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 $8 y$Eugene Daniels
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Pumping tests of the sandstone aquifers underlying the Jefferson Junctioneres, $i=00 n s i n$, were mage durint the period June 28 to 30 , 1348, at the request of the wisconsin State Board of Health and as a.part of studies of the hydrology of the artesian aquifers of eastern Wisconsin in cooperation with the State Geological and Natural Eistory Survey.

Pour of the five wells available for the tests are owned by the Ledish lilting Company; the fifth well is armed by the Chicago and
 the drift only and all completely penetrate the sandstones, entering the preCambrian granite at depths ranging from 879 to 888 foot. The railroad well. 710 feet den, was cared to a depth of 326 feet through the drift, dolorite of the Pletteville limestone, the St. Peter sandstone, dolomite of the Prairie du Chian group ("Lower Hagresian"), and sandstone of the "Irampaleau" formation, and 96 feet into the Franconia sandstone.

The coefficients of trarmi, slbility and storage were computed by applying the nonequilibrium formula / to the drawdown and recovery of

[^0][^1]Fo. 2 with welle Jo 9 (railroad mell), Ladish Xo. 3, and Ladish lio. 43 and the drawiom and recovery of de 9. (See taile le) fwo low values of travaiesibility obtainei from drawdown and recovery teste of moll Je 9 were disoarded because the well was cased to a depth or 326 feet. which excluded a part of the aquifer.

TARLE 1.


Figure 1 shows the computed relation of drewdown to time, using the averaze values of tranmiesibility and etorage and without correction for recharge. It indicates that pumping a well continuously at the rate of $1,000 \mathrm{gpm}$ will ease a lowaring of the water lovels of eproxinately 7 feet in 1 jear and 10 feet in 10 years at distarce of 2 a mies.

Figure 2 shows the computad relation of drewiown to time, assuming a rechar area bout 10 miles west where the St. Peter eandztone orops out in sec. 33 and 34, T. 8 Ko, R. 13 Ko, and in aec. 4. I. 7 K., Ro 13 E. Inls correction for recharge indicates a lowering of the mater levele of approximately 6 foet in 1 year and 7 foet in 10 yenre under tho semo pumpinc conditions as given in figure 1.

Future work in the area should include a study of pumpere at defferson and Johnson Cree: and further detniled goologic studies in. ar effort to determine the exact locations of possible recharge arease Observation weile should be looted between the well fields at jefier aor, Jefferson Junction, and Johnson Creex end the provabio reciarge aret to the west to determine the direction and rate of novement of watere

Figure 1


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, $4 \cdot$

Figure 2



[^0]:    This, C. $\begin{gathered}\text {., The rel }\end{gathered}$ surface and the rate and duration of discharge of a well using groundwater storage: Am. Geophys. Union France, Pp. 519-52l. 1935.

[^1]:    Ladish well Ho. 2 pruning about 1,330 gat the interference of Ladieh well

