (de Vaucouleurs and others, 1973).

CONTROL

Planimetric control is provided by photogrammetric triangulation using Mariner 9 pictures (Davies, 1973; Davies and Arthur, 1973) and the radio-tracked position of the spacecraft. The first meridian passes through the crater Airy 0 (lat 5.1° S) within the crater Airy. No simple statement is possible for the precision, but local consistency is 5-15 km.

MAPPING TECHNIQUE

Selected Mariner 9 pictures, transformed to the polar stereographic projection, were assembled in a mosaic at 1:5,000,000.

Shaded relief was copied from the mosaic and portrayed with uniform illumination with the sun to the west. Many Mariner 9 pictures besides those in the base mosaic were examined to improve the portrayal (Levinthal and others, 1973). The shading is not generalized and may be interpreted with photographic reliability (Inge, 1972).

Shaded relief analysis and representation were made by Patricia M. Bridges.

COLOR

No attempt was made on the map to precisely duplicate the color of the Martian surface, although the color used does approximate it.

NOMENCLATURE

All names on this sheet are approved by the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1974; Milman, written communication, 1975). Double and triple letter designations for craters refer to position on the map. Some craters have commemorative names; letter designations for these craters are shown in parentheses. Where craters lie mostly on an adjoining map, their letters are derived from the other map; where craters lie exactly on the boundary of two maps, their letters are derived from the eastern or southern map.

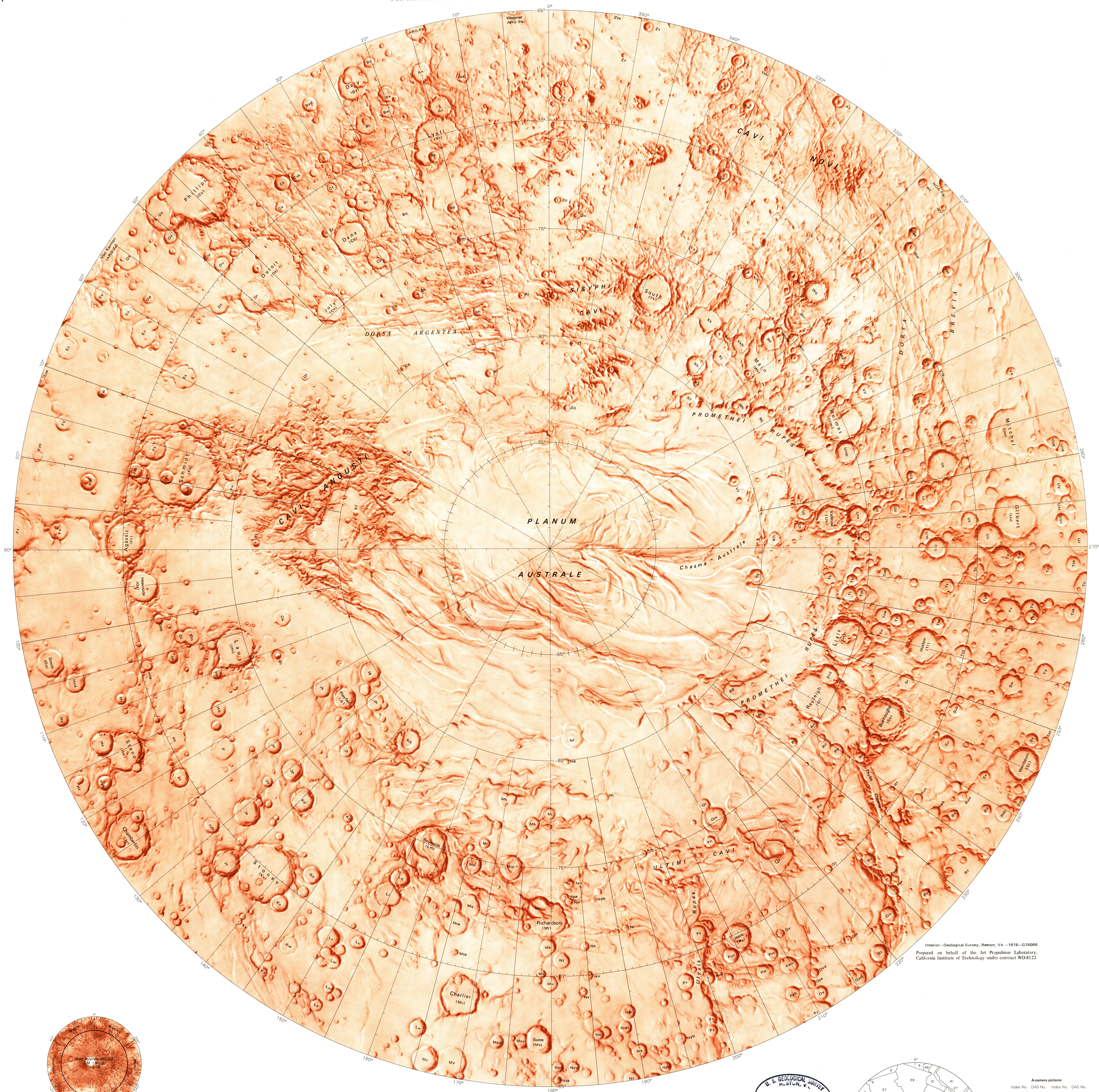
MC-30: Abbreviation for Mars Chart 30.
M 5M-90/0 R: Abbreviation for Mars 1:5,000,000 series, center of sheet 90° S latitude, 0° longitude; shaded relief map, R.

