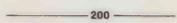
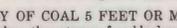
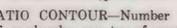


This report has not been edited for conformity with
U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or
stratigraphic nomenclature.

EXPLANATION

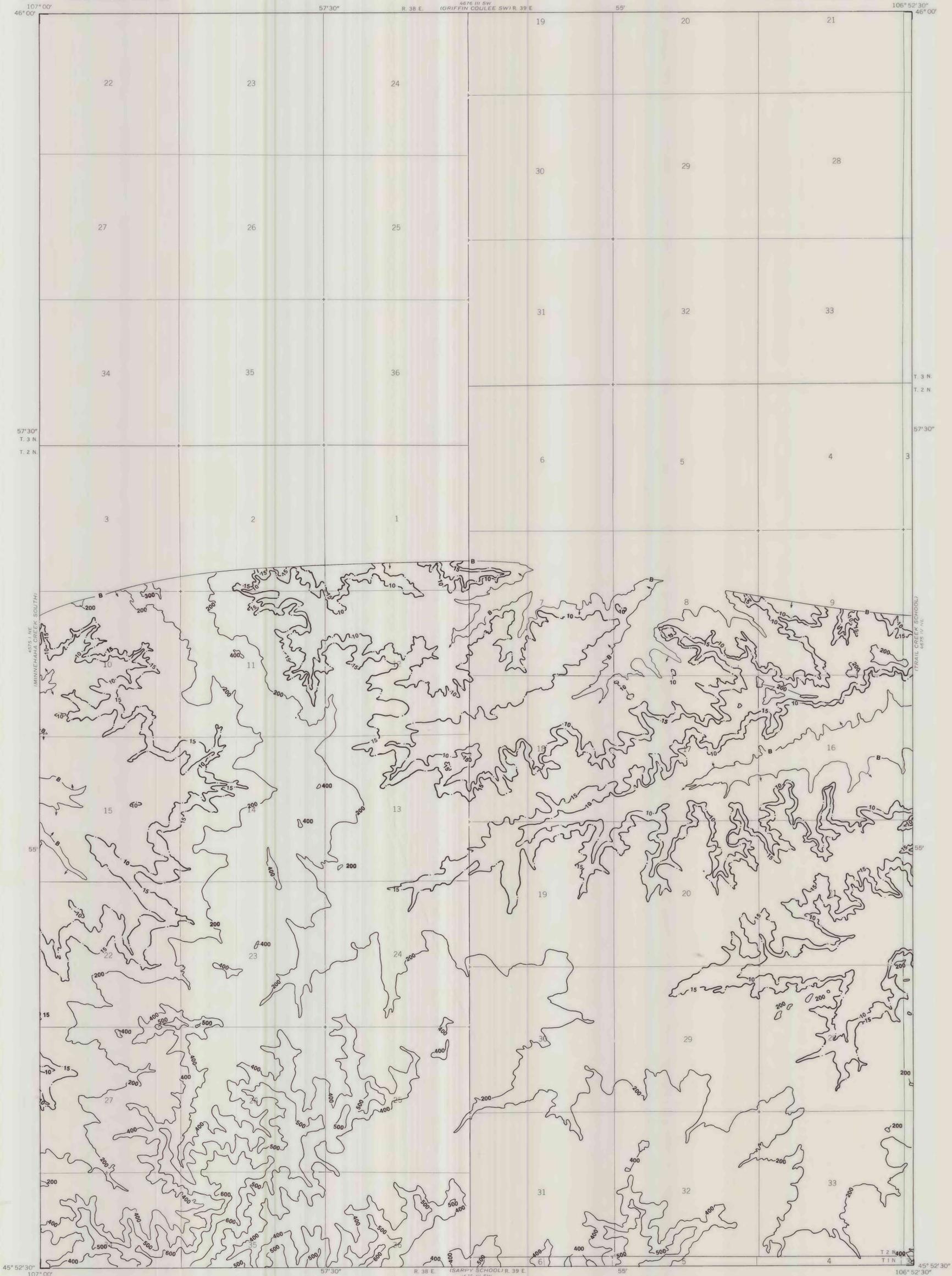

OVERBURDEN ISOPACH—Showing thickness of
overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the
coal bed. Isopach interval 200 feet (61 m) with an
intermediate 500-foot contour.


BOUNDARY OF COAL 5 FEET OR MORE THICK—
Drawn along the outcrop of coal bed and/or the inferred
contact between burned and unburned coal, and/or the
5-foot coal isopach, and/or an insufficient data line.
Arrows point toward area of coal 5 feet or more thick.


MINING-RATIO CONTOUR—Number indicates cubic
yards of overburden per ton of recoverable coal by
surface-mining methods. Contours shown only in areas
suitable for surface mining within the stripping limit.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

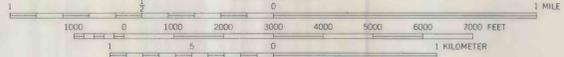
To convert yds³/ton to m³/metric ton, multiply by 0.842.



Base map from U.S. Geological Survey, 1971

SCALE 1:24,000

Compiled in 1977



**COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE MC CLURE CREEK
QUADRANGLE, ROSEBUD AND TREASURE COUNTIES, MONTANA**
BY
COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES RESEARCH INSTITUTE
1978