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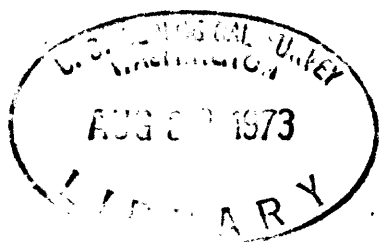
73-282

ITERATIVE DIGITAL MODEL
FOR
AQUIFER EVALUATION

By
hopin
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U. S. Geological Survey

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INTRODUCTION

The "Iterative Digital Model for Aquifer Evaluation" (Pinder, 1970) was designed as a basic model to simulate two-dimensional aquifer problems. In using this model for various problems myself, and in assisting others in the use of the model, I have added several problem options and input-output features. The artesian and water-table options, of course, are a part of the original model. Some of the added features (for example, the method of treating the storage coefficient and leakage in combined artesian-water table problems, and the method of treating evapotranspiration) were adapted from Prickett and Lonquist (1971). As with Pinder's original model, the updated version will require programming modifications for some applications.

All of the options in the program have not been fully tested. Thus, there may be some undiscovered errors in the logic. Furthermore, this updated model is subject to revision as experience dictates. *

The following documentation in part supplements and in part supersedes Pinder (1970).

*The card deck contains some changes not in the source listing starting on page 20. The only change affecting the user directly is a change to a maximum problem size of 50x50.

PROBLEM OPTIONS

Artesian Aquifer: The artesian aquifer is the easiest to model because the problem is usually linear. Water may be derived from storage, uniform areal recharge, recharge wells, constant head boundaries and leakage from confining beds in which the effects of storage are considered. Discharge may be from wells and constant head boundaries. Evapotranspiration is not considered (except possibly as negative uniform areal recharge) because the change in head in the water-table aquifer due to pumping of the artesian aquifer is not computed. Steady state can be simulated by setting the storage coefficient of the aquifer and the specific storage of the confining bed to zero, computing one time step of any length and iterating to a solution.

Water-Table Aquifer:: The transmissivity in the water-table problem is computed each iteration as the product of saturated thickness and hydraulic conductivity at each node. The program is set up to terminate computation for a given problem if the "well goes dry". Punched output consisting of the head matrix and mass balance parameters is produced so the user can decide whether to continue the run. For nodes that "go dry" other than pumping nodes, a saturated thickness of 1 foot is maintained so that water levels at these nodes can recover during the next pumping period.

In addition to the types of recharge and discharge available in the artesian aquifer problem, evapotranspiration can be included as a discharge from a water-table aquifer. The model assumes a linear decrease in evapotranspiration from the land surface to a given depth where ET ceases. Steady state can be simulated in the same manner as in the artesian problem.

Combined Water-Table - Artesian Aquifer: The model can simulate an aquifer that is part artesian and part water table or an artesian aquifer converting to a water-table aquifer and vice versa. As in the water-table problem, the hydraulic conductivity of the aquifer and its bottom elevation are specified. In addition the elevation of the top of the aquifer is needed to compute transmissivity when the aquifer is artesian, to determine when the storage coefficient changes from its artesian value to specific yield, and to limit the leakage when the head falls below the top of the aquifer.

OTHER PROGRAM FEATURES

Multiple Pumping Periods: A new pumping period is started by reading the length of the new period, the approximate DELT, and the well locations and pumping rates. A major assumption is made in treating leakage for multiple pumping periods: Dimensionless time for the previous pumping period is assumed to be large so that

storage in the confining bed has a negligible effect on leakage from this period. For many real problems in which pumping periods are months to years in length, this is a reasonable assumption. Problems involving short pumping periods may require re-programming in order to treat leakage more realistically.

Solution Approaching Steady State: In some model simulations in which a steady state is possible, the solution may approach a steady state long before the designated pumping period is completed. To reduce unnecessary computation time and output, the program checks the magnitude of change in water level from one time step to the next. If the change at all nodes is less than some previously assigned difference (for example, 0.1 foot) the pumping period is terminated with all desired printed and punched output. The program proceeds to read the data for the next pumping period, if any.

Boundary Conditions: To treat an impermeable boundary specify zero hydraulic conductivity or transmissivity for the impermeable material. For the location of the boundary refer to figure 1 in Pinder (1970). If $T(i-1, j) = T(i-1, j-1) = T(i, j-1) = 0$, the boundary is located $-\frac{\Delta x_i}{2}$ and $-\frac{\Delta y_j}{2}$ from the node x_i, y_j .

To simulate a constant-flux boundary with a value other than zero, place a recharging well at the appropriate nodes. Referring again to figure 1 in Pinder (1970) and with the conditions stated in the paragraph above, if a recharging well is placed at node x_i, y_j , the recharge boundary is approximately

$$+ \frac{\Delta x_i}{2} \text{ and } + \frac{\Delta y_j}{2} \text{ from the node } x_i, y_j.$$

To simulate a constant-head boundary place a negative number (for example, -1) in the storage coefficient matrix at the constant-head nodes which must have a finite transmissivity. The boundary is at the constant head nodes.

Drawdown at a pumping well node: Withdrawal from a well is assumed to occur over the area of influence of the well node. Drawdown at a pumping node in the model, therefore, is considerably less than would be observed in a real well. The real well drawdown can be predicted by plotting drawdown versus the log of distance for nodes near the pumping node (excluding those directions in which other wells are within two nodes) and extrapolating to the radius of a real well. Alternatively, these data can be used in the Thiem equation to calculate the additional drawdown in a real, fully penetrating well.

Problem size: Computer storage requirements and computation time are directly proportional to the number of nodes in a problem. The dimensions of the arrays in the source listing and card deck may need to be changed to suit a given problem and minimize computer storage requirements.

The source program and scalar parameters will require about 57,000 bytes of storage. For a 20 x 20 or 400 node problem the arrays require about 26,000 bytes of storage;

for a 50 x 50 or 2,500 node problem, the arrays require about 173,000 bytes of storage. If computer storage is at a premium, five more arrays (WELL, RATE, M, S, SY) can be made half-word integers (INTEGER *2). This will require some program modifications and additional computation time because of the number of times multiplication factors must be used.

Logical unit numbers: The unit numbers for card reader, line printer and card punch are commonly 5, 6, and 7, respectively. At computer installations where other numbers are used, change the initialization of P, R, and PU in the BLOCK DATA routine.

APPLICATION

Formats: The format used on each data card is given with the first parameter on that card. Unless explicitly stated otherwise, the same format is used for input of the remaining parameters on that card.

The G format is conveniently used to read data normally read under I, F, and E formats. Mistakes on data input can be minimized by always right justifying the data on the field. The only exceptions are the character strings on cards 3 - 11 which are left-justified.

Except for the M matrix and the matrices specified as INTEGER *2, assume that the FORTRAN default typing of integer and real variables applies. The M matrix is explicitly made REAL *4. The INTEGER *2 matrices are made real variables by multiplication factors where needed. Except for the PHI and STRT matrices leave decimal points off the input card sets; convert matrices to their decimal values with the multiplication factors specified on cards 15 and 16.

Data Deck Instructions*

<u>CARD</u>	<u>COLUMNS</u>	<u>FORMAT</u>	<u>VARIABLE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
1	1-80	10A8	HEADNG	Any title the user wishes to print on one line at the start of output
2	1-48	"	"	
3	1-8	A8	WATER	Punch <u>WATERTABLE</u> for watertable or combined water table-artesian aquifer ¹
4	1-8	A8	LEAK	Punch <u>LEAKAGE</u> for a problem including leakage from a stream, confining bed, etc. ¹
5	1-8	A8	CONVRT	Punch <u>CONVERT</u> for combined artesian-watertable aquifer ¹
6	1-8	A8	EVAP	Punch <u>EVAPOTRANSPIRATION</u> for a problem including ET ¹
7	1-8	A8	CHCK	Punch <u>CHECK</u> for a problem in which a mass balance is to be computed ¹
8	1-8	A8	PNCH	Punch <u>PUNCH</u> for punched output from each pumping period ¹
9	1-8	A8	NUM	Punch <u>NUMERIC</u> to print drawdown in numeric form ¹
10	1-8	A8	HEAD	Punch <u>HEAD</u> to print the head matrix ¹
11	1-8	A8	CCNTR	Punch <u>CONTOUR</u> to generate alpha-meric map ¹ ; for no alphameric map, the remainder of this card can be left blank
	11-20	G10.0	SCALE	Multiplication factor to convert model length unit to unit used on alphameric map
	21-30		DINCH	Number of map units per inch
	31-40		SPACNG	Contour interval (L)
	41-48	A8	MESUR	Name of map length unit

*Footnotes are given at the end of the instructions.
Note that the origin is the upper left-hand corner of the model.

<u>CARD</u>	<u>COLUMNS</u>	<u>FORMAT</u>	<u>VARIABLE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
12	1-10	G10.0	NPER	Number of pumping periods for this problem
	11-20		DIML	Number of rows
	21-30		DIMW	Number of columns
	31-40		KTH	Number of time steps between printouts. Even if the user erroneously assigns an interval between printouts greater than the number of time steps required for a given pumping period, the program will print out the results for the final time step.
	41-50		LENGTH	Number of iteration parameters (5 are commonly used)
	51-60		ERR	Error criteria for closure, that is, the head change between row and column computations for every node must be less than or equal to this value to terminate iteration for a time step (L) (for example, 0.01 foot)
	61-70		QRE	Uniform recharge rate (L/T); leave blank if not used
	71-80		SS	Specific storage of confining bed (1/L); leave blank if not used.
13	1-10	G10.0	ITMAX	Maximum number of iterations per time step (if exceeded, printed output is produced and the run is terminated)
	11-20		EROR	Change in head criteria for steady state (if the change in head at every node is less than this amount, the pumping period is terminated) (L)
	21-30		QET	Maximum evapotranspiration rate (L/T); only for problem with ET
	31-40		ETDIST	Depth at which ET ceases below land surface (L); only for problem with ET
	41-50		FACTX	Multiplication factor for transmissivity in X direction
	51-60		FACTY	Multiplication factor for transmissivity in Y direction (FACTX = FACTY = 1 for isotropic problem)

<u>CARD</u>	<u>COLUMNS</u>	<u>FORMAT</u>	<u>VARIABLE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
14	1-4	I4	IHED	Initial head ²
	5-8		ISTO	Storage coefficient ²
	9-12		ISYI	Specific yield ²
	13-16		IRAT	Hydraulic conductivity of confining bed ²
	17-20		IRIV	Head in sub- or superjacent aquifer ²
	21-24		ITHK	Thickness of confining bed ²
	25-28		IPER	Aquifer hydraulic conductivity ^{2, 5}
	29-32		IBOT	Elevation of bottom of aquifer ²
	33-36		ITRA	Transmissivity of aquifer ^{2, 5}
	37-40		IDLX	Space increment in X direction ²
	41-44		IDLY	Space increment in Y direction ²
	45-48		ITOP	Elevation of top of aquifer ²
	49-52		ILND	Elevation of land surface ²
15	1-10	G10.0	FACH	Initial head (L) ³
	11-20		FACS	Storage coefficient ³
	21-30		FACY	Specific yield ³
	31-40		FACK	Hydraulic conductivity of confining bed (L/T) ³
	41-50		FACR	Head in sub- or superjacent aquifer (L) ³
	51-60		FACM	Thickness of confining bed (L) ³
	61-70		FACP	Aquifer hydraulic conductivity (L/T) ^{3, 5}
	71-80		FACB	Elevation of bottom of aquifer (L) ³

<u>CARD</u>	<u>COLUMNS</u>	<u>FORMAT</u>	<u>VARIABLE</u>	
16	1-10	G10.0	FACT	Transmissivity of aquifer (L^2/T) ^{3,5}
	11-20		FACX	Space increments in x direction (L) ³
	21-30		FACZ	Space increments in y direction (L) ³
	31-40		FACO	Elevation of top of aquifer (L) ³
	41-50		FACL	Elevation of land surface (L) ³
17	1-20	G20.10	SUM	Parameters in which elapsed time and cumulative volumes for mass balance are stored. For the start of a problem insert three blank cards. For continuation of a previous run, remove the three blank cards and insert the first three cards of the punched output from the previous run.
	21-40		SUMP	
	41-60		PUMPT	
	61-80		CFLUXT	
18	1-20	G20.10	QRET	
	21-40		CHST	
	41-60		CHDT	
	61-80		FLUXT	
19	1-20		STORT	
	21-40		ETFLXT	

CARD SET

1	1-80	8F10.4	PHI(I,J)	Head values for continuation of previous run ⁴ . For a new problem, card set 1 is not included.
2	1-80	8F10.4	STRT(I,J)	Starting head matrix ⁴ [always needed; do not use zero]
3	1-80	20F4.0	S(I,J)	Storage coefficient ⁴ . Set S(I,J) = -1 for constant-head boundary [needed for artesian, artesian -WT, or constant-head boundary problems]
4	1-80	20F4.0	SY(I,J)	Specific yield ⁴ [need in WT or WT-artesian conversion problems]
5	1-80	20F4.0	RATE(I,J)	Hydraulic conductivity of confining bed ⁴ [only for a problem with leakage]
6	1-80	20I4	RIVER(I,J)	Head in sub- or superjacent aquifer ⁴ [only for a problem with leakage]

<u>CARD SET</u>	<u>COLUMNS</u>	<u>FORMAT</u>	<u>VARIABLE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
7	1-80	20F4.0	M(I,J)	Thickness of confining bed ⁴ [only for problem with leakage]
8	1-80	20F4.0	T(I,J)	Transmissivity for artesian aquifer problem ^{4,5} ; otherwise, omit
9	1-80	20I4	PERM(I,J)	Hydraulic conductivity for water table or combined water table- artesian problem ^{4,5} ; otherwise, omit
10	1-80	20I4	BOTTOM(I,J)	Elevation of bottom of aquifer for water table or combined water table-artesian problem ⁴ ; other- wise, omit
11	1-80	20I4	TOP(I,J)	Elevation of top of aquifer in combined water table-artesian problem ⁴ ; otherwise, omit
12	1-80	20I4	LAND(I,J)	Elevation of land surface for a problem including evapo- transpiration ⁴ ; otherwise, omit
13	1-80	8G10.0	DELX(J)	Grid spacing in x direction ⁴ [always needed]
14	1-80	8G10.0	DELY(I)	Grid spacing in y direction ⁴ [always needed]

CARD

20	1-10	G10.0	KP	Number of the pumping period
	11-20		KPM1	Number of previous pumping period (for example, KPM1 = 0 if KP = 1 but for a continuation of a previous pumping period KPM1 = KP)
	21-30	G10.0	NWEL	Number of wells for this pumping period ⁶
	31-40		TMAX	Number of days in this pumping period ⁶
	41-50		NUMT	Number of time steps ⁶
	51-60		CDLT	Multiplying factor for DELT ⁶ (commonly set = 1.5)
	61-70		DELT	Initial time step, in hours ⁶

<u>CARD SET</u>	<u>COLUMNS</u>	<u>FORMAT</u>	<u>VARIABLE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
15	1-10	G10.0	I	Row location of well
	11-20		J	Column location of well
	21-30		WELL (I,J)	Pumping rate (L^3/T), negative for a pumping well

(one well on each card)

If NWEL = 0, Card Set 15 is omitted

For each additional pumping period in a problem, insert Card 20 followed by Card Set 15.

CARD

- 21 To follow this problem with another, insert a blank card; otherwise, omit.

*FOOTNOTES

¹For any option not used, insert a blank card or a card with some other characters in columns 1-8 keeping in mind that these characters will be printed beneath the title in the output.

²Insert 1 if a uniform value for the matrix is to be used; insert -1 if variable data are to be read for the matrix.

³The uniform value for this matrix where the corresponding variable on card 14 is assigned the value of 1; the multiplication factor for variable data read into this matrix where the corresponding variable on card 14 is assigned the value -1. See explanations for card sets 1-14 to determine whether this parameter is required in a given problem.

⁴Start data for each row on a new card. If this matrix is to have a uniform value, it has already been initialized to that value (that is, the appropriate factor on card 15 or 16) and this card set is omitted.

⁵Zero values must be placed around the perimeter of the PERM or T array for reasons inherent in the computational scheme. If 1 is specified on card 14 for IPER or ITRA, PERM = 0 or T = 0 is automatically inserted around the border of the model.

⁶The program has two options for the simulation period:

- (1) to simulate a given number of time steps, set TMAX to a value larger than the expected simulation period. The program will use NUMT, CDLT and DELT as specified.
- (2) to simulate a given pumping period, set NUMT larger than the number required for the simulation period (for example, 100). The program will compute the exact DELT (which will be $<$ DELT specified) and NUMT to arrive exactly at TMAX on the last time step.

