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Program MARQHXY:
Marquardt inversion of Hx and Hy frequency soundings
from a grounded wire source

by

Walter L. Anderson

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DISCLAIMER

This program was written in Fortran IV for a Honeywell Multics 68/80 system*. Although program tests have been made, no guarantee (expressed or implied) is made by the author regarding accuracy or proper functioning of this program on all computer systems.

* Brand or manufacturers' names used in this report are for descriptive purposes only and do not constitute endorsement by the U.S. Geological Survey.

By Walter L. Anderson

INTRODUCTION

Program MARQHXY is a general-purpose program for inversion of horizontal magnetic field component (H_x and/or H_y) frequency sounding data obtained on an assumed horizontally stratified earth for the quasi-static case (i.e., neglecting displacement currents). The source is a grounded electric dipole or finite-wire of arbitrary length (positioned along the x-axis and centered at the origin). The H_x and H_y fields are assumed to be measured at the earth's surface. A modified Marquardt (1963) nonlinear least squares algorithm (MARQRT) is used for inversion of frequency sounding data. An adaptive digital filtering algorithm (ZHANKS) developed by Anderson (1979) is used for evaluating all Hankel transforms. See Anderson (1974), or Kauahikaua and Anderson (1977), for the associated forward problem solutions for H_x and H_y about a finite-wire source of arbitrary length. The inverse solution for the vertical magnetic field (H_z) is not provided in the present program; however, a separate inverse program (MARQHZP) for H_z soundings from a grounded wire source has been published by Anderson (1977).

The following program options are currently available:

- (1) Simultaneous (or joint) inversion of H_x and H_y frequency soundings for a maximum of 9-layer models.
- (2) Mixed frequency (parametric) and/or distance (geometric) sounding inversion. Also, mixed observation types can be used (e.g., amplitude, phase, real or imaginary parts).
- (3) Inclusion of additional amplitude shift parameters for both H_x and H_y in the least squares when the correct primary field normalization factors are unknown.
- (4) Scaling parameter and observation spaces to constrain the solution space and to reduce round-off effects.
- (5) Weighted observations.
- (6) Holding certain parameters fixed (constrained).
- (7) Object-time format control of reading the observed data matrix.

To provide as much timely computer information as possible, this report is being released without a mathematical formulation section. The interested reader may consult the cited references for more details.

The Fortran source listing is given in Appendix 1. A few notes regarding conversion to other systems are given in Appendix 2. Appendix 3 lists the input/output for a sample test problem run on a Honeywell 68/80 system.

PARAMETERS AND DATA REQUIRED

Parameters required by program MARQHXY are read using Fortran namelist read statements with specific names: \$parms and \$init. [Note that some parameter relationships occur (e.g., see \$parms "k" and \$init "mm") due to the general nature of subprogram MARQRT, which was designed for any nonlinear least squares problem.] Default values are used whenever a corresponding parameter is omitted in a namelist. The input data matrix is read from an optional alternate file (unless overridden) using a Fortran object-time format. Preceding the \$parms statement is a required 80-character (or less) title.

The general input order read by program MARQHXY is:

1. Title line (always required, max. 80 characters).
2. \$parms --non-default parameters--\$
(note \$parms may begin in col. 1 on Multics).
3. (Object-time format) statement defining the given format of the input data matrix. The object format begins with "(" placed in col. 1, and ends with ")" before col. 73.
4. Optionally, the data matrix read under the object format may be inserted here if the alternate data file is not used (see parameter ialt below).
5. \$init --non-default parameters--\$
6. Optionally, subsequent runs using the same data matrix, but with changed \$parms and \$init parameters, may be made by repeating steps 1,2,3, and 5 (provided parameters istop=0 and ialt is not 5).

The above general input order is required whether the job is being run in time-sharing or batch modes (see job operating instructions below).

PROGRAM FILES

- | | |
|--------|--|
| file05 | title, input parameters \$parms, object format (for reading data matrix on unit ialt=10--default), and \$init parameters. |
| file06 | output on-line printer file (see file16 for more detail output). |
| file10 | default input data matrix file read under the object format given in file05. Parameter ialt=10 (default) may be changed to any file number other than 06,13, or 16. Note ialt=05 will mean the data matrix is included immediately after the object-time format on file05. |
| file13 | output scratch disk file used as required during execution of MARQHXY. |
| file16 | output master print-type disk file--contains maximum printable output (if parameter iout=1). |

DETAILED PARAMETER AND DATA DEFINITIONS

\$parms parameters (with defaults and cross-references):

- n=** Number of observed data points $y(i), i=1, \dots, n$, where $n \leq 200$.
- k=** Total number of parameters ($1 \leq k \leq 20$, $k \leq n$). The value of k must be equal to $2*mm+1$, where \$init parameter $mm > 0$ is the number of layers in the model; the last two parameters represent amplitude shifts for H_x and H_y , respectively (see definitions under parameter b below).
(cref: \$init parameter mm and \$parms n, b).
- ip=** Number of omitted parameters; i.e., number of parameters held fixed or constrained via array $ib()$ to initial input values given in array $b()$. Default $ip=0$ with the restrictions that $ip < k$ and $n \geq k - ip$.
(cref: \$parms $k, n, ib()$, and b).
- m=** Number of independent variables ($m \leq 4$) given in the data matrix $(y(i), x(i, j), j=1, m), i=1, n$. The value of m must be given as follows:
= 1 when \$init parameter $-4 \leq iob \leq 4$ (defines specific observation type in $y(i)$);
= 2 when \$init parameter $iob=5$ (defines mixed observation types in $y(i)$ via $x(i, 2)$);
= 4 when \$init parameter $iob=6$ (defines mixed observation types in $y(i)$ via $x(i, 4)$ and distance coordinate x_0 in $x(i, 2)$ and y_0 in $x(i, 3)$.
(cref: \$parms iwt , \$init x_0, y_0, iob , and DATA MATRIX NOTES below for all definitions of $x(i, m)$ used).
- ialt=** Input data matrix alternate logical unit number (default 10) for reading the data under the object-time format specified in file05. The value of $ialt$ can be any value the operating system supports, but cannot be equal to 6, 13, or 16. If $ialt=5$ is used, then the data matrix $((y(i), x(i, j), j=1, m), i=1, n)$ will immediately follow the object format on file05.
(cref: \$parms n, m , \$init iob).
- istop=** 0 to continue processing after completion of the current problem (i.e., a total restart) with the same data matrix as last used, but by using a revised title, \$parms, object-time format, and \$init parameters. Note that $istop=0$ can only be used whenever $ialt$ is not 5 (since file $ialt$ is

rewound and read again). Also, all \$parms and \$init parameters previously used will be assumed, with the exception of array b(j)--which must always be given.

= 1 (default) to stop the run after completion of the current problem.
(cref: \$parms b,ialt).

iwt= 0 (default) for unweighted observations; i.e., all n observations y(i), i=1,...,n will be weighted unity (with assumed standard deviations equal to 1.0).
= 1 for weighted observations given by the formula $wt(i) = 1.0/x(i,m+1)**2$, where x(i,m+1) is the standard deviation augmented to the data matrix for the given m<=4. Note: wt(i)=1.0 is stored automatically if iwt=0 or when iwt=1 and x(i,m+1)=0.0 (to avoid division by 0).
(cref: \$parms n,m, \$init iob, and DATA MATRIX NOTES).

ider= 0 (default) to use analytic derivatives, which calls both forward problem (fcode) and analytic derivative (pcode) subroutines.
= 1 to use estimated derivatives, which calls only subroutine fcode. ider=1 option is useful to check the validity of the analytic derivatives, but is not recommended for general use because of accuracy and timing considerations. [However, for this version, ider=1 is required when \$init method=0 and l>0.0.]
(cref: \$parms del and \$init method,l).

iprt= 0 (default) for standard abbreviated printout format for each iteration. Note scaled values of parameters b(j) and phi (sum of squares) will be given via parameter scalep.
= 1 for detailed printout format for each iteration, which includes the parameter changes from the Marquardt algorithm.
= -1 (recommended if scalep>0 used) for abbreviated printout format for each iteration with printed unscaled values of b(j) but scaled values of phi.
= -2 same as iprt=-1 but also prints on file06 n-observational lines containing: observed value (obs=y(i)), calculated value (cal), residual (res), and x(i,1). Note file16 will always contain the complete obs-cal-res and x(i,m) data printout. Option iprt=-2 may be useful for time-sharing runs to examine on-line the final solution and residuals.
(cref: \$parms iout,sp and DATA MATRIX NOTES).

niter= Maximum number of iterations allowed before accepting the results as "forced off" (default niter=10). Four different types of convergence tests are possible--one of which is termed "forced off", which will occur whenever niter has been reached and one of the other convergence criteria has not been achieved. Using a small value for niter may be useful to monitor the progress for a large problem, and as an aid for achieving a convenient restarting procedure with the last b-vector as a new initial estimate.
(cref: \$parms b and Marquardt (1963) for convergence tests used).

inon= 1 (default) to omit nonlinear confidence region calculations.
= 0 to compute nonlinear confidence regions after the last iteration. This option calls subroutine fcode many times, and is not recommended for general use with program MARQHXY unless one is interested in a detailed nonlinear statistical analysis of the final solution.
(see IBM Share program No. 1428 for more details on this option).

ff= Variance F-ratio statistic (default 4.0) used to compute linear support-plane confidence limits and nonlinear (if inon=0) confidence limits after convergence or niter iterations. The default value is adequate for most applications.

t= Student's t-statistic (default 2.0) used to compute one-parameter linear confidence limits after convergence or niter iterations. The default value is adequate for most applications.

e= Convergence criterion test parameter (default $0.5e-4$). For example, for 2-figure accuracy, use $e=.01$; for 3-figure accuracy, use $e=.001$, etc.
(cref: Marquardt, 1963).

tau= Convergence criterion test parameter (default $1.E-3$).
(cref: Marquardt, 1963).

x1= Initial Marquardt's lambda factor (default .01) to be added to the diagonal of the Jacobian transpose times Jacobian matrix. For some very ill-conditioned problems, or for poor initial parameter estimates, a larger x1 (e.g., 1.0) may prove to be advantageous.
(cref: Marquardt, 1963 and Share program No.

1428).

modlam= 1 (default) to use a modified Marquardt lambda method at each iteration as described in Tabata and Ito (1973).
= 0 to use the original Marquardt (1963) lambda method at each iteration.

gamcr= Marquardt's critical angle between the gradient and adjustment vectors (default 45.0 degrees). The value of gamcr should not be set greater than 90 degrees. The default value is usually adequate for most applications.
(cref: Marquardt, 1963).

del= Factor used in finite-difference equations (default 1.E-5). Note del is used only when ider=1 for estimated partial derivative calculations.
(cref: \$parms ider).

zeta= Singularity criterion for matrix inversion (default 1.E-31), which may be selected greater than or equal to the machine's smallest exponent range.

iout= Printout file06 and file16 control.
= 1 (default) for print output on both file06 and file16.
= 0 for print output only on file06.
Note: file16 output may be useful for deferred output when running the job from a time-sharing terminal; also, file16 may be used as an input file for other processing programs (e.g., plot routines). For this version, file06 output has been purposely reduced for time-sharing terminal use; however, for iout=1 (default), a complete printable output is always given on file16.
(cref: \$parms iprt).

sp= scalep (equivalent names) is a parameter scaling option.
= 0 (default) to ignore parameter scaling (i.e., unscaled parameters).
= 1 to scale parameters $b(j)$ using $\ln(b(j))$, provided the initial $b(j) > 0$ for all $j=1,2,\dots,k$. Note scalep=1 will automatically constrain the final solution space such that $b(j) > 0$ for all j in $(1,k)$.
= 2 to scale parameters $b(j)$ using $\operatorname{arcsinh}(b(j))$. This option allows for log-type parameter scaling whenever $b(j)$ is positive or negative for any j in

(1,k). However, for program MARQHXY, the initial parameters $b(j) > 0$ must be given; hence $sp=2$ should not be used ($sp=2$ is defined here for possible use in other applications).
(cref: \$parms b,k).

sy= scaley (equivalent names) is an observation scaling option.
= 0 (default) to ignore observation scaling (i.e., unscaled observations $y(i)$).
= 1 to scale observations $y(i)$ using $\ln(y(i))$, provided $y(i) > 0$ for all $i=1,2,\dots,n$.
= 2 to scale observations $y(i)$ using $\operatorname{arcsinh}(y(i))$. This option allows for log-type observation scaling whenever $y(i)$ is positive, negative, or zero for any i in $(1,n)$.

Note: Due to the possible wide range of numbers commonly encountered in electromagnetic problems, it is recommended that $scalep=1$ and $scaley=2$ be generally used for program MARQHXY. A special case automatically occurs whenever $sy=2$ and $iob \geq 5$ and both amplitude and phase data are included in the data matrix; in this case, the program will use $\ln(\text{amplitude})$ or $\operatorname{arcsinh}(\text{phase})$ accordingly.
(cref: \$init iob and \$parms b,k,n)

b(= Array of initial guesses for all k-parameters. These values must be supplied greater than zero for program MARQHXY (i.e., positive conductivities and thicknesses). The default values are set to $b(j)=0$ for all $j=1$ to k , and would result in an error condition if any $b(j)$ was not supplied greater than zero.

The parameter order must be given as follows:

$b(1), b(2), \dots, b(mm)$ are the mm layer conductivities (in mhos per meter), and

$b(mm+1), b(mm+2), \dots, b(2*mm-1)$ are the $mm-1$ layer thicknesses (in meters); in addition, include

$b(2*mm) > 0$ as the estimated H_x amplitude shift parameter used in the model as $b(2*mm)*H_x/H_{xp}$, where H_{xp} is the primary H_x field; and

$b(2*mm+1) > 0$ as the estimated H_y amplitude shift parameter used in the model as $b(2*mm+1)*H_y/H_{yp}$, where H_{yp} is the primary H_y field.

Note: If only phase data (\$init iob=-2 or 2) or multiple distance soundings (iob=6) are used, then the shift parameters should be fixed using \$parms ip and ib. Similarly, if only Hx (or Hy) data is given, then the corresponding Hy (or Hx) shift parameter should be fixed (e.g., set to 1.0) via \$parms ip and ib.
(cref: \$parms k,ip,ib and \$init mm,iob).

ib()= Array of ip-indicies (in any order) corresponding to any b() parameter to hold fixed to its input value. e.g., ip=2,ib(1)=3,ib(2)=5 will hold fixed b(3), b(5) in the least squares. If ip=0 (default), leave out array ib in the namelist.
(cref: \$parms ip,b).

\$end [end of \$parms namelist]

\$init parameters (with defaults and cross-references):

iob= Observation-type defined for y(i): [where we define $Zx=b(2*mm)*Hx/Hxp$ and $Zy=b(2*mm+1)*Hy/Hyp$];
= 1 (default) defines y(i) as the amplitude of Zx;
= 2 defines y(i) as the phase of Zx, expressed in (-180,+180) degrees. [Note b(2*mm) should be fixed whenever iob=2.]
= 3 defines y(i) as the real-part of Zx;
= 4 defines y(i) as the imaginary-part of Zx;
=-1 defines y(i) as the amplitude of Zy;
=-2 defines y(i) as the phase of Zy, expressed in (-180,+180) degrees. [Note b(2*mm+1) should be fixed whenever iob=-2.]
=-3 defines y(i) as the real-part of Zy;
=-4 defines y(i) as the imaginary-part of Zy;
(Note: for |iob|<=4, m=1 must also be given in \$parms.)
= 5 defines mixed observation-type frequency soundings, where the i-th observation type is given by x(i,2)=1.0 for amplitude of Zx, =2.0 for phase of Zx, =3.0 for real of Zx, =4.0 for imaginary of Zx, =-1.0 for amplitude of Zy, =-2.0 for phase of Zy, =-3.0 for real of Zy, or =-4.0 for imaginary of Zy.
(Note: for iob=5, m=2 must also be given in \$parms.)
= 6 defines mixed observation-type frequency and/or distance soundings, where the i-th observation type is given by x(i,4) between -4.0 and 4.0 (same definitions as in iob=5 case), and $x0=x(i,2)$ and $y0=x(i,3)$ defines the wire-source and receiver

separation.

(Note: for $iob=6$, $m=4$ must also be given in \$parms; also, the Hx and Hy shift parameters $b(2*mm)$ and $b(2*mm+1)$ should be fixed whenever $iob=6$ option is used.)

(cref: \$parms m, b(), \$init mm, and DATA MATRIX NOTES).

mm= Number of layers in the model ($1 \leq mm \leq 9$; default $mm=1$).

Note: make sure \$parms $k=2*mm+1$.

(cref: \$parms k, b(), \$init iob).

x0= Transmitter-receiver x-separation, where $x0 > 0.0$ meters when $0 < iob < 5$ (i.e., Hx data only). Note $x0=0.0$ is allowed when $iob \leq -1$ for Hy data only. Also, $x0$ must be given, unless $iob=6$ is used for distance soundings.

(cref: \$init iob and DATA MATRIX NOTES).

y0= Transmitter-receiver y-separation, where $y0 > 0$ meters. Note $y0$ must be given; but when $iob=6$, $y0$ is a dummy value here (see DATA MATRIX NOTES, (c)4).

(cref: \$init iob and DATA MATRIX NOTES).

l= 0.0 (default) defines a dipole source (recommended for initial studies for any receiver-transmitter separation). For $l > 0.0$ meters, a finite electric wire source is assumed to be positioned along the x-axis from $x=-l$ to $x=+l$ (i.e., the total wire-length is $2*l$ meters) as described in Anderson (1974). For many cases where the radial separation distance $\sqrt{x0*x0+y0*y0}$ is much greater than $2*l$, a dipole source may generally be assumed; however, one may always consider the initial dipole solution (when $l=0$) as a good first approximation to the layering when "near-source" distances are used. Then one may use $l > 0.0$ (and $ider=1$, which is required if $method=0$) for the final layered solution after obtaining the $l=0$ solution from an initial study.

(cref: \$parms ider and \$init method).

ep= Requested integration accuracy for all finite integrals when $l > 0.0$ is used. (default $ep=.1e-2$).

(cref: \$init parameters eps, neps, method, ider).

eps= Requested convolution integration tolerance used to compute all Hankel transforms using subprogram ZHANKS (default $.1e-5$). (Note: $eps \leq ep$ is required when $l > 0.0$.)

(cref: \$init parameters ep,l).

neps= Approximate number of calls to subprogram fcode before setting ep=eps (default neps=10). This option applies only when $l > 0.0$ finite-wire option is used. Note: neps, ep, and eps may be used to significantly reduce the total computer CPU-time when $l > 0.0$ and $x_1 \geq .01$, since higher accuracy in the finite integrals are usually not required in the early gradient search stages of the Marquardt algorithm.

(cref: \$parms x_1 and \$init parameters ep,eps,l).

method= 0 (default) to use lagged-convolution method (see Anderson, 1975) for all Hankel transforms, and adaptive quintic-spline interpolation integration over the finite-wire length $(-1,1)$ when $l > 0.0$. When $l = 0$ (dipole), method=0 behaves like method=2, and direct convolution is used for all hankel transforms; method=0 is about 10-times faster than method=2 when $l > 0.0$, and usually gives about 3 or more figure accuracy. (Note: when method=0 and $l > 0.0$, only ider=1 can be used in the present version.)

(cref: \$parms ider and \$init l).

= 2 to use direct convolution method for all Hankel transforms and direct adaptive integration over the finite-wire length when $l > 0.0$. [Note: method=2 is capable of yielding higher accuracy (via parameters ier,ep and eps), but method=2 is not recommended for routine use.]

(cref: \$init parameters ep,eps,neps,ier,nfin).

nfin= 1 (default) is used when method=0 to indicate the number of interpolation passes to sample in the lagged-convolution; i.e., the interpolation interval= $.2/\text{float}(nfin)$. Normally $nfin=1$ is adequate for about 3-figure accuracy; however, $nfin=2$ or 3 will give greater accuracy, but the run time will be 2 or 3 times longer.

(cref: \$init parameter method).

ier= Type of adaptive quadrature and convergence test to select for definite integration over a finite wire source (when $l > 0.0$). Parameter ier is ignored for a dipole source ($l = 0.0$).

= 1 for absolute error test (not generally recommended to use first).

= 2 (default) for L-one norm error test (recommended first).

= 3 for L-infinity norm error test (try if ier=2 fails, etc.). (Note: $ier \leq 3$ uses an adaptive

Newton-Cotes quadrature.)
= 4 for relative error test using adaptive Gaussian quadrature. (Note: ier=4 may be faster than ier=2 because adaptive Gaussian quadrature is generally more efficient than adaptive Newton-Cotes quadrature--but not always.)
= 5 for relative error test using non-adaptive Gaussian quadrature.
= 0 for special case to force ier=2 and to ignore all "ep warning messages", as noted under parameter mev below.
(cref: \$init 1,ep,mev).

mev= Maximum allowable complex function evaluations permitted in the adaptive integration procedure when l>0.0 (default mev=300).

Note: The program will print the message "warning--ep accuracy not achieved in..." if ep accuracy cannot be achieved in approximately mev function evaluations when l>0.0. In this case, and if ier<=5, the program accepts the integral and continues processing after setting ier=ier+1 (if however, ier>5 is generated, then ier=0 is automatically set to suppress any further ep warning messages). At each warning message, some additional integration information is printed regarding the accuracy (cerr) or actual error obtained. If cerr is reasonably small, one may decide to accept the results and ignore the warning. On the other hand, it may be desirable to rerun the problem with different parameter values used for method, ep, eps, neps, mev, and ier. Also, a data and parameter check should be done before rerunning the program. As a last resort, a special run may be made using ier=0 to bypass any and all ep error messages; however, this may be dangerous. Therefore ier=0 is not recommended for routine work.
(cref: \$init 1,method,ep,eps,neps,mev,and ier).

\$end [end of \$init parameters]

DATA MATRIX NOTES

The data matrix is defined as the sequence of ordered rows: (y(i),x(i,j),j=1,m*), where i=row number 1,2,...,n, and m*=m+1 if iwt=1, otherwise m*=m<=4. The data matrix is read on logical unit ialt (default 10) using an object-time format statement (see any Fortran manual). The number of

items read depends on \$parms m,iwt and \$init iob as previously defined. The various data matrix options are summarized as follows:

- (a) Specific observation type, Hx or Hy frequency sounding ($-4 \leq iob \leq 4$, $m=1$, and max. 3 items per record):
 - 1. $y(i)$ = i-th observation, where \$init $-4 \leq iob \leq 4$ defines the particular type.
 - 2. $x(i,1)$ = i-th frequency ($x(i,1) > 0.0$ Hz.).
 - 3. $x(i,2)$ = standard deviation of observation i (include only if $iwt=1$).
- (b) Mixed observation types, Hx and/or Hy frequency soundings ($iob=5$, $m=2$, and max. 4 items per record):
 - 1. $y(i)$ = i-th observation (where actual type is defined by $x(i,2)$).
 - 2. $x(i,1)$ = i-th frequency ($x(i,1) > 0.0$ Hz.).
 - 3. $x(i,2)$ = observation type in $y(i)$; for $Zx=b(2*mm)*Hx/Hxp$, use $x(i,2)=1.0$ for amplitude, $=2.0$ for phase (degrees), $=3.0$ for real part, or $=4.0$ for imaginary part of Zx ; for $Zy=b(2*mm+1)*Hy/Hyp$, use $x(i,2)=-1.0$ for amplitude, $=-2.0$ for phase (degrees), $=-3.0$ for real part, or $=-4.0$ for imaginary part of Zy .
 - 4. $x(i,3)$ = standard deviation of observation i (include only if $iwt=1$).
- (c) Mixed observation types, Hx and/or Hy frequency and distance soundings ($iob=6$, $m=4$, and max. 6 items per record):
 - 1. $y(i)$ = i-th observation (where actual type is defined by $x(i,4)$).
 - 2. $x(i,1)$ = i-th frequency ($x(i,1) > 0.0$ Hz.).
 - 3. $x(i,2)$ = i-th transmitter-receiver x0-coordinate, in meters (same rules as with \$init x0).
 - 4. $x(i,3)$ = i-th transmitter-receiver y0-coordinate, in meters (same rules as with \$init y0).
 - 5. $x(i,4)$ = observation type in $y(i)$, where $x(i,4)$ must be between -4.0 and 4.0 as defined in (b)3 above.
 - 6. $x(i,5)$ = standard deviation of observation i (include only if $iwt=1$).

The data matrix should be grouped or ordered with equal consecutive frequencies (and/or distances, if used) with respect to each observation type (for example, see the grouping used in appendix 3). This ordering is not mandatory, but it will significantly reduce the total

calculation time when $l=0.0$ and $ider=0$ (default case).

EXAMPLES OF INPUT PARAMETERS AND DATA ORDERING

1. Specific observation type; phase of H_y ($iob=-2$), finite-wire source ($l>0.0$), fixed shift parameter (required since $iob=-2$):

example 1.

```
$parms n=60,k=7,m=1,iprt=-1,sp=1,sy=2,ialt=5,
e=.005,niter=4,xl=.1,
ip=2,ib=6,7,
b=.1,.2,.3,10,20,2*1$
(2f10.0)
-2.8      1.
-4.15     1.2
-8.1      1.6
-10.2     2.
--(etc. for 56 more observations)--
$init mm=3,iob=-2,y0=100,x0=100,l=200,
ep=.01,eps=.001,neps=30,ier=4$
```

2. Mixed observation types (real and imaginary parts), H_x and H_y soundings, dipole-source ($l=0.0$), unknown shift parameters:

example 2.

```
$parms n=100,k=7,m=2,iprt=-2,sp=1,sy=2,ialt=5,
b=.1,.2,.3,10,20,.5,1.5$
(3f10.0)
1.01      1.      3.
-2.3      1.      4.
0.987     1.      -3.
-5.23     1.      -4.
0.79      1.6     3.
-2.34     1.6     4.
0.867     1.6     -3.
-10.23    1.6     -4.
--(etc. for rest of soundings)--
$init mm=3,iob=5,x0=100,y0=200$
```

3. Distance H_x and H_y amplitude soundings, dipole-source ($l=0$), weighted observations ($iwt=1$), and fixed H_y shift parameter:

example 3.

```
$parms n=50,k=7,m=4,iprt=-1,sp=1,sy=2,ialt=5,iwt=1,
b=.1,.2,.3,10,20,2,1, ip=1,ib=7$
(6f10.0)
1.98      1.      100.      200.      1.      .02
0.998     1.      100.      200.      -1.     .03
```



```
--(etc. for rest of freq. sounding at this spacing)--
1.56      1.2      300.      400.      1.      .02
0.97      1.2      300.      400.     -1.     .025
1.32      4.       300.      400.      1.      .04
0.832     4.       300.      400.     -1.     .045
--(etc. for rest of freq. sounding at this spacing)--
$init mm=3,iob=6,y0=1$
```

SPECIAL OBJECT FORMAT PHRASES

One may use special Fortran object formats to skip observations without changing the data matrix. For example, if we wish to use only the Hy amplitude data in example 3 above, we could set `n=25` and use the format `(/6f10.0)`. Similarly, if we wanted only Hx amplitudes to be used in example 3, then the format `(6f10.0/)` would accomplish the desired result.

Also, if an existing data matrix file does not have the properly defined column ordering in the form `(y(i),x(i,j),j=1,m)`, then the Fortran "tn" format phrase may be used to begin at any column `n` in the data record. For example, the format `(t41,f10.0,t1,3f10.0)` will select `y(i)` using col.41-50 and `x(i,1)` beginning at col.1.

MULTICS OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Initially, one should add the following libraries (via the command "asr") to his search rules after the working directory:


```
>udd>Emodl_inv>WAnderson>lib_em      and
>udd>Emodl_inv>WAnderson>lib_1.
```
2. Either attach "file05" to a predetermined ascii (stream) parameter file, or let file05 default to "user_input" (i.e., the user's terminal). The order of parameters and data on file05 must be given as defined in the section PARAMETERS AND DATA REQUIRED above. To attach file05, type:


```
io attach file05 vfile_ parameter_file_name
```
3. Attach "file10" to an input data matrix ascii file if `ialt=10` (default) is used. If `ialt=5` is selected, then ignore this step, but include the data matrix following the object-time format on "file05"--see examples 1-3 above. In practice, it is usually best to use distinct files file05 and file10 for parameters and data respectively. To attach file10, type:


```
io attach file10 vfile_ data_file_name
```

4. Set the underflow condition handler off by typing:
set_ufl -off
5. Execute program MARQHXY by typing: marqhxy

If file05 was not attached, then the user must anticipate the required title, \$parms, object format, and \$init to be typed on "user_input". Prompt messages are not printed on the terminal.

Note "file16" is the complete print file (normally found on disk on Multics), and "file06" is always the on-line terminal print file. File16 should either be deleted or printed on a line printer after running program MARQHXY. Also, file13 (if used) should be deleted after running the program. To submit the job as a batch job (called an absentee job on Multics), prepare step 1-5 above in a segment with .absin suffix and use the "enter_abs_request" command.

ERROR MESSAGES

Most parameter and/or data errors are noted by self-explanatory messages appearing in the printed file(s), and the job is terminated. For example, the message "error--some \$parms out of range" means that a violation (or omission) of a required parameter range has been committed in the \$parms namelist. Check all \$parms values, correct, and resubmit the job.

Exponent underflow may occur when the argument is less than 1.E-38 on Multics; this is ok since 0.0 replaces all underflows. To suppress the underflow messages, the command "set_ufl -off" can be used prior to executing MARQHXY.

Exponent overflow and/or arithmetic overflow messages will terminate the run under Multics control. An overflow condition usually means a very poor initial parameter estimate was given in array b() for the model (mm) chosen. First check that all \$parms, \$init, data matrix values, and object-time format are correct. If no errors are found, then try to revise the model (mm) and/or use better guessed estimates for the starting parameters in array b().

