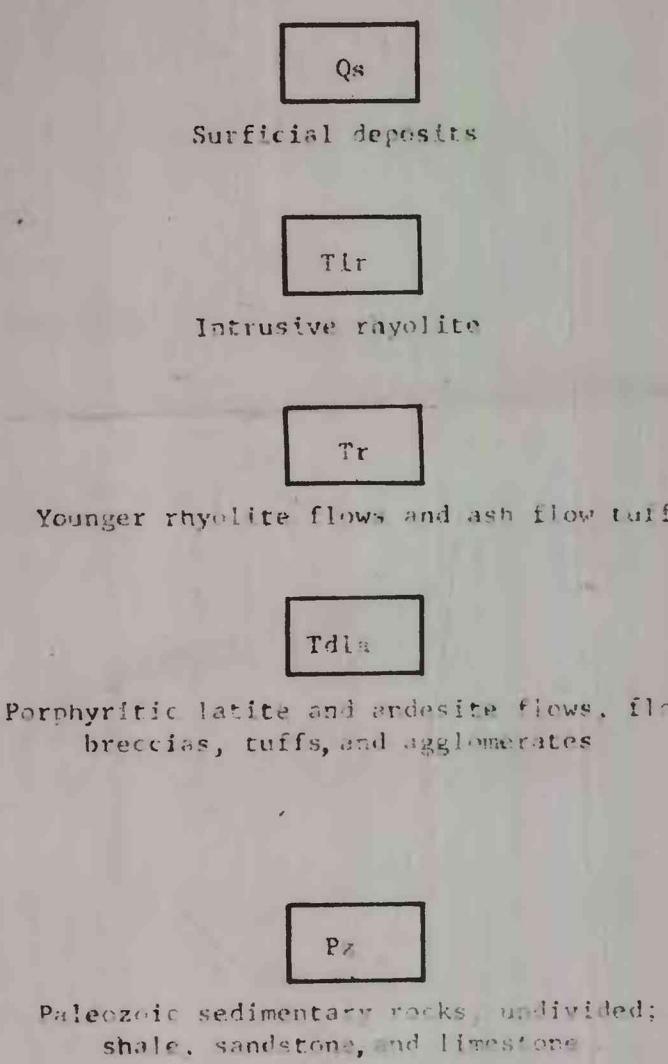


DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

OPEN FILE 1971-136  
TIN DISTRIBUTION  
VICKS PEAK, STEEL HILL,  
BLACK HILL QUADRANGLES,  
SOCORRO COUNTY, N. MEX.  
BY W. R. GRIFFITHS, H. V. ALMINAS,  
AND E. L. MOSIER  
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EXPLANATION



QUATERNARY

TERTIARY

PALEOZOIC

Contact

Normal fault  
dashed where approximately located;  
dotted where covered

Lineament  
traced from aerial photographs

Tin contents of three sample types (<80, M-1, NM-1) are given at each sample location. The <80 sample consists of material finer than 0.177 mm sieved from the total stream sediment. The other two sample types are portions of stream-sediment panneled concentrates with a specific gravity higher than that of bromoform. The M-1 fraction is that portion of such material not magnetic at 0.1-ampere, but magnetic at a 1.0-ampere setting on a Frantz Isodynamic Separator (forward slope 25°, side slope 15°). The portion that is not magnetic at a 1.0-ampere setting is labeled NM-1.

N 150 10 300  
300 O 1000

Stream-sediment sample showing spectrographically determined tin content in parts per million. Top number, tin value of the <80 fraction; middle number, tin value of the M-1 fraction; bottom number, tin value of the NM-1 fraction. N, tin value below the detection limit. L, tin detected but below 10 parts per million. Dash, missing value. Filled circle indicates sample location at which the NM-1 fraction contains at least 1000 parts per million tin.

HISTOGRAMS SHOWING TIN DISTRIBUTION

