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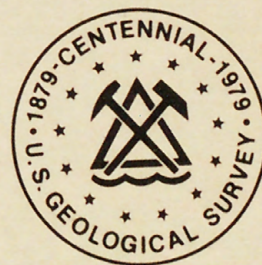
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Ground-Water Data in the Baker County- Northern Malheur County Area, Oregon

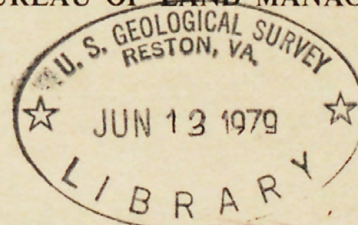
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U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Open-File Report 79-695

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GROUND-WATER DATA IN THE BAKER COUNTY-
NORTHERN MALHEUR COUNTY AREA, OREGON

By C. A. Collins ^{VGS}

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Open-File Report 79-695

Prepared in cooperation with the
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
CECIL D. ANDRUS, Secretary
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
H. William Menard, Director

For additional information write to:

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
P.O. Box 3202
Portland, Oregon 97208

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Conversion factors for inch-pound system and International System Units (SI)

[For use of those readers who may prefer to use metric units rather than inch-pound units, the conversion factors for the terms used in this report are listed below:]

Multiply inch-pound units	By	To obtain metric unit
Length		
inch (in.)	25.40	millimeter (mm)
foot (ft)	0.3048	meter (m)
mile (mi)	1.609	kilometers (km)
Area		
acres	.4047	hectares (ha)
square miles (mi ²)	2.590	square kilometers (km ²)
Volume		
acre-feet (acre-ft)	1233	cubic meters (m ³)
acre-feet (acre-ft)	.001233	cubic hectometers (hm ³)
cubic feet (ft ³)	.02832	cubic meters (m ³)
gallons (gal)	3.785	liters (L)
Mgal (million gallons)	3785	cubic meters (m ³)
Specific combinations		
cubic feet per second (ft ³ /s)	.02832	cubic meters per second (m ³ /s)
gallons per minute (gal/min)	.06309	liters per second (L/s)
gallons per minute per foot [(gal/min)/ft]	.2070	liters per second per meter [(L/s)/m]
million gallons per day (Mgal/d)	3785	cubic meters per day (m ³ /d)
Temperature		
degrees Fahrenheit (°F)	5/9 after subtracting 32 from F° value	degrees Celsius (°C)

GROUND-WATER DATA IN THE BAKER COUNTY-NORTHERN MALHEUR COUNTY AREA, OREGON

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By C. A. Collins

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INTRODUCTION

Appraisals of the resources of selected management areas in eastern Oregon are being made by the U.S. Bureau of Land Management. To provide needed hydrologic information, the Bureau of Land Management requested the U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Division, to inventory ground-water data for the Baker County-northern Malheur County area. The inventory included field location of selected wells and springs; measurement of ground-water levels, temperatures, specific electrical conductance, and pH; and the collection of ground-water samples at selected localities to determine dissolved chemical constituents.

Included in this report are well data, drillers' lithologic logs, hydrographs, and chemical analyses of ground water.

Previous Investigations

The ground-water resources in several parts of the study area have been discussed in previous reports (Trauger, 1950; Ducret and Anderson, 1965; Price, 1967; Lystrom, Nees, and Hampton, 1967; Brown and Newcomb, 1962). Trauger's preliminary report on ground water in Baker Valley was updated by Ducret and Anderson (1965) and by Lystrom, Nees, and Hampton (1967). The report by Price (1967) is a generalized reconnaissance of the Burnt River valley, and the report by Brown and Newcomb (1962) describes the ground-water resources of the Cow Valley area. The areas covered by these studies are outlined on plate 1. Additional analyses of ground water are given in the report by Newcomb (1972).

Many reports describe the geology of parts of the study area; however, the "Geologic Map of Oregon East of the 121st Meridian" (Walker, 1977) covers the entire area. The geothermal resources of northern Malheur County have been studied by several agencies, and results of those studies provide additional data for that part of the area.

Hydrographs of water levels for representative wells in Oregon are published periodically by the Oregon Water Resources Department (formerly the Oregon State Engineer) (Sceva, 1964; Sceva and DeBow, 1965, 1966; Bartholomew and DeBow, 1967, 1970; Bartholomew and others, 1973).

Location and Description of the Area

The Baker County-northern Malheur County area is in eastern Oregon and includes most of Baker County, the northern third of Malheur County, and small parts of Grant and Harney Counties (fig. 1). The study area is one of the Bureau of Land Management environmental impact study areas in eastern Oregon. The northwestern boundary of the study area coincides with Baker and Grant County lines, but elsewhere the boundary does not follow natural, physical, nor political boundaries.

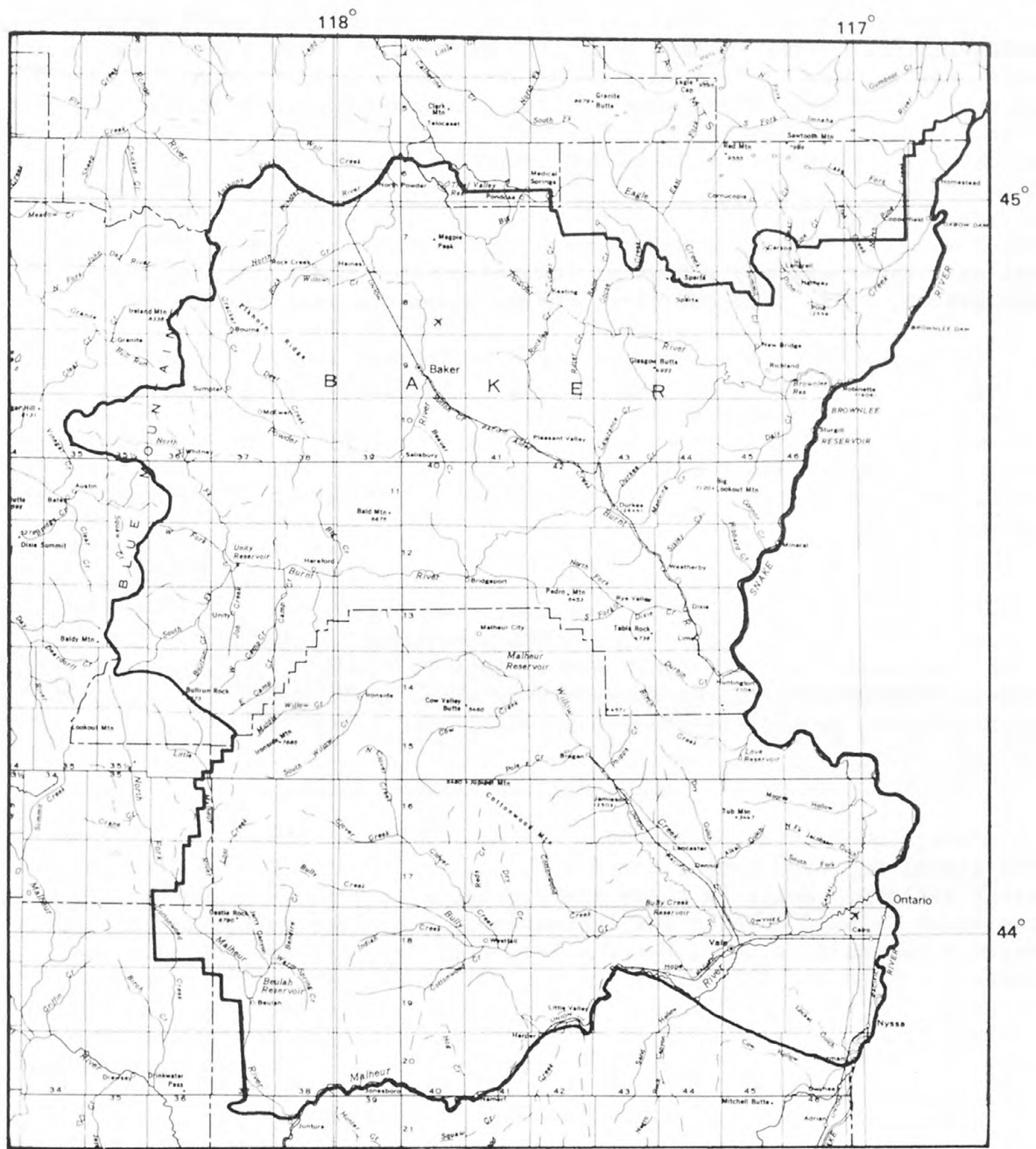
The project area is bounded on the north by the Wallowa Mountains, on the west by the Blue Mountains, on the south by the Malheur River between Juntura and Hope and thence southeast to the Snake River at Nyssa, and on the east by the Snake River. The principal drainage basins within the area are the Powder and Burnt Rivers and part of the Malheur River; all are tributaries of the Snake River. The study area exceeds 5,400 mi², and it includes land in both private and public ownership. The public land is managed by the Vale and Baker Districts of the Bureau of Land Management and by the U.S. Forest Service.

The population centers of the area are Baker and Ontario, with a combined population of 17,400 in 1976 (Oregon Secretary of State, 1977). Other incorporated towns include Haines, Halfway, Huntington, Nyssa, Richland, Sumpter, Unity, and Vale. The most densely populated areas are Baker Valley near Baker and Malheur River valley in the Vale-Ontario-Nyssa area; the remainder of the people live along other valleys of the area. The area is served by an interstate highway that runs from northwest to southeast, and a number of good highways radiate from the major population centers to the smaller communities. During summer and fall, much of the public land is accessible by seasonal roads.

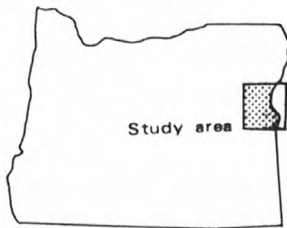
The area has several wide alluvial valleys, such as Baker Valley, Malheur River valley, and the Oregon side of the Snake River valley, with smaller valleys along Willow and Cow Creeks and the Burnt River. Within a few miles, the terrain may change abruptly from a broad, flat valley floor (elevation 3,400 ft) to rugged mountains (elevation 9,100 ft) or to rolling hills that may rise only a few hundred feet above the valley floor.

General Geology

The geology of the study area is complex and varied. A broad band of metamorphosed intrusive rocks, such as granite and gabbro, limestone and argillite, and schist and metavolcanics, 15 to 25 miles wide, extends from northwestern to southeastern Baker County. These rocks also crop out in the uplands around Baker Valley, in the southern part of the Wallowa Mountains, and in the northwestern corner of Malheur County.



Base from U.S. Geological Survey
Oregon (State) 1:1,000,000, 1966



INDEX MAP OF OREGON

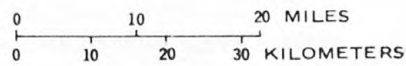


Figure 1.—Location and general features of the Baker County-northern Malheur County area, Oregon.

These rocks are overlain locally by volcanic flows, pyroclastics, and breccias. Principal outcrop areas are along Burnt River, south and east of Baker Valley, the western half of Malheur County, and in eastern Baker County. In places, these volcanic rocks extend beneath lowlands such as Cow Valley where they may be tapped by wells. Sediments, as much as 3,000 feet thick, overlie and are interbedded with the volcanic rocks. Those sediments are exposed in an area 15 to 20 miles on either side of Malheur River in eastern Malheur County, along the upper Burnt River valley, and south of Baker Valley. They also extend beneath the Snake and lower Malheur River valleys, Baker Valley, and other lowland areas. These sediments include sand and gravel, tuff, silt and clay, chalky limestone, and diatomite.

