TNTRODUCTION

The earthquake data shown on this map and listed in table 1 are a list of earthquakes that were originally used in a study of seismic risk in the United States (Algermissen, 1969). This data file has been recompiled and updated through 1979. Some revisions of epicenters and intensities in the original file have been made, and in addition intensities have been assigned to earthquakes that previously had none assigned. Only earthquakes located within the boundary of the State are listed in table 1 even though earthquakes with epicenters in bordering states or countries may have been felt or caused damage in the state. Intensity values were updated from new and additional data sources that were not available at the time of original compilation. Some epicenters were relocated on the basis of new information. The data shown in table 1 represents best estimates of the epicenter, magnitude, and intensity of each earthquake on the basis of historical and current information. Some of the aftershocks from large earthquakes are listed but aftershock data are incomplete in many instances, especially for ones that occurred before seismic instruments were in universal usage.

The data in table 1 were used to compile the seismicity map. To prepare the seismicity map the latitude and longitude of each epicenter were rounded to the nearest tenth of a degree and the number of events with identical locations were counted. The triangle on the map represent epicenters plotted to the nearest tenth of a degree. The number of earthquakes at each location is shown on the map by the number to the right of the triangle. A Roman numeral to the left of a triangle is the maximum Modified Mercalli intensity (Wood and Neumann, 1931) of all earthquakes located at that geographic position. The absence of an intensity value indicates that no intensities have been assigned to earthquakes at that location. The four digit number shown below each triangle refers the latest year for which the maximum intensity was recorded.

EXPLANATION OF THE TABLES

The data are listed chronologically in table 1 in the following categories: date, origin time, N. latitude, W. longitude, depth, hypocenter quality and referenced data sources, magnitude, and intensity (Modified Mercalli) and intensity source references. Table 1 has some basic limitations in terms of the size (magnitude or intensity) of the earthquakes listed. Prior to 1965 all recorded felt earthquakes are listed, after 1965 only felt earthquakes or those with magnitudes above the 2.5-3.0 range are listed; the lower magnitude levels apply mostly to the Eastern United States. If no magnitude was computed and the earthquake was felt it was included in the earthquake list. The low magnitude events located in recent years with dense seismograph networks have not been included.

Listed below is an explanation of the symbols and codes used in the tables:

- 1. Leaders (..) indicate information not available.
- 2. Latitude and longitude are listed to a hundredth of a degree if they have been published with that degree of accuracy, or greater; however, most historical events have been published only to the nearest degree or tenth of a degree and are therefore listed at this accuracy in table 1. An asterisk (*) to the right of the longitude indicates that the latitude and longitude were not given in the source reference, but were assigned by the compilers of the data file. An (x) to the right of the longitude indicates that the event is an explosion, a suspected explosion, rockburst, or a nontectonic event; these have not been plotted on the map.
- 3. The letter code in the HYPOCENTER, QUAL column is defined below:
 a. Determination of instrumental hypocenters are estimated to be accurate within the ranges of latitude and longitude listed below; each range is letter coded as indicated:
 - A 0.0°-0.1°
 B 0.1°-0.2°
 C 0.2°-0.5°
 D 0.5°-1.0°
 E 1.0° or larger
 - b. Determination of noninstrumental epicenters from felt data are estimated to be accurate within the ranges of latitude and longitude listed below; each range is letter coded as indicated:
 - F 0.0°-0.5° G 0.5°-1.0° H 1.0°-2.0° I 2.0° or larger
- 4. The reference identification numbers in the HYPOCENTER, REF and INTENSITY, REF columns indicate the sources of the hypocenter and intensity. They are listed in numerical order in table 2.
- 5. The magnitudes listed under "USGS" are mb values (Gutenberg and Richter, 1956) published in the Preliminary Determination of Epicenters (PDE) by the National Earthquake Information Service, U. S. Geological Survey and predecessor organizations. Associated with the magnitude values listed under "OTHER" are the source code and type. Type is defined by 1 = ML (Richter, 1958), 2 = mbLg (Nuttli, 1973), 3 = MS (Bath, 1966 or Gutenberg, 1945), 4 = mb (Gutenberg and Richter, 1956), and 5 = mbLg modified. The source codes are listed below:
 - GS National Earthquake Information Service (and predecessor organizations),
 - U. S. Geological Survey, Golden, Colo.
 NMI New Mexico Institute of Mining Technology, Socorro, N.M.
 - NMI New Mexico Institute of Mining Technology, Socorro, N.M. SLM St. Louis University, St. Louis, Mo.
 - TUL Oklahoma Geophysical Observatory, Oklahoma Geological Survey, Leonard, Okla.
- 6. An asterisk (*) in the INTENSITY, MM column indicates that the intensity was assigned by the compiler on the basis of the available data at the time the catalog was compiled.