Sample data deck is given at the end of the program listing.

Output

1. For each new problem, the title, problem options, scalar parameter values and initialized values of the matrices are printed on the first page. On the second and succeeding pages, matrices with variable data (if any) are printed out followed by the computed iteration parameters. Finally the DELT, NUMT, and wells for the first pumping period are printed.
2. For each time step in which printed output is desired:
 - a. Information on the simulation time is printed first.
 - b. If CHECK is specified on card 7, a mass balance for the model as a whole is computed and printed. The results are expressed as a cumulative volume from each source of water and each type of discharge of water; rates and the volume derived from storage for the current time step are given.
 - c. The range in dimensionless time for a problem including the transient effects of leakage from a confining bed, maximum change in head for the time step and the sum of differences between rows and columns for each iteration are printed. The sum of differences for each iteration may provide useful information if the computations fail to converge

to a solution and could be used, rather than the maximum difference, as the error criteria for closure.

- d. If CONTOUR is specified on card 11, an alphameric map of drawdown to scale is printed. The user specifies SCALE, the multiplication factor required to change from units used in the model (for example, feet) to units used on the map (for example, miles); DINCH, the number of map units per inch; SPACNG, the contour interval for drawdown; and MESUR, the name of the units used on the map. Since most models are wider than they are long, or can be oriented that way with the alphameric map in mind, the x direction is vertical and the y direction horizontal. The origin is the upper left-hand corner of the cell for row 2, column 2 and is located in the lower left hand corner of the page oriented to read the printing. With the page in this orientation, the right and top sides of the map include the node locations for the second to last row and column, respectively; the border is located to the nearest inch outside these node locations and may or may not fall on the cell boundaries depending on the scaling. The map is automatically centered on the page and is limited to a maximum of 12 inches in the y direction. If the user tries to print a map that requires more than 12 inches in the

y direction, the program increases the number of map units per inch to fit the map within 12 inches. In the x direction, the map is limited only by the dimension of the NX vector (for example, when the dimension of NX is 100, the map is limited in the x direction to $100 - 1 = 99$ inches). Several parameters (for example, N1, N2, N3, and XN1) are initialized in the BLOCK DATA routine to values that assume the line printer prints 6 lines per inch, 10 characters per inch, and 132 characters per line. These parameter values may need to be changed for a line printer with other specifications.

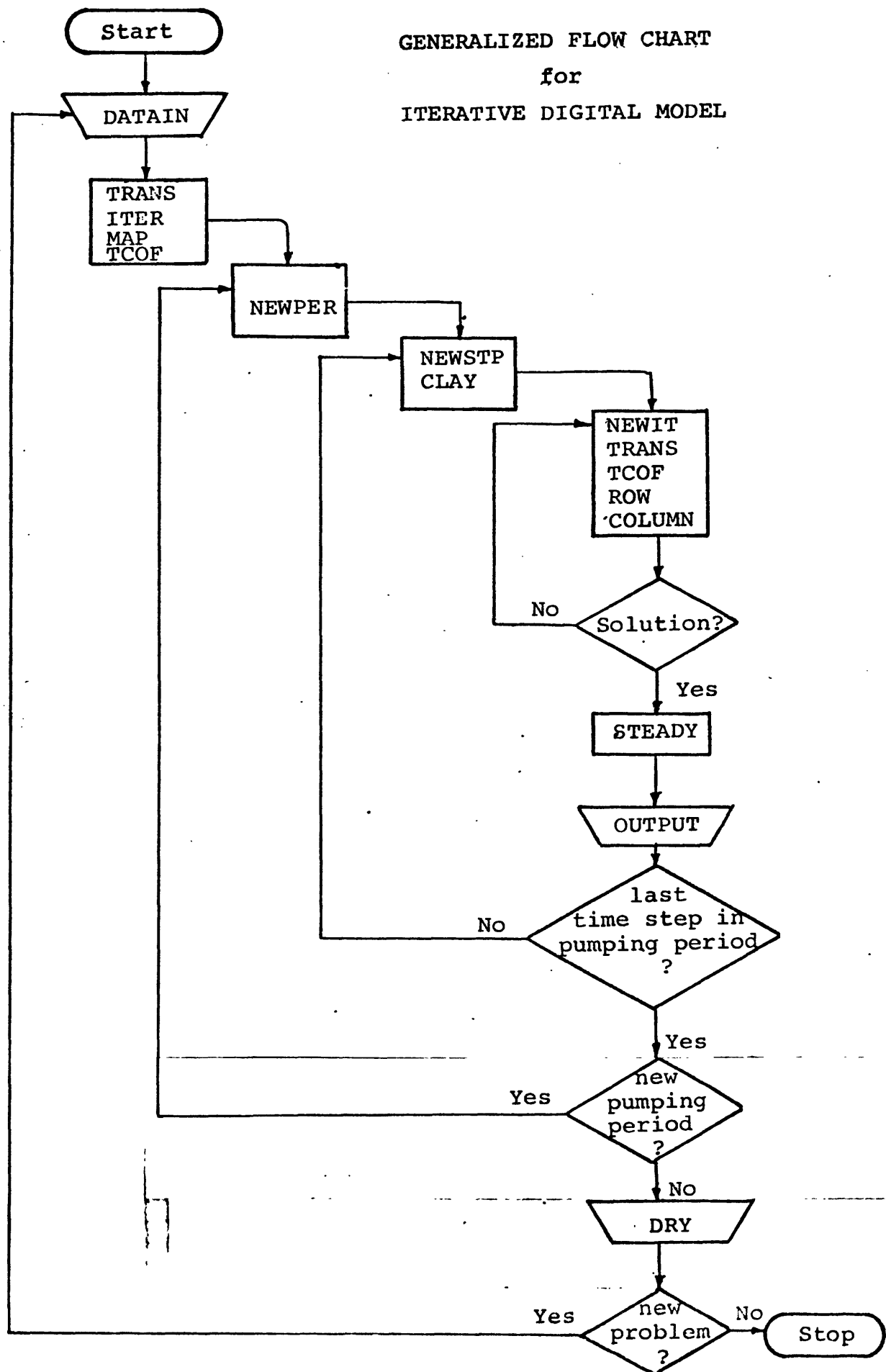
- e. If HEAD is specified on card 10, the head matrix is printed out.
 - f. If NUMERIC is specified on card 9, the drawdown is printed out in numeric form.
3. If PUNCH is specified on card 8, the parameters for the mass balance and the head matrix are punched at the end of each pumping period.

Sample Output for the problem given in the sample data deck follows the listing of the data deck.

REFERENCES

- Pinder, G. F., 1970, An iterative digital model for aquifer evaluation: U. S. Geological Survey, Open-file report, 44 p.
- Prickett, T. A., and Lonquist, C. G., 1971, Selected digital computer techniques for groundwater resource evaluation: Urbana Illinois State Water Survey, Bull. 55, 62 p.

GENERALIZED FLOW CHART
for
ITERATIVE DIGITAL MODEL



*****	MAN	10
AN ITERATIVE DIGITAL MODEL FOR AQUIFER EVALUATION	MAN	20
UPDATED DECEMBER, 1972	MAN	30
*****	MAN	40
SUBPROGRAMS AND ENTRIES	MAN	50
1. DATAIN	MAN	60
ITER	MAN	70
MAP	MAN	80
NEWPER	MAN	90
2. COMPUT	MAN	100
NEWSTP	MAN	110
NEWITI	MAN	120
NEWITQ	MAN	130
ROW	MAN	140
COLUMN	MAN	150
STEADY	MAN	160
OUTPUT	MAN	170
DRY	MAN	180
3. COEF	MAN	190
CLAY	MAN	200
TRANS	MAN	210
TCOF	MAN	220
ETRATE	MAN	230
STORAG	MAN	240
LEAKAG	MAN	250
4. CHECK	MAN	260
5. PRNTA	MAN	270
6. BLOCK DATA	MAN	280
*****	MAN	290
MAIN PROGRAM	MAN	300
SPECIFICATIONS:	MAN	310
COMMON /DARRAY/ PHI(33,62),RHOP(20),CHK(10)	MAN	320
COMMON /SARRAY/ KEEP(33,62),T(33,62),Q(33,62),STRT(33,62),RATE(33,62),M(33,62),WELL(33,62),S(33,62),SY(33,62),TR(33,62),TC(33,62),DEMAN	MAN	330
162),2LX(62),DELY(33)	MAN	340
COMMON /HARRAY/ TOP(33,62),ISUR(33,62),LAND(33,62),RIVER(33,62),PEMAN	MAN	350
1RM(33,62),BOTTOM(33,62)	MAN	360
COMMON /DPARAM/ WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LEMAN	MAN	370
1AK	MAN	380
COMMON /SPARAM/ FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACO,FACL,FACW,MAN	MAN	390
1SLEAK,U,SS,TT,TMIN,ETDIST,QET,IFINAL,TMAX,CDLT,DELT,SUM,SUMP,NUMT,MAN	MAN	400
2KT,KP,NPER,KTH,ITMAX,LENGTH,NWEL,QRE,ERR,DIML,DIMW,JN01,IN01,R,P,PMAN	MAN	410
3U,SUBS,STORE,TEST,ETQB,ETQD,FACTX,FACTY	MAN	420
	MAN	430
REAL KEEP,M	MAN	440
REAL*8 PHI,DBLE,RHOP,CHK,WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONT	MAN	450
1R,EROR,LEAK	MAN	460
INTEGER DIML,DIMW,R,P,PU	MAN	470
INTEGER*2 TOP,ISUR,LAND,RIVER,PERM,BOTTOM	MAN	480
	MAN	490
---READ AND WRITE DATA FOR A NEW PROBLEM---	MAN	500
10 CALL DATAIN	MAN	510
	MAN	520
---COMPUTE ITERATION PARAMETERS---	MAN	530
CALL ITER	MAN	540
	MAN	550
---INITIALIZE PARAMETERS FOR ALPHAMERIC MAP---	MAN	560
IF (CONTR.EQ.CHK(3)) CALL MAP	MAN	570
	MAN	580
---COMPUTE T COEFFICIENTS FOR ARTESIAN PROBLEM---	MAN	590

IF (WATER.NE.CHK(2)) CALL TCOF	MAN 530
---	MAN 540
---READ TIME PARAMETERS AND PUMPING DATA FOR A NEW PUMPING PERIOD---	MAN 550
20 CALL NEWPER	MAN 560
	MAN 570
KT=0	MAN 580
IFINAL=0	MAN 590
IERR=0	MAN 600
	MAN 610
---INITIALIZE TRANSMISSIVITY VALUES IN WATER TABLE PROBLEM---	MAN 620
IF (WATER.EQ.CHK(2)) CALL TRANS (IERR)	MAN 630
	MAN 640
---START NEW TIME STEP COMPUTATIONS---	MAN 650
30 CALL NEWSTP	MAN 660
	MAN 670
---COMPUTE LEAKAGE COEFFICIENTS---	MAN 680
IF (LEAK.EQ.CHK(9)) CALL CLAY	MAN 690
	MAN 700
---START NEW ITERATION IF MAXIMUM NO. ITERATIONS NOT EXCEEDED --	MAN 710
CALL NEWIT0	MAN 720
GO TO 50	MAN 730
40 CALL NEWIT1	MAN 740
	MAN 750
---COMPUTE TRANSMISSIVITY IN WT OR WT-ARTESIAN CONVERSION PROBLEM---	MAN 760
50 IF (WATER.NE.CHK(2)) GO TO 70	MAN 770
CALL TRANS (IERR)	MAN 780
IF (IERR.EQ.0) GO TO 60	MAN 790
CALL DRY	MAN 800
GO TO 90	MAN 810
	MAN 820
---COMPUTE T COEFFICIENTS IN WATER TABLE PROBLEM---	MAN 830
60 CALL TCOF	MAN 840
	MAN 850
---COMPUTE IMPLICITLY ALONG ROWS---	MAN 860
70 CALL ROW	MAN 870
	MAN 880
---COMPUTE IMPLICITLY ALONG COLUMNS---	MAN 890
CALL COLUMN	MAN 900
	MAN 910
---IF SOLUTION NOT OBTAINED START NEW ITERATION---	MAN 920
IF (TEST.EQ.1.) GO TO 40	MAN 930
	MAN 940
---CHECK FOR STEADY STATE---	MAN 950
CALL STEADY	MAN 960
	MAN 970
---PRINT OUTPUT AT DESIGNATED TIME STEPS---	MAN 980
IF (MOD(KT,KTH).NE.0.AND.IFINAL.NE.1) GO TO 30	MAN 990
CALL OUTPUT	MAN1000
IF (IFINAL.NE.1) GO TO 30	MAN1010
IF (PNCH.NE.CHK(1)) GO TO 80	MAN1020
CALL DRY	MAN1030
	MAN1040

EL 20

MAIN

DATE = 73047

13/01/44

---CHECK FOR NEW PUMPING PERIOD OR NEW PROBLEM---

MAN1050

MAN1060

MAN1070

MAN1080

MAN1090

MAN1100

MAN1110

MAN1120

MAN1130

MAN1140-

80 IF (KP.LT.NPER) GO TO 20
90 READ (R,110,END=100) NEXT
GO TO 10
00 STOP

FORMAT:

110
00 FORMAT (I1)
END

SUBROUTINE DATAIN

SPECIFICATIONS:

COMMON /DARRAY/ PHI(33,62),RHOP(20),CHK(10)	DAT 10
COMMON /SARRAY/ KEEP(33,62),T(33,62),Q(33,62),STRT(33,62),RATE(33,62),M(33,62),WELL(33,62),S(33,62),SY(33,62),TR(33,62),TC(33,62),DELT(33,62),DELY(33)	DAT 20
COMMON /HARRAY/ TOP(33,62),ISUR(33,62),LAND(33,62),RIVER(33,62),PEDAT	DAT 30
IRM(33,62),BOTTOM(33,62)	DAT 40
COMMON /DPARAM/ WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LEDAT	DAT 50
IAK	DAT 60
COMMON /SPARAM/ FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACO,FACL,FACW,DAT	DAT 70
ISLEAK,U,SS,TT,TMIN,ETDIST,QET,IFINAL,TMAX,CDLT,DELT,SUM,SUMP,NUMT,DAT	DAT 80
2KT,KP,NPER,KTH,ITMAX,LENGTH,NWEL,QRE,ERR,DIML,DIMW,JN01,IN01,R,P,PDAT	DAT 90
3U,SUBS,STORE,TEST,ETQB,ETQD,FACTX,FACTY	DAT 100
COMMON /CK/ ETFLXT,STORT,QRET,CHST,CHDT,FLUXT,PUMPT,CFLUXT	DAT 110
COMMON /PR/ XLABEL(3),YLABEL(6),TITLE(4),XN1,SYM(28),PRNT(122),BLADAT	DAT 120
INK(60),DIGIT(122),VF1(6),VF2(6),VF3(7),NA(4),XN(100),YN(13),XSF,NXDAT	DAT 130
2D,WIDTH,SPACNG,N1,N2,N3,N4,N6,N8,NC	DAT 140
REAL*4 O(100),KEEP,M	DAT 150
REAL*8 PHI,DBLE,RHOP,CHK,WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR	DAT 160
IR,EROR,XLABEL,YLABEL,TITLE,XN1,HEADNG(16),MESUR,LEAK	DAT 170
INTEGER DIML,DIMW,R,P,PU	DAT 180
INTEGER*2 TOP,ISUR,LAND,RIVER,PERM,BOTTOM	DAT 190
.....	DAT 200
.....	DAT 210
.....	DAT 220
---READ AND WRITE DATA---	DAT 230
READ (R,590) HEADNG	DAT 240
WRITE (P,580) HEADNG	DAT 250
READ (R,720) WATER,LEAK,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD	DAT 260
READ (R,630) CONTR,SCALE,DINCH,SPACNG,MESUR	DAT 270
WRITE (P,870) WATER,LEAK,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR	DAT 280
IF (CONTR.EQ.CHK(3)) WRITE (P,880) SCALE,MESUR,DINCH,SPACNG	DAT 290
READ (R,620) NPER,DIML,DIMW,KTH,LENGTH,ERR,QRE,SS,ITMAX,EROR,QET,EDAT	DAT 300
ETDIST,FACTX,FACTY	DAT 310
WRITE (P,660) NPER,DIMW,DIML,KTH,ERR,QRE,SS,ITMAX,EROR,QET,ETDIST	DAT 320
FACTX,FACTY	DAT 330
READ (R,550) IHED,ISTO,ISYI,IRAT,IRIV,ITHK,IPER,IBOT,ITRA,IDLX,IDL	DAT 340
Y,ITOP,ILND	DAT 350
WRITE (P,560) IHED,ISTO,ISYI,IRAT,IRIV,ITHK,IPER,IBOT,ITRA,IDLX,IDL	DAT 360
Y,ITOP,ILND	DAT 370
READ (R,620) FACH,FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACT,FACX,FAC	DAT 381
IZ,FACO,FACL	DAT 390
WRITE (P,570) FACH,FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACT,FACX,FAC	DAT 400
IZ,FACO,FACL	DAT 404
.....	DAT 405
.....	DAT 410
.....	DAT 420
.....	DAT 424
.....	DAT 425
.....	DAT 430
.....	DAT 440
---INITIALIZE MATRICES TO CONSTANT VALUES---	DAT 450
DO 10 I=1,DIML	DAT 460
DELY(I)=FACZ	DAT 470

