

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

PRELIMINARY DATA FOR MADISON LIMESTONE TEST WELL 2,
~~SE~~ SEC. 18, T. 1 N., R. 54 E., CUSTER COUNTY, MONTANA

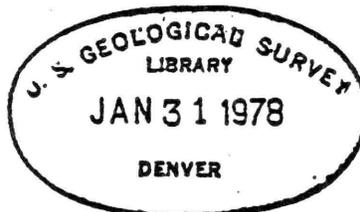
By

D. L. Brown, R. K. Blankennagel, J. F. Busby, and R. W. Lee

Open-File Report 77-863

Study of Madison aquifer in cooperation with
Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology
Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation
North Dakota State Water Commission
South Dakota Division of Geological Survey
Wyoming State Engineer

This report has not been edited or reviewed for conformity with
Geological Survey stratigraphic nomenclature.



Denver, Colorado

December 1977

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CONVERSION FACTORS

In this report, figures for measures are given only in English units. Factors for converting English units to metric units are shown in the following table:

<u>English</u>	<u>Multiply by</u>	<u>Metric</u>
in (inches)	25.4	mm (millimeters)
ft (feet)	.305	m (meters)
ft ³ (cubic feet)	.02832	m ³ (cubic meters)
mi ² (square miles)	2.59	km ² (square kilometers)
gal (gallons)	3.785	L (liters)
gal/min (gallons per minute)	.0631	L/s (liters per second)
(gal/min)/ft (gallons per minute per foot)	.207	(L/s)/m (liters per second per meter)
lb (pounds)	.4536	kg (kilograms)
lb/in ² (pounds per square inch)	6.8948	kPa (kilopascals)
md (millidarcys)	.000987	μm ² (square micrometers)

PRELIMINARY DATA FOR MADISON LIMESTONE TEST WELL 2,
SE $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{2}$ SEC. 18, T. 1 N., R. 54 E., CUSTER COUNTY, MONTANA

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Abstract

This report provides the preliminary data for the Madison Limestone test well 2 including test-well history, geology of the test well, hydrologic testing, and geochemistry. It also discusses the preliminary results and future testing plans.

The test well was drilled as part of the study to determine the water-resource potential of the Madison Limestone and associated rocks to meet future water needs in a 188,000-square-mile region that includes the coal-rich area of the Northern Great Plains. Drilling and testing were designed to yield a maximum of stratigraphic, structural, geophysical, and hydrologic information.

The test well was drilled in the SE $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 18, T. 1 N., R. 54 E., Custer County, Montana, to a depth of 9,378 feet below land surface. The well is cased with 13-3/8-inch casing from land surface to 4,661 feet and 9-5/8-inch casing from 4,519 to 6,487 feet below land surface. It is an 8-1/2-inch-diameter open hole from 6,487 feet to 8,422 feet. The well is plugged below that depth by two cement plugs--one from 9,378 to 9,084 feet and the other from 8,884 to 8,422 feet. The well is so constructed that additional hydrologic tests and geophysical logs can be made at a later date.

Nineteen cores were taken from selected intervals totaling 754 feet; 722.4 feet of core was recovered. The cores were photographed, slabbed, and plugged, and selected parts were tested for density, porosity, and vertical and horizontal permeability. Gamma and density scans of the cores were made, and thin sections are being prepared for detailed examination.

Seventeen conventional drill-stem tests and packer-swabbing tests were attempted, 13 of which give clues to the pressure heads of water in the intervals tested. Water samples were obtained during 10 of the tests, 7 of which were flow tests.

Water from the open-hole part of the well had a shut-in pressure of 333 pounds per square inch and flowed about 44 gallons per minute. The temperature of the water, measured at the surface, was about 48 degrees Celsius.

With the possible exception of the Lakota Sandstone, no major potential sources of ground water were found in the test well. Also, no freshwater (less than 1,000 milligrams per liter dissolved solids) was found in any of the zones tested in the well. Water salinities ranged from about 2,000 to 46,500 milligrams per liter dissolved solids.

Additional geophysical logs and tests will be made in the test well during the summer and fall of 1977. The logs may include televiwer, gamma spectrometer, trace ejector, and spinner-surveys. A vertical seismic profile will be made in the well in August.

Introduction

Development of coal in the Northern Great Plains will place a heavy demand on the available water resources of the region. Surface water in the region is poorly distributed in time and space. Its use for coal development in places would require storage reservoirs and distribution systems; in the rest of the region, surface water is fully appropriated and its use would deprive present users of their supply. The Paleozoic rocks which underlie most of the region contain water-bearing zones that might supply, at least on a temporary basis, a significant percentage of the total water required for coal development. One such source of water supply is the Madison aquifer, which includes the Madison Limestone and associated rocks.

In 1975 the U.S. Geological Survey, in cooperation with the Old West Regional Commission, prepared a plan of study (U.S. Geological Survey, 1975) for evaluating the water-supply potential of the Madison Limestone and associated rocks. That report not only presents a plan of study for the Madison, but also gives references relating to the regional geology and hydrology, cites the current geohydrologic studies being made by Federal and State agencies and by private companies, and summarizes the available data and the deficiencies of these data.

During the development of the study plan, a liaison committee was formed. The members were drawn from agencies of State governments that have an active interest in or responsibility for control or development of water from the Madison aquifer. These agencies include Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology, Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, North Dakota State Water Commission, South Dakota Division of Geological Survey, and Wyoming State Engineer. The purpose of the committee is to maintain open communication between investigating hydrologists and State officials relative to all aspects of the U.S. Geological Survey's studies of the Madison aquifer.

During the 1976 fiscal year, the U.S. Geological Survey, in cooperation with the States of Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming, began a study to determine the water-resource potential of the Madison Limestone and associated rocks to meet the future water needs in a 188,000-mi² region that includes the coal-rich area of the Northern Great Plains, and to evaluate these rocks (the Madison aquifer) as a source of water for industrial, agricultural, public, and domestic supplies. The study area includes eastern Montana, western North and South Dakota, a small part of Nebraska, and north-eastern Wyoming (fig. 1). The area of greatest interest, however, is the Powder River Basin of Montana and Wyoming, and the area surrounding the Black Hills in Wyoming, Montana, the Dakotas, and Nebraska.

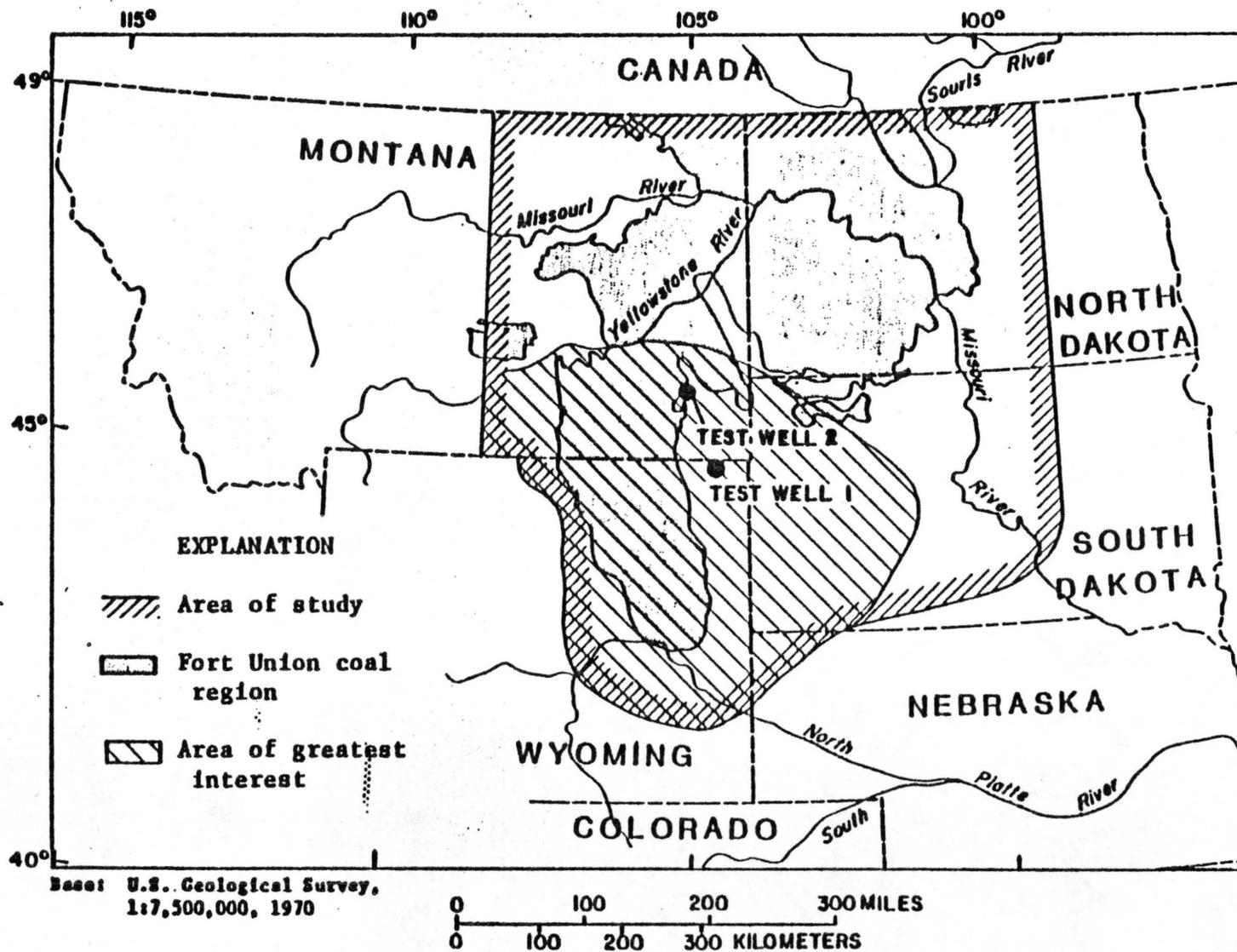


Figure 1.--Location of study area, Fort Union coal region, and test wells 1 and 2.

Within the scope of available funds and manpower, the objectives and approach are those outlined in the plan-of-study report. The objectives include:

1. The quantity of water that may be available from the Madison aquifer.
2. The chemical and physical properties of the water.
3. The effects of existing developments on the potentiometric head, storage, recharge and discharge, springs, streamflow, and the pattern of ground-water flow.
4. The probable hydrologic effects of proposed withdrawals of water for large-scale developments at selected rates and locations.
5. The locations of wells and the type of construction and development of deep wells that would obtain optimum yields.

Many oil tests have been drilled to the Madison aquifer in the study area. Most did not completely penetrate the aquifer, but were drilled to develop oil fields or were exploration tests on known geologic structures. Few data from these tests were collected for hydrologic purposes, but the information is useful in defining the geologic framework and some of the aquifer characteristics such as water quality, temperature, porosity, and potentiometric head.

To obtain better subsurface hydrologic and geologic information, it was recognized that test wells would have to be drilled. Drilling and testing were designed to yield a maximum of stratigraphic structural, geophysical, and hydrologic information. Stratigraphic and structural information, obtained from drill cuttings, cores, and geophysical logs, is critical for reconstructing the paleogeologic history of the region as well as defining the present structural and sedimentary framework. Careful analysis of cuttings and cores, and correlation with geophysical log characteristics will have transfer value with data obtained from oil-well tests and surface geophysical surveys.

Hydraulic tests are designed to yield pressure data and subsurface water samples from discrete intervals. These data are used to determine the degree of isolation and (or) interconnection of aquifers, the water yield of isolated zones, the composite yield of the well, and the quality of water.

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Madison Limestone test well 2 is the second in a series of proposed test wells that are designed to test a preliminary regional conceptual model relating porosity to lithology, and, in turn, transmissivity to structure and other rock properties.

Test well 1 (Blankennagel, Miller, Brown, and Cushing, 1977) was drilled in the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 15, T. 57 N., R. 65 W., Crook County, Wyo. (fig. 1). Preliminary geological facies maps showed this area along the eastern part of the Montana-Wyoming border to have a high percentage of dolomite in the Madison and associated rocks, thus indicating possible high primary porosity. Also, because this area was apparently structurally active, good potential for secondary fracture porosity was indicated. Other considerations in selecting the site were (1) depth to Precambrian rocks at about 5,000 ft below land surface, (2) adequate pressure to be reasonably certain that the well would flow at land surface, (3) location on State or Federal land, (4) good accessibility to the drilling site, (5) availability of water for drilling and an area for disposal of water from the well, and (6) nearness to source of electrical power. The

well, although not completely developed at this time (June 1977), will yield at least 700 gal/min. It penetrated formations having good porosity, permeability, and open fractures to a depth of at least 3,200 ft below land surface (Blankennagel, Miller, Brown, and Cushing, 1977).

The site for Madison test well 2 was chosen with considerations 2-6 (listed in previous paragraph) being the same. The main differences in this site selection were in the depth to Precambrian basement and lithology of the Madison and associated rocks. Preliminary geological facies maps showed the Madison and associated rocks, at the site for test 2, to be predominantly limestone and deeper than 6,000 ft below land surface.

The choice of a structurally active area for the test should permit the relation between lithology, structure, and secondary porosity to be more fully understood. Also specific questions need answers: (1) Are fractures open or healed below 6,000 ft? (2) Does limestone tend to fracture less than dolomite? (3) Does the porosity decrease in direct proportion to the percentage of limestone in the section?

Madison test well 2 is in the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 18, T. 1 N., R. 54 E., Custer County, Mont. (figs. 2 and 3). It is along an all-weather gravel-surfaced road, about a quarter of a mile west of the Powder River. The well is about 6 mi northeast of Powderville, Mont., and 55 mi southeast of Miles City, Mont.

The well was spudded in the Hell Creek Formation of Late Cretaceous age on November 17, 1976, and bottomed 94 ft below the top of the Precambrian rocks at 9,378 ft below land surface on March 23, 1977. It is cased with 13-3/8-in diameter casing from land surface to 4,661 ft, and with 9-5/8-in diameter casing from 4,519 to 6,487 ft. It is 8-1/2-in diameter open hole from 6,487 to 8,422 ft. The well is sealed off below 8,422 ft by two cement plugs--one from 9,378 to 9,084 ft and the other from 8,884 to 8,422 ft below land surface--to isolate the upper part from the Cambrian sandstones that contained saline water and gas shows (fig. 4). The well is so constructed that additional hydrologic tests and geophysical logs can be run at a later date (figs. 5 and 6).

Seventeen drill-stem and packer-swabbing tests were attempted; 13 yielded head and quality-of-water information for the intervals tested. Based on the test data, all water-bearing units in the Paleozoic rocks had sufficient head to cause the water in them to flow at land surface. Water from the uncased part of the well, 6,487 to 8,422 ft, had a head of 333 lb/in² above land surface.

Nineteen cores were taken from selected intervals totaling 754 ft; 722.4 ft of core was recovered. The cores were photographed, slabbed, plugged, and selected parts were tested for density, porosity, and vertical and horizontal permeability. Gamma and density scans of the cores were made, and thin sections are being prepared for detailed examination.

This report provides the preliminary data for Madison Limestone test well 2 including test-well history, geology of the test well, hydrologic testing, and geochemistry, and it discusses the preliminary results and future plans.

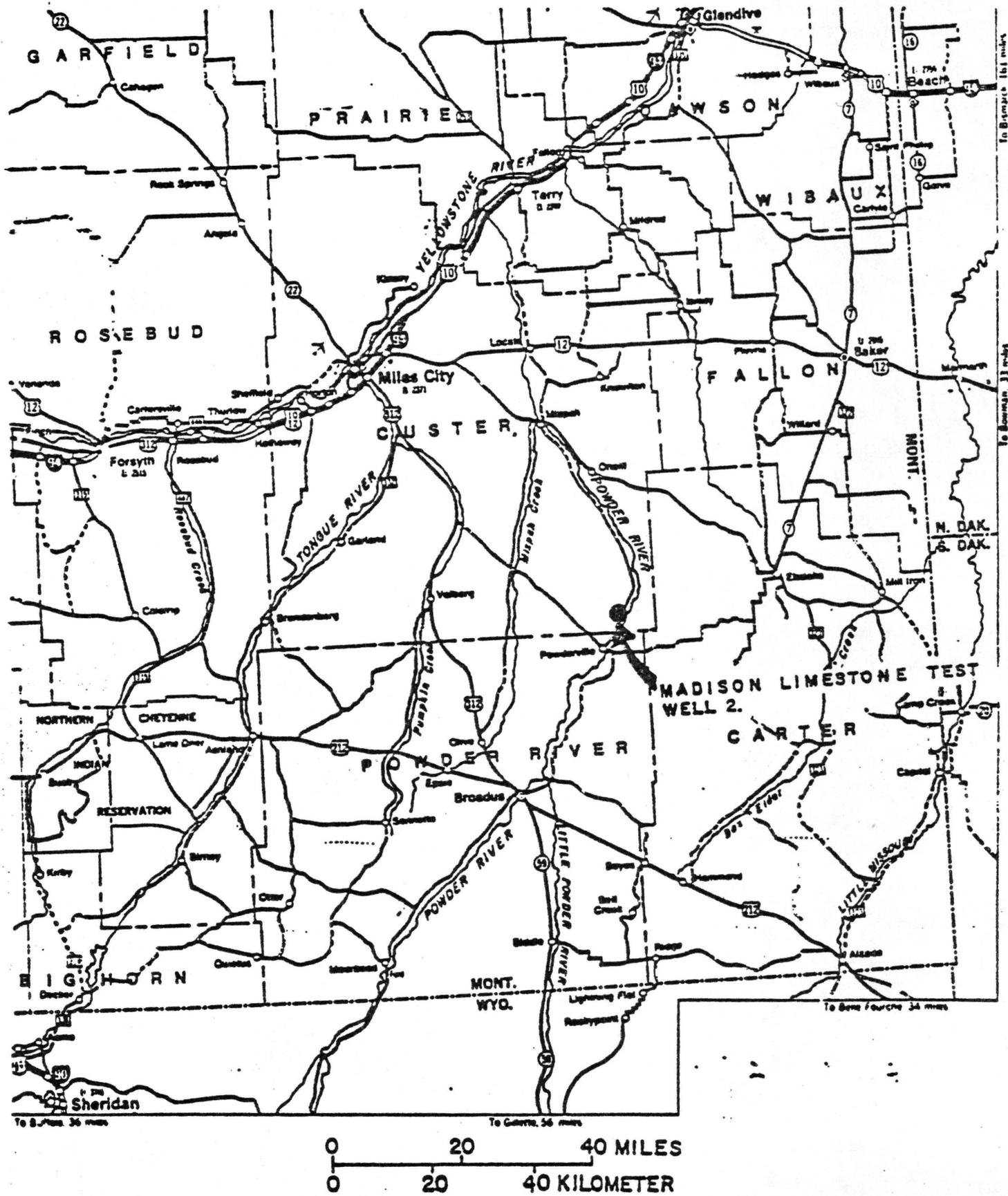


Figure 2.--Location of Madison Limestone test well 2 in southeastern Montana.

R. 53 E. R. 54 E.

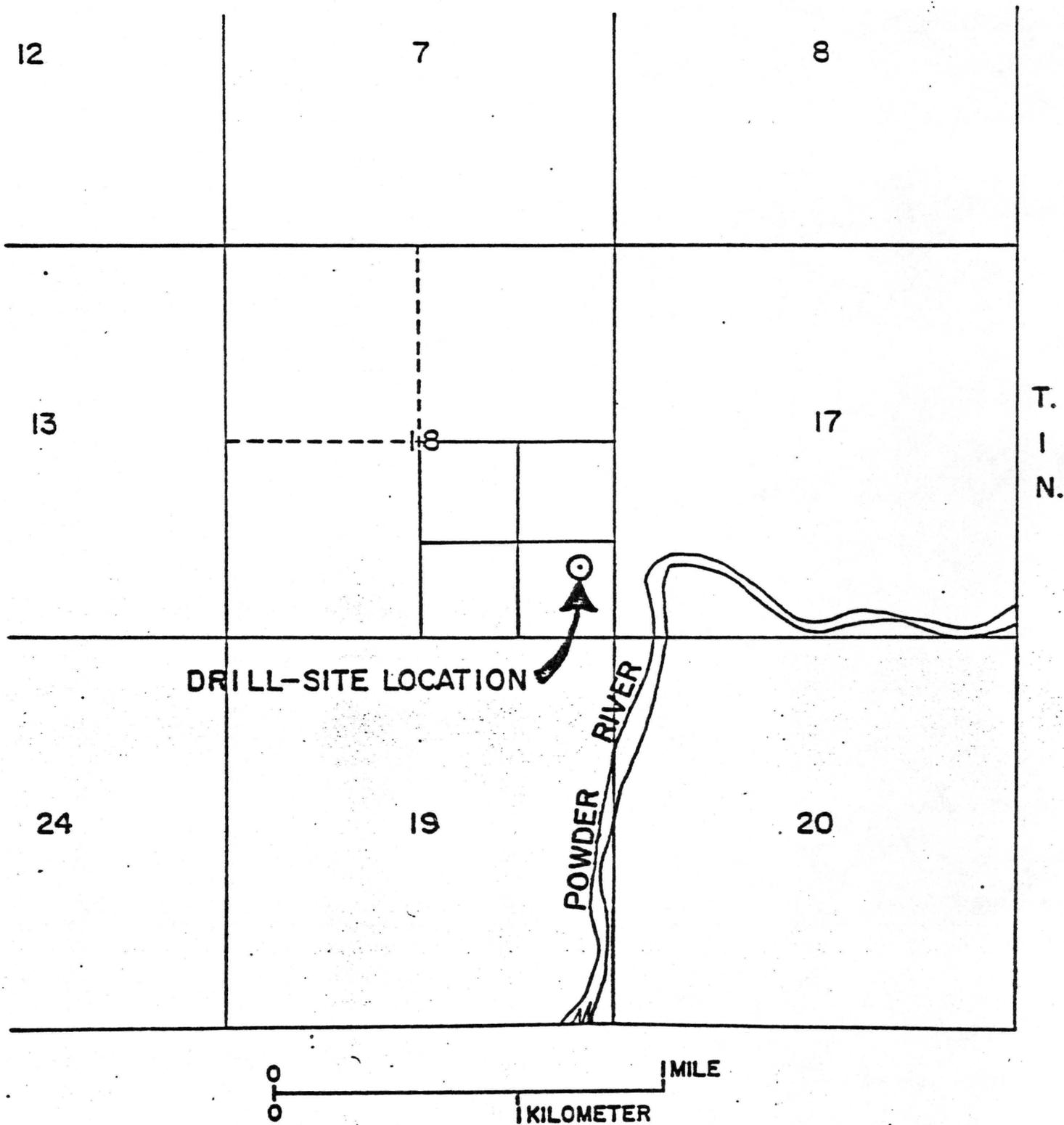


Figure 3.—Location of drill site for Madison Limestone test well 2.

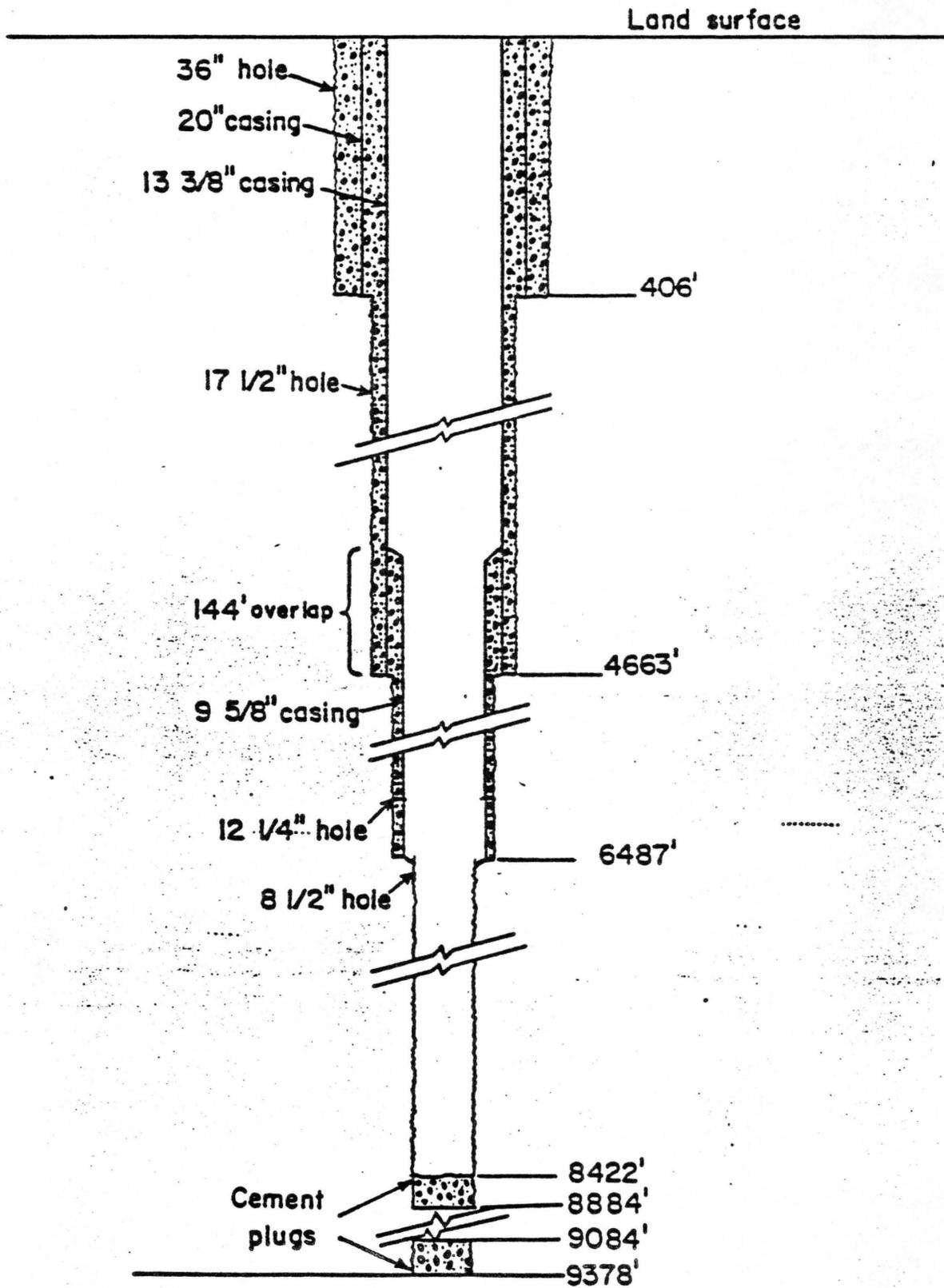


Figure 4.--Construction of Madison Limestone test well 2.

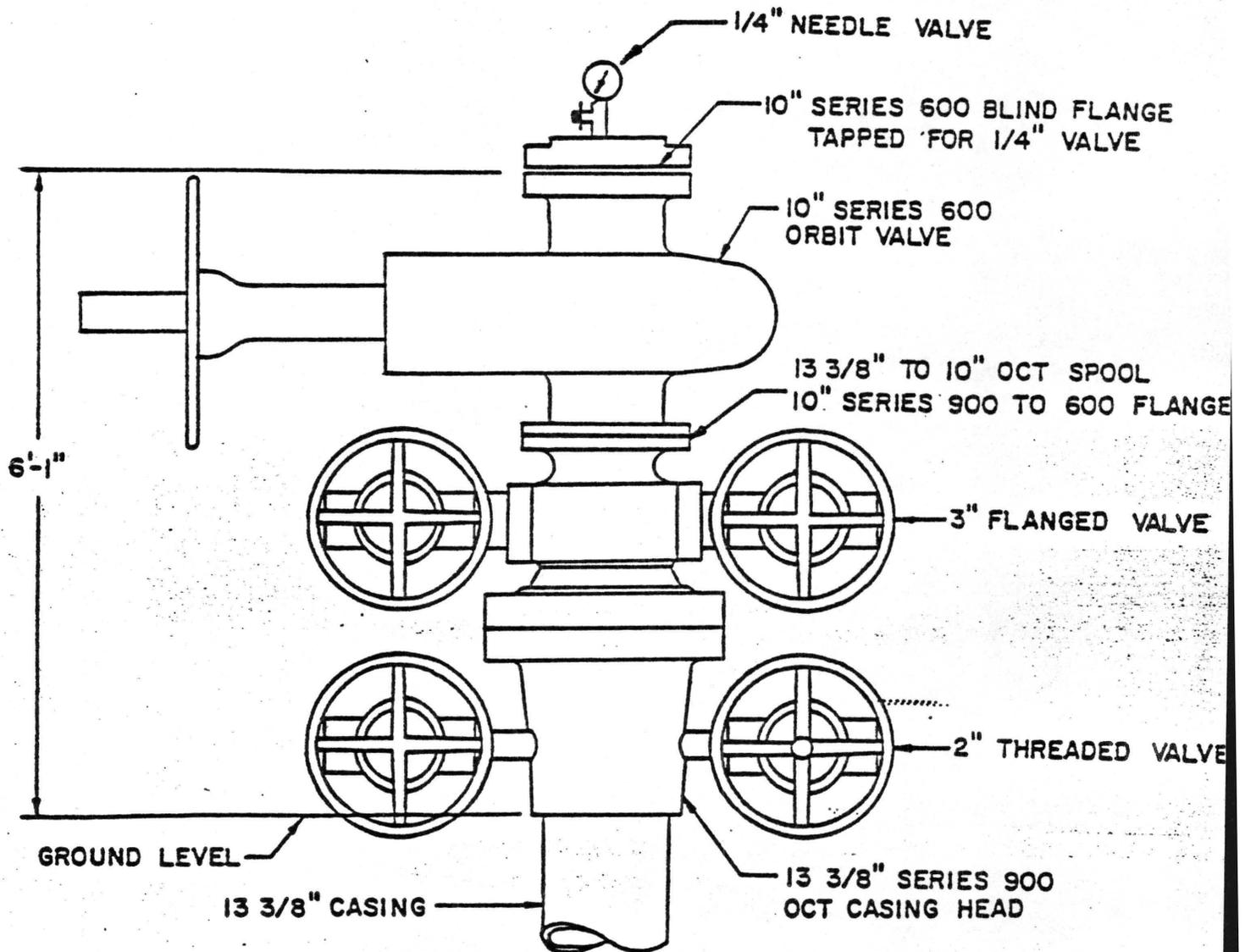


Figure 5.--Well-head equipment of Madison Limestone test well 2.

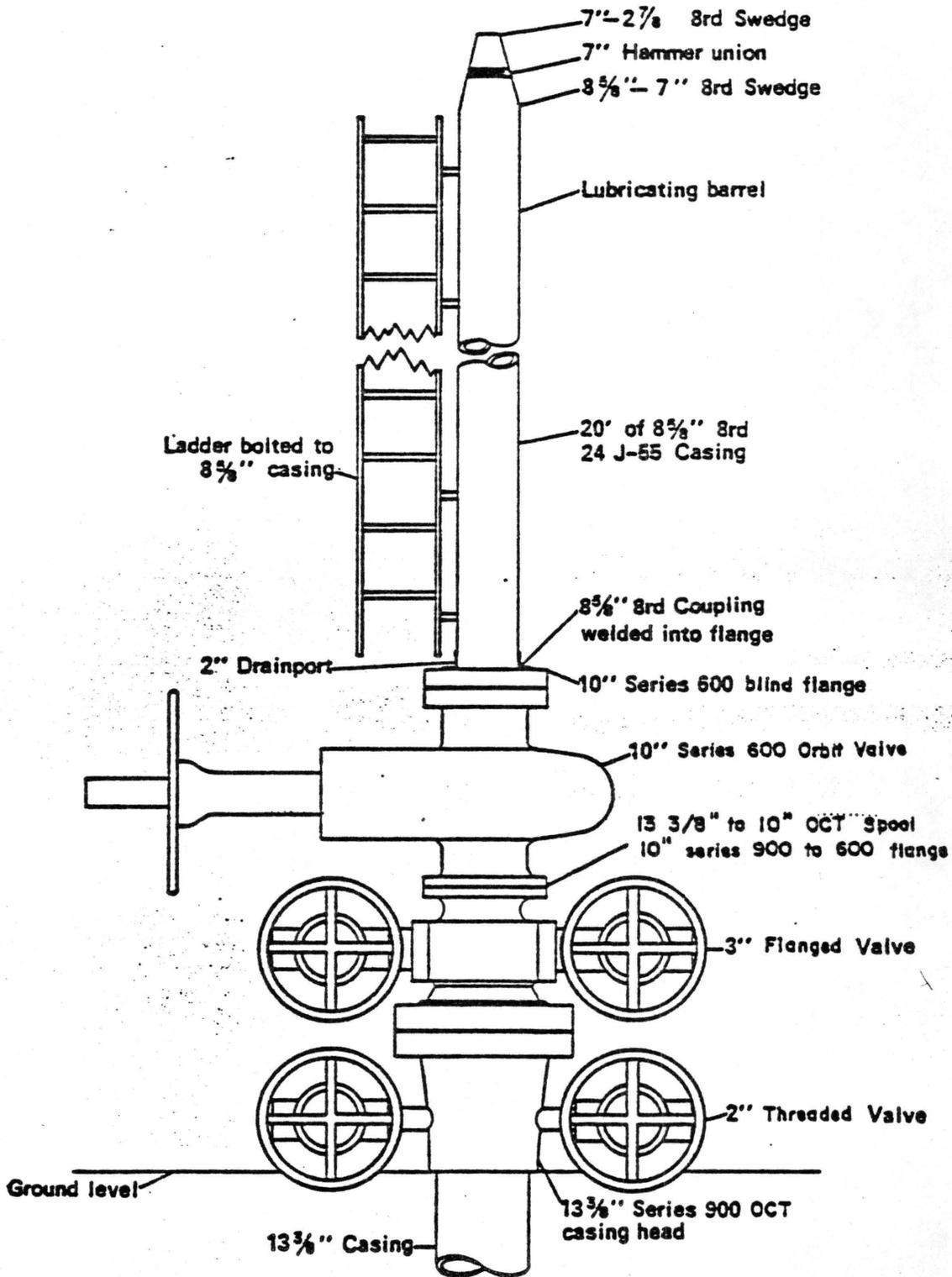


Figure 6.--Well-head equipment of Madison test well 2, with lubricating barrel attached.

