

OPEN-FILE REPORT
This report has not been edited for conformity with
U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or
stratigraphic nomenclature

EXPLANATION

 200
OVERBURDEN ISOPACH—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the coal bed. The 100-foot isopach is omitted where it is too close to a mining-ratio contour for map readability. Isopach interval 100 feet (30.5 m).

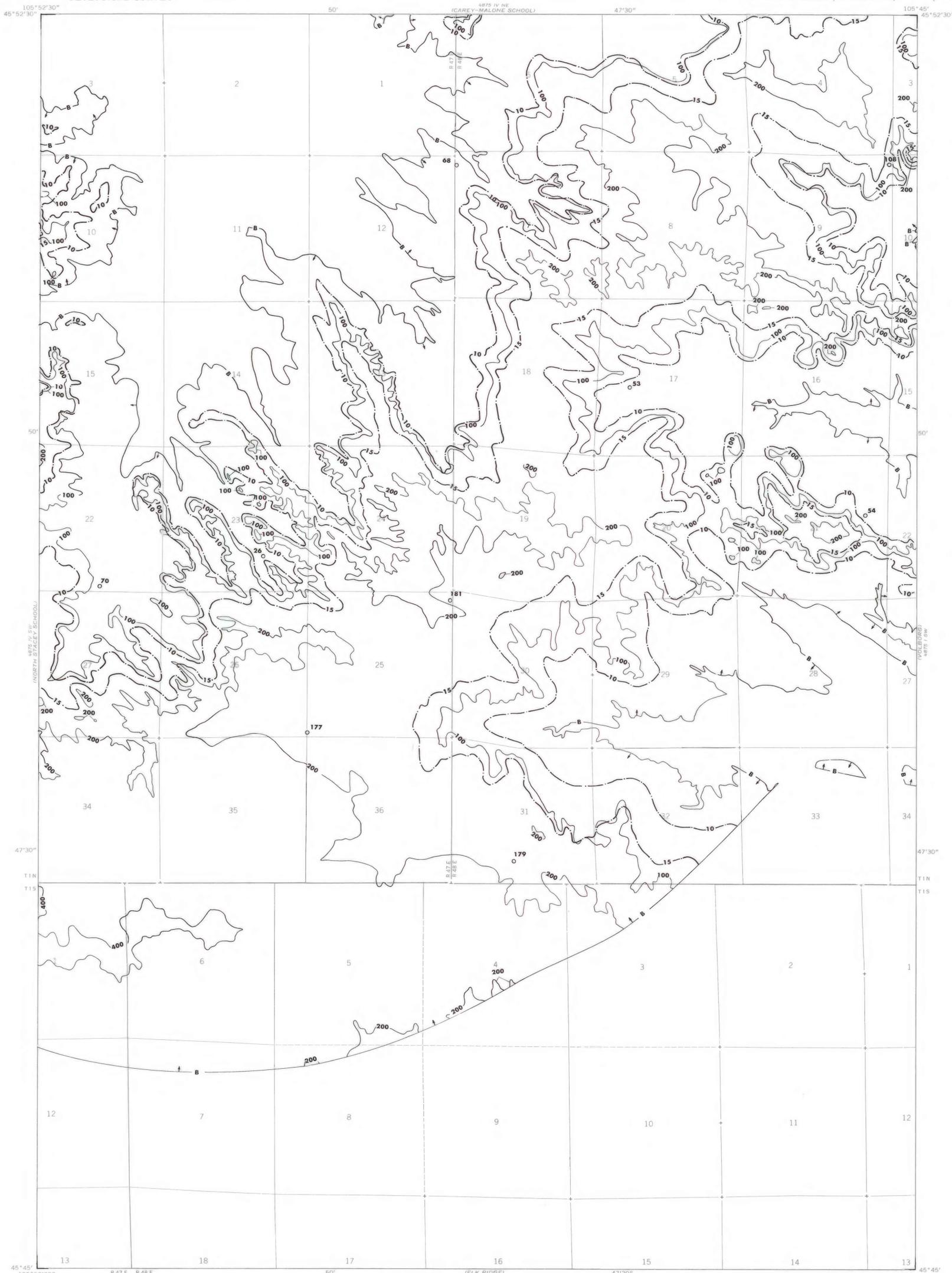
 B
BOUNDARY OF COAL 5 FEET OR MORE THICK—
Drawn along the outcrop of coal bed and/or the inferred
contact between burned and unburned coal and/or the
5-foot coal isopach. Arrows point toward area of coal
5 feet or more thick.

 54
DRILL HOLE—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet,
from the surface to the top of the coal bed.

 10
MINING-RATIO CONTOUR—Number indicates cubic
yards of overburden per ton of recoverable coal by
surface-mining methods. Contours shown only in areas
suitable for surface mining within the stripping limit.

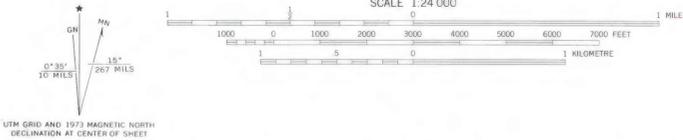
To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

To convert yds³/ton to m³/metric ton, multiply yds³/ton by
0.842.



Base map from U.S. Geological Survey, 1973

Compiled in 1979



**COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE FOSTER CREEK SCHOOL
QUADRANGLE, CUSTER AND POWDER RIVER COUNTIES, MONTANA**
BY
COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES RESEARCH INSTITUTE
1979