

QFR 65-76

EXPLANATION

Qal

Alluvium

Silt, sand, and gravel, and in places boulders, in modern flood plains and in swales. Occurs as a low terrace

Qs

Swamp deposits
Organic matter, undecomposed to partly decomposed, generally mixed with sand and silt; locally peaty

Qt

Alluvial-fan deposits

Silt, sand, and gravel, poorly sorted and stratified

Qed

Ice-contact stratified drift

Kettled, collapsed, or eroded glacio-fluvial deposits, mostly sand. Forms include kames and kame terraces

Qic

Ice-channel deposits

Gravel and sand, normally well stratified and poorly sorted, in narrow ridges, deposited in ice tunnels or other ice channels

Qt

Till

Boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay, nonsorted to poorly sorted, with a few bodies of stratified sand and gravel. Deposited directly by glacial ice which advanced generally from northwest to southeast

Contact, dashed where approximate

Boulders

2s X

Summit of drumlin, a hill composed of till smoothed and streamlined by glacial motion. Shaft is parallel to long axis of drumlin

Construction materials pit.
ps indicates pebble sand;
cg, cobble gravel; t, till;
s, sand. Number refers to data sheets; crossbar indicates inactive pit.

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This report is preliminary and has not been edited or reviewed for conformity with Geological Survey standards or nomenclature.