Many individuals from the U.S. Geological Survey, other Federal agencies, State agencies, and industry contributed to the successful completion of the Madison test well 2. No attempt will be made to list all the U.S. Geological Survey personnel involved in the operation; however, special recognition must be given to James A. Peterson, Thad W. Custis, James R. Marie, William J. Head, Gilbert Ortiz, Wilbur C. Ballance, Donald L. Coffin, Robert W. Maclay, Lewis W. Howells, William R. Miller, William B. Borchert, Steve A. Strausz, and Marvin A. Crist, for their contributions in the site selection, drilling operations, and testing of the well.

Fenix and Scisson, Inc., of Tulsa, Okla., prime contractor for the Energy and Research Development Administration (ERDA) at Las Vegas, Nev., assisted with preparation of the drilling specifications and provided a drilling specialist, Ken Ward, at the drill site. Fenix and Scisson also prepared the well history included in this report.

J. R. Kerns and E. T. Hegna of Hegna, Kerns, and Traut, consulting geologists, Casper, Wyo., were employed by the drilling contractor during drilling operations. They assisted with selection of cored intervals and identified formation tops. Their descriptions of cutting and cores are included in this report. Continental Laboratories were employed by the drilling contractor to supply a hydrocarbon well log (pl. 2). Geophysical logging was done by Birdwell Division, Seismograph Service Corp., and Schlumberger Well Services. Packer tests were run by Lynes, Inc., with interpretation by Roger L. Hoeger. Other companies, too numerous to mention, were involved in the drilling, coring, fishing, and cementing operations.

Core preparation, photographs, and gamma-ray-attenuated-porosity-evaluator (GRAPE) logs were provided by Marathon Oil Research Center, Denver, Colo. Analysis of core and hydrologic properties was by Core Laboratories, Inc., Denver, Colo.

Test-well history

The following historical data on the test well including time breakdown, hole history, core record, bit record, deviation surveys, and log index sheet were photocopied from the Fenix and Scisson report provided to the U.S. Geological Survey at the completion of the drilling, coring, and preliminary logging and testing of Madison Limestone test well 2. The mud report is from the Hegna, Kerns, and Traut report.

MADISON #2
HOLE HISTORY

- 11-7-76 Site prep work consisted of an 8' x 8' cellar set at 7' below ground level with 30" CMT set at 54' below ground level in a 36" hole and cemented with ready mix cement.
- 11-10-76 Anderson Drilling Company rig #8 was moved in and crews started rigging up.
- NOTE: All depths reported from Kelly bushing elevation (KP) 16' above ground level (GL) unless otherwise noted.
- 11-17-76 Rigging up was completed at 0330 hours. Drilled 17½" hole from 70' to 330' using conventional circulation with mud.
- 11-18-76 Drilled 17½" hole from 330' to 430'. Pulled out of hole and made up 26" hole opener. Opened 17½" hole to 26" from 70' to 146'.
- 11-19-76 Opened 17½" hole to 26" from 146' to 357'.
- 11-20-76 Opened 17½" hole to 26" from 357' to 423'. Rigged up to run casing.
- 11-21-76 Ran 10 joints (425.62') of 20" O.D., H-40, 94# buttress thread casing and landed at 406.62' (GL). Casing had a Baker BX guide shoe on bottom and a Baker latch-in type float collar at 363.62' (GL). Centralizers were placed at 406', 367', 326', 283', 243', 201', 159' and 117'. All ground level measurements. Ran latch-in tool in the hole and latched into the float collar. Cemented annulus using Halliburton with 520 sacks (801 ft³) of "Light" cement, 3% calcium chloride and 1/4# per sack of Flocale followed by 200 sacks (230 ft³) of Class "G" cement, 2% calcium chloride and 1/4# per sack of Flocale. Cement in place at 1115 hours. Approximately 200 ft³ of "Light" cement circulated to surface. Waited on cement.
- 11-22-76 Cut off 20" O.D. casing and welded on a 20" National Series 600 casing-head. Started connecting up blow out equipment.
- 11-23-76 Completed connecting up blow out equipment consisting of a 20" Shaffer single ram preventer on top of the casinghead followed by a 20" Hydril MSP-2000 preventer with a Grant rotating head on top. Drilled out float collar with a 17½" bit and pressured up on the Hydril preventer, top seals were out of the preventer. Removed connections and waited on repairs at 1915 hours.
- 11-24-76 Waited on Hydril serviceman to 0600 hours. Worked on preventer and found piston cemented in. Replaced with a new Hydril preventer.
- 11-25-76 Connected up new preventer and tested to 1000 psi for 30 minutes. Drilled out cement and shoe with a 17½" bit. Made trip for 8½" bit.
- 11-26-76 Ran 8½" bit in the hole with a junk sub. Circulated hole clean and drilled 8½" hole from 430' to 778'. Circulated hole, ran out of water at 1900 hours.

- 11-27-76 Thawed out rig to 1230 hours, ice in diesel oil lines. Drilled 8½" hole from 778' to 950'. Shut down at 2130 hours to thaw out diesel lines.
- 11-28-76 Thawed out rig to 1245 hours. Drilled 8½" hole from 950' to 1078'. Pulled out of hole.
- 11-29-76 Made up Christensen core barrel with an 8½" x 4" diamond bit and cut core #1 from 1078' to 1108', recovered 28'.
- 11-30-76 Ran 8½" bit in the hole, washed and reamed 60' to bottom and drilled from 1108' to 1430'.
- 12-1-76 Drilled 8½" hole from 1430' to 1935'.
- 12-2-76 Drilled 8½" hole from 1935' to 1969' and pulled out of hole. Made up core barrel with 8½" core bit and cut core #2 from 1969' to 1999', recovered 25'. Ran 8½" bit in the hole, reamed 30' to bottom and drilled from 1999' to 2250'.
- 12-3-76 Drilled 8½" hole from 2250' to 3055'.
- 12-4-76 Drilled 8½" hole from 3055' to 3621'. Made trip for bit at 3442' and reamed 60' to bottom.
- 12-5-76 Drilled 8½" hole from 3621' to 4154'.
- 12-6-76 Drilled 8½" hole from 4154' to 4343' and pulled out of hole. Made up core barrel with an 8½" core bit and ran in hole. Core barrel was plugged, pulled out of hole.
- 12-7-76 Cleaned out core barrel. Ran 8½" bit in the hole and washed 106' to bottom at 4343'. Pulled bit and ran core barrel back in hole. Cleaned out 25' of fill and cut core #3 from 4343' to 4369'.
- 12-8-76 Recovered 26' on core #3. Ran 8½" bit in the hole, reamed core hole and drilled from 4369' to 4640'.
- 12-9-76 Drilled 8½" hole from 4640' to 4682'. Measured out of hole and corrected depth to 4677'. Ran Birdwell logs.
- 12-10-76 Continued running logs.
- 12-11-76 Completed logging. Ran 8½" bit in the hole and washed 25' to bottom. Conditioned hole for testing and pulled bit.
- 12-12-76 Made up Lynes test tool and ran drill stem test #1 from 4300' to 4680'. Tool opened at 0512 hours and completed test at 0830 hours. Laid down tool. Made up 12½" hole opener and reamed hole from 406' to 430'. Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 430' to 746'.

Madison #2
Hole History
Page 3

12-13-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 746' to 1354'.

12-14-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 1354' to 1870'.

12-15-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 1870' to 2356'.

12-16-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 2356' to 2769'. Made trip for hole
opener at 2538'.

12-17-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 2769' to 3340'.

12-18-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 3340' to 3698'. Pulled out of hole and
left 3 cutters in the hole. Picked up junk sub and made up 12½"
reamer.

12-19-76 Ran in hole and opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 3698' to 4130'.

12-20-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 4130' to 4324'. Made trip for hole
opener at 4162'.

12-21-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 4324' to 4668'.

12-22-76 Opened 8½" hole to 12½" from 4668' to 4577'. Pulled out of hole and
left 1 cutter in the hole. Made up 17½" hole opener and ran in hole.
Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 430' to 828'.

12-23-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 828' to 1310'. Made trip at 1180', bit
had balled up.

12-24-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 1310' to 1870'.

12-25-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 1870' to 2437'.

12-26-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 2437' to 2980'

12-27-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 2980' to 3430'. Made trip for hole
opener at 3286'.

12-28-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 3430' to 3888'.

12-29-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 3888' to 4156'. Pulled out of hole,
had a few tight places in hole.

12-30-76 Trip in hole with new reamer, cleaned out bridges, washed and reamed
to bottom. Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 4156' to 4216'.

12-31-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 4216' to 4410'.

1-1-77 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 4410' to 4626'.

1-2-77 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 4626' to 4677'. Conditioned mud.

1-3-77 Pulled out of hole and ran Birdwell logs. Made up 11-5/8" O.D. Globe
basket and junk sub and ran in hole.

- 1-4-77 Pulled out of hole, no recovery. Made second trip with the basket, no recovery. Ran 10½" O.D. magnet in the hole, recovered approximately 1 quart of bearings and pieces of cones. Ran magnet back in hole.
- 1-5-77 Pulled magnet, no recovery. Made trip with 17½" hole opener and conditioned hole to run casing. Started running 13-3/8" O.D. casing.
- 1-6-77 Completed running 13-3/8" O.D., ST&C casing, set at 4677.70' (4661.70' GL) with a Baker guide shoe on bottom and a latch-in type float collar at 4631.13' (4615.13' GL). The casing was run as follows:

No. Joints	Weight Per Foot	Grade	Interval (GL)
21	68.00#	S-80	4661.70' - 3733.48'
37	61.00#	S-80	3733.48' - 2086.63'
53	54.50#	K-55	2086.63' - 0'

Centralizers were placed at 4649', 4625', 4558' and 4520', all ground level measurements. Then one centralizer on every other collar to 1136' and one on every fourth collar to 515' and then one at 250' from surface. Ran latch-in tool in the hole on 4½" drill pipe and latched into collar. Cemented annulus using Halliburton with 6017.5 ft³ (2065 sacks) of Class "G" cement, 16% gal, 3% salt, 0.22 CFR-2 and 1/4# per sack of Flocele followed by 287.5 ft³ (250 sacks) of Class "G" cement and 1/4# per sack of Flocele. Cement in place at 1610 hours. Circulated out 250 sacks (728 ft³) of cement. Waited on cement.

- 1-7-77 Waited on cement to 0900 hours. Cut off the 20" O.D. casing below ground level and welded a flange on the 13-3/8" O.D. casing.
- 1-8-77 Installed Cameron and Hydril blow out preventers on the flange and started nipping up.
- 1-9-77 Completed nipping up. Pressure tested blow out equipment to 1000 psi. Ran 12½" bit in the hole and drilled out float equipment.
- 1-10-77 Completed drilling out cement and shoe. Pressure tested blow out equipment to 1000 psi. Pulled out of hole and made up 8½" drilling assembly. Ran in hole and corrected total depth from 4677' to 4679' for hole made while fishing with a 11-3/4" Globe basket. Drilled 8½" hole from 4679' to 4831'.
- 1-11-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 4831' to 4870', measured out of the hole and corrected depth to 4877'. Made trip with a magnet, no recovery. Made up Christensen 6-3/4" core barrel with an 8½" diamond core bit and cut core #4 from 4877' to 4907'.
- 1-12-77 Pulled out of hole and recovered 25' on core #4. Made up 8½" drilling assembly and drilled from 4907' to 5108'.

- 2-1-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 5900' to 6056'. Pulled out of hole.
- 2-2-77 Changed out reamer and ran in hole. Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6056' to 6107'.
- 2-3-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6107' to 6181'.
- 2-4-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6181' to 6230'. Made trip for reamer at 6204'.
- 2-5-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6230' to 6291'.
- 2-6-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6291' to 6357'.
- 2-7-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6357' to 6388'. Made trip for hole opener at 6367'.
- 2-8-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6388' to 6429'. Made trip for hole opener at 6409'.
- 2-9-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6429' to 6461'.
- 2-10-77 Opened 8½" hole to 12¼" from 6461' to 6505'. Conditioned hole and pulled hole opener.
- 2-11-77 Ran Birdwell caliper log. Ran 45 joints of 9-5/8" O.D., 40#, S-80, Range 3, ST&C casing for a liner in the hole on 4¼" drill pipe with a Brown Oil Tool float shoe on bottom and a Brown type 1 landing collar at 6455' (6439' GL). Overall length of liner assembly was 1968.20'. Tagged bottom at 6505' and landed liner at 6503' (6487' GL) with the top of the Brown CMC liner hanger at 4535' (4519' GL). Centralizers at 6493', 6466' and 6445' KB with centralizers on every other collar from joint #4 thru #35, joint #35 and #39.
.....
- 2-12-77 Cemented annulus using Halliburton with 532 ft³ (350 sacks) of "Light" cement, 10% salt and 0.75% CFR-2 followed by 590 ft³ (500 sacks) of Class "G" cement, 10% salt and 0.75% CFR-2. Cement in place at 0500 hours. Displaced cement with 5 barrels of water followed by 191 barrels of muc, good returns to surface. Released liner running tool and pulled out of hole. Waited on cement to 2000 hours. Ran 12¼" bit in the hole and tagged cement at 3908'.
- 2-13-77 Waited on cement until 0500 hours. Drilled cement from 3908' to 4520'. Made trip for 8½" bit and drilled cement from 4520' to 4579', had void to 6379'. Top of liner at 4535'.
- 2-14-77 Pressured up to 1000 psi for 30 minutes. Drilled out cement, landing collar and shoe from 6379' to 6503' and cleaned out fill to 6554'.

- 2-15-77 Cleaned out fill to 6559' and drilled 8½" hole to 6574'. Circulated hole clean and pulled out of hole. Made trip with a magnet and junk basket, recovered bearings and buttons. Ran back in hole.
- 2-16-77 Fished with magnet, recovered 1 quart of junk. Magnet had hit the top of the liner and the skirt was torn up. Made trip with the magnet and recovered 1 quart of junk. Made trip with an 8½" bit to check liner top, liner not damaged. Made up 8½" diamond bit and core barrel. Reamed 30' to bottom and cut core #6 from 6574' to 6577'.
- 2-17-77 Completed core #6 from 6574' to 6664', recovered 89'. Made up 8½" bit and 3 point reamer. Trip in hole.
- 2-18-77 Reamed 23' to bottom and drilled 8½" hole from 6664' to 6715'. Circulated samples and pulled out of hole. Made up core barrel and ran in hole. Cut core #7 from 6715' to 6745'.
- 2-19-77 Recovered 27.2' on core #7. Cut core #8 from 6745' to 6775', recovered 30.7'. Ran 8½" bit in the hole, measuring drill pipe.
- 2-20-77 Corrected depth from 6775' to 6784'. Drilled 8½" hole from 6784' to 6948' and twisted drill pipe off. Pulled out of hole and left drilling assembly, 7 drill collars in the hole.
- 2-21-77 Made up overshot and ran in hole, latched onto fish and recovered same. Ran 8½" bit in the hole and drilled from 6948' to 7034'.
- 2-22-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 7034' to 7070'. Pulled out of hole and ran magnetic particle inspection on the drill collars. Made up core barrel with an 8½" core bit and ran in hole. Cut core #9 from 7070' to 7078'.
- 2-23-77 Completed core #9 from 7078' to 7128', recovered 54'. Trip in with 8½" bit.
- 2-24-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 7128' to 7267'.
- 2-25-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 7267' to 7370'.
- 2-26-77 Pulled out of hole and ran 8½" core bit. Cut core #10 from 7370' to 7401', hole making water.
- 2-27-77 Completed core #10 from 7401' to 7422', recovered 51'. Face of core bit damaged. Ran 8½" bit and junk sub in the hole. Drilled 8½" hole from 7422' to 7444'.
- 2-28-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 7444' to 7600'. Circulated samples and pulled out of hole.
- 3-1-77 Made up 8½" coring assembly and ran in hole. Cut core #11 from 7600' to 7623'.

- 3-2-77 Recovered 22.5' on core #11. Cut core #12 from 7623' to 7625', recovered 2'. Ran 8½" bit in the hole and drilled from 7625' to 7640'. Circulated samples.
- 3-3-77 Pulled out of hole. Ran 8½" core bit in the hole and cut core #13 from 7640' to 7693'.
- 3-4-77 Completed core #13 from 7693' to 7700', recovered 59'. Cut core #14 from 7700' to 7760'.
- 3-5-77 Recovered 59' on core #14. Cut core #15 from 7760' to 7820', recovered 60'.
- 3-6-77 Cut core #16 from 7820' to 7865', recovered 38'. Ran 8½" bit in the hole and drilled from 7865' to 7924'.
- 3-7-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 7924' to 8083'. Circulated samples at 7975'.
- 3-8-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 8083' to 8215'. Circulated samples to surface. Pulled out of hole.
- 3-9-77 Made up 8½" core bit and cut core #17 from 8215' to 8238', recovered 21'. Ran 8½" bit in the hole and drilled from 8238' to 8311'.
- 3-10-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 8311' to 8532'.
- 3-11-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 8532' to 8624'. Made trip for bit at 8621' and reamed 30' to bottom.
- 3-12-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 8624' to 8782'. Circulated samples at 8668'.
- 3-13-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 8782' to 8934'. Bit plugged, pulled out of hole.
- 3-14-77 Ran 8½" bit in the hole and hit top of liner at 4535'. Pulled out of hole and found bit split. Changed out bit and made trip. Drilled 8½" hole from 8934' to 9045'. Circulated out approximately 200 barrels of water after being shut down for rig service.
- 3-15-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 9045' to 9216'.
- 3-16-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 9216' to 9291'. Pulled out of hole, had inflow of water. Changed out bit, reamed and washed 115' to bottom, had water inflow. Drilled 8½" hole from 9291' to 9298'. Mixed mud to control water flow.
- 3-17-77 Drilled 8½" hole from 9298' to 9340' and hole started flowing water. Pulled bit into casing and closed blow out preventer rams. Shut in pressure was 125 psi. Mixed mud building weight to approximately 10.5# per gallon. Ran in hole with bit and tagged 47' of fill in the hole, plugged bit. Pulled out 5 stands and cleared bit, pumped in approximately 750 barrels of mud. Pulled bit inside casing and mixed additional mud.

- 3-18-77 Ran back in hole and displaced water with mud. Started washing and reaming 175' off bottom. Drilled 8½" hole from 9340' to 9375'. Circulated samples.
- 3-19-77 Made trip for bit, washed and reamed out of gauge hole to 9375'. Made trip with a magnet, no recovery.
- 3-20-77 Ran 8½" core bit in the hole, washed to bottom and rotary table locked up. Pulled core barrel and replace rotary table.
- 3-21-77 Completed repairs. Ran core barrel back in the hole and washed to bottom. Cut core #18 from 9375' to 9388'.
- 3-22-77 Recovered 11' on core #18. Cut core #19 from 9388' to 9394', recovered 6'. Ran Schlumberger logs.
- 3-23-77 Completed Schlumberger logs. Ran Birdwell logs.
- 3-24-77 Completed Birdwell logs. Made trip to condition hole for testing.
- 3-25-77 Ran Lynes dual packers in the hole on 2-7/8" O.D. tubing. Waited on daylight to open tool.
- 3-26-77 Set packers from 9300' to 9394'. Opened tool at 0805 hours for drill stem test #5, fluid started dropping in the annulus. Laid down packers, packer rubber had ruptured.
- 3-27-77 Changed out packers. Ran back in hole with packer spacing from 9228' to 9262' and set at 1305 hours for drill stem test #6. Rigged up to swab and could not get below 50'. Replaced tubing subs and reset packers.
- 3-28-77 Waited until daylight to open tool. Ran drill stem test #6A from 0630 hours to 1600 hours. Opened tool to test below and between packers for drill stem test #7 at 1600 hours.
- 3-29-77 Continued testing. Filled tubing with water and could not release packers. Worked tubing attempting to free packers.
- 3-30-77 Continued working stuck test tool.
- 3-31-77 Continued working stuck test tool. Ran Otis bailer and sand pump and caught water samples. Ran McCullough free point indicator, tool not working properly.
- 4-1-77 Continued working stuck test tool. McCullough free point indicator showed 2-7/8" O.D. tubing free at 6900'. Perforated tubing with McCullough Chem Shot, two 3/8" hole 180° apart at 9119.5'. Broke circulation and circulated hole while working tubing.

- 4-2-77 Continued working tubing and circulating mud. Waited on Otis tools until 1930 hours. Ran Otis sand pump inside the 2-7/8" O.D. tubing.
- 4-3-77 Ran sand pump to 9185' for several runs and tubing began to fill up to 9150'. Recovered heavy mud with some sand and shale. Ran McCullough free point indicator, tubing stuck at 6845'. Ran chemical shot and cut tubing at 6807'. Started pulling tubing.
- 4-4-77 Completed pulling tubing. Ran Rucker Acme overshot, jars and bumper sub in the hole. Worked over fish and jarred loose. Pulled out of hole.
- 4-5-77 Laid down 2-7/8" O.D. tubing and Lynes packers, recovered all of fish except top rubber off of the top dual packer. Made trip with 8 1/2" bit and conditioned mud for testing.
- 4-6-77 Made up Lynes test tool for drill stem test #8. Made 4 trips with tool, could not get past liner top on 2 trips and could not set packers on 2 trips.
- 4-7-77 Made trip with straddle packers and also with a standard test tool, could not set packers. Made up Lynes straddle packers and started in hole on 2-7/8" O.D. tubing.
- 4-8-77 Set packers to test zone from 8115' to 8335' for drill stem test #8. Started test at 0805 hours.
- 4-9-77 Completed test at 0530 hours. Released packers and pulled out of hole. Dressed test tool and ran in hole to test zone from 8030' to 8250' for drill stem test #9. Could not set packers.
- 4-10-77 Pulled tool and found bottom packer had ruptured. Made trip with 8 1/2" bit to 8700' and conditioned mud.
- 4-11-77 Ran Birdwell logs. Made up Lynes straddle packers and ran in hole on 2-7/8" O.D. tubing for drill stem test #10.
- 4-12-77 Set packers from 8115' to 8355'. Opened tool at 0854 hours and started test.
- 4-13-77 Continued testing to 1830 hours. Pulled up the hole and reset packers from 7775' to 8015' for drill stem test #11.
- 4-14-77 Started test at 0115 hours and continued to 2100 hours. Released packers and pulled out of hole.
- 4-15-77 Completed pulling out of hole. Changed out test tool and ran in hole. Set packers from 6449' to 6689' for drill stem test #12. Started test at 1930 hours.
- 4-16-77 Continued testing to 0245 hours. Reset packers from 6814' to 7054' for drill stem test #13. Started test at 0711 hours.

- 4-17-77 Continued testing to 0515 hours. Reset packers from 7074' to 7314' for drill stem test #14. Started test at 0932 hours and completed at 1515 hours. Reset packers from 7064' to 7304' for drill stem test #14A. Started test at 1700 hours.
- 4-18-77 Completed test at 1130 hours. Reset packers from 6449' to 6689' to check drill stem test #12. Released packers at 1630 hours and pulled out of hole. Started in hole with an 8½" bit.
- 4-19-77 Completed trip to condition mud for further testing. Made up test tool with dual packers and started in hole with 2-7/8" O.D. tubing.
- 4-20-77 Completed trip in hole and set packers from 7305' to 7545' for drill stem test #15. Started test at 0800 hours and completed at 1600 hours. Reset packers from 7525' to 7765' for drill stem test #16. Started test at 1730 hours.
- 4-21-77 Completed test at 1700 hours. Moved up hole 10' and set packers from 7515' to 7755' for bypass test. Opened tool at 1830 hours.
- 4-22-77 Completed test at 0100 hours and pulled out of hole. Made up double packer test tool and ran in hole on 2-7/8" O.D. tubing.
- 4-23-77 Set packers at 8520' to test zone from 8520' to total depth at 9394' for drill stem test #17. Started test at 0300 hours and continued to 1430 hours. Released packers and conditioned mud and build up volume.
- 4-24-77 Conditioned mud, worked tool loose and laid down tubing and test tool.
- 4-25-77 Laid down tubing and loaded out test holes.
- 4-26-77 Laid down drill collars. Ran 4½" drill pipe in hole open ended and pushed packer-rubber to bottom at 9394'. Plugged back hole using Halliburton with 220.8 ft³ (120 sacks) of "Light" cement, 1# of mud kill per sack and 0.2% of HR-4. Top of cement at 9100'. Cement in place at 1905 hours. Pulled up the hole to 8900' and set plug #2 with 304.2 ft³ (180 sacks) of "Light" cement, 1# of mud kill per sack and 0.2% of HR-4. Top of cement at 8450'. Cement in place at 1930 hours. Pulled out of hole.
- 4-27-77 Removed blow out preventers and installed well head equipment. Ran drill pipe in the hole and tagged cement at 8438'. Displaced mud from the hole. Laid down drill pipe. Hole flowing muddy water.
- 4-28-77 Laid down drill pipe and connected 2" flow line from hole to pit. Rig released at 1600 hours. Drilling operations completed.

CORE RECORD

<u>Core No.</u>	<u>Interval Ft.</u>	<u>RPM</u>	<u>Weight On Bit 1000#</u>	<u>Circulating Pressure psi</u>	<u>Feet Cored</u>	<u>Feet Recovered</u>
1	1078' - 1108'	60	15-18	850	30	28
2	1969' - 1999'	50	16	850	30	25
3	4343' - 4369'	50	15-18	800	26	26
4	4877' - 4907'	40	20	900	30	25
5	6470' - 6556'	42	20	800	86	88
6	6574' - 6664'	40	20	750	90	89
7	6715' - 6745'	40	20	800	30	27.2
8	6745' - 6775'	40	20	800-850	30	30.7
9	7070' - 7128'	43-40	20	900	58	54
10	7370' - 7422'	40-44	20-22	850-1000	52	51
11	7600' - 7623'	45	20-25	1000	23	22.5
12	7623' - 7625'	42	25	1000	2	2
13	7640' - 7700'	40	20-25	1000	60	59
14	7700' - 7760'	40	25	1000	60	59
15	7760' - 7820'	40	25	1000	60	60
16	7820' - 7865'	40	25	1000	45	38
17	8215' - 8238'	40	25	750	23	21
18	9375' - 9388'	44	25	1100	13	11
19	9388' - 9394'	36	25	1450	6	6
TOTALS					754	722.4

BIT RECORD

<u>Bit No.</u>	<u>Make</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Depth Out</u>	<u>Feet Drilled</u>	<u>Rotating Hours</u>	
1	Hughes	17½"	OSC3A	430'	360'	23½	Retip
2	Grant	26"	Hole Opener	423'	353'	31-3/4	
3	Security	8½"	S35	1078'	648'	30½	
4	Security	8½"	S35	1965'	887'	39½	
5	Security	8½"	S3J	3442'	1443'	40½	
6	Security	8½"	S4TGJ	4343'	901'	35-3/4	
7	Security	8½"	S4TGJ				Fill
8	Security	8½"	M44N	4677'	313'	20-3/4	
9	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	2538'	2108'	84½	
10	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	3698'	1160'	48-3/4	
11	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	4162'	464'	24	
12	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	4677'	515'	37-3/4	
13	Grant	17½"	Hole Opener	3286'	2856'	117½	
14	Grant	17½"	Hole Opener	4156'	870'	52	
15	Grant	17½"	Hole Opener	4640'	484'	65½	
16	Grant	17½"	Hole Opener	4677'	37'	7½	
17	Security	12½"	S4TJ				Cement
18	Security	8½"	S41GJ	4877'	198'	14-3/4	
19	Security	8½"	S86F	6133'	1226'	17½	
20	Security	8½"	M89F	6470'	337'	46	
6 Rerun	Security						Circulate
21	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	4715'	38'	3	
22	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	5485'	770'	45½	
23	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	5621'	136'	24½	
24	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	5789'	168'	19	
25	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	6056'	267'	43½	
26	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	6204'	148'	51	
27	Security	12½"	Hole Opener	6367'	163'	62½	
28	Grant	12½"	Hole Opener	6409'	42'	21	
29	Security	12½"	Hole Opener	6505'	96'	50½	
17 Rerun							Cement
7 Rerun		8½"		6574'	15'	4-3/4	& Cement
30	Security	8½"	M4NG	6715'	51'	8½	
31	Security	8½"	M44L	6948'	164'	19½	
32	Security	8½"	M4NJ	7070'	122'	18½	
33	Security	8½"	M89F	7370'	242'	44-3/4	
34	Security	8½"	M84F	7600'	178'	24-3/4	
33 Rerun				7640'	15'	2½	
35	Security	8½"	M84F	8215'	350'	41½	
36	Security	8½"	S88F	8621'	383'	45½	
37	Security	8½"	M89TF	8934'	313'	37½	
35 Rerun				9291'	357'	46½	
38	Security	8½"	M89F	9375'	84'	13-3/4	
39	Security	8½"	H100F	9375'	0'		

CORE BITS

<u>Bit No.</u>	<u>Make</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Depth Out</u>	<u>Feet Drilled</u>	<u>Rotating Hours</u>
1	Christensen	8½"	MC20	1108'	30'	11½
				1999'	30'	5½
				4369'	26'	2-3/4
				4907'	30'	3-3/4
				6559'	89'	15-3/4
				6664'	90'	17-3/4
				6745'	30'	6½
				6775'	30'	12½
				7128'	58'	21½
				7422'	52'	26-3/4
				7625'	25'	17
TOTAL				490'	140-3/4	
2	Christensen	8½"	MC23	7865'	225'	47½
				8238'	23'	3
				9396'	19'	13½
				TOTAL		

DEVIATION SURVEYS

<u>Date</u>	<u>Depth-Ft.</u>	<u>Deviation-Degrees</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Depth-Ft.</u>	<u>Deviation-Degrees</u>
11-17-76	128	1/4	12-3-76	2371	1/2
	260	3/4		2901	3/4
	321	1/2		3149	3/4
11-18-76	397	3/4	12-4-76	3395	3/4
11-26-76	499	3/4	12-5-76	3645	3/4
11-27-76	826	3/4		3900	1
11-28-76	982	3/4	12-6-76	4141	3/4
11-30-76	1196	3/4	12-8-76	4500	1
	1259	1	1-13-77	5171	1
	1339	3/4	1-14-77	5560	1/4
12-1-76	1432	3/4	1-16-77	5968	1/4
	1558	3/4	1-19-77	6375	1/2
	1747	3/4	3-8-77	8215	1
12-2-76	2027	1/2	3-13-77	8934	3/4
	2374	1/2			

LOG INDEX SHEET

<u>Type Log</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Run No.</u>	<u>Depth Driller</u>	<u>Depth Logger</u>	<u>Logged</u>	
					<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
<u>Birdwell Logs</u>						
Electric	12-9-76	1	4677'	4657.5'	416'	4655.5'
Gamma Ray-Induction	12-9-76	1	4677'	4657.5'	416'	4652'
Guard	12-9-76	1	4677'	4657.5'	416'	4651.5'
Caliper	12-10-76	1	4677'	4658'	280'	4654'
3-D Velocity - 3'	12-10-76	1	4677'	4658'	100'	4654'
3-D Velocity - 6'	12-10-76	1	4677'	4658'	60'	4655'
Density Borehole Compensated	12-11-76	1	4677'	4658'	416'	4655'
Temperature	12-11-76	1	4677'	4658'	300'	4658'
Velocity	12-11-76	1	4677'	4658'	430'	4658'
Elastic Properties	12-20-76	1	4677'	4658'	430'	4658'
Caliper	1-3-77	1	4677'	4659'	0'	4649'
Neutron Borehole Compensated	1-3-77	1	4677'	4659'	0'	4654'
Caliper	2-11-77	2	6505'	6505'	4610'	6504'
Caliper	3-22-77	3	9394'	9384'	6400'	9382'
Temperature	3-23-77	3	9394'	9384'	100'	9384'
Gamma Ray - Caliper	4-10-77	3	9394'	NR	6490'	8500'
<u>Schlumberger Logs</u>						
Cement Bond	1-21-77	2	6559'	NR	0'	4678'
Electrical	1-21-77	2	6559'	6566'	4678'	6565'
Compensated Neutron - Formation Density	1-21-77	2	6559'	6566'	4678'	6565'
Dual Laterolog	1-21-77	2	6559'	6567'	4678'	6553'
Dual Induction - Laterolog	1-21-77	2	6559'	6567'	4678'	6561'
Borehole Compensated Sonic	1-21-77	2	6559'	6566'	4678'	6555'
Continuous Dipmeter	1-22-77	2	6559'	6566'	4677'	6565'
Temperature	1-22-77	2	6559'	6567'	62'	6566'
Dual Induction - Laterolog	3-22-77	3	9394'	9396'	6515'	9390'
Fracture Identification	3-22-77	3	9394'	9396'	6512'	9395'

LOG INDEX SHEET

<u>Type Log</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Run No.</u>	<u>Depth Driller</u>	<u>Depth Logger</u>	<u>Logged</u>	
					<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
<u>Schlumberger Logs (cont'd)</u>						
Cement Quality	3-23-77	3	9394'	NR	4668'	6527'
Electrical	3-23-77	3	9394'	9397'	6518'	9396'
Dual Laterolog	3-23-77	3	9394'	9395'	6515'	9382'
Compensated Neutron - Formation Density	3-23-77	3	9394'	9397'	6516'	9396'
Borehole Compensated Sonic	3-23-77	3	9394'	9395'	6515'	9384'
Temperature	3-23-77	3	9394'	9396'	0'	9396'

NOTE: Logs furnished by the USGS.