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Table 1.--Chronological listing of earthquakes for the State of Texas

D A T E YEAR MONTH DAY	ORIGIN TIME(UTC) LAT. H M S (N.)	LONG. DEPTH (W.) (KM)	HYPOCENTER QUAL REF	MAGNITUDE USGS OTHER	INTENSITY MM REF
1070		07. 7			
1873 MAY 01 1873 MAY 01	04 30 30.2	97.7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	G 105 G 105		III* 105 III* 105
1873 MAY 01	30.2	97.7	G 105		111* 105
1882 OCT 22	22 15 33.6	95.6	н 105		VII* 105
1891 JAN 08	06 00 31.7	95.2	G 171		VII 38
1891 JAN 08 1907 APR	31.7	95.2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	G 38 F 123		III* 38 V* 123
1910 MAY 08	17 30 30.1	96.0	G 105		IV 105
1910 MAY 11	30.1	96.0	Н 105		IV 105
1914 DEC 30	01 30.5	95.9 x	G 105		V* 105
1917 JAN 28 1917 MAR 24		101.3 101.2 *	H 84 F 123		II* 84 VI* 123
1917 MAR 28	19 56 35.3	101.3	G 105		VI 105
1917 MAR 28 1923 MAR 07		101.3 106.5	G 105 G 105	** ** **	IV* 105
1923 MAR 07		106.5	G 105		IV* 105 IV* 105
1925 JUL 29		101.2	G 105		IV 105
125 JUL 30 1925 JUL 30		100.3	G 173 G 38		V 173 V 38
1925 JUL 30		101.3	G 38		IV* 38
1925 JUL 30		101.3	G 38		IV* 38
1931 AUG 16 1931 AUG 16		104.6 * 104.57 029	F 124 A 99		VIII 4
1931 AUG 16		104.6 *	F 4		
1931 AUG 18		104.6 *	F 4		•••
1931 AUG 18 1931 AUG 19		104.6 * 104.6 *	F 4		V 4 III* 4
1931 AUG 26		104.6 *	F 124		III* 124
1931 OCT 02		106.5 *	G 4	•• •• ••	II* 4
1931 NOV 03 1932 APR 09	15 50 30.7 10 15 31.7	104.6 *	F 4 G 38		III* 4 VI* 38
1934 APR 11	17 40 33.8	95.5 *	G 105		V 105
1934 APR 11	33.8	95.5 *	G 7		III* 7
1936 JUN 20 1936 JUN 20		101.3 101.3	C 9		II* 9 III* 9
1936 JUN 20		101.3	G 38		V 38
1936 AUG 08		106.5 *	G 9	•• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	II* 9
1936 OCT 15 1937 MAR 31		106.5 * 106.5 *	G 9 G 10		II* 9 III* 10
1948 MAR 12		102.5	B 21		VI 21
1950 MAR 20	13 23 33.3	97.1 *	G 23	•• •• ••	IV* 23
1951 JUN 20 1952 OCT 17	19 37 10 35.5 15 48 30.1	103.0 93.8 *	B 24 G 25		VI 24 IV 25
1955 JAN 27		104.5 *	G 28		IV 28
1956 JAN 07 1957 MAR 19	29.3 16 37 38 32.0	94.8 *	G 29		IV 29
1957 MAR 19	17 41 17 32.0	95.0 *	G 30 G 30		V 30 III* 30
1957 MAR 19	22 36 32.0	95.0 *	G 30		III* 30
1957 MAR 19 1959 FEB 10	22 45 32.0 20 05 35.5	95.0 * 100.9	G 30 G 105	•• •• ••	III* 30 V 105
1964 APR 24	01 20 55 31.5	93.8	В 37	3.7 4.0SLM 2	V 105 V 37
1964 APR 24	03 36 18.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	2.6SLM 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1964 APR 24 1964 APR 24	07 47 18.0 31.3 07 50 56.0 31.3	93.8 93.8	C 178 C 178	3.2SLM 2 2.6SLM 2	,
1964 APR 24	12 07 07.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	2.6SLM 2	
1964 APR 24	12 54 17.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	2.9SLM 2	