DO 10 J=1,DIMW	DAT 480
STRT(I,J)=FACH	DAT 490
PHI(I,J)=FACH	DAT 500
S(I,J)=FACS	DAT 510
SY(I,J)=FACY	DAT 520
RATE(I,J)=FACK	DAT 530
RIVER(I,J)=IRIV	DAT 540
M(I,J)=FACM	DAT 550
PERM(I,J)=IPER	DAT 560
IF (I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.DIML.OR.J.EQ.1.OR.J.EQ.DIMW) PERM(I,J)=0	DAT 570
BOTTOM(I,J)=IBOT	DAT 580
ISUR(I,J)=STRT(I,J)*10.	DAT 590
TOP(I,J)=ITOP	DAT 600
LAND(I,J)=ILND	DAT 610
T(I,J)=FACT	DAT 620
IF (I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.DIML.OR.J.EQ.1.OR.J.EQ.DIMW) T(I,J)=0.0	DAT 630
DELX(J)=FACX	DAT 640
Q(I,J)=0.0	DAT 650
10 CONTINUE	DAT 660
.....	DAT 750
---DATA TO CONTINUE PREVIOUS COMPUTATIONS INSERTED HERE---	DAT 760
READ (R,860) SUM,SUMP,PUMPT,CFLUXT	DAT 770
READ (R,860) QRET,CHST,CHDT,FLUXT,STORT,ETFLXT	DAT 780
IF (SUM.EQ.0.0) GO TO 30	DAT 790
WRITE (P,610) SUM	DAT 800
DO 20 I=1,DIML	DAT 810
READ (R,730) (PHI(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT 820
20 WRITE (P,690) I,(PHI(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT 830
30 IF (IHED.NE.-1) GO TO 60	DAT 840
WRITE (P,600)	DAT 850
DO 50 I=1,DIML	DAT 860
READ (R,730) (STRT(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT 870
DO 35 J=1,DIMW	DAT 874
STRT(I,J)=STRT(I,J)*FACH	DAT 875
35 ISUR(I,J)=STRT(I,J)*10.	DAT 876
IF (SUM.NE.0.0) GO TO 50	DAT 880
DO 40 J=1,DIMW	DAT 890
40 PHI(I,J)=STRT(I,J)	DAT 900
50 WRITE (P,690) I,(STRT(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT 910
.....	DAT 920
60 IF (ISTO.NE.-1) GO TO 90	DAT 930
WRITE (P,710)	DAT 940
DO 80 I=1,DIML	DAT 950
READ (R,640) (S(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT 960
DO 70 J=1,DIMW	DAT 970
70 S(I,J)=S(I,J)*FACS	DAT 980
80 WRITE (P,700) I,(S(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT 990
.....	DAT1000
90 IF (ISYI.NE.-1) GO TO 120	DAT1010
WRITE (P,890)	DAT1020
DO 110 I=1,DIML	DAT1030
READ (R,640) (SY(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1040

DO 100 J=1,DIMW	DAT1050
100 SY(I,J)=SY(I,J)*FACY	DAT1060
110 WRITE (P,700) I,(SY(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1070
.....	DAT1080
120 IF (IPAT.NE.-1) GO TO 150	DAT1090
WRITE (P,650)	DAT1100
DO 140 I=1,DIML	DAT1110
READ (R,640) (RATE(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1120
DO 130 J=1,DIMW	DAT1130
130 RATE(I,J)=RATE(I,J)*FACK	DAT1140
140 WRITE (P,680) I,(RATE(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1150
.....	DAT1160
150 IF (IRIV.NE.-1) GO TO 180	DAT1170
WRITE (P,810)	DAT1180
DO 170 I=1,DIML	DAT1190
READ (R,550) (RIVER(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1200
DO 160 J=1,DIMW	DAT1210
160 O(J)=RIVER(I,J)*FACR	DAT1220
170 WRITE (P,690) I,(O(J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1230
.....	DAT1240
180 IF (ITHK.NE.-1) GO TO 210	DAT1250
WRITE (P,850)	DAT1260
DO 200 I=1,DIML	DAT1270
READ (R,640) (M(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1280
DO 190 J=1,DIMW	DAT1290
190 M(I,J)=M(I,J)*FACM	DAT1300
200 WRITE (P,690) I,(M(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1310
.....	DAT1320
210 IF (WATER.EQ.CHK(2)) GO TO 240	DAT1330
IF (ITRA.NE.-1) GO TO 300	DAT1340
WRITE (P,670)	DAT1350
DO 230 I=1,DIML	DAT1360
READ (R,640) (T(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1370
DO 220 J=1,DIMW	DAT1380
220 T(I,J)=T(I,J)*FACT	DAT1390
230 WRITE (P,700) I,(T(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1400
GO TO 300	DAT1410
.....	DAT1420
---READ PERM AND BOTTOM FOR WATER TABLE OR ARTESIAN-WT CONVERSION	DAT1440
PROBLEM---	DAT1450
240 IF (IPER.NE.-1) GO TO 270	DAT1460
WRITE (P,740)	DAT1470
DO 260 I=1,DIML	DAT1480
READ (R,550) (PERM(I,J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1490
DO 250 J=1,DIMW	DAT1500
250 O(J)=PERM(I,J)*FACP	DAT1510
260 WRITE (P,680) I,(O(J),J=1,DIMW)	DAT1520
.....	DAT1530
270 IF (IBOT.NE.-1) GO TO 300	DAT1540
WRITE (P,750)	DAT1550
DO 290 I=1,DIML	DAT1560

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READ (R,550) (BOTTOM(I,J),J=1,DIMW)
DO 280 J=1,DIMW
280 O(J)=BOTTOM(I,J)*FACB
290 WRITE (P,690) I,(O(J),J=1,DIMW)
.....
300 IF (ITOP.NE.-1) GO TO 330
WRITE (P,760)
DO 320 I=1,DIML
READ (R,550) (TOP(I,J),J=1,DIMW)
DO 310 J=1,DIMW
310 O(J)=TOP(I,J)*FACO
320 WRITE (P,690) I,(O(J),J=1,DIMW)
.....
330 IF (ILND.NE.-1) GO TO 360
WRITE (P,770)
DO 350 I=1,DIML
READ (R,550) (LAND(I,J),J=1,DIMW)
DO 340 J=1,DIMW
340 O(J)=LAND(I,J)*FACL
350 WRITE (P,690) I,(O(J),J=1,DIMW)
.....
360 IF (IDLX.NE.-1) GO TO 380
READ (R,620) (DELX(J),J=1,DIMW)
DO 370 J=1,DIMW
370 DELX(J)=DELX(J)*FACX
WRITE (P,790) (DELX(J),J=1,DIMW)
380 IF (IDLY.NE.-1) GO TO 400
READ (R,620) (DELY(I),I=1,DIML)
DO 390 I=1,DIML
390 DELY(I)=DELY(I)*FACZ
WRITE (P,800) (DELY(I),I=1,DIML)
400 JN01=DIMW-1
IN01=DIML-1
ETQB=0.0
ETQD=0.0
SLEAK=0.0
RETURN
.....
---COMPUTE AND PRINT ITERATION PARAMETERS---
*****
ENTRY ITER
*****
HMIN=2.
XVAL=3.1415**2/(2.*DIMW**2)
YVAL=3.1415**2/(2.*DIML**2)
DO 410 I=2,DIML
DO 410 J=2,DIMW
IF (T(I,J).EQ.0.) GO TO 410
XPART=XVAL*(1/(1+DELX(J)**2/DELY(I)**2))
YPART=YVAL*(1/(1+DELY(I)**2/DELX(J)**2))
HMIN=AMIN1(HMIN,XPART,YPART)

```

DAT1570
 DAT1580
 DAT1590
 DAT1600
 DAT1610
 DAT1620
 DAT1630
 DAT1640
 DAT1650
 DAT1660
 DAT1670
 DAT1680
 DAT1690
 DAT1700
 DAT1710
 DAT1720
 DAT1730
 DAT1740
 DAT1750
 DAT1760
 DAT1770
 DAT1780
 DAT1790
 DAT1800
 DAT1810
 DAT1820
 DAT1830
 DAT1840
 DAT1850
 DAT1860
 DAT1870
 DAT1880
 DAT1890
 DAT1900
 DAT1910
 DAT1920
 DAT1930
 DAT1940
 DAT1950
 DAT1960
 DAT1970
 DAT1980
 DAT1990
 DAT2000
 DAT2010
 DAT2020
 DAT2030
 DAT2040
 DAT2050
 DAT2060
 DAT2070
 DAT2080

```

410 CONTINUE
    ALPHA=EXP(ALOG(1/HMIN)/(LENGTH-1))
    RHOP(1)=HMIN
    DO 420 NTIME=2,LENGTH
420  RHOP(NTIME)=RHOP(NTIME-1)*ALPHA
    WRITE (P,780) LENGTH,(RHOP(J),J=1,LENGTH)
    RETURN
    .....
    ---INITIALIZE DATA FOR ALPHAMERIC PLOT---
    *****
    ENTRY MAP
    *****
    WIDTH=0.
    DO 430 J=2,JN01
430  WIDTH=WIDTH+DELX(J)
    YDIM=0.
    DO 440 I=2,IN01
440  YDIM=YDIM+DELY(I)
450  XSF=DINCH*SCALE
    NYD=YDIM/XSF
    IF (NYD*XSF.LE.YDIM-DELY(IN01)/2.) NYD=NYD+1
    IF (NYD.LE.12) GO TO 460
    DINCH=YDIM/12.
    GO TO 450
460  NXD=WIDTH/XSF
    IF (NXD*XSF.LE.WIDTH-DELX(JN01)/2.) NXD=NXD+1
    N4=NXD*N1+1
    N5=NXD+1
    N6=NYD+1
    N8=N2*NYD+1
    NA(1)=N4/2-1
    NA(2)=N4/2
    NA(3)=N4/2+3
    NC=(N3-N8-10)/2
    ND=NC+N8
    NE=MAX0(N5,N6)
    VF1(3)=DIGIT(ND)
    VF2(3)=DIGIT(ND)
    VF3(3)=DIGIT(NC)
    XLABEL(3)=MESUR
    YLABEL(6)=MESUR
    DO 480 I=1,NE
    NNX=N5-I
    NNY=I-1
    IF (NNY.GE.N6) GO TO 470
    YN(I)=XSF*NNY/SCALE
470  IF (NNX.LT.0) GO TO 480
    XN(I)=XSF*NNX/SCALE
480  CONTINUE
    RETURN
    .....

```

DAT2090
 DAT2100
 DAT2110
 DAT2120
 DAT2130
 DAT2140
 DAT2150
 DAT2160
 DAT2170
 DAT2180
 DAT2190
 DAT2200
 DAT2210
 DAT2220
 DAT2230
 DAT2240
 DAT2250
 DAT2260
 DAT2270
 DAT2280
 DAT2290
 DAT2300
 DAT2310
 DAT2320
 DAT2330
 DAT2340
 DAT2350
 DAT2360
 DAT2370
 DAT2380
 DAT2390
 DAT2400
 DAT2410
 DAT2420
 DAT2430
 DAT2440
 DAT2450
 DAT2460
 DAT2470
 DAT2480
 DAT2490
 DAT2500
 DAT2510
 DAT2520
 DAT2530
 DAT2540
 DAT2550
 DAT2560
 DAT2570
 DAT2580
 DAT2590
 DAT2600

```

---READ TIME PARAMETERS AND PUMPING DATA FOR A NEW PUMPING PERIOD---
*****
ENTRY NEWPER
*****

READ (R,620) KP,KPM1,NWEL,TMAX,NUMT,CDLT,DELT

---COMPUTE ACTUAL DELT AND NUMT---
DT=DELT/24.
TM=0.0
DO 490 I=1,NUMT
DT=CDLT*DT
TM=TM+DT
IF (TM.GE.TMAX) GO TO 500
490 CONTINUE
GO TO 510
500 DELT=TMAX/TM*DELT
NUMT=I
510 WRITE (P,820) KP,TMAX,DELT,NUMT,CDLT
DELT=DELT*3600.
TMAX=TMAX*86400.
---READ AND WRITE WELL PUMPING RATES---
WRITE (P,830) NWEL
IF (KP.GT.KPM1) SUMP=0.
DO 520 I=1,DIML
DO 520 J=1,DIMW
IF (KP.EQ.KPM1) GO TO 520
STRT(I,J)=PHI(I,J)
520 WELL(I,J)=0.
IF (NWEL.EQ.0) GO TO 540
DO 530 II=1,NWEL
READ (R,620) I,J,QW
WELL(I,J)=QW
530 WRITE (P,840) I,J,WELL(I,J)
540 RETURN
.....

```

FORMATS:

```

550 FORMAT (20I4)
560 FORMAT ( 1- IHED ISTO ISYI IRAT IRIV
1ITHK IPER IBOT ITRA IDLX IDLY ITOP
2 ILND'//I7,12I10)
570 FORMAT ( 1- FACH FACS FACY FACK FACR
1FACH FACP FACB FACT FACX FACZ FACO
2 FACL'/// 1,13G10.3//10EXAMPLE OF RELATION BETWEEN '1'1' PARAMEDAT3070
3TERS AND 'FAC'1' PARAMETERS:'//1 IF IHED = 1, FACH = UNIFORM STARDAT3080
4TING HEAD'//1 IF IHED =-1, FACH = MULTIPLICATION FACTOR FOR VARIADAT3084
48LE STARTING HEAD MATRIX'//10MATRICES WITH VARIABLE DATA ARE PRINTEDAT3085
50 OUT IN FULL BELOW')
580 FORMAT (1H1,16A8)

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```

590 FORMAT (10A8)
600 FORMAT ('1',60X,'STARTING HEAD MATRIX')
610 FORMAT ('1',40X,' CONTINUATION - HEAD AFTER ',G20.7,' SEC PUMPING
1')
620 FORMAT (8G10.0)
630 FORMAT (A8,2X,3G10.0,A8)
640 FORMAT (20F4.0)
650 FORMAT (1H1,61X,11H RATE MATRIX)
660 FORMAT ('-NUMBER OF PUMPING PERIODS =',I5,'/' NUMBER OF NODES IN CODAT3180
1 LUMN =',I5,'/' NUMBER OF NODES IN ROW =',I8,'/' PRINTOUT EVERY',I5,' DAT3190
2 STEPS'/' ERROR CRITERIA FOR CLOSURE =',G15.7,'/' CONSTANT RECHARGE DAT3200
3E RATE(L/T) =',G15.7,'/' SPECIFIC STORAGE OF CONFINING BED =',G15.7 DAT3210
4'/' MAXIMUM PERMITTED NUMBER OF ITERATIONS =',I10,'/' TERMINATION O DAT3220
5F COMPUTATION WHEN MAX(PHI(T)-PHI(T-1)) ',G15.7,'/' EVAPOTRANSPIR ADAT3230
6TION RATE =',G15.7,'/' EFFECTIVE DEPTH OF ET =',G15.7,'/' MULTIPLICADAT3240
7TION FACTOR FOR TRANSMISSIVITY IN X DIRECTION =',F6.2,'; IN Y DIRE DAT3245
8CTION =',F6.2)
670 FORMAT (1H1,64X,23H TRANSMISSIVITY MATRIX )
680 FORMAT (1H0,I5,10E11.3/(1H ,5X,10E11.3))
690 FORMAT ('0',I2,2X,20F6.1/(5X,20F6.1))
700 FORMAT (1H0,I5,14F9.5/(1H ,5X,14F9.5))
710 FORMAT (1H1,54X,26H STORAGE COEFFICIENT MATRIX)
720 FORMAT (A8)
730 FORMAT (8F10.4)
740 FORMAT (1H1,52X,29H HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY MATRIX)
750 FORMAT (1H1,46X,40H ELEVATION OF IMPERMEABLE BASE OF AQUIFER)
760 FORMAT ('1',53X,' ELEVATION OF TOP OF AQUIFER')
770 FORMAT ('1',54X,' ELEVATION OF LAND SURFACE')
780 FORMAT ('///1H0,I5,22H ITERATION PARAMETERS:',10D12.3)
790 FORMAT (1H1,40X,40H GRID SPACING IN PROTOTYPE IN X DIRECTION// (1H0, DAT3370
112F10.0))
800 FORMAT (1H0,40X,40H GRID SPACING IN PROTOTYPE IN Y DIRECTION// (1H0, DAT3390
112F10.0))
810 FORMAT (1H1,60X,17H RIVER HEAD MATRIX)
820 FORMAT ('-PUMPING PERIOD NO.',I4,':',F10.2,' DAYS'/' ----- DAT3420
1-----'/' DELT IN HOURS =',F12.3,'/' NUMBER OF DAT3430
2 TIME STEPS =',I5,'/' MULTIPLIER FOR TIME STEP =',F5.2)
830 FORMAT ('-',I8X,I4,' WELLS'/'18X,'-----'/'10X,'I',9X,'J PUDAT3450
1MPING RATE'/' )
840 FORMAT (' ',2I10,F13.2)
850 FORMAT ('1',55X,' CONFINING BED THICKNESS')
860 FORMAT (4G20.10)
870 FORMAT ('-PROBLEM OPTIONS: ',9(A8,4X))
880 FORMAT ('00N ALPHAMERIC MAP:'/' BASIC LENGTH UNIT IS MULTIPLIED BY DAT3510
1Y',F10.2,' TO GET ',A8,'/' NUMBER OF MAP UNITS PER INCH =',F10.2,' DAT3520
2 CONTOUR INTERVAL =',F10.2)
890 FORMAT (1H1,56X,21H SPECIFIC YIELD MATRIX)
END

