(18) Hamilton Creek 56°05'52" 133°39'27" --

		LOCA	TION			ATO	ATOMIC ABSORPTION ANALYSES							SEMIQ	UANTITA	ATIVE SPECTROGRAPHIC ANALYSES				ES									
Map cality	Locality Name	Latitude	Longitude	Cobb Locality	Field Station Number	Au	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	As	В	Ba- Be	e Bi	Cd C	o Cr	Cu	La	Мо	Nb N	li Pb	Sc	Sr	۷ ۱	Υ	Zn Z	Zr	Sample	LOCALITY
	Northern Copper	56°53'13"	3" 133°22'15" 5" 133°22'19'		2 79DG140A 140B	N	50	0 H15	15 29,000	O N	N	20	70	3 N	200 1	5 N	500	N	N	N	5 1	N	N	30 L	>1	0.000 2	20	Pyroxene rock with sphalerite and magnetite from trench	Mineralization occurs as pods and irregular
3)						N	7,100	90					200	5 N	N 15		5.000		N	N :	5 3	30 N	N	10 N	4		20	Massive pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite from trench	masses of sulfides in a locally garnet-bearing equigranular to pyroxene-porphyritic (pheno-
	Company					NI NI	2,000	10				20		2 N		-	1.500	N	N	N I	ı N	N	N		· >10			Pyroxene rock with sphalerite and pyrrhotite from shaft dump	crysts to 2cm) greenstone with minor white
		56°53'15"			140C 140D	IN N	3,000	10	3,10			30 2					2,000	N	N	N i	5 N	1	N	50				Rock with garnet, magnetite, and sphalerite from pit dump	coarse grained marble. Sulfides are either interstitial to pyroxene or show replacement
						IN N	3,000		65		N					5 30		N	N	Vi 31	D N	15	N	50	10	-,		Fine grained greenstone	textures where the greenstone is more massive.
					79BG071A	IN	9,000	L	1,10		, IN	10				0 50		N	N	N 2	0 1	20	500	50	30			Greenstone	The mineralization does not appear to be vein- like or tabular, and tends to occur at the bas
					071B	IN at		L.	1,10		N	ı	100	3 N		0 N	100	N	N	N Z	5 N	N	N	30	10	300 N	-	Pyroxene granulite with pyrrhotite, magnetite, and sphalerite	of a massive, flat-lying greenstone layer under
					071C	IN .	120	N	7.50		N AI		20	N N	N.	N N	20	N	NI NI	N S	5 N	N	N	10 N	10	N N		Quartz vein	lain by green siliceous phyllite, which is underlain by black carbonaceous argillite. Mineralization in the fine grained layers in the greenstone occurs in bands parallel to the compositional layering. Mineralization consist of mag, sl, po, cp. The prospect was trenched and drilled by private interests in 1978 and 1979.
					071D 071E 071F	N N	75	IN I		0 N	N 10 N L	10	100	N N	N S	30 100 10 70		N N	N N	N 70 N 30	70 N	N 20	300	200	20	N 100		Quartz Vein Phyllitic greenstone	
							55	L.										N N	N N					100	20			Silvery greenish gray phyllite	
							N	L	1	0 N		L 1	,000	I N	N I		L	N	N		U L	10	IV	100 2	20	N IS	150	Silvery greenish gray phyritte	
																													Gold- and galena-bearing quartz veins, typical
)	Maid of Mexico		" 133°01'57	57" 17	79DG141A	5.5	680	1,300	1,40	00 1	N	N	70	N N	70	5 N	300	N	N	N 1	0 20	00 N	N	20 N	V	1,500 N		Typical sulfide-bearing quartz vein	banded parallel to vein walls, cut black carbo naceous argillite with minor limestone and mu stone. 1%-5% of the sulfides in the vein samp
					141B	N	65	15	5 7	70 N	N	N	150	N N	N	5 10	100	N	30	N 50) L	5	N	70 N	N	300 N		Quartz-slate "ribbon rock" with abundant pyrite from mine dump	
					141C*	5.5	1,800	43,000	48,00	00 200	N	10	50	N : N	>500	30 N 1,500 N N N 50	0 20,00	00 N	N 10	10 N	\ >1	>10,000 N		Quartz with abundant galena and sphalerite from mine dump	include on sl. cp. pv. The carbonaceous uni				
			" 133°01'57	7 82	79BG072A	N	10	H30	1	5 N	N	L	100	N N	N	N 20	7	N	N	N 1	5 L	7	500	50	20			Pyritic black carbonaceous phyllite	is associated with musty weathering, Sulfide-
			*		072B N	N	180	BO H10) 4	5 N	N	10	200	N N	N :	30 100	150	N	N	N 70	D L	20	150	300	20 N	N 10		Calcareous felsic metatuff	bearing calcareous felsic metatuff and felsic dikes, and is overlain by greenstone, green- schist, and marble. Several stopes were mined in the 1930's. The mine currently consists of several caved adits being reopened and worked
					072C	N	160	н1 0	н10 8	5 N	N	10	100	N N	N 2	20 N	150	N	N	N 1	0 N	10	10 100	200	20	N 50	50	Felsic dike with pyrite, galena, molybdenite	
																													privately. *79DG141C contains 10 ppm Au and 200 ppm Sb by
																						-							
		FC0221FF#	1 122002140	5" 16	79DG142A	0.10	3.5	uso		O N	N	10	150	N N	N	5 N	20	N	N	N 1	0 :	30 5	N	1 001	V	N N	N	Quartz with pyrite and arsenopyrite	Gold- and massive sulfide-bearing quartz veins
	Harvey Creek		133 03 40	10		8 N 18	180	30		40 N 75 0.5	N		-500		N S	30 200	200	N		N 7		15 15		500 2	20	200 10		Pyritic metatuff	cut phyllitic, py-bearing light greenish gray felsic metatuff. The prospect was worked duri the Depression with a small Pelton wheel and hammer mill, and is currently being worked privately.
			' 133°03'46	5"	142B 79BG073A		190	5		0 N	N					20 150		N		N 5			150		30			Calcareous felsic metatuff	
					*																								Mineralization consists of sl-bearing calcite
	Cornwallis Peninsula	56°54'52"	' 134°10'10)"																									cemented fossiliferous (crinoids, brachiopods Carboniferous limestone breccia. Drilled by private interests in 1979 (E. M. MacKevett, o communication, 1980).
		4-1																											Tertiary Kootznahoo Formation, consisting of
)	Port Camden	56°48'19"	' 133°56'32	1																									brown, poorly sorted, very dolomitic sandstor which contains clay clasts, carbonized wood fragments, and dolomitic concretions, ranges

brown, poorly sorted, very dolomitic sandstone, which contains clay clasts, carbonized wood fragments, and dolomitic concretions, ranges from silty fine grained thin-bedded sandstone to medium and coarse grained partly conglomeratic, medium and thick bedded sandstone. Siderite, mag, py, and apatite are present in some samples. All carbonized wood fragments show radioactivity when tested in place; readings range from 2 to 50 times background. Sample 7127911 yields βμ of 1300+400 ppm uranium and αμ of 2300+700 ppm uranium (Dickinson, 1979a).

Fragments of laminated phosphatic rock are suspended in white calcite veins in fine grained, light to dark gray, silty laminated apatite-bearing dolomite. Samples contain 30% to 50% U-bearing apatite. Radioactive anomaly reaches 20 times background for 0.5 m thick bed. One sample indicated $\beta~\mu$ of $80~\pm~24$ ppm uranium (Dickinson, 1979b).