MUD SUMMARY
(Wyoming Mud Co.)

<u>Date</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Wt.</u>	<u>Visc.</u>	<u>Yld. Pt.</u>	<u>Wtr. Loss</u>	<u>pH</u>	<u>3 Solids</u>
11-28-76	1078	8.9	45	5	8.9	9.0	
12- 1-76	1536	9.1	38	10	10.0	9.0	1.75
4	3304	9.2	35	5	9.8	9.5	2
5	3879	9.5	36	5	10.2	10.5	
6	4317	9.2	35	5	10.0	10.5	2
7	4343	9.4	36	5	10.4	10.5	2
8	4404	9.2	44	5	10.4	10.0	2.1
9	4682	9.2	52	10	9.8	9.5	2.3
Reaming to 12½"							
12-13-76	1270	9.3	42	5	10.1	10.0	1.75
14	1543	9.2	39	5	9.8	10.0	1.5
15	2042	9.2	40	10	14.0	10.0	2
16	2493	9.2	37	5	12.4	10.0	1.5
17	3102	9.3	40	5	9.8	10.0	2.2
18	3465	9.4	40	5	12.4	10.0	2.1
20	4282	9.3	40	5	10.9	10.0	2.2
21	4477	9.3	40	5	12.0	10.0	2.3
Reaming to 17½"							
12-22-76	880	9.3	42	5	10.4	10.0	2.4
23	1033	9.1	40	10	13.4	10.0	2.3
24	1657	9.2	41	5	12.0	10.0	2.1
25	2049	9.3	41	5	11.8	10.0	2.3
27	3400	9.3	42	5	9.8	10.0	2.2
28	3563	9.4	43	5	12.0	10.0	2.2
29	3991	9.4	40	5	10.6	10.0	2.3
30	4156	9.5	40	5	10.2	10.0	4
31	4289	9.5	50	20	8.9	10.0	4
1 - 1-77	4579	9.4	44	5	8.8	10.0	2.3
2	4640	9.4	49	5	9.0	10.0	2.2
5	4677	9.2	55	5	9.8	10.0	2.3
11	4870	8.8	39	5	10.2	10.0	1.8
14	5543	9.0	45	10	6.4	10.0	1.8
15	5717	9.1	55	10	10.4	9.5	4.2
16	5884	9.0	36	5	18.2	10.5	1.5
17	6119	9.1	38	5	10.6	11.0	1.75
18	6267	9.1	38	5	10.2	10.5	2.1
19	6386	9.1	38	5	11.4	10.5	2.1

Mud Summary - 2

<u>Date</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Wt.</u>	<u>Visc.</u>	<u>Yld. Pt.</u>	<u>Wtr. Loss</u>	<u>pH</u>	<u>% Solids</u>
1-20-77	6484	9.1	50	10	10.6	10.5	2.8
24	6559	9.2	45	10	10.8	10.0	3.2
Reaming to 12½"							
1-28-77	5511	9.1	40	5	14.0	9.0	2.6
29	5615	9.3	39	5	10.2	10.0	2.9
30	5681	9.3	38	5	10.0	10.5	3.0
2- 1-77	6011	9.1	39	10	11.8	10.5	2.8
2	6078	9.1	34	5	12.4	10.5	1.9
4	6199	9.1	41	5	10.8	10.5	2.1
5	6268	9.1	38	5	11.2	10.5	2.0
6	6311	9.1	40	10	11.6	10.5	2.2
8	6413	9.1	38	5	10.8	10.5	2.2
9	6439	9.1	39	5	10.8	10.5	2.1
10	6471	9.1	43	10	10.4	10.5	2.2
Drilling new hole							
2-15-77	6566	8.7	34	5	16.2	10.0	1.8
16	6574	8.7	45	10	10.4	10.5	1.9
17	6624	8.8	41	10	10.8	10.5	1.9
18	6703	8.8	44	15	11.2	10.5	1.9
20	6835	8.9	43	10	11.4	10.5	1.9
22	7070	8.9	42	10	11.2	10.5	1.8
23	7123	8.9	45	10	11.0	10.5	1.9
24	7177	8.9	43	10	10.8	10.5	1.9
25	7292	8.9	42	5	10.6	10.5	1.9
26	7376	8.9	36	0	20.0	10.5	1.7
27	7417	8.9	35	5	10.8	10.5	1.9
28	7499	8.9	42	5	10.6	10.5	1.9
3- 1-77	7621	9.0	40	5	10.8	10.5	
2	7623	9.0	40	5	11.2	10.5	1.9
3	7648	8.8	40	5	11.1	10.5	1.8
4	7703	9.0	41	5	11.2	10.5	1.9
5	7778		43	10	10.6	10.5	1.9
7	7985	8.8	40	10	11.2	10.5	1.9
8	8157	8.8	40	5	11.4	10.5	1.9
11	8583	8.8	46	15	10.8	10.5	1.9
12	8675	8.7	41	10	11.4	10.5	1.8
13							

Mud Summary - 3

<u>Date</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Wt.</u>	<u>Visc.</u>	<u>Yld. Pt.</u>	<u>Wtr. Loss</u>	<u>pH</u>	<u>% Solids</u>
3-14-77	8476	8.7	40	5	11.9	10.5	1.8
15	9125	8.8	40	10	11.0	9.5	1.8
16							
17	9341	9.9	48	5	16.0	9.0	5.0 Barite
18							
19	9341	9.9	48	5	16.0	9.0	5.0 "
21	9376	10.0	44	10	14.2	9.0	5.0 "

Geology of test well

The following log tops (formation tops) and lithology were photocopied from the report from Hegna, Kerns, and Traut. The stratigraphic nomenclature from their report and that on table 1 have not been checked for conformance with the nomenclature presently used by the U.S. Geological Survey.

The core-analysis results are from the report furnished by the Core Laboratories, Inc., Denver, Colo.

Table 1.—Core intervals

[Depths are from kally bushing (2,809 ft above sea level),
which is 16 ft above land surface]

Core	Interval (depth in ft)	Cored (ft)	Recovered (ft)	Formation
1	1,078-1,108	30	28	Pierre Shale (Bearpaw Shale)
2	1,969-1,999	30	25	Telegraph Creek
3	4,343-4,369	26	26	Newcastle Sandstone
4	4,877-4,907	30	25	Lakota Sandstone
5	6,470-6,556	86	88	Minnelusa and Madison (Charles)
6	6,574-6,664	90	89	Madison (Charles and Mission Canyon)
7	6,715-6,745	30	27.2	Madison (Mission Canyon)
8	6,745-6,775	30	30.7	Madison (Mission Canyon)
9	7,070-7,128	58	54	Madison (Mission Canyon)
10	7,370-7,422	52	51	Madison (Lodgepole)
11	7,600-7,623	23	22.5	Madison (Lodgepole)
12	7,623-7,625	2	2	Madison (Lodgepole)
13	7,640-7,700	60	59	Madison and Devonian
14	7,700-7,760	60	59	Devonian (Three Forks-Jefferson)
15	7,760-7,820	60	60	Devonian (Three Forks-Jefferson)
16	7,820-7,865	45	38	Devonian and Silurian (Interlake)
17	8,215-8,238	23	21	Red River
18	9,375-9,388	13	11	Precambrian
19	9,388-9,394	6	6	Precambrian
Totals		754	722.4	

LOG TOPS

10

(Formation Tops)

Bearpaw Shale	420'
Judith River	1168'
Clagget	1284'
Eagle	1672'
Shannon Sandstone Member	1840'
Telegraph Creek	1852'
Niobrara	2764'
Greenhorn	3406'
Mowry	4081'
Newcastle	4282'
Skull Creek	4388'
Colorado Silt	4556'
Logger TD	4656'
Driller TD	4682'
Strap	4677'
Dakota	4680'
<u>JURASSIC</u>	
Morrison	4926'
Swift	5095'
Spearfish	5692'
Minnekahta	6024'
Opeche	6034'
Minnelusa	6094'
<u>MISSISSIPPIAN</u>	
Madison	6484'
Logger TD	6567'
Driller TD	6559'
M-12	6640'
M-8.5	6742'
Lodgepole	7182'
M-3	7374'
<u>DEVONIAN</u>	
Three Forks-Jefferson	7662'
<u>SILURIAN</u>	
Interlake	7846'
<u>ORDOVICIAN</u>	
Stony Mountain-Gunton Member	7977'
Penitentiary Shale Member	8050'
Red River	8106'
Roughlock Sandstone	8558'
Icebox Shale	8623'
Winnipeg Sandstone	8667'
<u>CAMBRIAN</u>	
Deadwood	8676'
Gros Ventre Shale	8876'
Flathead Sandstone	9224'
<u>PRECAMBRIAN</u>	
Total Depth	9394'

LITHOLOGY

0- 190	Claystone, light gray, soft w/some carbonaceous interbeds, locally sandy, light gray, bentonite common
190- 230	Sandstone, light gray, fine grained, subangular, calcareous, abundant clay matrix
230- 250	Siltstone, light gray, clay infilled
250- 270	Sandstone, light gray, fine/medium grained; subangular, friable, mostly unconsolidated
270- 290	Siltstone, light gray w/abundant clay matrix
290- 310	Claystone, light gray w/some dark gray carbonaceous material
310- 350	Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained/fine grained, clay infilled, friable, subangular, calcareous, fair/good effective porosity
350- 360	Bentonite, light gray, silty
360- 400	Sandstone, light gray, fine grained, subangular, carbonaceous, calcareous, abundant clay matrix
400- 420	Claystone, light gray, very bentonitic, silty
420- 500	No samples
500- 700	Shale, medium/light gray, calcareous, silty, locally bentonitic
700- 900	Shale, medium/light gray, calcareous w/occasional shell fragment, locally very bentonitic, trace mica
900- 960	Shale, medium/light gray, calcareous w/abundant light gray bentonite
960-1000	Shale, medium/dark gray w/shell fragments, bentonitic
1000-1078	Shale, medium gray, very bentonitic, slightly calcareous, some mica and shell material
<u>1078-1108</u>	<u>Core #1 - recovered 28'</u>
1078-1108	Shale, medium/dark gray, very slight/noncalcareous, fissile ("poker chip"), locally fossiliferous, some pyrite replacement of fossils, conchoidal fracture on break, no apparent vertical fracture
1110-1140	No samples
1140-1180	Shale, medium/dark gray, occasional shell fragment
1180-1210	Shale, brownish gray, soft w/some calcareous shell fragments
1210-1220	Siltstone, light brown, very argillaceous, soft, noncalcareous
1220-1230	Shale, medium/dark gray
1230-1250	Siltstone and shale, light brownish gray, soft
1250-1270	Shale, medium gray, bentonitic
1270-1350	Shale, light brownish gray/brown, trace siltstone
1350-1360	Shale, brown/tan w/trace siltstone
1360-1370	Shale, medium gray
1370-1380	Shale, brownish gray
1380-1400	Siltstone, light gray, very argillaceous, clay infilled matrix

Lithology - 2

1400-1480	Shale, gray and brownish gray, very bentonitic, soft
1480-1500	Siltstone, medium gray, very argillaceous, very bentonitic
1500-1540	Siltstone and shale, medium gray, soft, slightly calcareous
1540-1560	Shale, gray, bentonitic
1560-1570	Siltstone, medium/light gray, calcareous, very argillaceous
1570-1580	Shale, medium gray, soft, bentonitic
1580-1590	Shale, brown, bentonitic, carbonaceous
1590-1680	Shale, medium gray, soft, bentonitic w/few inoceramus prisms and shells
1680-1700	Shale and siltstone, medium/dark gray, soft, abundant clay infill
1700-1710	Shale, medium gray w/white bentonite
1710-1720	Shale, dark gray, limy
1720-1820	Shale, medium/dark gray, soft w/white bentonite, calcareous
1820-1830	Sandstone, gray, mushy, very argillaceous, very fine grained
1830-1850	Siltstone, dark gray, argillaceous w/abundant white bentonite
1850-1880	Siltstone and shale, dark gray w/white bentonite
1880-1965	Shale as above w/trace sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, glauconitic, soft, mushy, argillaceous, SLM correction down 4'

1969-1999 Core #2 - recovered 25'

	Shale, dark gray, soft, mushy, bentonitic, very low fissility, vertical fracture @ 1969-1970', locally silty, sandy @ 1973', 1988', 1992', and 1994', some shell debris @ 1991' w/pyrite in hairline fractures
2000-2190	Shale, dark gray, locally silty w/white bentonite, trace shell fragments, trace pyrite
2190-2370	Shale, medium gray, soft, bentonitic
2370-2410	Shale as above, very bentonitic
2410-2490	Shale, medium gray, soft, calcareous, silty, trace pyrite
2490-2630	Shale, medium gray, soft w/white bentonite, silty, calcareous
2630-2730	Shale, dark gray, soft, splintery, calcareous, occasional shell fragment
2730-2770	Shale, medium gray, soft, bentonitic

NIOBRARA

2770-3000	Shale, medium/dark gray w/tan, calcareous specks, very soft
3000-3300	Shale, dark gray, bentonitic, soft
3300-3350	Siltstone, light gray w/shale, medium gray
3350-3400	Shale, medium gray, silty

GREENHORN

Lithology - 3

3400-3490	Shale as above w/white chalky limestone, occasional tan limestone
3490-3530	Shale, medium/dark gray, soft, splintery
3530-3700	Shale as above, bentonitic
3700-3720	Sandstone, gray, fine grained, subangular, very calcareous, very argillaceous, friable, very low effective porosity
3720-3770	Siltstone, dark gray, calcareous, argillaceous w/shale, splintery, dark gray .
3770-3920	Shale, dark gray, soft, splintery, locally bentonitic, some siltstone interbeds
3920-3950	Sandstone, medium gray, very fine grained, very argillaceous, white clay infill, very low effective porosity, slightly calcareous, trace glauconite
3950-4070	Shale, and siltstone, medium gray, trace glauconite, some interbedded sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, low porosity -
4070-4090	Shale, dark gray, soft w/light gray bentonite, few free coarse quartz grains
4090-4260	Shale, dark gray/brownish gray, chunky, siliceous, some siltstone laminae, occasional interbedded light gray bentonite
4260-4280	Siltstone, gray, very argillaceous, slightly calcareous w/some white bentonite w/brown mica
4280-4320	Shale, dark gray, soft, bentonitic, silty

NEWCASTLE SANDSTONE

4330	Circulating Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, glauconitic, friable, low porosity
4343	Circulating Sandstone, white/light tan, very fine grained/fine grained, hard, subangular, very siliceous, noncalcareous, trace white chert, trace pyrite, low porosity, no fluorescence, no cut
4343-4369	Core #3 - recovered 26'
4343 -4344½	Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, subangular, friable, noncalcareous, some white clay infill, alternating w/thin bedded dark gray shale, fair porosity
4344½-4349½	Sandstone, light gray, fine grained/very fine grained, subangular, trace mica, noncalcareous, bleeding water, good porosity, few isolated shale partings
4349½-4351	Sandstone as above w/increasing shale, very thin bedded
4351 -4355½	As above, light gray, very fine grained w/shale partings, low/good porosity, some white clay infill, noncalcareous, bleeding water

Lithology - 4

- 4355½
4355½-4361 2 inch section of dark gray shale
Sandstone, medium gray, very fine grained, argillaceous, mica common, very thin varved bedding, "poker chip" fracture, low porosity
- 4361 -4364½ Sandstone, light gray, fine grained, subangular, noncalcareous, few isolated shale partings, good porosity, bleeding water
- 4364½-4366½ Sandstone and shale, alternating in varved bedding, sandstone, light gray, noncalcareous, clay infill, mica common, low porosity
- 4366½-4367 Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, argillaceous, fair/low porosity, bleeding water
- 4367 -4369 Sandstone and shale interbedded, bedding more distorted than above thin beds, fair/low porosity in sandstone
- 4369-4390 Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, white clay infill w/ thin shale laminae, low porosity
- 4390-4410 Sandstone, light gray/white, fine grained, subangular, friable, abundant white clay infill, low porosity, mica common
- 4410-4560 Shale, dark gray, soft, bentonitic, splintery, calcareous

COLORADO SILT

- 4560-4600 Shale as above w/siltstone laminae, light gray, noncalcareous, trace pyrite
- 4600-4660 Shale, dark gray, splintery w/siltstone, gray, bentonitic
- 4660-4680 Siltstone, dark gray, hard, very argillaceous, calcareous w/ shale as above
- 4682 Circulating
Siltstone, medium gray, hard, calcareous, occasional grading to very fine grained sandstone, very low porosity, argillaceous

4677-4678 Core #3A (Junk Sub)

- 4677-4678 Shale, dark gray w/interbedded siltstone, light/medium gray, abundant sedimentary flow and slump structures, thin bedded
- 4678-4690 Shale, dark gray w/siltstone, light gray, mushy, bentonitic

INYAN KARA

- 4690-4720 Sandstone, light gray, medium grained, white clay matrix w/ siltstone as above, trace orange chert, few free coarse quartz grains (sample mostly cement)
- 4720-4760 Siltstone/sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, argillaceous, mushy
- 4760-4820 Sandstone, clear/white, very fine grained/coarse, subangular, mostly unconsolidated, good porosity

4820-4870 Sandstone, white/clear, very fine grained/medium grained, siliceous, subangular, friable, fair/good porosity

4870 Circulating
Sandstone as above w/trace orange chert

4877-4907 Core #4 - recovered 25'

4877 -4886½ Sandstone, medium gray, very fine grained, hard, brittle, siliceous, noncalcareous, subangular, trace mica, thin bed, low porosity w/sandstone laminae and interbeds, light gray, fine grained/medium grained, subangular

4886½-4888 Sandstone, white/light gray, fine grained/coarse, subangular, abundant white clay matrix, some low grade coal, low porosity, bleeding water

4888 -4890 Sandstone, medium gray, very fine grained, hard, low porosity, siliceous

4890 -4902 Sandstone, white/clear, coarse, subangular, clean, fair/good sort, friable/unconsolidated, soft, excellent porosity, bleeding water

4902-4920 No samples

4920-4930 Sandstone, light gray/white, coarse, subangular, mostly unconsolidated, some frosted grains

MORRISON

4930-5020 Shale, greenish gray, waxy, soft, trace maroon, brown and yellow

5020-5050 Sandstone, light gray/greenish gray/yellow gray, very fine grained/fine grained, subangular, fair/good porosity, few free coarse quartz grains

5050-5060 Shale, yellow, maroon, gray, green, purple, trace pyrite, soft

5060-5100 Shale as above w/sandstone, white, very fine grained/fine grained, clay infill, fair/low porosity

SWIFT

5100-5150 Shale, green/greenish gray, mottled, red, soft, subwaxy

5150-5170 Sandstone, white, fine grained, subangular, slightly calcareous, fair/low porosity, trace glauconite

5170-5250 Shale, greenish gray, mottled, maroon/purple, trace pyrite, some brown/yellow shale

5250-5350 Shale, gray/greenish gray, mottled, maroon, waxy, locally interbedded w/siltstone and sandstone, very fine grained, light gray, glauconitic

5350-5400 Shale, gray/light gray/greenish gray, very splintery, subwaxy

Lithology - 6

- 5400-5510 Shale, greenish gray, mottled, maroon, subwaxy, soft, splintery w/some sandstone, very fine grained, white, low porosity, glauconitic, calcareous, trace limestone, gray, dense
- 5510-5530 Limestone, light gray/white, chalky, locally sandy
- 5530-5570 Shale, light greenish gray, subwaxy, soft w/some limestone, tan, light gray, argillaceous, chalky, low porosity
- 5570-5590 Shale, greenish gray, mottled, yellow, splintery, very calcareous
- 5590-5620 Shale as above, mottled, maroon
- 5620-5690 Limestone, tan, earthy, low porosity w/gray shale as above
- 5690-5750 Shale/siltstone, red, very calcareous, trace white gypsum w/tan limestone, dense and gray green shale
- 5750-5790 Very poor sample, mostly green shale cavings, trace red/maroon shale
- 5790-5880 Shale, maroon, silty w/some white anhydrite, some white chalky limestone
- 5880-5930 Shale, maroon/brick red w/some gypsum interbedded
- 5930-5990 Shale, maroon/brick red, silty, some interbedded white anhydrite and light gray limestone
- 5990-6020 Shale/siltstone, brick red w/some interbedded white dolomitic anhydrite
- 6020-6030 Limestone, light gray/tan, chalky, argillaceous, pelletoidal
- 6030-6040 Limestone as above w/red shale
- 6040-6050 Dolomite, light gray/white, chalky/sucrosic, low porosity
- 6050-6080 Shale, siltstone, brick red w/white anhydrite, few free coarse quartz grains
- 6080-6090 Sandstone, brick red, very fine grained/coarse, calcareous, low porosity, trace dolomite, pink
- 6090-6110 Limestone, white/light gray, dolomitic, earthy, low porosity, trace white sandstone, very fine grained, subangular, anhydritic

MINNELUSA

- 6110-6140 Dolomite, light gray, sandy/sucrosic, low porosity, hard
- 6140-6150 Sandstone, white, fine grained/very fine grained, subangular, abundant white clay infill, low porosity
- 6150-6170 Dolomite, light gray/pink, dense, low porosity
- 6170-6190 Sandstone, white, fine grained, very dolomitic, some white anhydrite, low/fair porosity, some white clay infill, friable, trace white chert
- 6190-6210 Sandstone, white, fine grained w/white dolomite interbedded and abundant white chert
- 6210-6250 Dolomite, white/light gray, sandy, hard w/abundant white chert
- 6250-6300 Dolomite, light gray/white, finely crystalline, dense, low porosity
- 6300-6350 Dolomite, light gray/pink, low porosity w/some lavender shale, trace clear anhydrite

Lithology - 7

- 6350-6390 Dolomite, pink/lavender, argillaceous, dense w/lavender/maroon shale
- 6390-6400 As above w/trace anhydrite, white/clear
- 6400-6420 Siltstone/shale, orange/bright red, dolomitic, mottled, yellow w/lavender shale and dolomite, pink/white, argillaceous
- 6420-6430 Shale, brick red and lavender w/dolomite, coarse crystalline, trace sandstone, white/orange, very fine grained, fair porosity
- 6430-6450 Dolomite, white, very sandy/coarse crystalline w/some brick red siltstone, low porosity
- 6450-6460 Sandstone, very fine grained and siltstone, brick red, dolomitic, argillaceous w/lavender dolomitic shale, mottled green locally

6470 Circulating
Shale, orange and lavender, dolomitic

6470-6556 Core #5 - recovered 88'

(correct to log depths 6479-6565')

6470-6475 Claystone, brick red, subwaxy w/few small dolomite clasts

MADISON

- 6475-6481 Limestone, light gray, hard, some breccia texture
- 6481-6491 Limestone, dolomitic, breccia, red argillaceous matrix w/light gray clasts, very angular
- 6491-6510 Limestone, light gray, hard, dense w/some red shale partings, stylolite @ 6491-6495, breccia w/very angular limestone clasts @ 6496-6497', 6499', and 6501-6510' w/maroon/lavender argillaceous matrix
- 6510-6518 Claystone, lavender/red, dolomitic w/white anhydrite nodes and bore filling
- 6518-6524 Limestone, breccia, gray green and maroon argillaceous matrix, subwaxy
- 6524-6533 Limestone, light gray, micrite w/gray green mottled red shale partings, hard, dense, some breccia texture, very stylolitic @ 6524-6527', and 6530-6532'
- 6533-6546 Limestone, light gray/reddish gray, hard, dense, some intra-clast and pellet grainstone in spar cement, some green shale partings, vertical fracture @ 6537-6539', 6540-6542', and 6544'; stylolite @ 6538-6540', 6542-6543', and 6545-6546'
- 6546-6552 Limestone, light gray/reddish gray, argillaceous, some breccia
- 6552-6556 Limestone, light gray, argillaceous, hard, dense, mottled, maroon/green, pelletoidal grainstone w/clear spar cement w/some clear crystalline anhydrite, vertical fracture @ 6552-6556'

Lithology - 8

6556-6558	Shale, maroon w/some gray and lavender, mottled, subwaxy, very slightly calcareous, medium hard
	drill samples
6559-6560	Limestone, white-buff-cream, microcrystalline, no visible porosity
6560-6570	Much cement, some limestone as above
6574	Circulating 90 min. - limestone as above, much cement, trace dolomite, off-white, microcrystalline, no visible porosity, trace anhydrite, white
<u>6574-6664</u>	<u>Core #6 - cut and recovered 89'</u>
6574 -6575	Anhydrite, white w/intercalations limestone, light gray
6575 -6576½	Dolomite, tan, microcrystalline, dense
6576½-6577½	Anhydrite, white, slightly dolomitic
6577½-6580 ¾	Dolomite, brown-tan, microcrystalline, thin clay laminae up to ¼" thick, broken and fractured @ 6580½-6580¾', slightly bleeding water, low-fair porosity
6580 ¾-6582½	Dolomite, brown-tan, dense, some anhydrite laminae
6582½-6583½	Dolomitic limestone, tan w/anhydrite laminae, vertical fractures, broken
6583½-6584	Dolomitic limestone, tan w/thin laminae dark gray clay
6584 -6589	Dolomitic limestone, tan, few anhydrite lentils, low-fair porosity, few clay laminae, fracture @ 6585', wet
6589 -6590	Dolomite, gray-brown w/few blebs dolomite as above
6590	Stylolitic surface
6590 -6591	Dolomite, gray-brown
6591 -6592	Dolomite as above w/lavender laminae gray clay
6592 -6593½	Dolomitic limestone, gray-brown, micritic, vertical fracture
6593½-6593 ¾	Dolomitic limestone, gray-brown w/angular clasts, light brown
6593 ¾-6595	Dolomitic limestone, buff-gray-brown, micritic, dense, high angle fracture
6595 -6600	Limestone, gray-medium gray, cryptocrystalline to sublithographic, hard, vertical fracture
6600 -6608	Limestone, dolomitic, gray-brown, sucrosic-microcrystalline, few pitted, erosional?, surfaces w/black shale laminae, bleeding water @ 6602-6619'
6608 -6612	Limestone as above, fracture
6612 -6615	Dolomitic limestone, tan-buff, microcrystalline-sucrosic, anhydrite bed 1" @ 6613 ¾'
6615 -6616	Dolomitic limestone as above, vertical fractures
6616 -6619½	Dolomite, light brown, microcrystalline-sucrosic w/crystals and nodules, anhydritic, clear
6619½	Stylolitic

Lithology - 9

6619½-6629	Limestone, brown, microcrystalline w/some coarser calcite crystals, dense, few fractures w/some polished fracture fill
6629 -6632	Limestone, brown, argillaceous w/laminae dark gray dolomitic shales, fossiliferous crinoid columnars and brachiopods
6632 -6639	Limestone, dark gray-brown, very argillaceous, fossiliferous brachiopods and crinoids
6639 -6646	Limestone, gray-brown, microcrystalline w/aragonite fossiliferous casts
6646 -6654	Limestone as above, fractured, vertical to high angle, stylolitic @ 6651' and 6652½'
6654 -6663	Limestone, gray-brown, microcrystalline, coral or sponge fossil @ 6662'
	1' missing due to broken zone loss
6660-6700	Limestone, buff-light brown, micritic to microcrystalline, dense, some pieces w/a few small pellets inbedded in micritic matrix, very low porosity
6700-6715	Limestone as above w/trace anhydrite, rose colored
<u>6715-6745</u>	<u>Core #7 - cut 30' and recovered 27.2'</u>
6715 -6718	Limestone, dolomitic, buff, micritic, crystals brown dolomite, few anhydrite nodules
6718 -6719	Shale, light gray-medium gray, dolomitic w/clasts and nodules of anhydrite, white
6719 -6720	Anhydrite, white, angular chunks w/shale matrix, medium gray, dolomitic
6720 -6723.5	Anhydrite, light gray-white, chicken wire pattern w/few interbeds dolomitic shale, medium gray
6723.5-6725.3	Anhydrite, white w/erosional surfaces, interbedded w/shale, medium gray, dolomitic
6725.3-6725.4	Shale, dark gray, dolomitic
6725.4-6726	Dolomite, gray-brown, microcrystalline w/crystals brown, dolomitic
6726 -6729.5	Shale, dark gray, dolomitic, subfissile
6729.5-6731.5	Anhydrite, light gray-white, chicken wire
6731.5-6733.5	Limestone, dolomitic, light brown, microcrystalline-sucrosic, abundant anhydrite intercalations, contorted bedded, bleeding water slightly, low porosity
6733.5-6735	Dolomite, gray-brown, very argillaceous, fractured
6735 -6736	Shale, dark gray, calcareous
6736 -6736.5	Clay, gray, calcareous, soft, and shale, dolomitic
6736.5-6739	Anhydrite, white
6739 -6742.2	Anhydrite, white-gray, abundant shale intercalations

Lithology - 10

6745-6775 Core #8 - recovered 30.7'

6745	-6745.3	Anhydrite, white, pure w/few inclusions dolomite, buff, dense
6745.3	-6756	Anhydrite, light gray, pure, hard
6756	-6761	Anhydrite, light gray, chicken wire
6761	-6762	Anhydrite, white, fracture
6762	-6763.3	Anhydrite, gray w/shale mottling
6763.3	-6766.4	Anhydrite, light gray
6766.4	-6766.7	Dolomite, light brown, sucrosic, laminated finely w/thin black varves
6766.7	-6768	Anhydrite, light gray w/angular to subround clasts of white anhydrite
6768	-6770	Anhydrite, light gray-white w/few dolomite laminations, buff
6770	-6771.4	Dolomite, light brown, sucrosic, anhydritic
6771.4	-6772.2	Anhydrite, medium gray w/irregular inclusions of white anhydrite
6772.2	-6775.7	Anhydrite, light gray, hard

drill samples

9' downhole correction

SLH - 6784' = 6775'

