

NOTES ON BASE

Lunar Base Chart prepared by USAF-ACC with advisory assistance from Dr. C. V. Kuper and his collaborators, D. W. G. Arthur and E. A. Whitaker.

**CONTROL**  
The position of features on this chart was determined through the use of astrophotometric control established primarily from the measures of J. F. and S. A. Snyder. A collated listing of this control was published under the auspices of the International Astronomical Union in 1955. (Named Lunar Formations—Bogoy and Miller).

**VERTICAL DATUM**  
Vertical datum is based on an assumed spherical figure of the moon and a lunar radius of 1738 kilometers. The datum plane was subsequently adjusted to 24 kilometers below the surface described by the 1738 kilometer radius to minimize the extent of lunar surface altitudes above and below the datum. Gradients of major surface undulations were established by integrating altitudes determined from positions of J. F. and S. A. Snyder's measurements of 150 moon centers. The probable error of comparative elevation values is evaluated at 1000 meters. Vertical datum, as established, is considered correct and will be referred to as an accurate figure of the moon is determined.

**ELEVATIONS**  
All elevations are shown in meters. The relative heights of crater rims and other prominences above the mean and depths of craters were determined through photographic measurement utilizing the Z. Kopal and G. F. Fokker Stereoscopic Projection Technique. Relative heights thus established, have been referenced to the assumed vertical datum and have integrated with the gradients of the surface undulations. The probable error of the localized relative heights is 100 meters. Inherent with measuring technique used, relative height determinations in general E-W direction are more accurate than in the N-S direction. Spot Elevations (indicated by dots).

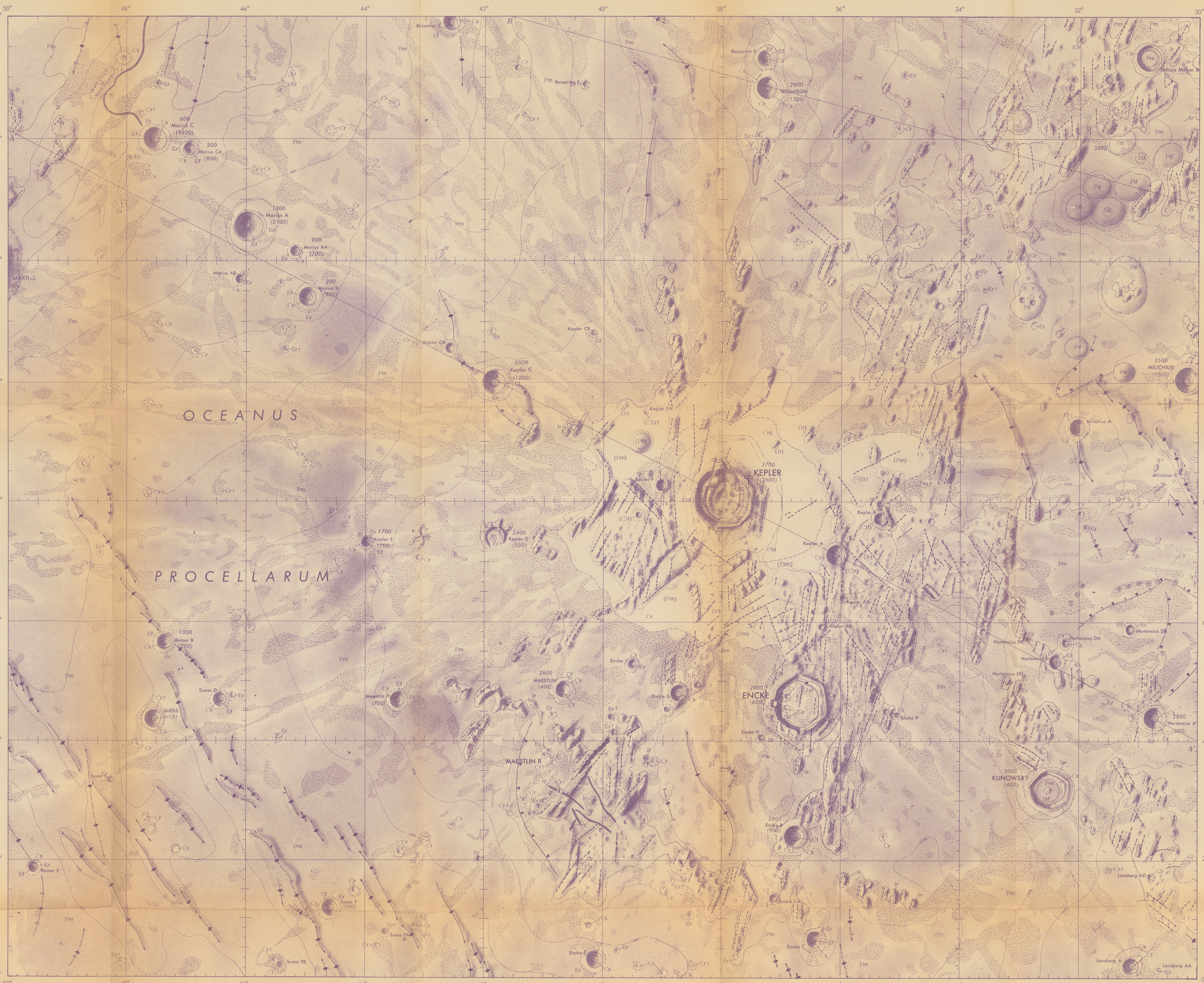
**CRATER ELEVATIONS**  
Rim (referenced to datum) 1500  
Depth of crater in feet 1500

