

NOTES ON BASE

This is one map in a series of topographic map sheets covering the entire surface of Mars at nominal scales of 1:5,000,000 and 1:5,000,000 (Bates, 1973). The major source of map data was the Mariner 9 television experiment (Matuszky and others, 1970).

ADOPTED FIGURE

The figure of Mars used for the computation of the map projection is an oblate spheroid (flattening of 1/192) with an equatorial radius of 3393.4 km and a polar radius of 3373.7 km.

PROJECTION

The polar stereographic projection is used for this sheet, with a scale of 1:4,290,000 at lat 45°. Longitudes increase to the west in accordance with usage of the International Astronomical Union (IAU, 1971). Latitudes are areographic (de Vasconcelos and others, 1973).

CONTROL

Planimetric control is provided by photogrammetric triangulation using Mariner 9 pictures (Davies, 1973; Davies and Arthur, 1973) and the radio-tracked position of the spacecraft. The first meridian passes through the crater Airy-0 (lat 51° S) within the crater Airy. No simple statement is possible for the precision, but local consistency is 5-15 km.

MAPPING TECHNIQUE

Selected Mariner 9 pictures, transformed to the polar stereographic projection, were assembled in a mosaic at 1:5,000,000.

Shaded relief was copied from the mosaic and portrayed with uniform illumination with the sun to the west. Many Mariner 9 pictures besides those in the base mosaic were examined to improve the portrayal (Levinthal and others, 1973). The shading is not generated and may be interpreted with photographic reliability (fig. 1972).

Shaded relief analysis and representation were made by Patricia M. Davies.

COLOR

No attempt was made on the map to precisely duplicate the color of the Martian surface, although the color used does approximate it.

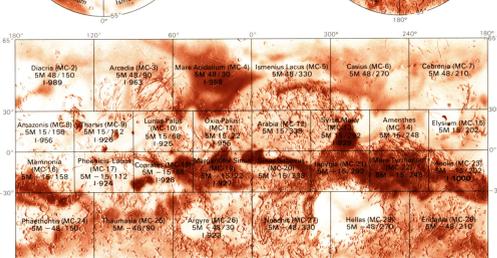
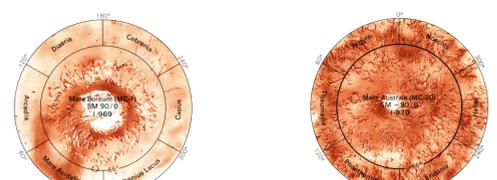
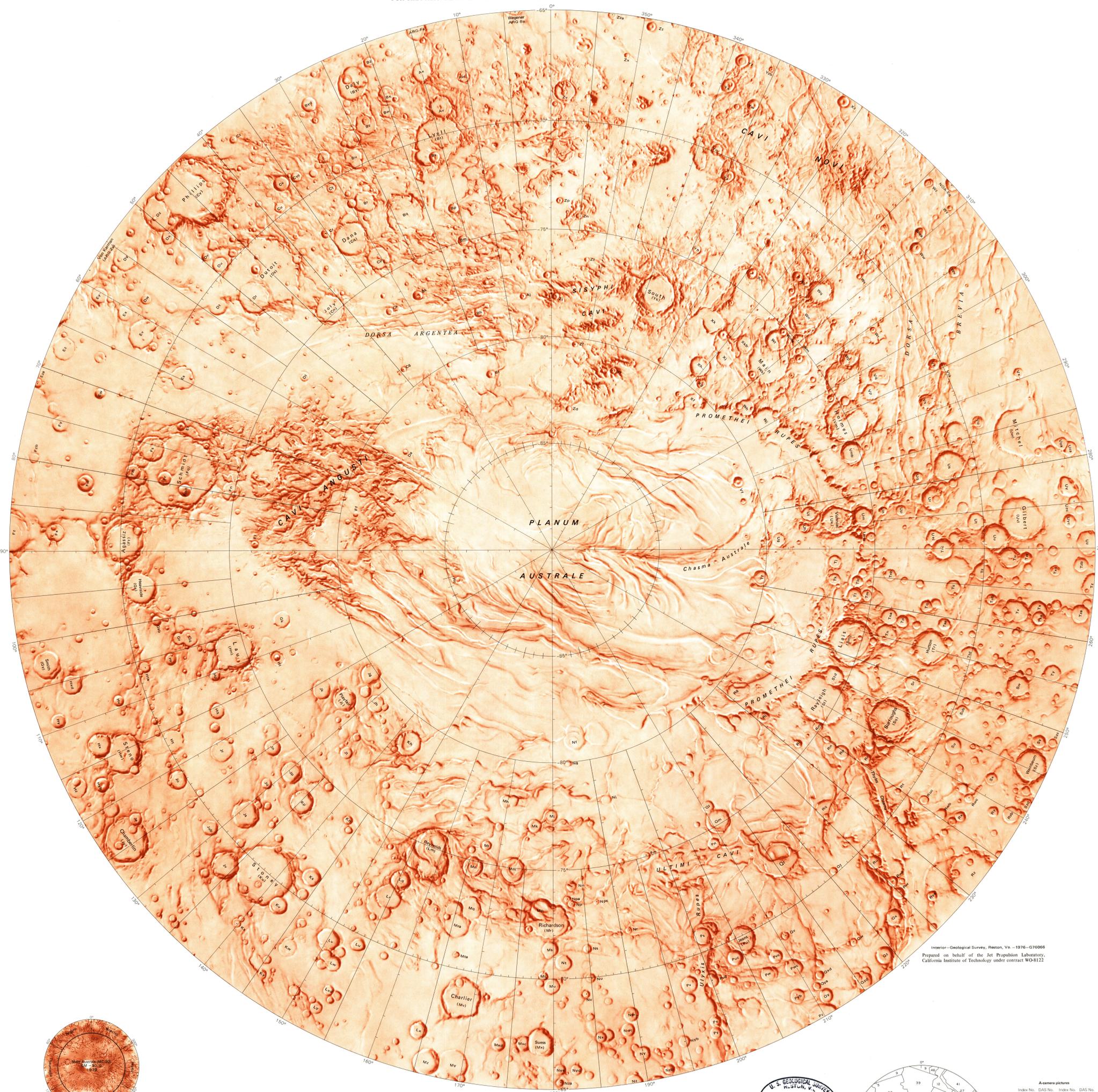
NOMENCLATURE