If any parameter begins to approach zero or become unbounded during the least squares iterations, then one may fix (constrain) the parameter to a reasonable value, and restart the program to obtain a constrained least squares solution. This is usually required when the data are not sufficient to resolve all the parameters for the model (mm) chosen.

PRINTED OUTPUT

Results are printed on logical unit 6 (file06) and on unit 16 (file16) if \$parms iout=1 (default). Refer to Appendix 3 for a sample output listing of file16.

The following table defines additional names (or terms) used in the printed output files, other than \$parms and \$init parameters previously defined [also see Marquardt (1963) and IBM Share program 1428 for more details]:

<u>names/terms</u>	<u>definitions</u>
sigma(i)	conductivity (in mhos/meter) of layer i, i=1,...,mm.
thick(i)	thickness (in meters) of layer i, i=1,...,mm-1.
iter	Marquardt (1963) major iteration count, where $1 \leq \text{iter} \leq \text{niter}$.
phi	weighted sum-of-squares residual function defined over n observations; i.e., the objective function to be minimized by nonlinear least squares (Marquardt, 1963).
s e	standard error of estimate (or weighted root mean square error) defined as $\text{se} = \sqrt{\text{phi}/(\text{n}-\text{k}+\text{ip})}$.
length	length of the Marquardt (1963) adjustment vector $\text{delta}(j)$, $j=1, k$ at each iteration.
gamma	angle (in degrees) between the gradient and Marquardt (1963) adjustment vector at each iteration.
lambda	Marquardt (1963) lambda factor ($=x1$ on iter=1) to be added to the diagonal of the Jacobian transpose times Jacobian matrix at each iteration.
-epsilon test	standard convergence test passed whenever $\text{abs}(\text{delta}(j))/(\text{tau}+\text{abs}(\text{b}(j))) < \epsilon$ for all j in (1,k), where $\text{delta}(j)$ is the Marquardt (1963) adjustment vector.

-gamma lambda test alternate convergence test passed whenever $\lambda > 1$ and $\gamma > 90$ degrees. This criterion is used, rather than the standard epsilon test, when the parameter corrections are dependent on large rounding errors--almost certainly due to the presence of very high correlations among the parameter estimates.

-gamma epsilon test alternate convergence test passed whenever $\gamma < \gamma_{\text{max}}$. This criterion is used if parameter increments become small enough to pass the epsilon test as a result of successive halving of the increments. When this occurs, the value of ϕ is presumed minimized within the limits of the rounding error.

-force off no convergence occurred after niter iterations. Upon branching to the confidence limit calculations, the program will use the parameter values on the last iteration (i.e., when $\text{iter} = \text{niter}$).

obs.y(i) observed y(i) input dependent variable for $i=1, \dots, n$.

cal calculated dependent variable for $i=1, \dots, n$.

res $\text{residual} = (\text{obs.y}(i) - \text{cal})$ for $i=1, \dots, n$.

%res.err percent residual error $= 100 * \text{res} / \text{cal}$ for $i=1, \dots, n$.

x(i,j) input $x(i,j)$, $j=1, m$ independent variables for $i=1, \dots, n$. (see DATA MATRIX NOTES above for specific definitions of $x(i,j)$).

-unscaled forced $\text{scalep} = \text{scaley} = 0$ after the last iteration to produce unscaled statistics on convergence (or if forced off after niter).

partials(i,j) unscaled partial derivative Jacobian matrix on the last iteration for each parameter ($j=1, k$), evaluated at observation $i=1, \dots, n$.

ptp inverse	inverse of the Jacobian transpose times Jacobian matrix (order k).
correlation matrix	parameter correlation coefficient matrix (order k) derived from the ptp inverse matrix.
std error(j)	parameter standard error defined as $\text{error}(j) = (\text{"-unscaled-se"}) * \sqrt{\text{ptp}(j,j)}$, for $j=1, \dots, k$.
one-parameter	one-parameter lower and upper linear confidence limits, based on Student's $t=2.0$ (default).
support plane	linear lower and upper support plane confidence limits, based on variance F-ratio statistic $ff=4.0$ (default).
std.error/parm	parameter relative error defined as $\text{std error}(j) / \text{parameter value}(j)$, for $j=1, k$.
resistivity(i)	final resistivity (in ohm-meters) of layer i, $i=1, \dots, \text{mm}$.
depth(i)	final depth (in meters) to bottom of layer i, $i=1, \dots, \text{mm}-1$.

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Appendix 1.-- Source listing

The attached subprograms are listed in the following order with beginning line numbers as noted:

C--MARQHXY--MARQUARDT INVERSION OF HX, HY-FINITE WIRE DATA-- 7/31/78.	00000010
SUBROUTINE MARQRT(FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, SUBEND)	00000230
SUBROUTINE GJR (A, N, EPS, MSING)	00009990
SUBROUTINE UNSCAL(BIN, BOUT, SCALEP)	00010650
REAL FUNCTION ASINH(X)	00010860
SUBROUTINE ERRMSG(MSG, M5, I6, I9)	00010940
SUBROUTINE POLAR2(Z, AMP, PHZ180)	00011170
SUBROUTINE RECUR1(G, V1, F1)	00011460
SUBROUTINE RECURF(G, DEL, SIG1, V1, F1, PF1, JJ)	00011770
SUBROUTINE RECURS(G, V1, F1)	00012390
COMPLEX FUNCTION F3(G)	00012700
COMPLEX FUNCTION F4(G)	00012780
COMPLEX FUNCTION GF4(G)	00012840
COMPLEX FUNCTION FINITE(FUNC, BFIN)	00012900
COMPLEX FUNCTION FINHX(B)	00013880
COMPLEX FUNCTION FINHY(B)	00014130
SUBROUTINE SETRHO(X)	00014460
COMPLEX FUNCTION ZHY(B, NEW, R)	00014720
COMPLEX FUNCTION ZLAGHO(X, FUN, TOL, L, NEW)	00014930
COMPLEX FUNCTION CANC4(A1, B1, EP, M, N, FUN, MF, ESUM)	00017170
SUBROUTINE CQUAD(A, B, RESULT, K, EPSIL, NPTS, ICHECK, F, MEV)	00018740
COMPLEX FUNCTION CQSUB(A, B, EPSIL, NPTS, ICHECK, RELERR, F, MEV)	00022260
COMPLEX FUNCTION CQSUBA(A, B, EPSIL, NPTS, ICHECK, RELERR, F, MEV)	00023790
COMPLEX FUNCTION FUNINT(X)	00025200
SUBROUTINE QUINT(NY, Y, B, C, D, E, F)	00025360
SUBROUTINE QPOINT(NY, Y, B, C, D, E, F, X1, DELX, XX, YY)	00026130
SUBROUTINE KELVIN(X, M, B)	00026320
SUBROUTINE IK1(B8, I1K1)	00028120
SUBROUTINE IKS(B8, I1K1, IKDIF)	00028420
SUBROUTINE BESSIK(B, ZBES)	00029060
SUBROUTINE IKSALL(B8, IOK0, I1K1, IOK1, I1K0, IKDIF)	00029230
SUBROUTINE FINF3(B1, B2, F31, F32)	00030060
COMPLEX FUNCTION HX03(X)	00030180
COMPLEX FUNCTION HY03(X)	00030600
COMPLEX FUNCTION F3PJ(G)	00031050
COMPLEX FUNCTION F4PJ(G)	00031210
COMPLEX FUNCTION PHXPJ(X)	00031280
COMPLEX FUNCTION PHYPJ(X)	00031850
SUBROUTINE PRMHXY	00032470
SUBROUTINE MODIFY(N)	00032730
SUBROUTINE SWAP(ICODE)	00032950
COMPLEX FUNCTION ZHANKS(N, B, FUN, TOL, NF, NEW)	00033190
SUBROUTINE FCODE(Y, X, B, PRNT, F, I, IDER)	00036610
SUBROUTINE PCODE(P, X, B, PRNT, F, I, IP, IB)	00038000
SUBROUTINE SUBZ(Y, X, B, PRNT, NPRNT, N, TITLE, IOUT)	00039030
SUBROUTINE SUBEND(Y, X, B, K, N, TITLE, IOUT)	00040350

Source Availability

The current version of the source code may be obtained by writing directly to the author*. A magnetic tape copy of the source code will be sent to requestors to be copied and returned to the author. This method of releasing the program was selected in order to satisfy requests for the latest updated version. The magnetic tape is usually recorded in the following mode (unless otherwise requested):

Industry compatible: 9-track, unlabeled, EBCDIC mode, odd-parity, 800 bpi density, 80-character records (blocked, 50-card images per block), and contained on one file.

Copyright Notices

- (1). Subprogram QUINT was converted to FORTRAN from the original ALGOL program published by Herriot and Reinsch (1976): Copyright 1976, Association for Computing Machinery, Inc.; permission to republish, all or in part, was granted by ACM.
- (2). Subprograms CQUAD, CQSUB, and CQSUBA are modified versions of subprograms QUAD, QSUB, and QSUBA, respectively, which were published by Patterson (1973): Copyright 1973, Association for Computing Machinery, Inc.; permission to republish, all or in part, was granted by ACM.

* present address is:

U.S. Geological Survey
Mail Stop 964
Box 25046, Federal Center
Denver, Colorado 80225


```

C--MARQHXY--MARQUARDT INVERSION OF HX, HY-FINITE WIRE DATA-- 7/31/78.      00000010
C** HONEYWELL MULTICS VERSION **                                           00000020
C** THIS VERSION IS FOR IMPROVED SPEED WHEN L>0.0 AND METHOD=0 (THE         00000030
C   DEFAULT OPTION). METHOD=0, L>0.0 USES LAG-CONVOLUTION (SUBR ZLAGH1,      00000040
C   ZLAGH0), QUINTIC SPLINES (SUBR QUINT, QPOINT), AND                     00000050
C   AUTOMATIC INTEGRATION (VIA SUBR FINITE AND CANC4). HOWEVER,           00000060
C   ONE SHOULD ALWAYS USE L=0.0 (DIPOLE) FOR INITIAL RUNS UNTIL A         00000070
C   LAYER SOLUTION IS OBTAINED, THEN USE L>0.0 FOR A FINAL SOLUTION--    00000080
C   IF NECESSARY.                                                         00000090
C                                                                           00000100
C** METHOD=0, L>0.0 IS ABOUT 10-TIMES FASTER THAN METHOD=2 AND SHOULD      00000110
C   GIVE ABOUT 3 TO 5 FIGURE ACCURACY IN THE FINITE INTEGRALS, DEPENDING 00000120
C   ON PARAMETERS: EP, EPS, AND NEPS (ALSO IER=2 OR 4 SHOULD BE USED).    00000130
C                                                                           00000140
C--BY W.L.ANDERSON, U.G.GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO.             00000150
C                                                                           00000160
C   SUBROUTINES FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, AND SUBEND TO LINK WITH PGM MARQRT.   00000170
C                                                                           00000180
C       EXTERNAL FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, SUBEND                               00000190
C       CALL MARQRT(FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, SUBEND)                           00000200
C       STOP                                                             00000210
C       END                                                             00000220
C
C       SUBROUTINE MARQRT(FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, SUBEND)                     00000230
C--(MARQRT)-- GENERAL MARQUARDT NONLINEAR LEAST SQUARES-- 7/11/78.        00000240
C** HONEYWELL MULTICS VERSION **                                           00000250
C   SUBPROGRAM MARQRT IS TO BE LINKED/LOADED WITH USER WRITTEN          00000260
C   SUBROUTINES (FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, AND SUBEND) FOR                     00000270
C   SPECIFIC NONLINEAR PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED.                             00000280
C                                                                           00000290
C--THE USER MUST DECLARE THE CALLING PARAMETERS FCODE, PCODE,           00000300
C   SUBZ, SUBEND (ANY DESIRED NAMES MAY BE USED) AS EXTERNAL IN          00000310
C   MAIN CALLING PROGRAM; E.G.,                                           00000320
C                                                                           00000330
C       EXTERNAL FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, SUBEND                               00000340
C       CALL MARQRT(FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, SUBEND)                           00000350
C       STOP                                                             00000360
C       END                                                             00000370
C                                                                           00000380
C--THIS IS A MODIFIED VERSION OF 'IBM SHARE PROGRAM NO. 1428'.           00000390
C *** MODIFIED BY W.L.ANDERSON, U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 00000400
C   FOR NAMED LIST INPUT, IMPROVED ESTIMATED DERIVATIVES,                00000410
C   MODIFIED MARQUARDT LAMBDA DETERMINATION,                             00000420
C   DATA AND PARAMETER SCALING, WEIGHTED OBSERVATIONS, AND              00000430
C   OTHER CHANGES--ALL DONE IN SINGLE-PRECISION FOR THE                 00000440
C *** HONEYWELL MULTICS SYSTEM ***                                         00000450
C                                                                           00000460
C--SEE SHARE PROGRAM NO. 1428 AND/OR COMMENTS IN SUBPROGRAMS FCODE,      00000470
C   PCODE, SUBZ AND SUBEND BELOW, FOR DETAILS ON CODING THE              00000480
C   REQUIRED SUBROUTINES FCODE, PCODE, SUBZ, AND SUBEND.                   00000490
C                                                                           00000500
C--OPERATING NOTE FOR HONEYWELL MULTICS SYSTEM:  $$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$ 00000510

```

```

C 00000520
C TO OBTAIN ON-LINE (INTERACTIVE) PRINTING ON UNIT 6 AND 00000530
C DEFERRED PRINTING ON UNIT 16, USE MULTICS RUN.EC, I.E., 00000540
C 'RUN &1' OR 'RUN_EO &1' AND DPRINT '&1.FILE16.LIST' AFTER RUN. 00000550
C 00000560
C--FOLLOWING CHARACTER STATEMENTS ONLY FOR MULTICS SYSTEM: 00000570
  CHARACTER*5 TITLE 00000580
  CHARACTER*4 FMT 00000590
  INTEGER SCALEP,SCALEY, SP,SY 00000600
  DIMENSION FMT(18),PRNT(5),SPRNT(5),TITLE(16) 00000610
  DIMENSION BS(20),DB(20),BA(20),G(20),IB(19),SA(20),P(20) 00000620
  DIMENSION A(20,20),B(20), BINV(20) 00000630
  DIMENSION X(200,5),Y(200),WT(200) 00000640
  DIMENSION XNU(5),SS(4) 00000650
  EQUIVALENCE (X(1,5),WT(1)),(IOUT,IFSS1),(IDER,IWS2), 00000660
  1 (IPRT,IWS3),(NITER,IWS4),(INON,IWS6),(SP,SCALEP),(SY,SCALEY) 00000670
C===== 00000680
  NAMELIST/PARMS/N,K,IP,M,IALT,IDER,IPRT,NITER,INON,NPRNT, 00000690
  1 IB,FF,T,E,TAU,XL,GAMCR,DEL,ZETA,B,IOUT,IWT,ISTOP, 00000700
  2 SCALEP,SCALEY,MODLAM, SP,SY 00000710
C===== 00000720
  DATA XNU/1.33,1.78,3.16,10.,100./ 00000730
C 00000740
C MAX NO OF PARAMETERS IS K=20 (NOTE: K=N IS ALLOWED) 00000750
C MAX NO OF IND VARS IS M=4 00000760
C MAX NO OF OBSERVATIONS IS N=200 00000770
C INTERNAL #IWHER# SWITCH USAGE-- 00000780
C IWHER =-1 MEANS INITIALIZE VIA SUBROUTINE SUBZ. 00000790
C IWHER = 0 MEANS START NEW PROBLEM OR END RUN 00000800
C IWHER = 1 MEANS GET P(S) AND F 00000810
C IWHER GREATER THAN 1 MEANS GET F ONLY 00000820
C--FOLLOWING CALL TO SUPPRESS EXP-UNDERFLOW MESSAGES 00000830
C FOR THE DEC-10 AND OTHER SYSTEMS: $$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$ 00000840
C// CALL ERRSET(0) 00000850
C** FOR THE HONEYWELL MULTICS SYSTEM, USE (INSTEAD) THE FOLLOWING: 00000860
C IO DETACH ERROR_OUTPUT 00000870
C IO ATTACH ERROR_OUTPUT DISCARD 00000880
C (OR-- ON USGS SYS, USE SET_UFL -OFF) 00000890
C** 00000900
C--PRESET GLOBAL PARMS (SOME MAY BE OVERRIDDEN BY $PARMS READ-IN) 00000910
  IP=0 00000920
  N=0 00000930
  K=0 00000940
  M=0 00000950
  NPRNT=0 00000960
  MODLAM=1 00000970
  ISTOP=1 00000980
  IWT=0 00000990
  IALT=10 00001000
  IOUT=1 00001010
  IDER=0 00001020
  IPRT=0 00001030

```

MITER=10	00001040
INON=1	00001050
LSCALP=0	00001060
LSCALY=0	00001070
FF=4.0E0	00001080
E=.00005E0	00001090
TAU=.001E0	00001100
T=2.0E0	00001110
DEL=.00001E0	00001120
ZETA=.1E-30	00001130
GAMCR=45.0E0	00001140
C	00001150
10 GAMMA=0.E0	00001160
SCALEP=LSCALP	00001170
SCALEY=LSCALY	00001180
XLL=0.E0	00001190
SE=0.0	00001200
NITER=MITER	00001210
20 IWHER=0	00001220
ISS=1	00001230
INU=4	00001240
XNUFAC=10.0	00001250
GO TO 150	00001260
30 CONTINUE	00001270
IF (IWHER.GT.0) GO TO 100	00001280
IF (IWHER.EQ.0) GO TO 240	00001290
C=====	00001300
C INITIALIZATION (IWHER=-1, IFSS1=IOUT)	00001310
CALL SUBZ (Y,X,BINV,PRNT,NPRNT,N,TITLE,IFSS1)	00001320
C *****	00001330
IPRNT=NPRNT-1	00001340
IF(NPRNT.LT.0) IPRNT=IABS(NPRNT)-2	00001350
C	00001360
C--NOTE: IPRNT IS A SPECIAL INDEX USED IN SCALEY=2 CASES	00001370
C TO MIX LOG OR ASINH TYPE SCALING WHEN ABS(X(I,IPRNT))=1. OR NOT 1.	00001380
C RESPECTIVELY, AND ONLY WHEN IPRNT.GT.1	00001390
NPRNT=IABS(NPRNT)	00001400
IF(SCALEY.EQ.0) GO TO 90	00001410
DO 80 I=1,N	00001420
IF(SCALEY-1) 90,40,60	00001430
40 IF(Y(I).LE.0.)CALL ERRMSG(3OHSOME Y(I).LE.0 AND SCALEY=1...,	00001440
1 6,6,16)	00001450
50 Y(I)=ALOG(Y(I))	00001460
GO TO 80	00001470
60 IF(IPRNT.LE.1) GO TO 70	00001480
IF(ABS(X(I,IPRNT)).NE.1.0) GO TO 70	00001490
IF(Y(I).LE.0.)	00001500
1CALL ERRMSG(5OHSOME Y(I).LE.0 WHEN ABS(X(I,IPRNT))=1 AND SCALEY=2,	00001510
2 10,6,16)	00001520
GO TO 50	00001530
70 Y(I)=ASINH(Y(I))	00001540
80 CONTINUE	00001550

90 CONTINUE	00001560
IF (IBOUT.EQ.0) GO TO 150	00001570
GO TO 20	00001580
100 CONTINUE	00001590
C=====	00001600
C COMPUTE F VIA SUBR. FCODE	00001610
C NPRNT IS THE NO OF OTHER WORDS TO BE PRINTED	00001620
C THE WORDS TO BE PRINTED ARE IN PRNT(1)...PRNT(5)	00001630
C--CALL FCODE FOR CURRENT BINV AND I-TH OBSERVATION (IFSS2=IDR)	00001640
CALL FCODE(Y,X,BINV,PRNT,F,I,IFSS2)	00001650
C *****	00001660
FINV=F	00001670
IF(SCALEY-1) 140,110,120	00001680
110 F=ALOG(F)	00001690
GO TO 140	00001700
120 IF(IPRNT.LE.1) GO TO 130	00001710
IF(ABS(X(I,IPRNT)).EQ.1.0) GO TO 110	00001720
130 F=ASINH(F)	00001730
140 CONTINUE	00001740
IF (IWHER.NE.1) GO TO 150	00001750
IF (IFSS2.NE.0) GO TO 150	00001760
C=====	00001770
C COMPUTE P(J)=DF/DB VIA SUBR PCODE FOR J=1,K.	00001780
C USING X(I,L) AND B(J)	00001790
C--CALL PCODE FOR CURRENT BINV,FINV AND I-TH OBSERVATION	00001800
CALL PCODE(P,X,BINV,PRNT,FINV,I,IP,IB)	00001810
C *****	00001820
C THIS IS GENERAL #IWHER# SWITCH	00001830
150 CONTINUE	00001840
IF (IWHER.LT.0) GO TO 320	00001850
IF (IWHER.EQ.0) GO TO 160	00001860
C 1 2 3 4 5	00001870
GO TO (490,1560,530,580,590), IWHER	00001880
C READ FIRST CARD OF NEXT CASE	00001890
160 ITCT=0	00001900
IBOUT=0	00001910
C=====	00001920
C READ \$PARMS --\$	00001930
C--ALWAYS PRESET XL=.01 (MAY BE OVERRIDDEN BY \$\$PARMS READ-IN)	00001940
C AND CLEAR B(I),I=1,20 TO FORCE INITIALIZATION...	00001950
XL=.01	00001960
DO 170 I=1,20	00001970
170 B(I)=0.E0	00001980
READ(5,180) TITLE	00001990
180 FORMAT(16A5)	00002000
READ(5,PARMS)	00002010
C--TEST \$PARMS	00002020
IF(N.GT.200.OR.K.GT.20.OR.M.GT.4.OR.IWT.GT.1.OR.IP.GT.19.OR.	00002030
1 IALT.EQ.6.OR.IALT.EQ.13.OR.IALT.EQ.16.OR.	00002040
2 N.LT.1.OR.K.LT.1.OR.M.LT.1.OR.IWT.LT.0.OR.IP.LT.0.OR.	00002050
3 SCALEY.LT.0.OR.SCALEY.GT.2.OR.SCALEP.LT.0.OR.SCALEP.GT.2.OR.	00002060
4 N.LT.K) CALL ERRMSG(30HSOME \$PARMS OUT OF RANGE.. ,6,6,16)	00002070

