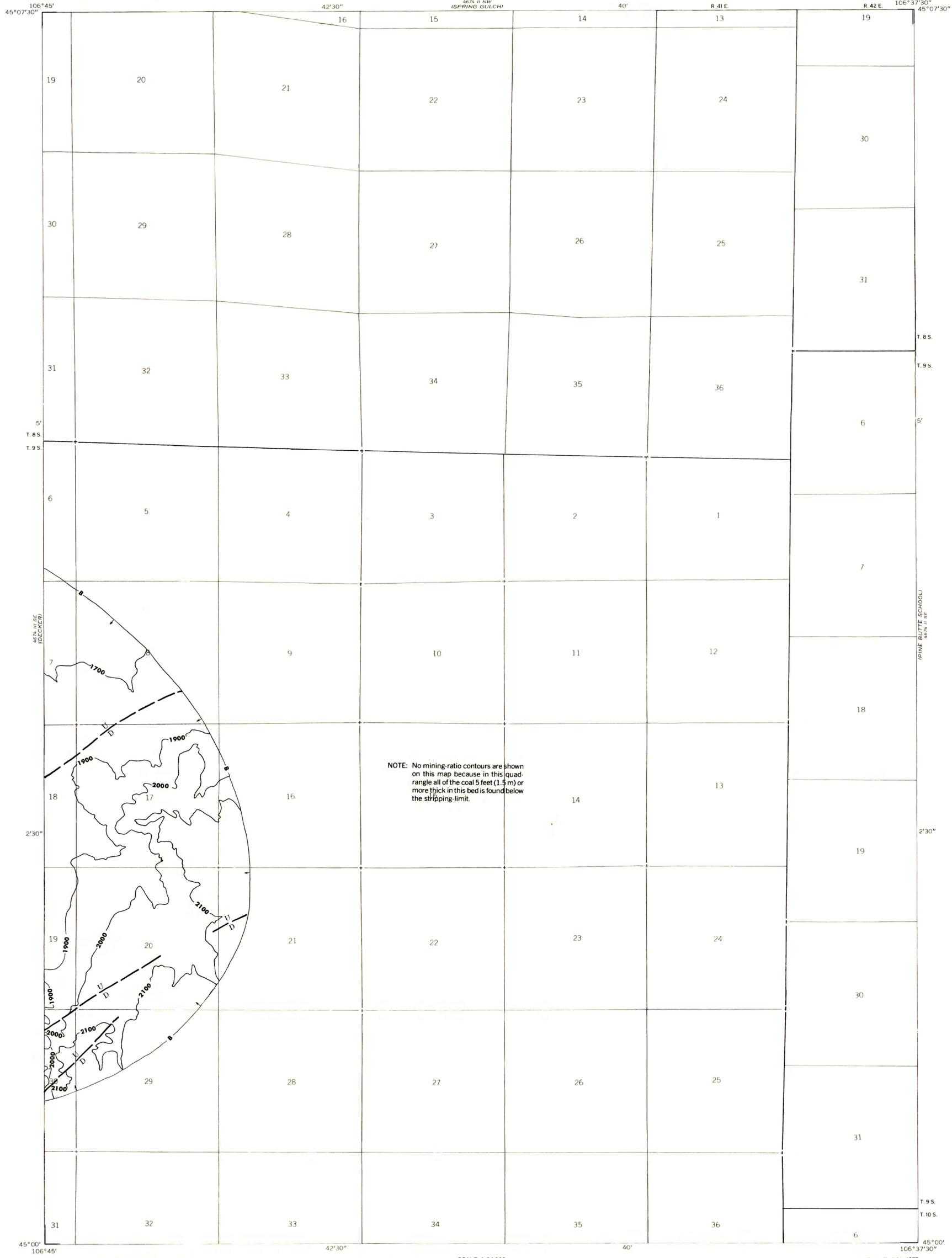


OPEN-FILE REPORT
This report has not been edited for conformity with
U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or
stratigraphic nomenclature.



EXPLANATION

1700
OVERBURDEN ISOPACH—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the coal bed. Isopach interval 200 feet (61 m), with an intermediate 2000-foot isopach.

B
BOUNDARY OF COAL 5 FEET OR MORE THICK—Drawn along the outcrop of coal bed and/or the inferred contact between burned and unburned coal and/or the 5-foot coal isopach. Arrows point toward area of coal 5 feet or more thick.

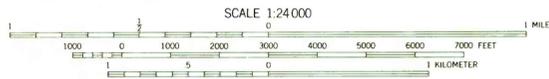
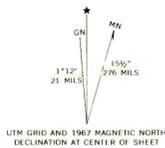
U
D
FAULT—Dashed where approximately located. U, up-thrown side; D, downthrown side.

To convert yds³/ton to m³/metric ton, multiply yds³/ton by 0.842.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

Base map from U.S. Geological Survey, 1958

Compiled in 1977



**COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE HOLMES RANCH QUADRANGLE,
BIG HORN COUNTY, MONTANA**

BY
COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES RESEARCH INSTITUTE
1979

PLATE 35
OVERBURDEN ISOPACH AND MINING-RATIO
MAP OF THE KENDRICK COAL BED