

OPEN-FILE REPORT  
This report has not been edited for conformity with  
U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or  
stratigraphic nomenclature.

EXPLANATION

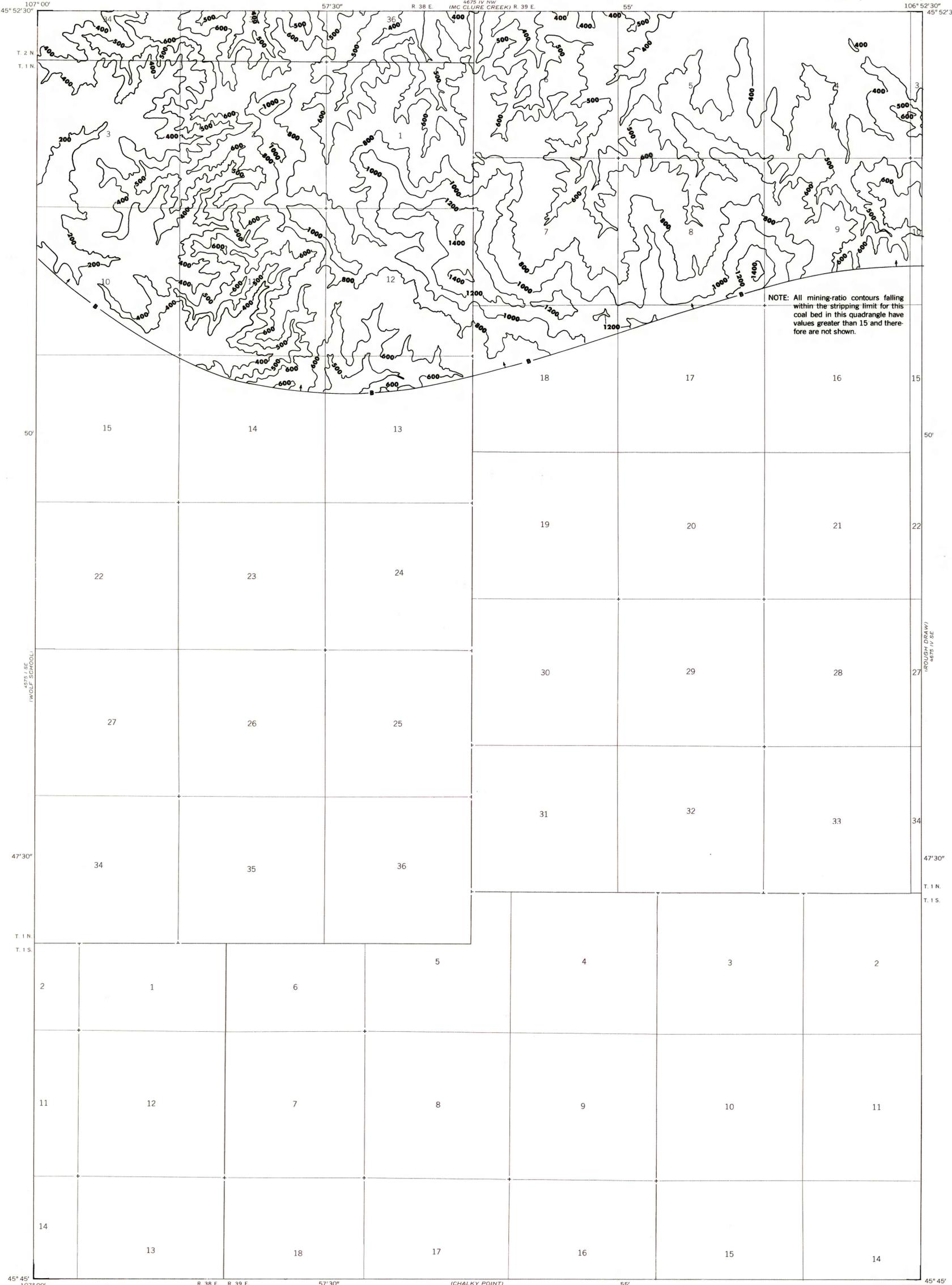
**200**  
OVERBURDEN ISOPACH—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the coal bed. Isopach interval 200 feet (61 m) with an intermediate 500 foot contour.

**BOUNDARY OF COAL 5 FEET OR MORE THICK**  
— Drawn along the outcrop of coal bed and/or the inferred contact between burned and unburned coal, and/or the 5-foot coal isopach, and/or an insufficient data line. Arrows point toward area of coal 5 feet or more thick.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

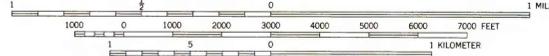
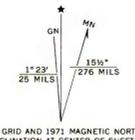
To convert yds<sup>3</sup>/ton to m<sup>3</sup>/metric ton, multiply yds<sup>3</sup>/ton by 0.842.

NOTE: All mining-ratio contours falling within the stripping limit for this coal bed in this quadrangle have values greater than 15 and therefore are not shown.



Base map from U.S. Geological Survey, 1971

Compiled in 1977



**COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE SARPY SCHOOL  
QUADRANGLE, BIG HORN, ROSEBUD, AND TREASURE COUNTIES, MONTANA**  
BY  
**COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES RESEARCH INSTITUTE**  
1979