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DO 210 I=1,K                                00002080
IF(B(I).EQ.0.E0) CALL ERRMSG(20HSOME B(I) = 0.0      ,4,6,16) 00002090
BINV(I)=B(I)                                00002100
IF(SCALEP-1) 210,190,200                    00002110
190 IF(B(I).LT.0.0)CALL ERRMSG(30HSOME B(I).LT.0. AND SCALEP=1., 00002120
1 6,6,16)                                00002130
B(I)=ALOG(B(I))                            00002140
GO TO 210                                  00002150
200 B(I)=ASINH(B(I))                        00002160
210 CONTINUE                               00002170
MAXITR=IWS4                                00002180
MITER=NITER                                00002190
ITER=1                                      00002200
WRITE (6,2730)                             00002210
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 250                  00002220
WRITE (16,2730)                            00002230
GO TO 250                                  00002240
C=====                                00002250
C      END OF LAST PROBLEM                  00002260
220 CALL SUBEND(Y,X,BINV,K,N,TITLE,IOUT)    00002270
C      *****                                00002280
240 IF(ISTOP.EQ.1.OR.IALT.EQ.5) GO TO 241    00002290
C--INITIALIZE FOR NEXT PROB (SAME IALT DATA), SINCE ISTOP=0 00002300
GO TO 10                                    00002310
C--FOLLOWING CLOSE STMT ONLY FOR HONEYWELL MULTICS: 00002320
241 CALL CLOSE_FILE('-ALL')                 00002330
C      STOP                                00002340
RETURN                                     00002350
250 CONTINUE                               00002360
IF (IP.LE.0) GO TO 280                     00002370
DO 270 I=1,IP                             00002380
IF (IB(I).GT.0) GO TO 270                  00002390
CALL ERRMSG(30HIP.GT.1 BUT SOME IB(I).LE.0...,6,6,16) 00002400
270 CONTINUE                               00002410
280 CONTINUE                               00002420
IF (K.GT.10) GO TO 290                     00002430
C--IBKT=1 MEANS USE UPPER A MATRIX FOR SCRATCH STORAGE 00002440
C      =2 MEANS USE FILE 13 FOR SCRATCH STORAGE 00002450
IBKT=1                                     00002460
GO TO 300                                  00002470
290 IBKT=2                                 00002480
300 XKDB=1.E0                              00002490
C--READ OBJECT TIME FORMAT FOR DATA ON FILE IALT. 00002500
READ(5,2480) (FMT(I),I=1,18)              00002510
M1=M+IWT                                   00002520
DO 310 I=1,N                               00002530
READ(IALT,FMT) Y(I),(X(I,L),L=1,M1)       00002540
C--SET UP WTS VIA IWT PARM                 00002550
WT(I)=1.0E0                                00002560
IF(IWT.EQ.1.AND.X(I,M1).NE.0.0) WT(I)=1.0E0/X(I,M1)**2 00002570
310 CONTINUE                               00002580
IF(IALT.NE.5) REWIND IALT                  00002590

```

IWHER=-1	00002600
GO TO 30	00002610
320 IBKA=1	00002620
C	00002630
C	00002640
C	00002650
START THE CALCULATION OF THE PTP MATRIX	00002660
WRITE(6,2520) TITLE	00002670
WRITE (6,2530) N,K,IP,M,GAMCR,DEL,MODLAM,FF,T,E,TAU,XL,ZETA,	00002680
1 IALT,ISTOP,IWT,IWS2,IWS3,IWS4,IWS6,IFSS1,NPRNT,SCALEP,SCALEY	00002690
IF(IP.GT.0) WRITE(6,330) (IB(J),J=1,IP)	00002700
330 FORMAT(4H IB=,19I3)	00002710
WRITE(6,340) FMT	00002720
340 FORMAT(5H FMT=,18A4)	00002730
IF(SCALEP.GT.0.AND.IPRT.GE.0) WRITE(6,350) (BINV(J),J=1,K)	00002740
350 FORMAT(/30H -INITIAL UNSCALED PARAMETERS-/(12X,4E17.8))	00002750
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 360	00002760
WRITE(16,2520) TITLE	00002770
WRITE (16,2530) N,K,IP,M,GAMCR,DEL,MODLAM,FF,T,E,TAU,XL,ZETA,	00002780
1 IALT,ISTOP,IWT,IWS2,IWS3,IWS4,IWS6,IFSS1,NPRNT,SCALEP,SCALEY	00002790
IF(IP.GT.0) WRITE(16,330) (IB(J),J=1,IP)	00002800
WRITE(16,340) FMT	00002810
IF(SCALEP.GT.0.AND.IPRT.GE.0) WRITE(16,350) (BINV(J),J=1,K)	00002820
360 CONTINUE	00002830
370 CONTINUE	00002840
DO 380 I=1,K	00002850
G(I)=0.E0	00002860
DO 380 J=1,K	00002870
380 A(I,J)=0.E0	00002880
IF(IBKA-2) 390,400,400	00002890
390 IFSS3=IWS3	00002900
IFSS2=IWS2	00002910
GO TO 410	00002920
400 IFSS3=1	00002930
GO TO 420	00002940
410 IF(IPRT.GE.0) WRITE (6,2540) (B(J),J=1,K)	00002950
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 420	00002960
IF(IPRT.GE.0) WRITE (16,2540) (B(J),J=1,K)	00002970
420 CONTINUE	00002980
430 FORMAT(/11H -UNSCALED-)	00002990
C--THIS IS I=1 TO N SPECIAL NON-DO LOOP	00003000
450 I=1	00003010
DO 460 J=1,K	00003020
460 CALL UNSCAL(B(J),BINV(J),SCALEP)	00003030
IF(IPRT.LT.0) WRITE(6,2540) (BINV(J),J=1,K)	00003040
IF(IFSS1.EQ.1.AND.IPRT.LT.0)WRITE(16,2540)(BINV(J),J=1,K)	00003050
PHI=0.E0	00003060
IF (IFSS2.EQ.0) GO TO 480	00003070
GO TO 510	00003080
470 IF (IFSS2.EQ.1) GO TO 520	00003090
C	00003100
C	00003110
THIS IS THE ANALYTICAL P(J) ROUTINE	
480 IWHER=1	

C	GET P(J) AND F	00003120
	GO TO 30	00003130
490	IF (IP.LE.0) GO TO 640	00003140
	DO 500 II=1,IP	00003150
	IWS=IB(II)	00003160
500	P(IWS)=0.E0	00003170
	GO TO 640	00003180
C	.....	00003190
C	THIS IS THE ESTIMATED P(J) ROUTINE	00003200
C	(VIA K.M. BROWN S METHOD)	00003210
510	CONTINUE	00003220
	ISW=1	00003230
	IF(XL.LT.0.1E-3) ISW=2	00003240
520	IWHER=3	00003250
	GO TO 30	00003260
530	FWS=FINV	00003270
	FSAV=F	00003280
	DO 540 II=1,NPRNT	00003290
540	SPRNT(II)=PRNT(II)	00003300
	J=1	00003310
550	IF (IP.LE.0) GO TO 570	00003320
	DO 560 II=1,IP	00003330
	IF ((J-IB(II)).EQ.0) GO TO 610	00003340
560	CONTINUE	00003350
570	HH=DEL*ABS(BINV(J))	00003360
	IF(ISW.EQ.2) HH=1.E3*HH	00003370
	IF(HH.LE.5.E-5) HH=5.E-5	00003380
	TWS=B(J)	00003390
	TWS1=BINV(J)	00003400
	BINV(J)=TWS1+HH	00003410
	IWHER=4	00003420
	GO TO 30	00003430
580	B(J)=TWS	00003440
	BINV(J)=TWS1	00003450
	IF(ISW.EQ.1) GO TO 600	00003460
C--	CENTRAL DIFFERENCES (ISW=2--WHEN XL.LT..1E-3)	00003470
	FHH=FINV	00003480
	BINV(J)=TWS1-HH	00003490
	IWHER=5	00003500
	GO TO 30	00003510
590	B(J)=TWS	00003520
	BINV(J)=TWS1	00003530
	P(J)=.5E0*(FHH-FINV)/HH	00003540
	GO TO 620	00003550
C--	FORWARD DIFFERENCES (ISW=1--WHEN XL.GE..1E-3)	00003560
600	P(J)=(FINV-FWS)/HH	00003570
	GO TO 620	00003580
610	P(J)=0.E0	00003590
620	J=J+1	00003600
	IF ((J-K).LE.0) GO TO 550	00003610
	FINV=FWS	00003620
	F=FSAV	00003630

DO 630 II=1,NPRNT	00003640
630 PRNT(II)=SPRNT(II)	00003650
C END OF ESTIMATED P S ROUTINE	00003660
C 	00003670
C NOW, USE THE P(J) TO MAKE PARTIALS MATRIX	00003680
C--SET UP FOR SCALING PARTIAL DERIVATIVES AS SELECTED	00003690
640 IF(SCALEP-1) 650,710,730	00003700
650 IF(SCALEY-1) 750,660,690	00003710
660 DEN=1.OEO/FINV	00003720
670 DO 680 JJ=1,K	00003730
680 P(JJ)=P(JJ)*DEN	00003740
GO TO 750	00003750
690 IF(IPRNT.LE.1) GO TO 700	00003760
IF(ABS(X(I,IPRNT)).EQ.1.0) GO TO 660	00003770
700 DEN=1.OEO/SQRT(FINV*FINV+1.OEO)	00003780
GO TO 670	00003790
710 DO 720 JJ=1,K	00003800
720 P(JJ)=BINV(JJ)*P(JJ)	00003810
GO TO 650	00003820
730 DO 740 JJ=1,K	00003830
DEN=BINV(JJ)+SQRT(BINV(JJ)**2+1.OEO)	00003840
740 P(JJ)=0.5EO*(DEN+1.OEO/DEN)*P(JJ)	00003850
GO TO 650	00003860
750 IF(IBKA.EQ.2) WRITE(13) (P(JJ),JJ=1,K)	00003870
DO 760 JJ=1,K	00003880
G(JJ)=G(JJ)+WT(I)*(Y(I)-F)*P(JJ)	00003890
DO 760 II=JJ,K	00003900
A(II,JJ)=A(II,JJ)+WT(I)*P(II)*P(JJ)	00003910
760 A(JJ,II)=A(II,JJ)	00003920
770 WS=Y(I)-F	00003930
IF (IFSS3.LE.0) GO TO 810	00003940
C--LAST ITERATION RESULTS AND DATA MATRIX FOR PRINTING	00003950
IF(I.GT.1) GO TO 771	00003960
IF(IOUT.EQ.0) GO TO 773	00003970
WRITE(16,430)	00003980
WRITE(16,2550)	00003990
773 IF(IPRT.LT.-1) WRITE(6,772)	00004000
772 FORMAT(/11H -UNSCALED-/3X,1HI,4X,3HOBS,11X,3HCAL,11X,3HRES,	00004010
1 8X,6HX(I,1))	00004020
771 IF(IPRT.LT.-1) WRITE (6,2700) I,Y(I),F,WS,PRNT(1)	00004030
IF(NPRNT.GT.0) GO TO 790	00004040
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 780	00004050
WRITE (16,2700) I,Y(I),F,WS	00004060
780 CONTINUE	00004070
GO TO 810	00004080
790 CONTINUE	00004090
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 800	00004100
PERR=0.0	00004110
IF(F.NE.0.0) PERR=100.0*WS/ABS(F)	00004120
WRITE (16,2700) I,Y(I),F,WS,PERR,(PRNT(JJ),JJ=1,NPRNT)	00004130
800 CONTINUE	00004140
810 WS=Y(I)-F	00004150

PHI=PHI+WT(I)*WS*WS	00004160
I=I+1	00004170
IF (I.LE.N) GO TO 470	00004180
C--THIS IN END OF I=1 TO N NON-DO LOOP	00004190
IF(IBKA.NE.2) GO TO 860	00004200
C--PRINT UNSCALED PARTIALS SAVED ON FILE 13 (WHEN IBKA=2)	00004210
820 FORMAT(/20H -UNSCALED PARTIALS-)	00004220
IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,820)	00004230
REWIND 13	00004240
DO 850 II=1,N	00004250
READ(13) (SA(JJ),JJ=1,K)	00004260
830 FORMAT(2X,I3,5E18.8)	00004270
840 FORMAT(2X,I3,5E18.8/(5X,5E18.8))	00004280
IF(IOUT.EQ.1.AND.K.NE.5) WRITE(16,840) II,(SA(JJ),JJ=1,K)	00004290
IF(IOUT.EQ.1.AND.K.EQ.5) WRITE(16,830) II,(SA(JJ),JJ=1,K)	00004300
850 CONTINUE	00004310
REWIND 13	00004320
WRITE(6,430)	00004330
IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,430)	00004340
860 CONTINUE	00004350
IF (IP.LE.0) GO TO 890	00004360
DO 880 JJ=1,IP	00004370
IWS=IB(JJ)	00004380
DO 870 II=1,K	00004390
A(IWS,II)=0.E0	00004400
870 A(II,IWS)=0.E0	00004410
880 A(IWS,IWS)=1.E0	00004420
890 IF(IBKA-2) 900,1770,1780	00004430
C SAVE SQUARE ROOTS OF DIAGONAL ELEMENTS	00004440
900 DO 910 I=1,K	00004450
910 SA(I)=SQRT(A(I,I))	00004460
DO 950 I=1,K	00004470
DO 930 J=1,K	00004480
WS=SA(I)*SA(J)	00004490
IF (WS.GT.0.E0) GO TO 920	00004500
A(I,J)=0.E0	00004510
GO TO 930	00004520
920 A(I,J)=A(I,J)/WS	00004530
930 CONTINUE	00004540
IF (SA(I).GT.0.E0) GO TO 940	00004550
G(I)=0.E0	00004560
GO TO 950	00004570
940 G(I)=G(I)/SA(I)	00004580
950 CONTINUE	00004590
DO 960 I=1,K	00004600
960 A(I,I)=1.E0	00004610
PHIZ=PHI	00004620
C WE NOW HAVE PHI ZERO	00004630
IF(IBKT-1) 970,980,970	00004640
970 WRITE (13) A	00004650
REWIND 13	00004660
GO TO 1000	00004670

980	DO 990 II=1,K	00004680
	III=II+10	00004690
	DO 990 JJ=1,K	00004700
990	A(III,JJ)=A(II,JJ)	00004710
C	.....	00004720
1000	CONTINUE	00004730
	IF (ITCT.GT.0) GO TO 1030	00004740
C	FIRST ITERATION	00004750
	IF (XL.GT.0.E0) GO TO 1010	00004760
	XL=0.01E0	00004770
1010	ITCT=1	00004780
	DO 1020 J=1,K	00004790
1020	BS(J)=B(J)	00004800
C	BS(J) CORRESPONDS TO PHIZ	00004810
1030	IBK1=1	00004820
	WS=N-K+IP	00004830
	IF(N.GT.K) SE=SQRT(PHIZ/WS)	00004840
	IF (IFSS3.GT.0) GO TO 1040	00004850
	WRITE (6,2560) ITER,PHIZ,SE,XLL,GAMMA,XL	00004860
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1320	00004870
	WRITE (16,2560) ITER,PHIZ,SE,XLL,GAMMA,XL	00004880
	GO TO 1320	00004890
1040	WRITE(6,2490) PHIZ,SE,XL	00004900
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1320	00004910
	WRITE (16,2490) PHIZ,SE,XL	00004920
	GO TO 1320	00004930
1050	PHIL=PHI	00004940
C	WE NOW HAVE PHI(LAMBDA)	00004950
	DO 1060 J=1,K	00004960
	IF(ABS(DB(J))/(ABS(B(J))+TAU)).GE.E) GO TO 1080	00004970
1060	CONTINUE	00004980
	WRITE (6,2680)	00004990
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1070	00005000
	WRITE (16,2680)	00005010
1070	CONTINUE	00005020
	GO TO 1670	00005030
1080	IF (IWS4.EQ.0) GO TO 1110	00005040
	IF (IWS4.EQ.1) GO TO 1090	00005050
	IWS4=IWS4-1	00005060
	ITER=ITER+1	00005070
	GO TO 1110	00005080
1090	WRITE (6,2690)	00005090
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1100	00005100
	WRITE (16,2690)	00005110
1100	CONTINUE	00005120
	GO TO 1670	00005130
1110	XKDB=1.E0	00005140
	IF (PHIL.GT.PHIZ) GO TO 1190	00005150
	XLS=XL	00005160
	DO 1120 J=1,K	00005170
	BA(J)=B(J)	00005180
1120	B(J)=BS(J)	00005190

IF (XL.GT..00000001E0) GO TO 1140	00005200
DO 1130 J=1,K	00005210
B(J)=BA(J)	00005220
1130 BS(J)=B(J)	00005230
GO TO 370	00005240
1140 XL=XL/XNUFAC	00005250
IBK1=2	00005260
GO TO 1320	00005270
1150 PHL4=PHI	00005280
C WE NOW HAVE PHI(LAMBDA/XNUFAC)	00005290
IF (PHL4.GT.PHIZ) GO TO 1170	00005300
DO 1160 J=1,K	00005310
1160 BS(J)=B(J)	00005320
GO TO 370	00005330
1170 XL=XLS	00005340
C1170 CONTINUE	00005350
DO 1180 J=1,K	00005360
BS(J)=BA(J)	00005370
1180 B(J)=BA(J)	00005380
GO TO 370	00005390
1190 IBK1=4	00005400
XLS=XL	00005410
XL=XL/XNUFAC	00005420
DO 1200 J=1,K	00005430
1200 B(J)=BS(J)	00005440
GO TO 1320	00005450
1210 IF (PHI.LE.PHIZ) GO TO 1260	00005460
XL=XLS	00005470
IBK1=3	00005480
1220 XL=XL*XNUFAC	00005490
1230 DO 1240 J=1,K	00005500
1240 B(J)=BS(J)	00005510
GO TO 1320	00005520
1250 PHIT4=PHI	00005530
C WE NOW HAVE PHI(XNUFAC*LAMBDA)	00005540
IF (PHIT4.GT.PHIZ) GO TO 1280	00005550
1260 DO 1270 J=1,K	00005560
1270 BS(J)=B(J)	00005570
GO TO 370	00005580
1280 IF (GAMMA.GE.GAMCR) GO TO 1220	00005590
XKDB=XKDB/2.E0	00005600
DO 1290 J=1,K	00005610
IF(ABS(DB(J))/(ABS(B(J))+TAU)).GE.E) GO TO 1230	00005620
1290 CONTINUE	00005630
DO 1300 J=1,K	00005640
1300 B(J)=BS(J)	00005650
MAXITR=MAXITR-1	00005660
WRITE (6,2740)	00005670
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1310	00005680
WRITE (16,2740)	00005690
1310 CONTINUE	00005700
GO TO 1670	00005710

C		00005720
C	.....	00005730
C	SET UP FOR MATRIX INVERSION	00005740
	1320 IF(IBKT-1) 1330,1340,1330	00005750
	1330 READ (13) A	00005760
	REWIND 13	00005770
	GO TO 1360	00005780
	1340 DO 1350 II=1,K	00005790
	III=II+10	00005800
	DO 1350 JJ=1,K	00005810
	1350 A(II,JJ)=A(III,JJ)	00005820
	1360 DO 1370 I=1,K	00005830
	1370 A(I,I)=A(I,I)+XL	00005840
C	GET INVERSE OF A AND SOLVE FOR DB(J)S	00005850
	IBKM=1	00005860
C	.....	00005870
C	THIS IS THE MATRIX INVERSION ROUTINE	00005880
C	K IS THE SIZE OF THE MATRIX	00005890
	1380 IF(K.EQ.1) GO TO 1390	00005900
	CALL GJR (A,K,ZETA,MSING)	00005910
	IF(MSING-1) 1400,1400,1381	00005920
	1381 CALL ERRMSG(20HSINGULAR MATRIX.....,4,6,16)	00005930
C	--SPECIAL CASE, K=1	00005940
	1390 A(1,1)=1.0/A(1,1)	00005950
	1400 IF(IBKM-1) 1410,1410,1840	00005960
C	END OF MATRIX INVERSION, SOLVE FOR DB(J)	00005970
	1410 DO 1430 I=1,K	00005980
	DB(I)=0.E0	00005990
	DO 1420 J=1,K	00006000
	1420 DB(I)=A(I,J)*G(J)+DB(I)	00006010
	1430 DB(I)=XKDB*DB(I)	00006020
	XLL=0.E0	00006030
	DTG=0.E0	00006040
	GTG=0.E0	00006050
	DO 1440 J=1,K	00006060
	DB(J)=DB(J)/SA(J)	00006070
	DTG=DTG+DB(J)*G(J)	00006080
	GTG=GTG+G(J)**2	00006090
	B(J)=B(J)+DB(J)	00006100
	1440 XLL=XLL+DB(J)*DB(J)	00006110
	KIP=K-IP	00006120
	IF (KIP.EQ.1) GO TO 1480	00006130
	CGAM=DTG/SQRT(XLL*GTG)	00006140
	JGAM=1	00006150
	IF (CGAM.GT.0.E0) GO TO 1450	00006160
	CGAM=ABS(CGAM)	00006170
	JGAM=2	00006180
	1450 GAMMA=57.2957795E0*(1.5707288E0+CGAM*(-0.2121144E0	00006190
	1+CGAM*(0.074261E0-CGAM*	00006200
	2.0187293E0)))*SQRT(1.0E0-CGAM)	00006210
	IF(JGAM-1) 1460,1490,1460	00006220
	1460 GAMMA=180.E0-GAMMA	00006230

IF (XL.LT.1.OE0) GO TO 1490	00006240
WRITE (6,2670) XL,GAMMA	00006250
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1470	00006260
WRITE (16,2670) XL,GAMMA	00006270
1470 CONTINUE	00006280
GO TO 1670	00006290
1480 GAMMA=0.E0	00006300
1490 XLL=SQRT(XLL)	00006310
IBK2=1	00006320
GO TO 1540	00006330
1500 IF (IFSS3.LE.0) GO TO 1530	00006340
WRITE (6,2500) (DB(J),J=1,K)	00006350
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1510	00006360
WRITE (16,2500) (DB(J),J=1,K)	00006370
1510 CONTINUE	00006380
WRITE (6,2510) PHI,XL,GAMMA,XLL	00006390
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1520	00006400
WRITE (16,2510) PHI,XL,GAMMA,XLL	00006410
1520 CONTINUE	00006420
C--PRESET XNUFAC--(IF MODLAM=1)	00006430
1530 GO TO (1570,1150,1250,1210),IBK1	00006440
C	00006450
C	00006460
C	00006470
.....	00006480
CALCULATE PHI	00006490
1540 I=1	00006500
DO 1550 JJ=1,K	00006510
1550 CALL UNSCAL(B(JJ),BINV(JJ),SCALEP)	00006520
PHI=0.E0	00006530
IWHER=2	00006540
GO TO 30	00006550
1560 PHI=PHI+WT(I)*(Y(I)-F)**2	00006560
I=I+1	00006570
IF (I.LE.N) GO TO 30	00006580
GO TO (1500,2290,1770,2200,2220,2240),IBK2	00006590
C=====	00006600
C--DETERMINE AN EFFECTIVE MARQUARDT LAMBDA FACTOR (XNUFAC)	00006610
C BASED ON HISTORY OF SUM OF SQUARES STORED IN LATEST SS(4)--	00006620
1570 IF(MODLAM.EQ.0) GO TO 1050	00006630
SS(ISS)=PHI	00006640
INU0=INU	00006650
GO TO (1590,1580,1600,1610),ISS	00006660
C--MACHINE FAILURE IF ISS.GT.4 OR ISS.LT.1	00006670
C-- STOP 4	00006680
1580 IS1=0	00006690
IF(SS(2).GT.SS(1)) IS1=1	00006700
1590 ISS=ISS+1	00006710
GO TO 1660	00006720
1600 IS2=0	00006730
IF(SS(3).GT.SS(2)) IS2=1	00006740
IF(IS1.EQ.IS2) GO TO 1590	00006750
INU=INU0-1	
GO TO 1590	

1610	IS3=0	00006760
	IF(SS(4).GT.SS(3)) IS3=1	00006770
	IF(IS1.EQ.IS2.AND.IS3.EQ.IS2) GO TO 1620	00006780
	IF(IS1.EQ.0.AND.IS2.EQ.0.AND.IS3.EQ.1) GO TO 1640	00006790
	IF(IS1.EQ.1.AND.IS2.EQ.0.AND.IS3.EQ.1) GO TO 1640	00006800
	IF(IS1.EQ.1.AND.IS2.EQ.1.AND.IS3.EQ.0) GO TO 1640	00006810
	GO TO 1650	00006820
1620	IF(IS1.EQ.0) GO TO 1630	00006830
	IF(INU0.GE.3) GO TO 1650	00006840
	INU=3	00006850
	GO TO 1650	00006860
1630	IF(INU0.GE.5) GO TO 1650	00006870
	INU=INU0+1	00006880
	GO TO 1650	00006890
1640	IF(INU0.LE.1) GO TO 1650	00006900
	INU=INU0-1	00006910
1650	IS1=IS2	00006920
	IS2=IS3	00006930
	SS(3)=SS(4)	00006940
1660	XNUFAC=XNU(INU)	00006950
	GO TO 1050	00006960
C		00006970
C		00006980
C		00006990
C	..... THIS IS THE CONFIDENCE LIMIT CALCULATION	00007000
1670	ITR=MAXITR-IWS4+1	00007010
	WRITE(6,1680) ITR	00007020
1680	FORMAT(1X,I4,11H ITERATIONS)	00007030
	IF(IFSS1.EQ.1) WRITE(16,1680) ITR	00007040
	DO 1690 J=1,K	00007050
	CALL UNSCAL(BS(J),BINV(J),SCALEP)	00007060
	BS(J)=BINV(J)	00007070
1690	B(J)=BS(J)	00007080
	WRITE(6,2520) TITLE	00007090
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1700	00007100
	WRITE(16,2520) TITLE	00007110
1700	CONTINUE	00007120
	IBKA=2	00007130
C--	UNSCALE BOTH PARAMETER AND OBSERVATION SPACES PRIOR	00007140
C	TO FINAL STATISTICS ON LAST INTERATION--AND WHERE	00007150
C	IBKA=2, IFSS3=0..	00007160
C	THIS WILL PRINT OBS,CAL,RES,ETC.	00007170
C	AND SAVE UNSCALED PARTIALS ON FILE FILE13..	00007180
	IF(IPRT.GE.0) WRITE(6,1710) (BINV(J),J=1,K)	00007190
1710	FORMAT(/28H -FINAL UNSCALED PARAMETERS-/(12X,4E17.8))	00007200
	IF(IFSS1.EQ.1.AND.IPRT.GE.0) WRITE(16,1710) (BINV(J),J=1,K)	00007210
	IF(SCALEY.EQ.0) GO TO 1760	00007220
	DO 1750 I=1,N	00007230
	IF(SCALEY.NE.1) GO TO 1730	00007240
1720	Y(I)=EXP(Y(I))	00007250
	GO TO 1750	00007260
1730	IF(IPRNT.LE.1) GO TO 1740	00007270

IF(ABS(X(I,IPRNT)).EQ.1.0) GO TO 1720	00007280
1740 Y(I)=SINH(Y(I))	00007290
1750 CONTINUE	00007300
1760 LSCALP=SCALEP	00007310
LSCALY=SCALEY	00007320
SCALEP=0	00007330
SCALEY=0	00007340
GO TO 370	00007350
1770 CONTINUE	00007360
1780 WS=N-K+IP	00007370
IF(N.GT.K) SE=SQRT(PHI/WS)	00007380
PHIZ=PHI	00007390
WRITE (6,2490) PHIZ,SE,XL	00007400
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1790	00007410
WRITE (16,2490) PHIZ,SE,XL	00007420
C	00007430
C WE NOW HAVE MATRIX A	00007440
1790 IF(IBKT-1) 1800,1810,1800	00007450
1800 WRITE (13) A	00007460
REWIND 13	00007470
GO TO 1830	00007480
1810 DO 1820 II=1,K	00007490
III=II+10	00007500
DO 1820 JJ=1,K	00007510
1820 A(III,JJ)=A(II,JJ)	00007520
1830 IBKM=2	00007530
GO TO 1380	00007540
C	00007550
C WE NOW HAVE C = A INVERSE	00007560
1840 DO 1850 J=1,K	00007570
IF (A(J,J).LT.0.E0) GO TO 1860	00007580
1850 SA(J)=SQRT(A(J,J))	00007590
GO TO 1870	00007600
1860 IBOUT=1	00007610
1870 KST=-4	00007620
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1880	00007630
WRITE (16,2600)	00007640
1880 KST=KST+5	00007650
KEND=KST+4	00007660
IF (KEND.LT.K) GO TO 1890	00007670
KEND=K	00007680
1890 DO 1910 I=1,K	00007690
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1900	00007700
WRITE (16,2620) I,(A(I,J),J=KST,KEND)	00007710
1900 CONTINUE	00007720
1910 CONTINUE	00007730
IF (KEND.LT.K) GO TO 1880	00007740
IF (IBOUT.EQ.0) GO TO 1920	00007750
WRITE (6,2760)	00007760
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 220	00007770
WRITE (16,2760)	00007780
GO TO 220	00007790

1920	DO 1940 I=1,K	00007800
	DO 1940 J=1,K	00007810
	WS=SA(I)*SA(J)	00007820
	IF (WS.GT.0.E0) GO TO 1930	00007830
	A(I,J)=0.E0	00007840
	GO TO 1940	00007850
1930	A(I,J)=A(I,J)/WS	00007860
1940	CONTINUE	00007870
	DO 1950 J=1,K	00007880
1950	A(J,J)=1.E0	00007890
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1960	00007900
	WRITE (16,2610)	00007910
1960	CONTINUE	00007920
	KST=-9	00007930
1970	KST=KST+10	00007940
	KEND=KST+9	00007950
	IF (KEND.LT.K) GO TO 1980	00007960
	KEND=K	00007970
1980	DO 2000 I=1,K	00007980
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 1990	00007990
	WRITE (16,2750) I,(A(I,J),J=KST,KEND)	00008000
1990	CONTINUE	00008010
2000	CONTINUE	00008020
	IF (KEND.LT.K) GO TO 1970	00008030
C	GET T*SE*SQRT(C(I,I))	00008040
	DO 2010 J=1,K	00008050
2010	SA(J)=SE*SA(J)	00008060
	IF (IBKT-1) 2020,2030,2020	00008070
2020	READ (13) A	00008080
	REWIND 13	00008090
	GO TO 2050	00008100
2030	DO 2040 II=1,K	00008110
	III=II+10	00008120
	DO 2040 JJ=1,K	00008130
2040	A(II,JJ)=A(III,JJ)	00008140
2050	CONTINUE	00008150
	WRITE (6,2640)	00008160
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2060	00008170
	WRITE (16,2630)	00008180
2060	CONTINUE	00008190
	WS=K-IP	00008200
	DO 2120 J=1,K	00008210
	IF (IP.LE.0) GO TO 2080	00008220
	DO 2070 I=1,IP	00008230
	IF (J.EQ.IB(I)) GO TO 2100	00008240
2070	CONTINUE	00008250
C		00008260
C--	COMPUTE STD.ERR, CONF. LIMITS, AND STD.ERR/PARM.	00008270
C		00008280
2080	HJTD=SQRT(WS*FF)*SA(J)	00008290
	STE=SA(J)	00008300
	TWS=STE*T	00008310

OPL=BINV(J)-TWS	00008320
OPU=BINV(J)+TWS	00008330
SPL=BINV(J)-HJTD	00008340
SPU=BINV(J)+HJTD	00008350
HJTD=0.0	00008360
IF(BINV(J).NE.0.0) HJTD=STE/BINV(J)	00008370
WRITE (6,2720) J,STE,OPL,OPU,HJTD	00008380
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2090	00008390
WRITE (16,2720) J,STE,OPL,OPU,SPL,SPU,HJTD	00008400
2090 CONTINUE	00008410
GO TO 2120	00008420
2100 WRITE (6,2570) J	00008430
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2110	00008440
WRITE (16,2570) J	00008450
2110 CONTINUE	00008460
2120 CONTINUE	00008470
C NONLINEAR CONFIDENCE LIMIT	00008480
IF (IWS6.EQ.1.OR.N.EQ.K) GO TO 220	00008490
WS=K-IP	00008500
WS1=N-K+IP	00008510
PKN=WS/WS1	00008520
PC=PHIZ*(1.E0+FF*PKN)	00008530
WRITE (6,2650) PC	00008540
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2130	00008550
WRITE (16,2650) PC	00008560
2130 CONTINUE	00008570
WRITE (6,2660)	00008580
IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2140	00008590
WRITE (16,2660)	00008600
2140 CONTINUE	00008610
IFSS3=1	00008620
C-- NON- DO LOOP J=1,K	00008630
C (SINCE CONTROL JUMPS OUT AND BACK INSIDE LOOP)	00008640
J=1	00008650
2150 IBKP=1	00008660
DO 2160 JJ=1,K	00008670
2160 B(JJ)=BS(JJ)	00008680
IF (IP.LE.0) GO TO 2180	00008690
DO 2170 JJ=1,IP	00008700
IF (J.EQ.IB(JJ)) GO TO 2380	00008710
2170 CONTINUE	00008720
2180 DD=-1.E0	00008730
IBKN=1	00008740
2190 D=DD	00008750
B(J)=BS(J)+D*SA(J)	00008760
IBK2=4	00008770
GO TO 1540	00008780
2200 PHI1=PHI	00008790
IF (PHI1.GE.PC) GO TO 2230	00008800
2210 D=D+DD	00008810
IF (D/DD.GE.5.E0) GO TO 2420	00008820
B(J)=BS(J)+D*SA(J)	00008830

	IBK2=5	00008840
	GO TO 1540	00008850
2220	PHID=PHI	00008860
	IF (PHID.LT.PC) GO TO 2210	00008870
	IF (PHID.GE.PC) GO TO 2250	00008880
2230	D=D/2.E0	00008890
	IF (D/DD.LE..001E0) GO TO 2420	00008900
	B(J)=BS(J)+D*SA(J)	00008910
	IBK2=6	00008920
	GO TO 1540	00008930
2240	PHID=PHI	00008940
	IF (PHID.GT.PC) GO TO 2230	00008950
2250	XK1=PHIZ/D+PHI1/(1.E0-D)+PHID/(D*(D-1.E0))	00008960
	XK2=-(PHIZ*(1.E0+D)/D+D/(1.E0-D)*PHI1+PHID/(D*(D-1.E0)))	00008970
	XK3=PHIZ-PC	00008980
	BC=(SQRT(XK2*XK2-4.E0*XK1*XK3)-XK2)/(2.E0*XK1)	00008990
	IF (IBKN-1, 2260, 2260, 2270)	00009000
2260	B(J)=BS(J)-SA(J)*BC	00009010
	GO TO 2280	00009020
2270	B(J)=BS(J)+SA(J)*BC	00009030
2280	IBK2=2	00009040
	GO TO 1540	00009050
2290	IF (IBKN-1) 2300, 2300, 2310	00009060
2300	IBKN=2	00009070
	DD=1.E0	00009080
	BL=B(J)	00009090
	PL=PHI	00009100
	GO TO 2190	00009110
2310	BU=B(J)	00009120
	PU=PHI	00009130
	GO TO (2320, 2340, 2360, 2400), IBKP	00009140
2320	WRITE (6, 2620) J, BL, PL, BU, PU	00009150
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2330	00009160
	WRITE (16, 2620) J, BL, PL, BU, PU	00009170
2330	CONTINUE	00009180
	GO TO 2470	00009190
2340	WRITE (6, 2590) J, BU, PU	00009200
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2350	00009210
	WRITE (16, 2590) J, BU, PU	00009220
2350	CONTINUE	00009230
	GO TO 2470	00009240
2360	WRITE (6, 2620) J, BL, PL	00009250
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2370	00009260
	WRITE (16, 2620) J, BL, PL	00009270
2370	CONTINUE	00009280
	GO TO 2470	00009290
2380	WRITE (6, 2570) J	00009300
	IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2390	00009310
	WRITE (16, 2570) J	00009320
2390	CONTINUE	00009330
	GO TO 2470	00009340
2400	WRITE (6, 2580) J	00009350

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      IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 2410                                00009360
      WRITE (16,2580) J                                         00009370
2410  CONTINUE                                                  00009380
      GO TO 2470                                                00009390
2420  IF(IBKN-1) 2430,2430,2440                                00009400
C      DELETE LOWER PRINT                                       00009410
2430  IBKP=2                                                    00009420
      GO TO 2290                                                00009430
2440  IF(IBKP-1) 2450,2450,2460                                00009440
C      DELETE UPPER PRINT                                       00009450
2450  IBKP=3                                                    00009460
      GO TO 2290                                                00009470
C      LOWER IS ALREADY DELETED, SO DELETE BOTH               00009480
2460  IBKP=4                                                    00009490
      GO TO 2290                                                00009500
C--END OF NON- DO LOOP J=1,K                                   00009510
2470  J=J+1                                                     00009520
      IF(J.LE.K) GO TO 2150                                     00009530
      GO TO 220                                                 00009540
C      .....00009550
2480  FORMAT(18A4)                                              00009560
2490  FORMAT(/13X,4H PHI,14X,4H S E,9X,7H LAMBDA/5X,2E18.8,E13.3) 00009570
2500  FORMAT (/12H INCREMENTS ,4E17.8/(12X,4E17.8))           00009580
2510  FORMAT (13X,4H PHI10X,7H LAMBDA6X,7H GAMMA 6X,7H LENGTH/5X,E18.8,300009590
      1E13.3)                                                    00009600
2520  FORMAT(16H1M A R Q R T --,5X,16A5)                      00009610
2530  FORMAT(/5H N = ,I4,8X,4HK = ,I3,9X,5HIP = ,I3,8X,4HM = ,I2,10X, 00009620
      1 6HGAMCR=,E9.3/5H DEL=,E10.3,2X,9HMODLAM = ,I1,6X,3HFF=,E10.3,3X, 00009630
      2 2HT=,E10.3,4X,2HE=,E10.3/5H TAU=,E10.3,2X,3HXL=,E10.3,3X, 00009640
      3 5HZETA=,E10.3,8H IALT = ,I2,7X,8HISTOP = ,I1/7H IWT = ,I1,9X, 00009650
      4 7HIDER = ,I1,8X,7HIPRT = ,I2,7X,8HNITER = ,I4,4X,7HINON = ,I1/ 00009660
      5 8H IOUT = ,I2,7X, 00009670
      6 8HNPRNT = ,I1,7X,9HSCALEP = ,I1,6X,9HSCALEY = ,I1/) 00009680
2540  FORMAT (/12H PARAMETERS ,4E17.8/(12X,4E17.8))           00009690
2550  FORMAT(3X,1HI,4X,8HOBS.Y(I),6X,3HCAL,11X,3HRES,8X,8H%RES.ERR,6X, 00009700
      1 6HX(I,1),8X,6HX(I,2),8X,6HX(I,3),8X,6HX(I,4),8X,6HX(I,5)) 00009710
2560  FORMAT(/1X,4HITER,8X,4H PHI,14X,4H S E,11X,7H LENGTH,6X, 00009720
      1 7H GAMMA ,6X,7H LAMBDA/1X,I4,2E18.8,3E13.3) 00009730
2570  FORMAT (2X,I3,20H PARAMETER NOT USED ) 00009740
2580  FORMAT (2X,I3,12H NONE FOUND ) 00009750
2590  FORMAT (2X,I3,36X,2E18.8) 00009760
2600  FORMAT (1H /13H PTP INVERSE ) 00009770
2610  FORMAT (1H /30H PARAMETER CORRELATION MATRIX ) 00009780
2620  FORMAT (2X,I3,5E18.8) 00009790
2630  FORMAT(/4X,13HPARAMETER STD,17X,15HONE - PARAMETER,21X, 00009800
      1 14H SUPPORT PLANE/11X,6H ERROR,12X,6H LOWER,12X,6H UPPER,12X, 00009810
      2 6H LOWER,12X,6H UPPER,10X,14HSTD.ERROR/PARM) 00009820
2640  FORMAT(/4X,13HPARAMETER STD,17X,15HONE - PARAMETER/11X, 00009830
      1 6H ERROR,12X,6H LOWER,12X,6H UPPER,10X,14HSTD.ERROR/PARM) 00009840
2650  FORMAT (/30H NONLINEAR CONFIDENCE LIMITS //13H PHI CRITICAL, 00009850
      1 E15.8) 00009860
2660  FORMAT (1H /6H PARA6X,8H LOWER B8X,10H LOWER PHI10X,8H UPPER B8X,00009870

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	110H UPPER PHI)	00009880
2670	FORMAT (/19H -GAMMA LAMBDA TEST,5X,2E13.3)	00009890
2680	FORMAT (/15H -EPSILON TEST)	00009900
2690	FORMAT (/12H -FORCE OFF)	00009910
2700	FORMAT(1X,I3,2E14.6,E11.3,6E14.6)	00009920
2720	FORMAT (2X,I3,6E18.8)	00009930
2730	FORMAT (1H)	00009940
2740	FORMAT (/20H -GAMMA EPSILON TEST)	00009950
2750	FORMAT (3X,I5,2X,10F10.4)	00009960
2760	FORMAT (/27H NEGATIVE DIAGONAL ELEMENT)	00009970
	END	00009980
	SUBROUTINE GJR (A,N,EPS,MSING)	00009990
C	GAUSS-JORDAN-RUTISHAUSER MATRIX INVERSION WITH DOUBLE PIVOTING.	00010000
	DIMENSION A(20,20),B(20),C(20),P(20),Q(20)	00010010
	INTEGER P,Q	00010020
	MSING=1	00010030
	DO 140 K=1,N	00010040
C	DETERMINATION OF THE PIVOT ELEMENT	00010050
	PIVOT=0.E0	00010060
	DO 20 I=K,N	00010070
	DO 20 J=K,N	00010080
	IF(ABS(A(I,J))-ABS(PIVOT)) 20,20,10	00010090
10	PIVOT=A(I,J)	00010100
	P(K)=I	00010110
	Q(K)=J	00010120
20	CONTINUE	00010130
	IF(ABS(PIVOT)-EPS) 220,220,30	00010140
C	EXCHANGE OF THE PIVOTAL ROW WITH THE KTH ROW	00010150
30	IF (P(K)-K) 40,60,40	00010160
40	DO 50 J=1,N	00010170
	L=P(K)	00010180
	Z=A(L,J)	00010190
	A(L,J)=A(K,J)	00010200
50	A(K,J)=Z	00010210
C	EXCHANGE OF THE PIVOTAL COLUMN WITH THE KTH COLUMN	00010220
60	IF (Q(K)-K) 70,90,70	00010230
70	DO 80 I=1,N	00010240
	L=Q(K)	00010250
	Z=A(I,L)	00010260
	A(I,L)=A(I,K)	00010270
80	A(I,K)=Z	00010280
90	CONTINUE	00010290
C	JORDAN STEP	00010300
	DO 130 J=1,N	00010310
	IF (J-K) 110,100,110	00010320
100	B(J)=1.0E0/PIVOT	00010330
	C(J)=1.0E0	00010340
	GO TO 120	00010350
110	B(J)=-A(K,J)/PIVOT	00010360
	C(J)=A(J,K)	00010370
120	A(K,J)=0.0E0	00010380

SUBROUTINE UNSCAL(BIN,BOUT,SCALEP)	00010650
/ MODIFIED TO TRAP ERRORS >10**38 ON MULTICS	00010660
--UNSCALE PARMETER BIN TO BOUT VIA SCALEP	00010670
INTEGER SCALEP	00010680
IF(SCALEP-1) 10,20,30	00010690
10 BOUT=BIN	00010700
GO TO 40	00010710
20 IF(BIN.GT.88.028) GO TO 99	00010720
BOUT= EXP_(BIN)	00010730
GO TO 40	00010740
30 BOUT= SINH(BIN)	00010750
40 RETURN	00010760
99 WRITE(6,699) BIN	00010770
WRITE(16,699) BIN	00010780
09 FORMAT('0"UNSCAL" ARG=',E16.8,' >88.028 FOR EXP () ON MULTICS'/	00010790
& ' --CHECK ALL \$PARMS AND DATA --IF OK, THEN--'7	00010800
& ' --TRY RESTARTING WITH DIFFERENT SCALING OPTION(S) --OR--'/	00010810
& ' --RESTART WITH BETTER "GUESSED" STARTING PARAMETERS.')	00010820
CALL CLOSE_FILE('-ALL')	00010830
STOP	00010840
END	00010850

C

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REAL*8 X2                                00010890
X2=X                                    00010900
ASINH=DLOG(X2+DSQRT(X2*X2+1.0D0))        00010910
RETURN                                  00010920
END                                      00010930

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SUBROUTINE ERRMSG(MSG,M5,I6,I9)          00010940
C--ERROR MESSAGE WRITE ROUTINE AND STOP, WHERE-- 00010950

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C      MSG=    ANY MULTIPLE OF 5 CHARACTERS--MAX. OF 120 00010960
C              (USE NH----- FORM FOR ANSI COMPATIBILITY) 00010970
C      M5=    NO.CHARS IN MSG/5 (REMAINDER MUST BE 0) 1.LE.M5.LE.24 00010980
C      I6=    1ST UNIT FOR WRITE(I6, ) MSG -- USUALLY I6=6 FOR LPT. 00010990
C              IF I6.LE.0 UNIT I6 IGNORED. 00011000
C      I9=    2ND UNIT FOR WRITE(I9, ) MSG -- 00011010
C              IF I9.LE.0, UNIT I9 IGNORED. 00011020
C--MESSAGE WRIT EN IN FORM-- 00011030
C      /ERROR--MSG HERE 00011040
C 00011050
C 00011060

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DIMENSION MSG(30) 00011070
J=5*M5 00011080
K=J/4+MOD(J,4) 00011090
IF(I6.GT.0) WRITE(I6,10) (MSG(I),I=1,K) 00011100
10 FORMAT(/8H ERROR--,30A4) 00011110
IF(I9.GT.0) WRITE(I9,10) (MSG(I),I=1,K) 00011120
CALL CLOSE_FILE('-ALL') 00011130
00011140
STOP 00011150
END 00011160

