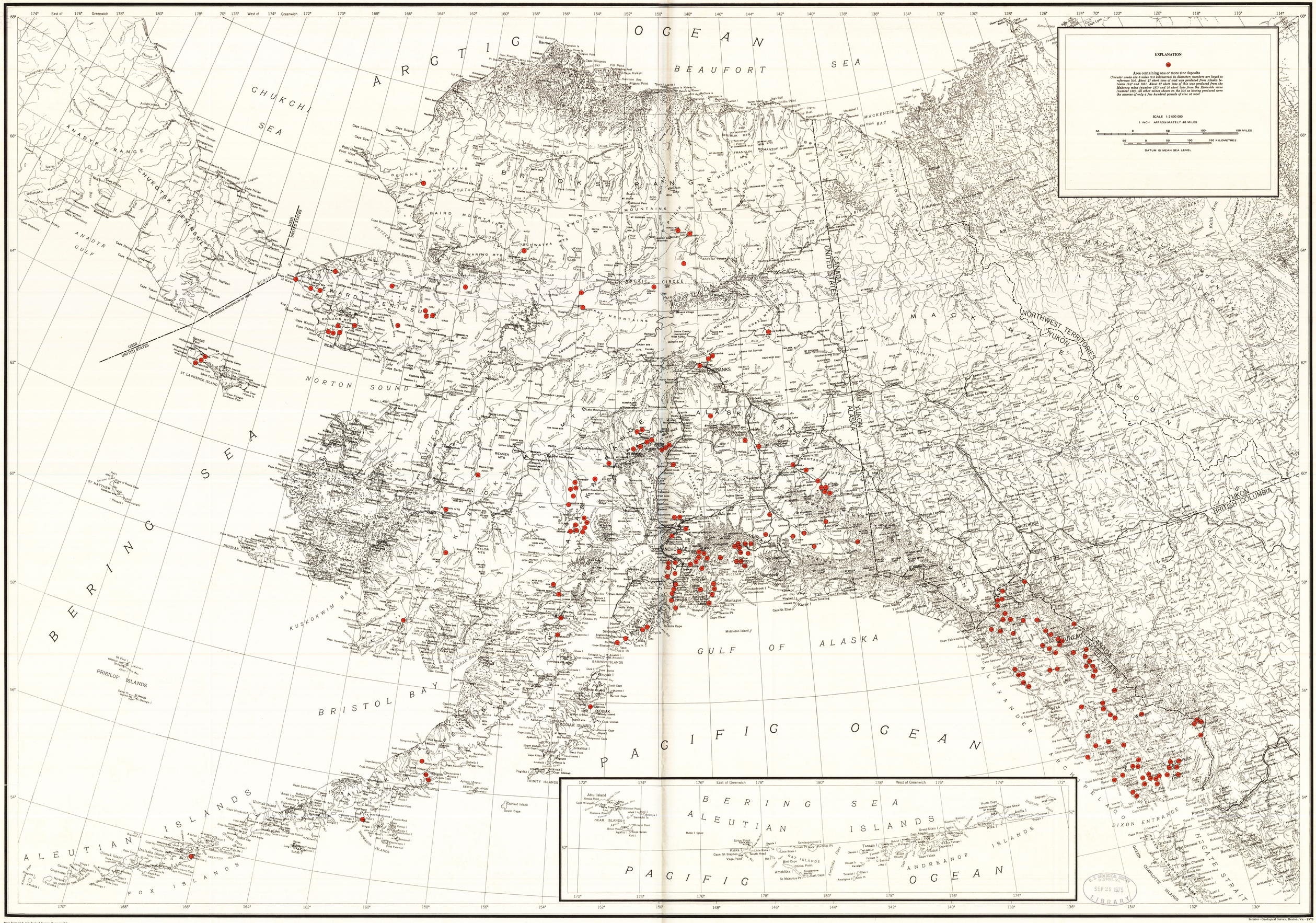
EXPLANATION
Area containing one or more zinc deposits
Circular areas are 6 miles (9.6 kilometres) in diameter; numbers are keyed to reference list. About 17 short tons of lead was produced from Alaska between 1917 and 1951. About 37 short tons of this was produced from the Mohawk mine (number 197) and 10 short tons from the Riverside mine (number 159). All other mines shown on the list as having produced were the sources of only a few hundred pounds of zinc at most
SCALE 1:2 500 000
1 INCH APPROXIMATELY 40 MILES
50 0 50 100 150 MILES
50 0 50 100 150 KILOMETRES
DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL
ARCTIC OCEAN
BEAUFORT SEA
CHUKCHI SEA
BERING SEA
GULF OF ALASKA
PACIFIC OCEAN
BRISTOL BAY
NORTON SOUND
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS
PRIBILOF ISLANDS
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES
YUKON
BRITISH COLUMBIA
CANADA
UNITED STATES
USSR
ALASKA
FAIRBANKS
ANCHORAGE
NOME
JUNEAU
SITKA
KODIAK
Prince Rupert
DIXON ENTRANCE
HECATE STRAIT
BERING SEA
ALEUTIAN ISLANDS
PACIFIC OCEAN
Attu Island
NEAR ISLANDS
RAT ISLANDS
ANDREANOF ISLANDS
Amchitka I
Kiska I
Adak I
Amila I
Tanaga I
Kanaga I
Atka I
Unalaska Island
Umnak Island
Unimak Island
FOX ISLANDS
PRIBILOF ISLANDS
KODIAK ISLAND
TRINITY ISLANDS
BARREN ISLANDS
ST LAWRENCE ISLAND
ST MATTHEW ISLAND
NUNIVAK
Cape Prince of Wales
Cape Dyer
Point Barrow
Cape Lisburne
Point Hope
Cape Thompson
Cape Seppings
Cape Krusenstern
Cape Espenberg
Cape Nome
Cape Darby
Cape Romanzof
Cape Newenham
Cape Mendenhall
Cape Douglas
Cape Elizabeth
Cape Newenham
Cape Prince of Wales
Cape Dyer
Cape Sabine
Cape Simpson
Point Barrow
Point Franklin
Point Lay
Icy Cape
Cape Lisburne
Point Hope
Cape Thompson
Cape Seppings
Cape Krusenstern
Cape Espenberg
Cape Nome
Cape Darby
Cape Romanzof
Cape Newenham
Cape Mendenhall
Cape Douglas
Cape Elizabeth