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SUBROUTINE COMPUT

SPECIFICATIONS:

COMMON /OARRAY/ PHI(33,62),RHOP(20),CHK(10)	CPT 10
COMMON /SARRAY/ KEEP(33,62),T(33,62),Q(33,62),STRT(33,62),RATE(33,62),M(33,62),WELL(33,62),S(33,62),SY(33,62),TR(33,62),TC(33,62),DECP	CPT 20
2LX(62),DELY(33)	CPT 30
COMMON /HARRAY/ TOP(33,62),ISUR(33,62),LAND(33,62),RIVER(33,62),PECPT	CPT 40
1RM(33,62),BOTTOM(33,62)	CPT 50
COMMON /DPARAM/ WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LECPT	CPT 60
1AK	CPT 70
COMMON /SPARAM/ FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACO,FACL,FACW,CPT	CPT 80
1SLEAK,U,SS,TT,TMIN,ETDIST,QET,IFINAL,TMAX,CDLT,DELT,SUM,SUMP,NUMT,CPT	CPT 90
2KT,KP,NPER,KTH,ITMAX,LENGTH,NWEL,QRE,ERR,DIML,DIMW,JN01,IN01,R,P,PCPT	CPT 100
3U,SUBS,STORE,TEST,ETQB,ETQD,FACTX,FACTY	CPT 110
COMMON /CK/ ETFLXT,STORT,QRET,CHST,CHDT,FLUXT,PUMPT,CFLUXT	CPT 120
REAL*4 MINS,TEST3(102),DDN(100),KEEP,M	CPT 130
REAL*8 PHI,DBLE,RHOP,CHK,WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTCPT	CPT 140
1R,EROR,XLABEL,YLABEL,TITLE,G(63),BE(63),TEMP(63),IMK,K,DABS,D,W,TICPT	CPT 150
2,T2,T3,T4,RHO,A,B,C,PARAM,TEST2,DMAX1,LEAK	CPT 160
INTEGER DIML,DIMW,R,P,PU	CPT 170
INTEGER*2 TOP,ISUR,LAND,RIVER,PERM,BOTTOM	CPT 180
---	CPT 190
---START A NEW TIME STEP---	CPT 200
*****	CPT 210
ENTRY NEWSTP	CPT 220
*****	CPT 230
KT=KT+1	CPT 240
KOUNT=0	CPT 250
DO 10 I=1,DIML	CPT 260
DO 10 J=1,DIMW	CPT 270
KEEP(I,J)=PHI(I,J)	CPT 280
DELT=CDLT*DELT	CPT 290
SUM=SUM+DELT	CPT 300
SUMP=SUMP+DELT	CPT 310
DAYS=SUM/86400.	CPT 320
YRSP=DAYS/365.	CPT 330
HRS=SUM/3600.	CPT 340
MINS=HRS*60.	CPT 350
DAYS=HRS/24.	CPT 360
YRS=DAYS/365.	CPT 370
RETURN	CPT 380
---	CPT 390
---INITIALIZE DATA FOR A NEW ITERATION---	CPT 400
*****	CPT 410
ENTRY NEWIT1	CPT 420
*****	CPT 430
IF (KOUNT.LT.ITMAX) GO TO 30	CPT 440
KOUNT=KOUNT+1	CPT 450
GO TO 260	CPT 460
	CPT 470
	CPT 480
	CPT 490
	CPT 500
	CPT 510
	CPT 520

20	WRITE (6,430)	CPT 530
	STOP	CPT 540
30	KOUNT=KOUNT+1	CPT 550
	IF (MOD(KOUNT,LENGTH)) 40,40,50	CPT 560
	*****	CPT 570
	ENTRY NEWIT0	CPT 580
	*****	CPT 590
40	NTH=0	CPT 600
50	NTH=NTH+1	CPT 610
	PARAM=RHOP(NTH)	CPT 620
	TEST3(KOUNT+1)=0.	CPT 630
	TEST=0.	CPT 640
	RETURN	CPT 650
	---	CPT 660
	COMPUTE IMPLICITLY ALONG ROWS---	CPT 670
	*****	CPT 680
	ENTRY ROW	CPT 690
	*****	CPT 700
	DO 60 J=1,DIMW	CPT 710
	BE(J)=0.0	CPT 720
	G(J)=0.0	CPT 730
60	TEMP(J)=PHI(1,J)	CPT 740
	DO 140 I=2,DIML	CPT 750
	DO 100 J=2,JN01	CPT 760
	---	CPT 770
	SKIP COMPUTATIONS IF NODE IS OUTSIDE AQUIFER BOUNDARY---	CPT 780
	IF (T(I,J)) 70,100,70	CPT 790
70	T1=TR(I,J-1)/DELX(J)	CPT 800
	T2=TR(I,J)/DELX(J)	CPT 810
	T3=TC(I-1,J)/DELY(I)	CPT 820
	T4=TC(I,J)/DELY(I)	CPT 830
	IF (S(I,J).LT.0.) GO TO 80	CPT 840
	---	CPT 850
	COMPUTE ET RATE (ETQ), STEADY AND TRANSIENT LEAKAGE FACTOR	CPT 860
	(SLEAK), AND STORAGE COEFFICIENT---	CPT 870
	IF (EVAP.EQ.CHK(6)) CALL ETRATE (I,J)	CPT 880
	IF (LEAK.EQ.CHK(9)) CALL LEAKAG (I,J)	CPT 890
	CALL STORAG (I,J)	CPT 900
		CPT 910
	RHO=STORE/DELT	CPT 920
	GO TO 90	CPT 930
80	RHO=1.0E40	CPT 940
	---	CPT 950
	CALCULATE VALUES FOR PARAMETERS USED IN THOMAS ALGORITHM --	CPT 960
90	IMK=PARAM*(T1+T2+T3+T4)	CPT 970
	A=T1	CPT 980
	B=-T1-T2-RHO-IMK-Q(I,J)*U-ETQB	CPT 990
	C=T2	CPT 1000
	W=B-A*BE(J-1)	CPT 1010
	BE(J)=C/W	CPT 1020
	RW=-WELL(I,J)/(DELX(J)*DELY(I))	CPT 1030
	D=-T3*PHI(I-1,J)+(T4+T3-IMK)*PHI(I,J)-T4*PHI(I+1,J)-RHO*KEEP(I,J)-	CPT 1040
	SLEAK-QRE+RW+ETQD-SUBS	

G(J)=(D-A*G(J-1))/W	CPT1050
100 CONTINUE	CPT1060
---	CPT1070
CALCULATE HEAD VALUES FOR ROWS OF MATRIX AND PLACE THEM IN	CPT1080
TEMPORARY LOCATION TEMP:IF(I.GT.2) FIRST MAKE PHI(I-1,N04)=	CPT1090
TEMP(N04)---	CPT1100
N03=DIMW-2	CPT1110
DO 130 KN04=1,N03	CPT1120
N04=DIMW-KN04	CPT1130
PHI(I-1,N04)=TEMP(N04)	CPT1140
IF (T(I,N04)) 120,110,120	CPT1150
110 TEMP(N04)=PHI(I,N04)	CPT1160
GO TO 130	CPT1170
120 TEMP(N04)=G(N04)-BE(N04)*TEMP(N04+1)	CPT1180
130 CONTINUE	CPT1190
140 CONTINUE	CPT1200
RETURN	CPT1210
---	CPT1220
COMPUTE IMPLICITLY ALONG COLUMNS---	CPT1230
.....	CPT1240
ENTRY COLUMN	CPT1250
*****	CPT1260
DO 150 I=1,DIML	CPT1270
BE(I)=0.0	CPT1280
G(I)=0.0	CPT1290
150 TEMP(I)=PHI(I,1)	CPT1300
DO 230 J=2,DIMW	CPT1310
DO 190 I=2,IN01	CPT1320
---	CPT1330
SKIP COMPUTATIONS IF NODE IS OUTSIDE AQUIFER BOUNDARY---	CPT1340
IF (T(I,J)) 160,190,160	CPT1350
160 T1=TR(I,J-1)/DELX(J)	CPT1360
T2=TR(I,J)/DELX(J)	CPT1370
T3=TC(I-1,J)/DELY(I)	CPT1380
T4=TC(I,J)/DELY(I)	CPT1390
IF (S(I,J).LT.0.) GO TO 170	CPT1400
---	CPT1410
COMPUTE ET RATE (ETQ), STEADY AND TRANSIENT LEAKAGE FACTOR	CPT1420
(SLEAK), AND STORAGE COEFFICIENT---	CPT1430
IF (EVAP.EQ.CHK(6)) CALL ETRATE (I,J)	CPT1440
IF (LEAK.EQ.CHK(9)) CALL LEAKAG (I,J)	CPT1450
CALL STORAG (I,J)	CPT1460
	CPT1470
RHO=STORE/DELT	CPT1480
GO TO 180	CPT1490
170 RHO=1.0E40	CPT1500
---	CPT1510
CALCULATE VALUES FOR PARAMETERS USED IN THOMAS ALGORITHM---	CPT1520
180 IMK=PARAM*(T1+T2+T3+T4)	CPT1530
A=T3	CPT1540
B=-T3-T4-RHO-IMK-Q(I,J)*U-ETQB	CPT1550
C=T4	CPT1560
W=B-A*BE(I-1)	

```

BE(I)=C/W                                CPT1570
RW=-WELL(I,J)/(DELX(J)*DELY(I))          CPT1580
D=-T1*PHI(I,J-1)+(T1+T2-IMK)*PHI(I,J)-T2*PHI(I,J+1)-RHO*KEEP(I,J)-CPT1590
1SLEAK-QRE+RW+ETQD-SUBS                    CPT1600
G(I)=(D-A*G(I-1))/W                        CPT1610
190 CONTINUE                               CPT1620
                                           CPT1630
---CALCULATE HEAD VALUES FOR COLUMNS OF MATRIX AND PLACE IN TEMP- CPT1640
ORARY LOCATION TEMP;IF(J.GT.2) FIRST MAKE PHI(N04,J-1)=TEMP(N04)--CPT1650
N03=DIML-2                                CPT1660
DO 220 KN04=1,N03                          CPT1670
N04=DIML-KN04                              CPT1680
PHI(N04,J-1)=TEMP(N04)                    CPT1690
IF (T(N04,J)) 210,200,210                  CPT1700
200 TEMP(N04)=PHI(N04,J)                   CPT1710
GO TO 220                                  CPT1720
210 TEMP(N04)=G(N04)-BE(N04)*TEMP(N04+1)   CPT1730
TCHK=TEMP(N04)-PHI(N04,J)                  CPT1740
IF (ABS(TCHK).GT.ERR) TEST=1.              CPT1750
TEST3(KOUNT+1)=TEST3(KOUNT+1)+TCHK         CPT1760
220 CONTINUE                               CPT1770
230 CONTINUE                               CPT1780
RETURN                                     CPT1790
                                           CPT1800
*****CPT1810
---CHECK FOR STEADY STATE---                CPT1820
*****CPT1830
ENTRY STEADY                               CPT1840
*****CPT1850
TEST2=0.                                   CPT1860
DO 240 I=2,IN01                            CPT1870
DO 240 J=2,JN01                            CPT1880
240 TEST2=DMAX1(TEST2,DABS(DBLE(KEEP(I,J))-PHI(I,J))) CPT1890
IF (TEST2.GE.ERROR) GO TO 250               CPT1900
WRITE (P,400) KT                           CPT1910
IFINAL=1                                   CPT1920
GO TO 260                                   CPT1930
250 IF (KT.EQ.NUMT) IFINAL=1                CPT1940
260 IF (CHCK.EQ.CHK(5)) CALL CHECK          CPT1950
IF (KOUNT.GT.ITMAX) GO TO 270              CPT1960
RETURN                                     CPT1970
                                           CPT1980
---PRINT OUTPUT AT DESIGNATED TIME STEPS--- CPT1990
*****CPT2000
ENTRY OUTPUT                               CPT2010
*****CPT2020
270 WRITE (P,410) KT,DELT,SUM,MINS,HRS,DAYS,YRS,DAYSP,YRSP,KOUNT CPT2030
IF (CHCK.EQ.CHK(5)) CALL CWRITE            CPT2040
IF (TT.NE.0.) WRITE (P,390) TMIN,TT        CPT2050
WRITE (P,360) TEST2                        CPT2060
KOUNT=KOUNT+1                             CPT2070
                                           CPT2080

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```

WRITE (P,370) (TEST3(J),J=1,KOUNT)
IF (CONTR.EQ.CHK(3)) CALL PRNTA
IF (HEAD.NE.CHK(8)) GO TO 290
---PRINT HEAD MATRIX---
WRITE (P,380)
DO 280 I=1,DIML
280 WRITE (P,350) I,(PHI(I,J),J=1,DIMW)
290 IF (NUM.NE.CHK(4)) GO TO 320
---PRINT DRAWDOWN---
WRITE (P,340)
DO 310 I=1,DIML
DO 300 J=1,DIMW
300 DDN(J)=ISUR(I,J)*0.1-PHI(I,J)
310 WRITE (P,350) I,(DDN(J),J=1,DIMW)
320 IF (KOUNT.GT.ITMAX) GO TO 20
RETURN

---PUNCHED OUTPUT---
*****
ENTRY DRY
*****
WRITE (PU,440) SUM,SUMP,PUMPT,CFLUXT
WRITE (PU,440) QRET,CHST,CHDT,FLUXT,STORT,ETFLXT
DO 330 I=1,DIML
330 WRITE (PU,420) (PHI(I,J),J=1,DIMW)
RETURN

.....
FORMATS:

340 FORMAT (1H1,60X,'DRAWDOWN')
350 FORMAT ('0',I2,2X,20F6.1/(5X,20F6.1))
360 FORMAT ('0MAXIMUM CHANGE IN HEAD FOR THIS TIME STEP =',F10.3)
370 FORMAT ('0SUM OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ROWS AND COLUMNS FOR EACH ITERATION:',/('0',10G12.4))
380 FORMAT ('1',60X,' HEAD MATRIX')
390 FORMAT ('0DIMENSIONLESS TIME FOR THIS STEP RANGES FROM',G15.7,' 10',G15.7)
400 FORMAT ('-*****STEADY STATE AT TIME STEP',I4,'*****')
410 FORMAT (1H1,55X,17HTIME STEP NUMBER=,I10/50X,29HSIZE OF TIME STEP
1IN SECONDS=,F14.2//55X,'TOTAL SIMULATION TIME IN SECONDS=,F14.2/8
20X,8HMINUTES=,F14.2/82X,6HHOURS=,F14.2/83X,5HDAYS=,F14.2/82X,'YEAR
3S=,F14.2///45X,'DURATION OF CURRENT PUMPING PERIOD IN DAYS=,F14.
42/82X,'YEARS=,F14.2///55X,'ITERATION NUMBER=,I10//)
420 FORMAT (8F10.4)
430 FORMAT (1H0,39HEXCEEDED PERMITTED NUMBER OF ITERATIONS/40H *****
1*****
440 FORMAT (4G20.10)
END