```

```

SUBROUTINE POLAR2(Z,AMP,PHZ180) 00011170
C      PARMS Z = GIVEN COMPLEX COORDS Z=(X,Y) 00011180
C      AMP= COMPUTED AMPLITUDE. 00011190
C      PHZ180 = COMPUTED PHASE IN (-180.0,180.0) DEGREES. 00011200
C 00011210

```

```

COMPLEX Z 00011220
DATA PI,PI2/3.1415927,6.2831853/ 00011230
ZR=REAL(Z) 00011240
ZI=AIMAG(Z) 00011250
IF(ZR.EQ.0.AND.ZI.EQ.0) GO TO 9 00011260
PV=ATAN2(ABS(ZI),ABS(ZR)) 00011270
IF(ZI.GE.0.AND.ZR.GE.0) GO TO 10 00011280
IF(ZI.GE.0.AND.ZR.LT.0) GO TO 20 00011290
IF(ZI.LT.0.AND.ZR.LE.0) GO TO 30 00011300
RAD=PI2-PV 00011310
GO TO 40 00011320
9 PHZ180=0. 00011330
AMP=0. 00011340
RETURN 00011350
10 RAD=PV 00011360
GO TO 40 00011370
20 RAD=PI-PV 00011380

```

```

GO TO 40
30 RAD=PI+PV
40 AMP=SQRT(ZR*ZR+ZI*ZI)
PHZ180=57.29577951*RAD
IF(PHZ180.GT.180.0) PHZ180=PHZ180-360.0
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE RECUR1(G,V1,F1)
C--BACKWARD RECURRENCE FOR COMPLEX V1,F1 GIVEN REAL*4 ARGUMENT G AND:
COMMON/MODEL/ PARAMETERS:
C K(10) = NORMALIZED CONDUCTIVITY ARRAY (M VALUES,WHERE K(1)=1.0).
C D(9) = LAYER THICKNESS ARRAY (M-1 VALUES) D=2*THICKNESS/DEL.
C M = NUMBER LAYERS (M.GE.1.AND.M.LE.10)
C SPECIAL CASE WHEN M=1 (HOMOGENEOUS--D IGNORED)
C
C--NOTE: G,K,D RE REAL*4
C
COMMON/MODEL/K,D,M
REAL*4 K(10),D(9)
COMPLEX C,VM,V1,F1,EVD,ONE
DATA ONE/(1.0,0.0)/
F1=ONE
G2=G*G
VM=CSQRT(CMPLX(G2,2.0*K(M)))
IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 2
J=M-1
1 V1=CSQRT(CMPLX(G2,2.0*K(J)))
EVD=CEXP(-V1*D(J))
C=(ONE-EVD)/(ONE+EVD)
F1=(VM*F1+V1*C)/(V1+VM*F1*C)
IF(J.EQ.1) GO TO 3
J=J-1
VM=V1
GO TO 1
2 V1=VM
3 RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE RECURF(G,DEL,SIG1,V1,F1,PF1,JJ)
C--GET PF1=PARTIAL OF F1 W/R PARM. JJ, EVALUATED AT
C THE GIVEN G,DEL, AND SIG1 (OTHER MODEL PARMS IN COMMON/MODEL/)
C ALSO GIVEN ARE V1,F1 AS IN RECUR1.
C
IMPLICIT COMPLEX (A-H,O-Z)
REAL K,D,G,G2,DEL,SIG1
COMMON/MODEL/K,D,M
DIMENSION K(10),D(9)
DATA ONE,ZERO,CI/(1.0,0.0),(0.0,0.0),(0.0,1.0)/
TWODEL=CMPLX(2.0/DEL,0.0)
JJM=JJ-M

```

FM=ONE	00011890
PF1=ZERO	00011900
30 G2=G*G	00011910
VM=CSQRT(CMPLX(G2,2.0*K(M)))	00011920
50 IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 150	00011930
C--INITIALIZE PARTIAL INDEX J=M-1 (NUM. INDEX)	00011940
J=M-1	00011950
C--LOOP ON J INDEX	00011960
70 V1=CSQRT(CMPLX(G2,2.0*K(J)))	00011970
EVD=CEXP(-V1*D(J))	00011980
90 EVD1=ONE+EVD	00011990
E1=(ONE-EVD)/EVD1	00012000
E11=ONE+E1	00012010
T=VM*FM	00012020
DEN=V1+T*E1	00012030
F1=(T+V1*E1)/DEN	00012040
IF(JJ.LE.1) GO TO 100	00012050
C--RECUR FOR PF1 W/R DIST	00012060
EMD1=ZERO	00012070
IF(JJM.EQ.J) EMD1=(TWODEL*V1*EVD*E11)/EVD1	00012080
PF1=((VM*PF1+V1*EMD1)-F1*VM*(FM*EMD1+E1*PF1))/DEN	00012090
GO TO 140	00012100
C--RECUR FOR PF1 W/R SIGMA	00012110
100 VMS=ZERO	00012120
VMS1=ZERO	00012130
EMS1=ZERO	00012140
IF(JJ.EQ.1) GO TO 110	00012150
IF(J+1.EQ.JJ) VMS=CI/(SIG1*VM)	00012160
IF(J.EQ.JJ) VMS1=CI/(SIG1*V1)	00012170
GO TO 120	00012180
110 IF(M.GT.1) VMS=-CI*K(J+1)/(SIG1*VM)	00012190
IF(J.GT.1) VMS1=-CI*K(J)/(SIG1*V1)	00012200
120 IF(JJ.NE.J) GO TO 130	00012210
IF(J.EQ.1) EMS1=(EVD*V1*D(1)*E11)/(2.0*SIG1*EVD1)	00012220
IF(J.GT.1) EMS1=(D(J)*EVD*VMS1*E11)/EVD1	00012230
130 PF1=((FM*VMS+VM*PF1+V1*EMS1+E1*VMS1)-F1*	00012240
1(VMS1+VM*(FM*EMS1+E1*PF1)+FM*E1*VMS))/DEN	00012250
140 IF(J.EQ.1) GO TO 180	00012260
J=J-1	00012270
VM=V1	00012280
FM=F1	00012290
GO TO 70	00012300
C--SPECIAL CASE M=1 (HOMOGENEOUS EARTH)	00012310
150 F1=FM	00012320
V1=VM	00012330
J=1	00012340
EVD=ZERO	00012350
GO TO 90	00012360
180 RETURN	00012370
END	00012380

SUBROUTINE RECURS(G,V1,F1)	00012390
COMPLEX ESAV(80,9),VSAV(80,10)	00012400
REAL GSAV(80)	00012410
COMMON/SAV/GSAV,ESAV,VSAV,ISAV,LSAV	00012420
COMMON/MODEL/K,D,M	00012430
REAL K(10),D(9)	00012440
COMPLEX C,VM,V1,F1,EVD,ONE,T	00012450
DATA ONE/(1.0,0.0)/	00012460
F1=ONE	00012470
G2=G*G	00012480
VM=CSQRT(CMPLX(G2,2.0*K(M)))	00012490
NSAV=0	00012500
IF(ISAV.GT.0.AND.ISAV.LE.80) NSAV=1	00012510
IF(NSAV.NE.0) VSAV(ISAV,M)=VM	00012520
IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 30	00012530
J=M-1	00012540
10 V1=CSQRT(CMPLX(G2,2.0*K(J)))	00012550
EVD=CEXP(-V1*D(J))	00012560
IF(NSAV.EQ.0) GO TO 20	00012570
VSAV(ISAV,J)=V1	00012580
ESAV(ISAV,J)=EVD	00012590
20 C=(ONE-EVD)/(ONE+EVD)	00012600
T=VM*F1	00012610
F1=(T+V1*C)/(V1+T*C)	00012620
IF(J.EQ.1) GO TO 40	00012630
J=J-1	00012640
VM=V1	00012650
GO TO 10	00012660
30 V1=VM	00012670
40 RETURN	00012680
END	00012690
COMPLEX FUNCTION F3(G)	00012700
COMPLEX V1,F1,C,ONE	00012710
DATA ONE/(1.0,0.0)/	00012720
CALL RECUR1(G,V1,F1)	00012730
C=G	00012740
F3=(V1*C*(ONE-F1))/((C+V1*F1)*(C+V1))	00012750
RETURN	00012760
END	00012770
COMPLEX FUNCTION F4(G)	00012780
C--F4=G*F3(G)--SEE SUBPROGRAM F3.	00012790
COMPLEX F3	00012800
F4=G*F3(G)	00012810
RETURN	00012820
END	00012830
COMPLEX FUNCTION GF4(G)	00012840
C--KERNEL G*F4(G)	00012850
COMPLEX F4	00012860
GF4=G*F4(G)	00012870

```

RETURN                                00012880
END                                  00012890

      COMPLEX FUNCTION FINITE(FUNC,BFIN)                                00012900
C--COMPUTE FINITE INTEGRAL OVER (-L,L) OF COMPLEX FIELD FUNCTION      00012910
C BY LAG-CONVOLUTION AND QUINTIC SPLINE INTERPOLATION PRIOR TO        00012920
C AUTOMATIC INTEGRATION BY SUBR 'CANC4'.                               00012930
C 'FINITE' CALLS 'FUNC' (WHICH CALLS 'ZLAGH1 OR ZLAGH0'), 'QUINT', AND 00012940
C 'CANC4' (WHICH CALLS 'FUNINT' AND 'QPOINT').                          00012950
C                               00012960
C PARAMETERS:                                                            00012970
C                               00012980
C FUNC =  EXTERNAL DECLARED COMPLEX FUNCTION DEFINING THE DIPOLE FIELD 00012990
C          FUNCTION WITH CALLING SEQ: FUNC(B,NEW,R), WHERE              00013000
C          B = ANY IND. NO.                                             00013010
C          NEW = 1 FIRST TIME, 0 OTHERWISE (REF: ZLAGH1 OR ZLAGH0)      00013020
C          R = B*DEL FOR ANY B OR DEL (SKIN DEPTH).                    00013030
C BFIN =  FIXED IND. NO. FOR THE FINITE INTEGRAL (BFIN.GT.0).          00013040
C                               00013050
C--COMMON PARMAMETERS (INPUT) REQUIRED:                                00013060
C                               00013070
C HAKTOL = REQUESTED HANKEL TRANSFORM (ZLAG) TOLERANCE.                00013080
C          USE HAKTOL.LE.1.E-6*EPS, EPS=ACTUAL HANKEL REL. ERROR.      00013090
C FINTOL = REQUESTED FINITE INTEGRAL (CANC4) TOLERANCE.                00013100
C          USE FINTOL.LE.1.E-3*EP, EP=ACTUAL FINITE REL. ERROR.        00013110
C INTYPE = INTEGRATION TYPE FOR CANC4 (NORMALLY, INTYPE=2 OR 4).       00013120
C NFIN    = 1 TO USE 1-PASS ZLAG, =2 FOR 2-PASS, ETC.                  00013130
C          NOTE: NFIN.GT.1 TAKES 'NFIN TIMES' AS LONG TO RUN, BUT      00013140
C          WILL GIVE ADDITIONAL ACCURACY, IF NEEDED.                   00013150
C MEV      = MAX. FUNCT EVAL"S FOR CANC4 (NORMALLY MEV>300)           00013160
C R1        = MAX SPACING FROM WIRE END TO RECEIVER POINT (XX,YY)      00013170
C            = SQRT((XX+L)**2+YY*YY)                                    00013180
C R2        = MIN SPACING FROM WIRE END TO RECEIVER POINT (XX,YY)      00013190
C            = SQRT((XX-L)**2+YY*YY)                                    00013200
C R0        = SPACING FROM WIRE CENTER TO RECEIVER POINT (XX,YY)       00013210
C            = SQRT(XX*XX+YY*YY)                                        00013220
C D(9)      = THICKNESS OF M-LAYERS IN MODEL. (METERS)                00013230
C K(10)     = CONDUCTIVITY RATIO SIG(I)/SIG(1)                         00013240
C            FOR I=1,M                                                 00013250
C M          = NO. LAYERS IN MODEL (M.GE.1.AND.M.LT.10)               00013260
C                               00013270
C      COMMON/FINERR/HAKTOL,FINTOL,INTYPE,NFIN,NEV,MEV,ESUM,LW          00013280
C      COMMON/SPLN80/FDR(80),AR(80),BR(80),CR(80),DR(80),ER(80),      00013290
C      & FDI(80),AI(80),BI(80),CI(80),DI(80),EI(80),RLM1,DELRLM,NB    00013300
C      COMMON/FIN/R1,R2,R0,L,SIG1,X,Y                                  00013310
C      COMMON/THICK/D(9)                                              00013320
C      COMMON/MODEL/K(10),DD(9),M                                      00013330
C      COMMON/CONST/DEL,DEL2,Z2DEL3                                   00013340
C      REAL L,K                                                        00013350
C      COMPLEX FUNC,ESUM,FD,FUNINT,CANC4,Z2DEL3                      00013360
C      EXTERNAL FUNINT                                                00013370
C      ISIZE IS THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE NUMBER OF NODES IN QUINTIC SPLINE. 00013380

```

DATA ISIZE/80/	00013390
DEL=R0/BFIN	00013400
DEL2=DEL*DEL	00013410
Z2DEL3=CMPLX(0.0,2./(DEL2*DEL))	00013420
M1=M-1	00013430
DO 1 I=1,M1	00013440
1 DD(I)=2.*D(I)/DEL	00013450
BMAX=R1/DEL	00013460
BMIN=R2/DEL	00013470
IF(X.LE.L) BMIN=Y/DEL	00013480
NB=AIN(5.*ALOG(BMAX/BMIN))+2	00013490
NB=MAX0(NB,3)	00013500
X0=ALOG(BMIN)+NB*0.2	00013510
NB=NB+3	00013520
NRMAX=ISIZE/NB	00013530
IF(NFIN.LE.NRMAX) GO TO 3	00013540
IF(NRMAX.GT.0.0) GO TO 2	00013550
PRINT, 'ERROR IN FINITE: INSUFFICIENT SPLINE NODES'	00013560
STOP	00013570
2 NFIN=NRMAX	00013580
PRINT, 'ERROR IN FINITE: NFIN TOO LARGE, RESET TO ',NFIN	00013590
3 DELRLM=.2/FLOAT(NFIN)	00013600
X0=X0-DELRLM	00013610
DO 5 ITIME=1,NFIN	00013620
NEW=1	00013630
X0=X0+DELRLM	00013640
DO 5 J=1,NB	00013650
I=(NB+1)-J	00013660
I=NFIN*(I-1)+ITIME	00013670
XX=X0-0.2*J	00013680
BM=EXP(XX)	00013690
RM=BM*DEL	00013700
IF(I.EQ.1) RLM1=ALOG(RM)	00013710
FD=FUNC(BM,NEW,RM)	00013720
FDR(I)=REAL(FD)	00013730
FDI(I)=AIMAG(FD)	00013740
5 NEW=0	00013750
NB=NFIN*NB	00013760
CALL QUINT(NB,FDR,AR,BR,CR,DR,ER)	00013770
CALL QUINT(NB,FDI,AI,BI,CI,DI,EI)	00013780
IF(X.LT.L) GO TO 8	00013790
FINITE=CANC4(X-L,X+L,FINTOL,NEV,INTYPE,FUNINT,MEV,ESUM)	00013800
GO TO 10	00013810
8 FINITE=2.*CANC4(0.,ABS(X-L),FINTOL,NEV,INTYPE,FUNINT,MEV,ESUM)	00013820
IF(X.EQ.0.0) GO TO 10	00013830
FINITE=FINITE+CANC4(ABS(X-L),X+L,FINTOL,NEV,INTYPE,FUNINT,MEV,	00013840
& ESUM)	00013850
10 RETURN	00013860
END	00013870
COMPLEX FUNCTION FINHX(B)	00013880
C-- HX FIELD FOR FINITE WIRE (L.GT.0) AND GROUND (H=0) CASE.	00013890

	COMMON/FIN/R1,R2,R,L,SIG1,X,Y	00013900
	COMMON/THICK/D(9)	00013910
	COMMON/MODEL/K(10),DD(9),M	00013920
	REAL L,K	00013930
	DOUBLE PRECISION B8	00013940
	COMPLEX F31,F32,ZIK1,ZIK2	00013950
	DEL=R/B	00013960
	FINHX=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)	00013970
	IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 12	00013980
	B1=R1/DEL	00013990
	B2=R2/DEL	00014000
	M1=M-1	00014010
	DO 1 I=1,M1	00014020
1	DD(I)=2.*D(I)/DEL	00014030
	CALL FINF3(B1,B2,F31,F32)	00014040
	FINHX=CMPLX(1./DEL,0.0)*(F31/R1-F32/R2)	00014050
12	B8=0.7071067811865475D0/DEL	00014060
	CALL IK1(B8*DBLE(R1),ZIK1)	00014070
	CALL IK1(B8*DBLE(R2),ZIK2)	00014080
	FINHX=FINHX+(ZIK1/R1**2-ZIK2/R2**2)	00014090
	FINHX=-FINHX*CMPLX(Y*2.0,0.0)	00014100
	RETURN	00014110
	END	00014120
	COMPLEX FUNCTION FINHY(B)	00014130
C--	HY FIELD FOR FINITE WIRE (L.GT.0) AND GROUND (H=0) CASE.	00014140
	EXTERNAL ZHY	00014150
	COMMON/FIN/R1,R2,R,L,SIG1,X,Y	00014160
	COMMON/CONST/DEL,DEL2,Z	00014170
	COMMON/PASS/FINHX	00014180
	COMMON/MODEL/RK(10),DD(9),M	00014190
	COMPLEX FINITE,F31,F32,FINHX,Z,ZIK1,ZIK2	00014200
	DOUBLE PRECISION B8	00014210
	REAL L	00014220
	DEL=R/B	00014230
	DEL2=DEL*DEL	00014240
	FINHY=FINITE(ZHY,B)	00014250
	FINHX=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)	00014260
	IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 10	00014270
	B1=R1/DEL	00014280
	B2=R2/DEL	00014290
	CALL FINF3(B1,B2,F31,F32)	00014300
	FINHY=FINHY-((X+L)*F31/R1-(X-L)*F32/R2)*CMPLX(1./DEL,0.0)	00014310
10	B8=0.7071067811865475D0/DEL	00014320
	R12=R1*R1	00014330
	R22=R2*R2	00014340
	CALL IK1(B8*DBLE(R1),ZIK1)	00014350
	ZIK1=ZIK1/R12	00014360
	CALL IK1(B8*DBLE(R2),ZIK2)	00014370
	ZIK2=ZIK2/R22	00014380
	FINHY=-(FINHY-((X+L)*ZIK1-(X-L)*ZIK2))*CMPLX(2.0,0.0)	00014390
	IF(X*Y.EQ.0.0) GO TO 30	00014400

```

15 IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 15                                00014410
30 FINHX=(F31/R1-F32/R2)*CMPLX(1./DEL,0.0)           00014420
    FINHX=-(FINHX+ZIK1-ZIK2)*CMPLX(Y*2.0,0.0)        00014430
    RETURN                                           00014440
    END                                              00014450

    SUBROUTINE SETRHO(X)                                00014460
C** SP-VERSION (FOR EPS IN COMMON/SHARE/) **         00014470
C--SET RHO-DEPENDENT CONSTANTS IN COMMON/SHARE/ WHERE 00014480
C  PARAMETER                                           00014490
C    X      = REAL*4 ARGUMENT..NOTE: X-XX DISPLACEMENT USED IN RHO IF 00014500
C              L>0; ELSE (L=0) X IS DUMMY PARM AND WHERE RHO IS GIVEN IN 00014510
C              COMMON/SHARE/--SEE COMMON STATEMENT BELOW-- 00014520
C                                                    00014530
    REAL    EPS                                       00014540
    REAL    L                                         00014550
    COMMON/SHARE/                                     00014560
    * EPS,                                           00014570
    * C2,C3,C4,                                       00014580
    * XX,YY,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,B,                 00014590
    * L,DEL,DEL2,                                     00014600
    * METHOD,NZ,NW                                     00014610
    IF(L.EQ.0.0) GO TO 1                             00014620
    XXX2=(X-XX)**2                                    00014630
2  RHO2=XXX2+YY2                                       00014640
    RHO=SQRT(RHO2)                                     00014650
    DELRHO=DEL*RHO                                     00014660
    IF(DEL.NE.0.0) B=RHO/DEL                         00014670
3  RETURN                                           00014680
1  XXX2=XX**2                                         00014690
    GO TO 2                                           00014700
    END                                              00014710

    COMPLEX FUNCTION ZHY(B,NEW,R)                      00014720
C-- HY FUNC FOR GROUNDED DEL. DIPOLE USING LAG-CONVOLUTION 00014730
C  SUBR 'ZLAGHO' FOR GIVEN IND.NO. B.GT.0.           00014740
C--NOTE: THIS IS JUST THE HANKEL TRANSFORM TERM OF HY USED IN 00014750
C  SUBR 'FINHY'.                                       00014760
C  SEE FINHY SUBR FOR HALF-SPACE TERMS, ETC.         00014770
C                                                    00014780
    COMPLEX ZLAGHO,Z,I1K1,IKDIF,ERRFIN               00014790
    DOUBLE PRECISION B8                               00014800
    EXTERNAL F4                                       00014810
    COMMON/FINERR/HAKTOL,FINTOL,INTYPE,NFIN,NEVFIN,MEVFIN,ERRFIN,LW 00014820
    COMMON/MODEL/RK(10),DD(9),M                     00014830
    COMMON/CONST/DEL,DEL2,Z                         00014840
    ZHY=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)                               00014850
    IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 2                               00014860
    ZHY=ZLAGHO(ALOG(B),F4,HAKTOL,LW,NEW)/B           00014870
2  B8=0.70710678118654D0*B                          00014880
    CALL IKS(B8,I1K1,IKDIF)                          00014890
    ZHY=ZHY*CMPLX(1./DEL2,0.0)-(IKDIF-2.*I1K1)/R**2 00014900

```

RETURN
END

00014910
00014920

COMPLEX FUNCTION ZLAGHO(X,FUN,TOL,L,NEW)

00014930

C--*** A SPECIAL LAGGED* CONVOLUTION METHOD TO COMPUTE THE
C INTEGRAL FROM 0 TO INFINITY OF 'FUN(G)*JO(G*B)*DG' DEFINED AS THE
C COMPLEX HANKEL TRANSFORM OF ORDER 0 AND ARGUMENT X(=ALOG(B))
C BY CONVOLUTION FILTERING WITH COMPLEX FUNCTION 'FUN'--AND
C USING A VARIABLE CUT-OFF METHOD WITH EXTENDED FILTER TAILS....