1964 APR 24 1964 APR 24	17 22 13.0 31.3 23 03 50.0 31.3	93.8	C 178 C 178	2.8SLM 2 2.6SLM 2	
1964 APR 25	03 23 08.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	2.6SLM 2	
1964 APR 25	06 02 33.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	2.9SLM 2	
1964 APR 26 1964 APR 26	02 35 24.0 31.3 03 24 50.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	2.7SLM 2 3.3SLM 2	
1964 APR 27	21 50 27.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	3.2SLM 2	
1964 APR 28 1964 APR 28	00 24 07.0 31.3 00 30 45.6 31.5	93.8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C 178 B 37	3.1SLM 2	
1964 APR 30	20 30 31.5	93.8 *	B 37 G 37	3.4 4.3SLM 2	V 37 III* 37
1964 MAY 02	06 34 54.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	3.3SLM 2	
1964 MAY 03 1964 MAY 07	03 24 12.0 31.3 20 10 31.5	93.8 * ··	C 178 G 37	3.0SLM 2 3.2SLM 2	III* 37
1964 JUN 02	23 00 31.3	94.0 *	G 37	·	II* 37
1964 JUN 03	01 30 31.3	94.0 *	G 37	4.2	IV* 37
1964 JUN 03 1964 AUG 16	02 27 24.2 31.3 11 36 31.3	94.0 *	B 37 G 37	3.1SLM 2 2.9SLM 2	IV 37 V 37
1964 AUG 19	23 58 55.0 31.3	93.8	C 178	2.7SLM 2	
1964 NOV 08		103.0	В 169	2.7NMI 1	•••
1964 NOV 21 1965 FEB 03		103.0 103.0	B 169 B 169	2.5NMI 1 3.0NMI 1	•••
1965 AUG 30		103.0	. в 169	3.5 2.6NMI 1	IV 173
1966 MAR 24 1966 MAR 24	23 45 30.0	94.0 x	G 105 G 105	•• •• ••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1966 JUL 20		94.0 x	B 81	3.9 3.8SLM 2	v 81
1966 AUG 14		103.0	В 169	3.4 2.8NMI 1	VI 81
1966 NOV 26 1969 FEB 02	20 05 41 30.9 12 49 32.0 33.3	105.4 95.8	B 169 C 178	2.6NMI 1	
1969 MAY 12	08 26 18.7 31.80		B 42	2.8SLM 2 3.4GS 1	VI 42
1969 MAY 12	08 49 16.3 31.82	106.40 019	B 42	4.3 3.3GS 1	•••
1969 MAY 12 1969 MAY 12		106.4 *	G 42 G 42		•••
1971 JUL 30	01 45 50.6 31.72		G 42 C 74	3.0 3.1NMI 1	III 173
1971 JUL 31	14 53 49.0 31.70			3.4 3.2NMI 1	IV 173
1971 SEP 24 1972 DEC 09		103.2	B 169	3.0NMI 1	
1973 DEC 25	02 46 29.0	106.5 * 98.0 *	G 45 H 46		III* 45 IV 46
1974 FEB 15	13 33 49.2 36.50	100.69 024	A 107	4.5 4.6SLM 2	V 107
1974 DEC 30 1975 AUG 01	08 05 27.1 30.92 07 27 57.3 31.42		B 108	3.7GS 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1976 JAN 19	04 03 30.5 31.42		В 89 A 91	4.8 3.0TUL 2 3.3GS 1	II 89 IV 91
1976 JAN 22	07 21 57.0 31.90	103.07 001	A 91	2.8GS 1	III 91
1976 JAN 25 1976 AUG 05	04 48 27.9 31.90 18 53 09 31.57		A 91 B 170	4.1GS 1	V 91
1977 APR 26	09 03 07.3 31.90		A 94	3.0NMI 1 3.3GS 1	v 94
1977 JUN 07	23 01 20.4 33.06		A 94	4.0GS 1	•••
1977 JUN 17 1977 SEP 12	03 37 05.7 32.35 02 36 30.1 33.95		C 239 C 239	2.5TUL 2 2.5TUL 2	
1977 NOV 28	01 40 50.5 32.95	100.84 005	A 92	3.5GS 1	
1978 MAR 02 1978 JUN 16	10 04 52.7 31.56 11 46 54.2 33.03		C 240	3.5GS 1	III 240
1978 JUN 16	11 46 54.2 33.03		B 240 C 239	4.4 4.6SLM 2 3.4TUL 2	V 240
1979 JUL 05	01 05 01.0 32.95		C 233	2.7TUL 2	

