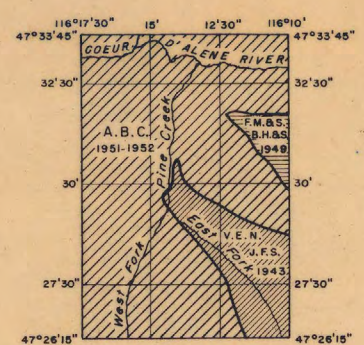


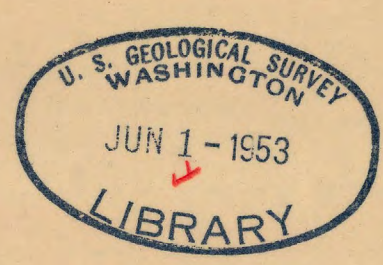
- EXPLANATION**
- Qal**
Alluvial Deposits
 - og**
Older Gravels
Undifferentiated gravels older than Qal, commonly forming terraces.
 - ld**
Lamprophyre Dikes
Solid lines where exposed, dashed where approximately located.
 - od**
Other Dikes
Solid lines where exposed; dashed where approximately located. Includes varieties of diabase, diorite, and monzonite, intruded as dikes and small irregular bodies.
 - pCst**
St. Regis Formation
Typified by purplish color of rocks. Grades from light purple quartzite at base to thin-bedded dark purple and gray argillite. Purple color usually absent in areas of hydrothermal alteration. Shallow water features are common.
 - pCr**
Revelt Quartzite
Thick-bedded, vitreous, white quartzite. Cross-bedded and laminated in part. Grades into less pure quartzite at bottom and top.
 - pCb**
Burke Formation
Thin-bedded, light to greenish-gray, fine-grained argillaceous quartzite with some white or light purple, thick-bedded quartzite. Shallow water features are common.
 - pCb-pCr**
Burke Formation—Revelt Quartzite
Undifferentiated because of poor exposures and the wide areal extent of the broad gradational contact zone between these two formations in the South Fork Ridge area.
 - pCpu**
Upper Prichard Formation
Thin- to thick-bedded, light gray to white, pure to argillaceous quartzite interbedded with thinly laminated, dark gray argillite. Shallow water features are common.
 - pCpl**
Lower Prichard Formation
Thin- to thick-bedded, light to dark gray argillite, laminated in part; partings commonly contain numerous pyrite crystals. Weathers rusty red. The pCpl is interbedded white to light gray, subvitroitic to vitreous quartzite.
 - Veins at the Surface**
Solid line where exposed, broken where approximately located. Also shown by red line where occupying a fault or shear.
A = veins known to contain base metals
B = veins not known to contain base metals
 - Contact**
Dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed
 - Indefinite Contact**
Includes gradational and obscured contacts, and boundaries of surficial deposits.
 - Fault Showing Dip**
Dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed.
U = upthrown side, D = downthrown side
 - Doubtful or Probable Fault; dotted where concealed**
 - Fault with associated shearing**
 - Zone of Shearing**
 - Anticline**
Showing trace of axial plane; dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed.
 - Syncline**
Showing trace of axial plane; dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed.
 - Strike and Dip of Beds**
 - Strike and Dip of Overturned Beds**
 - Strike and Dip of Doubtful Overturned Beds**
 - Strike of Vertical Beds**
 - Horizontal Beds**
 - Strike and Dip of Cleavage**
 - Strike of Vertical Cleavage**
 - Prospect Pit or Obscure Working**
 - Portal of Adit**
 - Shaft**



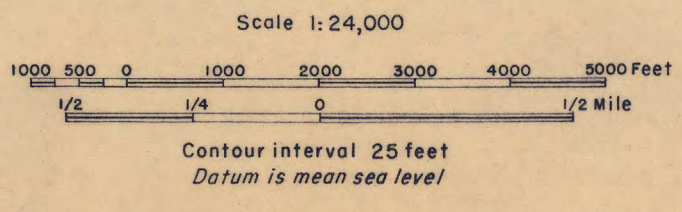
Showing initials of person or persons principally responsible for mapping indicated areas and dates of field work.

A. B. C.	Arthur B. Campbell
F. M. & S.	Compiled by A. B. C. from maps of Federal Mining and Smelting Company and Bunker Hill and Sullivan Mining and Concentrating Company.
B. H. & S.	
V. E. N.	V. E. Nelson
J. F. S.	J. F. Smith, Jr.

From U.S.G.S. Strategic Minerals Investigations Map of the Pine Creek area. Minor modifications by A. B. C.



GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE SMELTERVILLE AND VICINITY QUADRANGLE, IDAHO



Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum
5000 yard grid based on U. S. zone system, F
10000 foot grid based on Idaho (West)
rectangular coordinate system

This map is preliminary and has not been reviewed or edited for conformity with U. S. Geological Survey standards and nomenclature

Idaho (Smelterville quad). Geol. 1:24,000. 1952. cop. 1.

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