```

CPT2090
CPT2100
CPT2110
CPT2120
CPT2130
CPT2140
CPT2150
CPT2160
CPT2170
CPT2180
CPT2190
CPT2200
CPT2210
CPT2220
CPT2230
CPT2240
CPT2250
CPT2260
CPT2270
CPT2280
CPT2290
CPT2300
CPT2310
CPT2320
CPT2330
CPT2340
CPT2350
CPT2360
CPT2370
CPT2380
CPT2390
CPT2400
CPT2410
CPT2420
CPT2430
CPT2440
CPT2450
CPT2460
CPT2470
CPT2480
CPT2490
CPT2500
CPT2510
CPT2520
CPT2530
CPT2540
CPT2550
CPT2560
CPT2570
CPT2580

SUBROUTINE COEF

SPECIFICATIONS:

COMMON /DARRAY/ PHI(33,62),RHOP(20),CHK(10)	COF 10
COMMON /SARRAY/ KEEP(33,62),T(33,62),Q(33,62),STRT(33,62),RATE(33,62),M(33,62),WELL(33,62),S(33,62),SY(33,62),TR(33,62),TC(33,62),DECOF	COF 20
2LX(62),DELY(33)	COF 30
COMMON /HARRAY/ TOP(33,62),ISUR(33,62),LAND(33,62),RIVER(33,62),PECOF	COF 40
1RM(33,62),BOTTOM(33,62)	COF 50
COMMON /DPARAM/ WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LECOF	COF 60
1AK	COF 70
COMMON /SPARAM/ FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACO,FACL,FACW,COF	COF 80
1SLEAK,U,SS,TT,TMIN,ETDIST,QET,IFINAL,TMAX,CDLT,DELT,SUM,SUMP,NUMT,COF	COF 90
2KT,KP,NPER,KTH,ITMAX,LENGTH,NWEL,QRE,ERR,DIML,DIMW,JN01,IN01,R,P,PCOF	COF 100
3U,SUBS,STORE,TEST,ETQB,ETQD,FACTX,FACTY	COF 110
	COF 120
REAL KEEP,M	COF 130
REAL*8 PHI,DBLE,RHOP,CHK,WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LEAK	COF 140
INTEGER DIML,DIMW,R,P,PU	COF 150
INTEGER*2 TOP,ISUR,LAND,RIVER,PERM,BOTTOM	COF 160
DATA PIE/3.141593/	COF 170
	COF 180
---COMPUTE Q COEFFICIENTS---	COF 190
*****	COF 200
ENTRY CLAY	COF 210
*****	COF 220
TMIN=1.E40	COF 230
TT=0.0	COF 240
PRATE=0.	COF 250
DO 60 I=1,DIML	COF 260
DO 60 J=1,DIMW	COF 270
	COF 280
---SKIP COMPUTATIONS IF T, RATE OR M = 0, OR IF CONSTANT	COF 290
HEAD BOUNDARY---	COF 300
IF (RATE(I,J).LE.0..OR.T(I,J).EQ.0..OR.M(I,J).EQ.0..OR.S(I,J).LT.0	COF 310
1.) GO TO 60	COF 320
	COF 330
---CHECK FOR SS = 0---	COF 340
IF (SS.NE.0.) GO TO 10	COF 350
SUMN=0.0	COF 360
DENOM=1.0	COF 370
GO TO 50	COF 380
---CHECK WHETHER VALUE FOR Q(I,J) WILL EQUAL VALUE FOR PREVIOUS	COF 390
NODE---	COF 400
IF (RATE(I,J)*M(I,J).EQ.PRATE) GO TO 50	COF 410
DIMT=RATE(I,J)*SUMP/(M(I,J)*M(I,J)*SS*3)	COF 420
IF (DIMT.GT.TT) TT=DIMT	COF 430
IF (DIMT.LT.TMIN) TMIN=DIMT	COF 440
PPT=PIE*PIE*DIMT	COF 450
	COF 460
	COF 470
	COF 480
	COF 490
	COF 500
	COF 510
	COF 520

SUBROUTINE COEF

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SPECIFICATIONS:
COMMON /DARRAY/ PHI(33,62),RHOP(20),CHK(10)
COMMON /SARRAY/ KEEP(33,62),T(33,62),Q(33,62),STRT(33,62),RATE(33,62),M(33,62),WELL(33,62),S(33,62),SY(33,62),TR(33,62),TC(33,62),DECOF
2LX(62),DELY(33)
COMMON /HARRAY/ TOP(33,62),ISUR(33,62),LAND(33,62),RIVER(33,62),PECOF
1RM(33,62),BOTTOM(33,62)
COMMON /DPARAM/ WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LECOF
1AK
COMMON /SPARAM/ FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACO,FACL,FACW,COF
1SLEAK,U,SS,TT,TMIN,ETDIST,QET,IFINAL,TMAX,CDLT,DELT,SUM,SUMP,NUMT,COF
2KT,KP,NPER,KTH,ITMAX,LENGTH,NWEL,QRE,ERR,DIML,DIMW,JN01,IN01,R,P,PCOF
3U,SUBS,STORE,TEST,ETQB,ETQD,FACTX,FACTY

REAL KEEP,M
REAL*8 PHI,DBLE,RHOP,CHK,WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LEAK
INTEGER DIML,DIMW,R,P,PU
INTEGER*2 TOP,ISUR,LAND,RIVER,PERM,BOTTOM
DATA PIE/3.141593/

---COMPUTE Q COEFFICIENTS---
*****
ENTRY CLAY
*****
TMIN=1.E40
TT=0.0
PRATE=0.
DO 60 I=1,DIML
DO 60 J=1,DIMW

---SKIP COMPUTATIONS IF T, RATE OR M = 0, OR IF CONSTANT
HEAD BOUNDARY---
IF (RATE(I,J).LE.0..OR.T(I,J).EQ.0..OR.M(I,J).EQ.0..OR.S(I,J).LT.0
1.) GO TO 60

---CHECK FOR SS = 0---
IF (SS.NE.0.) GO TO 10
SUMN=0.0
DENOM=1.0
GO TO 50

---CHECK WHETHER VALUE FOR Q(I,J) WILL EQUAL VALUE FOR PREVIOUS
NODE---
10 IF (RATE(I,J)*M(I,J).EQ.PRATE) GO TO 50
DINT=RATE(I,J)*SUMP/(M(I,J)*M(I,J)*SS*3)
IF (DINT.GT.TT) TT=DINT
IF (DINT.LT.TMIN) TMIN=DINT
PPT=PIE*PIE*DINT

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```

---RECOMPUTE PPT IF DIMT WITHIN RANGE FOR SHORT TIME COMPUTATION---COF 530
IF (DIMT.LT.1.0E-03) PPT=1.0/DIMT                                COF 540
CK=(2.3-PPT)/(2.*PPT)                                           COF 550
SUMN=0.0                                                         COF 560
DO 30 K=1,200                                                    COF 570
POWER=K*K*PPT                                                    COF 580
IF (POWER.LE.150.) GO TO 20                                       COF 590
POWER=150                                                         COF 600
20 PEX=EXP(-POWER)                                               COF 610
SUMN=SUMN+PEX                                                    COF 620
IF (PEX.GT.0.00009) GO TO 30                                     COF 630
IF (K.GT.CK) GO TO 40                                           COF 640
30 CONTINUE                                                       COF 650
                                                                    COF 660
---COMPUTE DENOMINATER DEPENDING ON VALUE OF DIMT---           COF 670
40 DENOM=1.0                                                      COF 680
IF (DIMT.LT.1.0E-03) DENOM=SQRT(PIE*DIMT)                       COF 690
                                                                    COF 700
---HEAD VALUES ARE NOT INCLUDED IN COMPUTATION OF Q FACTOR SINCE COF 710
LEAKAGE IS CONSIDERED IMPLICITLY---                             COF 720
50 Q1=RATE(I,J)/(M(I,J)*DENOM)                                   COF 730
Q(I,J)=Q1+2.0*Q1*SUMN                                           COF 740
PRATE=RATE(I,J)*M(I,J)                                          COF 750
60 CONTINUE                                                       COF 760
TMIN=TMIN*3.0                                                    COF 764
TT=TT*3.0                                                         COF 765
RETURN                                                            COF 770
                                                                    COF 780
---COMPUTE TRANSMISSIVITY IN WT OR WT-ARTESIAN CONVERSION PROBLEM---COF 790
*****                                                           COF 800
ENTRY TRANS(IERR)                                               COF 810
*****                                                           COF 820
DO 70 I=2,IN01                                                  COF 830
DO 70 J=2,JN01                                                  COF 840
HED=PHI(I,J)                                                     COF 850
IF (CONVRT.EQ.CHK(7)) HED=AMIN1(SNGL(PHI(I,J)),TOP(I,J)*FACO) COF 860
T(I,J)=PERM(I,J)*FACP*(HED-BOTTOM(I,J)*FACB)                   COF 870
IF (T(I,J).GE.0.) GO TO 70                                       COF 880
IF (WELL(I,J).LT.0.) GO TO 80                                    COF 890
T(I,J)=PERM(I,J)*FACP                                           COF 900
PHI(I,J)=BOTTOM(I,J)*FACB+1.0                                    COF 910
70 CONTINUE                                                       COF 920
RETURN                                                            COF 930
80 WRITE (P,260) I,J                                           COF 935
DO 90 I=2,IN01                                                  COF 940
DO 90 J=2,JN01                                                  COF 950
90 PHI(I,J)=KEEP(I,J)                                           COF 960
SUM=SUM-DELT                                                     COF 970
SUMP=SUMP-DELT ...                                              COF 980
IERR=1                                                           COF1000
RETURN                                                            COF1010
                                                                    COF1020

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```
---COMPUTE T COEFFICIENTS---
*****
ENTRY TCOF
*****
DO 130 I=1,IN01
DO 130 J=1,JN01
DENOM=(T(I,J)*DELX(J+1)+T(I,J+1)*DELX(J))
IF (DENOM.NE.0.) GO TO 100
TR(I,J)=0.
GO TO 110
100 TR(I,J)=(2.*T(I,J+1)*T(I,J))/DENOM*FACTX
110 DENOM=(T(I,J)*DELY(I+1)+T(I+1,J)*DELY(I))
IF (DENOM.NE.0.) GO TO 120
TC(I,J)=0.
GO TO 130
120 TC(I,J)=(2.*T(I+1,J)*T(I,J))/DENOM*FACTY
130 CONTINUE
RETURN

---COMPUTE ET RATE---
*****
ENTRY ETRATE(I,J)
*****
ETQB=0.0
ETQD=0.0
IF (PHI(I,J).LE.LAND(I,J)*FACL-ETDIST) GO TO 140
ETQB=QET/ETDIST
ETQD=ETQB*(ETDIST-LAND(I,J)*FACL)
140 RETURN

