

EXPLANATION

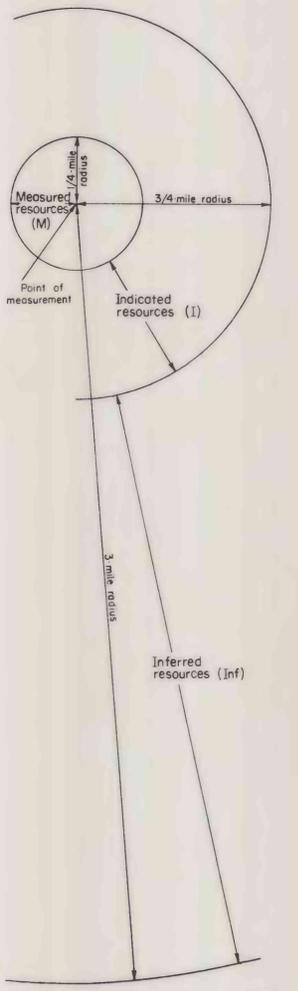
NON-FEDERAL COAL LAND - Land for which the Federal Government does not own the coal rights.

ISOPACH - Showing thickness of coal, in feet. Arrow points toward area where coal bed is 5 feet or more thick.

UNDERGROUND MINING LIMIT - Showing areas where dips of coal beds are greater than 15° and underground mining is not considered feasible. Reserve Base tonnages are calculated beyond limit; Reserve tonnages are not. Arrow points toward area where dips are greater than 15°.

RB	R(50%)
—	—
—	—
0.20	0.35

IDENTIFIED COAL RESOURCES - Showing totals for Reserve Base (RB) and Reserves (R), in millions of short tons, for each section or part of section of non-leased Federal coal land, both within and beyond the stripping-limit line. Reserve (R) tonnage is calculated by multiplying the Reserve Base (RB) tonnage by the appropriate recovery factor. Dash indicates no resource in that category. Underground Reserves have been calculated for only that part of the Reserve Base that is suitable for underground mining, and do not include Reserves for areas where the dip of the coal bed exceeds 15°. Therefore, in some instances, underground Reserves may be less than 50 percent of the Reserve Base.



BOUNDARY LINES - Enclosing areas of measured (M), indicated (I), and inferred (Inf) coal resources.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

To convert short tons to metric tons, multiply short tons by 0.9072.

To convert miles to kilometers, multiply miles by 1.609.

Base from U.S. Geological Survey, 1971

UTM GRID AND 1971 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET



COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE QUAKER MOUNTAIN QUADRANGLE, ROUTT COUNTY, COLORADO
BY
DAMES & MOORE
1978

This report has not been edited for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or stratigraphic nomenclature.