6780-6790	Anhydrite, white-light gray w/limestone, cream, mostly sub-lithographic to microcrystalline, few pieces of clastic to pelletal limestone, well cemented, very low porosity
6790-6820	Limestone, light brown-cream, mostly microcrystalline, 20% is finely fragmental, a few chips pelletal limestone, well cemented, very low porosity, 10% anhydrite, light gray-white
6820-6830	Limestone as above w/dolomite, white-blue-gray, cryptocrystalline, dense
6830-6840	Limestone and dolomite as above, trace anhydrite, white, sucrosic
6840-6850	Dolomite, blue-gray-white, cryptocrystalline, limestone, cream-brown, fragmental to microcrystalline, trace pellets and oolites, low-fair porosity
6850-6880	Limestone, cream-brown, dolomitic, finely crystalline-sucrosic, fair porosity, light yellow fluorescence, very weak cut w/dolomitic anhydrite, white-blue-gray
6880-6900	Limestone, cream-brown, slightly dolomitic, finely crystalline-sucrosic, poor-fair ? porosity w/dolomitic anhydrite, white-blue-gray, trace anhydrite, white
6900-6940	Limestone, light brown, buff, cream, micritic to sucrosic, trace porosity, dull mineral fluorescence, trace anhydrite, blue-gray
6940-6950	Limestone, light brown-buff, 50% micrite, 50% finely fragmental, trace indistinct fossil fragments, well cemented, poor porosity
6950-6960	Limestone as above, some sucrosic limestone, light brown w/ calcite clusters, some fair porosity, dull mineral fluorescence

Lithology - 11

6960-6980	Limestone, light brown, micritic to fragmental, well cemented, poor porosity, dull fluorescence, no cut
6980-7000	Limestone as above, trace anhydrite, white
7000-7010	Limestone, light brown-tan, mostly micritic to finely crystalline, trace vuggy porosity
7010-7030	Limestone as above w/5% black asphaltic staining in argillaceous zones, dull cut
7030-7050	Limestone, cream-buff, micritic to finely crystalline, very little porosity, trace anhydrite, white-rose
7050-7070	Limestone as above w/anhydrite, white-light gray, shaly
7070-7128	<u>Core #9 - recovered 54'</u>
7070 -7078	Anhydrite, white/light gray, chicken wire w/some tan dolomitic limestone chalky micrite interbedded matrix
7078 -7093½	Limestone, light gray/light brown, hard, dense w/some anhydrite nodes, algal pisolites, pellets common in spar, stylolite @ 7079½', 7082', and 7050½', sealed vertical fracture @ 7081-7082'
7093½-7099	Dolomite, brown, fair intergranular porosity, bleeding water, stylolite @ 7099'
7099 -7105	Limestone, brownish gray, dense, oncolites, algal pellets, some secondary anhydrite infill, abundant secondary spar, low porosity, hard
7105 -7109	Dolomite, brown, fair intergranular porosity, hard, bleeding water
7109 -7115	Limestone, light gray, pisolitic, hard, dense, secondary spar, sealed vertical fracture @ 7109-7110'
7115 -7121	Dolomite, brown, good intergranular porosity, few isolated white anhydrite nodes, bleeding water
7121 -7124	Limestone, gray, algal pisolites and pellets grainstone, hard, dense, very low porosity due to spar infill, stylolite @ 7121½', sealed vertical fracture @ 7122'
7128-7150	Limestone, tan, locally dolomitic w/pisolites and pellets, spar infill, low/fair porosity
7150-7180	Limestone as above w/fair/good pinpoint vuggy porosity

LOGGEPOLE

7180-7200	Dolomite, dark gray, argillaceous, sucrosic, low porosity
7200-7260	Dolomite as above, fair intergranular porosity
7260-7290	Limestone, dark gray, dolomitic, argillaceous, low porosity, locally chalky
7290-7310	Limestone as above, becoming very chalky
7310-7340	Dolomite, gray/dark gray, sucrosic, low/fair porosity.
7340-7360	Limestone, gray, chalky, pellets, some interbedded dark gray sucrosic dolomite

Lithology - 12

7360-7370	Limestone, dark gray as above w/abundant pellets and pisolites, low porosity
<u>7370-7422</u>	<u>Core #10 - recovered 51'</u>
7370 -7374	Dolomite, dark gray, very argillaceous w/some white crystalline calcite nodes up to 2" x 2", low porosity, also some white anhydrite
7374 -7380	Limestone, dark gray, argillaceous, very fossiliferous (mostly shell casts and molds), hard, low porosity, sealed vertical fractures @ 7374-7376', and 7377-7378½'
7380 -7381	Dolomite, dark gray, argillaceous, low porosity
7381 -7385½	Limestone, dark gray, locally dolomitic, low porosity, fossiliferous, sealed vertical fracture @ 7382-7384'
7385½-7388	Dolomite, dark gray, medium/coarse crystalline, poor/fair intergranular porosity w/white anhydrite nodes @ 7386½'
7388 -7389½	Limestone, dark gray, argillaceous, hard, dense, low porosity
7389½-7391½	Dolomite, dark gray, very argillaceous w/spar calcite interbedded, hard, low porosity, sealed vertical fracture @ 7389-7391'
7391½-7399½	Limestone, dark gray, very argillaceous, very dolomitic w/some dark gray shale interbeds, burrowed contorted bedding @ 7396-7398', carbonaceous material and stylolite @ base, sealed vertical fracture @ 7393-7395', low porosity
7399½-7400	Dolomite, dark gray, low porosity, very argillaceous w/white anhydrite, vertical fracture
7400 -7401	Limestone, dark gray, dolomitic, argillaceous
7401 -7405	Dolomite, brownish gray, sucrosic, stylolitic, poor/fair intergranular porosity, bleeding water
7405 -7421	Limestone, light gray/tan, algal pellets, some secondary calcite infill, shell casts and molds common, very stylolitic, hard, low porosity, algal pellet grainstone @ 7412-7415' w/fair porosity, sealed vertical fractures @ 7412-7414', 7416-7419', and 7420-7421', white anhydrite @ 7412'
7422-7480	Limestone, tan/light gray, pellets and pisolites in spar matrix, chalky, low porosity
7480-7490	No sample
7490-7500	Limestone, tan/gray, chalky, mostly micrite w/some pellets, low porosity
7500-7530	Dolomite, tan, sucrosic, fair porosity w/limestone, light gray/dark gray/tan, pellets and pisolites
7530-7560	Limestone, dark gray/tan w/pellets, chalky, fossil shell molds and casts, trace pink dolomite, low porosity
7560-7590	Limestone, tan/gray, subchalky, mostly micrite, low porosity

Lithology - 13

- 7590-7600 Limestone as above w/trace orange, red, yellow, dark gray and green calcareous shale, trace clear anhydrite, trace pink dolomite
- 7600-7623 Core #11 - recovered 22½'
- 7600-7604 Limestone, gray/brownish gray micrite, hard, dense w/some mottled light gray dolomite, secondary calcite rhomb crystals in mini-fractures and fossil replacement, bitumen in stylolite, low porosity, crinoid stems
- 7604-7610 Limestone, dark brownish gray, abundant crinoid debris, secondary clear calcite, some possible anhydrite nodes, vertical fractures @ 7604-7605', and 7607-7609'; few dark gray/black argillaceous laminae, low porosity, some horizontal fractures @ 7604', and 7608'
- 7610-7613 Limestone, dark gray, very argillaceous, very fine bedded (varve), hard, low porosity, sealed vertical fracture
- 7613-7616 Limestone, dark gray, dolomitic, crinoid stems, low porosity
- 7616-7622 Limestone, dark gray/brownish gray, hard w/some crinoid debris, fossil micrite, some secondary white and Fe stain, calcite, milky and tan chert common, horizontal fracture @ 7619', vertical fractures @ 7616-7618', and 7619-7622'
- 7623-7625 Core #12 - recovered 2'
- 7623-7625 Limestone, dark gray/dark brownish gray, slightly dolomitic, very argillaceous, abundant gray/milky chert
- 7625-7640 Limestone, gray, slightly dolomitic, trace glauconite, some red, green and purple shale, some white and pink calcite, gray chert common, trace bitumen, low porosity
- 7640-7700 Core #13 - recovered 59'
- 7640-7648 Dolomite, light tannish gray, dense, some fair vuggy porosity (low effective permeability) w/secondary white anhydrite, and white calcite rhombs infilling vugs, locally sucrosic, chert and stylolite @ 7647-7648', sealed vertical fracture @ 7646-7647'
- 7648-7659 Dolomite, light brownish gray, mottled w/light tan sucrosic dolomite w/anhydrite and calcite infill, low porosity, mottled, probably due to burrowing, stylolitic, low porosity
- DEVONIAN
- 7659-7673 Marlstone, red, mottled, gray and green, few floating chert grains, coarse, subangular/subround, trace glauconite

Lithology - 14

- 7673-7686 Dolomite, light reddish gray, mottled, red, hard, red shale, anhydrite and calcite infilling, sealed vertical fracture @ 7673-7680', low porosity, thin bed, marly @ base
- 7686-7688 Dolomite, red, mottled, gray and green, shaly, stylolitic
- 7688-7692 Dolomite, brownish gray w/white anhydrite nodes, vertical fracture @ 7691-7695', low porosity
- 7692-7699 Dolomite, marly, red, mottled, gray w/interbeds of sandstone, coarse, fair sort, well rounded in dolomite matrix, low porosity
-
- 7700-7760 Core #14 - recovered 59'
-
- 7700-7704 Dolomite, brownish gray, very argillaceous, some calcite infill, thin bed, stylolitic, vertical fracture @ 7701-7702', low porosity
- 7704-7709 Dolomite, light gray w/large white anhydrite nodes (probable burrow infill), stylolitic, low porosity
- 7709-7712 Dolomite, gray, very argillaceous, thin bed, vertical fracture, low porosity
- 7712-7716 Shale, dark gray, hard, locally dolomitic w/some interbedded white anhydrite
- 7716-7726 Limestone, dolomitic, gray/dark gray, micrite, dense, low porosity, vertical fractures @ 7718-7720', and 7723-7724'
- 7726-7730 Dolomite, brownish gray w/white/gray anhydrite, low porosity
- 7730-7732 Shale, dark gray, hard, very calcareous w/interbedded white anhydrite
- 7732-7735 Limestone, gray, dense w/dark gray shale laminae and interbeds, low porosity
- 7735-7742 Dolomite, dark gray/brownish gray, very argillaceous, vertical fracture @ 7735-7737', fair intergranular porosity @ 7738-7740'
- 7742-7759 Shale and dolomite, gray/greenish gray w/interbedded white anhydrite, vertical fracture @ 7742-7743'
-
- 7760-7820 Core #15 - recovered 60'
-
- 7760-7766 Shale, greenish gray, hard, dolomitic, vertical fracture @ 7762-7764', disconformity @ 7766' w/interclasts
- 7766-7778 Dolomite, gray, hard, argillaceous w/some interbedded anhydrite
- 7778-7793 Dolomite, light gray w/dark gray shale laminae and interbeds, thin bed, bleeding water @ 7778-7779', and 7790-7791', low/fair porosity
- 7793-7798 Dolomite, gray, argillaceous, bleeding water, fair intergranular porosity
- 7798-7801 Dolomite, gray, argillaceous, low porosity
- 7801-7804 Dolomite, brownish gray, shattered interval, medium crystalline, fair intergranular porosity, bleeding water

Lithology - 15

- 7804-7815 Dolomite, brownish gray, fair intergranular porosity, bleeding water, anhydrite nodes @ 7813'
- 7815-7817 Shale, gray/greenish gray, slightly dolomitic, hard
- 7817-7820 Dolomite, light gray, finely crystalline, slightly argillaceous, low porosity, bleeding water, some secondary white anhydrite infill
- 7820-7865 Core #16 - recovered 38'
- 7820-7830 Dolomite, light gray/tan, argillaceous, large secondary white anhydrite node @ 7823', bleeding water @ 7823', stylolite @ 7821', low porosity
- 7830-7834 Shale, greenish gray, very dolomitic, hard w/some interbedded anhydrite
- 7834-7846 Dolomite, light gray, hard, argillaceous, low porosity w/some greenish gray shale interbeds, fractures @ 7841-7842'
- 7846-7847 Shale, greenish gray, dolomitic, hard

SILURIAN INTERLAKE

- 7847-7849 Dolomite, cream w/gray shale laminae, low porosity, trace anhydrite, trace pyrite, fractured, few dark gray angular dolomite clasts
- 7849-7858 Dolomite, cream, microcrystalline, chalky, few thin stylolites, low porosity, fractured @ 7855-7858'
- 7865-7880 Dolomite, white/cream, chalky, low porosity
- 7880-7910 No samples
- 7910-7950 Dolomite, white, low porosity, chalky, cryptocrystalline
- 7950-7970 Dolomite, white, low porosity w/trace light greenish gray subwaxy shale interbedded

STONY MOUNTAIN - GUNTON MEMBER

- 7975 Circulating
Dolomite, white w/green subwaxy shale, medium soft, splintery, dolomitic
- 7975-7990 Dolomite, white, cryptocrystalline w/trace green shale, low porosity
- 7990-8020 Dolomite as above w/some gray, green and maroon dolomitic shale, trace glauconite
- 8020-8050 Dolomite, gray, very argillaceous, low porosity w/dark gray shale

STONY MOUNTAIN SHALE

Lithology - 16

8050-8100 Shale and dolomite, light gray/greenish gray, trace shale

RED RIVER

8100-8110 Limestone, gray, argillaceous, low porosity

8110 Circulating
Shale, gray/greenish gray, calcareous w/some brown/tan limestone, low porosity

8110-8120 Shale, very calcareous, light greenish gray, trace pyrite

8120-8150 Limestone, brown/tan, shell casts, pellets, some hairline fractures filled w/clear calcite, low porosity

8150-8170 Dolomite, tan, sucrosic, finely crystalline, fair/good intergranular porosity, some yellow fluorescence, no cut

8170-8210 Limestone, tan/brown, micrite w/few pellets, hard, low porosity, locally chalky w/trace pyrite

8210-8215 Dolomite, tan, excellent intercrystalline porosity w/some calcite infill

8215-8238 Core #17 - recovered 21'

8215 -8217½ Dolomite, cream/light gray, cryptocrystalline w/few gray shale laminae, small disconnected vugs to ¼"

8217½-8220 Dolomite, gray, sucrosic, fair intercrystalline porosity w/dark gray argillaceous laminae

8220 -8230 Dolomite as above, low porosity, micrite

8230 -8232 Dolomite, limy, gray, micrite w/gray shale laminae, low porosity, shattered interval, some fractures appear open

8232 -8236 Dolomite, gray, low porosity, vertical fractures

8238-8240 Very poor samples - nearly all cavings

8240-8270 Limestone, brown/tan, cryptocrystalline, dolomitic locally, low/fair porosity w/trace dark gray argillaceous limestone

8270-8320 Dolomite, tan, sucrosic, some dead oil stain, yellow fluorescence, no cut, fair/good intercrystalline porosity, finely crystalline

8320-8370 Limestone, buff/brown, micrite w/gray argillaceous laminae, low porosity

8370-8430 Dolomite and limestone, brown/buff, finely crystalline, poor-fair porosity

8430-8450 Limestone, tan/brown w/some dolomite as above

8450-8460 No sample

8460-8560 Limestone, brown/gray/tan, pellets, calcite infill, low porosity

Lithology - 17

8560-8570 Limestone as above w/gray green subwaxy shale, pyritic

ROUGHLOCK SANDSTONE

8570-8620 Sandstone, white, very fine grained, subangular/well rounded, friable, fair/good porosity, siliceous, pyritic, some interbedded green shale

ICEBOX SHALE

8620-8668 Shale, green/gray green, splintery, subwaxy, noncalcareous

WINNIPEG SANDSTONE

8668 Circulating
Shale as above w/sandstone, white, very fine grained, subangular/well rounded, pyritic, well sorted, hard, slightly calcareous, low porosity, very siliceous (secondary)

DEADWOOD

8670-8700 Limestone, tan/light gray, very chalky, fragmental w/interbedded gray green shale, splintery/blocky, subwaxy, low porosity

8700-8720 Sandstone, white/cream, very fine grained, very calcareous, subrounded, clay infill, glauconitic limestone in part

8720-8790 Limestone, white/cream, sandy, glauconitic, pyritic, fossiliferous, locally chalky, locally translucent, low porosity

8790-8800 Limestone, white/gray, sandy, glauconitic w/interbedded green gray shale, low porosity

8800-8840 Limestone as above w/few free well rounded, coarse quartz grains; some shale as above interbedded, low porosity

8840-8880 Limestone, white, chalky, argillaceous, glauconitic, low porosity

8880-8930 Limestone as above w/gray green shale interbedded, waxy, splintery, low porosity

8930-8990 Shale, green/gray green, splintery, waxy w/some light gray limestone, chalky, glauconitic

8990-9010 Shale, green, splintery, trace maroon shale w/some yellow limestone

9010-9100 Shale, green/gray green, mottled, brown, subwaxy w/few interbeds limestone, white, sandy, glauconitic, chalky, low porosity

9100-9150 Shale, gray green, slightly calcareous, some subwaxy, some limestone as above, some sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, glauconitic?, tite, no fluorescence or cut, micaceous

Lithology - 18

9150-9240 Shale, gray-green, slightly calcareous, subwaxy in part, trace limestone as above, some interbedded sandstone, silty, light gray, very fine grained, round, micaceous, glauconitic ?, very low porosity, no fluorescence

lag time incorrect

FLATHEAD

9240-9250 As above, trace sandstone, white-clear, coarse to fine w/ large, free, round grains, poor sorting, subround, abundant secondary quartz cement, poor-fair porosity

9250-9260 As above, increasing sandstone, clear-white, fine-coarse grained, poor sorting, subangular-subround, abundant secondary quartz cement, some large free quartz grains, poor porosity, no fluorescence

9260-9270 Some sandstone as above, some w/red-brown flattened hematite ?, pellets, and iron stained zones

9270-9280 trip for bit followed by water flow - samples lost

9280-9300 Abundant green shale cavings ?, some sandstone, white-clear, slightly calcareous, fine-medium grained, few coarse grains, subangular, some clear quartz pebbles, quartz cement, fair porosity, trace calcareous pyritic sandstone

PRECAMBRIAN

9300-9320 Shale as above w/sandstone, white-clear-rusty, medium-coarse grained w/granite pebbles ?, subangular-angular, trace pink feldspar, abundant quartz cement, fair ? porosity

9320-9340 No recovery of samples

9340-9350 Sandstone, coarse, clear quartz and granite, clear quartz, feldspar, pink and biotite

9350-9375 Quartz, clear-white, feldspars, salmon-pink, and biotite, Precambrian granite

9375-9388 Core #18 - cut 13' and recovered 11'

9375 -9380 Granite, pinkish-salmon, numerous horizontal fractures, core came out in 1-4" slabs

9380 -9382 Granite, coarse feldspar phenocrysts, fairly solid

9382-9386 Granite, vertical fractures

Lithology - 19

9388-9394 Core #19 - recovered 6'

9388-9394 Granite, biotite and hornblende abundant, horizontal fractures, poker chips 1"-3" thick

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DALLAS, TEXAS

Company UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Formation _____ Page 1 of 10
 Well MADISON NO. 2 Core _____ File RP-2-5292
 Field WILDCAT Drilling Fluid _____ Date Report 2-4-77
 County _____ State MONTANA Elevation _____ Analyst RM
 Location _____ Remarks _____

CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS

(Figures in parentheses refer to (original remarks))

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH FEET	PERMEABILITY MILLIDARCY		POROSITY PERCENT	RESIDUAL SATURATION		Grain Density	REMARKS
		HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL		OIL % VOLUME	TOTAL WATER % PORE		
		(K _A)						
1	4345.0	47	6.5	22.4			2.65	NEWCASTLE SANDSTONE
2	4347.0	32		21.2				
3	4349.0	15	2.0	19.4				
4	4351.5-53.5	WEDGE CORE ANALYSIS						
5	4356.0	53		21.1				
6	4359.0	0.28	0.14	9.1			2.65	
7	4361.0	129		22.3				
8	4364.0	21		19.0				
9	4367.5	48	3.3	19.3				

NOTE:

(*) REFER TO ATTACHED LETTER

(1) INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY—INTERPRETATION RESERVED.

(2) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES—NO INTERPRETATION OF RESULT

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Petroleum Reservoir Engineering
DALLAS, TEXAS

Company UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Formation _____ Page 2 of _____
Well MADISON NO. 2 Cores _____ File HP-2-5292
Field WILDCAT Drilling Fluid _____ Date Report 3-23-77
County _____ State MONTANA Elevation _____ Analyst RM
Location _____ Remarks _____

CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS
(Figures in parentheses refer to footnote remarks)

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH FEET	PERMEABILITY MILLIDARCYs		POROSITY PERCENT	RESIDUAL SATURATION		Grain Density	REMARKS
		HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL		OIL % VOLUME	WATER % PORE		
		(K _A)						
10	4881.0						2.67	DAKOTA SANDSTONE (LAKOTA SANDSTONE)
11	4890.0	421	58	16.2			2.82	
12	4893.0	3400	223	23.3			2.63	
13	4896.0	4600	2300	25.0				
14	4899.0	4000	2100	24.1			2.63	
15	4900-00.5	WHOLE CORE ANALYSIS						
16	6471.1						2.76	MINNELUSA
17	6474.4						2.81	
18	6475.0						2.78	
19	6476.8		<0.01				2.71	
20	6480.5						2.72	
21	6483.0						2.68	
22	6485.5			3.7			2.71	MADISON (CHARLES)
23	6490.4	0.06		4.0			2.67	
24	6491.0						2.70	
25	6494.5						2.82	
26	6498.9			1.2			2.72	
27	6501.0						2.79	
28	6507.6			0.6			2.70	
29	6508.7			2.2			2.71	
30	6510.2						2.84	
31	6511.9						2.77	
32	6514.9			8.9			2.82	
33	6515.4	0.02		17.1			2.82	
34	6516.8	0.02		11.3			2.81	
35	6520.4						2.73	
36	6526.5	<0.01	<0.01	0.4			2.70	
37	6531.5						2.70	
38	6533.3						2.70	
39	6539.4			0.8			2.70	
40	6545.4						2.71	
41	6547.5	0.02		1.2			2.70	
42	6549.5			1.1			2.70	
43	6551.4						2.72	
44	6554.0	0.02		11.4			2.83	
45	6556.2			8.8			2.80	

NOTE: (1) REFER TO ATTACHED LETTER. (2) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES—NO INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS.
(3) INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY—INTERPRETATION RESERVED.

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Petroleum Reservoir Engineering
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CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS
(Figures in parentheses refer to footnote remarks)

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH FEET	PERMEABILITY MILLIDARCYs		POROSITY PERCENT	RESIDUAL SATURATION		Grain Density	REMARKS	
		HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL		OIL % VOLUME	TOTAL WATER % PORE			
		(K _A)							
46	6574.7						2.89	MADISON (CHARLES)	
47	6575.3	0.01		7.4					
48	6576.4			3.6			2.87		
49	6577.5			6.6			2.84		
50	6578.7	0.03		4.6					
51	6579.2	0.22	0.34	11.8			2.80		
52	6583.6	0.44	0.03	15.4			2.80		
53	6585.8						2.77		
54	6586-87			WHOLE CORE ANALYSIS					
55	6587.7	0.15		12.8			2.81		
56	6591.5						2.77		
57	6594.5	<0.01		2.6					
58	6602.7	0.13		9.5			2.81		
59	6604.5	0.53		13.3					
60	6607.6	0.60	0.63	15.8			2.80		
61	6610.3	1.0	1.1	18.8			2.79		
62	6614.5	5.0	5.9	24.0			2.80		
63	6616-17.5			WHOLE CORE ANALYSIS					
64	6620.0			4.2			2.76		
65	6622.1			2.7			2.73		
66	6624.4	<0.01		2.4			2.71		
67	6624.6	<0.01		5.5			2.63		
68	6626.5			2.6			2.71		
69	6629.3			2.3			2.70		
70	6632.8			1.3			2.69		
71	6635.8			1.1			2.69		
72	6637.7			1.4			2.70		
73	6640.5	<0.01		2.7			2.69	MADISON (MISSION CANYON)	
74	6644.5			2.2					
75	6644.8	<0.01	<0.01	4.3			2.69		
76	6646.5	<0.01	<0.01	4.4			2.68		
77	6649.5	0.01		2.3					
78	6651.9	<0.01	<0.01	2.3			2.68		
79	6653.9	0.01	<0.01	2.4					
80	6654.2	0.02	0.01	2.8					
81	6655.6	<0.01		3.0					
82	6657.7	0.32		9.4					
83	6657.9	0.01		4.7					

NOTE:
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CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS

(Figures in parentheses refer to footnote remarks)

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH FEET	PERMEABILITY MILLIDARCS		POROSITY PERCENT	RESIDUAL SATURATION			Grain Density	REMARKS
		HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL		OIL % VOLUME	% PORE	WATER % PORE		
		(K_A)							
84	6658.8	<0.01	1.6*	4.1			2.68	MADISON (MISSION CANYON)	
85	6659.6	0.01		4.2					
86	6660.3	0.01		3.7					
87	6662.0	0.01		3.5					

*VERTICAL FRACTURE IN PERMEABILITY PLUG

NOTE:
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CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS

(Figures in parentheses refer to footnote remarks)

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH FEET	PERMEABILITY MILLIDARCTS		POROSITY PERCENT	RESIDUAL SATURATION		Grain Density	REMARKS	
		HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL		OIL % VOLUME	TOTAL WATER % PORE			
		(K _v)							
124	7087.7	0.01		4.4				MADISON (MISSION CANYON)	
125	7089.6	0.02		4.0					
126	7092.7	0.01							
127	7094.1	13	9.2	17.1					
128	7094.7			7.8					
129	7097.0			18.0					
130	7097.2			16.3					
131	7098.5	0.49		11.4					
132	7101.5			4.8					
133	7103.4			2.5					
134	7105.8	0.20		9.5					
135	7106.0	1.8	0.65	13.2					
136	7108.2	0.03	1.1	5.2			2.78		
137	7110.4	0.01		2.9					
138	7115.1	0.09		4.2					
139	7117.2	17	18	18.7			2.83		
140	7119-20	WHOLE CORE ANALYSIS							
141	7120.2	13		14.7					
142	7120.8	3.2		11.3					
143	7370.7	0.02		7.7				MADISON (LODGEPOLE)	
144	7370.9			1.1					
145	7371.9			3.7					
146	7373.0	0.03		8.0			2.78		
147	7377.5			1.5					
148	7378.6	0.02		4.8					
149	7378.8	0.01		2.8					
150	7382.4			2.7					
151	7382.7	0.01		1.7					
152	7384.6	*	*	*			*		
153	7386.4						2.81		
154	7386.8	0.02		6.2					
155	7396.0						2.73		
156	7397.3			18.2					
157	7399.9	0.09		8.6					

*UNSUITABLE FOR ANALYSIS

NOTE:

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CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS
(Figures in parentheses refer to footnote remarks)

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH FEET	PERMEABILITY MILLIDARCYs		POROSITY PERCENT	RESIDUAL SATURATION		Grain Density	REMARKS
		HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL		OIL % VOLUME	TOTAL WATER % PORE		
								(K _z)
194	7668.0			7.0				DEVONIAN (THREE FORKS - JEFFERSON)
195	7670.2	0.03		8.6				
196	7672.2	0.16		10.9				
197	7673.5			3.1				
198	7674.0						2.82	
199	7675.6						2.82	
200	7679.0	0.01		3.2				
201	7682.1			4.5				
202	7685.8	0.55		3.7				
203	7688.4	0.01		3.2				
204	7689.6			3.1				
205	7691.4			2.8				
206	7691.8			5.7				
207	7693.8	0.01	0.01	6.0				
208	7696.0						2.72	
209	7697.7	0.02		6.8				
210	7698.6			2.3				
211	7700.1			0.7				
212	7701.7			3.4				
213	7704.3	0.36		6.0				
214	7706.2	0.01		6.0				
215	7709.0	0.13	0.16	11.5			2.81	
216	7709.3			11.2				
217	7709.5			8.4				
218	7710.4	0.02		5.0				
219	7712.1	1.3		8.3				
220	7713.0						2.66	
221	7714.2						2.85	
222	7714.8			8.5				
223	7717.6			0.9				
224	7717.9	0.01	0.01	1.6				
225	7721.9			4.6				
226	7722.7	0.01		1.3				
227	7726.9	0.02	0.02	10.6			2.80	
228	7727.5	1.9		5.2				
229	7728.7			2.4				
230	7730.0			2.7				

NOTE: (1) REFER TO ATTACHED LETTER (2) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES—NO INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS
 (3) INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY—INTERPRETATION RESERVED

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CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS

(Figures in parentheses refer to footnote remarks)

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH FEET	PERMEABILITY MILLIDARCYs		POROSITY PERCENT	RESIDUAL SATURATION		Grain Density	REMARKS
		HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL		OIL % VOLUME	WATER % PORE		
		(K _A)						
264	7800.9	0.10	0.06	6.4				
265	7807.3	14	22	10.4			2.80	
266	7808.6-09.7				WHOLE CORE ANALYSIS			
267	7810.0	170	143	24.3			2.82	
268	7810.4	3.8	1.7	13.4			2.79	
269	7811.1	0.06		10.9				
270	7812.3	3.7	4.8	14.5			2.85	
271	7814.7	1.5	2.3	11.6				
272	7818.3	0.71	0.92	10.1			2.82	
273	7822.0	0.01		7.1				
274	7824.2	0.07		8.4			2.71	
275	7827.5	4.1	2.3	24.0				
276	7829.4	0.03		11.8				
277	7835.8	0.11	0.01	14.2				
278	7836.8	0.02		9.0				
279	7837.5			9.4				
280	7842.5	31	0.37	10.7				
281	7844.1			1.7				
282	7847.5	8.6		16.6				SILURIAN (INTERLAKE)
283	7849.8	0.04	VF	7.4			2.85	
284	7851.9	0.03		6.8				
285	7854.2	0.06		6.6				
286	8217.5			14.7				RED RIVER
287	8217.7	5.3	4.6	21.9				
288	8219.0	1.8		12.7				
289	8220.2	135	128	23.8			2.81	
290	8222.7	33	31	21.7			2.81	
291	8224.2	31	33	22.3				
292	8227.7	134	112	28.1			2.81	
293	8234.0	167	89	28.7			2.82	

VF = VERTICAL FRACTURE

NOTE:
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 Location _____ Remarks WHOLE CORE ANALYSIS

CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS

(Figures in parentheses refer to footnote remarks)

SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH FEET	PERMEABILITY MILLIDARCY		POROSITY PERCENT	RESIDUAL SATURATION		VERT. PERVS.	Grain Density	REMARKS
		MAX.	90°		OIL % VOLUME % PORE	TOTAL WATER % PORE			
4	4351.5-53.5	1.6	1.4	12.0	0.0	52.3	0.06	2.81	NEWCASTLE SANDSTONE
15	4900.0-00.5	54	53	18.5	0.0	*	9.8	2.88	MINNELUSA
54	6586.0-87.0	0.16	(0.08)	3.2	0.0	29.3	<0.01	2.83	MADISON (CHARLES)
63	6616.0-17.5	38	37	24.8	0.0	63.5	22	2.88	MADISON (CHARLES)
97	6731.4-33.9	1677	1341	26.4	0.0	39.9	291	2.68	MADISON (MISSION CANYON)
140	7119.0-20.0	3.6	3.1	15.0	0.0	68.2	0.31	2.88	MADISON (MISSION CANYON)
159	7402.0-03.0	1.8	1.8	24.5	0.0	*	0.14	2.86	MADISON (LODGEPOLE)
180	7643.2-44.7	56	55	24.0	0.0	12.9	12	2.68	MADISON (LODGEPOLE)
266	7808.6-09.7	0.14	0.08	7.7	0.0	*	<0.01	2.87	DEVONIAN (THREE FORKS-JEFFERSON)

*SAMPLE DRIED OUT

#HORIZONTAL FRACTURE

NOTE:
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Hydrologic testing

Seventeen conventional drill-stem tests and packer-swabbing tests were made in the open hole (table 2). Thirteen of these tests give clues to pressure heads of water in the intervals tested, but in the other four tests pressure heads were not obtained because of tool malfunction, ruptured packers, or bypass around lower packers. Also, numerical values of pressure heads in 6 of the 13 tests are questionable because of tool malfunction, very low permeability, or bypass around lower packers. Flowing water was obtained during seven of the tests, but the rates of flow from two of them are not representative of the zone tested because of bypass around lower packers.