---COMPUTE STORAGE COEFFICIENT---
*****
ENTRY STORAG(I,J)
*****
SUBS=0.0
IF (WATER.NE.CHK(2)) GO TO 200
IF (CONVRT.NE.CHK(7)) GO TO 180
X=KEEP(I,J)-PHI(I,J)
IF (X) 150,160,160
150 HED1=PHI(I,J)
HED2=KEEP(I,J)
GO TO 170
160 HED1=KEEP(I,J)
HED2=PHI(I,J)
170 IF (HED1-TOP(I,J)*FACO) 180,180,190
180 STORE=SY(I,J)
GO TO 220
190 IF (TOP(I,J)*FACO-HED2) 200,200,210
200 STORE=S(I,J)
GO TO 220
210 STORE=SY(I,J)
SUBS=(HED1-TOP(I,J)*FACO)*(S(I,J)-SY(I,J))/DELT
```

COF1030
COF1040
COF1050
COF1060
COF1070
COF1080
COF1090
COF1100
COF1110
COF1120
COF1130
COF1140
COF1150
COF1160
COF1170
COF1180
COF1190
COF1200
COF1210
COF1220
COF1230
COF1240
COF1250
COF1260
COF1270
COF1280
COF1290
COF1300
COF1310
COF1320
COF1330
COF1340
COF1350
COF1360
COF1370
COF1380
COF1390
COF1400
COF1410
COF1420
COF1430
COF1440
COF1450
COF1460
COF1470
COF1480
COF1490
COF1500
COF1510
COF1520
COF1530
COF1540

IF (X.LT.0.) SUBS=-SUBS
 220 RETURN

---COMPUTE STEADY AND TRANSIENT LEAKAGE FACTOR---

ENTRY LEAKAG(I,J)

HED1=STRT(I,J)

IF (CONVRT.EQ.CHK(7)) HED1=AMAX1(STRT(I,J),TOP(I,J)*FACO)

U=1.

HED2=0.

IF (CONVRT.NE.CHK(7).OR.PHI(I,J).GE.TOP(I,J)*FACO) GO TO 230

HED2=TOP(I,J)*FACO

U=0.

230 X=0.

IF (M(I,J)) 250,250,240

240 X=RATE(I,J)/M(I,J)

250 SLEAK=X*(RIVER(I,J)*FACR-HED1)+Q(I,J)*(HED1-HED2)

RETURN

---FORMATS---

260 FORMAT ('-*****WELL',I3,',',',',I3,' GOES DRY*****')

END

COF1550
 COF1560
 COF1570
 COF1580
 COF1590
 COF1600
 COF1610
 COF1620
 COF1630
 COF1640
 COF1650
 COF1660
 COF1670
 COF1680
 COF1690
 COF1700
 COF1710
 COF1720
 COF1730
 COF1740
 COF1750
 COF1760
 COF1770
 COF1780-

SUBROUTINE CHECK

 ---THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES A MASS BALANCE---

SPECIFICATIONS:

COMMON /DARRAY/ PHI(33,62),RHOP(20),CHK(10)	CHK 10
COMMON /SARRAY/ KEEP(33,62),T(33,62),O(33,62),STRT(33,62),RATE(33,62),M(33,62),WELL(33,62),S(33,62),SY(33,62),TR(33,62),TC(33,62),DECHK	CHK 20
2LX(62),DELY(33)	CHK 30
COMMON /HARRAY/ TOP(33,62),ISUR(33,62),LAND(33,62),RIVER(33,62),PECHK	CHK 40
1RM(33,62),BOTTOM(33,62)	CHK 50
COMMON /DPARAM/ WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LECHK	CHK 60
1AK	CHK 70
COMMON /SPARAM/ FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACO,FACL,FACW,CHK	CHK 80
1SLEAK,U,SS,TT,TMIN,ETDIST,QET,IFINAL,TMAX,CDLT,DELT,SUM,SUMP,NUMT,CHK	CHK 90
2KT,KP,NPER,KTH,ITMAX,LENGTH,NWEL,QRE,ERR,DIML,DIMW,JN01,INO1,R,P,PCHK	CHK 100
3U,SUBS,STORE,TEST,ETQB,ETQD,FACTX,FACTY	CHK 110
COMMON /CK/ ETFLXT,STORT,QRET,CHST,CHDT,FLUXT,PUMPT,CFLUXT	CHK 120
	CHK 130
REAL KEEP,M	CHK 140
REAL*8 PHI,DBLE,RHOP,CHK,WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONT	CHK 150
IR,EROR,LEAK	CHK 160
INTEGER DIML,DIMW,R,P,PU	CHK 170
INTEGER*2 TOP,ISUR,LAND,RIVER,PERM,BOTTOM	CHK 180
	CHK 190
---	CHK 200
INITIALIZE VARIABLES---	CHK 210
PUMP=0.	CHK 220
STOR=0.	CHK 230
FLUXS=0.0	CHK 240
CHD1=0.0	CHK 250
CHD2=0.0	CHK 260
QREFLX=0.	CHK 270
CFLUX=0.	CHK 280
FLUX=0.	CHK 290
ETFLUX=0.	CHK 300
.....	CHK 310
	CHK 320
---	CHK 330
COMPUTE RATES,STORAGE AND PUMPAGE FOR THIS STEP---	CHK 340
DO 230 I=2,DIML	CHK 350
DO 230 J=2,DIMW	CHK 360
IF (T(I,J).EQ.0..OR.S(I,J).LT.0.) GO TO 230	CHK 370
AREA=DELX(J)*DELY(I)	CHK 380
IF (WELL(I,J)) 10,30,20	CHK 390
PUMP=PUMP-WELL(I,J)	CHK 400
GO TO 30	CHK 410
CFLUX=CFLUX+WELL(I,J)	CHK 420
---	CHK 430
COMPUTE FLOW RATES TO AND FROM CONSTANT HEAD BOUNDARIES---	CHK 440
IF (S(I,J-1).GE.0.) GO TO 60	CHK 450
X=TR(I,J-1)*(STRT(I,J-1)-PHI(I,J))*DELY(I)	CHK 460
IF (X) 40,60,50	CHK 470
CHD1=CHD1+X	CHK 480
GO TO 60	CHK 490
	CHK 500
	CHK 510

50	CHD2=CHD2+X	CHK 520
60	IF (S(I,J+1).GE.0.) GO TO 90	CHK 530
	X=TR(I,J)*(STRT(I,J+1)-PHI(I,J))*DELY(I)	CHK 540
	IF (X) 70,90,80	CHK 550
70	CHD1=CHD1+X	CHK 560
	GO TO 90	CHK 570
80	CHD2=CHD2+X	CHK 580
90	IF (S(I-1,J).GE.0.) GO TO 120	CHK 590
	X=TC(I-1,J)*(STRT(I-1,J)-PHI(I,J))*DELX(J)	CHK 600
	IF (X) 100,120,110	CHK 610
100	CHD1=CHD1+X	CHK 620
	GO TO 120	CHK 630
110	CHD2=CHD2+X	CHK 640
120	IF (S(I+1,J).GE.0.) GO TO 150	CHK 650
	X=TC(I,J)*(STRT(I+1,J)-PHI(I,J))*DELX(J)	CHK 660
	IF (X) 130,150,140	CHK 670
130	CHD1=CHD1+X	CHK 680
	GO TO 150	CHK 690
140	CHD2=CHD2+X	CHK 700
150	QREFLX=QREFLX+QRE*AREA	CHK 710
	---COMPUTE ET RATE---	CHK 720
	IF (EVAP.NE.CHK(6)) GO TO 180	CHK 730
	IF (PHI(I,J).GE.LAND(I,J)*FACL-ETDIST) GO TO 160	CHK 740
	ETQ=0.0	CHK 750
	GO TO 170	CHK 760
160	ETQ=QET/ETDIST*(PHI(I,J)+ETDIST-LAND(I,J)*FACL)	CHK 770
170	ETFLUX=ETFLUX+ETQ*AREA	CHK 780
	---COMPUTE VOLUME FROM STORAGE---	CHK 790
180	STORE=S(I,J)	CHK 800
	IF (WATER.EQ.CHK(2)) STORE=SY(I,J)	CHK 810
	IF (CONVRT.NE.CHK(7)) GO TO 220	CHK 820
	X=KEEP(I,J)-PHI(I,J)	CHK 830
	IF (X) 190,200,200	CHK 840
190	HED1=PHI(I,J)	CHK 850
	HED2=KEEP(I,J)	CHK 860
	X=ABS(X)	CHK 870
	GO TO 210	CHK 880
200	HED1=KEEP(I,J)	CHK 890
	HED2=PHI(I,J)	CHK 900
210	STORE=S(I,J)	CHK 910
	IF (HED1-TOP(I,J)*FACO.LE.0.) STORE=SY(I,J)	CHK 920
	IF ((HED1-TOP(I,J)*FACO)*(HED2-TOP(I,J)*FACO).LT.0.0) STORE=(HED1-	CHK 930
	1TOP(I,J)*FACO)/X*S(I,J)+(TOP(I,J)*FACO-HED2)/X*SY(I,J)	CHK 940
220	STOR=STOR+STORE*(KEEP(I,J)-PHI(I,J))*AREA	CHK 950
	---COMPUTE LEAKAGE RATE---	CHK 960
	IF (LEAK.NE.CHK(9)) GO TO 230	CHK 970
	HED1=STRT(I,J)	CHK 980
	IF (CONVRT.EQ.CHK(7)) HED1=AMAX1(STRT(I,J),TOP(I,J)*FACO)	CHK 990
	HED2=PHI(I,J)	CHK1000
	IF (CONVRT.EQ.CHK(7)) HED2=AMAX1(SNGL(PHI(I,J)),TOP(I,J)*FACO)	CHK1010
	XX=RATE(I,J)*(RIVER(I,J)*FACR-HED1)*AREA/M(I,J)	CHK1020
	FLUX=FLUX+XX	CHK1030

FLUXS=FLUXS+O(I,J)*(HED1-HED2)*AREA+XX

CHK1040

230 CONTINUE

CHK1050

.....CHK1060

---COMPUTE CUMULATIVE VOLUMES, TOTALS, AND DIFFERENCES---

CHK1070

STORT=STORT+STOR

CHK1080

ETFLXT=ETFLXT+ETFLUX*DELT

CHK1090

FLUXT=FLUXT+FLUXS*DELT

CHK1100

QRET=QRET+QREFLX*DELT

CHK1110

CHDT=CHDT-CHD1*DELT

CHK1120

CHST=CHST+CHD2*DELT

CHK1130

PUMPT=PUMPT+PUMP*DELT

CHK1140

CFLUXT=CFLUXT+CFLUX*DELT

CHK1150

TOTL1=STORT+QRET+CFLUXT+CHST+FLUXT

CHK1160

TOTL2=CHDT+PUMPT+ETFLXT

CHK1170

DIFF=TOTL2-TOTL1

CHK1180

PERCNT=DIFF/TOTL2*100.

CHK1190

RETURN

CHK1200

.....CHK1210

---PRINT RESULTS---

CHK1220

CHK1230

ENTRY CWRITE

CHK1240

CHK1250

WRITE (P,240) STORT,QRET,CFLUXT,CHST,FLUXT,TOTL1

CHK1260

WRITE (P,250) ETFLXT,CHDT,PUMPT,TOTL2,DIFF,PERCNT

CHK1270

WRITE (P,260) QREFLX,CFLUX,CHD2,CHD1,PUMP,ETFLUX,FLUXS,FLUX,STOR

CHK1280

FORMATS:

CHK1290

RETURN

CHK1300

CHK1310

CHK1320

CHK1330

CHK1340

CHK1350

240 FORMAT ('0MASS BALANCE: '//4X, ' CUMULATIVE',25X, 'L**3 '//7X, ' SOURCE',25X, 'L**3 '//7X, ' STORAGE =',F20.2/13X, ' RECHARGE =',F20.2/13X, ' CONSTANT FLUX =',F20.2/8X, ' CONSTANT HEAD =',F20.2/14X, ' LEAKAGE =',F20.2/8X, ' TOTAL SOURCES =',F20.2)

CHK1360

1S: '//7X, ' ----- '//14X, ' STORAGE =',F20.2/13X, ' RECHARGE =',F20.2/13X, ' CONSTANT FLUX =',F20.2/8X, ' CONSTANT HEAD =',F20.2/14X, ' LEAKAGE =',F20.2/8X, ' TOTAL SOURCES =',F20.2)

CHK1370

28X, ' CONSTANT FLUX =',F20.2/8X, ' CONSTANT HEAD =',F20.2/14X, ' LEAKAGE =',F20.2/8X, ' TOTAL SOURCES =',F20.2)

CHK1380

3AGE =',F20.2/8X, ' TOTAL SOURCES =',F20.2)

CHK1390

250 FORMAT ('0',6X, ' DISCHARGES: '//7X, ' ----- '//3X, ' EVAPOTRANSPIRATION =',F20.2/8X, ' CONSTANT HEAD =',F20.2/6X, ' QUANTITY PUMPED =',F20.2/12X, ' TOTAL OUT =',F20.2//4X, ' TOTAL OUT-SOURCES =',F20.2/3X, ' PERCENT DIFFERENCE =',F20.2)

CHK1400

1TION =',F20.2/8X, ' CONSTANT HEAD =',F20.2/6X, ' QUANTITY PUMPED =',F20.2/12X, ' TOTAL OUT =',F20.2//4X, ' TOTAL OUT-SOURCES =',F20.2/3X, ' PERCENT DIFFERENCE =',F20.2)

CHK1410

2F20.2/12X, ' TOTAL OUT =',F20.2//4X, ' TOTAL OUT-SOURCES =',F20.2/3X, ' PERCENT DIFFERENCE =',F20.2)

CHK1420

3, ' PERCENT DIFFERENCE =',F20.2)

CHK1430

260 FORMAT ('-',3X, ' RATES FOR THIS TIME STEP',9X, 'L**3/T'//13X, ' RECHARGE =',F20.2/8X, ' CONSTANT FLUX =',F20.2/5X, ' CONSTANT HEAD IN =',F20.2/4X, ' CONSTANT HEAD OUT =',F20.2/14X, ' PUMPING =',F20.2/19X, ' ET =',F20.2/14X, ' LEAKAGE: '//16X, ' TOTAL =',F20.2/15X, ' STEADY =',F20.2// ' FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE =',F14.2)

CHK1440

1ARGE =',F20.2/8X, ' CONSTANT FLUX =',F20.2/5X, ' CONSTANT HEAD IN =',F20.2/4X, ' CONSTANT HEAD OUT =',F20.2/14X, ' PUMPING =',F20.2/19X, ' ET =',F20.2/14X, ' LEAKAGE: '//16X, ' TOTAL =',F20.2/15X, ' STEADY =',F20.2// ' FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE =',F14.2)

CHK1450

2, F20.2/4X, ' CONSTANT HEAD OUT =',F20.2/14X, ' PUMPING =',F20.2/19X, ' ET =',F20.2/14X, ' LEAKAGE: '//16X, ' TOTAL =',F20.2/15X, ' STEADY =',F20.2// ' FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE =',F14.2)

CHK1460

3, ET =',F20.2/14X, ' LEAKAGE: '//16X, ' TOTAL =',F20.2/15X, ' STEADY =',F20.2// ' FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE =',F14.2)

CHK1470

4, F20.2// ' FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE =',F14.2)

CHK1480

END

CHK1490-

SUBROUTINE PRNTA

SPECIFICATIONS:

COMMON /DARRAY/ PHI(33,62),RHOP(20),CHK(10)	PRN 10
COMMON /SARRAY/ KEEP(33,62),T(33,62),Q(33,62),STRT(33,62),RATE(33,62),M(33,62),WELL(33,62),S(33,62),SY(33,62),TR(33,62),TC(33,62),DEPRN	PRN 20
2LX(62),DELY(33)	PRN 30
COMMON /HARRAY/ TOP(33,62),ISUR(33,62),LAND(33,62),RIVER(33,62),PEPRN	PRN 40
IRM(33,62),BOTTOM(33,62)	PRN 50
COMMON /DPARAM/ WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTR,EROR,LEPRN	PRN 60
1AK	PRN 70
COMMON /SPARAM/ FACS,FACY,FACK,FACR,FACM,FACP,FACB,FACO,FACL,FACW,PRN	PRN 80
1SLEAK,U,SS,TT,TMIN,ETDIST,QET,IFINAL,TMAX,COLT,DELT,SUM,SUMP,NUMT,PRN	PRN 90
2KT,KP,NPER,KTH,ITMAX,LENGTH,NWEL,QRE,ERR,DIML,DIMW,JN01,INO1,R,P,PPRN	PRN 100
3U,SUBS,STORE,TEST,ETOB,ETQD,FACTX,FACTY	PRN 110
COMMON /PR/ XLABEL(3),YLABEL(6),TITLE(4),XN1,SYM(28),PRNT(122),BLAPRN	PRN 120
1NK(60),DIGIT(122),VF1(6),VF2(6),VF3(7),NA(4),XN(100),YN(13),XSF,NXPRN	PRN 130
2D,WIDTH,SPACNG,N1,N2,N3,N4,N6,N8,NC	PRN 140
	PRN 150
REAL K,KEEP,M	PRN 160
REAL*8 PHI,DBLE,RHOP,CHK,WATER,CONVRT,EVAP,CHCK,PNCH,NUM,HEAD,CONTPRN	PRN 170
1R,EROR,XLABEL,YLABEL,TITLE,XN1,Z,LEAK	PRN 180
INTEGER DIML,DIMW,R,P,PU	PRN 190
INTEGER*2 TOP,ISUR,LAND,RIVER,PERM,BOTTOM	PRN 200
	PRN 210
---INITIALIZE VARIABLES---	PRN 220
DIST=WIDTH-DELX(JN01)/2.	PRN 230
JJ=JN01	PRN 240
LL=1	PRN 250
Z=NXD*XSF	PRN 260
WRITE (P,150) (TITLE(I),I=1,4)	PRN 270
DO 140 I=1,N4	PRN 280
	PRN 290
---LOCATE X AXES---	PRN 300
IF (I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.N4) GO TO 10	PRN 310
PRNT(1)=SYM(23)	PRN 320
PRNT(N8)=SYM(23)	PRN 330
IF ((I-1)/N1*N1.NE.I-1) GO TO 30	PRN 340
PRNT(1)=SYM(25)	PRN 350
PRNT(N8)=SYM(25)	PRN 360
GO TO 30	PRN 370
	PRN 380
---LOCATE Y AXES---	PRN 390
DO 20 J=1,N8	PRN 400
IF ((J-1)/N2*N2.EQ.J-1) PRNT(J)=SYM(25)	PRN 410
IF ((J-1)/N2*N2.NE.J-1) PRNT(J)=SYM(24)	PRN 420
	PRN 430
---COMPUTE LOCATION OF NODES AND DETERMINE APPROPRIATE SYMBOL---	PRN 440
IF (DIST.LT.0..OR.DIST.LT.Z-XN1*XSF) GO TO 90	PRN 450
YLEN=DELY(2)/2.	PRN 460
DO 80 L=2,INO1	PRN 470
	PRN 480
	PRN 490
	PRN 500
	PRN 510
	PRN 520

```

J=YLEN*N2/XSF+1.5
K=(ISUR(L,JJ)*.1-PHI(L,JJ))/SPACNG
IF (K) 60,50,40
40 K=AMOD(K,20.)
N=K
PRNT(J)=SYM(N+1)
GO TO 70
50 PRNT(J)=SYM(26)
GO TO 70
60 PRNT(J)=SYM(22)
70 IF (S(L,JJ).LT.0.) PRNT(J)=SYM(27)
IF (WELL(L,JJ).NE.0.) PRNT(J)=SYM(28)
80 YLEN=YLEN+(DELY(L)+DELY(L+1))/2.
DIST=DIST-(DELX(JJ)+DELX(JJ-1))/2.
JJ=JJ-1
90 CONTINUE

---PRINT AXES, LABELS, AND SYMBOLS---
IF (I-NA(LL).EQ.0) GO TO 110
IF ((I-1)/N1*N1-(I-1)) 120,100,120
100 WRITE (P,VF1) (BLANK(J),J=1,NC),(PRNT(J),J=1,N8),XN(1+(I-1)/6)
GO TO 130
110 WRITE (P,VF2) (BLANK(J),J=1,NC),(PRNT(J),J=1,N8),XLABEL(LL)
LL=LL+1
GO TO 130
120 WRITE (P,VF2) (BLANK(J),J=1,NC),(PRNT(J),J=1,N8)

---COMPUTE NEW VALUE FOR Z AND INITIALIZE PRNT---
130 Z=Z-2.*XN1*XSF
DO 140 J=1,N8
140 PRNT(J)=SYM(11)

---NUMBER AND LABEL Y AXIS AND PRINT LEGEND---
WRITE (P,VF3) (BLANK(J),J=1,NC),(YN(I),I=1,N6)
WRITE (P,170) (YLABEL(I),I=1,6)
WRITE (P,160) SPACNG
RETURN

