

EXPLANATION

— 200 —
OVERBURDEN ISOPACHS - Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from surface to top of coal bed. Dashed where vertical accuracy possibly not within 40 feet. Isopach interval is 200 feet (61 m).

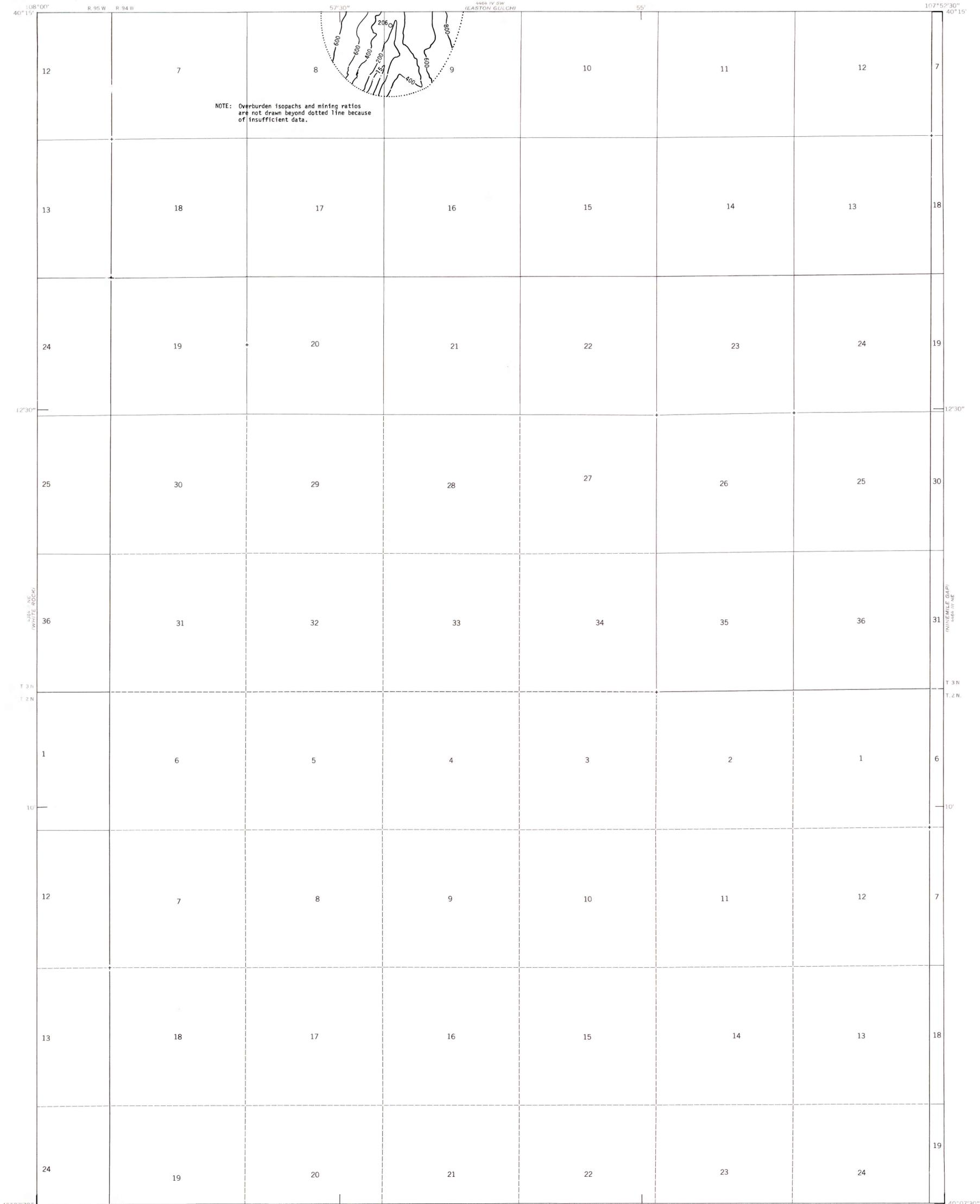
○ 206
DRILL HOLE - Showing thickness of overburden, in feet, from surface to top of coal bed.

— 15 —
MINING-RATIO CONTOUR - Number indicates cubic yards of overburden per ton of recoverable coal by surface mining methods. Contours shown only in areas underlain by coal of Reserve Base thickness within the stripping-limit (in this quadrangle, the 200-foot-overburden isopach). To convert mining ratio to cubic meters of overburden per metric ton of recoverable coal, multiply mining ratio by 0.8428.

COAL BED SYMBOL AND NAME - Coal bed identified by bracketed numbers is not formally named, but is numbered for identification purposes in this quadrangle only.

To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

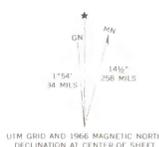
NOTE: Overburden isopachs and mining ratios are not drawn beyond dotted line because of insufficient data.



Base from U.S. Geological Survey, 1966

Compiled in 1979.

This report has not been edited for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or stratigraphic nomenclature.



**COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE DEVILS HOLE GULCH QUADRANGLE,
RIO BLANCO AND MOFFAT COUNTIES, COLORADO**

BY
DAMES & MOORE
1979

PLATE 17
OVERBURDEN ISOPACH AND
MINING RATIO MAP OF THE
FAIRFIELD COAL GROUP,
COAL BED [142]