

OPEN-FILE REPORT  
This report has not been edited for conformity with  
U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or  
stratigraphic nomenclature.

EXPLANATION

**200**  
OVERBURDEN ISOPACH—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the coal bed. Isopach interval 200 feet (61 m).

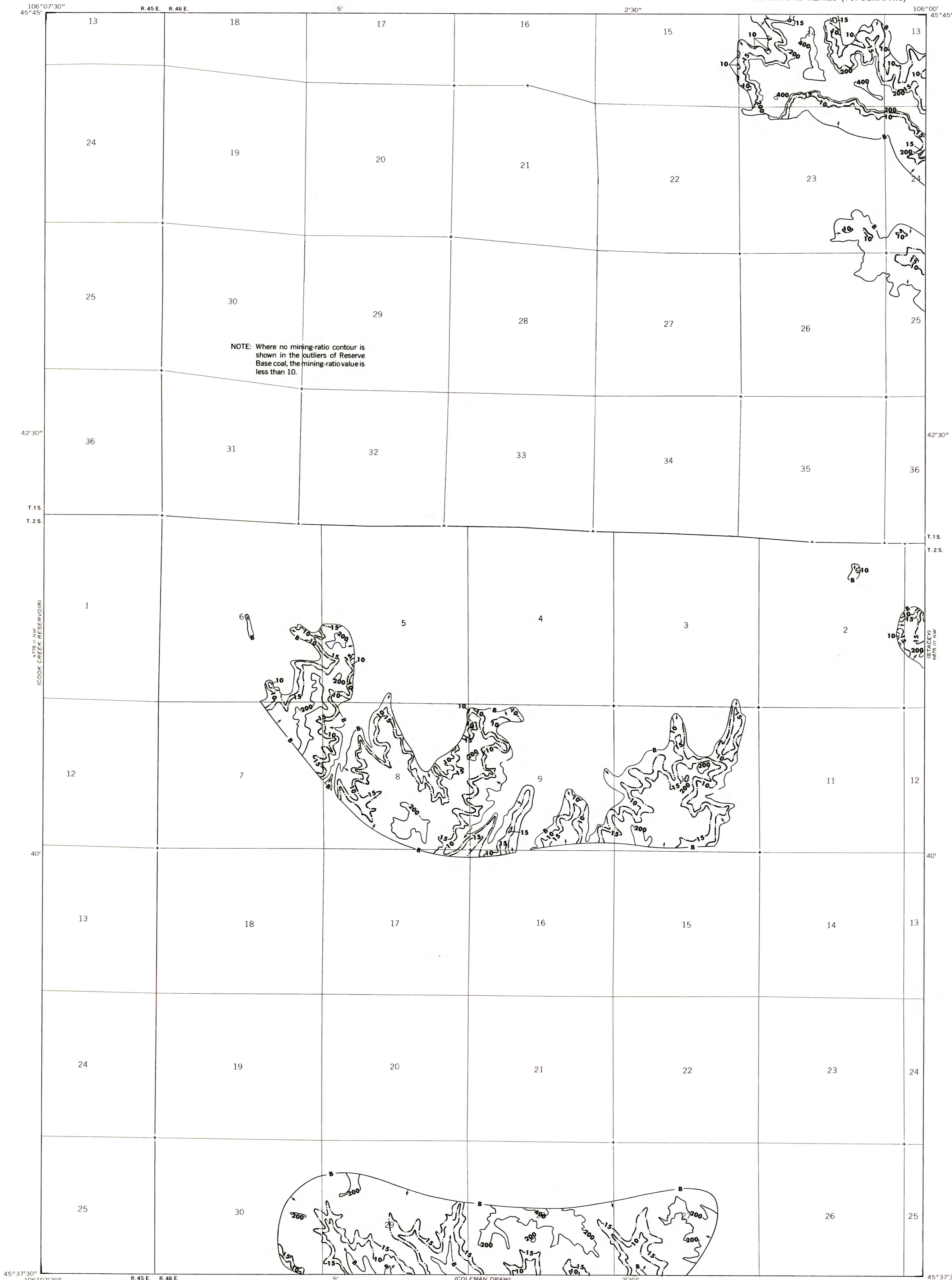
**B**  
BOUNDARY OF COAL 5 FEET OR MORE THICK—Drawn along the outcrop of coal bed and/or the inferred contact between burned and unburned coal and/or the 5-foot coal isopach. Arrows point toward area of coal 5 feet or more thick.

**10**  
MINING-RATIO CONTOUR—Number indicates cubic yards of overburden per ton of recoverable coal by surface-mining methods. Contours shown only in areas suitable for surface mining within the stripping limit.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

To convert yds<sup>3</sup>/ton to m<sup>3</sup>/metric ton, multiply yds<sup>3</sup>/ton by 0.842.

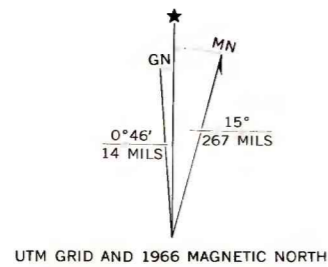
NOTE: Where no mining-ratio contour is shown in the outliers of Reserve Base coal, the mining-ratio value is less than 10.



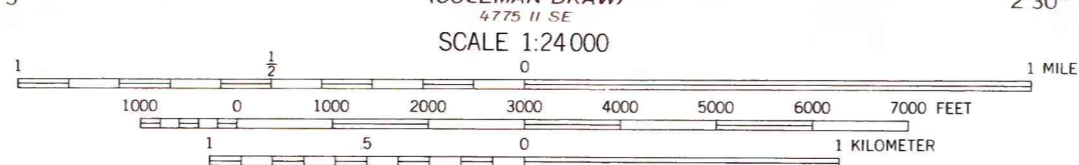
Base map from U.S. Geological Survey, 1966

Compiled in 1977

WILLOW CREEK (CROSSING)  
4775 II SW



UTM GRID AND 1966 MAGNETIC NORTH  
DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET



(COLEMAN DRAW)  
4775 II SW

SCALE 1:24 000



QUADRANGLE LOCATION

COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE BEAVER CREEK SCHOOL QUADRANGLE,  
POWDER RIVER COUNTY, MONTANA

BY  
COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES RESEARCH INSTITUTE  
1979

PLATE 14  
OVERBURDEN ISOPACH AND MINING-RATIO  
MAP OF THE C AND D COAL BEDS