---FORMATS---
150 FORMAT ('1',46X,4A8//)
160 FORMAT ('-LEGEND'// '-----'// ' R = CONSTANT HEAD BOUNDARY'// ' W = WPRN
1ELL LOCATION'// ' 0 = NO-FLOW BOUNDARY'// ' * = CONE OF IMPRESSION'// 'PRN
2 CONTOUR INTERVAL =',F10.2// ' THE FOLLOWING 20 SYMBOLS, STARTING WPRN
3ITH BLANK, ARE CYCLED: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 B 3 D 5 F 7 H 9') PRN
170 FORMAT ('0',39X,6A8)
END

```


DATA FOR EXAMPLE 2

-----AQUIFER MODEL EXAMPLE: ARTESIAN CONVERTING TO WATER TABLE AQUIFER INCLUDING
LEAKAGE AND CONSTANT HEAD: 10 D PUMPING, 70D R.

Card 1

WATERTABLE

LEAKAGE

CONVERT

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-----AQUIFER MODEL EXAMPLE: WATER TABLE AQUIFER WITH ET, IRE AND CONSTANT DISCHARGE BOUNDARY. 10 DAYS PUMPING. 50 UNITS RECOVERY
 & well goes dry, therefore this run terminates before end of pumping period

PROBLEM OPTIONS: WATERFAR EVAPOTRA CHECK

ON ALPHAMERIC MAP:
 BASIC LENGTH UNIT IS MULTIPLIED BY 1.00 TO GET FEET
 NUMBER OF MAP UNITS PER INCH = 500.00
 CONTOUR INTERVAL = 10.00

NUMBER OF PUMPING PERIODS = 2
 NUMBER OF NODES IN COLUMN = 6
 NUMBER OF NODES IN ROW = 10
 PRINTOUT EVERY 6 STEPS

ERROR CRITERIA FOR CLOSURE = 0.9999999E-03
 CONSTANT RECHARGE RATE(L/T) = 0.2000000E-06
 SPECIFIC STORAGE OF CONFINING BED = 0.0
 MAXIMUM PERMITTED NUMBER OF ITERATIONS = 50

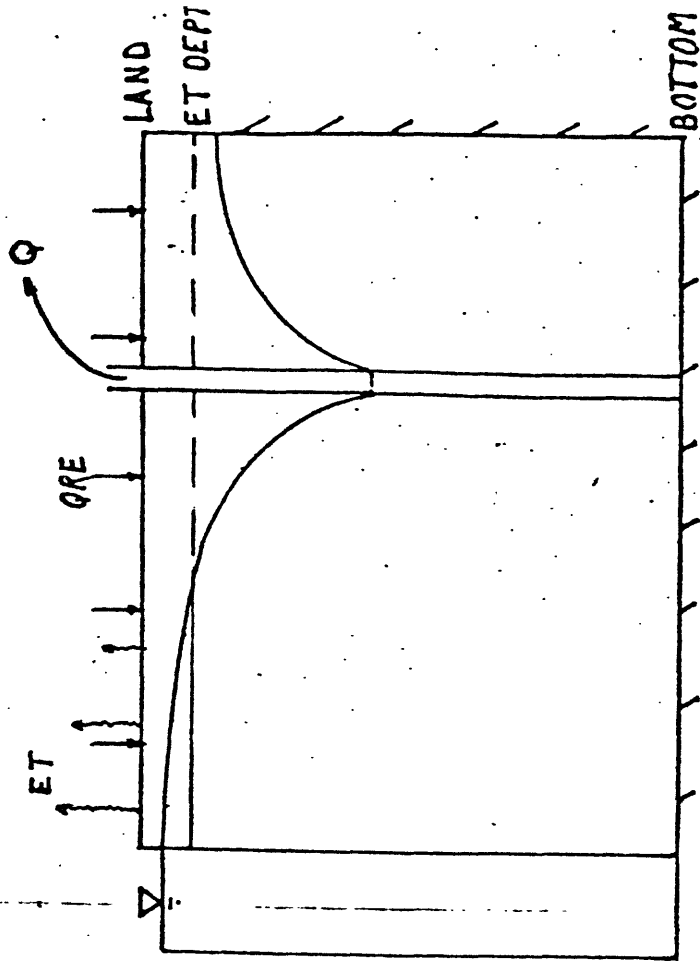
TERMINATION OF COMPUTATION WHEN MAX(PHI(T)-PHI(T-1)) 0.1000000D 00
 EVAPOTRANSPIRATION RATE = 0.4000000E-06
 EFFECTIVE DEPTH OF ET = 10.00000

MULTIPLICATION FACTOR FOR TRANSMISSIVITY IN X DIRECTION = 1.00; IN Y DIRECTION = 1.00

THED	ISTO	ISYI	IRAT	IRIV	ITHK	IPER	IDOT	ITRA	IDLX	IDLY	ITOP	ILND
1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
FACH	FACS	FACY	FACK	FACR	FACM	FACP	FACB	FACT	FACK	FACZ	FACO	FACL
100.	0.200E-03	0.200E-01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.100E-02	0.0	0.0	500.	500.	0.0	105.

EXAMPLE OF RELATION BETWEEN 'I' PARAMETERS AND 'FAC' PARAMETERS:
 IF IHED = 1, FACH = UNIFORM STARTING HEAD
 IF IHED = -1, FACH = MULTIPLICATION FACTOR FOR VARIABLE STARTING HEAD MATRIX

MATRICES WITH VARIABLE DATA ARE PRINTED OUT IN FULL BELOW



STORAGE COEFFICIENT MATRIX

[illegible]

5 ITERATION PARAMETERS: 0.2470-01 0.6230-01 0.1570 00 0.3960 00 0.1000 01

PUMPING PERIOD NO.	1:	10.00 DAYS
1	10.00	10.00
2	10.00	10.00
3	10.00	10.00
4	10.00	10.00
5	10.00	10.00
6	10.00	10.00
7	10.00	10.00
8	10.00	10.00
9	10.00	10.00
10	10.00	10.00
11	10.00	10.00
12	10.00	10.00
13	10.00	10.00
14	10.00	10.00
15	10.00	10.00
16	10.00	10.00
17	10.00	10.00
18	10.00	10.00
19	10.00	10.00
20	10.00	10.00
21	10.00	10.00
22	10.00	10.00
23	10.00	10.00
24	10.00	10.00
25	10.00	10.00
26	10.00	10.00
27	10.00	10.00
28	10.00	10.00
29	10.00	10.00
30	10.00	10.00
31	10.00	10.00
32	10.00	10.00
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37	10.00	10.00
38	10.00	10.00
39	10.00	10.00
40	10.00	10.00
41	10.00	10.00
42	10.00	10.00
43	10.00	10.00
44	10.00	10.00
45	10.00	10.00
46	10.00	10.00
47	10.00	10.00
48	10.00	10.00
49	10.00	10.00
50	10.00	10.00
51	10.00	10.00
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57	10.00	10.00
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67	10.00	10.00
68	10.00	10.00
69	10.00	10.00
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71	10.00	10.00
72	10.00	10.00
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86	10.00	10.00
87	10.00	10.00
88	10.00	10.00
89	10.00	10.00
90	10.00	10.00
91	10.00	10.00
92	10.00	10.00
93	10.00	10.00
94	10.00	10.00
95	10.00	10.00
96	10.00	10.00
97	10.00	10.00
98	10.00	10.00
99	10.00	10.00
100	10.00	10.00

DELT IN HOURS = 4.973

NUMBER OF TIME STEPS = 7

MULTIPLIER FOR TIME STEP = 1.50

STEWART

I J PUMPING RATE

4 8 -600

SIZE OF TIME STEP IN SECONDS= 6 203935.75

TOTAL SIMULATION TIME IN SECONDS= 558095.75
MINUTES= 9301.59
HOURS= 155.03
DAYS= 6.46
YEARS= 0.02

DURATION OF CURRENT PUMPING PERIOD IN DAYS= 6.46
YEARS= 0.02

ITERATION NUMBER= 13

MASS BALANCE:

CUMULATIVE

L**3

SOURCES:

STORAGE = 2491614.00
RECHARGE = 781330.06
CONSTANT FLUX = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD = 272577.56
LEAKAGE = 0.0
TOTAL SOURCES = 3545521.00

DISCHARGES:

EVAPOTRANSPIRATION = 196954.63
CONSTANT HEAD = 0.0
QUANTITY PUMPED = 3348574.00
TOTAL OUT = 3545528.00

TOTAL OUT-SOURCES = 7.00
PERCENT DIFFERENCE = 0.00

RATES FOR THIS TIME STEP

L**3/T

RECHARGE = 1.40
CONSTANT FLUX = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD IN = 0.88
CONSTANT HEAD OUT = 0.0
PUMPING = 6.00
FT = 0.12
LEAKAGE: 0.0
TOTAL = 0.0
STEADY = 0.0

FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE = 782403.69

MAXIMUM CHANGE IN HEAD FOR THIS TIME STEP = 15.836

SUM OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ROWS AND COLUMNS FOR EACH ITERATION:

-26.39 -1.324

0.2420

0.2042E-01 -0.1158E-01

0.1259E-01

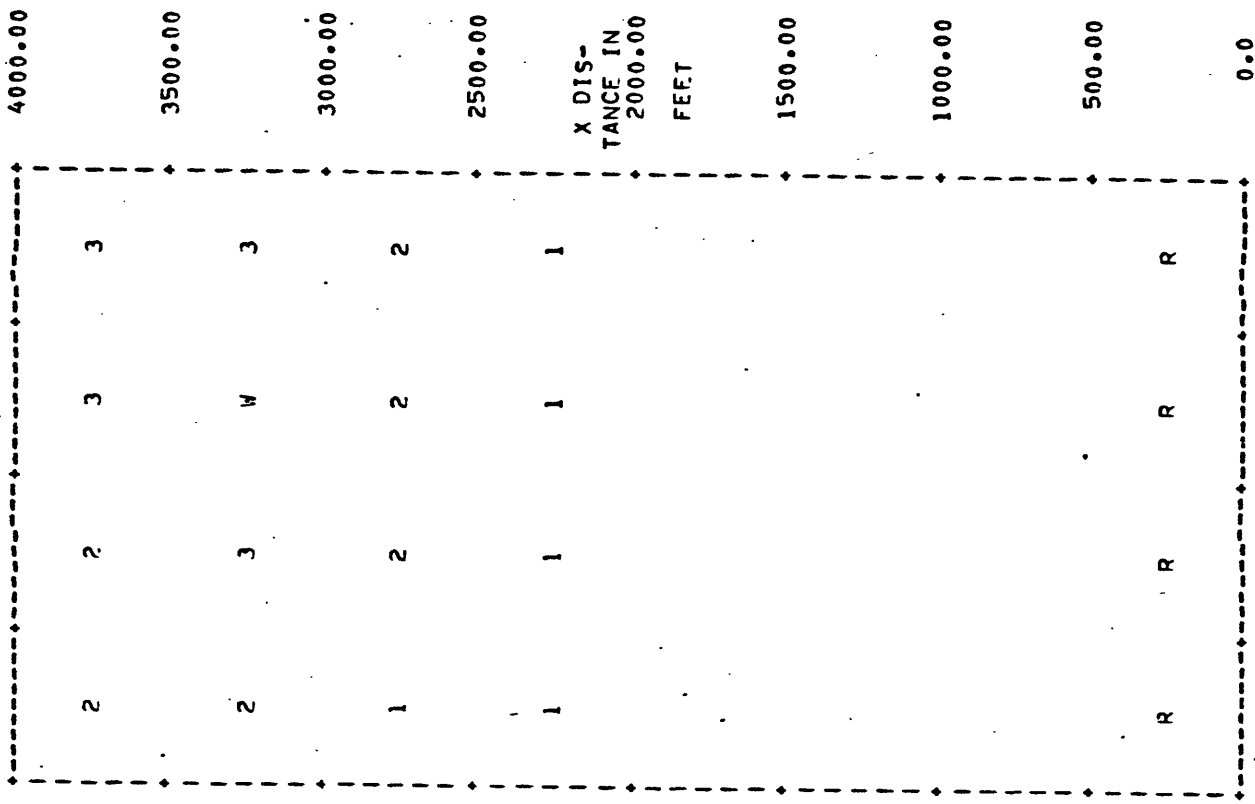
0.1256E-01

0.5992E-02

0.1221E-02

-0.1723E-03

0.6372E-03 0.3986E-03 0.1881E-03 0.3977E-04



DISTANCE FROM ORIGIN IN Y DIRECTION, IN FEET

P = CONSTANT HEAD BOUNDARY
W = WELL LOCATION
C = NO-FLC BOUNDARY
O = CONE OF IMPRESSION

CONTOUR INTERVAL = 10.00

THE FOLLOWING SYMBOLS, STARTING WITH BLANK, ARE CYCLED: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 0 3 0 5 7 H 9

1	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0
2	-0.0	-0.0	2.1	4.7	8.2	12.8	18.3	23.4	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.8
3	-0.0	-0.0	2.2	4.9	8.7	14.1	21.7	30.8	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9	29.9
4	-0.0	-0.0	2.3	5.1	9.3	15.9	27.5	62.3	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8
5	-0.0	-0.0	2.3	5.3	9.5	15.9	25.2	37.0	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5	35.5
6	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0

*****WELL 4. 8 GOES DRY*****

PROBLEM OPTIONS: WATERTAR LEAKAGE CONVERT

CHECK

NUMERIC

CONT.

ON ALPHAMERIC MAP:

BASIC LENGTH UNIT IS MULTIPLIED BY 1.00 TO GET FEET
 NUMBER OF MAP UNITS PER INCH = 500.00
 CONTOUR INTERVAL = 10.00

NUMBER OF PUMPING PERIODS = 2

NUMBER OF NODES IN COLUMN = 6

NUMBER OF NODES IN ROW = 10

PRINTOUT EVERY 7 STEPS

ERROR CRITERIA FOR CLOSURE = 0.9999999E-03

CONSTANT RECHARGE RATE (L/T) = 0.0

SPECIFIC STORAGE OF CONFINING BED = 0.2000000E-03

MAXIMUM PERMITTED NUMBER OF ITERATIONS = 50

TERMINATION OF COMPUTATION WHEN MAX(PHI(T)-PHI(T-1)) > 0.20000000

EVAPOTRANSPIRATION RATE = 0.0

EFFECTIVE DEPTH OF ET = 0.0

MULTIPLICATION FACTOR FOR TRANSMISSIVITY IN X DIRECTION = 1.00 IN Y DIRECTION = 1.00

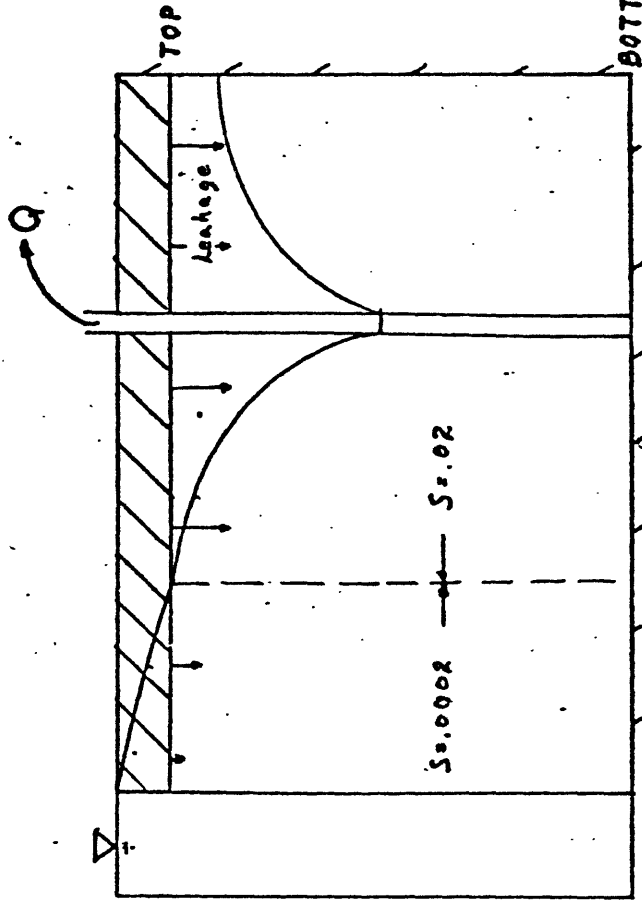
IHED	ISTO	JSYI	IRAT	IRIV	ITHK	IPER	IBUT	ITRA	IDLX	IDLY	ITOP	ILND
1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
FACH	FACS	FACY	FACK	FACR	FACM	FACP	FACB	FACT	FACX	FACZ	FACO	FACL
100.	0.200E-03	0.200E-01	0.200E-06	100.	10.0	0.100E-02	0.0	0.0	500.	500.	90.0	0.0

EXAMPLE OF RELATION BETWEEN 'I' PARAMETERS AND 'FAC' PARAMETERS:

IF IHED = 1, FACH = UNIFORM STARTING HEAD

IF IHED = -1, FACH = MULTIPLICATION FACTOR FOR VARIABLE STARTING HEAD MATRIX

MATRICES WITH VARIABLE DATA ARE PRINTED OUT IN FULL BELOW



STORAGE COEFFICIENT MATRIX

[illegible]