Alluvium forms the floor of Baker Valley and the valleys of all major streams. The alluvium consists of sand, gravel, silt, and clay, in varying proportions. Generally it is less than 50 feet thick, but may be 100 feet or more beneath Baker Valley, where it cannot be distinguished readily from the underlying sediments. Several streams, such as Burnt River, are bordered by discontinuous benches of terrace gravels, generally less than 30 feet thick.

Except for the alluvium, many of the rocks in the project area have been warped, folded, and faulted. Northwest-trending faults are common in the metamorphosed and intrusive rocks, whereas those in volcanic rocks and sediments are nearly north-south. Hot springs in the area are generally attributed to geothermally heated water rising along fault zones (Mariner and others, 1974, p. 17; Bowen and Blackwell, 1975, p. 111).

Occurrence of Ground Water

Large quantities of ground water are withdrawn by many wells from sand and gravel and from consolidated rock aquifers in the Baker, Cow, and Malheur River valleys. Wells in these areas produce as much as 2,000 gal/min, and the water is used chiefly for irrigation. The distribution of the consolidated rock aquifers beneath the valley-fill deposits is generally poorly known. Ground water in Baker and Cow Valleys is generally unconfined, although water in some of the deeper zones may be confined by rocks of low hydraulic conductivity such as clay or dense crystalline basalt. Many of the more productive wells obtain water from both the alluvium and underlying sediments or volcanic rocks.

Ground-water recharge in the uplands is chiefly by direct infiltration of precipitation, and locally along streams by infiltration of streamflow during periods of high runoff. Irrigation canals that border many of the stream valleys also lose water which recharges the alluvium. Upward movement of ground water from the underlying consolidated rocks may also provide small quantities of water to the valley-fill deposits.

The general direction of movement of ground water in the Baker County-northern Malheur County area is from upland recharge areas toward valley areas where the ground water is discharged by seepage to springs, by diffuse

seepage to streams, by evapotranspiration, or by wells. Evapotranspiration of shallow ground water probably is the cause of large areas of alkali soil in some of the valleys.

Locally in the Malheur and Willow Creek valleys, wells and springs yield warm, geothermally heated ground water, as discussed by Bowen and Peterson (1970); Mariner, Rapp, Willey, and Presser (1974); and Mariner, Presser, Rapp, and Willey (1975). Several warm springs in northern Malheur County were visited during this study, and data from them are listed in tables 1 and 4.

EXPLANATION OF DATA

Well- and Spring-Numbering System

Wells and springs are assigned a number based on their location according to the rectangular system for subdivision of public lands. In successive order, the numerals represent the township, range, and section. Thus, well 16S/43E-16dcc is in township 16 south, range 43 east, section 16. A graphic illustration of this method of well location is shown in figure 2. The letters following the section number show the location within the section, the first letter designating the quarter section (160 acres), the second letter the quarter-quarter section (40 acres), and the third letter the quarter-quarter-quarter section (10 acres). Where two or more wells are in the same 10-acre subdivision, serial numbers are added after the third letter. For a spring, a lower case (s) is appended to the final letter.

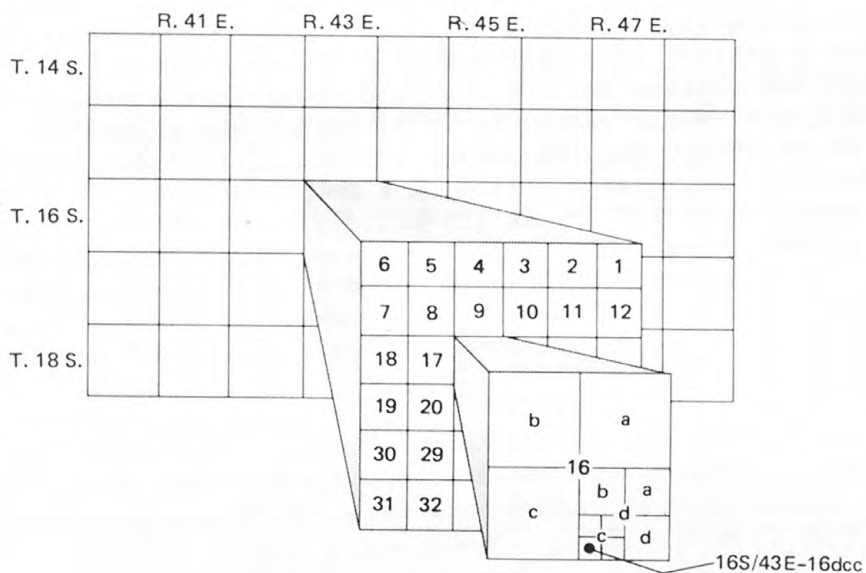


Figure 2.—Well and spring-numbering system.

Records of Wells and Springs

Records of wells and springs in the Baker County-northern Malheur County area are listed in table 1. Well records have been published for Baker Valley (Trauger, 1950; Ducret and Anderson, 1965), Burnt River valley (Price, 1967), and the Cow Valley area (Brown and Newcomb, 1962). In the area outside those report areas, many of the wells for which drillers' logs are available have been field located, and their locations are shown on plate 1. One exception is the Vale-Ontario-Nyssa area, where most of the land is in agricultural use but the water used for irrigation is supplied by surface water. Most of the field-located wells were plotted on Geological Survey 1:24,000-scale quadrangle maps, and the maps are on file in the Geological Survey Oregon District office. Table 1 also includes some data on selected springs; wherever possible, the discharge of the spring was measured at the time of the visit. Little or no data were available, however, for estimating fluctuations in the discharge of those springs.

Drillers' Logs of Wells

Drillers' logs of wells are obtained from reports submitted by drillers to the Oregon Water Resources Department since 1956 and from records supplied by the Bureau of Land Management. Drillers' terminology for the materials penetrated, which varies from driller to driller, is used in table 2. The logs have been edited so that lithology is given first.

Hydrographs of Observation Wells

Hydrographs in figure 3 show fluctuations of ground-water levels in six representative observation wells in the study area. The period of record for two of the wells extends from 1950 and 1955 to the present (1979), and the other four are for shorter periods. Ground-water levels generally rise each year when the ground-water reservoir is recharged and ground-water storage is increased. Water levels decline during periods of no recharge as ground-water storage decreases. If, over a period of time, ground-water discharge exceeds the rate of recharge, water levels gradually decline and the hydrographs show a declining trend. Conversely, a rising trend occurs when ground-water recharge exceeds ground-water discharge. In most of the study area neither rising nor declining trends are apparent, and ground-water levels are more or less stable. This suggests that ground-water recharge and discharge in the area generally are in balance.

Hydrographs of observation wells in the Cow Valley area show continuing declining trends, although ground-water pumpage has been restricted by an order of the State Engineer (now Oregon Water Resources Department) since 1959. (See fig. 3, well 15S/40E-13acc.)

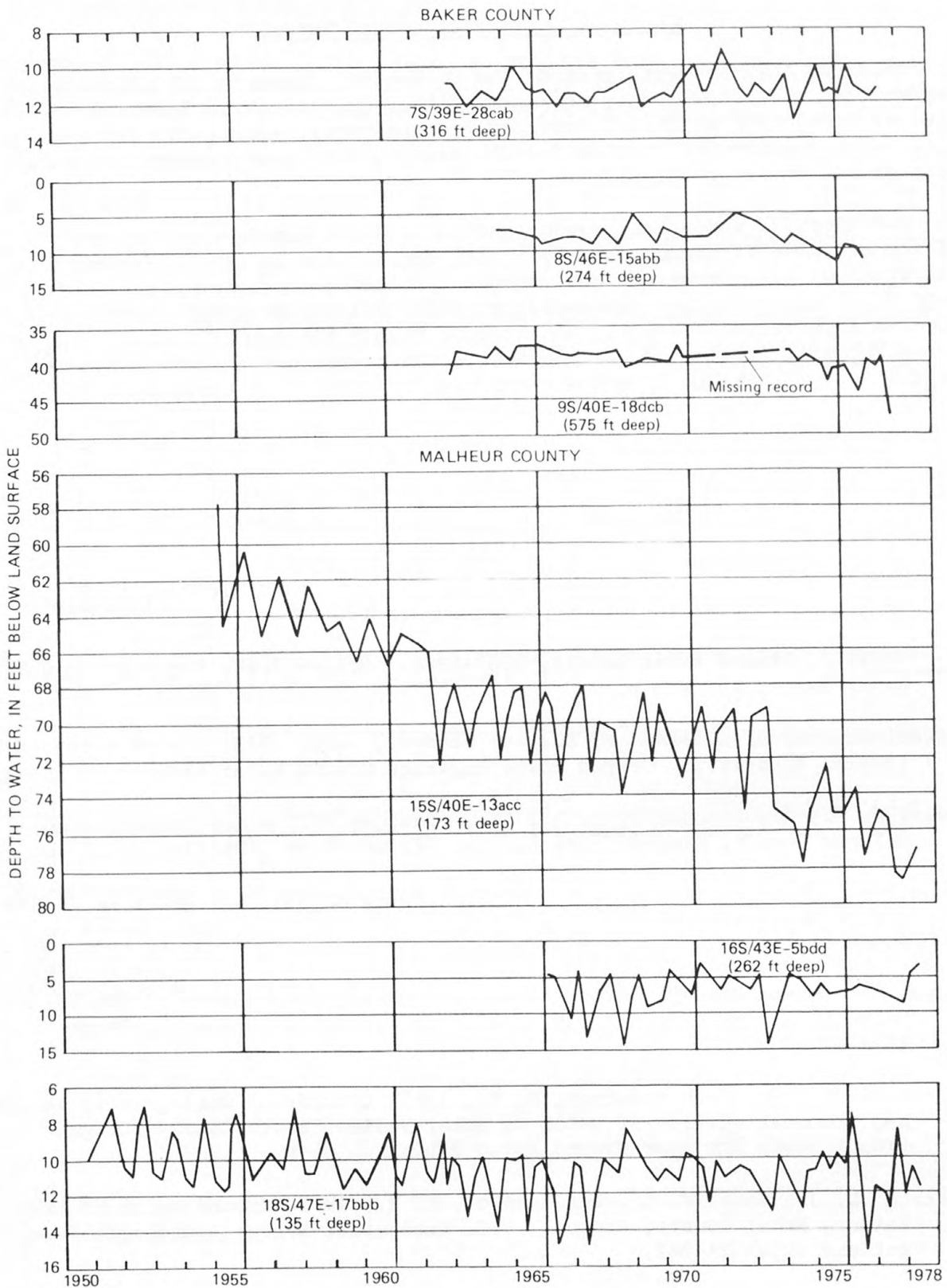


Figure 3.—Hydrographs of selected observation wells.

Chemical Quality of Ground Water

Chemical analyses were made by the Geological Survey of 16 ground-water samples from the Baker County-northern Malheur County area. Selected analyses of water from other wells are provided from previous reports to give more complete water-quality information for the area. (See those reports for water analyses not reported here.)

The specific electrical conductance of a water sample measures the ability of water to conduct an electrical current and is related to the concentration of the dissolved constituents. Specific conductance ranged from 52 to 2,130 micromhos per centimeter at 25°C, sulfate from 2.3 to 680 mg/L, fluoride from 0.1 to 9.8 mg/L, and arsenic from 0.001 to 0.317 mg/L. The source and significance of the chemical constituents and physical properties are summarized in table 3, and the analyses are listed in table 4.

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Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs

Well or spring number: See page 5 for description of well- and spring-numbering system.

Depth of casing: Depth of casing indicates total length of casing.

Finish: P, perforated; X, open hole; O, open end; S, screened.

Character of material: Character of material refers to water-bearing formations as reported by driller.

Altitude: Altitude of land surface at well, in feet above mean sea level, interpolated from topographic maps, generally to the nearest 1 foot.

