

Table 1.--Data on springs

(Locations are shown on figure 1. Gallons per day were computed from area of cross section of stream and estimated rate of flow, and may be subject to considerable error.)

Spring No.	Lab. Sample No.	pH	Uranium in ppb. 1954	Gallons per day	Est. output lbs. U per year	Horizon of spring	Remarks
1	141481	7.5	11	700,000	24	Upper part of Tensleep Sandstone	
	141483	7.5	12				
2	141480	7.5	9	6,000	-----	Near top of Tensleep Sandstone	
	141482	7.5	9				
3	219622	7.9	23	32,000	2	Minnekahta Limestone	
4	219629	8.1	22	3,000	-----	Top of Tensleep Sandstone	Water emerges close to normal fault. In average years, flow is much larger than in 1954. Sparse metatyuyamunite in calcite veins 300 feet northwest; principal metatyuyamunite occurrences 300 feet or more southwest.
	219630	8.1	22				
5	219627	7.9	23	57,000	4	Top of Tensleep Sandstone	Spring is on a direct southeastward projection of one of the large calcite veins containing metatyuyamunite and apparently emerges from the lower part of this calcite-filled fissure.
	219628	7.8	23				
6	219625	7.8	23	646,000	46	50 feet below top of Tensleep Sandstone	Water apparently emerges from a fissure partially filled with calcite that contains sparse metatyuyamunite. Travertine deposits 10 feet or more thick have accumulated directly below point of emergence of water.
	219626	7.6	24				
7	219623	7.7	24	646,000	47	25 feet below top of Tensleep Sandstone	Point of emergence is about 450 feet south-southeast of some of the most abundant metatyuyamunite in calcite veins.
	219624	7.8	26 (re-run: 22.5 23.0)				
8	219631	7.9	25	162,000	12	Top of Tensleep Sandstone	Cayton Spring
	219632	8.0	23				
9	219633	8.1	27	14,000	1	Upper part of Tensleep Sandstone	Point of emergence is directly east of conspicuous smooth dip slope of Tensleep Sandstone.
10	219635	7.8	14	646,000	27	Top of Tensleep Sandstone	
	219636	7.8	14				
11	219637	7.7	18	88,000	3	Middle of Chugwater Formation	Water emerges at a single point on the nearly flat valley floor.
	219638	7.6	6				
12	219639	7.5	6	3,000	-----	Rubble of Madison Limestone	Point of emergence is near large thrust fault. In average years, flow is much larger than in 1954.
	219640	7.6	2				