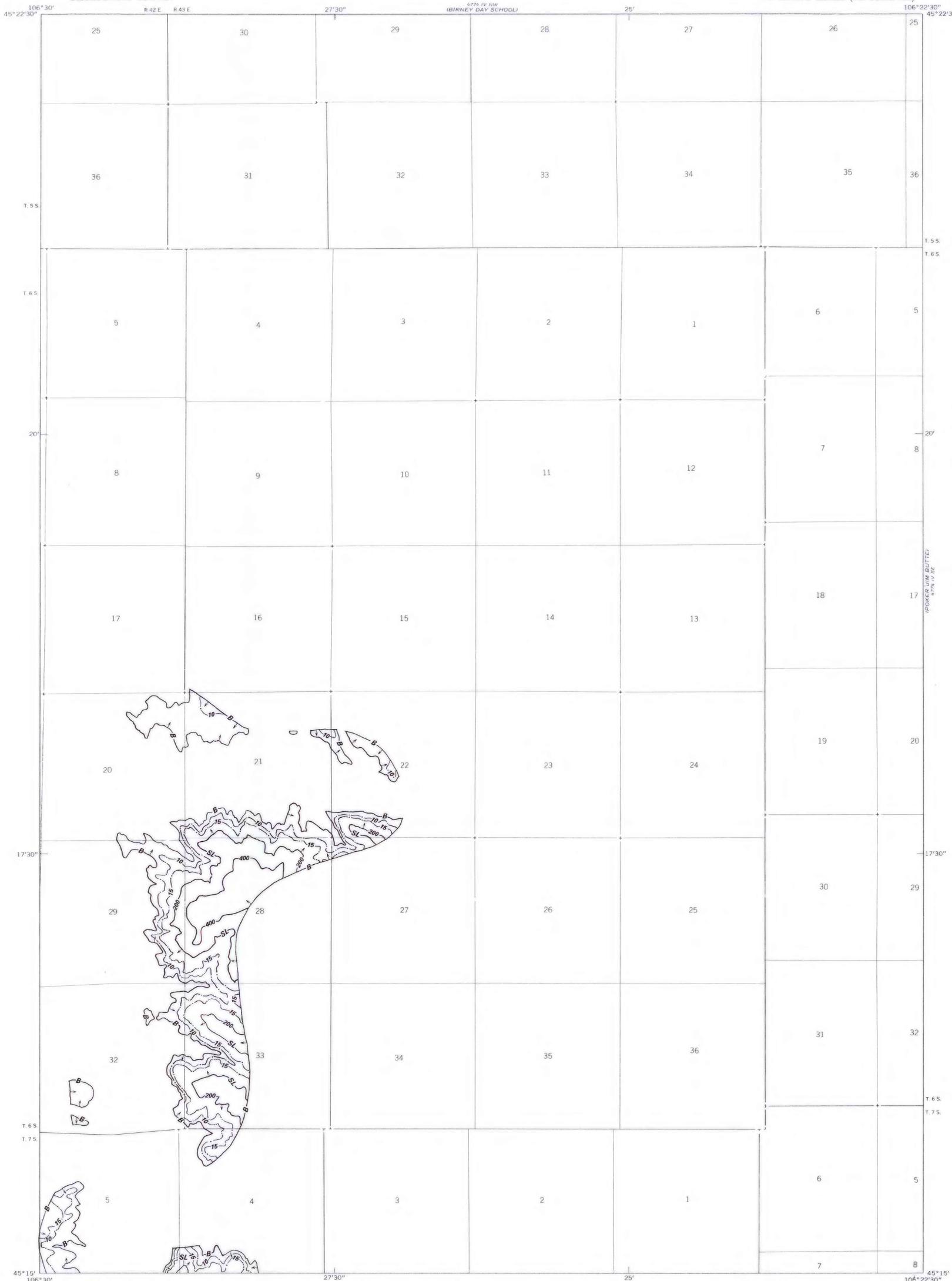


47A IV NE
(GREEN CREEK)



OPEN-FILE REPORT
This report has not been edited for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or stratigraphic nomenclature.

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PLATE 31 OF 69

EXPLANATION

200
OVERBURDEN ISOPACHS--Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the coal bed. Isopach interval 200 feet (61 m).

B
BOUNDARY OF RESERVE BASE COAL--Drawn along the outcrop of coal bed or the contact between burned and unburned coal where the coal bed is 5 feet (1.5 m) or more thick, and the 5-foot (1.5-m) coal isopach. Arrows point toward area of Reserve Base coal.

10
MINING-RATIO CONTOUR--Number indicates cubic yards of overburden per ton of recoverable coal by surface-mining methods. Contours shown only in areas within the stripping limit.

SL
STRIPPING-LIMIT LINE--Boundary for surface mining of the coal bed (in this quadrangle, the 200-foot-overburden isopach). Arrows point toward the area suitable for surface mining.

To convert cubic yards of overburden per short ton of recoverable coal to cubic meters of overburden per metric ton of recoverable coal, multiply by 0.84.

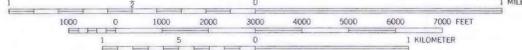
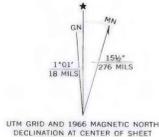
To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3.

Base from U.S. Geological Survey, 1966

SCALE 1:24 000

R. 43 E. R. 44 E.

Compiled in 1977



**COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE AND COAL DEVELOPMENT POTENTIAL MAPS OF THE
BROWNS MOUNTAIN QUADRANGLE, ROSEBUD COUNTY, MONTANA**

BY
W. J. MAPEL AND B. K. MARTIN
1978

PLATE 31
**OVERBURDEN ISOPACH AND
MINING-RATIO MAP OF
THE PAWNEE COAL BED**