REFERENCES

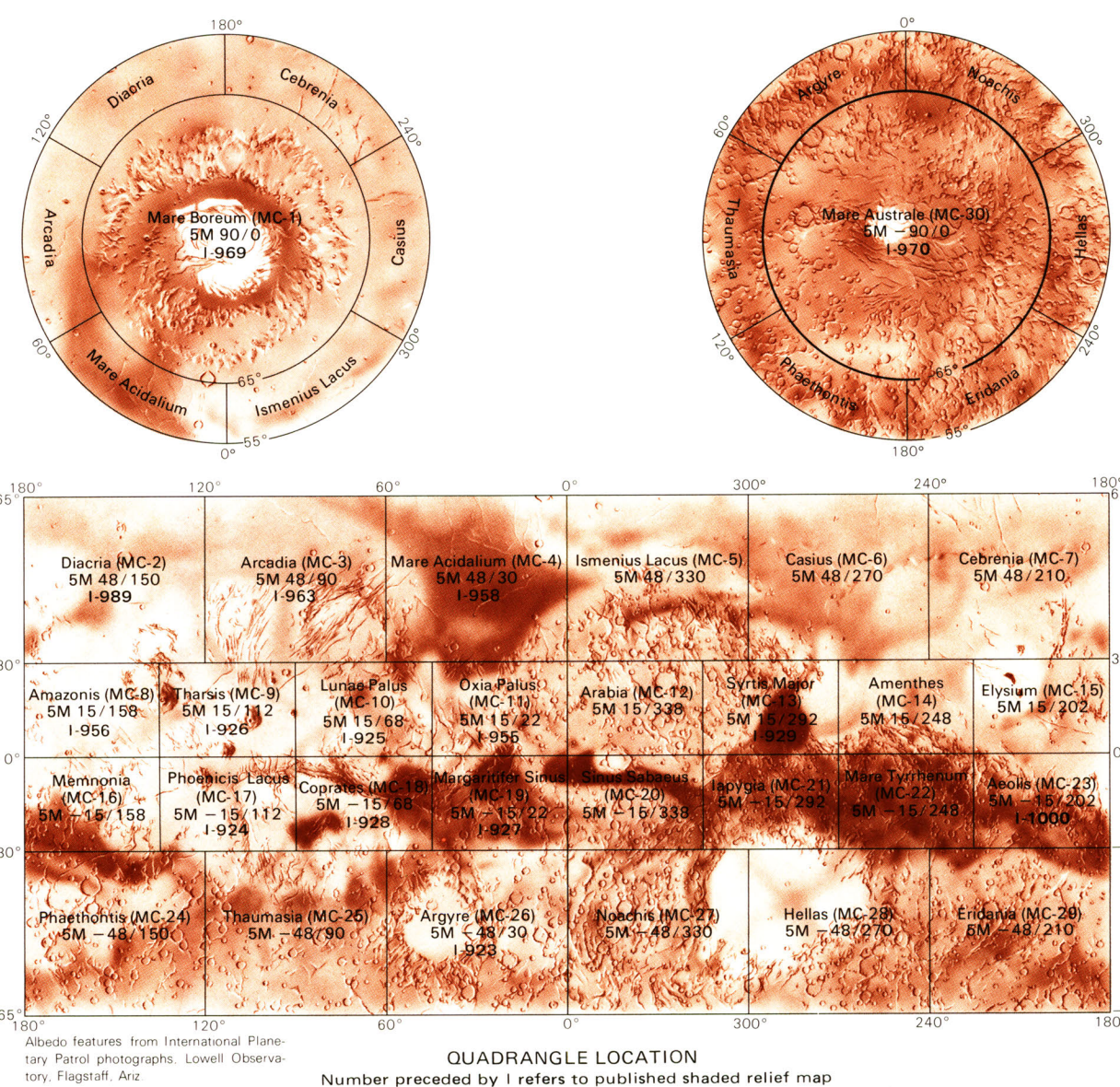
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Prepared in Cooperation with the
JET PROPULSION LABORATORY, CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
FOR THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