Water level: Depths to water below land surface given in feet and decimals were measured by personnel of the Geological Survey or the Oregon Water Resources Department; those given in whole feet were reported by well driller or owner. F, flowing well whose static water level is not known.

Temperature: In some cases, water temperature at time of visit may not be representative of aquifer temperature.

Use: C, commercial; H, domestic; I, irrigation; P, public supply; R, recreational; S, stock; U, unused.

Remarks: Ca, chemical analysis reported in table 4; L, driller's log in table 2. B, bailed; P, pumped; At, test pumped using compressed air for indicated time to determine yield under "Well performance." Obs, observation well whose water level is measured periodically. 1/ Information taken from Ducret and Anderson (1965); 2/ information taken from Price (1967); 3/ information taken from Brown and Newcomb (1962).

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Baker County																
T. 6 S., R. 48 E.																
3dba(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	3,960	--	--	109	11.1	--	--	S	Flowing 0.2 gal/min 11-8-78.
15adc	Maynard	1968	115	6	22	X	Rock	1,760	48.6	11- 8-78	245	13	5	50	H	L, B 1 hr.
15dac	Dan Cole	1962	107	8	22	X	"Diorite"	1,660	58	9- 4-62	--	--	11	25	H	B 1 hr.
T. 7 S., R. 39 E.																
3abb	L. H. Williams	--	237	12	--	--	--	3,320	28.60	11-17-78	--	--	--	--	U	Obs.
20ccb	City of Baker	--	9	12	7	P, 3-7	Sand and gravel	3,374	3.62	do	--	--	--	--	U	Do.
28cab	Martha Traverso	1954	316	10	316	--	--	3,320	11.50	do	--	--	1,000	--	I	Obs. 1/.
T. 7 S., R. 46 E.																
33dcb	Lester LaRue	1967	477	6	27	X	Rock	2,790	158.5	11- 9-78	118	11.2	15	50	H	L, B 3 hr.
T. 7 S., R. 48 E.																
4ebc	O. S. Elliot	1975	105	6	27	X	Rock	1,760	29.15	11- 8-78	--	--	8	--	H	L, P 8 hr.
T. 8 S., R. 39 E.																
22bdd	Baker County	1936	12	12	11	P, 7-11	Sand and gravel	3,386	4.30	11-17-78	320	--	--	--	U	Obs. Ca. 1/.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (inches)	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Baker County--Continued																
T. 8 S., R. 40 E.																
14adb	Frank Tetrault	1969	102	12	102	P, 8-102	--	3,355	0.07	11-17-78	--	--	550	30	I	Obs.
T. 8 S., R. 41 E.																
14abd	Steward-Morrissey, Inc.	1963	685	14	685	P, 0-685	Lava, rock, and cinders	2,795	34.00	3-16-73	--	--	1,560	50	I	Obs. L. <u>1</u> /.
34cba	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1974	420	6	398	P, 320-398	Basalt	3,700	319	8- 8-74	--	13	15	31	S	L. At 4 hr. Four Corners well.
T. 8 S., R. 42 E.																
33abc	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1962	325	6	315	X	Basalt	2,981	237.08	11-12-78	--	--	5	--	S	L. Later deepened to 330 ft. Gilkison well.
T. 8 S., R. 46 E.																
8cdd	City of Halfway	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,685	24.01	11- 9-78	--	--	--	--	P	Standby well, reported to be 285 ft deep.
8dcb	do	1971	300	12	259	P, 78-259	Sand and gravel	2,680	45	7- 7-71	--	--	300	38	P	L, P 4 hr.
15abb	Lewis Laird	1963	275	8	274	P, 124-144, 164-274	do Clay and gravel	2,560	8.90	7- 20-78	--	--	600	100	I	L, Obs, P 2 hr. Deepened from 140 ft 10-3-63.
21aac	U.S. Forest Service	1959	268	6	268	P, 95-264	Clay, sand, and gravel	2,555	11	1-29-59	--	--	260	54	P	
21abb	Ellingson Lumber Co.	1965	307	12	307	P, 30-307	do	2,570	16.78	10-10-78	--	--	590	130	U	L, P 8 hr.
T. 9 S., R. 39 E.																
2ccc	Kermit Hansen	--	321	12	321	P, 0-321	Sand and gravel	3,420	10.48	11-17-78	350	--	--	--	U	Obs, Ca. <u>1</u> /.
T. 9 S., R. 40 E.																
1ccb	Arlie Patton	1956	132.5	10	131	P, 1-131	Clay, sand, and gravel	3,460	24.00	9-28-78	--	--	100	0	I	Obs. <u>1</u> /.
18dcb	P. V. Hill	1955	575	12	575	0	Clay, "soapstone," and "granite"	3,475	39.65	11-17-78	--	--	1,100	166	I	Obs, Ca. <u>1</u> /.
T. 9 S., R. 41 E.																
2acd	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1940	229	6	--	--	--	3,480	167.28	11-12-78	--	--	--	--	S	L. Hogg well.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (feet)	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Baker County--Continued																
T. 9 S., R. 41 E.--Continued																
3acc	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1974	495	6	20	X	Basalt	3,635	268	8-12-74	--	13	3	227	S	P 2 hr. Staggs-Green well. Recently produced only 1 gal/min.
10dcd	do	1974	160	6	160	O	--	3,370	100	8-13-74	--	13	5	55	S	At 1 hr. Virtue Flats well. Originally 225 ft deep. Recently produced only 1½ gal/min.
20acb	do	1962	196	6	21	X	Lava rock and black sand	4,220	193.15	11- 7-78	--	--	4	8	S	P 2 hr. Williams well. Originally static water level was 181 ft.
21bbd	Dave Williams	--	210	4	210	O	do	3,820	199.80	do	--	--	--	--	U	Depth and casing data questionable.
T. 9 S., R.																
27dcd	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1964	218	6	44	X	Coarse sand	3,910	198	7- 5-64	--	--	5	0	S	L, B 1 hr. Benny's well. Reported to be dry 1977-78.
28ada	do	1963	256	4	256	O	Clay and fine sand	3,880	156	7- 2-63	--	--	3	145	S	L, P 4 hr. Williams well No. 2.
T. 9 S., R. 42 E.																
3dcd	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1974	316	6	316	P, 0-40, 200-220, 276-316	--	3,000	95	9-23-74	--	--	3	65	S	P 2 hr. Bulldozer well.
6bbb	do	1975	362	4	338	P, 238-338	Rock	3,245	262	12-30-74	--	--	5	78	S	P 1 hr. Staggs-Weber well.
16dba	do	1974	283	4	283	O	Clay and gravel	3,391	184.02	11-11-78	--	--	8	50	S	L, B 1 hr. Ritter well.
T. 9 S., R. 44 E.																
6bba(s)	Oregon Department of Transportation, Highway Division	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,560	--	--	340	11.4	--	--	U	Flowing 8½ gal/min on 11-11-78. J. N. Bishop Spring.
T. 9 S., R. 45 E.																
13cbc	W. E. Graven	1973	30	6	30	O	Sand and gravel	2,260	20	12-12-73	--	--	20	6	H	P 2 hr.
14daa	Vern DuMars	1976	233	6	225	P, 150-160, 180-190, 205-225	Clay, sand, and gravel	2,280	47	4-11-76	--	--	3	90	U	L, B 2 hr.
14dba	do	1976	57	6	56	P, 37-54	Sand and gravel	2,250	22	4-30-76	420	13	35	10	H,S	Do.
17cdd	Earl Baker	1975	270	6	129	X	Basalt	2,580	35	11-10-75	950	11.3	10	115	S	L, P 2 hr.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (feet)	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Baker County--Continued																
T. 10 S., R. 41 E.																
24ddb	E. B. Dunham	1971	128	6	35	X	Clay	3,760	19	8-20-71	--	--	7	96	H	B 1 hr.
24ddc	Ron Ahern	1971	130	6	42	X	do	3,755	18	8-19-71	--	--	5	107	H	L.
T. 10 S., R. 42 E.																
6acc(s)	Mrs. Effie Wellman	--	--	--	--	--	--	4,180	--	--	61	0.5	--	--	S	
T. 11 S., R. 43 E.																
20ddb	Clarence Pearce	1973	130	6	20	X	Sand	2,670	23	4- 7-73	--	--	8	100	H	L, B 1 hr. A 150-ft well nearby produced 2½ gal/min with 122 ft of drawdown.
21cbd	Gerald Pickler	1970	125	6	25	X	Sandy shale	2,700	30	6- 6-70	--	--	8	90	H	B 1 hr.
28acc	Rod McCullough	1977	270	6	265	P, 50-60, 245-265	Clay	2,670	36	9- 4-77	--	--	60	30	P	L, P 5 hr.
28bbb	Sam Cordell	1971	87	6	42	X	Sandy shale	2,680	24	8-13-71	--	--	5	51	H	B 1 hr.
36dbd	D. D. Ewart	1975	50	6	33	P, 24-33	Sand and gravel	2,920	18	7-29-75	--	--	30	2	H	L, B 1 hr.
T. 12 S., R. 37 E.																
28bdb	Oregon Department of Transportation, Highway Division	1974	140	6	40	X	Sandstone	3,865	60	4-15-74	--	--	24	6	R	L, B 1 hr. Unity Reservoir State Park.
T. 12 S., R. 38 E.																
27aab	John Mann	1959	81	6	81	O	Clay, sand, and gravel	3,660	41.45	9-26-78	683	14	22	5	H	Obs. Ca. 2/.
T. 12 S., R. 43 E.																
11bda	Oregon Portland Cement Co.	1977	56	8	56	O	Sand and gravel	2,550	17	7-18-77	640	11.5	300	24	N	L, B 1 hr. Ca.
T. 12 S., R. 44 E.																
30add	Oregon Department of Transportation, Highway Division	1967	34	8	24	P, 19-24	Gravel	2,410	5	7-11-67	--	--	80	9	R	L, P 3 hr. New 130-ft well 50 ft north of present well produced 4 gal/min.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (feet)	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Baker County--Continued																
T. 13 S., R. 37 E.																
17acd	Unity School District 30J	--	330	--	--	--	--	4,010	14.7	9-26-78	--	--	--	--	U	Obs.
T. 13 S., R. 44 E.																
27ddb	Oregon Portland Cement Co.	1965	137	8	105	X	Rock	2,240	42	10-25-65	--	--	15	40	H	L, P 20 hr. Reported to have high iron content.
T. 14 S., R. 45 E.																
5cdb(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,150	--	--	410	14.9	--	--	R	Spring Recreation Area.
32daa	Oregon Department of Transportation, Highway Division	1970	125	6	63	P, 42-54	Gravel	2,120	36.18	11-13-78	840	13.9	10	69	R	L, P 28 hr. Farewell Bend State Park.
Malheur County																
T. 14 S., R. 39 E.																
21bdd	Donald Oaks	1961	734	12	161	P, 20-160	Gravel	3,750	16.98	11- 9-78	--	--	700	140	I	Obs, P 8 hr.
21dcd	Mary Molthan	--	320	--	--	--	Sand and gravel	3,770	26.67	do	--	--	--	--	I	Obs.
29baa	John Molthan	1951	1,290	12	152	P, 25-150	do	3,795	4.70	do	--	--	300	100	I	L, P 4 hr, Obs.
29bcd	do	1960	980	12 10	119	P, 50-119, 200-500	do	3,860	38.15	do	--	--	150	125	I	P 2 hr, Obs.
32ada	Ray Duncan	--	998	12	--	--	do	3,827	7.78	do	--	24	700	165	I	P 6 hr, Obs.