**CONTOURS**  
All contours are approximate. Contour interval is 300 meters. Supplementary 150 meter contours are shown in low relief areas.  
Contour 300  
Supplementary contour 150  
Depression contour

**NAMES**  
The feature names selected were adopted from the 1955 International Astronomical Union nomenclature system with minor changes introduced in the 1960 edition of the USAF Lunar Atlas.  
The following designations have been added to the IAU: 1960 edition, using the criteria suggested by Bogoy and Miller.

Encke CA  
Encke H  
Encke P  
Hermes DB  
Hermes DC  
Hermes DD  
Kopler AA  
Kopler AB  
Kopler AC  
Kopler AD  
Kopler AE  
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Kopler XE  
Kopler XF  
Kopler XG  
Kopler XH  
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Kopler XL  
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**RELIEF PORTRAYAL**  
The configurations of the relief features and background coloration shown on this chart were interpreted from photographic data of the Lunar Orbiter, Lunar Surveyor, Apollo, and other spacecraft, and unpublished photographs supplied by the USAF Lunar Atlas. The general portrayal of relief features was developed using an assumed illumination. All relief features have been portrayed as they would appear when illuminated by an idealized light source located in the west direction and at an angle above the lunar horizon approximately equal to the angle of slope of the feature. This means that the altitude of the light source would appear to change between the steep and gradual sloping features.



Lunar Base Chart by the Aeronautical Chart and Information Center, United States Air Force, St. Louis 18, Missouri

Sources of geologic information: Published and unpublished photographs from the Lick, McDonald, Mount Wilson, Pic Du Midi, and Yerkes Observatories; visual telescopic observations by R. J. Hackman made at the Leander McCormick Observatory, University of Virginia, 1960 and 1961.

EXPLANATION

Material exposed on the surface of the Moon is heterogeneous. In addition to many other physical characteristics that have been determined with the use of optical and radio telescopes this material varies from one part of the Moon to another and the variations are partially correlated with differences in topography. Discontinuities are present in the record which permit the surface material to be divided into map units, each exhibiting a limited range of topographic characteristics. Each map unit is further characterized by a distinctive pattern of distribution, and the patterns of certain units are in places superimposed on the patterns of other units. From the relations of superposition it is possible to determine the relative ages of the units or the sequence in which they were formed.