All names on this sheet are approved by the International Astronomical Union (IAU), 1974. Millman, writer communication, 1975. Possible and triple letter designations for craters refer to position on the map. Some craters have commemorative names; letter designations for these craters are shown in parentheses. Where craters lie mostly on an adjoining map, their letters are derived from the other map, where craters lie exactly on the boundary of two maps, their letters are derived from the eastern or southern map.

MC-30: Abbreviation for Mars Chart 30.
M SM-90/0 R: Abbreviation for Mars 1:5,000,000 series, center of sheet, 90° S latitude, 0° longitude; shaded relief map, R.

REFERENCES

- Bates, R. M., 1973, Cartographic products from the Mariner 9 mission, Jour. Geophys. Research, v. 78, no. 20, p. 4424-4435.
Davies, M. E., 1973, Mariner 9: Primary control net, Photogram. Eng., v. 39, no. 12, p. 1297-1302.
Davies, M. E., and Arthur, D. W. G., 1973, Martian surface coordinates, Jour. Geophys. Research, v. 78, no. 20, p. 4354-4394.
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International Astronomical Union, Commission 16, 1971, Physical study of planets and satellites, in Proc. 14th General Assembly, 1970, Internat. Astron. Union Trans., v. XVIII, p. 1281-137.
—, 1974, Physical study of planets and satellites, in Proc. 15th General Assembly, 1973, Internat. Astron. Union Trans., v. XXV, p. 105-109.
Levinthal, E. C., Green, W. B., Cutts, J. A., Jablonska, E. D., Johnson, R. A., Sander, M. J., Seidman, J. B., Young, A. T., and Soderholm, L. A., 1973, Mariner 9 - Image processing and production, Icarus, v. 18, no. 1, p. 75-101.
Matuszky, Harold; Bates, R. M., Burgess, W. T., Carr, M. H., McCaskey, J. F., Milton, D. J., Wilkey, R. L., Wilkins, D. E., Murray, B. C., Horowitz, N. H., Leighton, R. B., Sharp, R. V., Thompson, T. W., Wiggs, G. C., Chandrasekhar, P., Shipley, F. N., Sagan, Carl, Pollack, J. B., Lederberg, Joshua, Levinthal, E. C., Hartmann, W. K., McCord, T. B., Smith, B. A., Davies, M. E., de Vasconcelos, G. D., and Loomis, C. B., 1970, Television experiment for Mariner 1971, Icarus, v. 12, no. 1, p. 10-15.
de Vasconcelos, G. D., Davies, M. E., Sturms, F. M., Jr., 1973, The Mariner 9 areographic coordinate system, Jour. Geophys. Research, v. 78, no. 20, p. 4395-4404.



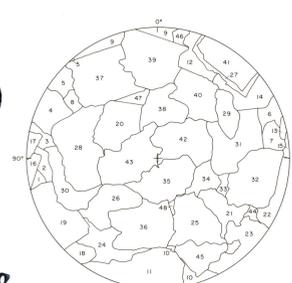
QUADRANGLE LOCATION
Number preceded by 1 refers to published shaded relief map

SCALE 1:4,290,000 AT 45° LATITUDE
POLAR STEREOGRAPHIC PROJECTION



SHADED RELIEF MAP OF THE MARE AUSTRALE AREA OF MARS

MC-30
M SM-90/0 R
1976



Acamera pictures

Index No.	DAIS No.	Index No.	DAIS No.
1	05094308	29	07324508
2	05094428	30	07486808
3	05094508	31	07502408
4	05094588	32	07592408
5	05094668	33	07682408
6	05094748	34	07772408
7	05094828	35	07862408
8	05094908	36	07952408
9	05140528	37	08118808
10	05170528	38	08279208
11	05190528	39	08439608
12	05210528	40	08599908
13	05230528	41	08760308
14	05250528	42	08920708
15	05270528	43	09081108
16	05290528	44	09241508
17	05310528	45	09401908
18	05330528	46	09562308
19	05350528	47	09722708
20	05370528	48	09883108
21	05390528	49	10043508
22	05410528	50	10203908
23	05430528	51	10364308
24	05450528	52	10524708

INDEX TO MARINER 9 PICTURES
The mosaic used to control the positioning of features on this map was made with the Mariner 9 Acamera pictures outlined above.

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63700
SVL
6438
1-970
Mare (Mare Australe area), Relief, 1:5,000,000, 1976
Cpt. J. M. (200)

