

COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE AND COAL DEVELOPMENT POTENTIAL MAPS OF THE STROUD CREEK QUADRANGLE, ROSEBUD AND BIG HORN COUNTIES, MONTANA

OPEN-FILE REPORT

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PLATE 28 OF 54

EXPLANATION

which the Federal Government does not own the coal rights.

for surface mining of the coal bed (in this quadrangle,

toward the area suitable for surface mining. Recovery

factor of 85 percent within that area in this quadrangle.

COAL--Drawn along the out-

crop of coal bed or the contact between burned and unburned coal where the coal bed is 5 feet (1.5 m)

or more thick, and the 5-

foot coal isopach. Arrows point toward area of Reserve

RB R(.85) .060 .051 (Measured resources) 1.3 1.1 (Indicated resources)

— — (Inferred resources)

RESOURCES--Showing totals

for Reserve Base (RB) and Reserves (R), in millions of short tons, for each section or part(s) of section of Federal coal land within the stripping-limit line. Dash indicates no resources in that category. Reserve Base (RB) x the Recovery Factor (85 percent) = Reserves (R). Rounded to two significant

> (Measured resources) (Indicated resources)

(Inferred resources)

RESOURCES--Showing totals

for Reserve Base (RB), in

millions of short tons, for each section or part(s) of section of Federal coal land

outside the stripping-limit line. Dash indicates no resources in that category. Rounded to two significant

established for underground development of coal in this quadrangle. Therefore, Reserves (R) were not calcu-

lated for the coal bed in areas outside the stripping-

limit line where the overburden thickness exceeds

tons, multiply by 0.907.

200 feet (61 m).

Base coal.

figures.

figures.

the 200-foot-overburden isopach). Arrows point