



CORRELATION OF MAP UNITS

Qa	Qs	}	QUATERNARY
QTs			QUATERNARY AND TERTIARY
QTb	}	}	QUATERNARY OR TERTIARY
Tal			Pliocene or Pliocene
Tw	}	}	TERTIARY
Jl			Pliocene and Miocene
Tr	}	}	JURASSIC
Td			Middle Jurassic
Ppr	}	}	TRIASSIC
Ppm			Lower Triassic
PPw	}	}	PERMIAN
Mc			Permian and Pennsylvanian
Mm			MISSISSIPPIAN

- DESCRIPTION OF MAP UNITS**
- Qa ALLUVIUM (QUATERNARY) - Unconsolidated sedimentary deposits along stream valleys; may include colluvium in Fossil Canyon quadrangle and hillwash and alluvial fans in Dry Valley quadrangle
 - * Qs SURFICIAL DEPOSITS (QUATERNARY) - Includes colluvium, older alluvium, hillwash, talus, alluvial-fan, landslide, mudflow, and boulder deposits
 - QTs SEDIMENTARY DEPOSITS (QUATERNARY AND TERTIARY) - Undivided surficial deposits and Salt Lake Formation
 - * QTb BASALT (PLEISTOCENE OR PLOCIENE) - Olivine and augite-olivine basalt
 - * Tal SALT LAKE FORMATION (PLIOCENE AND MIOCENE) - Limestone, sandstone, and chert conglomerate and rhyolitic tuff
 - * Tw WASATCH FORMATION (LOWER EOCENE) - Red conglomerate and sandstone
 - * Jl TWIN CREEK LIMESTONE (MIDDLE JURASSIC) - Limestone, siltstone, and sandstone
 - * Tr THAYNES LIMESTONE (LOWER TRIASSIC) - Sandstone, limestone, siltstone, and shale. As mapped, may include the Lanes Tongue of the Ankerah Formation
 - Td DINWOODY FORMATION (LOWER TRIASSIC) - Siltstone, shale, and limestone. As mapped, may include tongue of the Woodside Shale. Approximately 1,800 to 2,600 ft thick
 - Ppr PHOSPHORIA FORMATION (PERMIAN) - Includes: Rex Chert Member (Lower Permian) - Chert. As mapped, may include cherty shale member of the Phosphoria Formation and lentils of the Franson Member of the Park City Formation. Approximately 200 to 300 ft thick
 - Ppm Meade Peak Phosphatic Shale Member (Lower Permian) - Phosphorite and mudstone. Approximately 100 to 200 ft thick
 - PPw WELLS FORMATION (PERMIAN AND PENNSYLVANIAN) - Sandstone and limestone. As mapped, may include the Grandeur Tongue of the Park City formation. Approximately 1,900 to 2,200 ft thick
 - Mc CHESTERFIELD RANGE GROUP (UPPER AND LOWER MISSISSIPPIAN) - Limestone, sandstone, and siltstone. Approximately 1,000 ft thick
 - * Mm MADISON LIMESTONE (UPPER AND LOWER MISSISSIPPIAN) - Limestone

- CONTACT - Dashed where approximately located, gradational, indefinite or inferred; dotted where concealed; queried where doubtful
- U D ----- FAULT - Dashed where approximately located or inferred; dotted where concealed; queried where doubtful. U, upthrown side; D, downthrown side; arrows show relative horizontal movement
- ▲----- THRUST FAULT - Sawtooth on upper plate. Dashed where approximately located or inferred; dotted where concealed; queried where doubtful
- ↑----- ANTICLINE - Showing crestline. Dashed where approximately located or inferred; dotted where concealed; queried where doubtful
- ↓----- SYNCLINE - Showing troughline. Dashed where approximately located or inferred; dotted where concealed; queried where doubtful
- ↖----- OVERTURNED ANTICLINE - Showing direction of dip of limbs. Dashed where approximately located or inferred; dotted where concealed; queried where doubtful
- ↗----- OVERTURNED SYNCLINE - Showing direction of dip of limbs. Dashed where approximately located or inferred; dotted where concealed; queried where doubtful
- ⊥ ⊕ ⊖ ⊗ STRIKE AND DIP OF BEDS - Inclined; overturned; vertical; horizontal
- PHOSPHATE DRILL HOLE } For computing resource tonnages
- ⊖ PHOSPHATE TRENCH
- ⊖ PHOSPHATE MINE PIT BOUNDARY - As of September 1979