T. 15 S., R. 40 E.																
1bad	Mrs. W. E. Anderson	1953	330	14	300	P, 180-245, 275-290	Sand, gravel, and lava	3,973	117.14	11- 9-78	--	--	1,200	70	I	Obs. 3/.
2ccb	Rankin Crow	1950	310	10	170	P, 80-170	Sand and gravel	3,915	57.46	do	293	12	251	40	I	P 3 hr, Obs, Ca. Crow well No. 2. 3/.
2daa	Max Holloway	1949	421	12	55	X	Sand, gravel, and lava	3,898	42.39	do	318	12	1,000	31	I	P 8 hr, Obs, Ca. Holloway well No. 1. 3/.
10dbc	Rankin Crow	1952	1,000	14	100	P, 60-100	Gravel and volcanic rock	3,936	73.87	do	382	24	580	121	I	P 1 hr, Obs, Ca. Crow well No. 9. 3/.
11cdb	do	1950	200	12	128	P, 40-128	do	3,923	64.31	do	465	14	800	120	I	P 2½ hr, Obs, Ca. Crow well No. 4. 3/.
13bba	Guss Davis	1954	300	14	162	P, 50-155	Sand, gravel, and cinders	3,910	53.43	do	328	--	900	--	I	L, Obs, Ca. Davis well No. 1. 3/.
14dcb	Rankin Crow	1951	248	14	157.5	--	Volcanic cinders	3,969	111.12	do	304	15	2,500	45	I	P ½ hr, Obs, Ca. Crow well No. 8. 3/.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well (feet)	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Malheur County--Continued																
T. 15 S., R. 41 E.																
8cbe	Rankin Crow	1951	360	12	100	--	Gravel	3,920	64.86	11-10-77	264	19	1,880	--	I	Obs. Ca. Crow well No. 6. 3/.
T. 15 S., R. 42 E.																
25aba	Mark Velsmeyer	1960	560	10	34	P, 30	Gravel	2,600	3.89	11- 8-78	--	--	400	200	I	P 10 hr, L, Obs.
T. 15 S., R. 44 E.																
25cac(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,532	--	--	540	16.5	--	--	S	Flowed 2 gal/min 8-31-78. Beirman Spring.
29bba(s)	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,870	--	--	415	26	--	--	S	Flowed 10½ gal/min 8-31-78. Mud Spring.
33daa(s)	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,667	--	--	525	21	--	--	S	Flowed 12½ gal/min 8-31-78. McDowell Spring.
36cdd(s)	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,705	--	--	750	14	--	--	S	Flowed 2½ gal/min 8-31-78. McCarthy Spring.
T. 15 S., R. 45 E.																
4cbb	Clyde Ramsey	1970	645	8	607	P, 27-607	Sand and gravel	2,112	31.15	10-29-78	--	--	20	150	C	P 12 hr, L. Originally drilled to 303 ft.
T. 15 S., R. 47 E.																
29ada	H. B. French	1977	30	6	29	P, 21-24	Sand and gravel	2,101	7.14	10-27-78	1,220	14	10	7	H	L, B 2 hr.
30dda	Harry Frazier	1968	40	16	39	P, 21-39	do	2,099	6.08	do	--	--	440	24	I	L, P 4 hr.
T. 16 S., R. 42 E.																
31ddd(s)	Michael Carroll	--	--	--	--	--	--	4,960	--	--	55	12	--	--	S	Boston Horse Camp Spring.
T. 16 S., R. 43 E.																
5bdd	Estel Moser	1965	262	12	40	P, 18-40	Sand and gravel	2,530	1.45	11- 8-78	--	--	1,080	100	I	L, P 1 hr, Obs.
16dcc	Ralph Altig	1952	930	12	50	X	Basalt	2,620	53.51	do	--	--	--	--	I	Obs.
T. 16 S., R. 45 E.																
7bde1	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1976	125	6	118	P, 97-118, S, 111-118	Clay and sand	2,720	82.68	8-31-78	1,120	--	27	3	S	L, P 4 hr, Ca. New Redbull well.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Malheur County--Continued																
T. 16 S., R. 45 E.--Continued																
7bdc2	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,718	--	--	870	15.2	--	--	S	Ca. Well reported to be 100 ft deep. Old Redsoil well.
10dcc	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,770	--	--	750	17.0	--	--	S	Ca. Well reported to be 100 ft deep. Linkous well.
T. 16 S., R. 46 E.																
26dac	Hyline Ranch	1971	606	8	21	X	"Rock sand" and rock	2,757	200.5	10-28-78	545	19.0	15	100	S	L, B 2 hr.
T. 16 S., R. 47 E.																
16bdd	Tom Uriu	1968	75	6	59	P, 54-59	Sand and gravel	2,178	19.26	10-29-78	890	16.7	30	5	H	B 2 hr, Ca.
17abc	Robert Lucas	1977	410	6	100	P, 80-100	Sandy clay	2,370	50.10	10-28-78	1,190	14.5	5	240	H	L, P 1 hr.
35dab	Charles Degitz	1972	63	6	59	P, 54-59	Sand and gravel	2,170	23	4- 1-72	1,000	14.5	30	7	H	L, P 4 hr.
35dbd1	Lloyd Campbell	1978	70	6	--	--	Sand	2,175	29.03	10-28-78	980	13.0	--	--	H	
35dbd2	do	1970	70	6	45	X	Sand and gravel	2,177	32	5-18-70	--	--	6	28	--	B 1 hr. Well went dry; has been destroyed.
T. 17 S., R. 42 E.																
5aba(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	4,930	--	--	75	14.3	--	--	S	Flowing $\frac{1}{2}$ gal/min 9-28-78. Buck Spring.
T. 17 S., R. 44 E.																
11dba	John Stringer	1970	1,300	14	--	--	--	2,360	31.52	11- 8-78	--	--	--	--	I	Obs. Deepened from 400 ft.
25ada	C. N. Durrett	1947	73	12	--	--	Sand and gravel	2,340	44.24	do	--	--	--	--	I	Obs.
T. 17 S., R. 45 E.																
2ccb	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1975	650	6	650	P, 588-650	Clay	2,580	135	4- 4-75	1,734	24.8	15	265	S	P 7 hr, Ca. Alkali Gulch well.
T. 17 S., R. 47 E.																
7add	Warren Willison	1970	145	6	141	P, 135-141	Sand and gravel	2,380	91	7-23-70	805	12.5	20	20	H	P 2 hr.
10acc	George Duerr	1977	65	12	30	P, 20-30	do	2,132	10	1-29-77	1,180	13.0	250	21	H	P 4 hr, L.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude of material (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Malheur County--Continued																
T. 18 S., R. 37 E.																
34dac(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	3,480	--	--	320	15.6	--	--	S	Ca. Flowing about 1 gal/min 9-26-78. Greenspot Spring.
T. 18 S., R. 41 E.																
8dca	R. G. Stewart	1960	280	12	54	P, 25-52	Gravel	3,030	18	2-12-60	--	--	300	50	I	L, P 4 hr, Obs.
T. 18 S., R. 42 E.																
4cbb	R. L. Jordan	--	--	--	--	--	--	3,435	119.14	9-28-78	--	--	--	--	I	
T. 18 S., R. 43 E.																
9bbc(s)	R. L. Jordan	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,640	--	--	730	62.0	--	--	U	Ca. Neal Hot Spring.
T. 18 S., R. 44 E.																
18aca	Paul Fleming	1961	730	12	54	P, 35-50	Gravel	2,435	30.23	11-13-78	--	--	310	120	I	P 6 hr, Obs.
T. 18 S., R. 45 E.																
21bbc	K. T. Loomis	1960	140	12	40	P, 10-40	Sand and gravel	2,235	9.06	5-23-78	--	--	350	12	I	L, P 3½ hr, Obs.
T. 18 S., R. 46 E.																
9bdd	R. W. Metlen	1977	303	6	40	X	Sand	2,290	14.03	10-27-78	390	16.8	20	135	H	L, P 4 hr, Ca.
19cca	Glen Hutchinson	1961	435	16	28	P, 18-28	Sand and gravel	2,210	10.96	5-23-78	--	--	500	85	I	P 4 hr, Obs.
23dcc	Kay Teramura	1958	240	14	54	P, 21-52	do	2,250	15.32	do	--	--	580	41	I	Do.
T. 18 S., R. 47 E.																
2cdd	City of Ontario	1969	51	16	50	S, 26-40	Sand and gravel	2,138	5	8-1-69	--	--	1,300	27	P	L, P 10½ hr. Well No. 6.
6bad	Harold French	1972	150	6	25	X	Sand	2,153	11	4-19-72	900	14.5	12	44	H	B 1½ hr.
9bdb	Treasure Valley Community College	1968	100	16	33	P, 21-33	Sand and gravel	2,150	16	5-18-68	760	14.7	400	64	I	L, P 15½ hr.
11baa	City of Ontario	1961	50	16	30	P, 29-30, S, 30-40	do	2,138	5.64	10-29-78	--	--	1,000	27	P	L, P 5½ hr, Ca. Well No. 4.
11bda1	do	1961	80	16	80	P, --	do	2,140	9	1-16-79	553	16	400	28	P	Ca. Well No. 1.
11bda2	do	1957	78	16	78	P, --	Sand	2,140	9	do	1,010	17.5	550	28	P	Ca. Well No. 3.
16bbb	Harry Okita	1952	145	12	87	P, 30-50	Gravel	2,175	14	10-25-52	--	--	750	55	U	P 8 hr.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Malheur County--Continued																
T. 18 S., R. 47 E.--Continued																
17bbb	Earl Weaver	--	135	3	--	--	--	2,160	11.65	5-23-78	--	--	--	--	U	Obs.
19dbb	Ray Winegar	1975	61	6	62	P, 55-60	Gravel	2,203	22	3-30-75	1,320	14.0	20	9	H	B 1 hr.
19dbd	Ray Hasebe	1972	60	6	59	P, 53-58	Sand and gravel	2,203	17.98	10-26-78	--	--	20	13	H	Do.
T. 19 S., R. 38 E.																
30dcc(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	5,200	--	--	196	16.2	.02	--	S	Flowing <0.1 gal/min 9-27-78. Barrel Spring.
T. 19 S., R. 39 E.																
19dab(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	5,130	--	--	140	9.6	--	--	S	Ca. Flowing 3/4 gal/min 9-28-78. Pole Creek Spring.
29acc(s)	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	5,480	--	--	90	9.0	--	--	S	Flowing 3 gal/min 9-28-78. Buckaroo Spring.
34cdc(s)	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	5,460	--	--	47	7.8	--	--	S	Flowing 1 gal/min 9-28-78. Buckboard Spring.
36bca(s)	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	4,800	--	--	73	13.8	--	--	S	Flowing 3/4 gal/min 9-28-78. Rimrock Spring.
T. 19 S., R. 42 E.																
35bbb	J. E. O'Toole	1956	100	12	18	P, 12-18	Sand and gravel	2,470	5.35	11-13-78	--	--	200	10	I	L, P 8 hr, Obs.
T. 19 S., R. 43 E.																
2cbc	Trenkel Bros.	--	198	--	--	--	--	2,345	F	11-13-78	--	--	--	--	I	Obs.
3bca	F. C. Vaughn	1961	690	6	38	P, 30-37	"Sand rock"	2,355	6.26	do	--	--	600	120	I	L, P 10 hr, Obs.
3dba	do	--	485	6	--	--	--	2,348	10.87	do	--	--	--	--	H	Obs.
10ada	T. J. Davis	--	85	12	--	--	--	2,365	36.78	do	--	--	--	--	I	Do.
22dda	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1965	718	6	718	P, 678-718	Sand and gravel	2,968	545	4-18-65	715	29.5	15	45	S	L, P 12 hr, Ca. Vines Hill well.
T. 19 S., R. 45 E.																
5bbb	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1975	92	6	27	P, 21-27	Sand and gravel	2,262	7.58	9-27-78	1,720	14.9	30	5	S	L, B 4 hr, Ca. New North Harper well.
9dbb	do	1964	696	6	696	P, 596-696	Clay and sand	2,820	569	5- 9-64	--	--	6	20	U	L, B 4 hr. North Harper well; no longer in use.