00014940
00014950
00014960
00014970
00014980

C
C--REF: ANDERSON, W.L., 1975, NTIS REPT. PB-242-800.

00014990
00015000

C
C--PARAMETERS:

00015010
00015020

C * X = REAL ARGUMENT(=ALOG(B) AT CALL) OF THE HANKEL TRANSFORM
C 'ZLAGHO' IS USEFUL ONLY WHEN X=(LAST X)-.20 *** I.E.,
C SPACED SAME AS FILTER USLD--IF THIS IS NOT CONVENIENT,
C THEN SUBPROGRAM 'ZHANKO' IS ADVISED FOR GENERAL USE.
C (ALSO SEE PARM 'NEW' & NOTES (2)-(4) BELOW).

00015030
00015040
00015050
00015060
00015070
00015080

C FUN(G)= EXTERNAL DECLARED COMPLEX FUNCTION NAME (USER SUPPLIED)
C OF A REAL ARGUMENT G.

00015090
00015100

C NOTE: IF PARMS OTHER THAN G ARE REQUIRED, USE COMMON IN
C CALLING PROGRAM AND IN SUBPROGRAM FUN.

00015110
00015120

C THE COMPLEX FUNCTION FUN SHOULD BE A MONOTONE
C DECREASING FUNCTION AS THE ARGUMENT G BECOMES LARGE...

00015130
00015140

C FOR REAL-ONLY FUNCTIONS, SUBPROGRAM 'RLAGHO' IS ADVISED;
C HOWEVER, TWO REAL-FUNCTIONS F1(G),F2(G) MAY BE

00015150
00015160

C INTEGRATED IN PARALLEL BY WRITING FUN=CMPLX(F1(G),F2(G))

00015170

C TOL= REAL TOLERANCE EXCEPTED AT CONVOLVED TAILS--I.E.,
C IF FILTER*FUN<TOL*MAX, THEN REST OF TAIL IS TRUNCATED.

00015180
00015190

C THIS IS DONE AT BOTH ENDS OF FILTER. TYPICALLY,
C TOL <= .0001 IS USUALLY OK--BUT THIS DEPENDS ON

00015200
00015210

C THE FUNCTION FUN AND PARAMETER X...IN GENERAL,
C A 'SMALLER TOL' WILL USUALLY RESULT IN 'MORE ACCURACY'

00015220
00015230

C BUT WITH 'MORE WEIGHTS' BEING USED. TOL IS NOT DIRECTLY
C RELATED TO TRUNCATION ERROR, BUT GENERALLY SERVES AS AN

00015240
00015250

C APPROXIMATION INDICATOR... FOR VERY LARGE OR SMALL B,
C ONE SHOULD USE A SMALLER TOL THAN RECOMMENDED ABOVE...

00015260
00015270

C L= RESULTING NO. FILTER WTS. USED IN THE VARIABLE
C CONVOLUTION (L DEPENDS ON TOL AND FUN).

00015280
00015290

C MIN.L=20 AND MAX.L=193--WHICH COULD
C OCCUR IF TOL IS VERY SMALL AND/OR FUN NOT DECREASING

00015300
00015310

C VERY FAST...

00015320

C * NEW= 1 IS NECESSARY 1ST TIME OR BRAND NEW X.
C 0 FOR ALL SUBSEQUENT CALLS WHERE X=(LAST X)-0.20

00015330
00015340

C IS ASSUMED INTERNALLY BY THIS ROUTINE.
C NOTE: IF THIS IS NOT TRUE, ROUTINE WILL

00015350
00015360

C STILL ASSUME X=(LAST X)-0.20 ANYWAY...
C IT IS THE USERS RESPONSIBILITY TO NORMALIZE

00015370
00015380

C BY CORRECT B=EXP(X) OUTSIDE OF CALL (SEE USAGE BELOW).
C THE LAGGED CONVOLUTION METHOD PICKS UP SIGNIFICANT

00015390
00015400
00015410

C TIME IMPROVEMENTS WHEN THE KERNEL IS NOT A

```

C      SIMPLE ELEMENTARY FUNCTION...DUE TO INTERNALLY SAVING 00015420
C      ALL KERNEL FUNCTION EVALUATIONS WHEN NEW=1... 00015430
C      THEN WHEN NEW=0, ALL PREVIOUSLY CALCULATED 00015440
C      KERNELS WILL BE USED IN THE LAGGED CONVOLUTION 00015450
C      WHERE POSSIBLE, ONLY ADDING NEW KERNEL EVALUATIONS 00015460
C      WHEN NEEDED (DEPENDS ON PARMS TOL AND FUN) 00015470
C      00015480
C--THE RESULTING COMPLEX CONVOLUTION SUM IS GIVEN IN ZLAGHO; THE HANKEL 00015490
C TRANSFORM IS THEN ZLAGHO/B WHICH IS TO BE COMPUTED AFTER EXIT FROM 00015500
C THIS ROUTINE.... WHERE B=EXP(X), X=ARGUMENT USED IN CALL... 00015510
C 00015520
C--USAGE-- 'ZLAGHO' IS CALLED AS FOLLOWS: 00015530
C 00015540
C      ... 00015550
C      COMPLEX Z,ZLAGHO,ZF 00015560
C      EXTERNAL ZF 00015570
C      ... 00015580
C      Z=ZLAGHO(ALOG(B),ZF,TOL,L,NEW)/B 00015590
C      ... 00015600
C      END 00015610
C      COMPLEX FUNCTION ZF(G) 00015620
C      ...USER SUPPLIED CODE... 00015630
C      END 00015640
C 00015650
C--NOTES: 00015660
C (1). EXP-UNDERFLOW'S MAY OCCUR IN EXECUTING THE SUBPROGRAM 00015670
C BELOW; HOWEVER, THIS IS OK PROVIDED THE MACHINE SYSTEM SETS 00015680
C ANY & ALL EXP-UNDERFLOW'S TO 0.0.... 00015690
C (2). AS AN AID TO UNDERSTANDING & USING THE LAGGED CONVOLUTION 00015700
C METHOD, LET BMAX>=BMIN>0 BE GIVEN. THEN IT CAN BE SHOWN 00015710
C THAT THE ACTUAL NUMBER OF B'S IS NB=AIN(5.*ALOG(BMAX/BMIN))+1, 00015720
C PROVIDED BMAX/BMIN>=1. THE USER MAY THEN ASSUME AN 'ADJUSTED' 00015730
C BMINA=BMAX*EXP(-.2*(NB-1)). THE METHOD GENERATES THE DECREASING 00015740
C ARGUMENTS SPACED AS X=ALOG(BMAX),X-.2,X-.2*2,...,ALOG(BMINA). 00015750
C FOR EXAMPLE, ONE MAY CONTROL THIS WITH THE CODE: 00015760
C 00015770
C      ... 00015780
C      NB=AIN(5.*ALOG(BMAX/BMIN))+1 00015790
C      NB1=NB+1 00015800
C      X0=ALOG(BMAX)+.2 00015810
C      NEW=1 00015820
C      DO 1 J=1,NB 00015830
C      I=NB1-J 00015840
C      X=X0-.2*J 00015850
C      ARG(I)=EXP(X) 00015860
C      Z(I)=ZLAGHO(X,ZF,TOL,L,NEW)/ARG(I) 00015870
C 1 00015880
C      NEW=0 00015890
C      ... 00015900
C (3). IF RESULTS ARE STORED IN ARRAYS ARG(I),Z(I),I=1,NB FOR 00015910
C ARG IN (BMINA,BMAX), THEN THESE ARRAYS MAY BE USED, FOR EXAMPLE, 00015920
C TO SPLINE-INTERPOLATE AT A DIFFERENT (LARGER OR SMALLER) 00015930
C SPACING THAN USED IN THE LAGGED CONVOLUTION METHOD.
C (4). IF A DIFFERENT RANGE OF B IS DESIRED, THEN ONE MAY
C ALWAYS RESTART THE ABOVE PROCEDURE IN (2) WITH A NEW

```

BMAX,BMIN AND BY SETTING NEW=1....

(5). ABSCISSA CORRESPONDING TO WEIGHT IS GENERATED TO SAVE STORAGE

COMPLEX FUN,C,CMAX,SAVE

DIMENSION KEY(193),SAVE(193),T(2),TMAX(2)

DIMENSION YT(193),Y1(76),Y2(76),Y3(41)

EQUIVALENCE (C,T(1)),(CMAX,TMAX(1))

EQUIVALENCE (YT(1),Y1(1)),(YT(77),Y2(1)),(YT(153),Y3(1))

C---JO-EXTENDED FILTER WEIGHT ARRAYS:

DATA Y1/

1	5.8565723E-08,	7.1143477E-11,-7.8395565E-11,	8.7489547E-11,
2	-8.9007811E-11,	9.8790055E-11,-9.8675347E-11,	1.1118797E-10,
3	-1.0893474E-10,	1.2543400E-10,-1.1979399E-10,	1.4200767E-10,
4	-1.3106341E-10,	1.6153229E-10,-1.4238602E-10,	1.8486236E-10,
5	-1.5315381E-10,	2.1319755E-10,-1.6238115E-10,	2.4824144E-10,
6	-1.6850378E-10,	2.9243813E-10,-1.6909302E-10,	3.4934366E-10,
7	-1.6043759E-10,	4.2417082E-10,-1.3690001E-10,	5.2458440E-10,
8	-8.9946096E-11,	6.6188220E-10,-6.6964033E-12,	8.5276151E-10,
9	1.3222770E-10,	1.1219600E-09,	3.5591442E-10,
1	7.0795382E-10,	2.0600379E-09,	1.2535947E-09,
2	2.0904225E-09,	4.0409101E-09,	3.3642886E-09,
3	5.2930786E-09,	8.3164338E-09,	8.2021809E-09,
4	1.2577400E-08,	1.7666303E-08,	1.9143895E-08,
5	2.8983953E-08,	3.8268851E-08,	4.3712685E-08,
6	6.5740136E-08,	8.3864288E-08,	9.8662323E-08,
7	1.4784461E-07,	1.8501974E-07,	2.2129198E-07,
8	3.3094739E-07,	4.0974828E-07,	4.9462868E-07,
9	7.3891802E-07,	9.0939667E-07,	1.1034727E-06,
1	1.6474556E-06,	2.0207696E-06,	2.4591294E-06,

DATA Y2/

1	3.6701680E-06,	4.4934101E-06,	5.4770076E-06,	6.7015208E-06,
2	8.1726989E-06,	9.9954201E-06,	1.2194425E-05,	1.4909101E-05,
3	1.8194388E-05,	2.2239184E-05,	2.7145562E-05,	3.3174088E-05,
4	4.0499452E-05,	4.9486730E-05,	6.0421440E-05,	7.3822001E-05,
5	9.0141902E-05,	1.1012552E-04,	1.3448017E-04,	1.6428337E-04,
6	2.0062570E-04,	2.4507680E-04,	2.9930366E-04,	3.6560582E-04,
7	4.4651421E-04,	5.4541300E-04,	6.6612648E-04,	8.1365181E-04,
8	9.9374786E-04,	1.2138120E-03,	1.4824945E-03,	1.8107657E-03,
9	2.2115938E-03,	2.7012675E-03,	3.2991969E-03,	4.0295817E-03,
1	4.9214244E-03,	6.0106700E-03,	7.3405529E-03,	8.9643708E-03,
2	1.0946310E-02,	1.3365017E-02,	1.6314985E-02,	1.9910907E-02,
3	2.4289325E-02,	2.9612896E-02,	3.6070402E-02,	4.3876936E-02,
4	5.3264829E-02,	6.4465091E-02,	7.7664144E-02,	9.2918324E-02,
5	1.1000121E-01,	1.2811102E-01,	1.4543025E-01,	1.5832248E-01,
6	1.6049224E-01,	1.4170064E-01,	8.8788108E-02,-1.1330934E-02,	
7	-1.5331864E-01,-2.9094670E-01,-2.9084655E-01,-2.9708834E-02,			
8	3.9009601E-01,	1.7999785E-01,-4.1858139E-01,	1.5317216E-01,	
9	6.5184953E-02,-1.0751806E-01,	7.8429567E-02,-4.6019124E-02,		
1	2.5309571E-02,-1.3904823E-02,	7.8187120E-03,-4.5190369E-03/		

DATA Y3/

1	2.6729062E-03,-1.6073718E-03,	9.7715622E-04,-5.9804407E-04,
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2	3.6749320E-04,-2.2635296E-04, 1.3960805E-04,-8.6172618E-05,	00016460
3	5.3212947E-05,-3.2867888E-05, 2.0304203E-05,-1.2543926E-05,	00016470
4	7.7499633E-06,-4.7882430E-06, 2.9584108E-06,-1.8278645E-06,	00016480
5	1.1293571E-06,-6.9778174E-07, 4.3113019E-07,-2.6637753E-07,	00016490
6	1.6458373E-07,-1.0168954E-07, 6.2829807E-08,-3.8819969E-08,	00016500
7	2.3985272E-08,-1.4819520E-08, 9.1563774E-09,-5.6573541E-09,	00016510
8	3.4954514E-09,-2.1597005E-09, 1.3343946E-09,-8.2447148E-10,	00016520
9	5.0941033E-10,-3.1474631E-10, 1.9447072E-10,-1.2015685E-10,	00016530
1	7.4241055E-11,-4.5871468E-11, 2.8343095E-11,-1.7513137E-11,	00016540
2	6.9049613E-12/	00016550
C--\$\$	ENDATA	00016560
C		00016570
	IF(NEW) 10,30,10	00016580
10	LAG=-1	00016590
	X0=-X-26.30455704	00016600
	DO 20 IR=1,193	00016610
20	KEY(IR)=0	00016620
30	LAG=LAG+1	00016630
	ZLAGH0=(0.0,0.0)	00016640
	CMAH=(0.0,0.0)	00016650
	L=0	00016660
	ASSIGN 110 TO M	00016670
	I=129	00016680
	GO TO 200	00016690
110	TMAX(1)=AMAX1(ABS(T(1)),TMAX(1))	00016700
	TMAX(2)=AMAX1(ABS(T(2)),TMAX(2))	00016710
	I=I+1	00016720
	IF(I.LE.146) GO TO 200	00016730
	IF(TMAX(1).EQ.0.0.AND.TMAX(2).EQ.0.0) GO TO 150	00016740
	CMAH=TOL*CMAH	00016750
	ASSIGN 120 TO M	00016760
	I=128	00016770
	GO TO 200	00016780
120	IF(ABS(T(1)).LE.TMAX(1).AND.ABS(T(2)).LE.TMAX(2)) GO TO 130	00016790
	I=I-1	00016800
	IF(I.GT.0) GO TO 200	00016810
130	ASSIGN 140 TO M	00016820
	I=147	00016830
	GO TO 200	00016840
140	IF(ABS(T(1)).LE.TMAX(1).AND.ABS(T(2)).LE.TMAX(2)) GO TO 190	00016850
	I=I+1	00016860
	IF(I.LE.193) GO TO 200	00016870
	GO TO 190	00016880
150	ASSIGN 160 TO M	00016890
	I=1	00016900
	GO TO 200	00016910
160	IF(T(1).EQ.0.0.AND.T(2).EQ.0.0) GO TO 170	00016920
	I=I+1	00016930
	IF(I.LE.128) GO TO 200	00016940
170	ASSIGN 180 TO M	00016950
	I=193	00016960
	GO TO 200	00016970

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180  IF(T(1).EQ.0.0.AND.T(2).EQ.0.0) GO TO 190      00016980
      I=I-1                                          00016990
      IF(I.GE.147) GO TO 200                        00017000
190  RETURN                                          00017010
C--STORE/RETRIEVE ROUTINE (DONE INTERNALLY TO SAVE CALL'S) 00017020
200  LOOK=I+LAG                                     00017030
      IQ=LOOK/194                                    00017040
      IR=MOD(LOOK,194)                              00017050
      IF(IR.EQ.0) IR=1                             00017060
      IROLL=IQ*193                                  00017070
      IF(KEY(IR).LE.IROLL) GO TO 220               00017080
210  C=SAVE(IR)*YT(I)                              00017090
      ZLAGH0=ZLAGH0+C                              00017100
      L=L+1                                          00017110
      GO TO M,(110,120,140,160,180)                00017120
220  KEY(IR)=IROLL+IR                              00017130
      SAVE(IR)=FUN(EXP(X0+FLOAT(LOOK)*.20))         00017140
      GO TO 210                                     00017150
      END                                           00017160

      COMPLEX FUNCTION CANC4(A1,B1,EP,M,N,FUN,MF,ESUM) 00017170
C--COMPLEX FUNCTION DEFINITE INTEGRATION BY           00017180
C  ADAPTIVE QUADRATURE USING NEWTON-COTES NO. 4 (N=1,2,3), OR 00017190
C  AUTOMATIC GAUSSIAN QUADRATURE (N=4,5).....        00017200
C  A GENERAL ROUTINE IN SINGLE-PRECISION COMPLEX...   00017210
C  BY W.L.ANDERSON, U.S.GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO. 00017220
C--PARAMETERS--                                     00017230
C  A1      = LOWER LIMIT OF INTEGRATION (REAL*4)      00017240
C  B1      = UPPER LIMIT OF INTEGRATION (REAL*4)      00017250
C  EP      = DESIRED REL. ERROR (REAL*4) IN COMPLEX RESULT 'CANC4'. 00017260
C           (FOR BOTH RE & IM PARTS OF CANC4)         00017270
C  M       = RESULTING NUMBER OF COMPLEX 'FUN EVALUATIONS' 00017280
C  N       = ERROR TEST TYPE:                        00017290
C           = 1 FOR ABS. ERROR TEST (NOT GENERALLY RECOMMENDED) 00017300
C           = 2 FOR 'L-ONE' ERROR TEST                 00017310
C           = 3 FOR 'L-INFINITY' ERROR TEST            00017320
C           = 4 FOR REL. ERROR TEST USING ADAPTIVE GAUSSIAN QUADRATURE 00017330
C           = 5 FOR REL. ERROR TEST USING NON-ADAPTIVE GAUSSIAN QUAD... 00017340
C  NOTE:   N=1,2,OR 3 USES ADAPTIVE NEWTON-COTES QUADRATURE, AND 00017350
C           N=4 OR 5 USES ADAPTIVE OR NON-ADAPTIVE GAUSS QUADRATURES 00017360
C  FUN     = EXTERNAL COMPLEX FUNCTION NAME (COMPLEX*8) 00017370
C  MF      = MAX. FUN EVALUATIONS ALLOWED BEFORE ACCEPTING COMPLEX 00017380
C           RESULT 'CANC4' WITH M.GE.MF....           00017390
C  ESUM    = ACTUAL COMPLEX ERROR ACHIEVED AT EXIT.... 00017400
C--SUBPROGRAMS CALLED: CQSUBA,CQSUB (WHICH CALLS CQUAD) 00017410
C  (THESE ARE FOR N=4 OR 5 GAUSSIAN QUADRATURES)      00017420
C                                                     00017430
      COMPLEX FUN,ESUM,TSUM,FA, F,X,Z, CQSUBA,CQSUB, 00017440
      1 F1,FS,F3,FM,F2,FT,F4,FB,FTP,FBP,FMAX,FTST,EST,AEST,EST1,EST2,AEST 00017450
      21,AEST2,ABSAR,DELTA,DIFF,DAFT,SUM             00017460
      DIMENSION F2(30),F4(30),FTP(30),FBP(30),FTST(5),EST2(30),NRTR(30) 00017470
      DIMENSION AEST2(30),XB(30)                     00017480

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	DIMENSION FMX(2)	00017490
	EXTERNAL FUN	00017500
	EQUIVALENCE (FMX(1),FMAX)	00017510
C--	STATEMENT FUNCTION GOES HERE ON HONEYWELL MULTICS SYSTEM	00017520
	F(X)=CMPLX(ABS(REAL(X)),ABS(AIMAG(X)))	00017530
C	THE PARAMETER SETUP FOR THE INITIAL CALL	00017540
	IF(N.LE.0)GO TO 210	00017550
	IF(N.GT.5)GO TO 211	00017560
	GO TO (10,10,10,400,500),N	00017570
10	A=A1	00017580
	B=B1	00017590
	EPS=EP*63.0	00017600
	ESUM=(0.0,0.0)	00017610
	TSUM=(0.0,0.0)	00017620
	LVL=1	00017630
	DA=B-A	00017640
	FA=FUN(A)	00017650
	FS=FUN((3.0 *A+B)/4.0)	00017660
	FM=FUN((A+B)*0.5)	00017670
	FT=FUN((A+3.0 *B)/4.0)	00017680
	FB=FUN(B)	00017690
	M=5	00017700
	FMAX=F(FA)	00017710
	FTST(1)=FMAX	00017720
	FTST(2)=F(FS)	00017730
	FTST(3)=F(FM)	00017740
	FTST(4)=F(FT)	00017750
	FTST(5)=F(FB)	00017760
	DO 100 I=2,5	00017770
	IF(FMX(1).GE.REAL(FTST(I)))GO TO 101	00017780
	FMX(1)=REAL(FTST(I))	00017790
101	IF(FMX(2).GE.AIMAG(FTST(I)))GO TO 100	00017800
	FMX(2)=AIMAG(FTST(I))	00017810
100	CONTINUE	00017820
	EST=(7.0 *(FA+FB)+32.0 *(FS+FT)+12.0 *FM)*DA/90.0	00017830
	ABSAR=(7.0 *(FTST(1)+FTST(5))+32.0 *(FTST(2)+FTST(4))+12.0 *FTS	00017840
	1T(3))*DA/90.0	00017850
	AEST=ABSAR	00017860
C	1=RECUR	00017870
1	SX=(DA/(2.0 **LVL))/90.0	00017880
	F1=FUN((7.0 *A+B)/8.0)	00017890
	F3=FUN((5.0 *A+3.0 *B)/8.0)	00017900
	F2(LVL)=FUN((3.0 *A+5.0 *B)/8.0)	00017910
	F4(LVL)=FUN((A+7.0 *B)/8.0)	00017920
	EST1=SX*(7.0 *(FA+FM)+32.0 *(F1+F3)+12.0 *FS)	00017930
	FBP(LVL)=FB	00017940
	FTP(LVL)=FT	00017950
	XB(LVL)=B	00017960
	EST2(LVL)=SX*(7.0 *(FM+FB)+32.0 *(F2(LVL)+F4(LVL))+12.0 *FT)	00017970
	SUM=EST1+EST2(LVL)	00017980
	FTST(1)=F(F1)	00017990
	FTST(2)=F(F2(LVL))	00018000

FTST(3)=F(F3)	00018010
FTST(4)=F(F4(LVL))	00018020
FTST(5)=F(FM)	00018030
AEST1= SX*(7.0 *(F(FA) +FTST(5))+32.0 *(FTST(1)+FTST(3))+12.0	00018040
X*F(FS))	00018050
AEST2(LVL)= SX*(7.0 *(FTST(5)+F(FB))+32.0 *(FTST(2)+FTST(4))+1	00018060
X2.0*F(FT))	00018070
ABSAR=ABSAR-AEST+AEST1+AEST2(LVL)	00018080
M=M+4	00018090
IF(M.GE.MF) GO TO 5	00018100
GO TO (201,200,202),N	00018110
200 DELTA=ABSAR	00018120
GO TO 205	00018130
210 WRITE(6,39)	00018140
39 FORMAT(' CANCE- ERROR RETURN-N.LE.0')	00018150
GO TO 999	00018160
211 WRITE(6,40)	00018170
40 FORMAT(' CANCE- ERROR RETURN-N.GT.5')	00018180
GO TO 999	00018190
201 DELTA=(1.0,1.0)	00018200
GO TO 205	00018210
202 DO 203 I=1,4	00018220
IF(FMX(1).GE.REAL(FTST(I)))GO TO 2031	00018230
FMX(1)=REAL(FTST(I))	00018240
2031 IF(FMX(2).GE.AIMAG(FTST(I)))GO TO 203	00018250
FMX(2)=AIMAG(FTST(I))	00018260
203 CONTINUE	00018270
DELTA=FMX	00018280
205 DAFT=EST-SUM	00018290
DIFF=F(DAFT)	00018300
DAFT=DAFT/63.0	00018310
Z=DIFF-EPS*DELTA	00018320
IF(REAL(Z).LE.0.0.AND.AIMAG(Z).LE.0.0) GO TO 6	00018330
3 IF(LVL-30)4,2,2	00018340
6 IF(LVL-1)2,4,2	00018350
C 2=UP	00018360
2 A=B	00018370
ESUM=ESUM+DAFT	00018380
TSUM=TSUM+SUM	00018390
9 LVL=LVL-1	00018400
L=NRTR(LVL)	00018410
GO TO (11,12),L	00018420
C 11=R1,12=R2	00018430
4 NRTR(LVL)=1	00018440
EST=EST1	00018450
AEST=AEST1	00018460
FB=FM	00018470
FT=F3	00018480
FM=FS	00018490
FS=F1	00018500
B=(A+B)/2.0	00018510
EPS=EPS/2.0	00018520

7	LVL=LVL+1	00018530
	GO TO 1	00018540
11	NRTR(LVL)=2	00018550
	FA=FB	00018560
	FS=F2(LVL)	00018570
	FM=FTP(LVL)	00018580
	FT=F4(LVL)	00018590
	FB=FBP(LVL)	00018600
	B=XB(LVL)	00018610
	EST=EST2(LVL)	00018620
	AEST=AEST2(LVL)	00018630
	GO TO 7	00018640
12	EPS=2.0 *EPS	00018650
	IF(LVL-1)5,5,9	00018660
5	CANC4=TSUM-ESUM	00018670
	GO TO 999	00018680
200	CANC4=CQSUBA(A1,B1,EP,M,ICK,ESUM,FUN,MF)	00018690
	GO TO 999	00018700
500	CANC4=CQSUB(A1,B1,EP,M,ICK,ESUM,FUN,MF)	00018710
999	RETURN	00018720
	END	00018730
SUBROUTINE CQUAD(A,B,RESULT,K,EPSIL,NPTS,ICHECK,F,MEV)		00018740
C--MODIFIED BY W.L.ANDERSON FOR COMPLEX FUNCTIONS--12/28/73.		00018750
COMPLEX F,RESULT,FUNCT,FZERO,ACUM		00018760
DIMENSION FUNCT(127), P(381), RESULT(8)		00018770
C THIS SUBROUTINE ATTEMPTS TO CALCULATE THE INTEGRAL OF F(X)		00018780
C OVER THE INTERVAL *A* TO *B* WITH RELATIVE ERROR NOT		00018790
C EXCEEDING *EPSIL*.		00018800
C THE RESULT IS OBTAINED USING A SEQUENCE OF 1,3,7,15,31,63,		00018810
C 127, AND 255 POINT INTERLACING FORMULAE(NO INTEGRAND		00018820
C EVALUATIONS ARE WASTED) OF RESPECTIVE DEGREE 1,5,11,23,		00018830
C 47,95,191 AND 383. THE FORMULAE ARE BASED ON THE OPTIMAL		00018840
C EXTENSION OF THE 3-POINT GAUSS FORMULA. DETAILS OF		00018850
C THE FORMULAE ARE GIVEN IN *THE OPTIMUM ADDITION OF POINTS		00018860
C TO QUADRATURE FORMULAE* BY T.N.L. PATTERSON,MATHS.COMP.		00018870
C VOL 22,847-856,1968.		00018880
C *** INPUT ***		00018890
C A	LOWER LIMIT OF INTEGRATION.	00018900
C B	UPPER LIMIT OF INTEGRATION.	00018910
C EPSIL	RELATIVE ACCURACY REQUIRED. WHEN THE RELATIVE	00018920
C	DIFFERENCE OF TWO SUCCESSIVE FORMULAE DOES NOT	00018930
C	EXCEED *EPSIL* THE LAST FORMULA COMPUTED IS TAKEN	00018940
C	AS THE RESULT.	00018950
C F	F(X) IS THE INTEGRAND.	00018960
C	*** OUTPUT ***	00018970
C RESULT	THIS ARRAY,WHICH SHOULD BE DECLARED TO HAVE AT	00018980
C	LEAST 8 ELEMENTS, HOLDS THE RESULTS OBTAINED BY	00018990
C	THE 1,3,7, ETC., POINT FORMULAE. THE NUMBER OF	00019000
C	FORMULAE COMPUTED DEPENDS ON *EPSIL*.	00019010
C K	RESULT(K) HOLDS THE VALUE OF THE INTEGRAL TO THE	00019020
C	SPECIFIED RELATIVE ACCURACY.	00019030