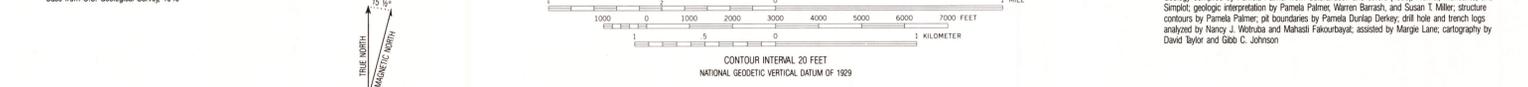
The geology shown includes: 1) the trace of the top and bottom contacts of the Phosphoria Formation and where data are available the top and bottom contacts of the Meade Peak Phosphatic Shale Member of the Phosphoria Formation; 2) appropriate structural data required for construction of structure contours, overburden isopachs, and resource blocks; and 3) other structural data necessary for understanding the regional geologic picture.

- FAULT SEPARATION - No calculated resource
- FAULT OVERLAP - Twice calculated resources if covered by 1500 ft. or less of overburden
- FAULT TRACE AT DEPTH
- STRUCTURE CONTOURS - On top of the Meade Peak Phosphatic Shale Member of the Phosphoria Formation. Contour interval 200 feet. Approximately located; dashed where contours are projected past control points or where structure is uncertain.
- Index Contour
- Intermediate Contour

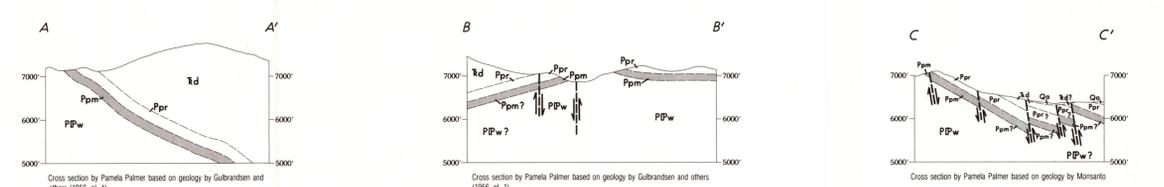
Structure contours are not shown in: sec. 36, T. 8 S., R. 42 E., secs. 1 and 12, T. 9 S., R. 42 E. and the western edges of secs. 6 and 7, T. 9 S., R. 43 E.

Map units and symbols shown with an asterisk are not on this map.

Base from U.S. Geological Survey 1949



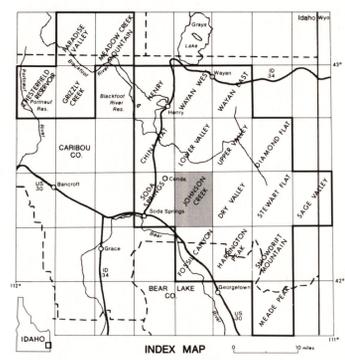
Geology compiled by Pamela Palmer from Gulbransen and others (1956), Almet, Monsanto, and Simplot; geologic interpretation by Pamela Palmer, Warren Barrash, and Susan T. Miller; structure contours by Pamela Palmer; pit boundaries by Pamela Dunlap Derkey; drill hole and trench logs analyzed by Nancy J. Wotruba and Mahasti Fakourbayat; assisted by Margie Lane; cartography by David Taylor and Gibb C. Johnson



Cross section by Pamela Palmer based on geology by Gulbransen and others (1956, pl. 1)

Cross section by Pamela Palmer based on geology by Gulbransen and others (1956, pl. 1)

Cross section by Pamela Palmer based on geology by Monsanto



**STRUCTURE CONTOURS ON THE TOP OF THE MEADE PEAK PHOSPHATIC SHALE MEMBER
MAPS SHOWING SELECTED GEOLOGY AND PHOSPHATE RESOURCES OF THE JOHNSON CREEK QUADRANGLE,
CARIBOU COUNTY, IDAHO**

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For sale by Branch of Distribution, U.S. Geological Survey, Box 25086, Federal Center, Denver, CO 80225. Explanatory pamphlet accompanies map.