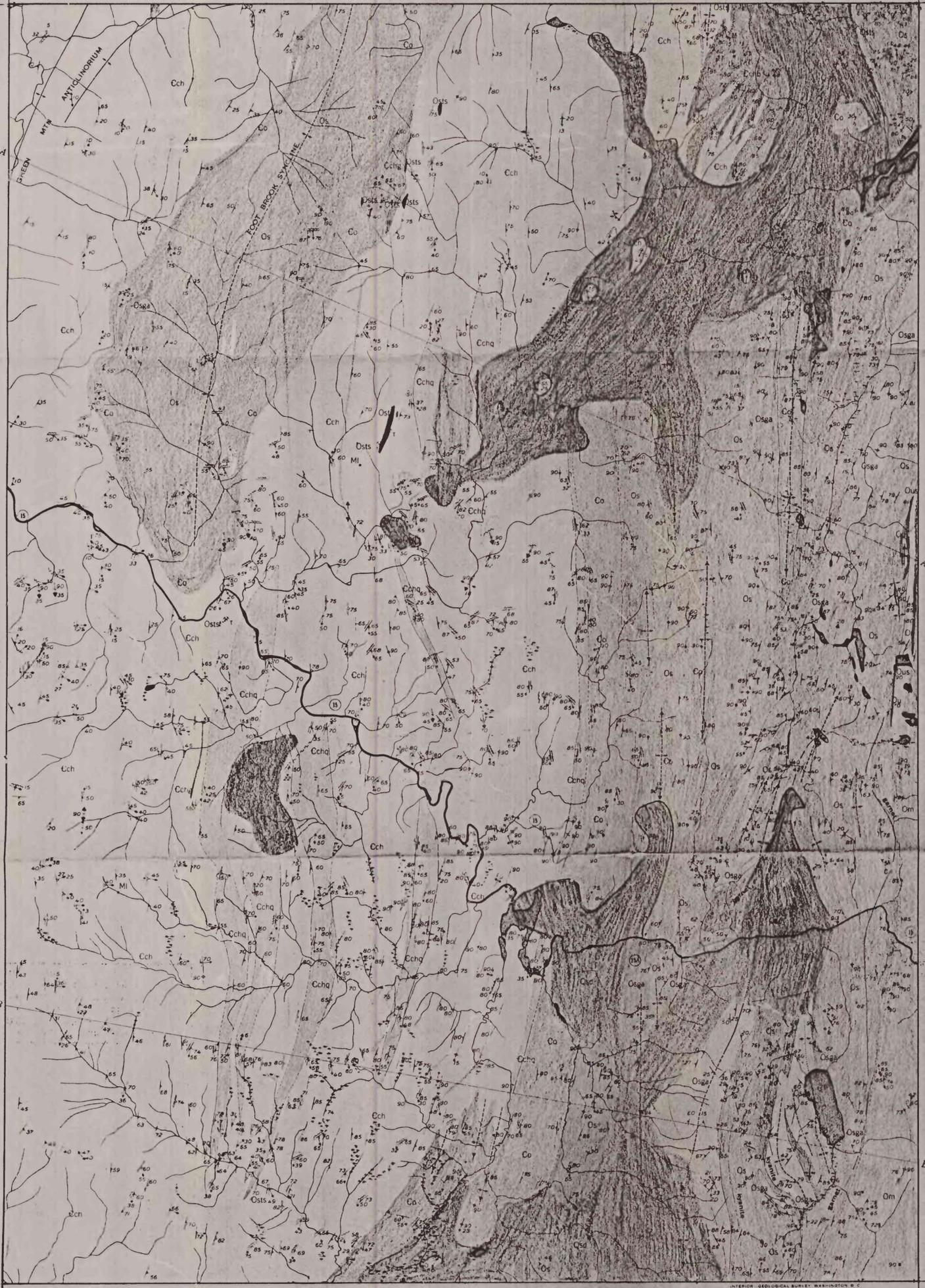


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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
 UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

BEDROCK GEOLOGY
 HYDE PARK QUADRANGLE
 VERMONT
 60

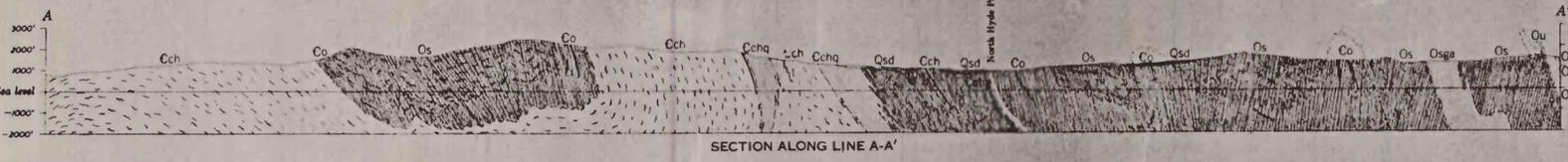
57-1
 Plate 1



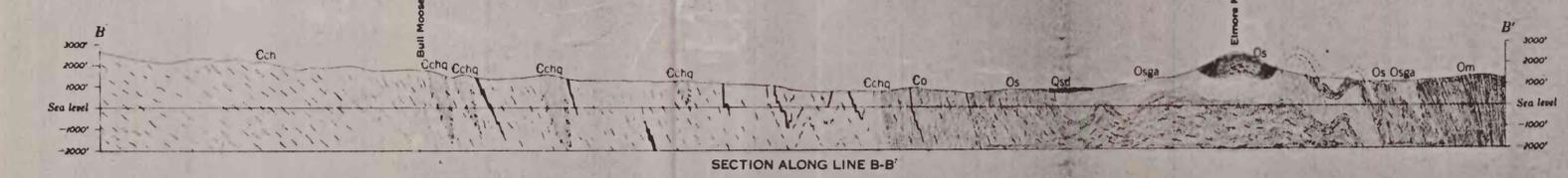
Base map by Topographic Division
 U.S. Geological Survey 1930
 Scale 1:62,500
 Contour interval 20 feet
 Datum is mean sea level
 Geology mapped in 1951-1954