For the purpose of geologic mapping a classification has been adopted in which map units are grouped according to sequence or relative age. The major subdivisions of this classification are called systems (Shoemaker, 1961; Shoemaker and Hackman, in press) and subdivisions of the systems are called series. The systems and series are arranged below in the order of

relative age, the youngest at the top and the oldest at the bottom.

The boundaries or contacts and photometric and topographic characteristics of the map units have been determined by a combination of visual examination of photographs, telescopic observations, and traversing of the surface. Relative reflectivity is described for full moon illumination. The photometric properties observed are those only of the material exposed at the surface. The distribution of certain units that are concealed or partly concealed by superimposed material has been inferred entirely from topographic characteristics.

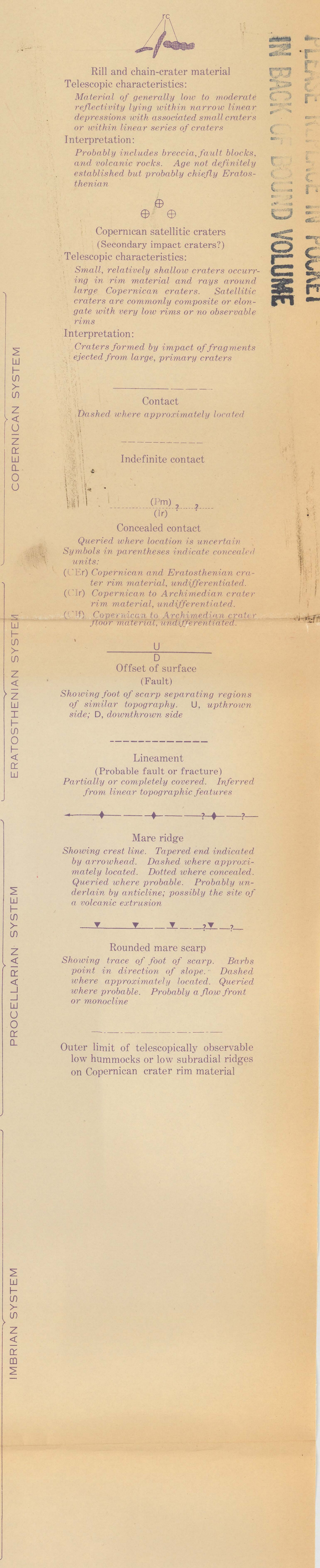
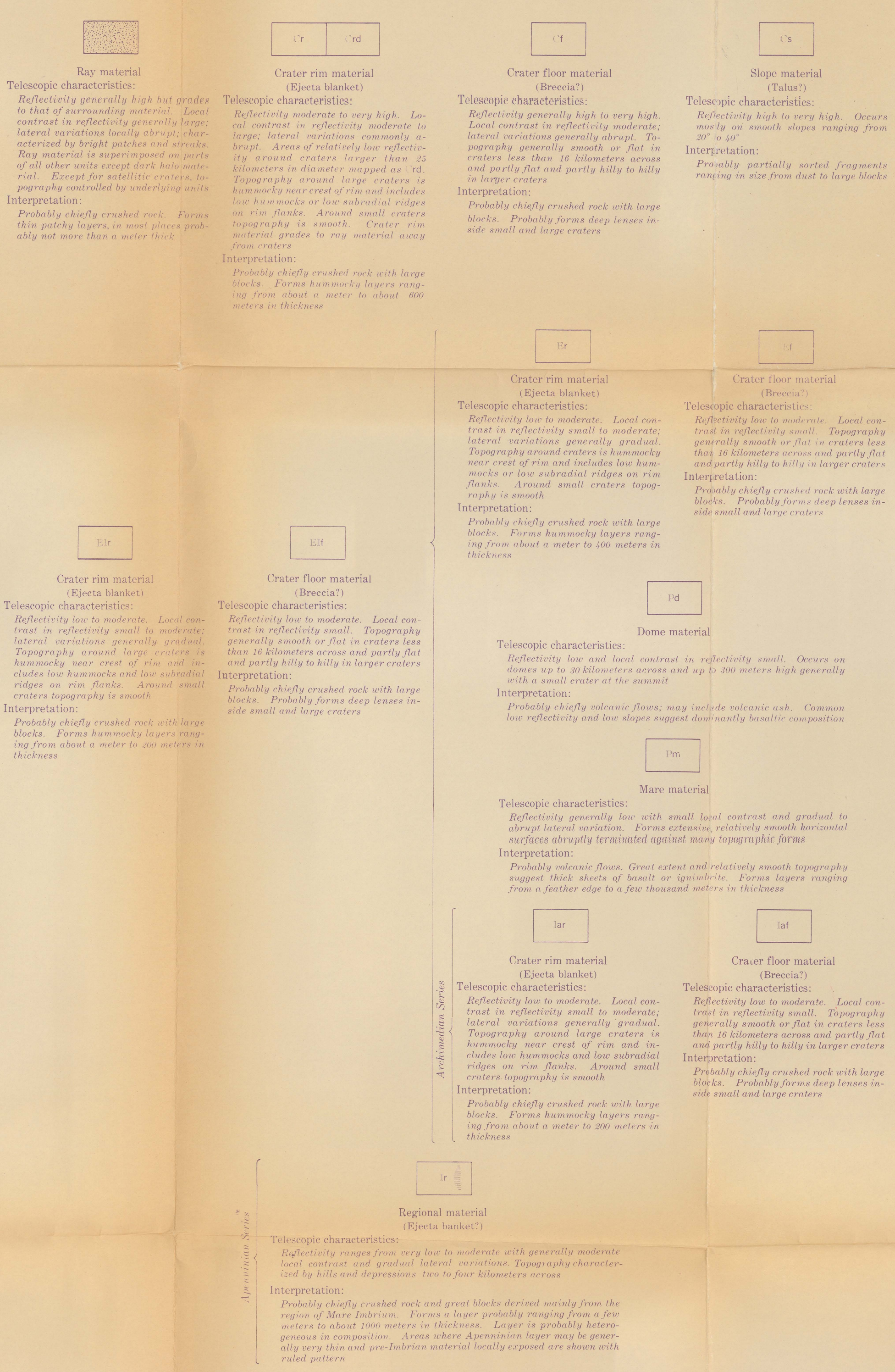
Certain elements of the lunar topography suggest the presence of a variety of structural features in the Moon's crust. Their positions are indicated on the map with special symbols.

