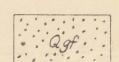
ROCK UNITS COMMON TO ENTIRE MAP AREA

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Undifferentiated gravels and sands of Pleis - Pleistocene glacio fluvial deposits. tocene and Recent age.

Dikes and sills of Tertiary (?) or Cretaceous (?) Albite granite (ag) and undifferentiated granitic rocks (gu) of Mesozoic (?) age. age

ROCK UNITS FOUND WITHIN AREA I.

Ledbetter slate

Thin-bedded shale and limestone of uncertain stratigraphic position.

€mub

Upper member Intraformational dolomite breccia.

Middle member Medium-grained light gray dolomite (£mmg); interlayered dark and light gray to white dolomite (Emmd).

Eml/

Lower member Mottled, gray to buff- weathering limestone (Emil); dark gray to black dolomite

Maitlen phyllite undifferentiated Dominantly phyllite and limy phyllite with minor limestone and quartzite layers.

Interlayered quartzite, phyllite, and schist.

White to gray, medium-bedded limestone.

Quartz-chlorite-muscovite schist. Includes a few thin quartzite and limestone beds.

ROCK UNITS FOUND WITHIN AREA II.

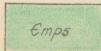
Ledbetter slate

Upper member Gray and white interlayered limestone.

Middle member Medium-grained light gray dolomite (Emmg); interlayered dark and light gray to white dolomite (Emmd). Contains thin beds of gray limestone (Is) near the base.

Lower member Dark gray and mottled gray to buff-weathering limestone (Emll). Contains thin beds of gray dolomite (dol) near top of unit.

Dominantly dark gray phyllite and limy phyllite. Contains limestone beds (15) and minor schist and quartzite layers.



Quartz-chlorite-muscovite schist. Contains thin limestone (15) and phyllite layers.



Subarea C

Siliceous graphitic phyllite. Lithologically similar to Ledbetter

slate (01) west of Cedar Creek valley and to unit (bsp) on Red

Dark gray to silver gray phyllite and phyllitic slate. Locally contains few thin limestone and quartzite beds. Perhaps equivalent to (ap).

Gray banded limestone.

Top Mountain

Quartzite, with thin interbeds of phyllite and schist. May include part of underlying Gypsy quartzite.

ROCK UNITS FOUND WITHIN AREA III

Stratigraphic relations unknown or uncertain. Probably rocks of Paleozoic and Mesozoic age are represented, but correlation with rocks outside Area III are uncertain or unknown. Correlations among rocks of subareas A, B, and C are unknown, except as stated in the captions below.

Subarea A Rocks arranged in stratigraphic sequence, but because they may be Stratigraphic sequence not established, arrangement without significance except as stated in captions.

Significance except as stated in captions.

Contorted and sheared phyllite, locally limy.

Perhaps equivalent to (cp).

Quartzite, chert, schist and greenstone (ag); light and dark gray banded limestone (agl).

stone. Probably equivalent to (cps).

Light gray, massive limestone.

Dominantly altered mafic volcanic rocks with some interbedded dark argillaceous rocks. Probably volcanic rocks of the Rossland group of British Columbia.

Limestone (bl3), possibly equivalent to one bearing limestone of Reeves MacDonald mine, British Columbia. Schist (bsz); limestone (b/2); schist (bs,); limestone (bli); thin layered quartzite with phyllite and schist interbeds (bpg). Rocks arranged in stratigraphic sequence, probably not reversed.

Quartz-sericite-chlorite schist.

Limestone, may be equivalent to (bls); but relations obscure.

Gray to white, thick-bedded quartzite, may be Gypsy quartzite

Black siliceous phyllite and phyllitic state. Lithologically similar to Ledbetter slate (OI) west of Cedar Creek valley and to unit csp in northeast part of quadrangle:

Black, siliceous phyllite; includes thin beds of dark gray lime - Sheared and contorted dark gray phyllite. May be tectonic facies of (bsp).

Undifferentiated rocks west and south of Hungate clearing. Includes greenstone, schist and phyllite, predominantly green-

been edited or reviewed for conformity with U. S. Geological Survey standards and nomenclature.

CP5

Black siliceous phyllite, interlayered with thin lime stone beds probably equivalent to (aps).

ish gray. May be part of volcanic rocks of Mesozoic age or part of (ag).

Contact, showing dip (Dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed)

Indefinite or inferred contact

Fault, showing dip
(Dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed)

Vertical fault

Doubtful or probable fault (Dotted where concealed)

Fault breccia

Anticline, showing trace of axial plane and bearing and direction of plunge of axis (Dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed)

Syncline, showing trace of axial plane and bearing and direction of plunge of axis (Dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed)

> Overturned syncline (Showing trace of axial plane and direction of dip of limbs)

Plunge of minor anticline

Plunge of minor syncline

Overturned anticline (Showing strike and dip of axial plane, and direction of dip of limbs)

Plunge of fold axes

Strike of vertical axial plane showing plunge of fold axis

Axial plane of minor folds where plunge is unknown

Strike and dip of beds

Strike and dip of overturned beds

Strike of vertical beds

Horizontal beds

20 1 26 Strike and dip of foliation, showing plunge of lineation

Strike of vertical foliation

Strike and dip of cleavage, showing plunge of lineation

Strike of vertical cleavage

Plunge of lineation of mineral streaking

Plunge of pencil cleavage

204 \$

Plunge of plications

of cleavage planes

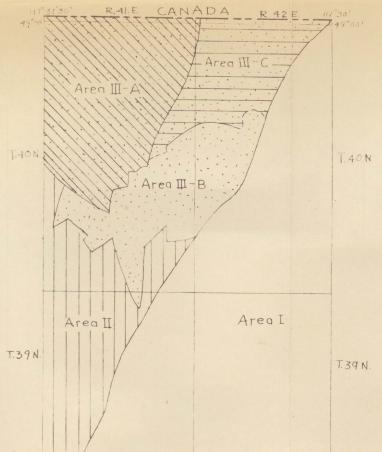
Strike and dip of jointing

Strike of vertical joints

Vertical shaft

Portal of tunnel or adit

Small prospect pit or open cut



Explanation to Certific map of Lead Porit Gradrangle

y R.S. yates and JF. Robertson