Intervals for testing with packers were selected after preliminary interpretation of geophysical logs and examination of cores. Primary considerations were the presence of interstitial and (or) fracture porosity, suitable hole diameter, and a representation of each of the major rock types and formations penetrated in the hole. The intervals tested (6,593-9,394 ft below Kelly bushing) covered approximately 60 percent of the Paleozoic section below the 9-5/8-in casing.

Three types of inflatable packer tools were used during the testing. The first four tests were made using conventional straddle drill-stem testing tools on 4-1/2-in drill pipe (fig. 7). Tests 5 and 17 were made using dual seal production-injection packers on 2-7/8-in EUE 8-round tubing (fig. 8), and the remaining tests were made using a modified version of a dual-seal straddle treating and testing tool on 2-7/8-in EUE 8-round tubing (fig. 9). The straddle treating and testing tool was used for most tests because drilling mud and muddy water entering the parts of the tool from the interval isolated by packers could be removed from the tubing by swabbing. Lowering the head on the interval by swabbing often induced water to flow to the surface. After collecting water samples from producing intervals, the packers were deflated and the tool reset to test other intervals, higher or lower in the hole, without making a trip out of the hole.

After completing all packer tests, and spotting cement plugs from 9,378-9,086 ft and 8,884-8,422 ft below land surface, a well head (fig. 5) was installed. Drilling mud was removed from the hole and the well began to flow. It flowed about 44 gal/min through a 2-in valve in the well head with about 3 lb/in² back pressure. Measured at the well head, the shut-in pressure was 333 lb/in². The temperature of water was about 48°C.

Table 2 summarizes the drill-stem and packer-swabbing tests made in Madison test well 2 and indicates the test data that are included in this report.

Table 2.--Summary of drill-stem-test data

[Kelley bushing (KB) is 16 ft above land surface (LS) and 2,809 ft above sea level. A constant of 2.307 was used to convert shut-in pressure to feet of head. SIP₁ Initial shut-in pressure. SIP₂ Second shut-in pressure.]

Test	Formation	Interval (ft below KB)	Shut-in pressure (lb/in ₂)	Depth to pressure recorder (ft below KB)	Discharge or flow (gal/min)	Remarks
1	Newcastle Sandstone	4,300-4,680	1,540	4,270	-----	Bottom-hole temperature (BHT) 129° F (54°C). Water level (head) 701 ft below LS.
2	Minnelusa-----	6,138-6,248	-----	6,143	-----	BHT 152°F (67°C). Packer seat failed.
*3	-----do-----	6,134-6,244	2,956	6,139	-----	BHT 165°F (74°C). Head 696 ft above LS.
4	Lakota Sandstone---	4,898-4,916	1,820	4,903	-----	BHT 127°F (53°C). Head 688 ft below LS.
5	Precambrian-----	9,300-9,394	-----	9,310	-----	Pack failed.
6a	Flathead Sandstone (gas show)	9,238-9,262	4,149 (?)	9,255	-----	Interval has very low permeability.
7	Flathead Sandstone and Precambrian	9,238-9,394	-----	9,255	-----	Interval has very low permeability.
8	Red River	8,115-8,335	3,899 (?)	8,135	10 to 0	Head calculation not valid because of bypass around lower packer after about 150 min of flow.
9	-----do-----	8,030-8,250	-----	-----	-----	Lower packer ruptured.
*10	-----do-----	8,115-8,355	SIP ₁ 3,849 SIP ₂ 3,848 SIP ₁ 315 SIP ₂ 326	8,125 8,125 2 ft above KB 2 ft above KB	18 to 13	Temperature of fluid at surface 114°F (46°C). Head based on down-hole pressure gauge, 768-771 ft above LS. Head based on surface pressure gauge, 745-770 ft above LS.
*11	Devonian (undiff- ferentiated) and Interlake	7,775-8,015	3,752 (?) SIP ₁ 312 SIP ₂ 317	7,785 2 ft above KB 2 ft above KB	10 to 8	Temperature of fluid at surface 103°F (39°C). Head based on down-hole pressure gauge, 887 ft above LS. Head based on surface pressure gauge, 738-749 ft above LS.
12	Madison (Charles)	6,449-6,689	3,292 (?)	6,450	-----	Interval tested twice; no effective permeability.

Table 2.--Summary of drill-stem-test data--Continued

[Kelley bushing (KB) is 16 ft above land surface (LS) and 2,809 ft above sea level. A constant of 2,307 was used to convert shut-in pressure to feet of head. SIP₁ Initial shut-in pressure. SIP₂ Second shut-in pressure.]

Test	Formation	Interval (ft below KB)	Shut-in pressure (lb/in ₂)	Depth to pressure recorder (ft below KB)	Discharge or flow (gal/min)	Remarks
*13	Madison (Mission Canyon)	6,814-7,054	3,303 340	6,824 2 ft above KB	5	Temperature of fluid at surface 93°F (34°C). Head based on down-hole pressure gauge, 812 ft above LS. Head based on surface pressure gauge, 802 ft above LS.
*14a	Madison (lower part of Mission Canyon and upper part of Lodgepole)	7,064-7,304	3,421 340	7,075 2 ft above KB	9	Temperature of fluid at surface 106°F (41°C). Head based on down-hole pressure gauge, 833 ft above LS. Head based on surface pressure gauge, 802 ft above LS.
15	Madison (Lodgepole)	7,305-7,545	3,568 (?)	7,325 (?)	-----	Head based on down-hole pressure chart, 922 ft above LS.
16	Madison (basal part of Lodgepole) and upper part of Devonian	7,525-7,765	3,575 (?)	7,536	25 to 0	Bypass around lower packer. Reset packers 10 ft higher and tested; had bypass around lower packer again.
*17	Winnipeg Sandstone to Precambrian	8,520-9,394	4,038 317	8,535 2 ft above KB	50	Temperature of fluid at surface 153°F (67°C). Head based on down-hole pressure gauge, 797 ft above LS. Head based on surface pressure gauge, 749 ft above LS.

* Original drill-stem-test data included in report.

(?) Numerical value is of questionable reliability.

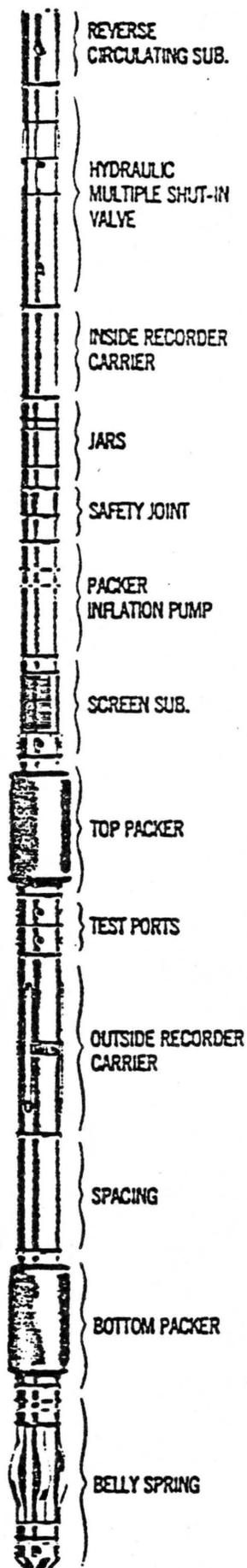
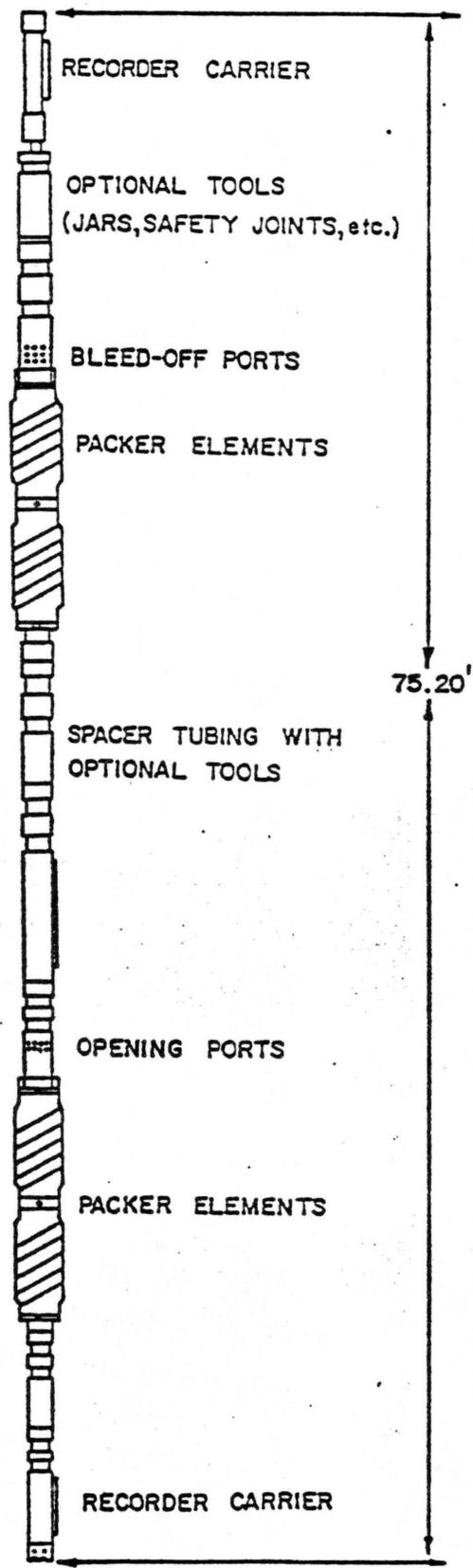


Figure 7.--Inflatable straddle packer tool for conventional drill-stem tests. (Courtesy Lynes, Inc., Houston, Texas)



SPACER TUBING, etc., BETWEEN PACKER ELEMENTS
WAS EXTENDED TO 240 FEET FOR MOST TESTS

Figure 8.—Dual seal inflatable straddle packer tool used on tubing.
(Courtesy Lynes, Inc., Houston, Texas)

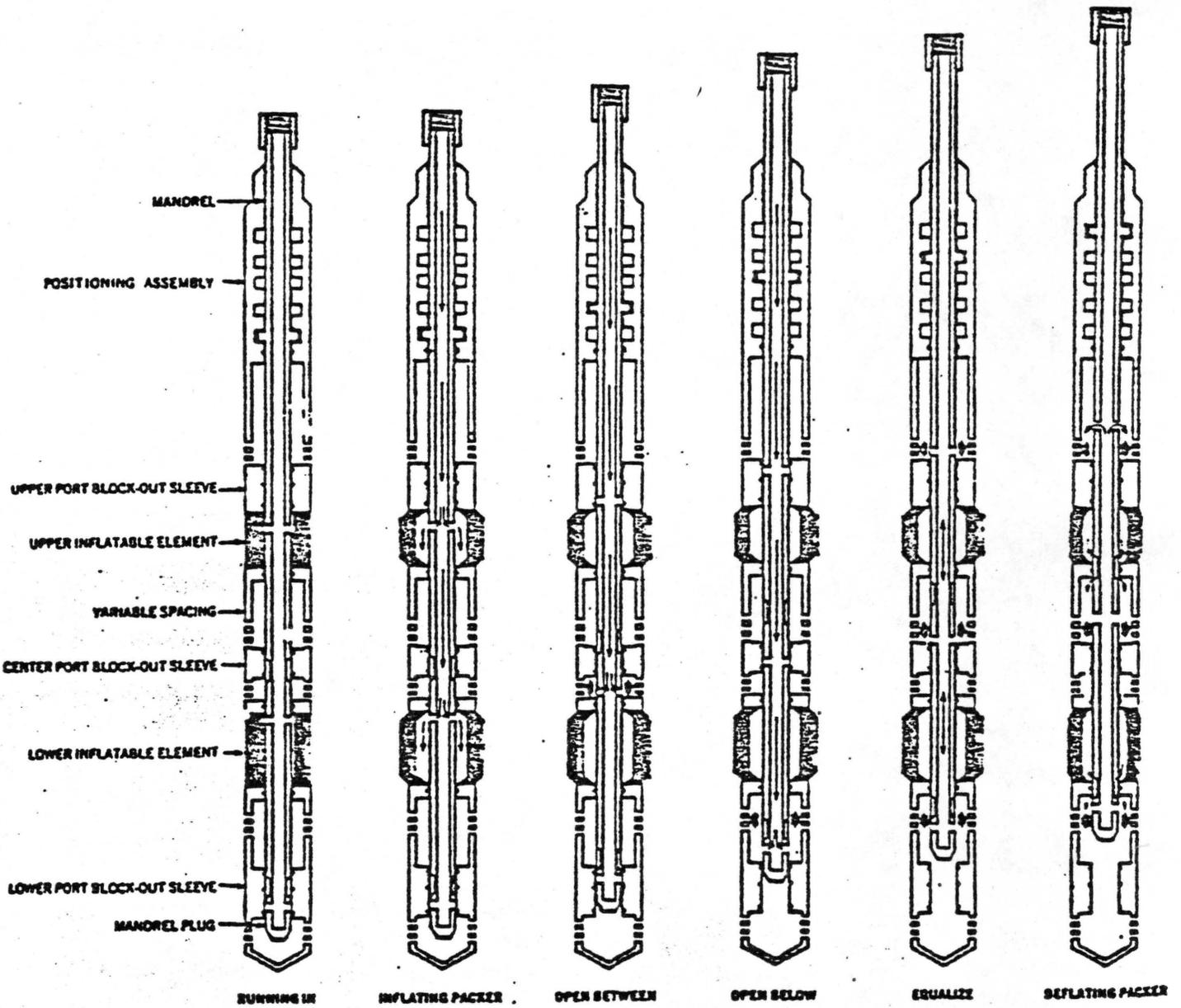


Figure 9.--Inflatable straddle packer used in open hole or casing.
 (Courtesy Lynes, Inc., Houston, Texas)

DRILL-STEM TESTS

Phone
522-1206 Area 303

LYNES, INC.

Box 712
Sterling, Colo. 80751

Contractor Anderson Drln. Co.
Rig No. 8
Spot SE-SE
Sec. 18
Twp. 1 N
Rng. 54 E
Field Wildcat
County Custer
State Montana
Elevation 2809' "K.B."
Formation Minnelusa

Top Choke 1/2"
Bottom Choke 9/16"
Size Hole 8 1/2"
Size Rat Hole --
Size & Wt. D. P. 4 1/2" 16.60
Size Wt. Pipe --
I. D. of D. C. 2 1/2"
Length of D. C. 361'
Total Depth 6567'
Interval Tested 6134-6244'
Type of Test Inflate
Straddle

Flow No. 1 15 Min.
Shut-in No. 1 30 Min.
Flow No. 2 30 Min.
Shut-in No. 2 60 Min.
Flow No. 3 60 Min.
Shut-in No. 3 270 Min.

Bottom
Hole Temp. 165°F
Mud Weight 9.3
Gravity --
Viscosity --

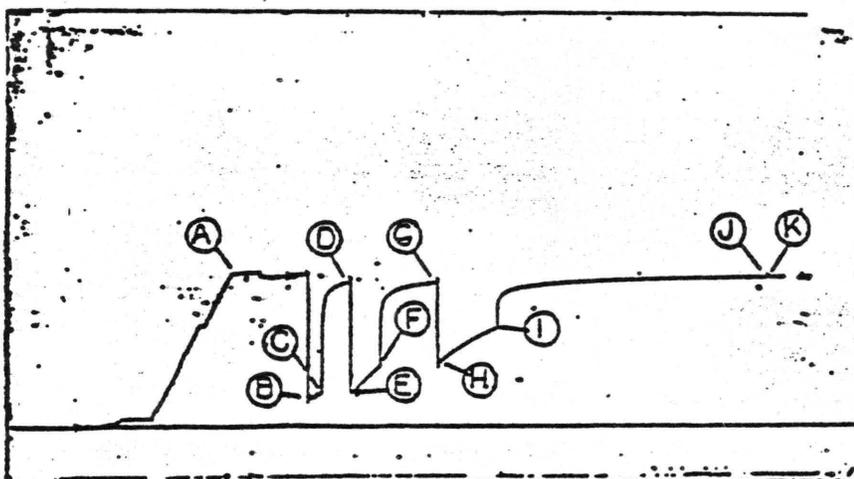
Tool opened @ 11:10 PM.

Outside Recorder

PRD Make Kuster K-3
No. 6381 Cap. 8000 @ 6139'

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	2983
Final Hydrostatic	K	2960
Initial Flow	B	568
Final Initial Flow	C	693
Initial Shut-in	D	2920
Second Initial Flow	E	689
Second Final Flow	F	1207
Second Shut-in	G	2912
Third Initial Flow	H	1267
Third Final Flow	I	1950
Third Shut-in	J	2903

Our Tester: Paul Robbins
Witnessed By: Don Brown



Did Well Flow - Gas No Oil No Water No
RECOVERY IN PIPE: 4200' Saltwater = 56.28 bbl.

REMARKS:

- 1st Flow- Tool opened with fair blow, increased to strong blow after 3 minutes and remained thru flow period.
- 2nd Flow- Tool opened with fair flow, increased to strong blow after 3 minutes and remained thru flow period.
- 3rd Flow- Tool opened with fair blow, increased to strong blow after 3 minutes and remained thru flow period. Flow gauged at 10 psig. on 1/2" choke.

Address See Distribution

Operator U.S.C.S.

Well Name and No. Haddison #2

Ticket No. 3219

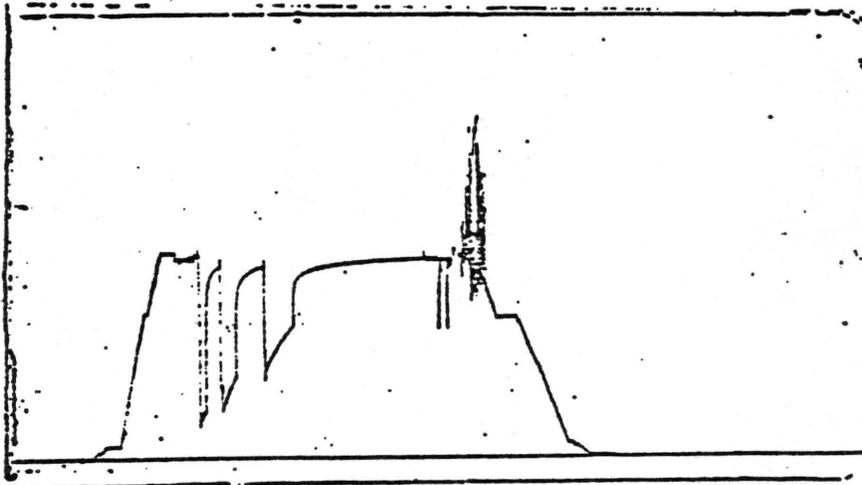
Date 1-23-77

No. Final Copies 6

DST No. 3

LYNES, INC.

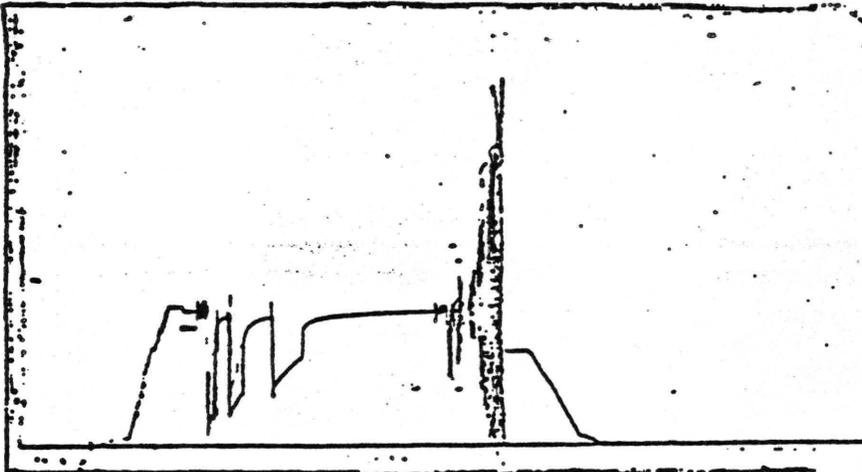
Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison#2 DST No. 3



Outside Recorder

PRD Make Kuster K-3
 No. 8692 Cap. 6200 @ 6139'

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	2977
Final Hydrostatic	K	2956
Initial Flow	B	583
Final Initial Flow	C	711
Initial Shut-in	D	2927
Second Initial Flow	E	685
Second Final Flow	F	1222
Second Shut-in	G	2820
Third Initial Flow	H	1287
Third Final Flow	I	1959
Third Shut-in	J	2905
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To		



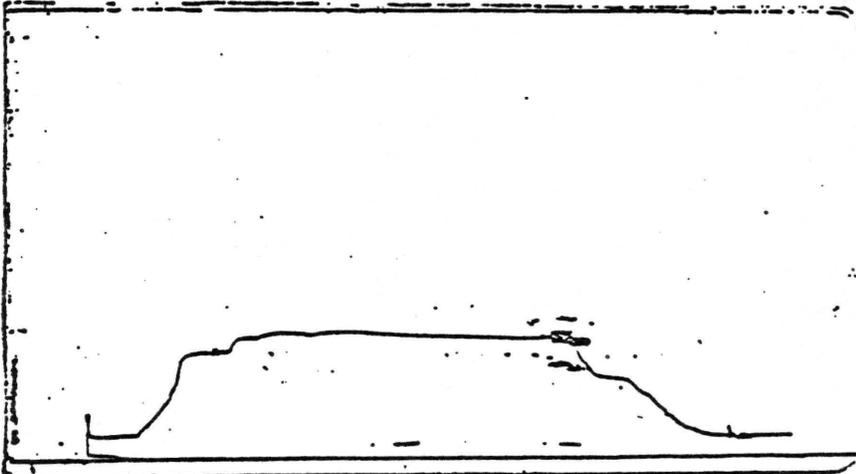
Inside Recorder

PRD Make Kuster K-3
 No. 9064 Cap. 9000 @ 6106'

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	2960
Final Hydrostatic	K	2954
Initial Flow	B	561
Final Initial Flow	C	691
Initial Shut-in	D	2915
Second Initial Flow	E	688
Second Final Flow	F	1195
Second Shut-in	G	2811
Third Initial Flow	H	1281
Third Final Flow	I	1951
Third Shut-in	J	2911
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To		

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison #2 DST No. 3



PRD Make Kuster K-3T
 No. 12355 Cap 35-249 @ 6139'

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	
Final Hydrostatic	K	
Initial Flow	B	
Final Initial Flow	C	
Initial Shut-in	D	
Second Initial Flow	E	
Second Final Flow	F	
Second Shut-in	G	
Third Initial Flow	H	
Third Final Flow	I	
Third Shut-in	J	

Maximum temperature = 165°F

Pressure Below Bottom
Packer Bled To

PRD Make _____
 No. _____ Cap. _____ @ _____

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	
Final Hydrostatic	K	
Initial Flow	B	
Final Initial Flow	C	
Initial Shut-in	D	
Second Initial Flow	E	
Second Final Flow	F	
Second Shut-in	G	
Third Initial Flow	H	
Third Final Flow	I	
Third Shut-in	J	

Pressure Below Bottom
Packer Bled To

LYNES, INC.

Fluid Sample Report

Date 1-23-77 Ticket No. 3219
Company U.S.G.S.
Well Name & No. Madison #2 DST No. 3
County Custer State Montana
Sampler No. -- Test Interval 6134-6244'

Pressure in Sampler 35 PSIG BHT 165 OF

Total Volume of Sampler: 3000 cc.
Total Volume of Sample: 3000 cc.
Oil: None cc.
Water: None cc.
Mud: 3000 cc.
Gas: None cu. ft.
Other: None

Resistivity

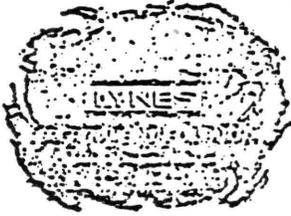
Water: _____ @ _____ of Chloride Content _____ ppm.

Mud Pit Sample _____ @ _____ of Chloride Content _____ ppm.

Gas/Oil Ratio _____ Gravity _____ °API @ _____ OF

Where was sample drained On Location

Remarks: Tool was open momentarily upsetting packer, causing sampler to fill with mud.



UNITED SERVICES

DIVISION OF LYNES, INC.

BOX 712
STERLING, COLORADO 80751
PHONE 303-522-1206

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #3 Interval: 6134-6244', in the U.S.G.S., Madison #2, SE SE Sec. 18, T1N-R54E, Custer County, Montana:

For purposes of this analysis, the following reservoir and fluid properties and test parameters have been used:

BHT = 165° F, $\mu = 1.0$ cp., $t = 105$ minutes, $h = 10$ feet (estimated).

1. Extrapolation of the Initial Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 2943 psi at the recorder depth of 6139 feet. Extrapolation of the Second Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 2917.9 psi. Extrapolation of the Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 2955.8 psi. The difference between the three extrapolated pressures is considered insignificant and is indicated to be due to the use of insufficient time for the First and Second Shut-in periods. Numerical values for the various reservoir properties shown below and on the summary pages have been calculated independently in (1) analysis of the Second Shut-in pressure build-up curve and (2) analysis of the Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve. The results described below are based upon the analysis of the Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve and comparison of these results can be made by referring to the summary page which shows the calculated results which are based on the analysis of the Second Shut-in pressure build-up curve.
2. The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 771.8 BPD, is based upon the total fluid recovery of 56.28 barrels and the total flowing time of 105 minutes.
3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 0.5 indicates that no significant well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test.

U.S.G.S., Madison #2
Interval: 6134-6244', (DST #3)

Comments - Page 2

4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of 339.2 md.-ft./cp. indicates an Average Permeability to the produced fluid of 33.92 md. for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 110 feet of interval tested.
5. The Radius of Investigation of this test is indicated by the relationship, $b = \sqrt{kt_0}$, to be about 60 feet.
6. The evaluation criteria used in the Drill-Stem-Test Analysis System indicate that the results obtained in this analysis should be reliable within reasonable limits relative to the assumptions which have been made.


Roger L. Hoeger
Consultant for Lynes, Inc.

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison #2 DST No 3

Recorder No. 6381 @ 6139'

FIRST SHUT IN PRESSUR:

TIME(MIN) PHI	(T"PHI) /PHI	PSIG
0.0	0.0000	693
3.0	6.0000	2430
6.0	3.5000	2584
9.0	2.6667	2654
12.0	2.2500	2705
15.0	2.0000	2738
18.0	1.8333	2762
21.0	1.7143	2782
24.0	1.6250	2799
27.0	1.5556	2812
30.0	1.5000	2823

EXTRAPLN OF FIRST SHUT IN : 2943 .0

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S.

Lease & No. Madison #2

DST No. 3

Recorder No. 6381 @ 6139'

SECOND SHUT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN)	(T*PHI) PHI	PSIG
0.0	0.0000	1207
6.0	8.5000	2513
12.0	4.7500	2621
18.0	3.5000	2678
24.0	2.8750	2715
30.0	2.5000	2745
36.0	2.2500	2762
42.0	2.0714	2779
48.0	1.9375	2792
54.0	1.8333	2805
60.0	1.7500	2812

EXTRAPLN OF SECOND SHUT IN : 2917.9

CALCULATIONS: SECOND SHUT IN

EXTRAP PRESS(PSIG).....	2917.9
NO OF PTS ENTERD.....	11.0
NO OF PTS U ED.....	4.0
RMS DEVIATION(PSI).....	0.003
TOTL FLO TIM(MIN).....	45.0
AVE PROD RATE(BBLS/DAY).....	771.8
TRANSMISS(MD-FT/CP).....	287.9
IN SITU CAP(MD-FT).....	287.9
AVE EFFECT PERM(MD).....	28.79
PROD INDX(BBLS/DAY-PSI).....	0.451
DAMAGE RATIO.....	0.7
PROD INDX-DAMAGE(BBLS/DAY-PSI)	0.324
RAD OF INVEST(FT).....	36.0
DRAWDOWN(PERCENT).....	0.1
POTENMETRC SURF(FT).....	3408.9

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison #2 DST No. 3

Recorder No. 6381 @ 6139'

THIRD SHUT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN) PHI	(T*PHI) /PHI	PSIG
0.0	0.0000	1950
27.0	4.8889	2738
54.0	2.9444	2795
81.0	2.2962	2826
108.0	1.9722	2849
135.0	1.7778	2862
162.0	1.6481	2876
189.0	1.5556	2883
216.0	1.4861	2893
243.0	1.4321	2899
270.0	1.3889	2903

Extrapln of Third Shut In ; 2955.8 M: 369.9

RESERVOIR PARAMETERS:

COLLAR RECOV	361.000	PIPE RECOV	3839.000	INT FLO TIM	15.000
FINL FLO TIM	60.000	MUD EXPANS	1.000	BTM HOL TMP	164.000
API GRAVITY	10.000	SPEC GRAVTY	1.000	VISCOSITY	1.000
PAY THICKNES	10.000	SUBSEA DPTH	-3330.000	WATR GRADNT	0.433

CALCULATIONS: THIRD SHUT IN

EXTRAP PRESS(PSIG).....	2955.8
NO OF PTS ENTERED.....	11.0
NO OF PTS USED.....	4.0
RMS DEVIATION(PSI).....	0.003
TOTL FLO TIM(MIN).....	105.0
AVE PROD RATE(BBLS/DAY).....	771.8
TRANSMISS(MD-FT/CP).....	339.2
IN SITU CAP(MD-FT).....	339.2
AVE EFFECT PERM(MD).....	33.92
PROD INDX(BBLS/DAY-PSI).....	0.767
DAMAGE RATIO.....	0.5
PROD INDX-DAMAGE(BBLS/DAY-PSI)	0.382
RAD OF INVEST(FT).....	59.7
DRAWDOWN(PERCENT).....	0.0
POTENMETRC SURF(FT).....	3496.3

LYNES UNITED SERVICES LTD.

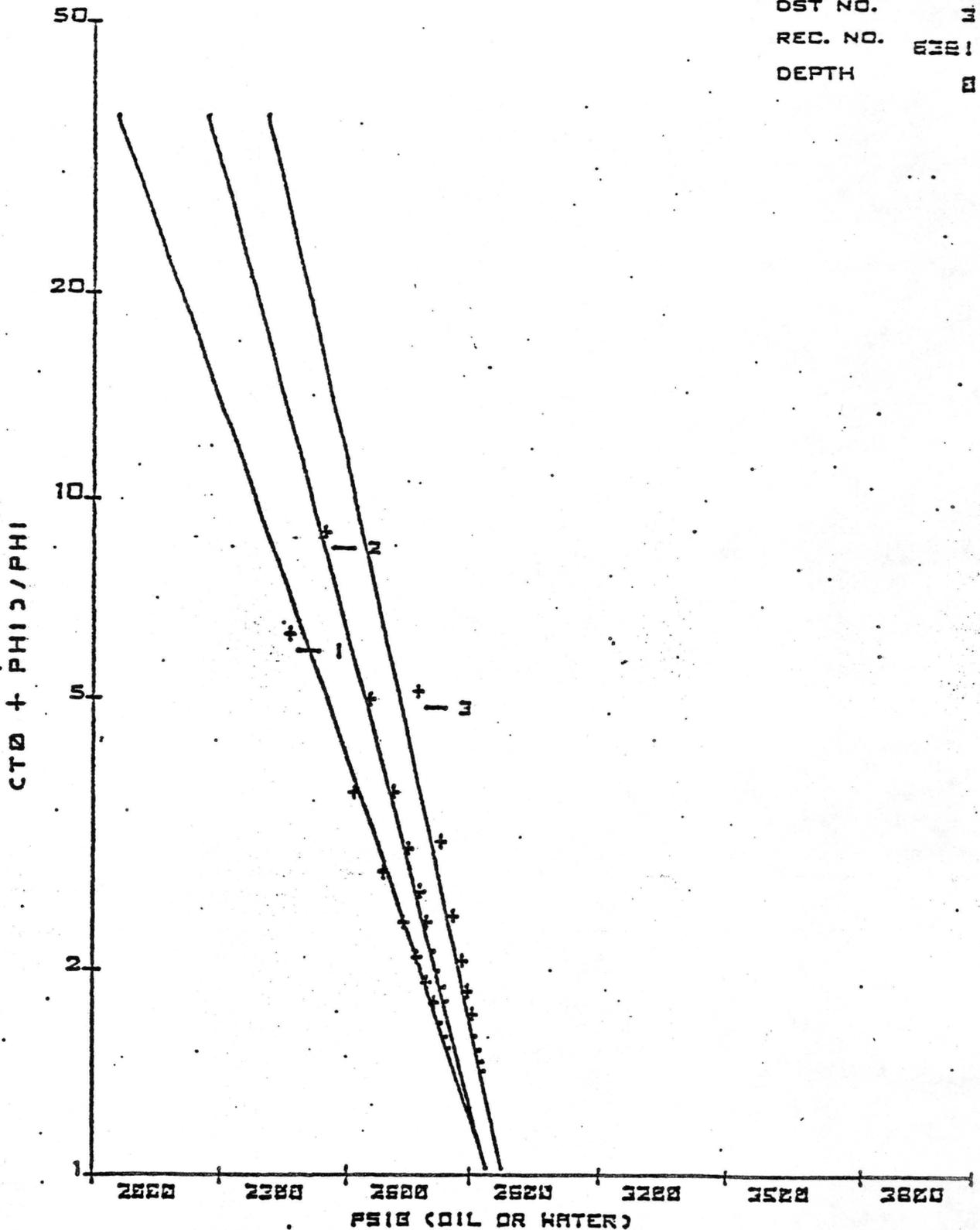
WELL:

HEBISON 2 W R K OIL CO.

