TABLE 2.-- continued

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Site no. on pl. ~~fig.~~ 1	Stream and periods of low-flow records	Location[1/]	Drainage area (mi^2)	7-day low flow discharges, in cubic feet per second, for indicated recurrence intervals in years			
				2	5	10	20
142	Quartermaster Harbor tributary 1961	SE,NE 18 22/3 E	.02(2) 6/			(2)	(5/)
143	Quartermaster Harbor tributary 1961	NE,SE 18 22/3 E	.03(2) 6/			(2)	(5/)
144	Quartermaster Harbor tributary 1961	NE,SE 24 22/2 E	.06(2) 6/			(2)	(5/)
	FOX ISLAND						
145	Carr Inlet tributary 1961	NW,SW 35 21/1 E	.06(2) 6/			(2)	(5/)
	ANDERSON ISLAND						
146	Balch Passage tributary 1961	NE,NW 33 20/1 E	.04(2) 6/			(2)	(5/)

1/ The locations are abbreviated. For example, the complete landline location for site 2 of, SE¼NW¼ sec.10, T.12 N., R.5 W., has been shortened to SE,NW 10 12/5 W. (all townships in the area are north).

3/5 Operated as continuous-record gaging station. (4,930,000 m³). (According to the Washington Division of Water Resources (Garling, Molenaar, and others, 1965, p. 142),

2/5 Low-flow statistics are for period of record prior to regulation at Casad Dam which started in 1955. Capacity of the reservoir is about 4,000 acre-feet, ~~Water Supply Bulletin 18 (WSB 18) states:~~ "To supply the City of Bremerton, water is first released from the reservoir outlet to the river channel. Approximately half a mile below the outlet and just above McKenna Falls, a small dam diverts the major part of the flow [up to 10 cfs in winter months] into a pipeline. To maintain fish life, a continual flow, varying from 1 to 3 cfs at different times of the year, is bypassed to the river below the falls."

4/5 Low-flows do not appear to be significantly affected by regulation and diversion mentioned in footnote 2/. (0.283 m³/s) (Garling, Molenaar, and others, 1965, table 48.)

1/6 Insufficient data for analysis, has been observed dry.

1/3 Drainage area from ~~table 18, WSB 18,~~ (1,970,000 m³)

1/8 Low-flow statistics are for a period prior to 1961. In 1961 a dam was constructed raising the lake about 8 feet, and increasing storage about 1,600 acre-feet. ~~W.S.B. No. 18~~ indicates, natural inflow to Tahuya Lake is allowed to outflow. The low-flow regimin is possibly different than for the pre-dam condition due to effects of the larger natural storage.

1/1 Flow may be partially regulated by Lake Symington. (The Washington Division of Water Resources (Garling, Molenaar, and others, 1965)

1/5 Outflow of Island Lake affected by glory hole pipe outlet.

1/h Low flow values based on measurements in 1975 may be greatly in error as long-term effects of reservoir storage in section 28 are not known.