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MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY SCALE OF 1931

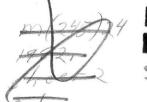
MISCELLANEOUS FIELD STUDIES

MAP MF-1388

SHEET 2 OF 2

- I. Not felt or, except rarely under especially favorable circumstances. Under certain conditions, at and outside the boundary of the area in which a great shock is felt: sometimes birds, animals, reported uneasy or disturbed; sometimes dizziness or nausea experienced; sometimes trees, structures, liquids, bodies of water, may sway--doors may swing, very slowly.
- II. Felt indoors by few, especially on upper floors, or by sensitive, or nervous persons. Also, as in grade I, but often more noticeably: sometimes hanging objects may swing, especially when delicately suspended; sometimes trees, structures, liquids, bodies of water, may sway, doors may swing, very slowly; sometimes birds, animals, reported uneasy or disturbed; sometimes dizziness or nausea experienced.
- III. Felt indoors by several, motion usually rapid vibration. Sometimes not recognized to be an earthquake at first. Duration estimated in some cases. Vibration like that due to passing of light, or lightly loaded trucks, or heavy trucks some distance away. Hanging objects may swing slightly. Movements may be appreciable on upper levels of tall structures. Rocked standing motor cars slightly.
- IV. Felt indoors by many, outdoors by few. Awakened few, especially light sleepers. Frightened no one, unless apprehensive from previous experience. Vibration like that due to passing of heavy or heavily loaded trucks. Sensation like heavy body striking building or falling of heavy objects inside. Rattling of dishes, windows, doors; glassware and crockery clink and clash. Creaking of walls, frame, especially in the upper range of this grade. Hanging objects swung, in numerous instances. Disturbed liquids in open vessels slightly. Rocked standing motor cars noticeably.
- V. Felt indoors by practically all, outdoors by many or most: outdoors direction estimated. Awakened many, or most. Frightened few--slight excitement, a few ran outdoors. Buildings trembled throughout. Broke dishes, glassware, to some extent. Cracked windows--in some cases, but not generally. Overturned vases, small or unstable objects, in many instances, with occasional fall. Hanging objects, doors, swing generally or considerably. Knocked pictures against walls, or swung them out of place. Opened, or closed, doors, shutters, abruptly. Pendulum clocks stopped, started or ran fast, or slow. Moved small objects, furnishings, the latter to slight extent. Spilled liquids in small amounts from well-filled open containers. Trees, bushes, shaken slightly.
- VI. Felt by all, indoors and outdoors. Frightened many, excitement general, some alarm, many ran outdoors. Awakened all. Persons made to move unsteadily. Trees, bushes, shaken slightly to moderately. Liquid set in strong motion. Small bells rang—church, chapel, school, etc. Damage slight in poorly built buildings. Fall of plaster in small amount. Cracked plaster somewhat, especially fine cracks chimneys in some instances. Broke dishes, glassware, in considerable quantity, also some windows. Fall of knick-knacks, books, pictures. Overturned furniture in many instances. Moved furnishings of moderately heavy kind.
- VII. Frightened all—general alarm, all ran outdoors. Some, or many, found it difficult to stand. Noticed by persons driving motor cars. Trees and bushes shaken moderately to strongly. Waves on ponds, lakes, and running water. Water turbid from mud stirred up. Incaving to some extent of sand or gravel stream banks. Rang large church bells, etc. Suspended objects made to quiver. Damage negligible in buildings of good design and construction, slight to moderate in well-built ordinary buildings, considerable in poorly built or badly designed buildings, adobe houses, old walls (especially where laid up without mortar), spires, etc. Cracked chimneys to considerable extent, walls to some extent. Fall of plaster in considerable to large amount, also some stucco. Broke numerous windows, furniture to some extent. Shook down loosened brickwork and tiles. Broke weak chimneys at the roof-line (sometimes damaging roofs). Fall of cornices from towers and high buildings. Dislodged bricks and stones. Overturned heavy furniture, with damage from breaking. Damage considerable to concrete irrigation ditches.