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C NPTS      NUMBER INTEGRAND EVALUATIONS.                                00019040
C ICHECK    ON EXIT NORMALLY ICHECK=0. HOWEVER IF CONVERGENCE          00019050
C           TO THE ACCURACY REQUESTED IS NOT ACHIEVED ICHECK=1        00019060
C           ON EXIT.                                                  00019070
C MEV       MAX.ALLOWABLE EVALUATIONS BEFORE ACCEPTING RESULT        00019080
C           WITH NPTS>=MEV...                                         00019090
C ABSCISSAE AND WEIGHTS OF QUADRATURE RULES ARE STACKED IN          00019100
C ARRAY *P* IN THE ORDER IN WHICH THEY ARE NEEDED.                  00019110
DATA                                              00019120
* P( 1),P( 2),P( 3),P( 4),P( 5),P( 6),P( 7),          00019130
* P( 8),P( 9),P(10),P(11),P(12),P(13),P(14),          00019140
* P(15),P(16),P(17),P(18),P(19),P(20),P(21),          00019150
* P(22),P(23),P(24),P(25),P(26),P(27),P(28)/          00019160
* 0.77459666924148337704E 00,0.555555555555555556E 00, 00019170
* 0.88888888888888888889E 00,0.26848808986833344073E 00, 00019180
* 0.96049126870802028342E 00,0.10465622602646726519E 00, 00019190
* 0.43424374934680255800E 00,0.40139741477596222291E 00, 00019200
* 0.45091653865847414235E 00,0.13441525524378422036E 00, 00019210
* 0.51603282997079739697E-01,0.20062852937698902103E 00, 00019220
* 0.99383196321275502221E 00,0.17001719629940260339E-01, 00019230
* 0.88845923287225699889E 00,0.92927195315124537686E-01, 00019240
* 0.62110294673722640294E 00,0.17151190913639138079E 00, 00019250
* 0.22338668642896688163E 00,0.21915685840158749640E 00, 00019260
* 0.22551049979820668739E 00,0.67207754295990703540E-01, 00019270
* 0.25807598096176653565E-01,0.10031427861179557877E 00, 00019280
* 0.84345657393211062463E-02,0.46462893261757986541E-01, 00019290
* 0.85755920049990351154E-01,0.10957842105592463824E 00/ 00019300
DATA                                              00019310
* P(29),P(30),P(31),P(32),P(33),P(34),P(35),          00019320
* P(36),P(37),P(38),P(39),P(40),P(41),P(42),          00019330
* P(43),P(44),P(45),P(46),P(47),P(48),P(49),          00019340
* P(50),P(51),P(52),P(53),P(54),P(55),P(56)/          00019350
* 0.99909812496766759766E 00,0.25447807915618744154E-02, 00019360
* 0.98153114955374010687E 00,0.16446049854387810934E-01, 00019370
* 0.92965485742974005667E 00,0.35957103307129322097E-01, 00019380
* 0.83672593816886873550E 00,0.56979509494123357412E-01, 00019390
* 0.70249620649152707861E 00,0.76879620499003531043E-01, 00019400
* 0.53131974364437562397E 00,0.93627109981264473617E-01, 00019410
* 0.33113539325797683309E 00,0.10566989358023480974E 00, 00019420
* 0.11248894313318662575E 00,0.11195687302095345688E 00, 00019430
* 0.11275525672076869161E 00,0.33603877148207730542E-01, 00019440
* 0.12903800100351265626E-01,0.50157139305899537414E-01, 00019450
* 0.42176304415588548391E-02,0.23231446639910269443E-01, 00019460
* 0.42877960025007734493E-01,0.54789210527962865032E-01, 00019470
* 0.12651565562300680114E-02,0.82230079572359296693E-02, 00019480
* 0.17978551568128270333E-01,0.28489754745833548613E-01/ 00019490
DATA                                              00019500
* P(57),P(58),P(59),P(60),P(61),P(62),P(63),          00019510
* P(64),P(65),P(66),P(67),P(68),P(69),P(70),          00019520
* P(71),P(72),P(73),P(74),P(75),P(76),P(77),          00019530
* P(78),P(79),P(80),P(81),P(82),P(83),P(84)/          00019540
* 0.38439810249455532039E-01,0.46813554990628012403E-01, 00019550

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* 0.52834946790116519862E-01,0.55978436510476319408E-01,      00019560
* 0.99987288812035761194E 00,0.36322148184553065969E-03,      00019570
* 0.99720625937222195908E 00,0.25790497946856882724E-02,      00019580
* 0.98868475754742947994E 00,0.61155068221172463397E-02,      00019590
* 0.97218287474858179658E 00,0.10498246909621321898E-01,      00019600
* 0.94634285837340290515E 00,0.15406750466559497802E-01,      00019610
* 0.91037115695700429250E 00,0.20594233915912711149E-01,      00019620
* 0.86390793819369047715E 00,0.25869679327214746911E-01,      00019630
* 0.80694053195021761186E 00,0.31073551111687964880E-01,      00019640
* 0.73975604435269475868E 00,0.36064432780782572640E-01,      00019650
* 0.66290966002478059546E 00,0.40715510116944318934E-01,      00019660
* 0.57719571005204581484E 00,0.44914531653632197414E-01,      00019670
* 0.48361802694584102756E 00,0.48564330406673198716E-01/      00019680
DATA      00019690
* P( 85),P( 86),P( 87),P( 88),P( 89),P( 90),P( 91),      00019700
* P( 92),P( 93),P( 94),P( 95),P( 96),P( 97),P( 98),      00019710
* P( 99),P(100),P(101),P(102),P(103),P(104),P(105),      00019720
* P(106),P(107),P(108),P(109),P(110),P(111),P(112)/      00019730
* 0.38335932419873034692E 00,0.51583253952048458777E-01,      00019740
* 0.27774982202182431507E 00,0.53905499335266063927E-01,      00019750
* 0.16823525155220746498E 00,0.55481404356559363988E-01,      00019760
* 0.56344313046592789972E-01,0.56277699831254301273E-01,      00019770
* 0.56377628360384717388E-01,0.16801938574103865271E-01,      00019780
* 0.64519000501757369228E-02,0.25078569652949768707E-01,      00019790
* 0.21088152457266328793E-02,0.11615723319955134727E-01,      00019800
* 0.21438980012503867246E-01,0.27394605263981432516E-01,      00019810
* 0.63260731936263354422E-03,0.41115039786546930472E-02,      00019820
* 0.89892757840641357233E-02,0.14244877372916774306E-01,      00019830
* 0.19219905124727766019E-01,0.23406777495314006201E-01,      00019840
* 0.26417473395058259931E-01,0.27989218255238159704E-01,      00019850
* 0.18073956444538835782E-03,0.12895240826104173921E-02,      00019860
* 0.30577534101755311361E-02,0.52491234548088591251E-02/      00019870
DATA      00019880
* P(113),P(114),P(115),P(116),P(117),P(118),P(119),      00019890
* P(120),P(121),P(122),P(123),P(124),P(125),P(126),      00019900
* P(127),P(128),P(129),P(130),P(131),P(132),P(133),      00019910
* P(134),P(135),P(136),P(137),P(138),P(139),P(140)/      00019920
* 0.77033752332797418482E-02,0.10297116957956355524E-01,      00019930
* 0.12934839663607373455E-01,0.15536775555843982440E-01,      00019940
* 0.18032216390391286320E-01,0.20357755058472159467E-01,      00019950
* 0.22457265826816098707E-01,0.24282165203336599358E-01,      00019960
* 0.25791626976024229388E-01,0.26952749667633031963E-01,      00019970
* 0.27740702178279681994E-01,0.28138849915627150636E-01,      00019980
* 0.99998243035489159858E 00,0.50536095207862517625E-04,      00019990
* 0.99959879967191068325E 00,0.37774664632698466027E-03,      00020000
* 0.99831663531840739253E 00,0.93836984854238150079E-03,      00020010
* 0.99572410469840718851E 00,0.16811428654214699063E-02,      00020020
* 0.99149572117810613240E 00,0.25687649437940203731E-02,      00020030
* 0.98537149959852037111E 00,0.35728927835172996494E-02,      00020040
* 0.97714151463970571416E 00,0.46710503721143217474E-02,      00020050
* 0.96663785155841656709E 00,0.58434498758356395076E-02/      00020060
DATA      00020070

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* P(141),P(142),P(143),P(144),P(145),P(146),P(147),      00020080
* P(148),P(149),P(150),P(151),P(152),P(153),P(154),      00020090
* P(155),P(156),P(157),P(158),P(159),P(160),P(161),      00020100
* P(162),P(163),P(164),P(165),P(166),P(167),P(168)/      00020110
* 0.95373000642576113641E 00,0.70724899954335554680E-02, 00020120
* 0.93832039777959288365E 00,0.83428387539681577056E-02, 00020130
* 0.92034002547001242073E 00,0.96411777297025366953E-02, 00020140
* 0.89974489977694003664E 00,0.10955733387837901648E-01, 00020150
* 0.87651341448470526974E 00,0.12275830560082770087E-01, 00020160
* 0.85064449476835027976E 00,0.13591571009765546790E-01, 00020170
* 0.82215625436493040737E 00,0.14893641664815182035E-01, 00020180
* 0.79108493379984836143E 00,0.16173218729577719942E-01, 00020190
* 0.75748396638051363793E 00,0.17421930159464173747E-01, 00020200
* 0.72142308537009891548E 00,0.18631848256138790186E-01, 00020210
* 0.68298743109107922809E 00,0.19795495048097499488E-01, 00020220
* 0.64227664250975951377E 00,0.20905851445812023852E-01, 00020230
* 0.59940393024224289297E 00,0.21956366305317824939E-01, 00020240
* 0.55449513263193254887E 00,0.22940964229387748761E-01/ 00020250
DATA 00020260
* P(169),P(170),P(171),P(172),P(173),P(174),P(175),      00020270
* P(176),P(177),P(178),P(179),P(180),P(181),P(182),      00020280
* P(183),P(184),P(185),P(186),P(187),P(188),P(189),      00020290
* P(190),P(191),P(192),P(193),P(194),P(195),P(196)/      00020300
* 0.50768775753371660215E 00,0.23854052106038540080E-01, 00020310
* 0.45913001198983233287E 00,0.24690524744487676909E-01, 00020320
* 0.40897982122988867241E 00,0.25445769965464765813E-01, 00020330
* 0.35740383783153215238E 00,0.26115673376706097680E-01, 00020340
* 0.30457644155671404334E 00,0.26696622927450359906E-01, 00020350
* 0.25067873030348317661E 00,0.27185513229624791819E-01, 00020360
* 0.19589750271110015392E 00,0.27579749566481873035E-01, 00020370
* 0.14042423315256017459E 00,0.27877251476613701609E-01, 00020380
* 0.84454040083710883710E-01,0.28076455793817246607E-01, 00020390
* 0.28184648949745694339E-01,0.28176319033016602131E-01, 00020400
* 0.28188814180192358694E-01,0.84009692870519326354E-02, 00020410
* 0.32259500250878684614E-02,0.12539284826474884353E-01, 00020420
* 0.10544076228633167722E-02,0.58078616599775673635E-02, 00020430
* 0.10719490006251933623E-01,0.13697302631990716258E-01/ 00020440
DATA 00020450
* P(197),P(198),P(199),P(200),P(201),P(202),P(203),      00020460
* P(204),P(205),P(206),P(207),P(208),P(209),P(210),      00020470
* P(211),P(212),P(213),P(214),P(215),P(216),P(217),      00020480
* P(218),P(219),P(220),P(221),P(222),P(223),P(224)/      00020490
* 0.31630366082226447689E-03,0.20557519893273465236E-02, 00020500
* 0.44946378920320678616E-02,0.71224386864583871532E-02, 00020510
* 0.96099525623638830097E-02,0.11703388747657003101E-01, 00020520
* 0.13208736697529129966E-01,0.13994609127619079852E-01, 00020530
* 0.90372734658751149261E-04,0.64476204130572477933E-03, 00020540
* 0.15288767050877655684E-02,0.26245617274044295626E-02, 00020550
* 0.38516876166398709241E-02,0.51485584789781777618E-02, 00020560
* 0.64674198318036867274E-02,0.77683877779219912200E-02, 00020570
* 0.90161081951956431600E-02,0.10178877529236079733E-01, 00020580
* 0.11228632913408049354E-01,0.12141082601668299679E-01, 00020590

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* 0.12895813488012114694E-01,0.13476374833816515982E-01, 00020600
* 0.13870351089139840997E-01,0.14069424957813575318E-01, 00020610
* 0.25157870384280661489E-04,0.18887326450650491366E-03, 00020620
* 0.46918492424785040975E-03,0.84057143271072246365E-03/ 00020630
DATA 00020640
* P(225),P(226),P(227),P(228),P(229),P(230),P(231), 00020650
* P(232),P(233),P(234),P(235),P(236),P(237),P(238), 00020660
* P(239),P(240),P(241),P(242),P(243),P(244),P(245), 00020670
* P(246),P(247),P(248),P(249),P(250),P(251),P(252)/ 00020680
* 0.12843824718970101768E-02,0.17864463917586498247E-02, 00020690
* 0.23355251860571608737E-02,0.29217249379178197538E-02, 00020700
* 0.35362449977167777340E-02,0.41714193769840788528E-02, 00020710
* 0.48205888648512683476E-02,0.54778666939189508240E-02, 00020720
* 0.61379152800413850435E-02,0.67957855048827733948E-02, 00020730
* 0.74468208324075910174E-02,0.80866093647888599710E-02, 00020740
* 0.87109650797320868736E-02,0.93159241280693950932E-02, 00020750
* 0.9897775240487497440E-02,0.10452925722906011926E-01, 00020760
* 0.10978183152658912470E-01,0.11470482114693874380E-01, 00020770
* 0.11927026053019270040E-01,0.12345262372243838455E-01, 00020780
* 0.12722884982732382906E-01,0.13057836688353048840E-01, 00020790
* 0.13348311463725179953E-01,0.13592756614812395910E-01, 00020800
* 0.13789874783240936517E-01,0.13938625738306850804E-01, 00020810
* 0.14038227896908623303E-01,0.14088159516508301065E-01/ 00020820
DATA 00020830
* P(253),P(254),P(255),P(256),P(257),P(258),P(259), 00020840
* P(260),P(261),P(262),P(263),P(264),P(265),P(266), 00020850
* P(267),P(268),P(269),P(270),P(271),P(272),P(273), 00020860
* P(274),P(275),P(276),P(277),P(278),P(279),P(280)/ 00020870
* 0.99999759637974846462E 00,0.69379364324108267170E-05, 00020880
* 0.99994399620705437576E 00,0.53275293669780613125E-04, 00020890
* 0.99976049092443204733E 00,0.13575491094922871973E-03, 00020900
* 0.99938033802502358193E 00,0.24921240048299729402E-03, 00020910
* 0.99874561446809511470E 00,0.38974528447328229322E-03, 00020920
* 0.99780535449595727456E 00,0.55429531493037471492E-03, 00020930
* 0.99651414591489027385E 00,0.74028280424450333046E-03, 00020940
* 0.99483150280062100052E 00,0.94536151685852538246E-03, 00020950
* 0.99272134428278861533E 00,0.11674841174299594077E-02, 00020960
* 0.99015137040077015918E 00,0.14049079956551446427E-02, 00020970
* 0.98709252795403406719E 00,0.16561127281544526052E-02, 00020980
* 0.98351865757863272876E 00,0.19197129710138724125E-02, 00020990
* 0.97940628167086268381E 00,0.21944069253638388388E-02, 00021000
* 0.97473445975240266776E 00,0.24789582266575679307E-02/ 00021010
DATA 00021020
* P(281),P(282),P(283),P(284),P(285),P(286),P(287), 00021030
* P(288),P(289),P(290),P(291),P(292),P(293),P(294), 00021040
* P(295),P(296),P(297),P(298),P(299),P(300),P(301), 00021050
* P(302),P(303),P(304),P(305),P(306),P(307),P(308)/ 00021060
* 0.96948465950245923177E 00,0.27721957645934509940E-02, 00021070
* 0.96364062156981213252E 00,0.30730184347025783234E-02, 00021080
* 0.95718821610986096274E 00,0.33803979910869203823E-02, 00021090
* 0.95011529752129487656E 00,0.36933779170256508183E-02, 00021100
* 0.94241156519108305981E 00,0.40110687240750233989E-02, 00021110

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*	0.93406843615772578800E	00,0.43326409680929828545E-02,	00021120
*	0.92507893290707565236E	00,0.46573172997568547773E-02,	00021130
*	0.91543758715576504064E	00,0.49843645647655386012E-02,	00021140
*	0.90514035881326159519E	00,0.53130866051870565663E-02,	00021150
*	0.89418456833555902286E	00,0.56428181013844441585E-02,	00021160
*	0.88256884024734190684E	00,0.59729195655081658049E-02,	00021170
*	0.87029305554811390585E	00,0.63027734490857587172E-02,	00021180
*	0.85735831088623215653E	00,0.66317812429018878941E-02,	00021190
*	0.84376688267270860104E	00,0.69593614093904229394E-02/	00021200

DATA

*	P(309),P(310),P(311),P(312),P(313),P(314),P(315),	00021210	
*	P(316),P(317),P(318),P(319),P(320),P(321),P(322),	00021220	
*	P(323),P(324),P(325),P(326),P(327),P(328),P(329),	00021230	
*	P(330),P(331),P(332),P(333),P(334),P(335),P(336)/	00021240	
*	0.82952219463740140018E	00,0.72849479805538070639E-02,	00021250
*	0.81462878765513741344E	00,0.76079896657190565832E-02,	00021260
*	0.79909129096084140180E	00,0.79279493342948491103E-02,	00021270
*	0.78291939411828301639E	00,0.82443037630328680306E-02,	00021280
*	0.76611781930376009072E	00,0.85565435613076896192E-02,	00021290
*	0.74869629361693660282E	00,0.88641732094824942641E-02,	00021300
*	0.73066452124218126133E	00,0.91667111635607884067E-02,	00021310
*	0.71203315536225203459E	00,0.94636899938300652943E-02,	00021320
*	0.69281376977911470289E	00,0.97546565363174114611E-02,	00021330
*	0.67301883023041847920E	00,0.97546565363174114611E-02,	00021340
*	0.65266166541001749610E	00,0.10039172044056840798E-01,	00021350
*	0.63175643771119423041E	00,0.10316812330947621682E-01,	00021360
*	0.61031811371518640016E	00,0.10587167904885197931E-01,	00021370
*	0.58836243444766254143E	00,0.10849844089337314099E-01,	00021380
*		00,0.11104461134006926537E-01/	00021390

DATA

*	P(337),P(338),P(339),P(340),P(341),P(342),P(343),	00021400	
*	P(344),P(345),P(346),P(347),P(348),P(349),P(350),	00021410	
*	P(351),P(352),P(353),P(354),P(355),P(356),P(357),	00021420	
*	P(358),P(359),P(360),P(361),P(362),P(363),P(364)/	00021430	
*	0.56590588542365442262E	00,0.11350654315980596602E-01,	00021440
*	0.54296566649831149049E	00,0.11588074033043952568E-01,	00021450
*	0.51955966153745702199E	00,0.11588074033043952568E-01,	00021460
*	0.49570640791876146017E	00,0.11816385890830235763E-01,	00021470
*	0.47142506587165887693E	00,0.12035270785279562630E-01,	00021480
*	0.44673538766202847374E	00,0.12244424981611985899E-01,	00021490
*	0.42165768662616330006E	00,0.12443560190714035263E-01,	00021500
*	0.39621280605761593918E	00,0.12632403643542078765E-01,	00021510
*	0.37042208795007823014E	00,0.12810698163877361967E-01,	00021520
*	0.34430734159943802278E	00,0.12978202239537399286E-01,	00021530
*	0.31789081206847668318E	00,0.13134690091960152836E-01,	00021540
*	0.29119514851824668196E	00,0.13279951743930530650E-01,	00021550
*	0.26424337241092676194E	00,0.13413793085110098513E-01,	00021560
*	0.23705884558982972721E	00,0.13536035934956213614E-01,	00021570
*		00,0.13646518102571291428E-01/	00021580

DATA

*	P(365),P(366),P(367),P(368),P(369),P(370),P(371),	00021590	
*	P(372),P(373),P(374),P(375),P(376),P(377),P(378),	00021600	
*	P(379),P(380),P(381)/	00021610	
*	0.20966523824318119477E	00,0.13745093443001896632E-01,	00021620
			00021630

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* 0.18208649675925219825E 00,0.13831631909506428676E-01, 00021640
* 0.15434681148137810869E 00,0.13906019601325461264E-01, 00021650
* 0.12647058437230196685E 00,0.13968158806516938516E-01, 00021660
* 0.98482396598119202090E-01,0.14017968039456608810E-01, 00021670
* 0.70406976042855179063E-01,0.14055382072649964277E-01, 00021680
* 0.42269164765363603212E-01,0.14080351962553661325E-01, 00021690
* 0.14093886410782462614E-01,0.14092845069160408355E-01, 00021700
* 0.14094407090096179347E-01/ 00021710
  ICHECK = 0 00021720
C CHECK FOR TRIVIAL CASE. 00021730
  IF (A.EQ.B) GO TO 70 00021740
C SCALE FACTORS. 00021750
  SUM = (B+A)/2.0 00021760
  DIFF = (B-A)/2.0 00021770
C 1-POINT GAUSS 00021780
  FZERO = F(SUM) 00021790
  RESULT(1) = 2.0*FZERO*DIFF 00021800
  I = 0 00021810
  IOLD = 0 00021820
  INEW = 1 00021830
  K = 2 00021840
  ACUM = (0.0,0.0) 00021850
  GO TO 30 00021860
10 IF (K.EQ.8) GO TO 50 00021870
  IF(INEW+IOLD.GE.MEV) GO TO 60 00021880
  K = K + 1 00021890
  ACUM = (0.0,0.0) 00021900
C CONTRIBUTION FROM FUNCTION VALUES ALREADY COMPUTED. 00021910
  DO 20 J=1,IOLD 00021920
    I = I + 1 00021930
    ACUM = ACUM + P(I)*FUNCT(J) 00021940
  20 CONTINUE 00021950
C CONTRIBUTION FROM NEW FUNCTION VALUES. 00021960
  30 IOLD = IOLD + INEW 00021970
  DO 40 J=INEW,IOLD 00021980
    I = I + 1 00021990
    X = P(I)*DIFF 00022000
    FUNCT(J) = F(SUM+X) + F(SUM-X) 00022010
    I = I + 1 00022020
    ACUM = ACUM + P(I)*FUNCT(J) 00022030
  40 CONTINUE 00022040
  INEW = IOLD + 1 00022050
  I = I + 1 00022060
  RESULT(K) = (ACUM+P(I)*FZERO)*DIFF 00022070
C CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE. 00022080
  IF(ABS(REAL(RESULT(K))-REAL(RESULT(K-1))).LE.EPSIL* 00022090
  $ABS(REAL(RESULT(K))).AND. 00022100
  $ ABS(AIMAG(RESULT(K))-AIMAG(RESULT(K-1))).LE.EPSIL* 00022110
  $ABS(AIMAG(RESULT(K)))) GO TO 60 00022120
  GO TO 10 00022130
C CONVERGENCE NOT ACHIEVED. 00022140
  50 ICHECK = 1 00022150

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C NORMAL TERMINATION.	00022160
60 NPTS = INEW + IOLD	00022170
RETURN	00022180
C TRIVIAL CASE	00022190
70 K = 2	00022200
RESULT(1) = (0.0,0.0)	00022210
RESULT(2) = (0.0,0.0)	00022220
NPTS = 0	00022230
RETURN	00022240
END	00022250
COMPLEX FUNCTION CQSUB(A, B, EPSIL, NPTS, ICHECK, RELERR, F,MEV)	00022260
COMPLEX RELERR,F,RESULT,ESTIM,COMP	00022270
C THIS FUNCTION ROUTINE PERFORMS AUTOMATIC INTEGRATION	00022280
C OVER A FINITE INTERVAL USING THE BASIC INTEGRATION	00022290
C ALGORITHM QUAD, TOGETHER WITH, IF NECESSARY, A NON-	00022300
C ADAPTIVE SUBDIVISION PROCESS.	00022310
C THE CALL TAKES THE FORM	00022320
C CQSUB(A,B,EPSIL,NPTS,ICHECK,RELERR,F,MEV)	00022330
C AND CAUSES F(X) TO BE INTEGRATED OVER (A,B) WITH RELATIVE	00022340
C ERROR HOPEFULLY NOT EXCEEDING EPSIL. SHOULD QUAD CONVERGE	00022350
C (ICHECK=0) THEN QSUB WILL RETURN THE VALUE OBTAINED BY IT	00022360
C OTHERWISE SUBDIVISION WILL BE INVOKED AS A RESCUE	00022370
C OPERATION IN A NON-ADAPTIVE MANNER. THE ARGUMENT RELERR	00022380
C GIVES A CRUDE ESTIMATE OF THE ACTUAL RELATIVE ERROR	00022390
C OBTAINED.	00022400
C THE SUBDIVISION STRATEGY IS AS FOLLOWS	00022410
C LET THE INTERVAL (A,B) BE DIVIDED INTO 2**N PANELS AT STEP	00022420
C N OF THE SUBDIVISION PROCESS. QUAD IS APPLIED FIRST TO	00022430
C THE SUBDIVIDED INTERVAL ON WHICH QUAD LAST FAILED TO	00022440
C CONVERGE AND IF CONVERGENCE IS NOW ACHIEVED THE REMAINING	00022450
C PANELS ARE INTEGRATED. SHOULD A CONVERGENCE FAILURE OCCUR	00022460
C ON ANY PANEL THE INTEGRATION AT THAT POINT IS TERMINATED	00022470
C AND THE PROCEDURE REPEATED WITH N INCREASED BY 1. THE	00022480
C STRATEGY INSURES THAT POSSIBLY DELINQUENT INTERVALS ARE	00022490
C EXAMINED BEFORE WORK, WHICH LATER MIGHT HAVE TO BE	00022500
C DISCARDED, IS INVESTED ON WELL BEHAVED PANELS. THE	00022510
C PROCESS IS COMPLETE WHEN NO CONVERGENCE FAILURE OCCURS ON	00022520
C ANY PANEL AND THE SUM OF THE RESULTS OBTAINED BY QUAD ON	00022530
C EACH PANEL IS TAKEN AS THE VALUE OF THE INTEGRAL.	00022540
C THE PROCESS IS VERY CAUTIOUS IN THAT THE SUBDIVISION OF	00022550
C THE INTERVAL (A,B) IS UNIFORM, THE FINENESS OF WHICH IS	00022560
C CONTROLLED BY THE SUCCESS OF QUAD. IN THIS WAY IT IS	00022570
C RATHER DIFFICULT FOR A SPURIOUS CONVERGENCE TO SLIP	00022580
C THROUGH.	00022590
C THE CONVERGENCE CRITERION OF QUAD IS SLIGHTLY RELAXED	00022600
C IN THAT A PANEL IS DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFULLY	00022610
C INTEGRATED IF EITHER QUAD CONVERGES OR THE ESTIMATED	00022620
C ABSOLUTE ERROR COMMITTED ON THIS PANEL DOES NOT EXCEED	00022630
C EPSIL TIMES THE ESTIMATED ABSOLUTE VALUE OF THE INTEGRAL	00022640
C OVER (A,B). THIS RELAXATION IS TO TRY TO TAKE ACCOUNT OF	00022650
C A COMMON SITUATION WHERE ONE PARTICULAR PANEL CAUSES	00022660

C SPECIAL DIFFICULTY, PERHAPS DUE TO A SINGULARITY OF SOME	00022670
C TYPE. IN THIS CASE QUAD COULD OBTAIN NEARLY EXACT	00022680
C ANSWERS ON ALL OTHER PANELS AND SO THE RELATIVE ERROR FOR	00022690
C THE TOTAL INTEGRATION WOULD BE ALMOST ENTIRELY DUE TO THE	00022700
C DELINQUENT PANEL. WITHOUT THIS CONDITION THE COMPUTATION	00022710
C MIGHT CONTINUE DESPITE THE REQUESTED RELATIVE ERROR BEING	00022720
C ACHIEVED.	00022730
C THE OUTCOME OF THE INTEGRATION IS INDICATED BY ICHECK.	00022740
C ICHECK=0 - CONVERGENCE OBTAINED WITHOUT INVOKING	00022750
C SUBDIVISION. THIS CORRESPONDS TO THE	00022760
C DIRECT USE OF QUAD.	00022770
C ICHECK=1 - RESULT OBTAINED AFTER INVOKING SUBDIVISION.	00022780
C ICHECK=2 - AS FOR ICHECK=1 BUT AT SOME POINT THE	00022790
C RELAXED CONVERGENCE CRITERION WAS USED.	00022800
C THE RISK OF UNDERESTIMATING THE RELATIVE	00022810
C ERROR WILL BE INCREASED. IF NECESSARY,	00022820
C CONFIDENCE MAY BE RESTORED BY CHECKING	00022830
C EPSIL AND RELERR FOR A SERIOUS DISCREPANCY.	00022840
C ICHECK NEGATIVE	00022850
C IF DURING THE SUBDIVISION PROCESS THE	00022860
C ALLOWED UPPER LIMIT ON THE NUMBER OF PANELS	00022870
C THAT MAY BE GENERATED (PRESENTLY 4096) IS	00022880
C REACHED A RESULT IS OBTAINED WHICH MAY BE	00022890
C UNRELIABLE BY CONTINUING THE INTEGRATION	00022900
C WITHOUT FURTHER SUBDIVISION IGNORING	00022910
C CONVERGENCE FAILURES. THIS OCCURRENCE IS	00022920
C FLAGGED BY RETURNING ICHECK WITH NEGATIVE	00022930
C SIGN.	00022940
C THE RELIABILITY OF THE ALGORITHM WILL DECREASE FOR LARGE	00022950
C VALUES OF EPSIL. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT EPSIL SHOULD	00022960
C GENERALLY BE LESS THAN ABOUT 0.001.	00022970
DIMENSION RESULT(8)	00022980
INTEGER BAD, OUT	00022990
LOGICAL RHS	00023000
EXTERNAL F	00023010
DATA NMAX/4096/	00023020
CALL CQUAD(A, B, RESULT, K, EPSIL, NPTS, ICHECK, F, MEV)	00023030
CQSUB = RESULT(K)	00023040
RELERR = (0.0, 0.0)	00023050
IF (REAL(CQSUB).NE.0.0.AND.AIMAG(CQSUB).NE.0.0) RELERR=	00023060
\$ CMPLX(ABS(REAL(RESULT(K)-RESULT(K-1)))/REAL(CQSUB),	00023070
\$ ABS(AIMAG(RESULT(K)-RESULT(K-1)))/AIMAG(CQSUB))	00023080
C CHECK IF SUBDIVISION IS NEEDED.	00023090
IF (ICHECK.EQ.0) RETURN	00023100
C SUBDIVIDE	00023110
ESTIM=CQSUB*EPSIL	00023120
ESTIM=CMPLX(ABS(REAL(ESTIM)),ABS(AIMAG(ESTIM)))	00023130
IC = 1	00023140
RHS = .FALSE.	00023150
N = 1	00023160
H = B - A	00023170
BAD = 1	00023180