LOCN:

DATE: 01-22-77

OST NO. 2
 REC. NO. 6221
 DEPTH 0



PRESSURE EXTRAPOLATION PLOT

Spot --
 Sec. 18
 Twp. 1 N
 Rng. 54 E
 Field Wildcat
 County Custer
 State Montana

Csg. Size & Grade 9 5/8"
 Tubing Size 2 7/8"
 Tool Depth 8115-8355'
 On Location @ 4-12-77 4:30 AM.
 Off Location @ 4-15-77 7:35 AM.
 Lynes Rep. Paul Robbins
 Well Owners Rep. Ellwood Bennett

Tool Description Straddle Treating & Testing Tool

Top Packer: 7 1/2" X 132" Bottom Packer: 7 1/2" X 132"

Test #10

Summary:

- 4-12-77
 5:05 AM. Moved tool to blank position and bled off pressure, then swabbed down 2500' of fluid.
- 8:55 AM. Moved tool to between position. Tool opened with a strong blow with fluid to surface in 8 minutes, let test flow over night.
- 4-13-77
 10:43 AM. Shut-in on surface.
- 1:30 PM. Reopened tool.
- 3:35 PM. Shut-in on surface.
- 5:20 PM. Reopened tool.
- 6:05 PM. Moved tool to blank position and pressured tubing to 800 psig.
- 6:25 PM. Moved tool to inflate position, bled off pressure and released packers.

Operator United States Geological Survey
 Box 25046, Denver Federal Center,
 Lakewood, Colorado 80225

Well Name and No. Madison Test Well #2
 Stop 412
 Type Tool Straddle Treating & Testing Tool

Date 4-12-77
 Ticker No. 6658

ROGER L. HOEGER
Consulting Geologist
 1780 So. Bellaire Street, Suite 301
 Denver, Colorado 80222
 (503) 759-4491

Drill-Stem-Test Pressure Analysis Report

LOCATION: T1N-R54E, Section 18	TIME OPEN: Initial: 1548 mins. Final: 125 mins.	FILE NUMBER: Special
COUNTY AND STATE: MONTANA, CUSTER	INITIAL SHUT-IN TIME: 167 minutes	I. D. NUMBER: L-6658
COMPANY: U. S. Geological Survey	FINAL SHUT-IN TIME: 105 minutes	DATE COMPUTED: 6/8/77
LEASE AND WELL NUMBER: Madison Test Well #2	TEST NUMBER: 10	DATE TESTED: 4/12/77
FORMATION TESTED: Red River	INTERVAL TESTED: 8115-8355 <small>Foot</small>	ELEVATION: KB 2809 <small>Foot</small>

RECOVER: Fluid to surface in 8 minutes of First Flow; reported flow rate range:
 13.8 gpm - 18.5 gpm.

HOLE, TOOL AND RECOVERY DATA

DRILL-PIPE CAPACITY (Barrels per foot) Test tool run	FEET OF MUD	MUD PERCENTAGE %
DRILL-COLLAR CAPACITY (Barrels per foot) on 2-7/8" tubing.	FEET OF WATER	WATER PERCENTAGE %
DRILL-COLLAR FOOTAGE (Foot)	FEET OF OTHER	OTHER PERCENTAGE %
HOLE DIAMETER (Inches) 9.625	FEET OF OIL	OIL PERCENTAGE %
PIPE FOOTAGE EQUIVALENT TO ANNULUS (Foot)	FEET OF CUSHION	FORMATION RECOVERY PERCENTAGE %
INTERVAL THICKNESS (Foot) 240.	TOTAL RECOVERY (Foot) Flowed water	AVERAGE PRODUCTION RATE (Barrels per day) 538.8
MUD WEIGHT (Pounds per gallon)	CAPACITY OF ANNULUS (Barrels)	
EFFECTIVE FLOWING TIME (Minutes) 1673.	GROSS RECOVERY VOLUME (Cm ³)	RECOVERY LESS THAN ANNULAR VOLUME (Y) <input type="checkbox"/>

GAUGE SUMMARY

RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATE
2512	8125'	-5316'

RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATE
2'	above K. B.	+2811'

A KEY POINT SUMMARY

First Flow	
INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 3337.	psig
FINAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 3584.	psig
Second Flow	
INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 3575.	psig
FINAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 3553.	psig
INITIAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE: 3808.	psig
INITIAL HYDROSTATIC MUD PRESSURE: 4130.	psig
FINAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE: 3800.	psig
FINAL HYDROSTATIC MUD PRESSURE: ---	psig

A EXTRAPOLATION SUMMARY

INITIAL (D=0) CALCULATED FROM MEASURED DATA: 10.27	10.27
NUMBER OF POINTS USED FOR INITIAL CURVE-FIT: 5.	8.
SLOPE OF INITIAL BUILD-UP CURVE: ---	psi/psig
INITIAL EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE: 3849.	psig
FINAL (D=0) CALCULATED FROM MEASURED DATA: 16.93	17.40
NUMBER OF POINTS USED FOR FINAL CURVE-FIT: 6.	9.
SLOPE OF FINAL BUILD-UP CURVE: 38.	psi/psig
FINAL EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE: 3848.	psig
* Conversion Constant of 2.30 ft. /psi used to calculate P.S. Elevation.	

A SUMMARY OF RESULTS

EFFECTIVE TRANSMISSIBILITY, k_{Dg} and ft per day 2305.5	
INDICATED AVERAGE PERMEABILITY, k_{avg} md/ft 230.6 (for est. 10' effect. ϕ)	
PRODUCTIVITY INDEX: 1.83	Barrels per day per psi
DAMAGE RATIO: 1.61	
FLOWING PRESSURE COMPARISONS	
INITIAL POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE: *3537.	Foot
Ft. of Head above K. B. 728.	727.
FINAL POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE: *3534.	Foot
Ft. of Head above K. B. 725.	752.

ROGER L. HOEGER
Consulting Geologist
1780 So. Bellaire Street, Suite 301
Denver, Colorado 80222
(303) 759-4491

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #10, Interval: 8115-8355', in the U.S. Geological Survey, Madison Test Well #2, Section 18, T1N-R54E, Custer County, Montana:

1. Extrapolation of the Initial Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 3849 psi at the recorder depth of 8125 feet. Extrapolation of the Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 3848 psi. These extrapolated pressures are equivalent to potentiometric surface elevations of +3537 feet and +3534 feet, respectively, based on the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. These potentiometric surface elevations indicate a head of water above the elevation of the Kelly Bushing (+2809') of 728 feet and 725 feet, respectively.

Extrapolation plots, using the Horner method, have been made of the shut-in pressure build-up data which were obtained by the surface pressure recorder located 2' above the K.B. The results of these extrapolations are shown on the summary page and, when converted to potentiometric surface elevations, compare very closely with those determined by the analysis of the pressure build-up data recorded by the down-hole pressure instrument.

2. The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 538.8 BPD, is based upon the reported flow rates which were gauged throughout the flowing periods used in this test. This average production rate has been used in the basic Horner equation, along with the measured slope of the extrapolation plot for the Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve, 38 psi/log cycle, as a means of calculating numerical values for the various reservoir properties shown below and on the summary page.
3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 1.61 indicates that slight well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test; however, in view of the volume-rate of production which occurred, this indicated well-bore damage may be due to the choke effect of the test tool rather than formation damage.
4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of 2305.5 md.-ft./cp. indicates an Average Permeability of 230.6 md./cp. for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 240 feet of interval tested.
5. The evaluation criteria used in the Drill-Stem-Test Analysis System indicate that the results obtained in this analysis should be reliable within reasonable limits relative to the assumptions which have been made.

PRESSURE BUILD-UP CURVE INCREMENTAL-READING DATA

Company U.S. Geological Survey
 Well Name & No. Madison Test Well #2
 Location Sec. 18, T1N-R54E, Custer County, Montana
 DST No. 10 Test Interval: 8115-8355' Formation Tested: Red River

Recorder No. 2512 Recorder Depth 8125 feet.

INITIAL SHUT-IN

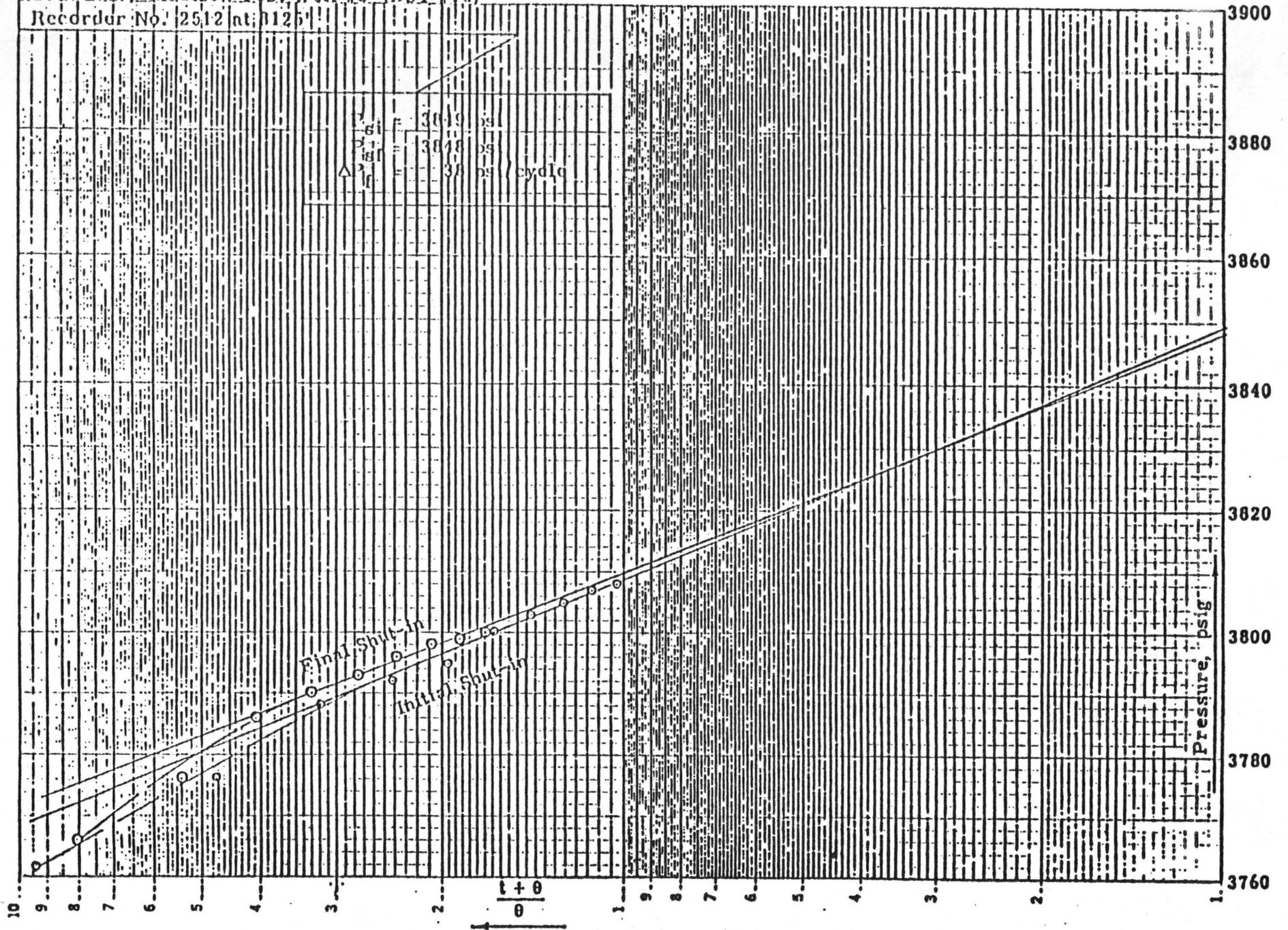
FINAL SHUT-IN

Initial Flow Time, t = 1548				Total Flow Time, t = 1673			
θ	t + θ	$\frac{t + \theta}{\theta}$	Pressure (p.s.i.)	e	t + θ	$\frac{t + \theta}{\theta}$	Pressure (p.s.i.)
16.7	1564.7	93.69	3762	10.5	1683.5	160.33	3750
33.4	1581.4	47.35	3776	21.0	1694.0	80.67	3766
50.1	1598.1	31.90	3788	31.5	1704.5	54.11	3776
66.8	1614.8	24.17	3792	42.0	1715.0	40.83	3786
83.5	1631.5	19.54	3795	52.5	1725.5	32.87	3790
100.2	1648.2	16.45	3800	63.0	1736.0	27.56	3793
116.9	1664.9	14.24	3803	73.5	1746.5	23.76	3796
133.6	1681.6	12.59	3805	84.0	1757.0	20.92	3798
150.3	1698.3	11.30	3807	94.5	1767.5	18.70	3799
167.0	1715.0	10.27	3808	105.0	1778.0	16.93	3800

U. S. G. S., Madison Test Well #2 (DST #10)

Recorder No. 2512 Int. 0125

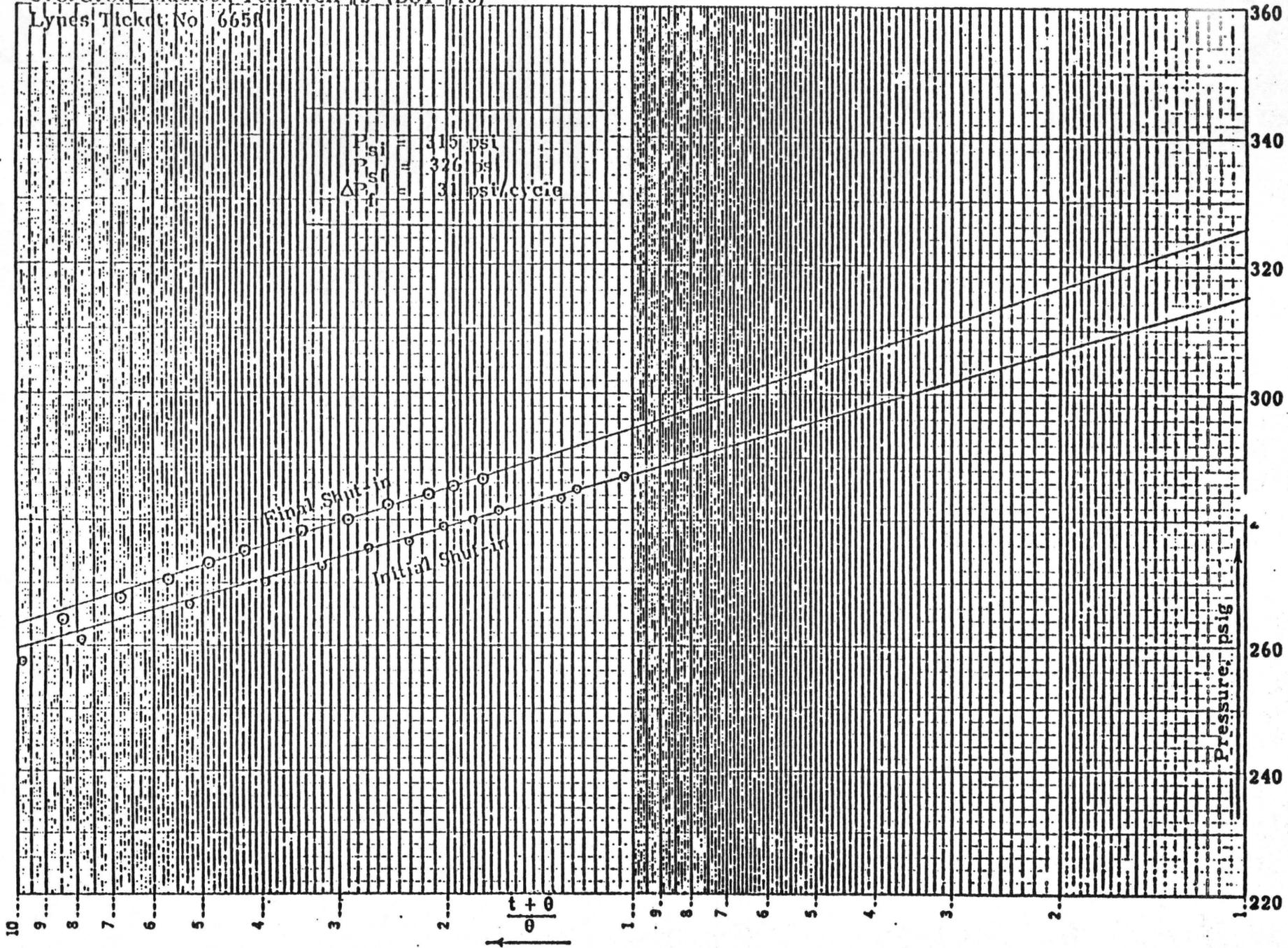
p_{si}	=	3049	ps
p_{igf}	=	3048	ps
Δp_f	=	30	ps / cycle



U. S. G. S., Madison Test Well #2 (DST #10)

Lynes Ticket No. 6658

$P_{si} = 315$ psi
 $P_{sf} = 326$ psi
 $\Delta P_r = 31$ psi/cycle



46 4970

K-E RESEARCH & SERVICE CO., MADISON TEST WELL DIVISIONS

Spot	--	Csg. Size & Grade	9 5/8"
Sec.	18	Tubing Size	2 7/8"
Twp.	1 N	Tool Depth	7775-8015'
Rng.	54 E	On Location @	4-12-77 4:30 AM.
Field	Wildcat	Off Location @	4-15-77 7:35 AM.
County	Custer	Lynes Rep.	Paul Robbins
State	Montana	Well Owners Rep.	Ellwood Bennett

Tool Description Straddle Treating & Testing Tool

Top Packer: 7 1/2" X 132" Bottom Packer: 7 1/2" X 132"

Test #11

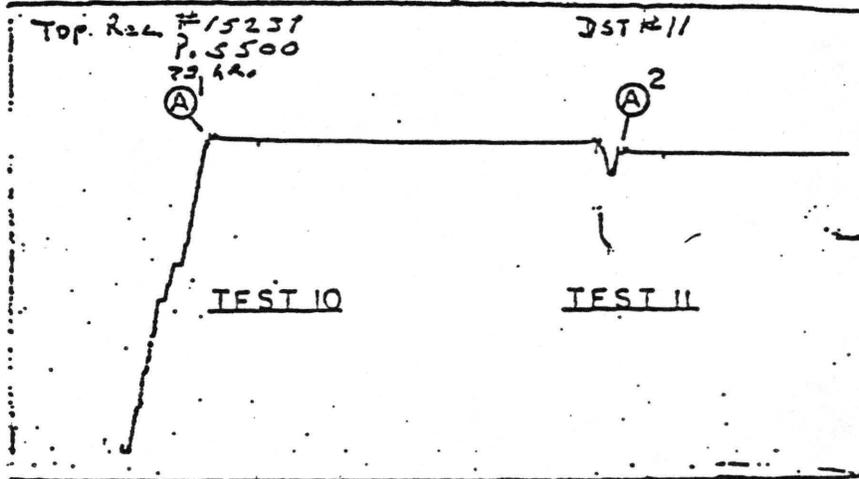
Summary:

- 4-13-77
10:00 PM. Pressured tool to 2500 psig. and moved to blank position. Bled off pressure then swabbed down 1000' of fluid.
- 4-14-77
1:07 AM. Moved tool to between position. Tool opened with weak blow, increased to strong blow after 1 minute. Fluid to surface in 22 minutes.
- 10:11 AM. Shut-in at surface.
- 11:21 AM. Opened tool and let test flow until samples cleared up. Clock ran out at 12:44 PM.
- 5:37 PM. Shut-in at surface.
- 8:37 PM. Opened tool.
- 10:05 PM. Moved tool to equalize position and let set 45 minutes.
- 10:50 PM. Moved tool to come out position. Had weight increase of 10,000 psig. indicating equalization was incomplete. Worked tubing to free, and started out of hole.
- 4-15-77
2:35 AM. Out of hole.

Operator United States Geological Survey Well Name and No. Madison Test Well #2
 Box 25046, Denver Federal Center, Stop 412
 Address Lakewood, Colorado 80225 Type Tool Straddle Treating & Testing Tool
 Ticket No. 6650 Date 4-13-77

LYNES, INC.

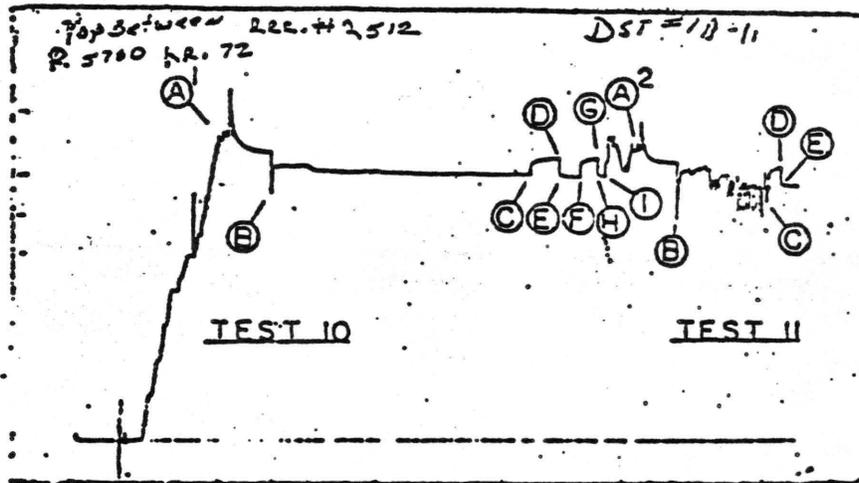
Operator U.S. Geological Survey Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2 DST No. 11



Above Interval

PRD Make - Kuster K-3
No. 15239 Cap. 5500 @ --

Press		Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3901
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	--
Final Initial Flow	C	--
Initial Shut-in	D	--
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To		

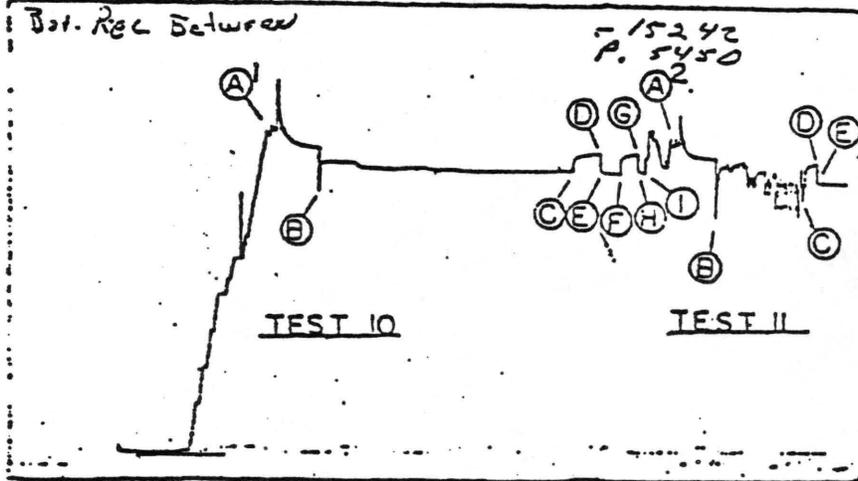


PRD Make Kuster K-3
No. 2512 Cap. 5700 @ 7785'

Press		Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3925
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	2983
Final Initial Flow	C	3406
Initial Shut-in	D	3678
Second Initial Flow	E	3421
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To		

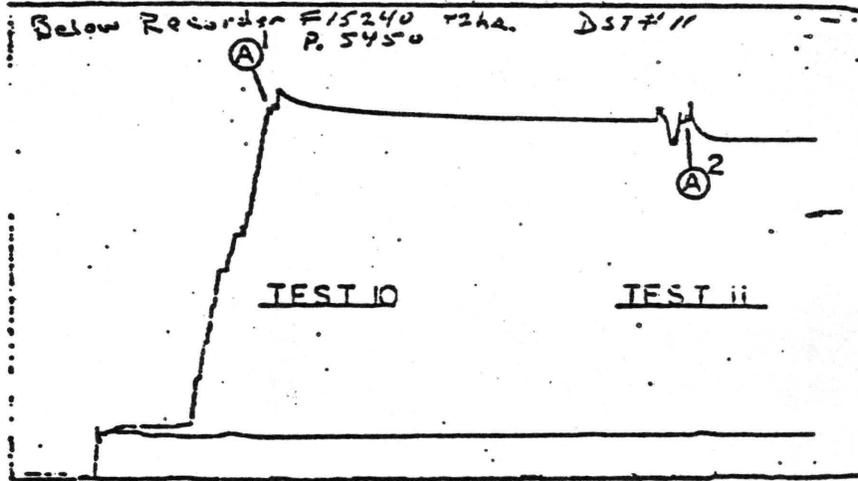
LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S. Geological Survey Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2 DST No. 11



PRD Make <u>Kuster K-3</u>		
No. <u>15242</u> Cap <u>5450</u> @ <u>--</u>		
	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3925
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	2959
Final Initial Flow	C	3413
Initial Shut-in	D	3693
Second Initial Flow	E	3422
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--

Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To



Below Interval

PRD Make <u>Kuster K-3</u>		
No. <u>15240</u> Cap <u>5450</u> @ <u>--</u>		
	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	4043
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	--
Final Initial Flow	C	--
Initial Shut-in	D	--
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--

Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To

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Drill-Stem-Test Pressure Analysis Report

LOCATION: T1N-R54E, Section 18	TIME OPEN: Initial: 544 Mins. Final: 376 Mins.	FILE NUMBER: Special
COUNTY AND STATE: MONTANA, CUSTER	INITIAL SHUT-IN TIME: 70 Minutes	L. D. NUMBER: L-6658
COMPANY: U. S. Geological Survey	FINAL SHUT-IN TIME: 180 Minutes	DATE COMPUTED: 6/6/77
LEASE AND WELL NUMBER: Madison Test Well #2	TEST NUMBER: 11	DATE TESTED: 4/13/77
FORMATION TESTED: Devonian & Silurian	INTERVAL TESTED: Foot 7775-8015	ELEVATION: Foot KB 2809

RECOVERY: Fluid to surface in 22 minutes of First Flow Period. Flowed at rate of 8 to 10 gallons per minute.

HOLE, TOOL AND RECOVERY DATA

DRILL-PIPE CAPACITY (Barrels per foot)	Test tool run	FEET OF MUD	MUD PERCENTAGE
DRILL-COLLAR CAPACITY (Barrels per foot)	on 2-7/8" tubing.	FEET OF WATER	WATER PERCENTAGE
DRILL-COLLAR FOOTAGE (Feet)		FEET OF OTHER	OTHER PERCENTAGE
HOLE DIAMETER (Inches)	9.625	FEET OF OIL	OIL PERCENTAGE
PIPE FOOTAGE EQUIVALENT TO ANNULUS (Feet)	---	FEET OF CUSHION	FORMATION RECOVERY PERCENTAGE
INTERVAL THICKNESS (Feet)	240.	TOTAL RECOVERY (Feet)	AVERAGE PRODUCTION RATE (Barrels per day)
MUD WEIGHT (Pounds per gallon)	---	CAPACITY OF ANNULUS (Barrels)	Flowed water
EFFECTIVE FLOWING TIME (Minutes)	920.	GROSS RECOVERY VOLUME (Barrels)	301.5
			RECOVERY LESS THAN ANNULAR VOLUME. (X) <input type="checkbox"/>

GAUGE SUMMARY

A	B- Surface Recorder												
<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">RECORDER NUMBER</th> <th style="width: 33%;">DEPTH</th> <th style="width: 33%;">DATUM</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2512</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7785'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-4976'</td> </tr> </table>	RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATUM	2512	7785'	-4976'	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">RECORDER NUMBER</th> <th style="width: 33%;">DEPTH</th> <th style="width: 33%;">DATUM</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">above K. B.</td> <td style="text-align: center;">+2811'</td> </tr> </table>	RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATUM	2'	above K. B.	+2811'
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2'	above K. B.	+2811'											

A KEY POINT SUMMARY	B SUMMARY OF RESULTS																																																		
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Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #11, Interval: 7775-8015', in the U.S. Geological Survey, Madison Test Well #2, Section 18, T1N-R54E, Custer County, Montana:

1. Extrapolation of the Initial Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 3752 psi at the recorder depth of 7785 feet. The chart time expired shortly after opening the tool for the Second Flow period. Consequently, a Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve was not recorded during this test. The indicated maximum reservoir pressure is equivalent to a potentiometric surface elevation of 3654' above sea level, based upon the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. This potentiometric surface elevation in turn indicates a head of water above the K.B. (+2809') of 845 feet.

Extrapolation plots, using the Horner method, for the shut-in pressure build-up data that were recorded by the surface recorder during this test indicate the following: extrapolated Initial Shut-in pressure, 311 psi and extrapolated Final Shut-in pressure, 319 psi. These extrapolated surface pressures convert to potentiometric surface elevations of +3526' and +3545' on the basis of the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. These potentiometric surface elevations indicate the following head elevations above K.B.: 717' for the Initial Shut-in and 736' for the Final Shut-in.

There is considerable difference between the calculated results which were obtained by analysis of the subsurface pressure recorder data and the surface pressure recorder data. The cause of this difference has not been discernible by the writer.

2. The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 301.5 BPD is based upon the reported flow rates which were measured during the flowing periods used in this test. This average production rate and the measured slope of the extrapolation plot for the Initial Shut-in pressure build-up curve, 78.5 psi/log cycle, have been used in the basic Horner equation to calculate numerical values for the various reservoir properties shown below and on the summary page.
3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 0.8 indicates that no significant well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test.
4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of 624.4 md.-ft./cp. indicates an Average Permeability of 62.4 md./cp. for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 240 feet of interval tested.
5. The evaluation criteria used in the DST Analysis System indicate that the results obtained in this analysis should be reliable within reasonable limits relative to the assumptions which have been made.

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2 DST No. 11

Recorder #2512 @ 7785'

FIRST SHUT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN) PHI	(T*PHI) /PHI	PSIG
0.0	0.0000	3406
7.0	78.7143	3615
14.0	39.8571	3635
21.0	26.9048	3647
28.0	20.4286	3654
35.0	16.5429	3659
42.0	13.9524	3663
49.0	12.1020	3667
56.0	10.7143	3671
63.0	9.6349	3675
70.0	8.7714	3678

EXTRAPLN OF FIRST SHUT IN : 3752.0 M : 78.5

LYNES UNITED SERVICES LTD.