Table 1.--Records of selected wells and springs--Continued

Well or spring number	Owner	Year completed	Depth of well (feet)	Diameter of well	Depth of casing (feet)	Finish	Character of material	Altitude (feet)	Water level		Specific conductance of water	Temperature (°C)	Well performance		Use	Remarks
									Feet below datum	Date			Yield (gal/min)	Draw-down (feet)		
Malheur County--Continued																
T. 19 S., R. 45 E.--Continued																
11bcc	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	1955	494	6	--	--	--	2,865	318.05	9-26-78	--	--	--	--	U	Needham well.
28acb	do	1969	620	6	620	P, 540-620	Sand and gravel	2,845	435	9-19-69	374	28.6	12	67	S	L, B 2½ hr, Ca.
T. 19 S., R. 46 E.																
4dba	Roger Findley	1977	445	12	210	P, 150-210	Sand	2,622	330	8-15-78	980	24.0	1,300	55	I	L, Ca.
18dba	Unknown	--	--	8	--	--	--	2,770	497.80	9-26-78	--	--	--	--	U	
21bad	Albertson's Land & Cattle Co.	1975	572	12	572	S, 384-394, 412-432	Sandstone, sand, and gravel	2,625	398.35	10-24-78	730	26.0	360	140	S	L, P 14 hr. Production reported to have dropped 80 gal/min.
T. 19 S., R. 47 E.																
8acc	Clarence Hart	1967	145	16	110	P, 27-47, 70-110	Sand and gravel	2,181	22.49	10-25-78	1,250	13.0	586	96	I	L, P 12 hr.
17ddd	Albertson's Land & Cattle Co.	1970	175	24	82	P, 30-82	do	2,165	7.79	do	850	14.7	595	100	I	L, P 4 hr, Ca.
18ddc	Robert Kiesel	1972	57	12	46	P, 26-46	do	2,189	12	3-18-72	1,120	13.0	325	36	D	P 8 hr.
28ccb	American Fine Foods	1964	562	--	--	--	do	2,172	9	6- 3-64	--	--	200	5	--	B 2 hr. Test hole; abandoned.
T. 20 S., R. 37 E.																
32acb(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	3,750	--	--	500	19.0	--	--	S	Flowing <0.1 gal/min 9-26-78. Chitsey Spring.
T. 20 S., R. 38 E.																
10bcd(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	4,160	--	--	190	15.5	--	--	S	Flowing ½ gal/min 9-27-78. Dishrag Spring.
T. 20 S., R. 39 E.																
2cbc(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	5,360	--	--	52	11.0	--	--	S	Ca. Flowing 1/3 gal/min 9-28-78. Antelope Spring.
19baa(s)	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	3,450	--	--	280	15.8	--	--	S	Flowing 1/4 gal/min 9-28-78. Chalk Spring.
T. 21 S., R. 40 E.																
1dcb(s)	U.S. Bureau of Land Management	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,800	--	--	165	11.0	--	--	S	Flowing 2-3/4 gal/min 9-27-78.

Table 2.--Drillers' logs of selected wells

Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)	Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<u>6S/48E-15adc.</u> Maynard. Altitude 1,760 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1968. Casing: 6-in. diam to 22 ft; unperforated			<u>8S/41E-34cba.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 3,700 ft. Drilled by Larry Burd Well Drilling, 1974. Casing: 6-in. diam to 398 ft; perforated 320-398 ft		
Rock, broken-----	14	14	Soil and clay-----	13	13
Rock, brown, hard-----	50	64	Conglomerate, brown, soft-----	14	27
Rock, creviced-----	4	68	Basalt, red, soft-----	3	30
Rock, black, hard-----	16	84	Basalt, brown, soft-----	75	105
Rock, with crevice-----	2	86	Basalt, brown, medium-hard-----	20	125
Rock, cracks-----	21	107	Basalt, brown and white, medium-hard-----	80	205
Rock, black, hard-----	7	114	Basalt, blue, medium-hard-----	30	235
Rock, crack-----	1	115	Basalt, brown, medium-hard-----	55	290
			Basalt, blue-gray, hard-----	10	300
			Basalt, brown, hard-----	50	350
			Basalt, hard, water-bearing-----	13	363
			Basalt, blue-gray, hard-----	57	420
<u>7S/46E-33dcb.</u> Lester LaRue. Altitude 2,790 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1967. Casing: 6-in. diam to 27 ft; unperforated			<u>8S/42E-33abc.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management (Gilkison well). Altitude 2,981 ft. Drilled by Denzil Metzger, 1962. Casing: 6-in. diam to 315 ft		
Soil, heavy-----	3	3	Soil-----	2	2
Clay, with boulders-----	22	25	Sandstone-----	6	8
Clay, brown-----	52	77	Gravel, cemented-----	20	28
Sand, in clay-----	1	78	Basalt, brown-----	288	316
Clay, brown-----	160	238	Clay, blue-----	9	325
Lava rock, green-----	30	268	Sand-----	5	330
Clay, red-----	5	273			
Rock, black, hard-----	32	305	<u>8S/46E-8dcb.</u> City of Halfway. Altitude 2,680 ft. Drilled by Rudd W. Davis, 1971. Casing: 12-in. diam to 31 ft, 10-in. diam to 154 ft, 8-in. diam 78-259 ft; perforated 78-259 ft		
Clay, yellow-----	45	350	Soil, sandy, dark-colored-----	4	4
Rock, black, hard-----	18	368	Hardpan, brown-----	8	12
Rock, red, porous-----	11	379	Granite boulders and hardpan-----	4	16
Rock, black, hard-----	32	411	Clay, light-brown, and gravel-----	4	20
Clay, red-----	11	422	Boulders and clay-----	3	23
Rock, black, hard-----	33	455	Clay, brown, and gravel-----	5	28
Rock, red-----	5	460	Gravel-----	3	31
Rock, black, hard-----	5	465	Clay, brown, and boulders and gravel-----	14	45
Rock, red, crevice-----	5	470	Clay, brown-----	3	48
Rock, red, porous-----	7	477	Granite, sand, and gravel-----	12	60
			Hardpan, brown, and cobbles-----	20	80
			Gravel, pea-sized-----	2	82
			Sand, dark-brown, and gravel-----	22	104
			Clay, brown, and cobbles-----	21	125
			Sand, brown, and gravel-----	32	157
			Clay, brown, and gravel-----	5	162
			Clay, brown, and cobbles-----	24	186
			Hardpan, brown, and cobbles-----	20	206
			Clay, brown, and gravel-----	19	225
			Gravel, pea-sized, and coarse sand-----	26	251
			Hardpan, brown, and cobbles-----	11	262
			Clay, brown, and gravel-----	19	281
			<u>8S/46E-15abb.</u> Lewis Laird. Altitude 2,560 ft. Drilled from 140 to 275 ft by Otto Ellsworth, 1963. Casing: 8-in. diam 104-274 ft		
			No record-----		140
			Gravel, cemented-----	5	145
			Boulders, cemented-----	7	152
			Clay, brown, with gravel-----	32	184
			Clay, brown-----	8	192
			Clay, sandy, brown-----	52	244
			Gravel, medium-----	3	247
			Clay, brown-----	13	260
			Gravel, water-bearing-----	14	274
			Clay, brown-----	1	275
<u>8S/41E-14abd.</u> Steward Morrissey, Inc. Altitude 2,795 ft. Drilled by B & M Equipment Co., 1963. Casing: 14-in. diam 0-82 ft, 6-in. diam 80-685 ft; perforated 0-685 ft					
Boulders, hard, gray to black-----	17	17			
Clay, brown-----	8	25			
Cinders, medium-red-----	10	35			
Clay, brown-----	5	40			
Clay, blue, with fine sand-----	43	83			
Volcanic rock, hard, black-----	32	115			
Cinders, medium-red-----	9	124			
Volcanic rock, hard, black-----	31	155			
Volcanic rock, broken-----	13	168			
Volcanic rock, hard, black-----	26	194			
Cinders, medium-red-----	3	197			
Volcanic rock, hard, black-----	68	265			
Volcanic rock, broken-----	22	287			
Claystone, blue-----	29	316			
Volcanic rock, broken, black-----	15	331			
Volcanic rock, hard, black-----	13	344			
Claystone, blue-----	10	354			
Volcanic rock, hard, black-----	213	567			
Volcanic rock, hard, red-----	2	569			
Volcanic rock, broken, black-----	116	685			

Table 2.--Drillers' logs of selected wells--Continued

Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)	Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<u>8S/46E-21abb.</u> Ellingson Lumber Co. Altitude 2,570 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1965. Casing: 12-in. diam to 134 ft, 10-in. diam 127-307 ft; perforated 30-134 ft, 127-307 ft			<u>9S/45E-14daa.</u> Vern DuMars. Altitude 2,280 ft. Drilled by Stoffel Bros. Drilling, Inc. Casing: 6-in. diam to 225 ft; perforated 150-160 ft, 180-190 ft, 205-225 ft		
Clay and boulders-----	20	20	Soil-----	3	3
Clay and gravel; some water-----	10	30	Gravel, cemented-----	16	19
Gravel, medium, water-bearing-----	17	47	Clay, gray-----	3	22
Clay, brown-----	22	69	Clay, gray, sticky, and gravel-----	14	36
Gravel and some clay, water-bearing-----	23	92	Clay, brown, soft-----	13	49
Clay, brown-----	8	100	Clay, brown and blue, sticky, and sand-----	84	133
Gravel, medium, water-bearing-----	13	113	Clay, blue, and gravel-----	3	136
Clay, with imbedded gravel-----	13	126	Clay, blue, sticky, and sand-----	97	233
Gravel and sand; some water-----	6	132			
Clay, with thin streaks of gravel-----	65	197			
Clay, brown-----	50	247	<u>9S/45E-14dba.</u> Vern DuMars. Altitude 2,250 ft. Drilled by Stoffel Bros. Drilling, Inc. Casing: 4-in. diam to 56 ft; perforated 37-54 ft; unperforated		
Gravel, medium, water-bearing-----	7	254	Soil-----	4	4
Clay, brown-----	14	268	Gravel, cemented, and boulders-----	38	42
Gravel, water-bearing-----	3	271	Sand, water-bearing-----	3	45
Clay, brown-----	24	295	Gravel, cemented-----	5	50
Gravel, medium, water-bearing-----	3	298	Sand, water-bearing-----	1	51
Clay, brown-----	3	301	Gravel, cemented-----	6	57
Gravel, medium, water-bearing-----	4	305			
Clay, brown-----	1	306			
Gravel, medium, water-bearing-----	1	307			
<u>9S/41E-2acd.</u> Bureau of Land Management (Hogg well). Altitude 3,480 ft. Drilled by H. H. High, 1940. Casing: Unknown			<u>9S/45E-17cdd.</u> Earl Baker. Altitude 2,580 ft. Drilled by K. Dennis Drilling, 1975. Casing: 6-in. diam to 129 ft; unperforated		
Sandstone, hard-----	69	69	Soil-----	4	4
Quartz, blue, hard-----	24	93	Clay, brown-----	26	30
Gravel, cemented, hard-----	47	140	Clay, yellow-----	72	102
Shale, white-----	8	148	Clay, blue and gray-----	40	142
Shale, yellow-----	22	170	Basalt-----	16	158
Shale, blue-----	16	186	Clay, gray-----	8	166
Quartz-----	24	210	Clay, brown-----	29	195
Quartz, very hard-----	10	220	Basalt and gray clay-----	54	252
Sand, soft-----	9	229	Rock, black, water-bearing-----	8	260
			Clay, gray-----	10	270
<u>9S/41E-27dcd.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 3,910 ft. Drilled by Jess Williams, 1964. Casing: 6-in. diam to 44 ft; unperforated			<u>10S/41E-24ddc.</u> Ron Ahern. Altitude 3,755 ft. Drilled by Hysell Pump & Drilling, 1971. Casing: 6-in. diam to 42 ft; unperforated		
Soil, brown-----	2	2	Soil, gravelly-----	4	4
Clay, yellow-----	42	44	Clay, brown-----	13	17
Clay, yellow, hard-----	174	218	Gravel and sand-----	20	37
Sand, coarse-----	--	218	Clay, yellow-----	26	63
			Gravel-----	3	66
<u>9S/41E-28ada.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 3,880 ft. Drilled by A. W. Robinson Water Well Drilling, 1963. Casing: 4-in. diam to 256 ft; perforated 236-256 ft			Clay, light-yellow-----		
Soil-----	3	3	Clay, red-----	8	90
Lava rock-----	21	24	Clay, gray-----	18	108
Clay, white-----	38	62	Clay, brown-----	18	126
Lava rock-----	28	90	Sand and gravel-----	4	130
Clay, yellow-----	30	120			
Clay, blue-green-----	40	160	<u>11S/43E-20ddb.</u> Clarence Pearce. Altitude 2,670 ft. Drilled by Page Bros. Drilling, 1973. Casing: 6-in. diam to 20 ft; unperforated		
Lava rock-----	40	200	Soil-----	2	2
Clay, black, hard, with fine water-bearing sand at bottom-----	56	256	Clay, brown-----	5	7
			Clay, brown, hard-----	5	12
<u>9S/42E-16dba.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 3,391 ft. Drilled by O. C. Tandy, 1956. Casing: 4-in. diam 4-16 ft; unperforated			Clay, dark-brown-----		
Soil-----	6	6	Clay, blue-----	12	40
Sandy formation, hard-----	14	20	Sand, blue, water-bearing-----	1/2	40 1/2
Clay, hard-----	29	49	Clay, blue-----	19 1/2	60
Gravel, reddish-brown-----	9	58	Sandstone, blue, broken-----	2	62
Clay, gray, hard-----	14 1/2	207	Clay, blue-----	14	76
Clay, yellow, hard-----	23	230	Sand, blue, water-bearing-----	1	77
Clay, gray, hard-----	14	244	Clay, blue-----	53	130
Clay, chocolate-colored, with gravel-----	6	250			
Clay, blue, with small-sized gravel-----	31	281			