10 CQSUB = (0.0,0.0)	00023190
RELERR = (0.0,0.0)	00023200
H = H*0.5	00023210
N = N + N	00023220
C INTERVAL (A,B) DIVIDED INTO N EQUAL SUBINTERVALS.	00023230
C INTEGRATE OVER SUBINTERVALS BAD TO (BAD+1) WHERE TROUBLE	00023240
C HAS OCCURRED.	00023250
M1 = BAD	00023260
M2 = BAD + 1	00023270
OUT = 1	00023280
GO TO 50	00023290
C INTEGRATE OVER SUBINTERVALS 1 TO (BAD-1)	00023300
20 M1 = 1	00023310
M2 = BAD - 1	00023320
RHS = .FALSE.	00023330
OUT = 2	00023340
GO TO 50	00023350
C INTEGRATE OVER SUBINTERVALS (BAD+2) TO N.	00023360
30 M1 = BAD + 2	00023370
M2 = N	00023380
OUT = 3	00023390
GO TO 50	00023400
C SUBDIVISION RESULT	00023410
40 ICHECK = IC	00023420
RELERR=CMPLX(REAL(RELERR)/ABS(REAL(CQSUB)),	00023430
\$ AIMAG(RELERR)/ABS(AIMAG(CQSUB)))	00023440
RETURN	00023450
C INTEGRATE OVER SUBINTERVALS M1 TO M2.	00023460
50 IF (M1.GT.M2) GO TO 90	00023470
DO 80 JJ=M1,M2	00023480
J = JJ	00023490
C EXAMINE FIRST THE LEFT OR RIGHT HALF OF THE SUBDIVIDED	00023500
C TROUBLESOME INTERVAL DEPENDING ON THE OBSERVED TREND.	00023510
IF (RHS) J = M2 + M1 - JJ	00023520
ALPHA = A + H*(J-1)	00023530
BETA = ALPHA + H	00023540
CALL CQUAD(ALPHA, BETA, RESULT, M, EPSIL, NF, ICHECK, F,MEV)	00023550
COMP = (RESULT(M)-RESULT(M-1))	00023560
COMP=CMPLX(ABS(REAL(COMP)),ABS(AIMAG(COMP)))	00023570
NPTS = NPTS + NF	00023580
IF(NPTS.GE.MEV) GO TO 70	00023590
IF (ICHECK.NE.1) GO TO 70	00023600
IF(REAL(COMP).LE.REAL(ESTIM).AND.	00023610
\$ AIMAG(COMP).LE.AIMAG(ESTIM)) GO TO 100	00023620
C SUBINTERVAL J HAS CAUSED TROUBLE.	00023630
C CHECK IF FURTHER SUBDIVISION SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT.	00023640
IF (N.EQ.NMAX) GO TO 60	00023650
BAD = 2*J - 1	00023660
RHS = .FALSE.	00023670
IF ((J-2*(J/2)).EQ.0) RHS = .TRUE.	00023680
GO TO 10	00023690
60 IC = -IABS(IC)	00023700

70	CQSUB = CQSUB + RESULT(M)	00023710
80	CONTINUE	00023720
	RELERR = RELERR + COMP	00023730
90	GO TO (20,30,40), OUT	00023740
C	RELAXED CONVERGENCE	00023750
100	IC = ISIGN(2,IC)	00023760
	GO TO 70	00023770
	END	00023780
	COMPLEX FUNCTION CQSUBA(A, B, EPSIL, NPTS, ICHECK, RELERR, F,MEV)	00023790
	COMPLEX RELERR,F,RESULT,ESTIM,COMP	00023800
C	THIS FUNCTION ROUTINE PERFORMS AUTOMATIC INTEGRATION	00023810
C	OVER A FINITE INTERVAL USING THE BASIC INTEGRATION	00023820
C	ALGORITHM QUAD TOGETHER WITH, IF NECESSARY AN ADAPTIVE	00023830
C	SUBDIVISION PROCESS. IT IS GENERALLY MORE EFFICIENT THAN	00023840
C	THE NON-ADAPTIVE ALGORITHM QSUB BUT IS LIKELY TO BE LESS	00023850
C	RELIABLE(SEE COMP.J.,14,189,1971).	00023860
C	THE CALL TAKES THE FORM	00023870
C	CQSUBA(A,B,EPSIL,NPTS,ICHECK,RELERR,F,MEV)	00023880
C	AND CAUSES F(X) TO BE INTEGRATED OVER (A,B) WITH RELATIVE	00023890
C	ERROR HOPEFULLY NOT EXCEEDING EPSIL. SHOULD QUAD CONVERGE	00023900
C	(ICHECK=0) THEN QSUBA WILL RETURN THE VALUE OBTAINED BY IT	00023910
C	OTHERWISE SUBDIVISION WILL BE INVOKED AS A RESCUE	00023920
C	OPERATION IN AN ADAPTIVE MANNER. THE ARGUMENT RELERR GIVES	00023930
C	A CRUDE ESTIMATE OF THE ACTUAL RELATIVE ERROR OBTAINED.	00023940
C	THE SUBDIVISION STRATEGY IS AS FOLLOWS	00023950
C	AT EACH STAGE OF THE PROCESS AN INTERVAL IS PRESENTED FOR	00023960
C	SUBDIVISION (INITIALLY THIS WILL BE THE WHOLE INTERVAL	00023970
C	(A,B)). THE INTERVAL IS HALVED AND QUAD APPLIED TO EACH	00023980
C	SUBINTERVAL. SHOULD QUAD FAIL ON THE FIRST SUBINTERVAL	00023990
C	THE SUBINTERVAL IS STACKED FOR FUTURE SUBDIVISION AND THE	00024000
C	SECOND SUBINTERVAL IMMEDIATELY EXAMINED. SHOULD QUAD FAIL	00024010
C	ON THE SECOND SUBINTERVAL THE SUBINTERVAL IS	00024020
C	IMMEDIATELY SUBDIVIDED AND THE WHOLE PROCESS REPEATED.	00024030
C	EACH TIME A CONVERGED RESULT IS OBTAINED IT IS	00024040
C	ACCUMULATED AS THE PARTIAL VALUE OF THE INTEGRAL. WHEN	00024050
C	QUAD CONVERGES ON BOTH SUBINTERVALS THE INTERVAL LAST	00024060
C	STACKED IS CHOSEN NEXT FOR SUBDIVISION AND THE PROCESS	00024070
C	REPEATED. A SUBINTERVAL IS NOT EXAMINED AGAIN ONCE A	00024080
C	CONVERGED RESULT IS OBTAINED FOR IT SO THAT A SPURIOUS	00024090
C	CONVERGENCE IS MORE LIKELY TO SLIP THROUGH THAN FOR THE	00024100
C	NON-ADAPTIVE ALGORITHM QSUB.	00024110
C	THE CONVERGENCE CRITERION OF QUAD IS SLIGHTLY RELAXED	00024120
C	IN THAT A PANEL IS DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFULLY	00024130
C	INTEGRATED IF EITHER QUAD CONVERGES OR THE ESTIMATED	00024140
C	ABSOLUTE ERROR COMMITTED ON THIS PANEL DOES NOT EXCEED	00024150
C	EPSIL TIMES THE ESTIMATED ABSOLUTE VALUE OF THE INTEGRAL	00024160
C	OVER (A,B). THIS RELAXATION IS TO TRY TO TAKE ACCOUNT OF	00024170
C	A COMMON SITUATION WHERE ONE PARTICULAR PANEL CAUSES	00024180
C	SPECIAL DIFFICULTY, PERHAPS DUE TO A SINGULARITY OF SOME	00024190
C	TYPE. IN THIS CASE QUAD COULD OBTAIN NEARLY EXACT	00024200
C	ANSWERS ON ALL OTHER PANELS AND SO THE RELATIVE ERROR FOR	00024210

C THE TOTAL INTEGRATION WOULD BE ALMOST ENTIRELY DUE TO THE	00024220
C DELINQUENT PANEL. WITHOUT THIS CONDITION THE COMPUTATION	00024230
C MIGHT CONTINUE DESPITE THE REQUESTED RELATIVE ERROR BEING	00024240
C ACHIEVED.	00024250
C THE OUTCOME OF THE INTEGRATION IS INDICATED BY ICHECK.	00024260
C ICHECK=0 - CONVERGENCE OBTAINED WITHOUT INVOKING SUB-	00024270
C DIVISION. THIS WOULD CORRESPOND TO THE	00024280
C DIRECT USE OF QUAD.	00024290
C ICHECK=1 - RESULT OBTAINED AFTER INVOKING SUBDIVISION.	00024300
C ICHECK=2 - AS FOR ICHECK=1 BUT AT SOME POINT THE	00024310
C RELAXED CONVERGENCE CRITERION WAS USED.	00024320
C THE RISK OF UNDERESTIMATING THE RELATIVE	00024330
C ERROR WILL BE INCREASED. IF NECESSARY,	00024340
C CONFIDENCE MAY BE RESTORED BY CHECKING	00024350
C EPSIL AND RELERR FOR A SERIOUS DISCREPANCY.	00024360
C ICHECK NEGATIVE	00024370
C IF DURING THE SUBDIVISION PROCESS THE STACK	00024380
C OF DELINQUENT INTERVALS BECOMES FULL (IT IS	00024390
C PRESENTLY SET TO HOLD AT MOST 100 NUMBERS)	00024400
C A RESULT IS OBTAINED BY CONTINUING THE	00024410
C INTEGRATION IGNORING CONVERGENCE FAILURES	00024420
C WHICH CANNOT BE ACCOMMODATED ON THE STACK.	00024430
C THIS OCCURRENCE IS FLAGGED BY RETURNING	00024440
C ICHECK WITH NEGATIVE SIGN.	00024450
C THE RELIABILITY OF THE ALGORITHM WILL DECREASE FOR LARGE	00024460
C VALUES OF EPSIL. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT EPSIL SHOULD	00024470
C GENERALLY BE LESS THAN ABOUT 0.001.	00024480
DIMENSION RESULT(8), STACK(100)	00024490
EXTERNAL F	00024500
DATA ISMAX/100/	00024510
CALL CQUAD(A, B, RESULT, K, EPSIL, NPTS, ICHECK, F, MEV)	00024520
CQSUBA = RESULT(K)	00024530
RELERR = (0.0, 0.0)	00024540
IF (REAL(CQSUBA).NE.0.0.AND.AIMAG(CQSUBA).NE.0.0) RELERR=	00024550
\$ CMPLX(ABS(REAL(RESULT(K)-RESULT(K-1)))/REAL(CQSUBA),	00024560
\$ ABS(AIMAG(RESULT(K)-RESULT(K-1)))/AIMAG(CQSUBA))	00024570
C CHECK IF SUBDIVISION IS NEEDED	00024580
IF (ICHECK.EQ.0) RETURN	00024590
C SUBDIVIDE	00024600
ESTIM=CQSUBA*EPSIL	00024610
ESTIM=CMPLX(ABS(REAL(ESTIM)),ABS(AIMAG(ESTIM)))	00024620
RELERR = (0.0, 0.0)	00024630
CQSUBA = (0.0, 0.0)	00024640
IS = 1	00024650
IC = 1	00024660
SUB1 = A	00024670
SUB3 = B	00024680
10 SUB2 = (SUB1+SUB3)*0.5	00024690
CALL CQUAD(SUB1, SUB2, RESULT, K, EPSIL, NF, ICHECK, F, MEV)	00024700
NPTS = NPTS + NF	00024710
IF(NPTS.GE.MEV) GO TO 50	00024720
COMP = (RESULT(K)-RESULT(K-1))	00024730

COMP=CMPLX(ABS(REAL(COMP)),ABS(AIMAG(COMP)))	00024740
IF (ICHECK.EQ.0) GO TO 30	00024750
IF(REAL(COMP).LE.REAL(ESTIM).AND.	00024760
\$ AIMAG(COMP).LE.AIMAG(ESTIM)) GO TO 70	00024770
IF (IS.GE.ISMAX) GO TO 20	00024780
C STACK SUBINTERVAL (SUB1,SUB2) FOR FUTURE EXAMINATION	00024790
STACK(IS) = SUB1	00024800
IS = IS + 1	00024810
STACK(IS) = SUB2	00024820
IS = IS + 1	00024830
GO TO 40	00024840
20 IC = -IABS(IC)	00024850
30 CQSUBA = COSUBA + RESULT(K)	00024860
RELERR = RELERR + COMP	00024870
40 CALL CQUAD(SUB2, SUB3, RESULT, K, EPSIL, NF, ICHECK, F,MEV)	00024880
NPTS = NPTS + NF	00024890
IF(NPTS.GE.MEV) GO TO 50	00024900
COMP = (RESULT(K)-RESULT(K-1))	00024910
COMP=CMPLX(ABS(REAL(COMP)),ABS(AIMAG(COMP)))	00024920
IF (ICHECK.EQ.0) GO TO 50	00024930
IF(REAL(COMP).LE.REAL(ESTIM).AND.	00024940
\$ AIMAG(COMP).LE.AIMAG(ESTIM)) GO TO 80	00024950
C SUBDIVIDE INTERVAL (SUB2,SUB3)	00024960
SUB1 = SUB2	00024970
GO TO 10	00024980
50 CQSUBA = CQSUBA + RESULT(K)	00024990
RELERR = RELERR + COMP	00025000
IF(NPTS.GE.MEV) RETURN	00025010
IF (IS.EQ.1) GO TO 60	00025020
C SUBDIVIDE THE DELINQUENT INTERVAL LAST STACKED	00025030
IS = IS - 1	00025040
SUB3 = STACK(IS)	00025050
IS = IS - 1	00025060
SUB1 = STACK(IS)	00025070
GO TO 10	00025080
C SUBDIVISION RESULT	00025090
60 ICHECK = IC	00025100
RELERR=CMPLX(REAL(RELERR)/ABS(REAL(CQSUBA)),	00025110
\$ AIMAG(RELERR)/ABS(AIMAG(CQSUBA)))	00025120
RETURN	00025130
C RELAXED CONVERGENCE	00025140
70 IC = ISIGN(2,IC)	00025150
GO TO 30	00025160
80 IC = ISIGN(2,IC)	00025170
GO TO 50	00025180
END	00025190
COMPLEX FUNCTION FUNINT(X)	00025200
C--COMPLEX FUNCTION INTERPOLATION BY QUINTIC SPLINE VIA	00025210
C CALL TO 'QPOINT', WHERE THE QUINTIC SPLINE	00025220
C COEFFICIENTS AR,BR,CR,DR,ER, AI,BI,CI,DI,EI WERE	00025230
C PREVIOUSLY OBTAINED BY SUBR 'QUINT'.	00025240

```

C
DIMENSION SR(80),AR(80),BR(80),CR(80),DR(80),ER(80),
& SI(80),AI(80),BI(80),CI(80),DI(80),EI(80)
COMMON/SPLN80/SR,AR,BR,CR,DR,ER,SI,AI,BI,CI,DI,EI,RLM1,DELRLM,NL
COMMON/FIN/R1,R2,RO,XL,SIG1,XX,Y
R=ALOG(SQRT(X*X+Y*Y))
CALL QPOINT(NL,SR,AR,BR,CR,DR,ER,RLM1,DELRLM,R,YR)
CALL QPOINT(NL,SI,AI,BI,CI,DI,EI,RLM1,DELRLM,R,YI)
FUNINT=CMPLX(YR,YI)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE QUINT(NY,Y,B,C,D,E,F)
C---COMPUTES COEFFICIENTS OF A QUINTIC NATURAL SPLINE S(X) GIVEN
C THE ORDINATES Y(I) AT ASSUMED EQUIDISTANT POINTS X(I),I=1 TO NY.
C
C TRANSLATED FROM ALGOL TO FORTRAN BY
C W.L. ANDERSON, U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO.
C REF: ACM TRANSACTIONS ON MATH. SOFTWARE, SEPT 1976, V.2, N. 3,
C PP.281-289.
C
C PARAMETERS:
C
C NY = NUMBER OF DATA POINTS GIVEN IN Y(NY), NY.GT.2.
C Y()= ARRAY OF NY GIVEN ORDINATES (DIM.GE.NY).
C Y() POINTS ASSUMED EQUALLY SPACED IN X-DIRECTION.
C B,C,D,E,F() = RESULTING ARRAYS (EACH DIM.GE.NY) OF
C QUINTIC SPLINE COEFFICIENTS, WHERE
C FOR ANY XX IN [X(I),X(I+1)):
C S(XX)=((((F(I)*T+E(I))*T+D(I))*T+C(I))*T+B(I))*T+Y(I) WITH
C T=(XX-X(I))/DELX, DELX=(X(I+1)-X(I)) FOR ANY I.
C NOTE: SEE PROC 'QPOINT' TO EVAL THE QUINTIC SPLINE AFTER
C 'QUINT' IS CALLED.
C
DIMENSION Y(1),B(1),C(1),D(1),E(1),F(1)
IF(NY.LE.2) GO TO 4
N=NY-3
P=0.0
Q=0.0
R=0.0
S=0.0
T=0.0
DO 1 I=1,N
U=P*R
B(I)=1.0/(66.0-U*R-Q)
R=26.0-U
C(I)=R
D(I)=Y(I+3)-3.0*(Y(I+2)-Y(I+1))-Y(I)-U*S-Q*T
Q=P
P=B(I)
T=S
S=D(I)

```

1	CONTINUE	00025760
	D(N+2)=0.0	00025770
	N1=N+1	00025780
	D(N1)=0.0	00025790
	DO 2 J=1,N	00025800
	I=N1-J	00025810
	D(I)=(D(I)-C(I)*D(I+1)-D(I+2))*B(I)	00025820
2	CONTINUE	00025830
	N=NY-1	00025840
	Q=0.0	00025850
	V=D(1)	00025860
	T=V	00025870
	R=V	00025880
	DO 3 I=2,N	00025890
	P=Q	00025900
	Q=R	00025910
	R=D(I)	00025920
	S=T	00025930
	T=P-Q-Q+R	00025940
	F(I)=T	00025950
	U=5.0*(-P+Q)	00025960
	E(I)=U	00025970
	D(I)=10.0*(P+Q)	00025980
	C(I)=0.5*(Y(I+1)+Y(I-1)+S-T)-Y(I)-U	00025990
	B(I)=0.5*(Y(I+1)-Y(I-1)-S-T)-D(I)	00026000
3	CONTINUE	00026010
	F(1)=V	00026020
	E(1)=0.0	00026030
	E(NY)=0.0	00026040
	D(1)=0.0	00026050
	D(NY)=0.0	00026060
	C(1)=C(2)-10.0*V	00026070
	C(NY)=C(NY-1)+10.0*T	00026080
	B(1)=Y(2)-Y(1)-C(1)-V	00026090
	B(NY)=Y(NY)-Y(NY-1)+C(NY)-T	00026100
4	RETURN	00026110
	END	00026120
	SUBROUTINE QPOINT(NY,Y,B,C,D,E,F,X1,DELX,XX,YY)	00026130
C	GIVEN THE QUINTIC SPLINE COEFF'S B(*),C(*),D(*),E(*),F(*) AS	00026140
C	OBTAINED FROM SUBR 'QUINT', AND GIVEN NY OBS. DATA Y(NY) EQUALLY	00026150
C	SPACED BY DELX STARTING AT X1, THEN 'QPOINT' INTERPOLATES	00026160
C	YY AT ANY XX IN (X1,X1+(NY-1)*DELX).	00026170
C		00026180
	DIMENSION Y(1),B(1),C(1),D(1),E(1),F(1)	00026190
	XMAX=X1+(NY-1)*DELX	00026200
	IF(XX.LT.X1.OR.XX.GT.XMAX) GO TO 2	00026210
	I=(XX-X1)/DELX+1	00026220
	XI=X1+(I-1)*DELX	00026230
	T=(XX-XI)/DELX	00026240
	YY=(((((F(I)*T+E(I))*T+D(I))*T+C(I))*T+B(I))*T+Y(I)	00026250
1	RETURN	00026260

```

2  WRITE(6,3) XX,X1,XMAX                                00026270
3  FORMAT('OQPOINT ERROR-- XX=',E16.8,' NOT IN CLOSED INTERVAL (', 00026280
& E16.8,',',E16.8,')')                                00026290
GO TO 1                                                00026300
END                                                    00026310

SUBROUTINE KELVIN(X,M,B)                                00026320
C--COMPUTES M(.LE.8) KELVIN FUNCTIONS (ORDERS 0,1) CONSECUTIVELY STORED 00026330
C IN ARRAY B(M) WHERE:                                00026340
C                                                    00026350
C X      = DP-ARGUMENT .GT. 0.0D0 (ASYMPTOTIC FORM USED IF X.GE.8.0) 00026360
C M      = NUMBER OF B'S TO COMPUTE AS DEFINED BELOW (1.GE.M.LE.8) 00026370
C B(M)   = COMPUTED DP-FUNCTIONS WHERE B IS DEFINED: 00026380
C          B(1) = BER(X)  -- ORDER 0                    00026390
C          B(2) = BEI(X)  -- ORDER 0                    00026400
C          B(3) = KER(X)  -- ORDER 0                    00026410
C          B(4) = KEI(X)  -- ORDER 0                    00026420
C          B(5) = BER1(X) -- ORDER 1                    00026430
C          B(6) = BEI1(X) -- ORDER 1                    00026440
C          B(7) = KER1(X) -- ORDER 1                    00026450
C          B(8) = KEI1(X) -- ORDER 1                    00026460
C ** ACCURACY GOOD TO AT LEAST 14 FIGURES FOR ALL X ** 00026470
C NOTE: THIS METHOD OF GENERATING MULTIPLE KELVIN FUNCTIONS WAS CHOSEN 00026480
C TO REDUCE TOTAL CPU-TIME SINCE MOST APPLICATIONS REQUIRE 00026490
C MULTIPLE FUNCTION USE AND IS THEREFORE ACCOMPLISHED BY ONE CALL. 00026500
C E.G: TO OBTAIN BER(X),BEI(X),KER(X), AND KEI(X): CALL KELVIN(X,4,B) 00026510
C IF X OR M OUT OF RANGE, ROUTINE EXITS WITHOUT ACTION. 00026520
C                                                    00026530
C IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H,O-Z)                            00026540
C REAL*8 B(8),CN(8),SN(8)                              00026550
C DATA CN / .7071067811865475D0,0.0D0,-.7071067811865475D0, 00026560
* -1.0D0,-.7071067811865475D0,0.0D0,.7071067811865475D0,1.0D0/, 00026570
* SN / .7071067811865475D0,1.0D0,.7071067811865475D0,0.0D0, 00026580
* -.7071067811865475D0,-1.0D0,-.7071067811865475D0,0.0D0/ 00026590
C DATA PI4/.7853981633974483D0/,R22/.7071067811865475D0/, 00026600
* E/0.5D-14/, 00026610
* PI1/.3183098861837907D0/ 00026620
C IF(M.LT.1.OR.M.GT.8.OR.X.LE.0.0D0) GO TO 9 00026630
C IF(X.GE.8.0D0) GO TO 8 00026640
C--SERIES METHODS (X.GT.0.0.AND.X.LT.8.0D0) 00026650
X2=0.5D0*X 00026660
X4=X2**4 00026670
T1=-0.25D0*X4 00026680
S1=T1 00026690
T2=0.0D0 00026700
T3=0.0D0 00026710
T4=0.0D0 00026720
T15=0.0D0 00026730
T26=0.0D0 00026740
T75=0.0D0 00026750
T86=0.0D0 00026760
IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 100 00026770

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T2=X2**2	00026780
S2=T2	00026790
IF(M.EQ.2) GO TO 100	00026800
T5=1.5D0	00026810
S5=T1*T5	00026820
IF(M.EQ.3) GO TO 100	00026830
T6=1.0D0	00026840
S6=T2	00026850
IF(M.EQ.4) GO TO 100	00026860
T3=-0.5D0*X2**3	00026870
S3=T3	00026880
T4=X2	00026890
S4=T4	00026900
IF(M.LE.6) GO TO 100	00026910
T7=-0.25D0*X2**3	00026920
S7=2.0D0*T7*T5	00026930
T8=X2	00026940
S8=T8	00026950
100 TK=2.0D0	00026960
101 TK2=TK+TK	00026970
TK21=TK2-1.0D0	00026980
TK22=TK2-2.0D0	00026990
RK2=1.0D0/TK2	00027000
RK21=1.0D0/TK21	00027010
RK22=1.0D0/TK22	00027020
R1=-X4*(RK21*RK2)**2	00027030
T1=T1*R1	00027040
S1=S1+T1	00027050
IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 200	00027060
R2=-X4*(RK22*RK21)**2	00027070
T2=T2*R2	00027080
S2=S2+T2	00027090
IF(M.EQ.2) GO TO 200	00027100
T5=T5+RK21+RK2	00027110
T15=T1*T5	00027120
S5=S5+T15	00027130
IF(M.EQ.3) GO TO 200	00027140
T6=T6+RK22+RK21	00027150
T26=T2*T6	00027160
S6=S6+T26	00027170
IF(M.EQ.4) GO TO 200	00027180
T3=T3*(-X4*(RK22*RK21**2*RK2))	00027190
S3=S3+T3	00027200
T4=T4*(-X4*RK22**2*RK21/(TK2-3.0D0))	00027210
S4=S4+T4	00027220
IF(M.LE.6) GO TO 200	00027230
T7=T7*R1	00027240
T75=TK2*T7*T5	00027250
S7=S7+T75	00027260
T8=T8*R2	00027270
T86=TK21*T8*T6	00027280
S8=S8+T86	00027290

200 TK=TK+1.0D0	00027300
IF(DABS(T1).GT.E.OR.DABS(T2).GT.E.OR.DABS(T15).GT.E.OR.	00027310
* DABS(T26).GT.E.OR.DABS(T3).GT.E.OR.DABS(T4).GT.E.OR.	00027320
* DABS(T75).GT.E.OR.DABS(T86).GT.E) GO TO 101	00027330
B(1)=1.0D0+S1	00027340
IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 9	00027350
B(2)=S2	00027360
IF(M.EQ.2) GO TO 9	00027370
C=0.1159315155584124D0-DLOG(X)	00027380
B(3)=C*B(1)+PI4*B(2)+S5	00027390
IF(M.EQ.3) GO TO 9	00027400
B(4)=C*B(2)-PI4*B(1)+S6	00027410
IF(M.EQ.4) GO TO 9	00027420
B(5)=R22*(S3-S4)	00027430
IF(M.EQ.5) GO TO 9	00027440
B(6)=R22*(S3+S4)	00027450
IF(M.EQ.6) GO TO 9	00027460
S7=C*S3-B(1)/X+PI4*S4+S7	00027470
S8=C*S4-B(2)/X-PI4*S3+S8	00027480
B(7)=R22*(S7-S8)	00027490
IF(M.EQ.7) GO TO 9	00027500
B(8)=R22*(S7+S8)	00027510
9 RETURN	00027520
C--GENERAL ASYMPTOTIC FORM FOR NU=0,1:	00027530
8 NU=0	00027540
X2=R22*X	00027550
X8=8.0D0*X	00027560
SX=DSQRT(X)	00027570
EX2=DEXP(-X2)	00027580
C1=1.253314137315500D0*EX2/SX	00027590
C2=1.0D0/(2.506628274631001D0*SX*EX2+1.0D-38)	00027600
MAXK=30	00027610
IF(X.LT.15.0D0) MAXK=X+X	00027620
1 XNU=NU	00027630
XMU=4.0D0*XNU	00027640
ALP=X2+PI4*(XNU+XNU-0.5D0)	00027650
BETA=ALP+PI4	00027660
CB=DCOS(BETA)	00027670
CA=DCOS(ALP)	00027680
SB=DSIN(BETA)	00027690
SA=DSIN(ALP)	00027700
N4=4*NU	00027710
FM=0.0D0	00027720
FP=0.0D0	00027730
GM=0.0D0	00027740
GP=0.0D0	00027750
TM=1.0D0	00027760
TP=1.0D0	00027770
K=1	00027780
2 TK=K	00027790
T=(XMU-(TK+TK-1.0D0)**2)/(TK*X8)	00027800
TPL=DABS(TP)	00027810

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TP=-TP*T                                00027820
IF(DABS(TP).GT.TPL) GO TO 21             00027830
TM=TM*T                                  00027840
N=MOD(K,8)                               00027850
IF(N.EQ.0) N=8                           00027860
T1=TP*CN(N)                              00027870
FP=FP+T1                                  00027880
T2=TM*CN(N)                              00027890
FM=FM+T2                                  00027900
T3=TP*SN(N)                              00027910
GP=GP+T3                                  00027920
T4=TM*SN(N)                              00027930
GM=GM+T4                                  00027940
K=K+1                                     00027950
IF(K.GT.MAXK) GO TO 3                    00027960
GO TO 2                                   00027970
21 FP=FP-T1                               00027980
FM=FM-T2                                  00027990
GP=GP-T3                                  00028000
GM=GM-T4                                  00028010
3 FP=FP+1.0D0                             00028020
FM=FM+1.0D0                             00028030
B(N4+4)=C1*(-FM*SB-GM*CB)                 00028040
B(N4+3)=C1*(FM*CB-GM*SB)                 00028050
B(N4+2)=C2*(FP*SA-GP*CA)+PI1*B(N4+3)     00028060
B(N4+1)=C2*(FP*CA+GP*SA)-PI1*B(N4+4)     00028070
IF(NU.EQ.1.OR.M.LE.4) GO TO 9            00028080
NU=1                                       00028090
GO TO 1                                   00028100
END                                        00028110

SUBROUTINE IK1(B8,I1K1)                   00028120
C--COMPUTE MODIFIED BESSEL FUNCTION PRODUCT I1*K1 FOR 00028130
C PARAMETERS                               00028140
C B8 = DOUBLE PRECISION ARGUMENT (=B/DSQRT(2.0D0) HERE) 00028150
C I1K1 = I1*K1 COMPLEX RESULT             00028160
C                                           00028170
C--SUBR KELVIN CALLED AND D.P. USED BEFORE CMPLX"ING 00028180
C                                           00028190
COMPLEX I1K1,Z,Z2,TERM1                   00028200
DOUBLE PRECISION B8,BB(8),Q1,Q2           00028210
IF(B8.GT.20.0D0) GO TO 1                   00028220
CALL KELVIN(B8,8,BB)                       00028230
Q1=-BB(6)*BB(8)+BB(5)*BB(7)               00028240
Q2= BB(5)*BB(8)+BB(6)*BB(7)               00028250
I1K1=CMPLX(SNGL(Q1),SNGL(Q2))              00028260
RETURN                                     00028270
1 B=0.70710678*SNGL(B8)                   00028280
Z=CMPLX(B,B)                              00028290
K=-1                                       00028300
Z2=4.*Z*Z                                 00028310
TERM1=CMPLX(1.0,0.0)                     00028320

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I1K1=TERM1                                00028330
2 K=K+2                                    00028340
COM=-K/(Z2*(K+1))                          00028350
TERM1=TERM1*COM*(4.-K*K)                   00028360
I1K1=I1K1+TERM1                           00028370
IF(CABS(TERM1)/CABS(I1K1).GT.1.E-6) GO TO 2 00028380
I1K1=I1K1/(2.*Z)                          00028390
RETURN                                     00028400
END                                         00028410

SUBROUTINE IKS(B8,I1K1,IKDIF)               00028420
C--COMPUTE MODIFIED BESSEL FUNCTION (I & K) SPECIAL COMBINATIONS FOR 00028430
C PARAMETERS                               00028440
C B8 = DOUBLE PRECISION ARGUMENT (=B/DSQRT(2.DO) HERE) 00028450
C I1K1 = I1*K1 COMPLEX RESULT              00028460
C IKDIF = 4*I1*K1-(B8*DSQRT(I))*(I0*K1-I1*K0) COMPLEX RESULT DONE IN 00028470
C DP BEFORE CMPLX"ING.                     00028480
C--SUBROUTINE KELVIN CALLED                 00028490
C                                           00028500
DOUBLE PRECISION B8,BB(8),BETA,Q1,Q2,R1,R2 00028510
COMPLEX I1K1,IKDIF,CAMBDA,DENOM,DENOM1,TERMO,TERM1,TERM11 00028520
COMPLEX S11,S10,S11,SK0,SK1,ONE            00028530
DATA ONE/(1.0,0.0)/                        00028540
IF(B8.GT.20.DO) GO TO 10                    00028550
CALL KELVIN(B8,8,BB)                        00028560
Q1=-BB(6)*BB(8)+BB(5)*BB(7)                00028570
Q2= BB(5)*BB(8)+BB(6)*BB(7)                00028580
I1K1=CMPLX(SNGL(Q1),SNGL(Q2))               00028590
R1=-BB(1)*BB(8)-BB(2)*BB(7) -              00028600
& BB(6)*BB(3)-BB(5)*BB(4)                 00028610
R2=-BB(2)*BB(8)+BB(1)*BB(7) +              00028620
& BB(5)*BB(3)-BB(6)*BB(4)                 00028630
BETA=.7071067811865475D0*B8                 00028640
Q1=4.0D0*Q1-BETA*(R1-R2)                   00028650
Q2=4.0D0*Q2-BETA*(R1+R2)                   00028660
IKDIF=CMPLX(SNGL(Q1),SNGL(Q2))             00028670
RETURN                                     00028680
10 B=SNGL(B8/0.7071067811865475D0)          00028690
TOL=1.E-6                                  00028700
C--FOR LARGE ARGUMENTS, USE ABRAMOWITZ AND STEGUN 00028710
C ASYMPTOTIC FORMULAS FOR LARGE ARGUMENTS 00028720
C 9.7.1 THROUGH 9.7.5, P. 377-378.         00028730
CAMBDA=B*CMPLX(1.0,1.0)/2.                00028740
IKDIF=CMPLX(100.,0.)                      00028750
ISIGN=1                                    00028760
DENOM=8.*CAMBDA                            00028770
DENOM1=(2.*CAMBDA)**2                      00028780
NODD=1                                      00028790
TERMO=ONE                                  00028800
TERM1=ONE                                  00028810
TERM11=ONE                                 00028820
S11=ONE                                    00028830

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SIO=ONE                                00028840
SI1=ONE                                00028850
SK0=ONE                                00028860
SK1=ONE                                00028870
1 NODD2=NODD*NODD                      00028880
OIKDIF=CABS(IKDIF)                     00028890
TERM1=TERM1*CMPLX(4.-NODD2,0.)/DENOM    00028900
TERMO=TERMO*CMPLX(-FLOAT(NODD2),0.)/DENOM 00028910
TERM11=TERM11*CMPLX(NODD*(4.-NODD2)/(NODD+1),0.)/DENOM1 00028920
ISIGN=-ISIGN                           00028930
S11=S11+ISIGN*TERM11                   00028940
SIO=SIO+ISIGN*TERMO                     00028950
SI1=SI1+ISIGN*TERM1                     00028960
SK0=SK0+TERMO                           00028970
SK1=SK1+TERM1                           00028980
IKDIF=SIO*SK1-SK0*SI1                  00028990
NODD=NODD 2                             00029000
IF(ABS(OIKDIF-CABS(IKDIF)).GT.TOL) GO TO 1 00029010
I1K1=S11/(CAMBDA*CMPLX(2.,0.))          00029020
IKDIF=CMPLX(4.,0.)*I1K1-IKDIF/CMPLX(2.,0.) 00029030
RETURN                                  00029040
END                                      00029050

SUBROUTINE BESSIK(B,ZBES)               00029060
C--SPECIAL MODIFIED BESSEL FUNCTIONS IO,I1,K0,K1 PRODUCTS 00029070
C ARGUMENT B=RHO/DEL AND WHERE OUTPUT ARRAY ZBES IS      00029080
C   ZBES(1) = IO*K0                                       00029090
C   ZBES(2) = I1*K1                                       00029100
C   ZBES(3) = IO*K1                                       00029110
C   ZBES(4) = I1*K0                                       00029120
C   ZBES(5) = 4.*I1*K1-B*CMPLX(.5,.5)*(IO*K1-I1*K0)     00029130
C                                                         00029140
C--SUBROUTINE IKSALL CALLED.                00029150
C                                             00029160
REAL*8 BB                                00029170
COMPLEX ZBES(5)                          00029180
BB=.7071067811865475D0*DBLE(B)           00029190
CALL IKSALL(BB,ZBES(1),ZBES(2),ZBES(3),ZBES(4),ZBES(5)) 00029200
RETURN                                    00029210
END                                        00029220

SUBROUTINE IKSALL(B8,IOK0,I1K1,IOK1,I1K0,IKDIF) 00029230
C--COMPUTE MODIFIED BESSEL FUNCTION (I & K) PRODUCT COMBINATIONS FOR 00029240
C PARAMETERS                                             00029250
C   B8      = DOUBLE PRECISION ARGUMENT (=B/DSQRT(2.D0) HERE) 00029260
C   IOK0    = IO*K0 COMPLEX RESULT                     00029270
C   I1K1    = I1*K1 COMPLEX RESULT                     00029280
C   IOK1    = IO*K1 COMPLEX RESULT                     00029290
C   I1K0    = I1*K0 COMPLEX RESULT                     00029300
C   IKDIF   = 4*I1*K1-(B8*DSQRT(I))*(IO*K1-I1*K0) COMPLEX RESULT DONE IN 00029310
C             DP BEFORE CMPLX"ING.                     00029320
C--SUBROUTINE KELVIN CALLED                      00029330

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C

DOUBLE PRECISION B8,BB(8),BETA,P1,P2,Q1,Q2,R1,R2	00029340
COMPLEX IOK0,I1K1,IOK1,I1K0,IKDIF	00029350
COMPLEX CAMBDA,DENOM,DENOM1,TERMO,TERM1,TERM11,TERMOO	00029360
COMPLEX S00,S11,SIO,SI1,SK0,SK1,ONE	00029370
DATA ONE/(1.0,0.0)/	00029380
IF(B8.GT.10D0) GO TO 10	00029390
CALL KELVIN(B8,8,BB)	00029400
P1=-BB(6)*BB(8)+BB(5)*BB(7)	00029410
P2= BB(5)*BB(8)+BB(6)*BB(7)	00029420
I1K1=CMPLX(SNGL(P1),SNGL(P2))	00029430
Q1=-BB(1)*BB(8)-BB(2)*BB(7)	00029440
Q2=BB(1)*BB(7)-BB(2)*BB(8)	00029450
IOK1=CMPLX(SNGL(Q1),SNGL(Q2))	00029460
R1=BB(1)*BB(3)-BB(2)*BB(4)	00029470
R2=BB(2)*BB(3)+BB(1)*BB(4)	00029480
IOK0=CMPLX(SNGL(R1),SNGL(R2))	00029490
R1=BB(6)*BB(3)+BB(5)*BB(4)	00029500
R2=BB(6)*BB(4)-BB(5)*BB(3)	00029510
I1K0=CMPLX(SNGL(R1),SNGL(R2))	00029520
R1=Q1-R1	00029530
R2=Q2-R2	00029540
BETA=.7071067811865475D0*B8	00029550
Q1=4.0D0*P1-BETA*(R1-R2)	00029560
Q2=4.0D0*P2-BETA*(R1+R2)	00029570
IKDIF=CMPLX(SNGL(Q1),SNGL(Q2))	00029580
RETURN	00029590
10 B=SNGL(B8/0.7071067811865475D0)	00029600
TOL=1.E-6	00029610
C--FOR LARGE ARGUMENTS, USE ABRAMOWITZ AND STEGUN	00029620
C ASYMPTOTIC FORMULAS FOR LARGE ARGUMENTS	00029630
C 9.7.1 THROUGH 9.7.5, P. 377-378.	00029640
C CAMBDA=B*CMPLX(1.0,1.0)/2.	00029650
IKDIF=CMPLX(100.,0.)	00029660
ISIGN=1	00029670
DENOM=8.*CAMBDA	00029680
DENOM1=(2.*CAMBDA)**2	00029690
NODD=1	00029700
TERMO=ONE	00029710
TERM1=ONE	00029720
TERM11=ONE	00029730
TERMOO=ONE	00029740
S00=ONE	00029750
S11=ONE	00029760
SIO=ONE	00029770
SI1=ONE	00029780
SK0=ONE	00029790
SK1=ONE	00029800
1 NODD2=NODD*NODD	00029810
OIKDIF=CABS(IKDIF)	00029820
TERM1=TERM1*CMPLX(4.-NODD2,0.)/DENOM	00029830
TERMO=TERMO*CMPLX(-FLOAT(NODD2),0.)/DENOM	00029840
	00029850