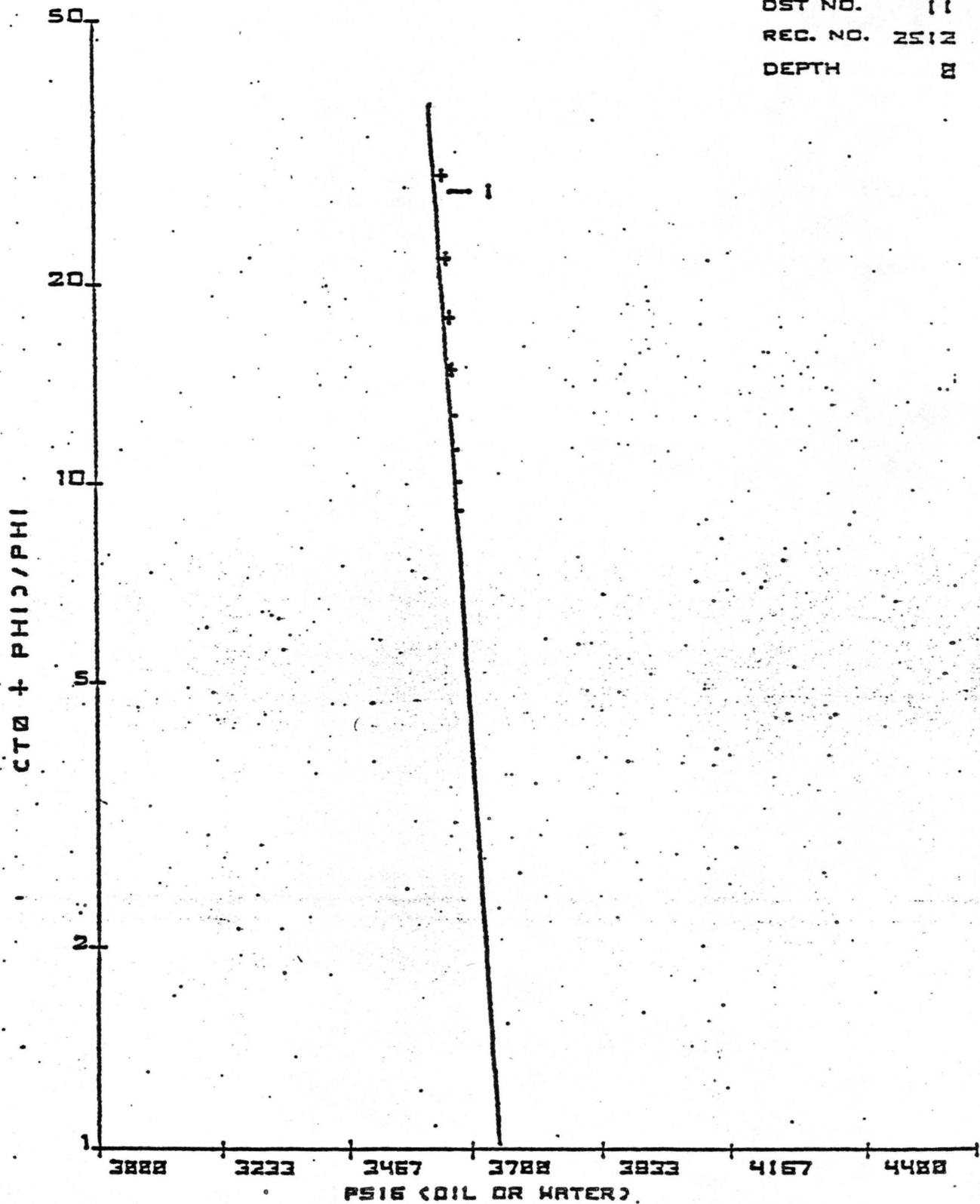
WELL:

NO 1504 Z 153

LOCN:

DATE: 5-14-77

OBT NO. 11
REC. NO. 2512
DEPTH 8



PRESSURE EXTRAPOLATION PLOT

PRESSURE BUILD-UP CURVE INCREMENTAL-READING DATA

Company U.S. Geological Survey
 Well Name & No. Madison Test Well #2
 Location Section 18, T1N-R54E, Custer County, Montana
 DST No. 11 Test Interval: 7775-8015' Formation Tested: Devonian & Silurian
 Surface
 Recorder No. ----- Recorder Depth 2' above K.B.

INITIAL SHUT-IN

FINAL SHUT-IN

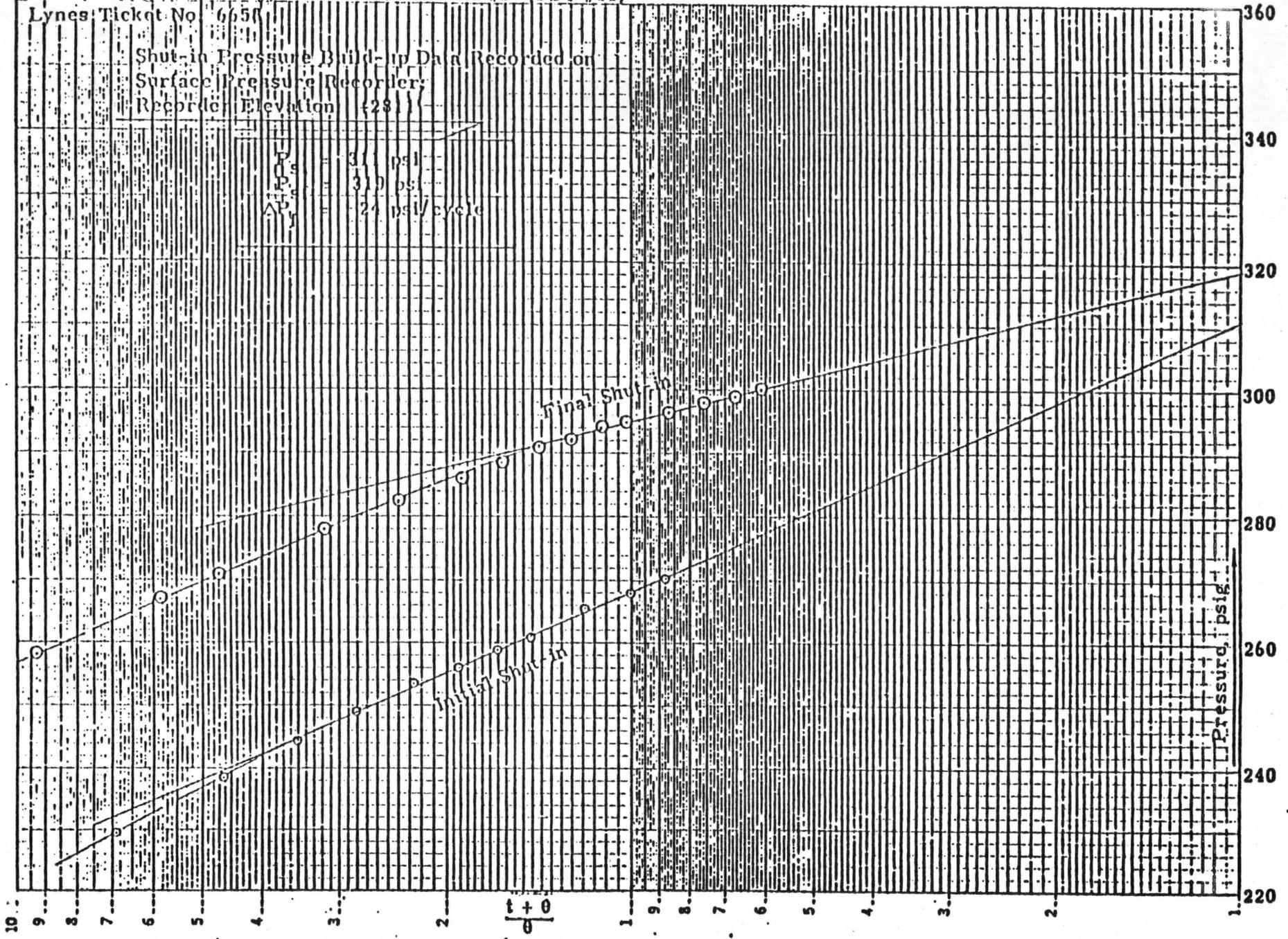
Initial Flow Time, t = 544				Total Flow Time, t = 920			
θ	t + θ	$\frac{t + \theta}{\theta}$	Pressure (p.s.i.)	θ	t + θ	$\frac{t + \theta}{\theta}$	Pressure (p.s.i.)
2	546	278.00	191.0	5	925	185.00	242.5
4	548	137.00	212.5	10	930	93.00	258.0
8	552	69.00	229.5	16	936	58.50	267.0
12	556	46.33	238.5	20	940	47.00	271.0
16	560	35.00	244.5	30	950	31.67	278.0
20	564	28.20	249.0	40	960	24.00	282.5
25	569	22.76	253.5	50	970	19.40	286.0
30	574	19.13	256.0	60	980	16.33	288.5
35	579	16.54	259.0	70	990	14.14	291.0
40	584	14.60	261.0	80	1000	12.50	292.0
50	594	11.88	265.5	90	1010	11.22	294.0
60	604	10.07	268.0	100	1020	10.20	295.0
70	614	8.77	270.5	120	1040	8.67	296.5
				140	1060	7.57	298.0
				160	1080	6.75	299.0
				180	1100	6.11	300.0

U. S. Geological Survey, Madison Test Well #2 (DST #11)

Lynes Ticket No. 6650

Shut-in Pressure Build-up Data Recorded on
Surface Pressure Recorder;
Recorder Elevation (2811)

P_{si} = 311 psig
 P_{sg} = 319 psig
 ΔP_{si} = 24 psig/cycle



Spot <u>--</u>	Csg. Size & Grade <u>9 5/8"</u>
Sec. <u>18</u>	Tubing Size <u>2 7/8"</u>
Twp. <u>1 N</u>	Tool Depth <u>6814-7054'</u>
Rng. <u>S4 E</u>	On Location @ <u>--</u>
Field <u>Wildcat</u>	Off Location @ <u>--</u>
County <u>Custer</u>	Lynes Rep. <u>Paul Robbins</u>
State <u>Montana</u>	Well Owners Rep. <u>Ellwood Bennett</u>

Tool Description Straddle Treating & Testing Tool
Top Packer 7 3/8" X 136" Bottom Packer 7 1/2" X 136"

Test #13

Summary:

4-16-77

5:05 AM. Inflated packers, moved tool to blank position and swabbed 1000' from surface.

7:15 AM. Moved tool to between position. Tool opened with a strong blow, fluid to surface in 35 minutes. Flowed and swabbed well for 19 hours.

4-17-77

2:03 AM. Shut-in at surface for 182 minutes.

5:05 AM. Opened at surface and well flowed immediately, flowed for 45 minutes.

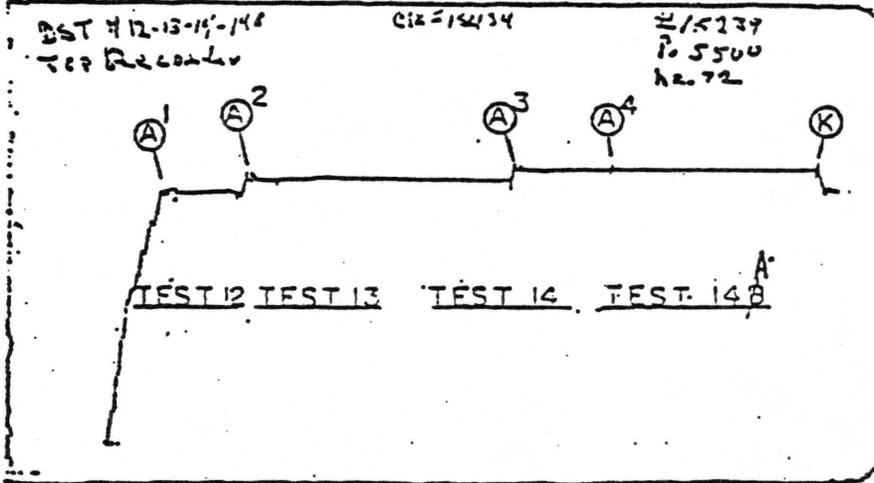
Operator **United States Geological Survey** Well Name and No. **Madison Test Well #2** Date **4-16-77**
 Address **Box 25046, Denver Federal Center, Stop 412** Type Tool **Straddle Treating & Testing Tool** Ticket No. **6660**
Lakewood, Colorado 80225

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S.

Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2

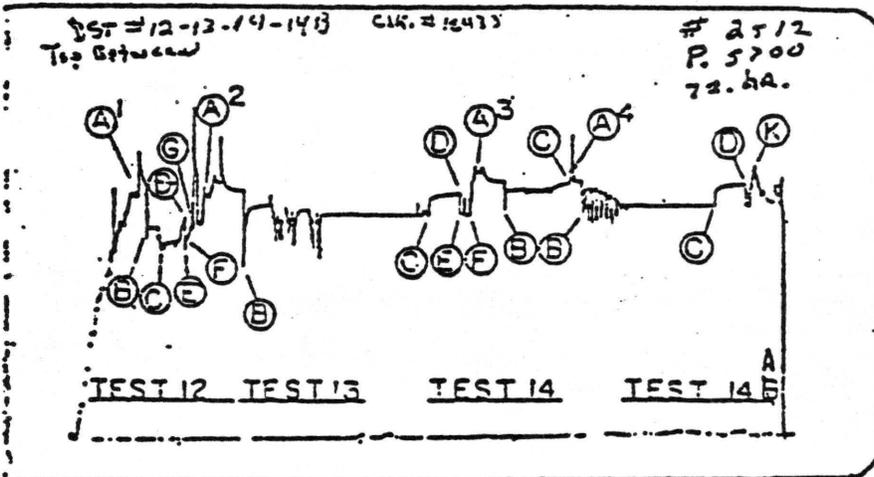
DST No. 13



Above Interval

PRD Make Kuster K-3
 No. 15239 Cap. 5500 @ _____

Press		Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3441
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	--
Final Initial Flow	C	--
Initial Shut-in	D	--
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To		

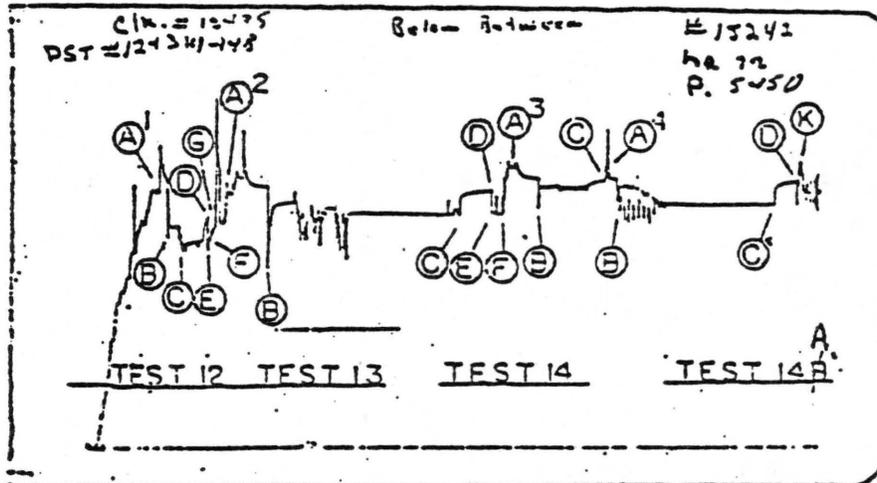


PRD Make Kuster K-3
 No. 2512 Cap. 5700 @ 6924'

Press		Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3231
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	2300
Final Initial Flow	C	2967
Initial Shut-in	D	3267
Second Initial Flow	E	2990
Second Final Flow	F	2969
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To		

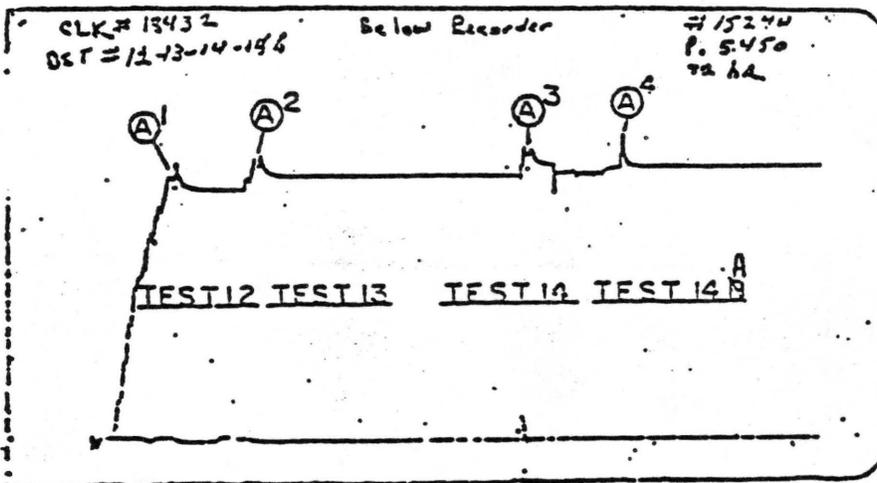
LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2 DST No. 13



PRD Make Kuster K-3
No. 15242 Cap. 5450 @ --

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3229
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	2309
Final Initial Flow	C	2268
Initial Shut-in	D	3268
Second Initial Flow	E	2991
Second Final Flow	F	2975
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To		



Below Interval

PRD Make Kuster K-3
No. 15240 Cap. 5450 @ --

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3539
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	--
Final Initial Flow	C	--
Initial Shut-in	D	--
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Bled To		

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Drill-Stem-Test Pressure Analysis Report

LOCATION: T1N-R54E, Section 18 SE SE	TIME OPEN: 1128 minutes	FILE NUMBER: Special
COUNTY AND STATE: MONTANA, CUSTER	INITIAL SHUT-IN TIME: 182 minutes	L. D. NUMBER: L-6660
COMPANY: U.S. Geological Survey	FINAL SHUT-IN TIME: ----	DATE COMPUTED: 4/16/77
LEASE AND WELL NUMBER: Madison Test Well #2	TEST NUMBER: 13	DATE TESTED: 6/7/77
FORMATION TESTED: Mission Canyon	INTERVAL TESTED: 6814-7054	ELEVATION: KB 2809

RECOVERY: Fluid to surface in 35 minutes. Flowed at average rate of 5 gallons per minute.

HOLE, TOOL AND RECOVERY DATA

DRILL-PIPE CAPACITY (Gallons per foot)	Test tool run	FEET OF MUD	MUD PERCENTAGE %
DRILL-COLLAR CAPACITY (Gallons per foot)	on 2-7/8" tubing.	FEET OF WATER	WATER PERCENTAGE %
DRILL-COLLAR FOOTAGE (Feet)		FEET OF OTHER	OTHER PERCENTAGE %
HOLE DIAMETER (Inches)	9.625	FEET OF OIL	OIL PERCENTAGE %
PIPE FOOTAGE EQUIVALENT TO ANNULUS (Feet)	----	FEET OF CUSHION	FORMATION RECOVERY PERCENTAGE %
INTERVAL THICKNESS (Feet)	240	TOTAL RECOVERY (Feet)	AVERAGE PRODUCTION RATE (Barrels per day)
MUD WEIGHT (Pounds per gallon)	----	CAPACITY OF ANNULUS (Gallons)	171.4
EFFECTIVE FLOWING TIME (Minutes)	1128	GROSS RECOVERY VOLUME (Gallons)	
			RECOVERY LESS THAN ANNULAR VOLUME. (X) <input type="checkbox"/>

GAUGE SUMMARY

A

RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATUM
2512	6824'	-4015'

B - Surface Recorder

RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATUM
.	2' above K. B.	+2811'

A KEY POINT SUMMARY B

First Flow	
INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 2300.	psig
FINAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 2967.	psig
Second Flow	
INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 2990.	psig
FINAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 2969.	psig
INITIAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE: 3267.	psig
INITIAL HYDROSTATIC MUD PRESSURE: 3231.	psig
FINAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE: None	psig
FINAL HYDROSTATIC MUD PRESSURE: ----	psig

A EXTRAPOLATION SUMMARY B

INITIAL (P=0)/Q CALCULATED FROM MEASURED DATA: 7.26	7.20
NUMBER OF POINTS USED FOR INITIAL CURVE-FIT: 4.	10.
SLOPE OF INITIAL BUILD-UP CURVE: 42.1	psig/cycle
INITIAL EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE: 3303.	psig
FINAL (P=0)/Q CALCULATED FROM MEASURED DATA: ----	----
NUMBER OF POINTS USED FOR FINAL CURVE-FIT: ----	----
SLOPE OF FINAL BUILD-UP CURVE: ----	psig/cycle
FINAL EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE: ----	psig
*Conversion Constant of 2.30 ft./psi used to calcu- late P.S. Elevation.	

A SUMMARY OF RESULTS B

EFFECTIVE TRANSMISSIBILITY, $k_{eff} h$: 662.0	md ft per cp
INDICATED AVERAGE PERMEABILITY, k_{avg} : 66.2	md/cp
PRODUCTIVITY INDEX: 0.51	Barrels per day per psi
DAMAGE RATIO: 1.5	
FLOWING PRESSURE COMPARISON: ----	
INITIAL POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE: *3582.	feet
Ft. of Head above K. B. 771.	
FINAL POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE: *3584.	feet
FINAL POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE: 775.	

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Denver, Colorado 80222
(303) 759-4491

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #13, Interval: 6814-7054', in the U.S. Geological Survey, Madison Test Well #2, SE SE Sec. 18, T1N-R54E, Custer County, Montana:

1. Extrapolation of the Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 3303 psi at the recorder depth of 6815 feet. This indicated maximum reservoir pressure is equivalent to a potentiometric surface elevation of 3591' above sea level, based upon the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. This potentiometric surface elevation, in turn, indicates a head of water above the K. B. (2809') of 782'.

For comparison purposes, an extrapolation plot, using the Horner method, has been made for the pressure build-up data which were recorded by the surface pressure recorder during the shut-in period. This extrapolation plot indicates a maximum pressure of 336 psi at the elevation of the surface recorder. This extrapolated pressure is equivalent to a potentiometric surface elevation of +3584', based on the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. This potentiometric surface elevation is equivalent to a head of water above the K. B. of 775'.

2. The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 171.4 BPD, is based upon the reported average flow rate of 5 gallons per minute. This average production rate and the measured slope of the extrapolation plot for the shut-in pressure build-up curve that was produced by the down-hole pressure recorder have been used in the basic Horner equation to calculate numerical values for the various reservoir properties shown below and on the summary page.
3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 1.5 indicates that slight well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test. The damage ratio implies that the production rate should have been 1.5 times greater than that which occurred if well-bore damage had not been present; however, it should be noted, in view of the fact that the well flowed throughout the flow period used in this test that the indicated well-bore damage may be due to the choke effect of the test tool rather than formation damage.
4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of 662.0 md.-ft./cp. indicates an Average Permeability of 66.2 md./cp. for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 240 feet of interval tested.
5. The evaluation criteria used in the DST Analysis System indicate that the results obtained in this analysis should be reliable within reasonable limits relative to the assumptions which have been made.

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Makison Test Well #2 DST No. 13

Recorder No. 2512 @ 6324'

FIRST SHUT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN) PHI	(T ² PHI) /PHI	PSIG
0.0	0.0000	2967
18.2	63.6374	3216
36.4	32.3187	3228
54.6	21.8791	3238
72.8	16.6593	3245
91.0	13.5275	3250
109.2	11.4396	3255
127.4	9.9482	3260
145.6	8.8297	3264
163.8	7.9597	3266
182.0	7.2637	3267

EXTRAPLN OF FIRST SHUT IN : 3303.3 M : 42.1

LYNES UNITED SERVICES LTD.

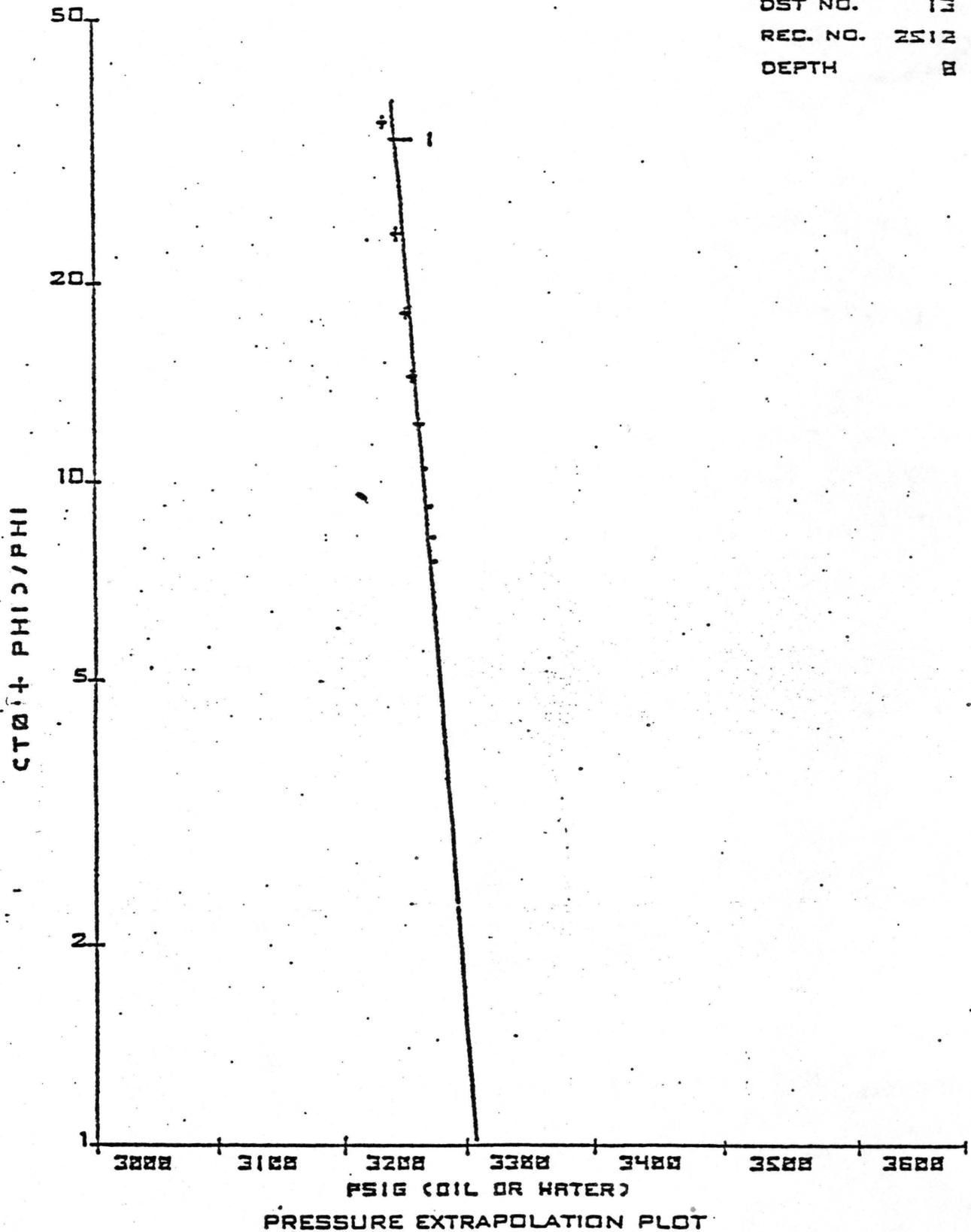
WELL:

2512 2 1555

LOCN:

DATE: 4-16-77

OST NO. 13
REC. NO. 2512
DEPTH 8



PRESSURE BUILD-UP CURVE INCREMENTAL-READING DATA

Company U. S. Geological Survey
 Well Name & No. Madison Test Well #2
 Location SE SE Sec. 18, T1N-R54E, Custer Co., Montana
 DST No. 13 Test Interval: 6814-7054' Formation Tested: Mission Canyon

Surface Recorder No. --- Recorder Depth 2' above K. B.

INITIAL SHUT-IN

FINAL SHUT-IN

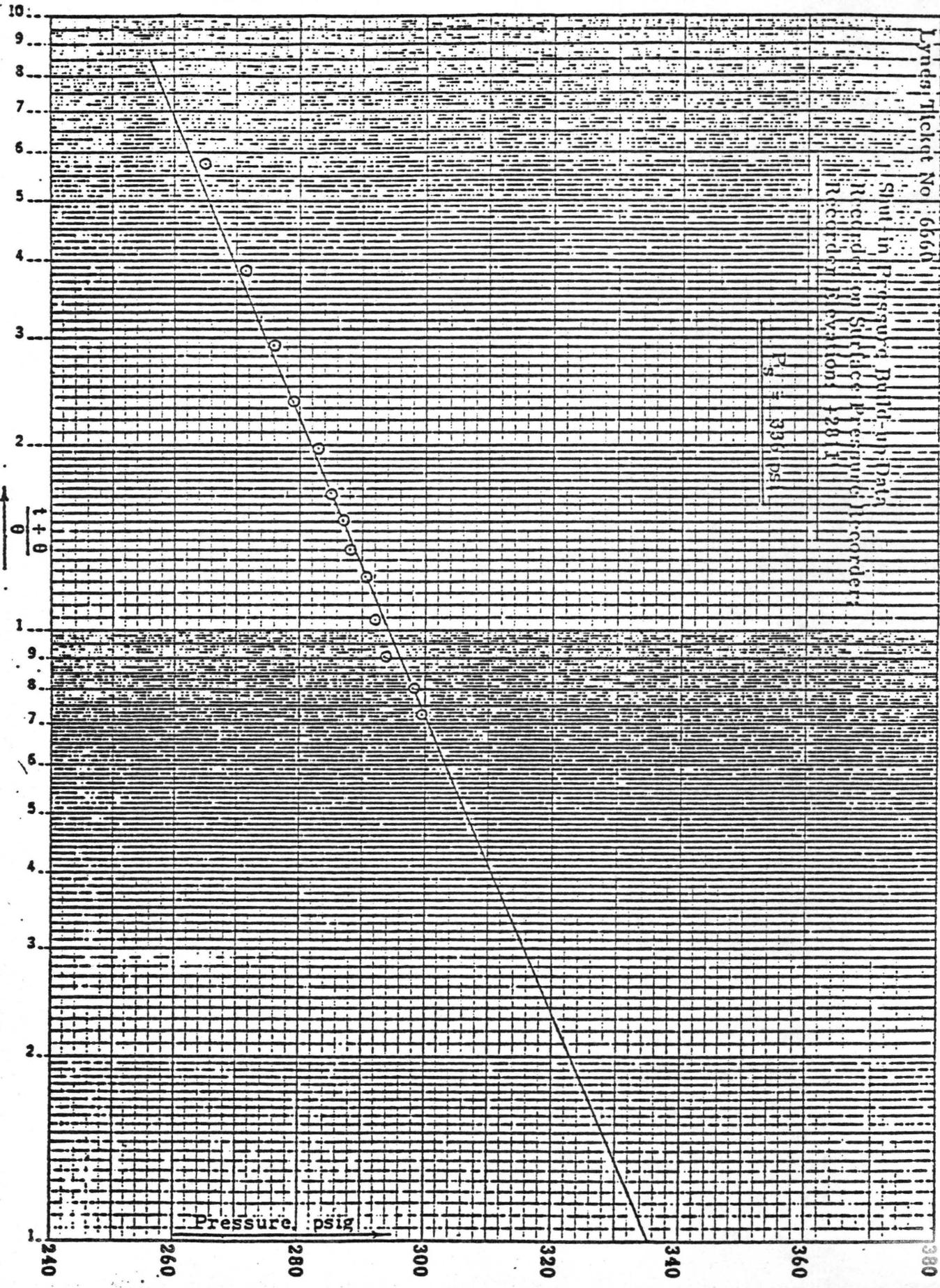
Initial Flow Time. t = 1128				Total Flow Time. t =			
θ	t + θ	$\frac{t + \theta}{\theta}$	Pressure (p.s.i.)	θ	t + θ	$\frac{t + \theta}{\theta}$	Pressure (p.s.i.)
10	1138	113.80	251.5				
20	1148	57.40	265.0				
30	1158	38.60	271.5				
40	1168	29.20	276.0				
50	1178	23.56	279.0				
60	1188	19.80	283.0				
72	1200	16.67	285.0		NONE		
80	1208	15.10	287.0				
90	1218	13.53	288.0				
100	1228	12.28	290.5				
120	1248	10.40	292.0				
140	1268	9.06	293.5				
160	1288	8.05	298.0				
180	1308	7.27	299.5				

U.S.G.S., Madison Test Well #2 (DST #13)

Lynds Ticket No. 6660

Stratigraphic Unit in Pressure Build-up Data
 Recorder on Surface Pressure (1) Recorder
 Recorder on Evaporation 120 ft

$P_s = 336$ DSI



46 4970

BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY CENTER
 UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY

Phone
522-1206 Area 303

LYNES, INC.

Box 712
Sterling, Colo.

Spot	--	Csg. Size & Grade	9 5/8"
Sec.	18	Tubing Size	2 7/8"
Twp.	1 N	Tool Depth	7064-7304'
Rng.	54 E	On Location @	--
Field	Wildcat	Off Location @	--
County	Custer	Lynes Rep.	Paul Robbins
State	Montana	Well Owners Rep.	Ellwood Bennett

Tool Description Straddle Treating & Testing Tool

Top Packer 7 3/8" X 136" Bottom Packer 7 1/2" X 136"

Test #14-A

Summary:

4-17-77

- 4:15 PM. Moved tool to blank position and inflated packers.
- 4:25 PM. Moved tool to between position. Tool opened with no blow. Began to swab and well started flowing.

