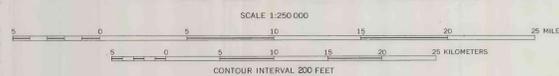
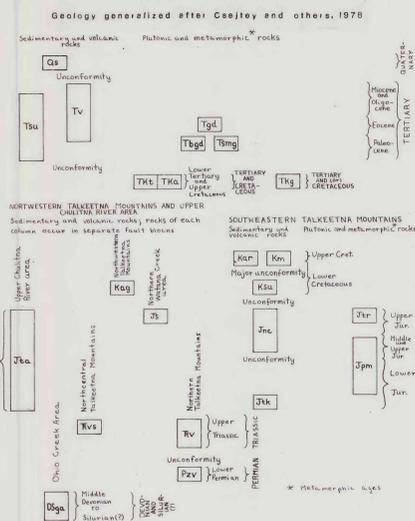


Base map from U.S. Geological Survey, 1:250,000
Talkeetna Mountains Quadrangle, Alaska, 1955



CORRELATION OF MAP UNITS



DESCRIPTION OF MAP UNITS

- Qs SURFICIAL DEPOSITS, UNDIFFERENTIATED (Quaternary).
- Tv VOLCANIC ROCKS, UNDIVIDED (Pliocene to Pleistocene) (P-Fe) and related subaerial volcanic rocks and related shallow intrusions.
- Tsu TERTIARY SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, UNDIFFERENTIATED (Pliocene to Miocene)-Terrestrial, mostly fluvial-lacustrine strata with a few lignite interbeds.
- Tgd GRANODIORITE (Eocene).
- Tbgd BIOTITE AND HORNBLENDE GRANODIORITE (Pliocene, in part early Eocene).
- Tmg SCHIST, MICA-SCHIST, AND GRANITE (Paleocene intrusive and metamorphic ages)-Rhyolitic border zone of biotite and hornblende granodiorites.
- TKa TONALITE (Upper Cretaceous and Lower Paleocene).
- TKb GRANITIC ROCKS, UNDIVIDED (Cretaceous and/or Tertiary).
- TKc ANOXIDE RIDGE FORMATION (Lower and/or Upper Cretaceous).
- TKd MOUNTAIN FORMATION (Lower and Upper Cretaceous).
- Ksu SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, UNDIVIDED (Lower Cretaceous)-Shallow marine sequence of calcareous sandstone, claystone, and massive clastic limestone.
- Kag ARGILLITE AND LITHIC GRAYWACKE (Lower Cretaceous)-Intercalated, marine, flyschlike sequence.
- Jc SEDIMENTARY AND VOLCANIC ROCKS, UNDIVIDED (Upper Jurassic)-Marine sequence of argillite, graywacke, conglomerate, and andesitic to basaltic feldspar porphyry dikes and intercalated flows.
- Jtr TRONKAMENITE (Upper Jurassic).
- Jnc JURASSIC SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, UNDIVIDED (Middle and Upper Jurassic) --Includes Hakek and Chitina Formations, and Tunedri Group.
- Jta CRYSTAL TUFF, ARGILLITE, CHERT, GRAYWACKE, AND LIMESTONE (Lower to Upper Jurassic)-Shallow to moderately deep marine, intercalated sequence.
- Jpm PLUTONIC AND METAMORPHIC ROCKS, UNDIFFERENTIATED (Lower to Upper Jurassic)-Mainly quartz diorite, granodiorite, amphibolite, and gneiss-schist.
- Jtk TALKEETNA FORMATION (Lower Jurassic).
- Jbs METABASALT AND SLATE (Upper Triassic)-Intercalated, shallow-water marine sequence.
- Jbv BASALTIC METAVOLCANIC ROCKS (Upper Triassic)-Mainly shallow water marine metabasalt flows.
- Pzv BASALTIC AND ANDESITIC METAVOLCANIC ROCKS (Pennsylvanian(?) and Early Permian)-Metamorphosed marine sequence of inter-layered basaltic to andesitic flows, tuffs, coarse volcanoclastic rocks, and subordinate mudstone and limestone.
- Dsga GRAYWACKE, ARGILLITE, SHALE, AND LIMESTONE (Silurian(?) to Middle Devonian)-Intercalated marine sequence, probably continental margin deposits.

EXPLANATION OF GEOLOGIC MAP SYMBOLS

- Contact, approximately located
- Approximate contact of surficial deposits
- Fault
- Long dashed where approximately located, short dashed where inferred; dotted where concealed. U indicates upthrown side where direction of displacement is known. Arrow indicate relative lateral movement
- Thrust fault
- Long dashed where approximately located, dotted where concealed. Teeth indicate upthrown side.
- Approximate axis of intense shear zone of variable width, possibly marking a thrust fault
- Dotted where concealed; teeth indicate possible upthrown side of postulated thrust

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

In the course of U.S. Geological Survey investigations of the Talkeetna Mountains quadrangle, 1118 stream sediment, 852 heavy mineral concentrate, and 501 rock samples were collected. All of these samples were analyzed for up to 30 elements by a six-step semi-quantitative spectrographic method (Grimes and Marranzino, 1968). Most of the stream sediment and rock samples were also analyzed for up to 4 elements by atomic absorption spectrophotometry, as described by Ward and others (1969). The present map shows the sample collection sites of 1117 stream sediment samples and 852 heavy mineral concentrates which were analyzed for copper by the spectrographic method. Complete analytical data plus location maps, station coordinates, and discussion of sampling and analytical procedures for samples from sites shown on the present map are published in a report by Miller and others (1978).

Concentration of metals in geochemical samples varies for different lithologies and in different areas. Because of this, as well as variability introduced from other sources such as sampling practice, analytical variance, and degree of chemical weathering, it is impossible to select a specific analytical level above which values might indicate the presence of copper deposits. For this reason, the analytical values have been grouped into ranges (see histograms), each range being represented by a different symbol on the map. Higher values may indicate a greater likelihood of copper deposits, but confidence levels are low for "single-element" anomalies and for results which are not supported by neighboring values.

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MAP SHOWING GEOCHEMICAL DISTRIBUTION AND ABUNDANCE OF COPPER IN STREAM SEDIMENTS AND HEAVY MINERAL CONCENTRATES, TALKEETNA MOUNTAINS QUADRANGLE, ALASKA

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This report is preliminary and has not been edited or reviewed for conformity with Geological Survey standards and nomenclature.