

## United States Department of the Interior

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Water Resources Division 345 Middlefels Road Menlo Park, Cilifornic 94025 May 28, 1971

NOTES ON WATER-QUALITY RECONNAISSANCE OF PINE MOUNTAIN AREA SESPE CREEK BASIN, VENTURA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

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Data attached are the result of two reconnaissance trips made to the Pine Mountain area of Sespe Creek in Ventura County, California, on November 23-24, 1970, and January 20, 1971. The data were gathered to assist in deciding which sampling points should be established as permanent, continuous minitoring points, and to indicate which of the various water-quality parameters would be most useful in evaluating the influence of mining and (or) processing on the affected streams. Samples obtained in November reflect low water (dry season) conditions, and those obtained in January reflect snow-melt runoff.

1. approved by Director of Geological Survey for release to open file 2. Hydrologists, U.S. Geological Survey, Meulo Park, alig

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sulfate and bicarbonate at high flows; sodium and chloride in contrast are at higher concentrations in the high flow samples. At low flows the waters approach saturation with respect to gypsum and calcite. White crusts were collected at the water line in Potrero John Creek just above the confluence with Sespe Creek at the low flow stage. The white crusts are comprised of calcite (CaCO<sub>3</sub>), gypsum (CaSO<sub>4</sub>  $\cdot$  2H<sub>2</sub>O), detrital quarts (SiO<sub>2</sub>), and feldspar. Addition of more calcium or sulfate or both to the water will increase the precipitation of gypsum; unless the pH or carbonate decrease there will also be an increase in the precipitation of calcite if calcium concentrations increase.

X-ray diffraction analyses were performed on whole-rock samples of streambed material, as well as on the clay-size (2-0.5 micron) separates, both untreated and glycolated.

Quarts  $(SiO_2)$  is most abundant followed by a potash feldspar (KAlSi<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>) (probably orthoclase) and intermediate plagioclase feldspar (Na<sub>1-x</sub>-Ca<sub>x</sub>Al<sub>1+x</sub>Si<sub>3-x</sub>O<sub>8</sub>) followed by a small amount of calcite (CaCO<sub>3</sub>). No indication of gypsum or anhydrite is found.

The clay minerals are also relatively constant in kind and amount. A kaolinite with fair crystallinity is most abundant followed by illite (fine-grained muscovite) and montmorillonite. The montmorillonite is all in the Ca-Mg saturated state, a state characterized by large clay floccules, good soil tilth, and good permeability. Conversion of this montmorillonite to the Na-K form by ion-exchange in water of a different composition could alter all of these characteristics,

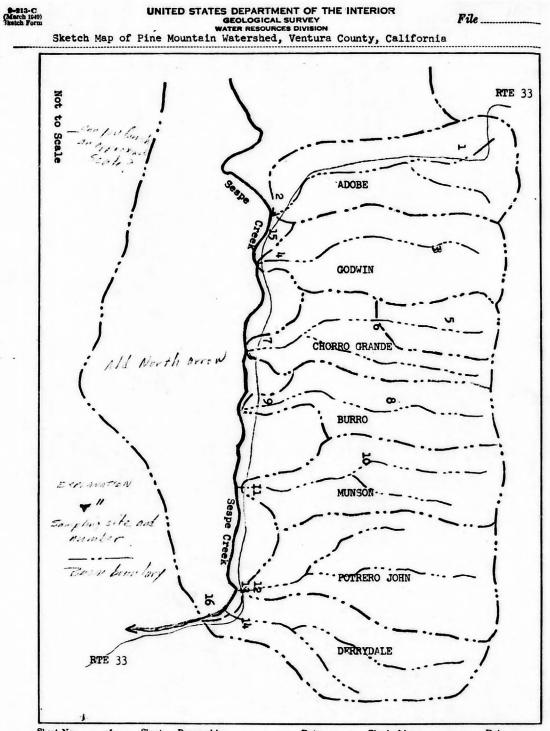
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Because of the seasonal variations in the discharge of the Sespe Creek tributaries and the impassibility of the U.S. Gypsum access road during winter, the samples could not be collected at the same locations both times. Sampling sites (1, 3, 5, 6, 8, and 10) were located in the headwater area of tributaries where there was flow during November 23-24, 1970. During the January sampling trip, these sites were inaccessible; therefore, the samples were collected near the mouth of each tributary. Actual locations are indicated on the enclosed map and also listed on the water-quality tabulation.

The results of the analyses show the local water is of a calcium bicarbonate-sulfate type. All samples showed appreciable boron and detectable fluoride. The waters are more dilute in terms of calcium,

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perhaps to the detriment of the system. The moderate amount of montmorillonite present in these bed material samples indicates the probable abundance of montmorillonite in the suspended load. Minor amounts of vermiculite or mixed-layer montmorillonite minerals may be present in a few samples. In the Adobe Canyon and Godwin Canyon Creck in table samples, montmorillonite is more abundant than either kaolinite or illite.