Table 2.--Drillers' logs of selected wells--Continued

Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)	Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<u>11S/43E-28acc.</u> Rod McCullough. Altitude 2,670 ft. Drilled by K. Demis Drilling, 1977. Casing: 6-in. diam to 265 ft; perforated 50-60 ft, 245-265 ft			<u>14S/39E-29baa.</u> John Molthan. Altitude 3,795 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1951. Casing: 12-in. diam to 152 ft; perforated 25-150 ft		
Clay, brown, hard-----	25	25	Soil-----	5	5
Clay, yellow-----	25	50	Clay, with boulders-----	20	25
Clay, blue, soft-----	60	210	Gravel, water-bearing-----	10	35
Clay, blue, hard, water-bearing-----	5	215	Clay, with imbedded gravel-----	40	75
Clay, blue, soft-----	45	260	Sand and gravel-----	25	100
Clay, blue, hard, water-bearing-----	5	265	Clay, with imbedded gravel-----	40	140
Clay, blue, soft-----	5	270	Gravel and sand-----	10	150
			Shale, blue-----	700	850
			Sand-----	2	852
			Shale, blue-----	298	1,150
			Soapstone-----	20	1,170
			Shale, blue-----	80	1,250
			Soapstone-----	40	1,290
<u>11S/43E-36dbd.</u> D. D. D'Ewart. Altitude 2,920 ft. Drilled by Page Bros. Drilling, 1975. Casing: 6-in. diam to 33 ft; perforated 24-33 ft			<u>14S/45E-32daa.</u> Oregon Department of Transportation, Highway Division. Altitude 2,120 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1970. Casing: 6-in. diam to 63 ft; perforated 42-54 ft		
Soil, rocky-----	7	7	Soil, heavy-----	3	3
Clay, brown, sticky-----	4	11	Clay-----	39	42
Soapstone, broken-----	4	15	Gravel, water-bearing-----	12	54
Clay, brown, sticky, and gravel-----	13	28	Clay, blue-----	38	92
Sand and gravel, water-bearing-----	2	30	Sand, black-----	2	94
Clay, brown, gravelly-----	16	46	Clay, blue-----	31	125
Gravel, water-bearing-----	1	47			
Clay, blue-----	3	50			
<u>12S/37E-28bdb.</u> Oregon Department of Transportation, Highway Division. Altitude 3,865 ft. Drilled by Page Bros. Drilling, 1974. Casing: 6-in. diam to 40 ft; unperforated			<u>15S/40E-13bba.</u> Guss Davis. Altitude 3,910 ft. Drilled by Max Holloway, 1954. Casing: 14-in. diam to 162 ft; perforated 50-75 ft, 95-105 ft, 122-132 ft, 143-155 ft		
Clay, gravelly-----	10	10	Soil-----	15	15
Gravel, coarse- to medium-sized-----	25	35	Chalk formation-----	5	20
Clay, yellow-----	35	70	Clay-----	29	49
Sandstone, medium-hard, with fractures-----	44	114	Sand and gravel-----	11	60
Clay, blue-----	19	133	Not reported-----	11	71
Clay, blue, caving-----	2	135	Clay-----	23	94
Clay, blue-----	5	140	Gravel and sand-----	10	104
			Clay, red, burnt-----	26	130
			Gravel-----	3	133
			Clay, red-----	7	140
			Gravel, bedded in clay-----	40	180
			Clay, hard, burnt-----	100	280
			Gravel-----	7	287
			Cinders, red-----	13	300
<u>12S/43E-11bda.</u> Oregon Portland Cement Co. Altitude 2,550 ft. Drilled by Page Bros. Drilling, 1977. Casing: 8-in. diam to 57 ft; unperforated			<u>15S/42E-25aba.</u> Mark Velsmeyer. Altitude 2,600 ft. Drilled by H. A. Sevey Drilling, 1960. Casing: 10-in. diam to 34 ft; perforated at 30 ft		
Gravel fill-----	14	14	Soil-----	15	15
Soil, brown-----	3	17	Gravel-----	15	30
Gravel and sand, water-bearing-----	35	52	Clay, yellow-----	60	90
Gravel, large-sized, and cobblestones-----	4	56	Clay, sandy, and sand-----	25	115
			Clay, sandy-----	75	190
			Gravel, pea-sized-----	5	195
			Clay, brown-----	10	205
			Shale, blue-----	30	235
			Clay, brown, sandy-----	15	250
			Sandstone, brown-----	10	260
			Clay, brown, sandy-----	157	417
			Gravel, pea-sized-----	73	490
			Clay, brown, sandy-----	20	510
			Clay, sandy, and pea-sized gravel-----	50	560
<u>12S/44E-30add.</u> Oregon Department of Transportation, Highway Division. Altitude 2,410 ft. Drilled by Intervalley Drilling Co., 1967. Casing: 8-in. diam to 24 ft; perforated 19-24 ft			<u>15S/45E-4cbb.</u> Clyde Ramsey. Altitude 2,112 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1969. Casing: 10-in. diam to 40 ft; perforated 22-40 ft		
Soil, with gravel-----	1	1	Soil, sandy-----	5	5
Gravel, large- to small-sized-----	12	13	Clay, brown-----	30	35
Gravel, large-sized, cemented, firm-----	5½	18½	Gravel and sand-----	3	38
Gravel, small- to large-sized, water-bearing---	3½	22	Clay, blue-----	264	302
Gravel, with brown clay, cemented-----	2	24	Sand, blue and gray-----	1	303
Basalt, black, hard-----	2	26			
Basalt, broken, with streaks of rubble and small-sized gravel; heaving-----	8	34			
<u>13S/44E-27ddb.</u> Oregon Portland Cement Co. Altitude 2,240 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1965. Casing: 8-in. diam to 105 ft; unperforated					
Soil, sandy-----	6	6			
Clay, with imbedded gravel-----	7	13			
Clay, yellow-----	19	32			
Clay, white-----	9	41			
Rock, red; some water-----	21	62			
Rock, white, soft-----	40	102			
Rock, white, broken-----	3	105			
Rock, gray, hard-----	31	136			
Rock, gray, broken, water-bearing-----	1	137			

Table 2.--Drillers' logs of selected wells--Continued

Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)	Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<u>15S/47E-29ada.</u> H. B. French. Altitude 2,101 ft. Drilled by Dallas Drilling & Pump Co., Inc., 1977. Casing: 6-in. diam to 29 ft; perforated 21-24 ft			<u>16S/47E-35dab.</u> Charles Degitz. Altitude 2,170 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1972. Casing: 6-in. diam to 59 ft; perforated 54-59 ft		
Clay, brown-----	14	14	Soil, sandy-----	3	3
Clay and gravel-----	6	20	Clay-----	23	26
Sand and gravel-----	6	26	Sand and gravel-----	32	58
Clay, blue-----	4	30	Clay, blue-----	5	63
<u>15S/47E-30dda.</u> Harry Frasier. Altitude 2,099 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1968. Casing: 16-in. diam to 39 ft; unperforated			<u>17S/47E-10acc.</u> George Duerr. Altitude 2,132 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1977. Casing: 12-in. diam to 30 ft; perforated 20-30 ft		
Soil, heavy-----	3	3	Soil-----	3	3
Clay, yellow-----	15	18	Clay-----	10	13
Sand, brown, fine-----	12	30	Clay, sandy-----	7	20
Sand and gravel-----	4	34	Sand and gravel-----	5	25
Gravel, large-----	5	39	Gravel-----	3	28
Gravel, medium-----	1	40	Clay, blue-----	36	64
<u>16S/43E-5bdd.</u> Estel Moser. Altitude 2,530 ft. Drilled by Hysell Pump & Drilling, 1965. Casing: 12-in. diam to 40 ft; perforated 18-40 ft			<u>18S/41E-8dca.</u> R. C. Stewart. Altitude 3,030 ft. Drilled by H. A. Sevey Drilling, 1960. Casing: 12-in. diam to 54 ft; perforated 25-52 ft		
Soil-----	8	8	Soil-----	5	5
Silt, sandy-----	10	18	Gravel and soil-----	15	20
Sand, and medium-sized gravel-----	22	40	Gravel, coarse-----	32	52
Shale, blue, sandy-----	40	80	Chalk-----	98	150
Shale, gray, hard-----	40	120	Sandstone and chalkstone, layered-----	100	250
Shale, blue, sandy-----	20	140	Clay, brown, sandy, and black sand-----	30	280
Sand and pea-sized gravel-----	2	142	<u>18S/45E-21bbc.</u> K. T. Loomis. Altitude 2,235 ft. Drilled by Peerless Pump Co., 1960. Casing: 12-in. diam to 40 ft; perforated 10-40 ft		
Sand and shale-----	28	170	Hardpan-----	9	9
Sand and pea-sized gravel-----	5	175	Clay, yellow-----	8	17
Sand and shale-----	45	220	Gravel, sandy-----	10	27
Sand, black-----	3	223	Shale, sandy-----	38	65
Shale, sandy-----	27	250	Shale, black-----	100	165
Sand, black-----	5	255	<u>18S/46E-9bdd.</u> R. W. Metlin. Altitude 2,290 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1977. Casing: 6-in. diam to 40 ft; unperforated		
Sand and pea-sized gravel-----	5	260	Soil, sandy-----	3	3
Shale, blue-----	2	262	Sand, hard-----	42	45
<u>16S/45E-7bdcl.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 2,720 ft. Drilled by Page Bros. Drilling, 1976. Casing: 6-in. diam to 118 ft, 5-in. diam 90-111 ft; perforated 97-118 ft			Clay, brown-----	10	55
Clay, yellow, sticky-----	85	85	Clay, blue-----	39	94
Clay, yellow, sandy, fine-----	7	92	Sand, blue-----	1	95
Clay, yellow, sandy, medium-fine-----	15	107	Clay, blue-----	195	290
Clay, blue, fine-----	3	110	Sand streak-----	2	292
Sand, light-blue, medium- to fine-grained-----	15	125	Clay, gray-----	8	300
<u>16S/46E-26dac.</u> Hyline Ranch. Altitude 2,757 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1971. Casing: 8-in. diam to 21 ft; unperforated			Clay, white-----	3	303
Soil, heavy-----	4	4	<u>18S/47E-2cdd.</u> City of Ontario. Altitude 2,138 ft. Drilled by Witt & Sons, 1969. Casing: 6-in. diam to 26 ft, 4-in. diam 40-50 ft; unperforated		
Clay, with gravel-----	4	8	Silt, blue, fine-----	8	8
Clay, brown-----	136	144	Sand, fine, and gravel-----	12	20
Clay, blue-----	120	264	Silt, fine-grained-----	3	23
Rock and sand-----	1	265	Gravel, 1/4- to 1 1/2-in. diameter-----	11	34
Clay, blue-----	335	600	Sand, medium-grained-----	6	40
Rock-----	5	605	Sand, blue, medium-grained-----	8	48
Clay, blue-----	1	606	Clay, blue, sandy-----	3	51
<u>16S/47E-17abc.</u> Robert Lucas. Altitude 2,370 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1977. Casing: 6-in. diam to 100 ft; perforated 80-100 ft					
Soil, sandy-----	3	3			
Clay, yellow-----	9	12			
Gravel, cemented-----	23	35			
Clay, crumbly-----	45	80			
Clay, sandy-----	15	95			
Clay, blue-----	185	280			
Sand-----	1	281			
Clay, blue-----	119	400			
Clay, crumbly-----	10	410			