ATLAS OF MARS
1:5,000,000 TOPOGRAPHIC SERIES
MARE AUSTRALE AREA
M 5M-90/0 R, 1976
1-970 (MC-30)



Interior—Geological Survey, Reston, Va.—1976—G75066
Prepared on behalf of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory,
California Institute of Technology under contract W0-8122

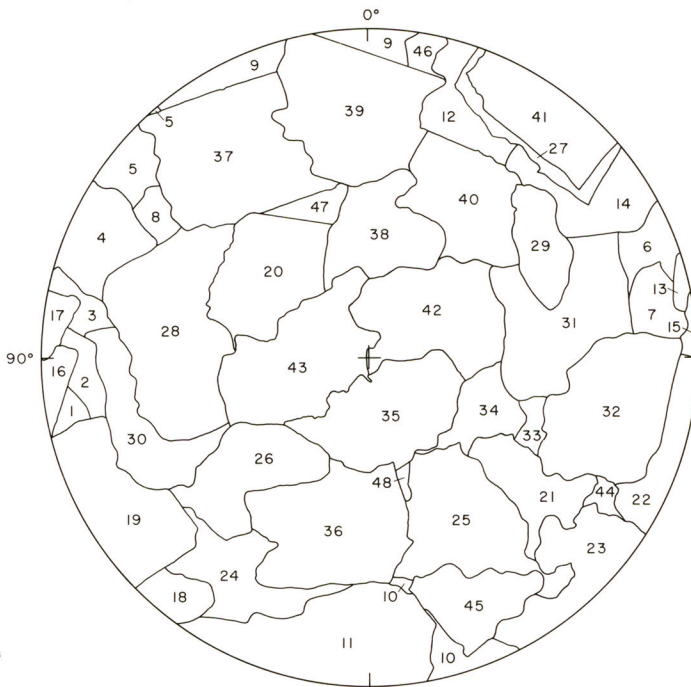
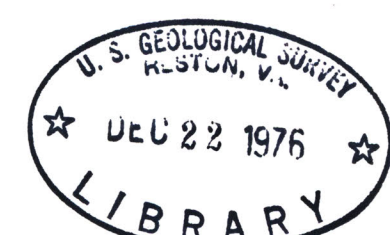


SCALE 1:4,290,000 AT 45° LATITUDE
POLAR STEREOGRAPHIC PROJECTION



SHADED RELIEF MAP OF THE MARE AUSTRALE AREA OF MARS

MC-30
M 5M-90/0 R
1976



Index No.	Picture No.	Index No.	Picture No.
1	06084308	26	07324508
2	06084428	27	07406808
3	06084488	28	07406808
4	06084568	29	07406808
5	06084608	30	07406808
6	06100108	31	07406808
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INDEX TO MARINER 9 PICTURES
The mosaic used to control the positioning of features on this map was made with the Mariner 9 A-camera pictures outlined above.

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