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Chemical and Sediment Analyses of Pine Mountain Tract in Sespe Crees Waterabed, Ventura County, California

Location number	Stream '					Results in parts per million (MgM) (mg/1)																			
				°c				1		T		1		I	Г		1	Dissolved	solids				ance 25 <sup>0</sup> C)		Analyzing laboratory and sample number
		Flow (cfs)	Date of collection	Water temperature (2014	Silica (Si0 <sub>2</sub> )	fron (Fe)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Sodium (Na)	Potassium (K)	Bicarbonate (MCO <sub>3</sub> )	Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	Chloride (CI)	Fluoride (F)	Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )	Boron (B)	Calculated (Sum of determined constituents)	Residue on evaporation at 180°C	Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub> )	Suspended sediment (mg/l)	Percent sodium	conduct nos at	pH (field)	
U.S. Public Heal drinking-water	th Service standards (1962)		1	_		0.3							250	250		45		500	500						
1	Adobe Creek; spring on Walters Place (NEL/4Sec 1, T6N, R24W)	0.003	Nov.23, '7	70 10	21		230	65	57	1.8	368	1.6	550	13	0.6	0.1	3.2			0.1	4		1540	7.79	SLC 048026
2	Adobe Creek; near con- fluence with Sespe (NE1/4Sec13, T6N, R24W)	2.9	Jan 20,'7	71 10	20		170	37	85	3.0	306	1.8	480	12	0.6	p.2	3.2			9.10	424		1370	8.08	SLC 048039
3	Godwin Creek; spring upstream from prop- erty access road (Midl/43ec5, T6N, R23W)	0.013	Nov 24,'7	70 11	22		150	76	41	3.2	337	2.4	500	5.5	9.0	0.2					8		1280	8.14	SLC 048030
4	Godwin Creek; at high- way #33 crossing (NW1/4Sec20, T6N, R23W)		Jan 20,'7	71 14	16		130	28	58	2.1	237	3.2	290	13	0.7	0.0	4.1			ø.10	83		1010	8.40	SLC 048037
5	Chorro Grande Creek; upstream from prop- erty access road (Midl/43ec9, T6N, R23W)	0.18	Nov 23,'7	70 13	19		140	49	26	2.2	259	3.5	370	3.1	0.3		1.1			Ø.1	7		928	8.39	SLC 054004
6	Chorro Grande Creek; at Oak Camp (NW1/43ec16, T6N, R23W)	0.11	Nov 24,'7	70 7	23		180	72	40	2.3	322	3.0	490	4.0	ø.4	p.1	1.5				3		977	8.30	SIC 048029
7	Chorro Grande Creek; at highway #33 (SW1/4Sec21, T6N, R23W)	2.6	Jan 20,'7	71 14	18		140	46	37	1.8	262	3.8	320	6.0	6.6	Ø.1	1.8			ø.15	.8		1080	8.44	SIC 048036
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Location number	Stream ·			°c		Results in_parts per artition (MMO) (mg/l)																			
				C			1							1				Dissolved	solids	~			0°C)		Analyzing laboratory and sample number
		Flow (cfs)	Date of collection	Water temperature (466)	Cilina (Cin.)	lron (Fe)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Sodium (Ma)	Potassium (K)	Bicarbonate (MCO <sub>3</sub> )	Carbonate (C0 <sub>3</sub> )	Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	Chloride (Cl)	Fluoride (F)	Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> )	Boran (8)	Calculated (Sum of determined constituents)	Residue on evaporation at 180°C	Phosphate (PO <sub>4</sub>	Suspended sediment <del>(mg/l)</del>	Percent sodium	Specific conductance (micromhos at 25 <sup>0</sup> C)	p₩ (field)	
U.S. Public Heal drinking-water	th Service r standards (1962)		-			0.3							250	250		45		500	500						
8	Burro Creek; spring near access road (NW 1/4Sec15,TóN,R23W)	0.003	Nov 23, '70	12	2 <u>;</u>		390	120	95	3.1	556	1.6	1100	18,	0.6	0.0	3.8			0.05	36		2490	7.65	SLC 048028
9	Burro Creek; at high- way #33 crossing (3W 1/43EC22,T6N,R23W)	1.2	Jan 20,'71	13	19		170	56	54	2.0	306	4.3	460	8.0	6.9	ø.2	2,8			6.10	9		1310	8.41	SIC 048035
10	Munson Creek; spring near access road (NE 1/4Sec15,T6N,R23W)	0.10	Nov 23,'70	15	20		180	47	28	2.4	270	Ø.17	400	3.5	0.4	0.1	1.1			Ø.2	2		1160	7.04	SIC 048027
11	Munson Creek; et high- way #33 crossing (SW 1/4Sec23,T6N,R23W)		Jan 20,'71	12	18		140	36	46	1.8	275	2.1	280	14.	0.5	0.1	1.8			0.05	8		1050	8,18	SLC 048034
12 13	Potrero John Creek; at highway #33 (NE 1/45ec25,T6N,R23W)	0.24 3.0	Nov 24,'70 Jan 20,'71	7	21 16		250 200	89 64	22 30	2.9 2.4	281 189	1.0 1.8	760 520	12. 5.5	0.6 9.7	0.1	 1.1			 0.10	1 5		1630 1320	8.27 8.25	SIC 048024 SIC 054005
14	Derrylale Creek; at highway #33 crossing (NE 1/45ec25,T6N,R23W)		Jan 20,'71	9	17		170	62	46	2.3	278	3.4	470	9.0	9.2	0.2	2.0	-		0.10			1290	8.40	SLC 048033
15	Sespe Creek; at Cherry Canyon (SE 1/43ec18,T6N,R23W)	36.	Jan 20,'71	13	15		98	26	41	2.3	217	1.9	240	7.0	Ø.5	0.3	2.1			ø.20	157		828	8.24	SLC 048038
16	Sespe Creek; at Wheeler Springs gage (U3G3) (SW 1/4Sec30,T6N,R23W)		Nov 24,'70	10	19		190	65	58	2.5	276	2;5	540	19.	0.6	0.1	2.2			ø.05	1		1370	8.04	SLC 048025