

HOODEBOWN PLATS

OPEN-FILE REPORT
This report has not been edited for conformity with
U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or
stratigraphic nomenclature.

EXPLANATION

200
OVERBURDEN ISOPACH—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the coal bed. Isopach interval 200 feet (61 m) with an intermediate 500-foot isopach.

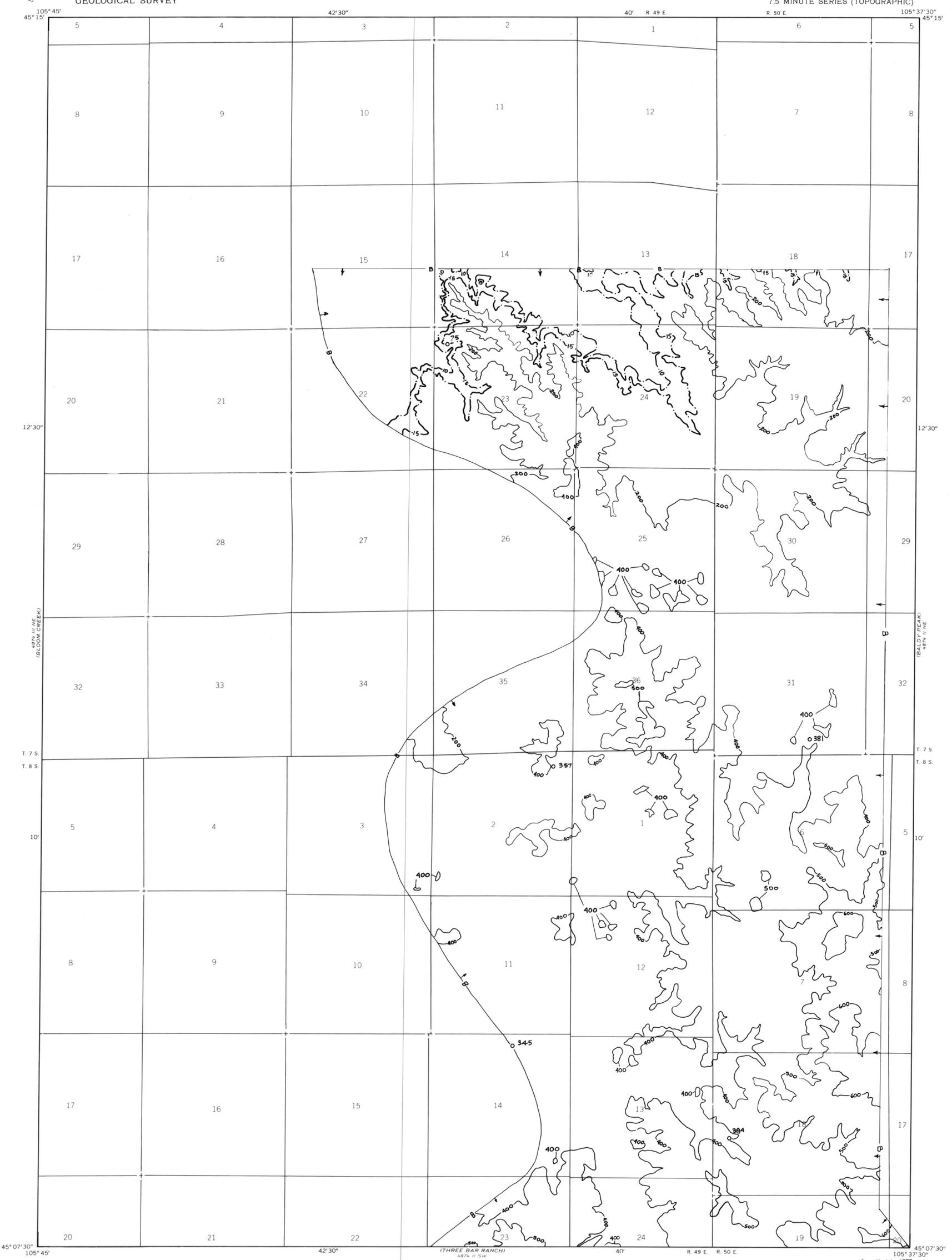
B
BOUNDARY OF COAL 5 FEET OR MORE THICK—
Drawn along the outcrop of coal bed and/or the inferred contact between burned and unburned coal, and/or the 5-foot coal isopach, and/or an insufficient data line. Arrows point toward area of coal 5 feet or more thick.

381
DRILL HOLE—Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from the surface to the top of the coal bed.

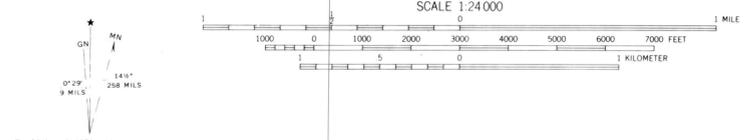
10
MINING-RATIO CONTOUR—Number indicates cubic yards of overburden per short ton of recoverable coal by surface-mining methods. Contours shown only in areas suitable for surface mining within the stripping limit.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

To convert yds³/ton to m³/metric ton, multiply yds³/ton by 0.842.



45° 07' 30" 105° 45' 42' 30" (THREE BAR RANCH) 40' R. 49 E. R. 50 E. 105° 37' 30" 45° 07' 30" Base map from U.S. Geological Survey, 1970 SCALE 1:24,000 Compiled in 1977



**COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE HUCKINS SCHOOL QUADRANGLE,
POWDER RIVER COUNTY, MONTANA
BY
COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES RESEARCH INSTITUTE
1979**