Table 2.--Drillers' logs of selected wells--Continued

Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)	Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<u>18S/47E-9dbd.</u> Treasure Valley College. Altitude 2,150 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1968. Casing: 16-in. diam to 33 ft; perforated 21-33 ft			<u>19S/45E-5bbb.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 2,262 ft. Drilled by Page Bros. Drilling, 1975. Casing: 6-in. diam to 27 ft; perforated 21-27 ft		
Soil, sandy-----	3	3	Clay, brown, sticky-----	19	19
Clay, yellow-----	7	10	Gravel, cemented-----	2	21
Clay, sandy-----	11	21	Gravel and sand, water-bearing-----	4	25
Gravel, sandy-----	10	31	Conglomerate, hard-----	2	27
Clay, blue-----	29	60	Shale, blue-----	55	82
Sand, black-----	1	61	Shale, blue-gray-----	10	92
Clay, blue-----	19	80			
Sand, black-----	2	82			
Clay, blue-----	18	100			
<u>18S/47E-11baa.</u> City of Ontario. Altitude 2,138 ft. Drilled by A. E. Hosack & Son, 1961. Casing: 16-in. diam to 29 ft; per- forated 29-30 ft			<u>19S/45E-9dbb.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 2,820 ft. Drilled by C. B. Eaton & Sons, 1964. Casing: 6-in. diam to 696 ft; perforated 596-696 ft		
Soil and silt-----	3	3	Gravel, cemented-----	42	42
Gravel, cemented-----	6	9	Sandstone-----	57	99
Gravel, small, in clay-----	4	13	Gravel, cemented-----	42	141
Gravel, medium-----	7	20	Shale, gray-----	96	237
Gravel, coarse-----	5	25	Sandstone-----	72	309
Gravel, medium, and coarse sand-----	16	41	Shale, green-----	161	470
Clay, blue, coarse-----	9	50	Sandstone-----	35	505
			Gravel, cemented-----	17	522
			Sandstone-----	75	597
			Clay, with sand strips-----	99	696
<u>19S/42E-35bbb.</u> J. E. O'Toole. Altitude 2,470 ft. Drilled by Harry A. Sevey, 1956. Casing: 12-in. diam to 18 ft; perfor- ated 12-18 ft			<u>19S/45E-28acb.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 2,845 ft. Drilled by Glenn Hysell, 1969. Casing: 6-in. diam to 620 ft; perforated 540-620 ft		
Soil-----	8	8	Sandstone, soft-----	25	25
Sand and gravel-----	10	18	Sand-----	20	45
Shale, blue-----	7	25	Sandstone, hard-----	2	47
Rock-----	3	28	Sandstone, soft-----	98	145
Clay, brown-----	4	32	Sandstone, hard, coarse-----	20	165
Rock and clay-----	8	40	Sand, brown-----	20	185
Gravel-----	5	45	Shale, brown, sandy-----	115	300
Rock and clay-----	55	100	Shale, blue, sandy-----	93	393
			Sand and pea-sized gravel-----	7	400
			Shale, blue-----	183	583
			Sand and pea-sized gravel-----	3	586
			Shale, blue, sandy-----	32	618
			Sand, black, coarse-----	4	622
<u>19S/43E-3bca.</u> F. C. Vaughn. Altitude 2,355 ft. Drilled by H. A. Sevey Drilling, 1961. Casing: 16-in. diam to 38 ft; perforated 30-37 ft			<u>19S/46E-4dba.</u> Roger Findley. Altitude 2,622 ft. Drilled by Page Bros. Drilling, 1977. Casing: 16-in. diam to 187 ft, 12-in. diam to 210 ft		
Soil-----	18	18	Soil-----	2	2
Sandstone and gravel-----	11	29	Hardpan-----	6	8
Sandstone-----	16	45	Gravel, cemented-----	5	13
Shale, sandy-----	105	150	Gravel, loose-----	3	16
Shale, blue, sticky-----	85	235	Clay, yellow, hard-----	44	60
Shale, sandy-----	32	267	Sandstone-----	2	62
Shale-----	13	280	Clay, yellow-----	26	88
Shale, hard-----	5	285	Sandstone-----	5	93
Shale, sandy-----	5	290	Sand, brown-----	6	99
Sand, black-----	10	300	Clay, yellow, hard-----	61	160
Shale, blue-----	26	326	Sandstone-----	3	163
Rock-----	2	328	Clay, yellow, soft-----	17	180
Shale, blue-----	242	570	Claystone, yellow, hard-----	6	186
Rock-----	98	668	Sand, brown-----	14	200
Shale, hard-----	2	670	Sandstone, hard-----	3	203
Rock, hard-----	20	690	Sand, medium-----	4	207
			Clay, yellow, sandy, fine-----	133	340
			Clay, sandy, coarse-----	3	343
			Sandstone-----	2	345
			Sand, medium, water-bearing-----	2	347
			Clay, sandy, soft-----	98	445
			Sandstone, fractured-----	6	451
			Sand, medium to fine-----	19	470
<u>19S/43E-22dda.</u> U.S. Bureau of Land Management. Altitude 2,968 ft. Drilled by Denzil N. Metzger, 1965. Casing: 6-in. diam to 718 ft; perforated 678-718 ft					
Sandstone-----	442	442			
Clay, blue-----	21	463			
Sandstone-----	17	480			
Clay, blue-----	222	702			
Sand and gravel-----	8	710			
Gravel-----	8	718			
Clay, blue-----	--	--			

Table 2.--Drillers' logs of selected wells--Continued

Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)	Materials	Thick- ness (feet)	Depth (feet)
<u>19S/46E-21bad.</u> Albertson's Land & Cattle Co. Altitude 2,625 ft. Drilled by J. Miller Smith, 1975. Casing: 12-in. diam to 572 ft; perforated 20-572 ft			<u>19S/47E-8acc.</u> Clarence Hart. Altitude 2,181 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1967. Casing: 16-in. diam to 46 ft, 12-in. diam 70-110 ft; perforated 27-47 ft, 70-110 ft		
Soil-----	3	3	Soil, sandy-----	4	4
Clay, yellow, and sand, gravel, and cobbles----	19	22	Sand-----	17	21
Sandstone, brown, hard-----	35	57	Sand and gravel-----	24	45
Sand, coarse, and fine gravel-----	20	77	Clay, blue-----	45	90
Sandstone, brown-----	205	282	Sand, black-----	10	100
Sand and gravel-----	10	292	Clay, blue-----	40	140
Clay, brown-----	90	382	Sand, black-----	5	145
Sand, blue, hard-----	10	392			
Sandstone, brown-----	12	404	<u>19S/47E-17ddd.</u> Albertson's Land & Cattle Co. Altitude 2,165 ft. Drilled by Holloway Drilling Co., 1970. Casing: 24-in. diam to 43 ft, 12-in. diam to 82 ft; perforated 33-82 ft		
Rock, hard-----	4	408	Soil, heavy-----	3	3
Sand, black, and gravel-----	7	415	Clay, yellow-----	11	14
Shale, dark-gray-----	2	417	Gravel, cemented-----	8	22
Sandstone, brown-----	10	427	Sand and gravel-----	21	43
Rock, gray, hard-----	5	432	Clay, blue-----	35	78
Shale, blue, fractured-----	20	452	Sand, blue-----	16	94
Clay, dark-blue-----	10	462	Clay, blue-----	76	170
Sandstone, dark-gray-----	10	472	Sand, black-----	5	175
Sandstone mixed with gray clay-----	10	482			
Sandstone, light-gray-----	10	492			
Clay, gray, sandy-----	3	495			
Gravel, small-sized, and sand-----	2	497			
Clay, gray, sandy-----	5	502			
Shale, gray, hard-----	23	525			
Sand and gray clay-----	1	526			
Sandstone, gray, and clay-----	6	532			
Sandstone, gray-----	13	545			
Rock, gray, hard-----	3	548			
Sandstone, gray-----	4	552			
Shale, blue, fractured-----	2	554			
Sand, black-----	8	562			
Sandstone, black-----	6	568			
Shale, blue, fractured-----	4	572			

Table 3.—Source and significance of chemical and physical characteristics of water

