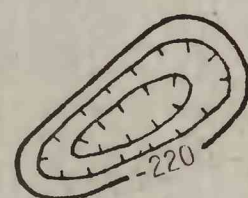




105°05'

38°42'30"

EXPLANATION



Gravity contours

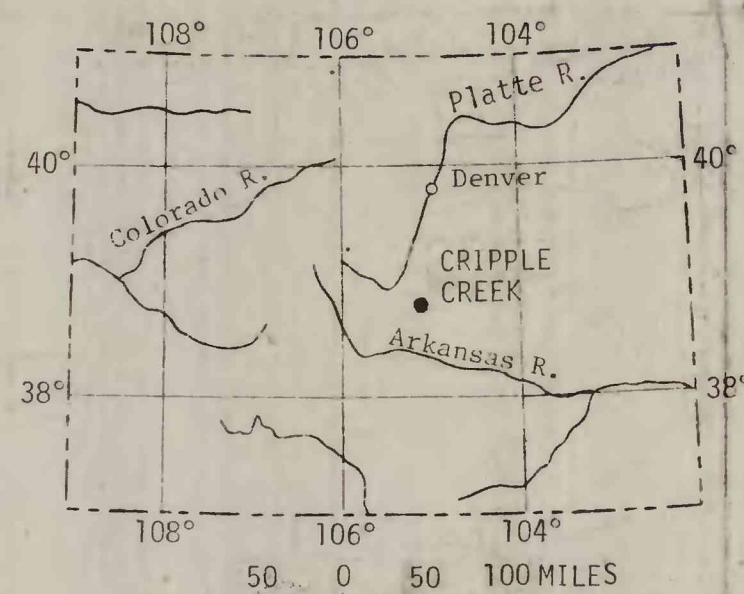
Contour interval 1 milligal. Hachured contours indicate areas of low gravity closure and dashed contours indicate where approximately located.

A density of 2.67 grams per cubic centimeter was assumed in reducing the data to the complete Bouguer anomaly. Terrain corrections were computed on a digital computer to a radius of 166.7 kilometers by a method described by Plouff, 1966. Theoretical gravity was computed from the International Formula. The gravity values were referenced to base station WU 7 at Colorado School of Mines, Golden, Colorado (Behrendt and Woollard, 1961).

References

Behrendt, J. C. and Woollard, G. P., 1961, An evaluation of the gravity control network in North America: Geophysics, v. 26, no. 1, p. 65.

Plouff, Donald, 1966, Digital terrain corrections based on geographic coordinates [abs.]: Geophysics, v. 31, no. 6, p. 1208.



Index map of Colorado showing area of this open file map.

Gravity station

Grid from U.S. Geological Survey topographic quadrangles. Cripple Creek North, 1951, Cripple Creek South, 1951, Big Bull Mountain, 1951, Pikes Peak, 1951.

10'

07'30"

Gravity survey made in 1967-1968

SCALE 1:24,000

1 MILE

1 KILOMETER

U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Released to open file

MAR 17 1969

# BOUGUER GRAVITY MAP OF THE CRIPPLE CREEK MINING DISTRICT TELLER COUNTY, COLORADO

By  
M. Dean Kleinkopf And Donald L. Peterson