- VIII. Fright general—alarm approaches panic. Disturbed persons driving motor cars. Trees shaken strongly—branches, trunks, broken off, especially palm trees. Ejected sand and mud in small amounts. Changes: temporary, permanent; in flow of springs and wells; dry wells renewed flow; in temperature of spring and well waters. Damage slight in structures (brick) built especially to withstand earthquakes. Considerable in ordinary substantial buildings, partial collapse: racked, tumbled down, wooden houses in some cases; threw out panel walls in frame structures, broke off decayed piling. Fall of walls. Cracked, broke, solid stone walls seriously. Wet ground to some extent, also ground on steep slopes. Twisting, fall, of chimneys, columns, monuments, also factory stacks, towers. Moved conspicuously, overturned, very heavy furniture.
- IX. Panic general. Cracked ground conspicuously. Damage considerable in (masonry) structures built especially to withstand earthquakes: Threw out of plumb some wood-frame houses built especially to withstand earthquakes; great in substantial (masonry) buildings, some collapse in large part; or wholly shifted frame buildings off foundations, racked frames; serious to reservoirs; underground pipes sometimes broken.
- X. Cracked ground, especially when loose and wet, up to widths of several inches; fissures up to a yard in width ran parallel to canal and stream banks. Landslides considerable from river banks and steep coasts. Shifted sand and mud horizontally on beaches and flat land. Changed level of water in wells. Threw water on banks of canals, lakes, rivers, etc. Damage serious to dams, dikes, embankments. Severe to well-built wooden structures and bridges, some destroyed. Developed dangerous cracks in excellent brick walls. Destroyed most masonry and frame structures, also their foundations. Bent railroad rails slightly. Tore apart, or crushed endwise, pipe lines buried in earth. Open cracks and broad wavy folds in cement pavements and asphalt road surfaces.
- XI. Disturbances in ground many and widespread, varying with ground material. Broad fissures, earth slumps, and land slips in soft, wet ground. Ejected water in large amounts charged with sand and mud. Caused sea-waves ("tidal" waves) of significant magnitude. Damage severe to wood-frame structures, especially near shock centers. Great to dams, dikes, embankments often for long distances. Few, if any (masonry) structures remained standing. Destroyed large well-built bridges by the wrecking of supporting piers, or pillars. Affected yielding wooden bridges less. Bent railroad rails greatly, and thrust them endwise. Put pipe lines buried in earth completely out of service.
- XII. Damage total--practically all works of construction damaged greatly or destroyed. Disturbances in ground great and varied, numerous shearing cracks. Landslides, falls of rock of significant character, slumping of river banks, etc., numerous and extensive. Wrenched loose, tore off, large rock masses. Fault slips in firm rock, with notable horizontal and vertical offset displacements. Water channels, surface and underground, disturbed and modified greatly. Dammed lakes, produced waterfalls, deflected rivers, etc. Waves seen on ground surfaces (actually seen, probably, in some cases). Distorted lines of sight and level. Threw objects upward into the air.







SEISMICITY MAP OF THE STATE OF TEXAS