EXPLANATION

- Extensive areas of surficial deposits, bedrock not exposed
- Lamprophyre dikes
Fine-grained dark dikes which intrude nearly vertical post-metamorphic joints; composed of plagioclase, hornblende, magnetite, and augite. Located by red "x" on map.
- Serpentinite, talc-carbonate rock, and steatite
Typical bodies have a core of serpentinite and border zones of talc-carbonate rock and steatite; small bodies may be completely altered to talc-carbonate rock.
- Moretown formation
Quartz-sericite-chlorite-illite-epidote granite with close-spaced micaceous partings, micaceous quartzite, and sericite slate.
- Umbrella Hill formation
Quartz- and slate-pebble conglomerate, *Os*, with thin interbeds of sericite slate and thicker interbeds of friable calcareous slate. *Os* contains abundant porphyroblasts of chloritoid.
- Stowe formation
Upper and lower units. *Os*, chlorite zone; predominantly fine-grained, thinly foliated, sericite-quartz-chlorite-illite schist containing numerous thin lenses of quartz. *Os* contains graphitic phyllite, calcareous greenstone, and calcareous phyllite are minor lithologic types. Garnet and kyanite zones; coarse-grained quartz-muscovite-chlorite schist which contains porphyroblasts of chloritoid, garnet, and kyanite, and abundant quartz segregations. Interbeds of coarse-grained amphibolite occur. Middle unit, *Os*; consists of greenstone and amphibolite with few interbeds of schist.
- Ottauquechee formation
Black graphitic quartz-sericite phyllite and schist and massive dark-gray quartzite in southern two-thirds of quadrangle; graphitic phyllite, pebbly quartzite, and pebbly quartz-sericite schist in northern part. Quartzite with micaceous partings and sericite-quartz-chlorite phyllite are minor rock types.
- Camels Hump group
Predominantly graphitic schist and quartzite with interbeds of non-graphitic schist and quartzite in central and southern part of quadrangle; predominantly quartz-sericite-chlorite schist and gneiss with porphyroblastic albite, both graphitic and non-graphitic, in western and northern part of quadrangle. Includes, where differentiated, silver-green quartz-sericite-chlorite-magnetite-illite schist, *Cm*; albite greenstone and tremolite greenstone, *Cm*; and Belvidere Mountain amphibolite, *Cm*.
- Metamorphic zones
Metamorphic zones shown by isograds, hatched on high intensity side. Solid where believed accurate, dashed where stretched. Most of the quadrangle is in the chlorite zone.
- Contact
Dashed where gradational or inferred in part; dotted where inferred or concealed.
- Anticline
Showing trace of axial plane and direction of plunge of axis. Dashed where inferred or location uncertain; dotted where concealed.
- Syncline
Showing trace of axial plane and direction of plunge of axis. Dashed where inferred or location uncertain; dotted where concealed.
- PLANAR FEATURES**
 - Strike and dip of bedding
Bedding definitely shown in outcrop by a bed of quartzite or limestone; schistosity commonly parallel to it.
 - Strike and dip of schistosity generally parallel to bedding.
Includes compositional layering in schist and compositional layering and schistosity in greenstone and amphibolite.
 - Strike and dip of schistosity
Relation to bedding is not shown in the outcrop.
 - Strike and dip of schistosity
Transsects bedding or compositional layering in the outcrop.
 - Strike and dip of slip cleavage
Spatial surfaces of parting or incipient parting formed sub-parallel to the limbs and generally parallel to the axial planes of folds in a preexisting schistosity.
 - Trend of bedding
May be combined with other symbols to indicate plan of bedding or bedding schistosity.
 - Strike and dip of axial plane of fold
 - Coexisting planar features
Interaction is at the point of observation.
- LINEAR FEATURES**
 - Bearing and plunge of fold or crinkle axis
May be combined with any class of above planar symbols.
 - Bearing and plunge of quartz rods or lineation
Formed by the intersection of quartz lenses or laminae with transverse schistosity surface. Folded if another axis is shown. May be combined with any class of above symbols.
 - Mine or quarry
Operating Abandoned
1 Talc
2 Limestone quarry and lime kiln
C Copper
 - Prospect
Abandoned
P Lead-silver
K Kyanite-ilmenite



SECTION ALONG LINE A-A'



SECTION ALONG LINE B-B'

GEOLOGIC MAP
 OF THE
HYDE PARK QUADRANGLE, VERMONT
 BEDROCK GEOLOGY
 By
 Arden L. Albee
 1957

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MISSISSIPPIAN (?) QUATERNARY
 ORDOVICIAN
 CAMBRIAN