

EXPLANATION

— 600 —
OVERBURDEN ISOPACHS - Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from surface to top of coal bed. Dashed where vertical accuracy possibly not within 40 feet. Isopach interval is 100 feet (31 m) over stripable coal and 400 feet (122 m) beyond the stripping-limit line.

○ 622
DRILL HOLE - Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from surface to top of coal bed.

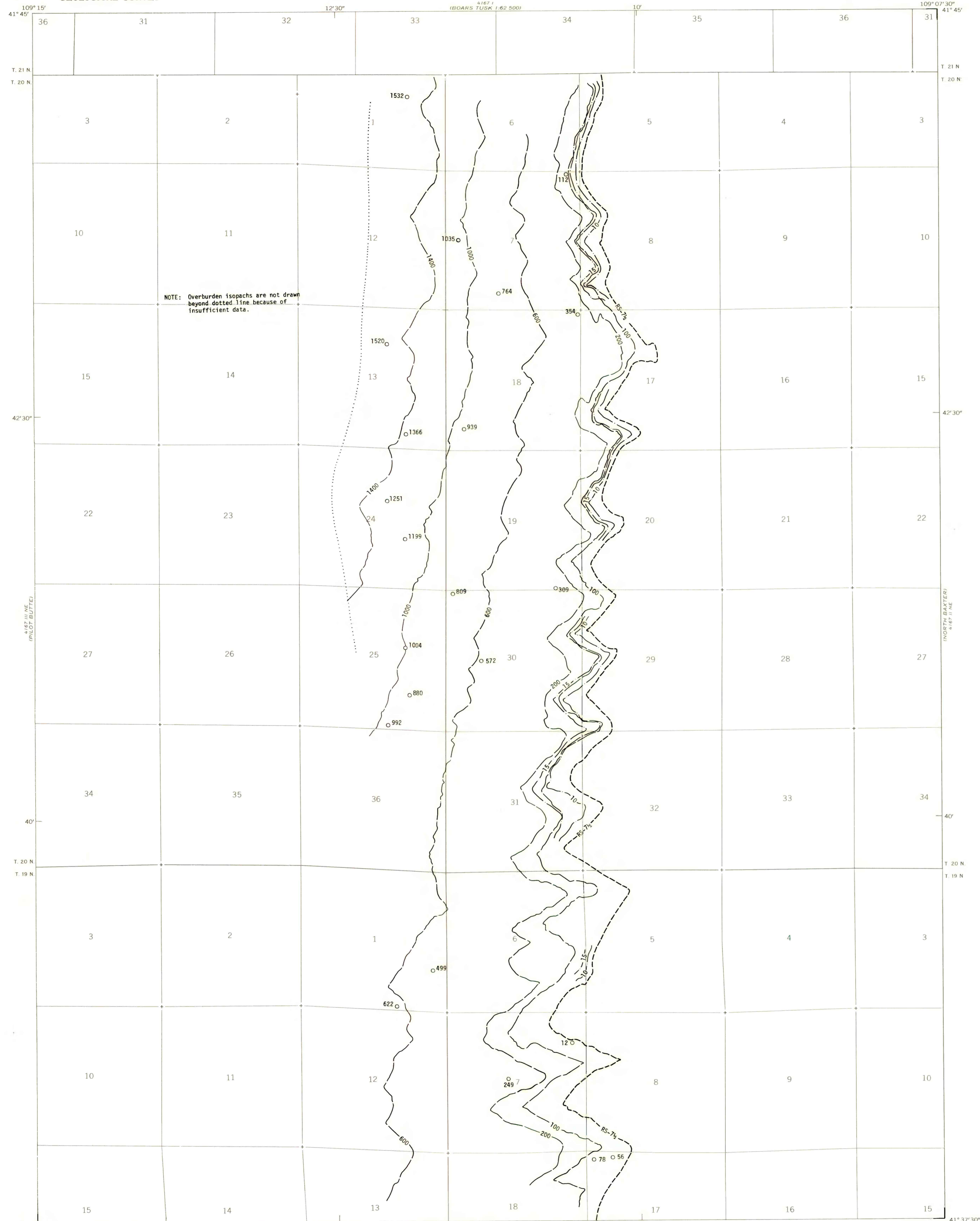
— 10 —
MINING-RATIO CONTOUR - Number indicates cubic yards of overburden per ton of recoverable coal by surface mining methods. Contours shown only in areas underlain by coal of Reserve Base thickness within the stripping-limit (in this quadrangle, the 200-foot-overburden isopach). To convert mining ratio to cubic meters of overburden per metric ton of recoverable coal, multiply mining ratio by 0.8428.

RS-7½ - Rock Springs No. 7½
COAL BED SYMBOL AND NAME

--- RS-7½ ---
TRACE OF COAL BED OUTCROP - Showing symbol of name of coal bed as listed above. Short dashed where inferred by present authors.

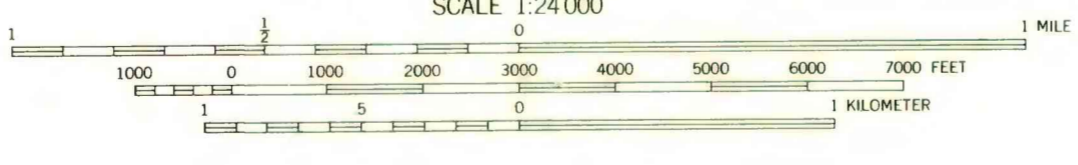
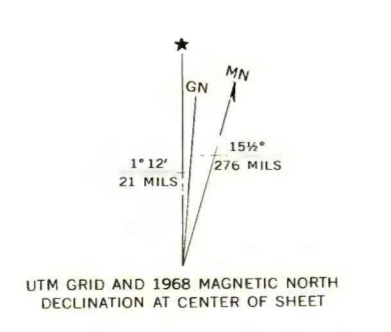
To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

NOTE: Overburden isopachs are not drawn beyond dotted line because of insufficient data.



Base from U.S. Geological Survey, 1968

Computed in 1979



**COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE RELIANCE
QUADRANGLE, SWEETWATER COUNTY, WYOMING**
BY
DAMES & MOORE
1979

This report has not been edited for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or stratigraphic nomenclature.