Constituent	Potential source(s)	Significance or definition
Silica (SiO ₂)	Silicate minerals in rocks.	Forms hard scale in high-pressure boilers.
Iron (Fe)	Iron-bearing minerals, well casings, and pipes.	In concentrations greater than 0.3 mg/L, may stain laundry and porcelain plumbing fixtures (National Academy of Sciences, 1974). Larger concentrations may impart objectionable taste to water.
Manganese (Mn)	Manganese-bearing minerals, decomposition of plant tissue.	In concentrations greater than 0.05 mg/L may cause brown to black stain in laundry and porcelain plumbing fixtures (National Academy of Sciences, 1974). Generally has same objectionable features as iron.
Calcium (Ca)	Rocks, soils, and "hardpan" deposits rich in calcium carbonate minerals and from fertilizers.	A constituent of scale deposits in water pipes, boilers, and cookware. Principal cause of water hardness.
Magnesium (Mg)	Ferromagnesium minerals in rocks.	A constituent of scale deposits in water pipes, boilers, and cookware. Second principal cause of water hardness.
Sodium (Na)	Sodium-bearing minerals in rocks; industrial wastes	Large concentrations in combination with chloride give water salty taste. Large concentrations in irrigation water may reduce soil permeability.
Potassium (K)	Potassium-bearing minerals in rocks; present in plant tissue, sewage, industrial wastes, and fertilizers.	Essential plant nutrient.
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃) and carbonate (CO ₃)	Carbon dioxide in air and soil atmosphere, "hardpan" deposits, or cementing material in sediments; also decomposition of organic matter in soil.	In combination with calcium and magnesium, cause carbonate hardness. Carbonates of calcium and magnesium form scale in steam boilers and hot-water facilities and release corrosive carbon dioxide gas.
Sulfate (SO ₄)	Sulfide minerals in rocks, gypsum, precipitation, fertilizers, and sewage.	Sulfates of calcium and magnesium form hard scale. In concentrations greater than about 250 mg/L may have unpleasant taste and be cathartic to some individuals (National Academy of Sciences, 1974).
Chloride (Cl)	Soils and rocks, evaporite minerals, precipitation, animal wastes, and sewage.	Makes water corrosive; more than 250 mg/L may impart salty taste to water (National Academy of Sciences, 1974).
Fluoride (F)	Fluoride-bearing minerals which occur in trace amounts in most rocks.	Optimum concentrations tend to reduce decay of children's teeth; larger concentrations cause mottling of enamel of teeth. Concentration of fluoride in drinking water should not exceed 2 mg/L (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1975).
Nitrate (NO ₃) as N	Bacterial action in soil and plants; concentrated in plant and animal wastes, sewage, and fertilizers.	Essential plant nutrient. In surface water excessive nitrate and phosphates in combination cause algal blooms which may result in organic enrichment of water and depletion of dissolved oxygen. Consumption of water with more than about 10 mg/L of nitrate as N may cause methemoglobinemia in infants (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1975). In excess of average concentrations may indicate pollution by organic wastes.
Phosphorus (P or phosphate (PO ₄))	Phosphorus-bearing minerals present in most rocks in trace amounts. Component of sewage, animal wastes, fertilizers, and some detergents.	Essential plant nutrient. See nitrate.
Boron (B)	Boron-bearing minerals, volcanic gases, thermal springs, and sewage.	Essential in trace amounts to plant nutrition. In concentrations greater than about 2 mg/L, may be toxic even to tolerant crops (National Academy of Sciences, 1974).
Arsenic (As)	Dissolved from arsenic-bearing minerals. Ingredient of many herbicides and insecticides.	Prolonged consumption of water containing more than about 0.05 mg/L of arsenic may lead to chronic poisoning (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1975).
Dissolved solids (residue on evaporation or calculated)		Measure of the concentration of dissolved solids in water.
Specific conductance		Indicator of the ability of a solute to conduct an electrical current. Gives indication of the concentration of dissolved solids in water.
Hardness as (CaCO ₃)	Mainly dissolved calcium and magnesium in water.	Property of water related to the formation of an insoluble curd with soap and the formation of scale in pipes, boilers, and cooking utensils.
pH (hydrogen ion activity)	Hydrogen ions in solution.	Hydrogen ion activity expressed in negative logarithmic units. A measure of the dissociation of water molecules. A neutral solution has a pH of 7.0.
Temperature	Determined by local environment.	Important physical characteristic that affects taste, efficiency of waste-treatment processes, cooling, suitability of habitat for aquatic life, and suitability for irrigation.
SAR (sodium-adsorption-ratio)	Calculated from the following equation: $SAR = \frac{(Na^+)}{\sqrt{\frac{(Ca^{+2}) + (Mg^{+2})}{2}}}$ where: Na ⁺² , Ca ⁺² , Mg ⁺² are in milliequivalents per liter.	Equation predicts the degree to which irrigation water tends to enter into cation-exchange reactions in soil. High SAR values imply a hazard of sodium replacing adsorbed calcium and magnesium; this replacement is damaging to soil structure.

Table 4.--Chemical analyses of ground-water samples
 [Analyses by the U.S. Geological Survey unless otherwise noted. Tr, trace]

Location no.	Depth of well (feet)	Date of collection	Milligrams per liter																			pH	Temperature				
			Silica (SiO ₂)	Iron (Fe)	Manganese (Mn)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Sodium (Na)	Potassium (K)	Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	Carbonate (CO ₃)	Sulfate (SO ₄)	Chloride (Cl)	Fluoride (F)	Nitrite (NO ₂) + nitrate (NO ₃) as N	Phosphate, ortho as P	Boron (B)	Arsenic (As)	Dissolved solids, calculated from determined constituents	Hardness (Ca, Mg)	Noncarbonate hardness		Sodium-adsorption-ratio (SAR)	Specific conductance (micromhos/cm at 25°C)		°C	°F
1/8S/39E-22bdd	12	6-47	--	--	--	42	12	19	2.4	232	0	2.4	0	--	--	Tr	--	--	--	--	0.7	320	6.8	--	--		
1/9S/39E-2ccc	321	do	--	--	--	54	15	21	1.6	250	0	13	0	--	--	Tr	--	--	--	--	.8	350	7.6	--	--		
9S/40E-18dcb	575	8-15-64	52	0.16	0	19	13	60	5.4	258	0	19	5	0.4	--	0.3	--	302	102	0	2.6	443	7.7	15.6	60		
12S/38E-27aab	81	9-25-63	--	--	--	109	109	38	7.8	626	0	91	49	--	2/205	--	.00	--	720	207	.6	1,400	7.6	12.0	54		
12S/43E-11bda	56	11-14-78	42	.07	.80	76	17	57	6.2	246	0	82	6.9	.3	--	.13	0.003	411	260	--	1.5	640	--	10.0	50		
15S/40E-2ccb	310	5-24-55	55	--	--	26	10	19	3.3	143	8	--	8	--	2/1.4	--	--	--	106	0	.8	293	8.7	12.0	54		
15S/40E-2daa	421	7-21-55	46	--	--	--	--	25	--	153	9	--	9	--	--	--	--	--	108	0	--	318	8.6	--	--		
15S/40E-10dbc	1,000	5-24-55	87	--	--	13	8.9	54	12	195	18	--	7	--	2/3	--	--	--	69	0	2.8	382	8.8	24.5	76		
15S/40E-11cdb	200	5-26-55	54	--	--	37	14	42	5	284	0	--	7	--	2/6	--	--	--	150	0	1.5	465	8.2	14.0	57		
15S/40E-13bba	300	7-22-55	49	--	--	--	19	--	--	175	11	--	6	--	--	--	--	--	138	0	--	328	8.7	--	--		
15S/40E-14dcb	248	5-26-55	48	--	--	29	9.3	21	3.6	181	0	--	4	--	2/1.9	--	--	--	111	0	.9	304	8.2	15.0	59.5		
15S/41E-8cbc	360	5-25-55	52	--	--	25	5.5	21	4.1	139	6	--	4	--	2/2.1	--	--	--	85	0	1.0	264	8.6	19.5	67		
16S/45E-7bdc1	125	9-30-78	29	--	--	100	32	59	19	107	0	460	11	1.0	.02	0.01	.08	.003	3/806	380	--	1.3	1,080	6.7	--	--	
16S/45E-7bdc2	100	do	43	1.5	2.9	100	31	60	17	101	0	400	11	.7	.17	--	.09	.040	718	380	290	1.3	870	6.5	15.2	59	
16S/45E-10dcc	100	8-31-78	76	--	--	50	11	77	24	256	0	130	5.0	.3	.86	.10	.12	.160	3/498	170	--	2.6	650	7.5	17.0	62.5	
16S/47E-16bdd	75	10-29-78	54	--	--	63	24	120	4.7	439	0	110	25	.4	--	.08	.13	.013	3/618	260	0	3.3	890	6.8	16.7	62.0	
17S/45E-2ccb	650	9-27-78	84	.76	.09	18	2.7	390	8.8	1,085	0	8.5	41	.4	.06	--	.87	.110	1,098	56	--	23	1,730	7.5	24.8	76.5	
18S/37E-34dac(s)	--	9-26-78	84	.07	0	16	6.3	32	9.8	134	0	17	7.8	.3	.89	--	.05	.003	241	66	--	1.7	320	--	15.6	60.0	
18S/43E-9bbc(s)	--	9-28-78	130	.05	.06	18	.4	210	16	210	0	140	120	9.8	.04	--	4.4	.031	395	47	--	13	730	7.2	62.0	143.5	
18S/46E-9bdd	303	10-27-78	59	--	--	48	11	17	6.8	171	0	37	13	.3	--	.05	.10	.011	276	170	25	.6	390	6.1	16.8	62.0	
⁴ /18S/47E-11baa	50	7- 1-68	13	<.01	.11	51	25	53	5.3	254	0	90	18	.8	1.18	5/1.19	--	<.005	6/419	230	--	1.9	550	7.7	--	--	
⁴ /18S/47E-11bda1	80	do	30	<.01	.03	44	21	54	5.5	222	0	84	27	.8	.57	5/3.30	--	.010	6/384	196	--	1.8	500	7.8	--	--	
⁴ /18S/47E-11bda2	78	do	16	.01	.23	54	24	68	5.8	296	0	91	29	1.0	2.38	--	--	<.005	6/450	233	--	1.5	610	7.5	--	--	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4.--Chemical analyses of ground-water samples--Continued

Location no.	Depth of well (feet)	Date of collection	Milligrams per liter																			pH	Temperature			
			Silica (SiO ₂)	Iron (Fe)	Manganese (Mn)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Sodium (Na)	Potassium (K)	Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	Carbonate (CO ₃)	Sulfate (SO ₄)	Chloride (Cl)	Fluoride (F)	Nitrite (NO ₂) + nitrate (NO ₃) as N	Phosphate, ortho as P	Boron (B)	Arsenic (As)	Dissolved solids, calculated from determined constituents	Hardness (Ca, Mg)	Noncarbonate hardness		Sodium-adsorption-ratio (SAR)	Specific conductance (micromhos/cm at 25°C)	°C	°F
19S/39E-19dab(s)	--	9-28-78	46	0.13	0	10	3.1	8.3	3.1	57	0	4.6	2.4	0.1	0.35	--	0.03	0.001	107	38	--	0.6	140	--	9.6	49.0
19S/43E-22dda	718	8-30-78	86	--	--	3.4	0	170	8.6	--	--	94	10	3.0	.59	0.06	.57	.180	514	9	--	25	810	8.7	29.5	85.1
19S/45E-5bbb	92	9-28-78	52	.28	.12	53	14	470	11	427	0	680	89	2.0	.96	--	1.10	.094	1,587	190	--	15	2,130	7.8	14.8	58.5
19S/45E-28acb	620	9-27-78	89	.08	.04	21	1.5	52	13	158	0	48	4.0	.8	.11	--	.08	.110	309	59	--	3.0	374	7.7	28.6	83.5
19S/46E-4dba	470	10-24-78	64	--	--	100	31	63	17	305	0	240	35	.4	--	.04	.13	.045	701	380	130	1.4	980	6.9	24.0	75.0
19S/47E-17ddd	175	10-25-78	60	--	--	58	16	82	17	219	0	66	57	.6	--	.08	.14	.008	465	210	31	2.5	850	7.0	14.7	58.5
20S/39E-2cbc(s)	--	9-28-78	27	.11	0	5.0	1.4	2.7	1.4	18	0	2.3	.7	.1	.56	--	.02	.001	50	18	--	.3	52	--	11.0	52.0

1/ Analysis by the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation.

2/ Dissolved nitrate (NO₃) as NO₃.

3/ Residue at 180°C.

4/ Analysis by Oregon Department of Human Resources, Health Division.

5/ Total phosphate (PO₄).

6/ Total solids.

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