4-18-77

- 8:15 AM. Shut-in at surface for 180 minutes.
- 11:40 AM. Moved tool to blank position and tripped out of hole.

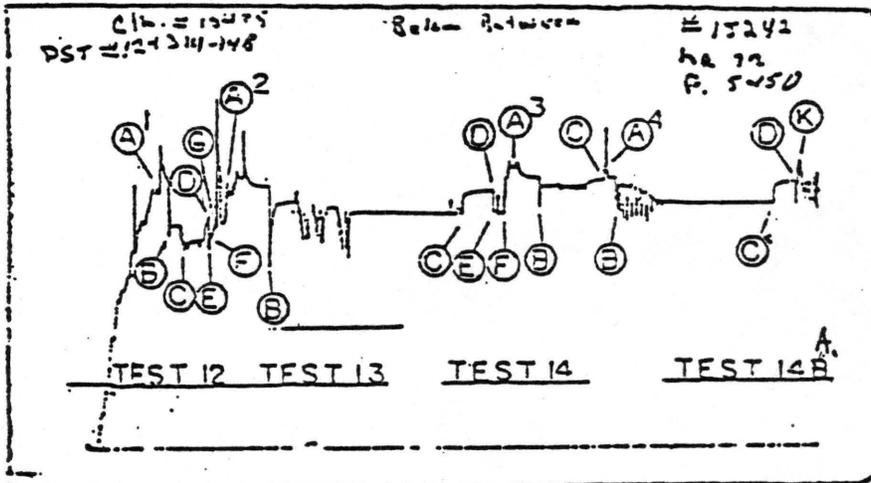
Operator United States Geological Survey Well Name and No. Madison Test Well #2
Address Box 25046, Denver Federal Center, Stop 412
Lakewood, Colorado 80225 Type Tool Straddle Testing & Treating Tool
Date 4-17-77
Ticket No. 6660

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S.

Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2

DST No. 14-A

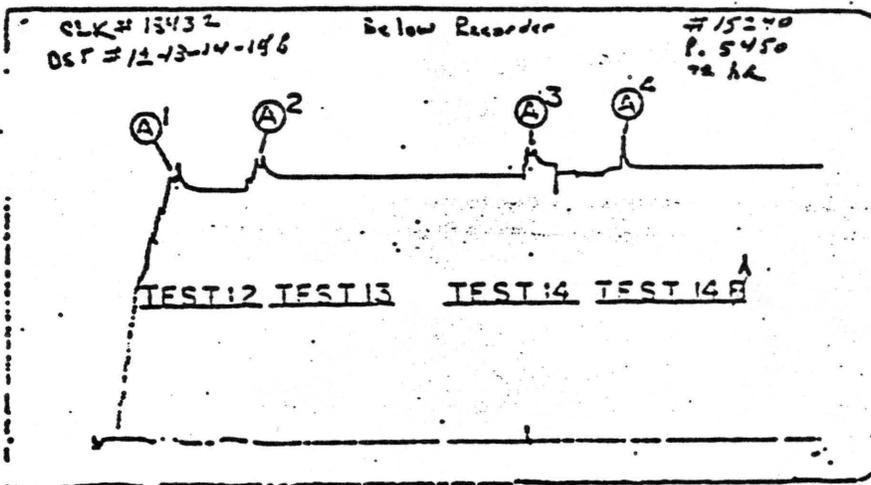


PRD Make Kuster K-3

No. 15242 Cap. 5450 @ --

Press		Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3556
Final Hydrostatic	K	3605
Initial Flow	B	3000
Final Initial Flow	C	3093
Initial Shut-in	D	3365
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--

Pressure Below Bottom
Packer Blid To



Below Interval

PRD Make Kuster K-3

No. 15240 Cap. 5450 @ --

Press		Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	3656
Final Hydrostatic	K	--
Initial Flow	B	--
Final Initial Flow	C	--
Initial Shut-in	D	--
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--

Pressure Below Bottom
Packer Blid To

ROGER L. HOEGER
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 Denver, Colorado 80222
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Drill-Stem-Test Pressure Analysis Report

LOCATION: T1N-R54E, SE SE Section 18	TIME OPEN: 950 minutes	FILE NUMBER: Special
COUNTY AND STATE: MONTANA, CUSTER	INITIAL SHUT-IN TIME: 180 minutes	L. D. NUMBER: L-6660
COMPANY: U. S. Geological Survey	FINAL SHUT-IN TIME: ---	DATE COMPUTED: 6/7/77
LEASE AND WELL NUMBER: Madison Test Well #2	TEST NUMBER: 14-A	DATE TESTED: 4/17/77
FORMATION TESTED: L. Mission Canyon & U. Lodgepole	INTERVAL TESTED: 7064-7304'	ELEVATION: KB 2809

RECOVERY: Fluid to surface after swabbing. Flowed water at average rate of 9.3 gallons per minute.

HOLE, TOOL AND RECOVERY DATA

DRILL-PIPE CAPACITY (Barrels per foot)	Test tool run	FEET OF MUD		MUD PERCENTAGE %	
DRILL-COLLAR CAPACITY (Barrels per foot)	on 2-7/8'	FEET OF WATER		WATER PERCENTAGE %	
DRILL-COLLAR FOOTAGE (Feet)	tubing.	FEET OF OTHER		OTHER PERCENTAGE %	
HOLE DIAMETER (Inches)	9.625	FEET OF OIL		OIL PERCENTAGE %	
PIPE FOOTAGE EQUIVALENT TO ANNULUS (Feet)	---	FEET OF CUSHION		FORMATION RECOVERY PERCENTAGE %	
INTERVAL THICKNESS (Feet)	240.	TOTAL RECOVERY (Feet)	Flowed water	AVERAGE PRODUCTION RATE (Barrels per day)	338.4
MUD WEIGHT (Pounds per gallon)	---	CAPACITY OF ANNULUS (Barrels)	---		
EFFECTIVE FLOWING TIME (Minutes)	950.	GROSS RECOVERY VOLUME (Barrels)	---	RECOVERY LESS THAN ANNULAR VOLUME, (%)	<input type="checkbox"/>

GAUGE SUMMARY

A	B Surface Recorder												
<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;">RECORDER NUMBER</th> <th style="width: 30%;">DEPTH</th> <th style="width: 40%;">DATUM</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2512</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7075'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">-4266'</td> </tr> </table>	RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATUM	2512	7075'	-4266'	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;">RECORDER NUMBER</th> <th style="width: 30%;">DEPTH</th> <th style="width: 40%;">DATUM</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">.</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2' above K. B.</td> <td style="text-align: center;">+2811'</td> </tr> </table>	RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATUM	.	2' above K. B.	+2811'
RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATUM											
2512	7075'	-4266'											
RECORDER NUMBER	DEPTH	DATUM											
.	2' above K. B.	+2811'											

A	KEY POINT SUMMARY	B
First Flow		
INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 2993.	---	
FINAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 3082.	---	
Second Flow		
INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE: ---	---	
FINAL FLOWING PRESSURE: ---	---	
EXTRAPOLATION SUMMARY		
INITIAL (0+0)/Q CALCULATED FROM MEASURED DATA: 6.28	6.28	
NUMBER OF POINTS USED FOR INITIAL CURVE-FIT: 5.	12.	
SLOPE OF INITIAL BUILD-UP CURVE: 66.9	37.	
INITIAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE: 3368.	310.	
INITIAL EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE: 3421.	340.	
FINAL (0+0)/Q CALCULATED FROM MEASURED DATA: ---	---	
NUMBER OF POINTS USED FOR FINAL CURVE-FIT: ---	---	
SLOPE OF FINAL BUILD-UP CURVE: ---	---	
FINAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE: None	---	
FINAL EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE: ---	---	
INITIAL HYDROSTATIC MUD PRESSURE: 3955.	---	
FINAL HYDROSTATIC MUD PRESSURE: 3608.	---	
* Conversion Constant of 2.30 ft./psi used to calculate P.S. Elevation.		

A	B
SUMMARY OF RESULTS	
EFFECTIVE TRANSMISSIBILITY, kh _{ps} 822.7	---
INDICATED AVERAGE PERMEABILITY, k _{ps} 82.3 (for 10' effect. ϕ)	---
PRODUCTIVITY INDEX: 1.0	---
DAMAGE RATIO: 0.9	---
FLOWING PRESSURE COMPARISON: ---	---
INITIAL POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE: *3602.	*3593.
Ft. of Head above K.B. 793. 784.	
FINAL POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE: ---	---

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Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #14-A, Interval: 7064-7304', in the U. S. Geological Survey, Madison Test Well #2, SE SE Section 18, T1N-R54E, Custer County, Montana:

1. Extrapolation of the Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 3421 psi at the recorder depth of 7075 feet. This indicated maximum reservoir pressure is equivalent to a potentiometric surface elevation of 3602 feet above sea level, based upon the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. This potentiometric surface elevation, in turn, indicates a head of water above the K.B. of 793 feet.

For comparison purposes, an extrapolation plot, using the Horner method, has been made for the pressure build-up data which were recorded by the surface pressure recorder during the shut-in period. This extrapolation plot indicates a maximum pressure of 340 psi at the elevation of the surface recorder. This extrapolated pressure is equivalent to a potentiometric surface elevation of +3593', based on the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. This potentiometric surface elevation is equivalent to a head of water above the K.B. of 784'. It should be noted that there is very close agreement between the potentiometric surface elevations which have been calculated on the basis of the two extrapolated pressures, that recorded by the down-hole pressure instrument and that recorded by the surface pressure recorder.

2. The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 338.4 BPD, is based upon the reported average flow rate which was measured at the surface, about 9.3 gallons per minute. This average production rate and the measured slope of the extrapolation plot for the shut-in pressure build-up curve that was produced by the down-hole pressure recorder have been used in the basic Horner equation to calculate numerical values for the various reservoir properties shown below and on the summary page.
3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 0.9 indicates that no significant well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test.
4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of 822.7 md.-ft./cp. indicates an Average Permeability of 82.3 md./cp. for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 240 feet of interval tested.
5. The evaluation criteria used in the DST Analysis System indicate that the results obtained in this analysis should be reliable within reasonable limits relative to the assumptions which have been made.

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2 DST No. 14-A

Recorder #2512 @ 7075'

FIRST SHUT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN)	(T"PHI)	PSIG
PHI	/PHI	
0.0	0.0000	3082
18.0	53.7778	3313
36.0	27.3889	3332
54.0	18.5926	3341
72.0	14.1944	3349
90.0	11.5556	3353
108.0	9.7963	3356
126.0	8.5397	3359
144.0	7.5972	3362
162.0	6.8642	3365
180.0	6.2778	3368

EXTRAPLN. OF FIRST SHUT IN : 3421.4 M : 66.9

LYNES UNITED SERVICES LTD.

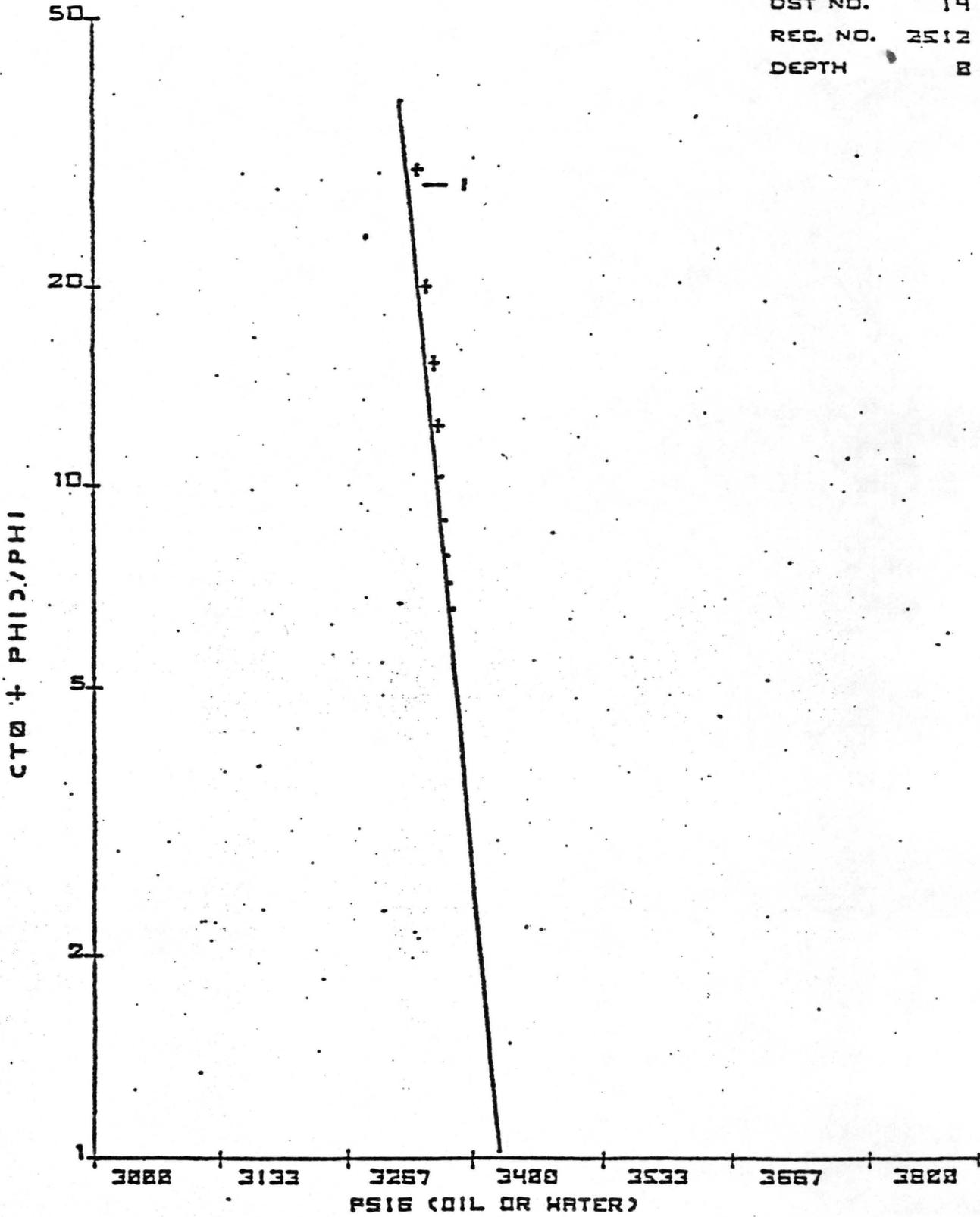
WELL:

NO. 2 USES

LOCN:

DATE: 4-17-77

DST NO. 14
REC. NO. 2512
DEPTH 8



PRESSURE EXTRAPOLATION PLOT

PRESSURE BUILD-UP CURVE INCREMENTAL-READING DATA

Company U.S. Geological Survey
 Well Name & No. Madison Test Well #2
 Location SE SE Sec. 18, T1N-R54E, Custer Co., Montana
 DST No. 14-A Test Interval: 7064-7304' Formation Tested: L. Mission Canyon
 and U. Lodgepole
 Surface Recorder No. --- Recorder Depth 2' above K.B.

INITIAL SHUT-IN

FINAL SHUT-IN

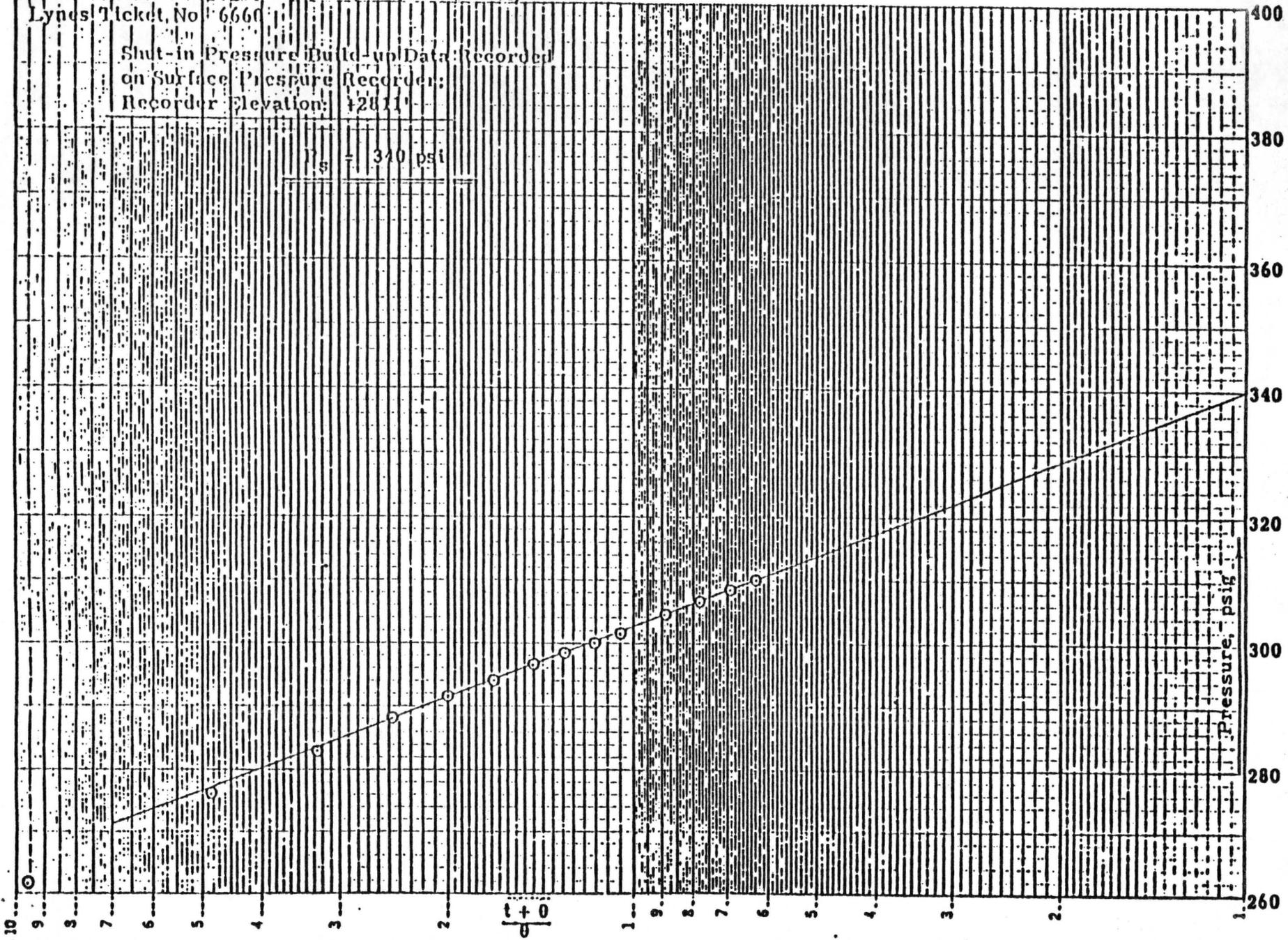
Initial Flow Time, t = 950				Total Flow Time, t =			
θ	t + θ	$\frac{t + \theta}{\theta}$	Pressure (p.s.i.)	θ	t + θ	$\frac{t + \theta}{\theta}$	Pressure (p.s.i.)
10	960	96.00	261.5				
20	970	48.50	276.0				
30	980	32.67	283.0				
40	990	24.75	288.0				
50	1000	20.00	291.5				
60	1010	16.83	294.0		NONE		
70	1020	14.57	296.5				
80	1030	12.88	298.5				
90	1040	11.56	300.0				
100	1050	10.50	301.5				
120	1070	8.92	304.5				
140	1090	7.79	306.5				
160	1110	6.94	308.5				
180	1130	6.28	310.0				

U.S.G.S., Madison Test Well #2 (DST #14-A)

Lynco Ticket No. 6660

Shut-in Pressure Build-up Data Recorded
on Surface Pressure Recorder;
Recorder Elevation: 4281'

$p_s = 340$ psi



Phone
522-1206 Area 303

LYNES, INC.

Box 712
Sterling, Colo.

Spot	--	Csg. Size & Grade	9 5/8"
Sec.	18	Tubing Size	2 7/8"
Twp.	1 N	Tool Depth	8520-9394'
Rng.	54 E	On Location @	--
Field	Wildcat	Off Location @	--
County	Custer	Lynes Rep.	Paul Robbins
State	Montana	Well Owners Rep.	Ellwood Bennett

Tool Description Single Set Production Injection Packer

Top Packer 7 1/2" X 136"

Test #17

Summary:

4-23-77

- 2:30 AM. Inflated packer with 2300 psig. at surface.
- 4:57 AM. With tool in blank position, dropped bar to open sleeve, and swabbed down 2000'.
- 5:02 AM. Opened tool below with strong blow. Fluid to surface in 9 minutes, flowing approximately 50 gallons per minute.

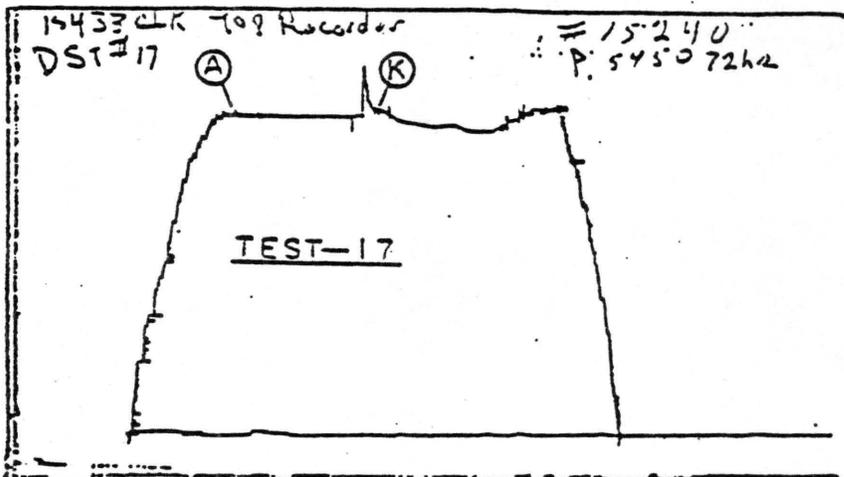
4-24-77

- 1:26 AM. Shut-in at surface for 1 hour.
- 2:26 AM. Released packer.

Operator United States Geological Survey Well Name and No. Haddison Test Well #2
Address Box 25046, Denver Federal Center, Stop 412
Lakewood, Colorado 80225 Type Tool Single Set Production Injection Packer Date 4-23-77
Ticket No. 6662

LYNES, INC.

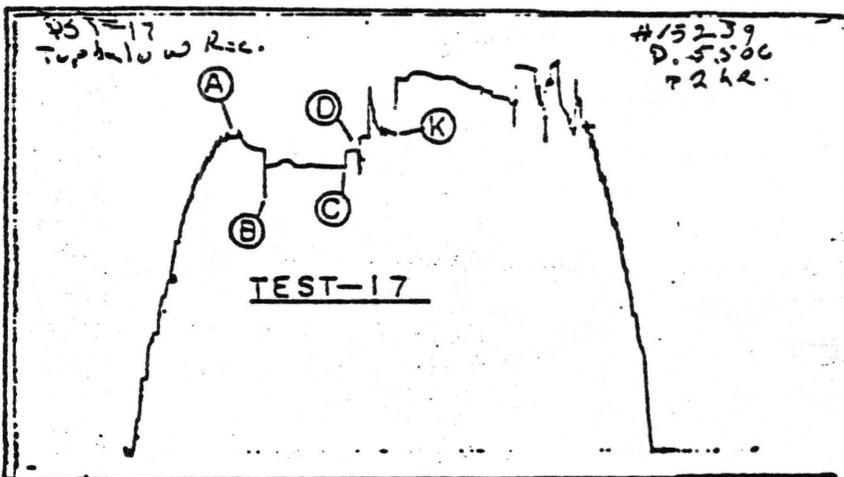
Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2 DST No. 17



Above Interval

PRD Make Kuster K-3
No. 15240 Cap. 5450 @ _____

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	4205
Final Hydrostatic	K	4244
Initial Flow	B	--
Final Initial Flow	C	--
Initial Shut-in	D	--
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Blid To		

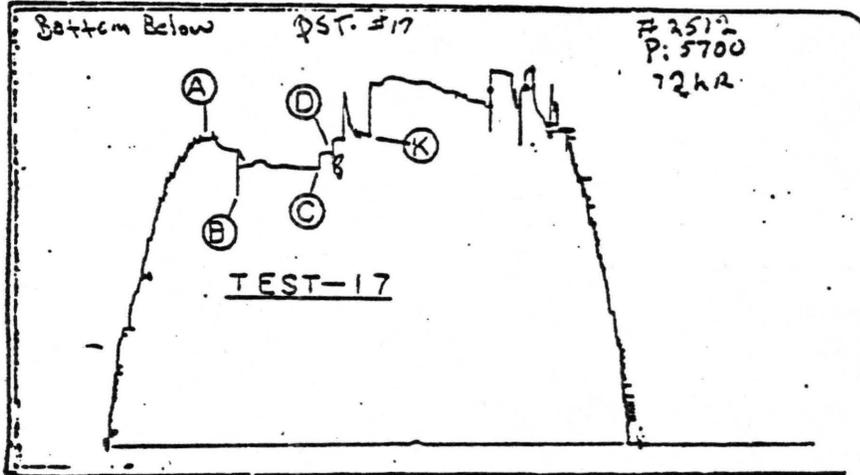


PRD Make Kuster K-3
No. 15239 Cap. 5500 @ 8528

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	4199
Final Hydrostatic	K	4215
Initial Flow	B	3402
Final Initial Flow	C	3799
Initial Shut-in	D	4027
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Blid To		

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S. Lease & No. Madison Test Well #2 DST No. 17



PRD Make Kuster K-3
 No. 2512 Cap. 5700 @ 5535'

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	4220
Final Hydrostatic	K	4239
Initial Flow	B	3433
Final Initial Flow	C	3808
Initial Shut-in	D	4029
Second Initial Flow	E	--
Second Final Flow	F	--
Second Shut-in	G	--
Third Initial Flow	H	--
Third Final Flow	I	--
Third Shut-in	J	--
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Sled To		

PRD Make _____
 No. _____ Cap. _____ @ _____

	Press	Corrected
Initial Hydrostatic	A	
Final Hydrostatic	K	
Initial Flow	B	
Final Initial Flow	C	
Initial Shut-in	D	
Second Initial Flow	E	
Second Final Flow	F	
Second Shut-in	G	
Third Initial Flow	H	
Third Final Flow	I	
Third Shut-in	J	
Pressure Below Bottom Packer Sled To		

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 Denver, Colorado 80222
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Drill-Stem-Test Pressure Analysis Report

LOCATION: T1N-R54E SE SE Section 18	TIME OPEN: 504 minutes	FILE NUMBER: Special
COUNTY AND STATE: MONTANA, CUSTER	INITIAL SHUT-IN TIME: 60 minutes	I. D. NUMBER: L-6662
COMPANY: U. S. Geological Survey	FINAL SHUT-IN TIME: None	DATE COMPUTED: 6/8/77
LEASE AND WELL NUMBER: Madison Test Well #2	TEST NUMBER: 17	DATE TESTED: 4/23/77
FORMATION TESTED: Winnipeg	INTERVAL TESTED: 8520-9394 Feet	ELEVATION: KB 2809 Feet

RECOVERY:
 Fluid to surface in 9 minutes; flowed at approximate average rate of 50 gallons per minute.

HOLE, TOOL AND RECOVERY DATA

DRILL-PIPE CAPACITY (Barrels per foot) Test tool run	FEET OF MUD	MUD PERCENTAGE	
DRILL-COLLAR CAPACITY (Barrels per foot) on 2-7/8"	FEET OF WATER	WATER PERCENTAGE	
DRILL-COLLAR FOOTAGE (Feet) tubing.	FEET OF OTHER	OTHER PERCENTAGE	
HOLE DIAMETER (Inches) 9.625	FEET OF OIL	OIL PERCENTAGE	
PIPE FOOTAGE EQUIVALENT TO ANNULUS (Feet) ---	FEET OF CUSHION	FORMATION RECOVERY PERCENTAGE	
INTERVAL THICKNESS (Feet) 874.	TOTAL RECOVERY (Feet) Flowed water	AVERAGE PRODUCTION RATE (Barrels per day)	1714.3
MUD WEIGHT (Pounds per gallon) ---	CAPACITY OF ANNULUS (Barrels) ---		
EFFECTIVE FLOWING TIME (Minutes) 504.	GROSS RECOVERY VOLUME (Barrels) ---	RECOVERY LESS THAN ANNULAR VOLUME, (%)	<input type="checkbox"/>

GAUGE SUMMARY

A		
RECORDER NUMBER 2512	DEPTH 8535'	DATUM -5726'

		B
RECORDER NUMBER 2' above K. B.		DATUM +2811'

A KEY POINT SUMMARY **B**

First Flow	
INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 3433.	psi
FINAL FLOWING PRESSURE: 3808.	psi
Second Flow	
INITIAL FLOWING PRESSURE: None	psi
FINAL FLOWING PRESSURE: None	psi
INITIAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE: 4029.	psi
309.	psi
INITIAL HYDROSTATIC MUD PRESSURE: 4220.	psi
FINAL HYDROSTATIC MUD PRESSURE: 4239.	psi

EXTRAPOLATION SUMMARY	
INITIAL (P=0) CALCULATED FROM MEASURED DATA 9.4	9.4
NUMBER OF POINTS USED FOR INITIAL CURVE-FIT: 6.	---
SLOPE OF INITIAL BUILD-UP CURVE: 9.3	---
INITIAL EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE: 4038.	317. (?)
FINAL (P=0) CALCULATED FROM MEASURED DATA ---	---
NUMBER OF POINTS USED FOR FINAL CURVE-FIT: ---	---
SLOPE OF FINAL BUILD-UP CURVE: ---	---
FINAL SHUT-IN PRESSURE: None	psi
FINAL EXTRAPOLATED PRESSURE: ---	psi
*Conversion Constant of 2.30 ft./psi used to calculate P. S. Elevation	

A SUMMARY OF RESULTS **B**

EFFECTIVE TRANSMISSIBILITY, % 29972.6	md ft per cp
INDICATED AVERAGE PERMEABILITY, μ ps 2997.3 (for est. 10' effect. δ)	md/ep
PRODUCTIVITY INDEX 7.45	Barrels per day per psi
DAMAGE RATIO 4.5	
INITIAL POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE: *3561.	feet
*3540 (?)	feet
Ft. or Head above K. B.	
752.	
731.	
INITIAL MUD PRESSURE COMPARISON: ---	%
FINAL MUD PRESSURE COMPARISON: ---	%

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Denver, Colorado 80222
(303) 759-4491

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #17, Interval: 8520-9394', in the U.S. Geological Survey, Madison Test Well #2, SE SE Sec. 18, T1N-R54E, Custer County, Montana:

1. Extrapolation of the Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of 4038 psi at the recorder depth of 8535 feet. This indicated maximum reservoir pressure is equivalent to a potentiometric surface elevation of 3561 feet above sea level, based upon the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. This potentiometric surface elevation, in turn, indicates a head of water above the K.B. of 752 feet.

For comparison purposes, an extrapolation plot, using the Horner method, has been made for the pressure build-up data which were recorded by the surface pressure recorder during the shut-in period. This extrapolation plot indicates a maximum pressure of 317 psi at the elevation of the surface recorder. This extrapolated pressure is equivalent to a potentiometric surface elevation of +3540', based on the conversion constant of 2.30 ft./psi. This potentiometric surface elevation is equivalent to a head of water above the K.B. of 731 feet.

2. The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 1714.3 BPD, is based upon the reported average flow rate of 50 gallons per minute which was recorded at the surface throughout the 504-minute flow period. This average production rate and the measured slope of the extrapolation plot for the shut-in pressure build-up curve that was produced by the down-hole pressure recorder have been used in the basic Horner equation to calculate numerical values for the various reservoir properties shown below and on the summary page.
3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 4.5 indicates that significant well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test; however, it should be noted, in view of the volume-rate of production which occurred, this indicated well-bore damage is most probably due to the choke effect of the test tool rather than formation damage.
4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of 29972.6 md.-ft./cp. indicates an Average Permeability of 2997.3 md./cp. for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 874 feet of interval tested.
5. The evaluation criteria used in the DST Analysis System indicate that the results obtained in this analysis should be reliable within reasonable limits relative to the assumptions which have been made.