```
5 ITERATION PARAMETERS: 0.2470-01 0.6230-01 0.15/0 00 0.3960 00 0.1000 01
```

BOUMPING PERIOD NO.	1:	10.00 DAYS
1	10.00	10.00
2	10.00	10.00
3	10.00	10.00
4	10.00	10.00
5	10.00	10.00
6	10.00	10.00
7	10.00	10.00
8	10.00	10.00
9	10.00	10.00
10	10.00	10.00
11	10.00	10.00
12	10.00	10.00
13	10.00	10.00
14	10.00	10.00
15	10.00	10.00
16	10.00	10.00
17	10.00	10.00
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41	10.00	10.00
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80	10.00	10.00
81	10.00	10.00
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87	10.00	10.00
88	10.00	10.00
89	10.00	10.00
90	10.00	10.00
91	10.00	10.00
92	10.00	10.00
93	10.00	10.00
94	10.00	10.00
95	10.00	10.00
96	10.00	10.00
97	10.00	10.00
98	10.00	10.00
99	10.00	10.00
100	10.00	10.00

NET IN HOURS = 7.699

NUMBER OF TIME STEPS = 6

MULTIPLIER FOR TIME STEP = 1.50

SECTION I

1	J	PUMPING RATE
4	A	-4.00

TIME STEP NUMBER= 6
SIZE OF TIME STEP IN SECONDS= 315717.00

TOTAL SIMULATION TIME IN SECONDS= 863999.31
MINUTES= 14399.98
HOURS= 240.00
DAYS= 10.00
YEARS= 0.03

DURATION OF CURRENT PUMPING PERIOD IN DAYS= 10.00
YEARS= 0.03

ITERATION NUMBER= 8

MASS BALANCE:

CUMULATIVE

L**3

SOURCES:

STORAGE = 1507567.00
RECHARGE = 0.0
CONSTANT FLUX = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD = 930800.25
LEAKAGE = 1017590.00
TOTAL SOURCES = 3455957.00

DISCHARGES:

EVAPOTRANSPIRATION = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD = 0.0
QUANTITY PUMPED = 3455997.00
TOTAL OUT = 3455997.00
TOTAL OUT-SOURCES = 40.00
PERCENT DIFFERENCE = 0.00

RATES FOR THIS TIME STEP

L**3/T

RECHARGE = 0.0
CONSTANT FLUX = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD IN = 1.36
CONSTANT HEAD OUT = 0.0
PUMPING = 4.00
FT = 0.0
LEAKAGE: 1.23
TOTAL = 0.0
STEADY =

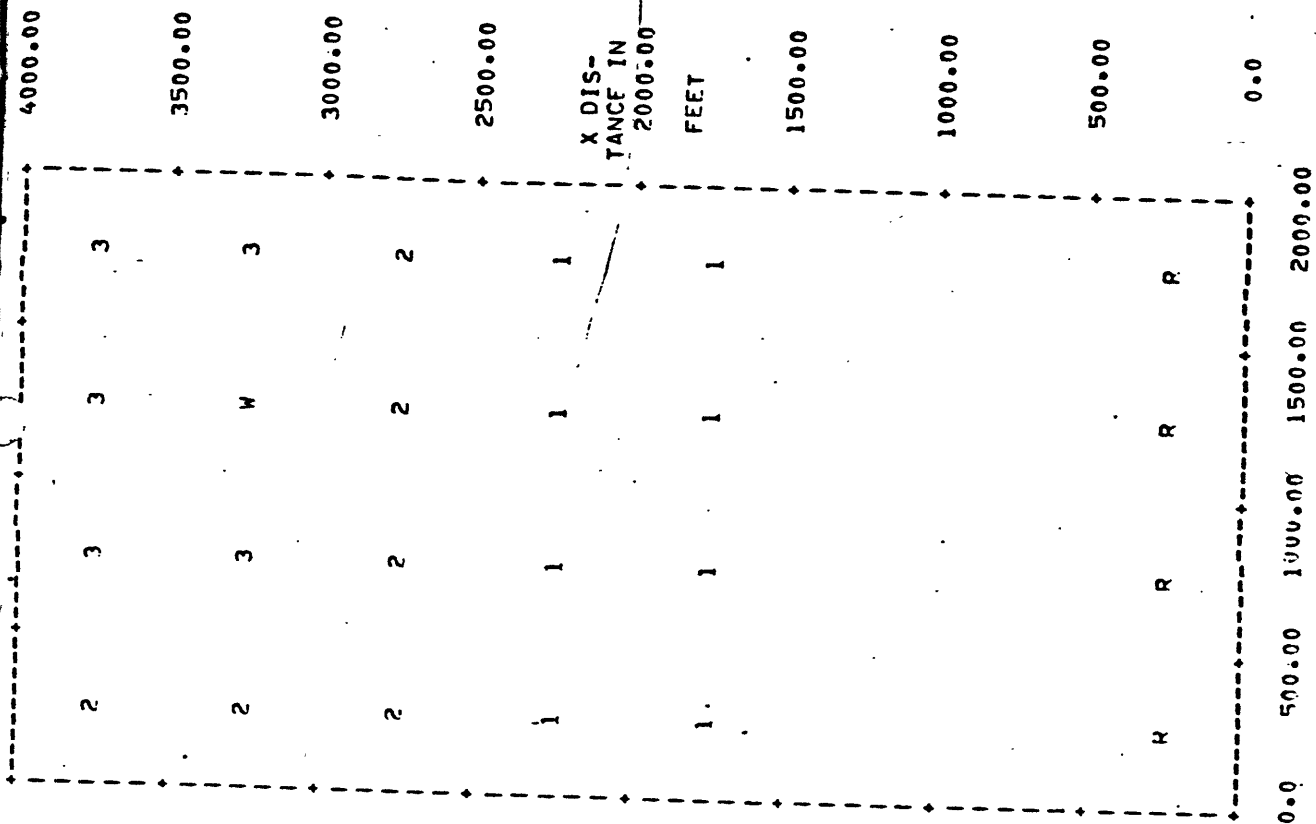
FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE = 446022.19

MINIMUM TIME FOR THIS STEP RANGES FROM 8.639992 TO 8.639992

MAXIMUM CHANGE IN HEAD FOR THIS TIME STEP = 7.820

SUM OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ROWS AND COLUMNS FOR EACH ITERATION:

-20.96 -1.181 -0.1355 -0.3324E-01 -0.9862E-02 -0.4955E-01 0.2520E-02 -0.8850E-03 0.5067E-04



D = CONSTANT HEAD BOUNDARY
 W = WELL LOCATION
 R = NO-FLOW BOUNDARY
 * = CONE OF IMPRESSION

CONTOUR INTERVAL = 10.00

THE FOLLOWING 20 SYMBOLS, STARTING WITH HLANK, ARE CYCLED: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 8 3 0 5 F 7 H 9

[illegible]

PUMPING PERIOD NO. 2: 70.00 DAYS

6888.6 = SATURDAY 1734.

NUMBER OF TIME STEPS = 10

MULTIPLIED FOR TIME STEP = 1.50

STEW O WELLS

I J PUMPING RATE

SIZE OF TIME STEP IN SECONDS= 607874.13

TOTAL SIMULATION TIME IN SECONDS= 2580887.00
MINUTES= 43014.77
HOURS= 716.91
DAYS= 29.87
YEARS= 0.08

DURATION OF CURRENT PUMPING PERIOD IN DAYS= 19.87
YEARS= 0.05

ITERATION NUMBER= 7

MASS BALANCE:

CUMULATIVE

L**3

SOURCES:

STORAGE = 5.30
RECHARGE = 0.0
CONSTANT FLUX = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD = 1420607.00
LEAKAGE = 1436131.00
TOTAL SOURCES = 3456743.00

DISCHARGES:

EVAPOTRANSPIRATION = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD = 0.0
QUANTITY PUMPED = 3455997.00
TOTAL OUT = 3455997.00

TOTAL OUT-SOURCES = -746.00
PERCENT DIFFERENCE = -0.02

RATES FOR THIS TIME STEP

L**3/T

RECHARGE = 0.0
CONSTANT FLUX = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD IN = 0.00
CONSTANT HEAD OUT = 0.0
PUMPING = 0.0
FT = 0.0
LEAKAGE: 0.00
TOTAL = 1.23
STEADY =

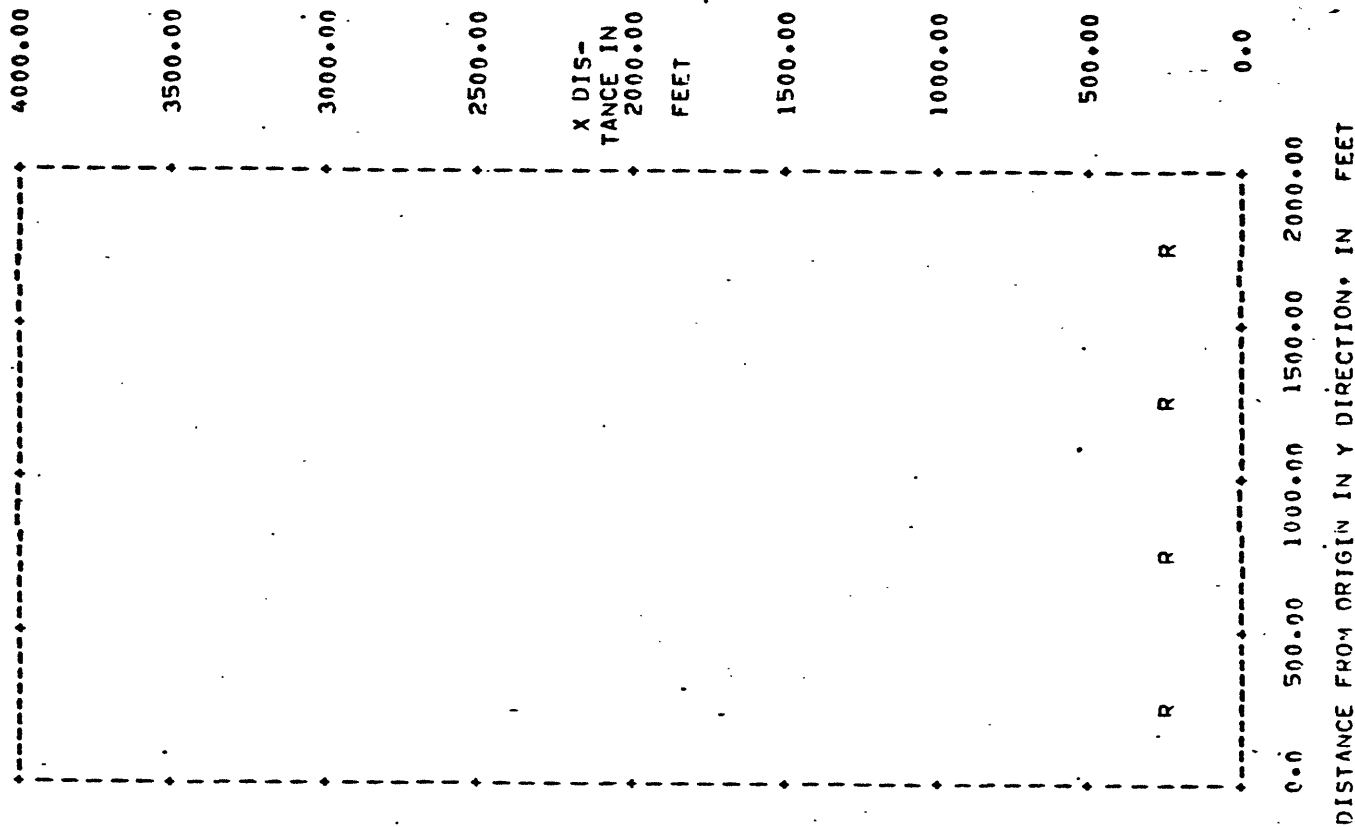
FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE = -1166.26

DIMENSIONLESS TIME FOR THIS STEP RANGES FROM 17.16888 TO 17.16888

MAXIMUM CHANGE IN HEAD FOR THIS TIME STEP = 1.568

SUM OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ROWS AND COLUMNS FOR EACH ITERATION:

7.288 0.9456 0.1581 0.5599E-01 0.1834E-01 0.2173 0.2139E-01 0.3879E-02



R = CONSTANT HEAD BOUNDARY
 W = WFL LOCATION
 N = NO-FLOW BOUNDARY
 * = CONE OF IMPRESSION

CONTOUR INTERVAL = 10.00

THE FOLLOWING 20 SYMBOLS, STARTING WITH BLANK, ARE CYCLED: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 R 3 0 5 F 7 H 9

[illegible]

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*****STEADY STATE AT TIME STEP 3*****
```

911811.19

SIZE OF TIME STEP IN SECONDS=

3492698.00
58211.63
970.19
40.42
0.11

TOTAL SIMULATION TIME IN SECONDS=
MINUTES=
HOURS=
DAYS=
YEARS=

30.42
0.08

DURATION OF CURRENT PUMPING PERIOD IN DAYS=
YEARS=

ITERATION NUMBER= 1

MASS BALANCE:

CUMULATIVE

L**3

SOURCES:

STORAGE = -6.30
RECHARGE = 0.0
CONSTANT FLUX = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD = 1620657.00
LEAKAGE = 1836196.00
TOTAL SOURCES = 3456846.00

DISCHARGES:

EVAPOTRANSPIRATION = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD = 0.0
QUANTITY PUMPED = 3455997.00
TOTAL OUT = 3455997.00
TOTAL OUT-SOURCES = -849.00
PERCENT DIFFERENCE = -0.02

RATES FOR THIS TIME STEP

L**3/T

RECHARGE = 0.0
CONSTANT FLUX = 0.0
CONSTANT HEAD IN = 0.00
CONSTANT HEAD OUT = 0.0
PUMPING = 0.0
ET = 0.0
LEAKAGE:
TOTAL = 0.00
STEADY = 1.23

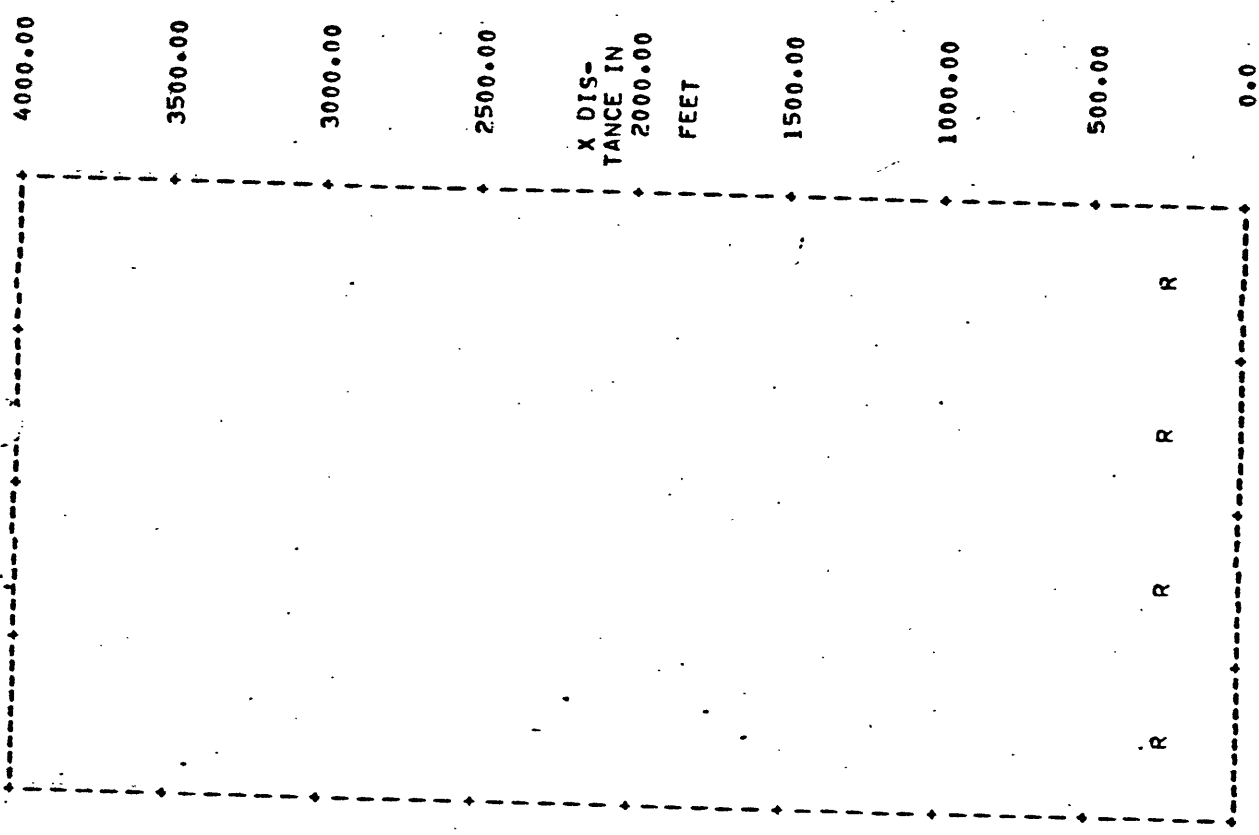
FOR THIS TIME STEP, STORAGE = -11.60

DIMENSIONLESS TIME FOR THIS STEP RANGES FROM 26.28700 TO 26.28700

MAXIMUM CHANGE IN HEAD FOR THIS TIME STEP = 0.013

SUM OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ROWS AND COLUMNS FOR EACH ITERATION:

0.7803E-01 0.8461E-02



D = CONSTANT HEAD BOUNDARY
W = WELL LOCATION
O = NO-FLOW BOUNDARY
* = CONE OF IMPRESSION

CONTOUR INTERVAL = 10.00

THE FOLLOWING 20 SYMBOLS, STARTING WITH BLANK, ARE CYCLED: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 0 3 0 5 F 7 H 9

UJRAWI, ZWN

[illegible]