Each map unit and each type of probable structure has been given a descriptive name. A generic name, where warranted, is given in parentheses beneath the descriptive name for certain map units and for probable structural features as well. A more detailed geologic interpretation follows the description of each

unit and probable structure. Those interpretations are based partly on analogy with terrestrial features and partly on analysis of the detailed interpretations of the features on the Moon and are necessarily speculative. The cross-sections incorporate those speculative interpretations. Discrimination and mapping of the units and determination of their sequence, however, is independent of the geologic interpretations placed on them.

The geologic mapping has been carried out to the greatest obtainable with existing telescopic technique. As more detailed information is acquired through lunar exploration, further refinement of the chronologic sequence of map units will be possible, and greater precision in the discrimination and location of geologic units as structures is to be expected.

References cited  
Shoemaker, E. M., 1961, Interpretation of lunar craters, in: *Kopal, Zdenek, ed., Physics and Astronomy of the Moon*, London, Academic Press, p. 283-388.  
Shoemaker, E. M., and Hackman, R. J., in press, *Stratigraphic basis for a lunar time scale*. Internat. Astron. Union Symposium 14, The Moon, Proc., London, Academic Press.



GEOLOGIC MAP AND SECTIONS OF THE KEPLER REGION OF THE MOON

By  
R. J. Hackman  
1962