```

TERM11=TERM11*CMPLX(NODD*(4.-NODD2)/(NODD+1.),0.)/DENOM1      00029860
TERMOO=TERMOO*CMPLX(-FLOAT(NODD*NODD2)/(NODD+1.),0.)/DENOM1  00029870
ISIGN=-ISIGN                                                    00029880
S11=S11+ISIGN*TERM11                                           00029890
S00=S00+ISIGN*TERMOO                                           00029900
SIO=SIO+ISIGN*TERMO                                             00029910
SI1=SI1+ISIGN*TERM1                                             00029920
SK0=SK0+TERMO                                                   00029930
SK1=SK1+TERM1                                                   00029940
IKDIF=SIO*SK1-SK0*SI1                                           00029950
NODD=NODD+2                                                     00029960
IF(ABS(OIKDIF-CABS(IKDIF)).GT.TOL) GO TO 1                     00029970
DENOM1=ONE/(CAMBDA*CMPLX(2.0,0.0))                             00029980
I0K0=S00*DENOM1                                                 00029990
I1K1=S11*DENOM1                                                 00030000
I0K1=SIO*SK1*DENOM1                                             00030010
I1K0=SI1*I0K0*DENOM1                                           00030020
IKDIF=CMPLX(4.,0.)*I1K1-IKDIF/CMPLX(2.,0.)                   00030030
RETURN                                                           00030040
END                                                             00030050

```

```

SUBROUTINE FINF3(B1,B2,F31,F32)                                00030060
C--FINF3 FOR MARQHXY (USES ZHANKS)                             00030070
COMMON/FINERR/TOL,T,IT,N,NEV,MEV,ES,LW                        00030080
COMPLEX F31,F32,ZHANKS,ES                                     00030090
EXTERNAL F3                                                    00030100
F31=ZHANKS(1,B1,F3,TOL,LW,1)                                  00030110
IF(B1.EQ.B2) GO TO 10                                          00030120
F32=ZHANKS(1,B2,F3,TOL,LW,1)                                  00030130
RETURN                                                         00030140
10 F32=F31                                                     00030150
RETURN                                                         00030160
END                                                             00030170

```

```

COMPLEX FUNCTION HX03(X)                                       00030180
C-- HX COMPONENT*4PI FOR GROUND CASE                           00030190
C PARAMETER X= REAL*4 ARGUMENT..NOTE--X-XX DISPLACEMENT USED IN 00030200
C RHO IF L.GT.0 ELSE (L=0) X IS DUMMY PARM AND WHERE RHO IS GIVEN IN 00030210
C COMMON/SHARE/--PLUS OTHER PARAMETERS IN COMMON/MODEL/ AND /CTL/ 00030220
C                                                                    00030230
REAL L,K(10),D(9)                                             00030240
COMPLEX F3,F4,ZHANKS,ZFLD,ZI1,ZI2,TWO,                       00030250
1 ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19),ZBES(5)                                   00030260
COMMON/MODEL/K,D,M                                             00030270
COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,XX,YY,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,B,       00030280
1 L,DEL,DEL2,IRES(3)                                          00030290
COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD,                      00030300
1 AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP,                         00030310
2 EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IER,IERR,MEV,IIOB         00030320
EXTERNAL F3,F4                                                 00030330
DATA TWO/(2.0,0.0)/                                           00030340
IF(YY.EQ.0.0) GO TO 80                                         00030350

```

IF(L.EQ.0.0) GO TO 10	00030360
XD=X-XX	00030370
CALL SETRHO(X)	00030380
C2=XD*YY/(DELRHO**2)	00030390
IF(C2.EQ.0.0) GO TO 80	00030400
10 IF(IOB.LT.5.OR.L.GT.0.0) GO TO 20	00030410
C--CHECK FOR HX,HY SAVINGS--	00030420
IF(LCOMP.NE.0.AND.(LCOMP.NE.ICOMP)) GO TO 30	00030430
20 CALL BESSIK(B,ZBES)	00030440
30 HX03=CMPLX(2.*C2/B**2,0.0)*ZBES(5)	00030450
IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 70	00030460
IF(IOB.LT.5.OR.L.GT.0.0) GO TO 50	00030470
C--CHECK FOR HX,HY SAVINGS--	00030480
IF(LCOMP.NE.0.AND.(LCOMP.NE.ICOMP).AND.C3.NE.0..AND.C4.NE.0.)	00030490
1 GO TO 60	00030500
50 ZI1=ZHANKS(1,B,F3,EPS,LL,1)	00030510
CALL MODI Y(1)	00030520
ZI2=ZHANKS(0,B,F4,EPS,LL,0)	00030530
IF(L.EQ.0.0) CALL SWAP(1)	00030540
60 HX03=C2*(CMPLX(4./B,0.0)*ZI1-TWO*ZI2)+HX03	00030550
70 RETURN	00030560
80 HX03=(0.0,0.0)	00030570
GO TO 70	00030580
END	00030590
COMPLEX FUNCTION HY03(X)	00030600
C-- HY COMPONENT*4PI FOR GROUND CASE	00030610
C PARAMETER X= REAL*4 ARGUMENT..NOTE--X-XX DISPLACEMENT USED IN	00030620
C RHO IF L.GT.0 ELSE (L=0) X IS DUMMY PARM AND WHERE RHO IS GIVEN IN	00030630
C COMMON/SHARE/--PLUS OTHER PARAMETERS IS COMMON/MODEL/ AND /CTL/	00030640
C	00030650
REAL L,K(10),D(9)	00030660
COMPLEX F3,F4,ZHANKS,ZFLD,ZI1,ZI2,YR2,ONE,FOUR,	00030670
1 ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19),ZBES(5)	00030680
COMMON/MODEL/K,D,M	00030690
COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,XX,YY,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,B,	00030700
1 L,DEL,DEL2,IRES(3)	00030710
COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD,	00030720
1 AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP,	00030730
2 EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IER,IERR,MEV,IIOB	00030740
EXTERNAL F3,F4	00030750
DATA ONE,FOUR/(1.0,0.0),(4.0,0.0)/	00030760
IF(L.EQ.0.0) GO TO 10	00030770
XD=X-XX	00030780
CALL SETRHO(X)	00030790
XR2=XD*XD/RHO2	00030800
C3=2.*(XR2-1.)/DEL2	00030810
C4=2.*(1.-2.*XR2)/DELRHO	00030820
10 IF(IOB.LT.5.OR.L.GT.0.0) GO TO 20	00030830
C--CHECK FOR HX,HY SAVINGS--	00030840
IF(LCOMP.NE.0.AND.(LCOMP.NE.ICOMP)) GO TO 30	00030850
20 CALL BESSIK(B,ZBES)	00030860

```

30 YR2=YY2/RHO2                                00030870
   HY03=CMPLX(2./RHO2,0.0)*((FOUR*YR2-ONE)*ZBES(2)- 00030880
   & YR2*(FOUR*ZBES(2)-ZBES(5)))                00030890
   IF(M.EQ.1) GO TO 70                          00030900
   IF(IOB.LT.5.OR.L.GT.0.0) GO TO 50            00030910
C--CHECK FOR HX,HY SAVINGS--                    00030920
   IF(LCOMP.NE.0.AND.(LCOMP.NE.ICOMP).AND.C2.NE.0.) GO TO 60 00030930
50 IF(C4.NE.0.0) ZI1=ZHANKS(1,B,F3,EPS,LL,1)    00030940
   IF(C3.EQ.0.0) GO TO 60                      00030950
   IF(C4.NE.0.0) GO TO 55                      00030960
   ZI2=ZHANKS(0,B,F4,EPS,LL,1)                 00030970
   GO TO 56                                    00030980
55 CALL MODIFY(1)                              00030990
   ZI2=ZHANKS(0,B,F4,EPS,LL,0)                 00031000
56 IF(L.EQ.0.0) CALL SWAP(1)                   00031010
60 HY03=C3*ZI2+C4*ZI1+HY03                     00031020
70 RETURN                                       00031030
   END                                           00031040

```

COMPLEX FUNCTION F3PJ(G)

```

C--PARTIAL F3 W/R P(JJ),JJ=1,2*MM-1 WHERE      00031050
C JJ IS SPECIFIED IN COMMON/PART/JJ             00031060
C                                                 00031070
C                                                 00031080
   COMPLEX V1,F1,C,ZFLD,PF1,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19),ZBES(5) 00031090
   COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,XX,YY,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,BB,    00031100
1DUM1,DEL,DEL2,IREST(3)                                     00031110
   COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD,                   00031120
1 AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP,                       00031130
2 EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IER,IERR,MEV,IIOB        00031140
   COMMON/PART/JJ,ISEP                                       00031150
   CALL RECURF(G,DEL,SIG1,V1,F1,PF1,JJ)                     00031160
   C=G                                                         00031170
   F3PJ=-PF1*(C*V1)/(C+V1*F1)**2                             00031180
   RETURN                                                       00031190
   END                                                         00031200

```

COMPLEX FUNCTION F4PJ(G)

```

C--PARTIAL F4 W/R P(JJ) VIA F3PJ(G)             00031210
C                                                 00031220
C                                                 00031230
   COMPLEX F3PJ                                              00031240
   F4PJ=G*F3PJ(G)                                           00031250
   RETURN                                                     00031260
   END                                                         00031270

```

COMPLEX FUNCTION PHXPJ(X)

```

C--PARTIAL OF HX (DIPOLE FUNCTION) W/R P(J),J=JTH PARM IN (1,2*MM-1) 00031280
C X IS DUMMY (IF L=0) ELSE X-XX USED IN RHO,ETC (IF L.NE.0)        00031290
C (OTHER PARMS ASSUMED SET IN COMMON S)                          00031300
C                                                                    00031310
C                                                                    00031320
   REAL K(10),D(9),L                                           00031330
   COMPLEX F3PJ,F4PJ,ZHANKS,ZFLD,ZERO,TWO,FOUR,                00031340
1 ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19),ZBES(5),ZLAM                     00031350

```

```

EXTERNAL F3PJ,F4PJ,GF4                                00031360
COMMON/MODEL/K,D,MM                                    00031370
COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,XX,YY,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,BB, 00031380
1 L,DEL,DEL2,IREST(3)                                  00031390
COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD,              00031400
1 AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP,                 00031410
2 EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IER,IERR,MEV,IIOB  00031420
COMMON/PART/J,ISEP                                    00031430
DATA ZERO,TWO,FOUR/(0.0,0.0),(2.0,0.0),(4.0,0.0)/    00031440
IF(L.EQ.0.0) GO TO 10                                  00031450
XD=X-XX                                                00031460
CALL SETRHO(X)                                         00031470
C2=XD*YY/(DELRHO**2)                                  00031480
IF(C2.EQ.0.0) GO TO 110                               00031490
10 IF(J.GT.1) GO TO 60                                00031500
C--GET PARTIAL W/R SIG1 (SPECIAL CASE J=1 AND SIG1 NOT HELD FIXED). 00031510
ZI1P(1)=Z RO                                          00031520
ZI2P(1)=ZERO                                          00031530
IF(MM.EQ.1) GO TO 30                                  00031540
IF(L.GT.0.0) GO TO 11                                 00031550
CALL SWAP(-1)                                         00031560
CALL MODIFY(1)                                         00031570
ZI1P(1)=CMPLX(BB/SIG1,0.0)*ZHANKS(1,BB,GF4,EPS,LL,0) 00031580
GO TO 12                                              00031590
11 ZI1P(1)=CMPLX(BB/SIG1,0.0)*ZHANKS(1,BB,GF4,EPS,LL,1) 00031600
12 ZI1P(1)=CMPLX(4./BB,0.0)*ZHANKS(1,BB,F3PJ,EPS,LL,1)+ZI1P(1) 00031610
CALL MODIFY(1)                                         00031620
ZI2P(1)=-TWO*ZHANKS(0,BB,F4PJ,EPS,LL,0)             00031630
30 IF(IOB.LT.5.OR.L.GT.0.0) GO TO 40                 00031640
C--CHECK FOR HX,HY SAVINGS--                          00031650
IF(LCOMP.NE.0.AND.(LCOMP.NE.ICOMP)) GO TO 50         00031660
40 CALL BESSIK(BB,ZBES)                               00031670
50 ZLAM=0.5*CMPLX(BB,BB)                              00031680
PHXPJ=-(FOUR+ZLAM*ZLAM)*ZBES(2)-ZLAM*                00031690
& (TWO*(ZBES(4)-ZBES(3))-ZLAM*ZBES(1))              00031700
PHXPJ=C2*(ZI1P(1)+ZI2P(1)+CMPLX(2./(SIG1*BB*BB),0.0)*PHXPJ) 00031710
GO TO 100                                             00031720
60 IF(IOB.LT.5.OR.L.GT.0.0) GO TO 70                 00031730
C--CHECK FOR HX,HY SAVINGS--                          00031740
IF(LCOMP.NE.0.AND.LCOMP.NE.ICOMP.AND.C3.NE.0.AND.C4.NE.0.) 00031750
1 GO TO 90                                            00031760
70 ZI1P(J)=ZHANKS(1,BB,F3PJ,EPS,LL,1)                00031770
CALL MODIFY(1)                                         00031780
ZI2P(J)=ZHANKS(0,BB,F4PJ,EPS,LL,0)                  00031790
90 PHXPJ=C2*(FOUR*ZI1P(J)/BB-TWO*ZI2P(J))            00031800
100 RETURN                                            00031810
110 PHXPJ=(0.0,0.0)                                  00031820
GO TO 100                                             00031830
END                                                    00031840

COMPLEX FUNCTION PHYPJ(X)                              00031850
C--PARTIAL OF HY (DIPOLE FUNCTION) W/R P(J),J=JTH PARM IN (1,2*MM-1) 00031860

```

C	X IS DUMMY (IF L=0) ELSE X-XX USED IN RHO,ETC (IF L.NE.0)	00031870
C	(OTHER PARMS ASSUMED SET IN COMMON S)	00031880
C		00031890
	REAL K(10),D(9),L	00031900
	COMPLEX F3PJ,F4PJ,ZHANKS,ZFLD,	00031910
1	ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19),ZBES(5),ZLAM,ZERO,TWO,A3,A4	00031920
	EXTERNAL F3PJ,F4PJ,GF4,F4	00031930
	COMMON/MODEL/K,D,MM	00031940
	COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,XX,YY,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,BB,	00031950
1	L,DEL,DEL2,IREST(3)	00031960
	COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD,	00031970
1	AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP,	00031980
2	EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IER,IERR,MEV,IIOB	00031990
	COMMON/PART/J,ISEP	00032000
	DATA ZERO,TWO/(0.0,0.0),(2.0,0.0)/	00032010
	IF(L.EQ.0.0) GO TO 10	00032020
	XD=X-XX	00032030
	CALL SETRHO(X)	00032040
	XR2=XD*XD/RHO2	00032050
	C3=2.*(XR2-1.)/DEL2	00032060
	C4=2.*(1.-2.*XR2)/DELRHO	00032070
10	IF(J.GT.1) GO TO 60	00032080
C--	GET PARTIAL W/R SIG1 (J=1 AND SIG1 NOT HELD FIXED)	00032090
	ZI1P(1)=ZERO	00032100
	ZI2P(1)=ZERO	00032110
	IF(MM.EQ.1) GO TO 30	00032120
	A1=0.5*DEL2*C3	00032130
	A2=0.5*DELRHO*C4	00032140
	IF(L.GT.0.0) ZI2=ZHANKS(0,BB,F4,EPS,LL,1)	00032150
	IF(L.EQ.0.0) CALL SWAP(-1)	00032160
	CALL MODIFY(1)	00032170
	ZI1P(1)=CMPLX(-A1*BB/SIG1,0.0)*ZHANKS(1,BB,GF4,EPS,LL,0)+	00032180
&	CMPLX(2.*(A1/SIG1+A2*DEL*BB/RHO),0.0)*ZI2	00032190
	ZI2P(1)=CMPLX(2.*A2*DEL/RHO,0.0)*ZHANKS(1,BB,F3PJ,EPS,LL,1)	00032200
	CALL MODIFY(1)	00032210
	ZI2P(1)=CMPLX(2.*A1,0.0)*ZHANKS(0,BB,F4PJ,EPS,LL,0)+ZI2P(1)	00032220
30	IF(IOB.LT.5.OR.L.GT.0.0) GO TO 40	00032230
C--	CHECK FOR HX,HY SAVINGS--	00032240
	IF(LCOMP.NE.0.AND.LCOMP.NE.ICOMP) GO TO 50	00032250
40	CALL BESSIK(BB,ZBES)	00032260
50	ZLAM=0.5*CMPLX(BB,BB)	00032270
	A4=2.*YY2/RHO2	00032280
	A3=2.*A4-1.	00032290
	PHYPJ=(-TWO*A3*ZBES(2)-ZLAM*(A3*(ZBES(4)-ZBES(3))+A4*ZLAM*	00032300
&	(-ZBES(1)+ZBES(2)))/CMPLX(SIG1*RHO2,0.0)	00032310
	PHYPJ=(ZI1P(1)+ZI2P(1))/DEL2+PHYPJ	00032320
	GO TO 100	00032330
60	IF(IOB.LT.5.OR.L.GT.0.0) GO TO 70	00032340
C--	CHECK FOR HX,HY SAVINGS--	00032350
	IF(LCOMP.NE.0.AND.LCOMP.NE.ICOMP.AND.C2.NE.0.) GO TO 90	00032360
70	IF(C4.NE.0.0) ZI1P(J)=ZHANKS(1,BB,F3PJ,EPS,LL,1)	00032370
	IF(C3.EQ.0.0) GO TO 90	00032380

```

      IF(C4.NE.0.0) GO TO 75
      ZI2P(J)=ZHANKS(0,BB,F4PJ,EPS,LL,1)
      GO TO 90
75  CALL MODIFY(1)
      ZI2P(J)=ZHANKS(0,BB,F4PJ,EPS,LL,0)
90  PHYPJ=C3*ZI2P(J)+C4*ZI1P(J)
100 RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE PRMHXY

C--PRIMARY HXP AND HYP-FIELDS,YY2,RHO,ETC FOR GIVEN X0,Y0, WHERE
C ALL PARAMETERS (IN AND OUT) ARE STORED IN COMMON BLOCKS...

```

C
      COMPLEX ZFLD,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19),ZBES(5)
      REAL L
      COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,X0,Y0,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,BB,
1  L,DEL,DEL2,IREST(3)
      COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD,
1  AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP,
2  EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IER,IERR,MEV,IIOB
      YY2=Y0*Y0
      CALL SETRHO(0.0)
      IF(L.GT.0.0) GO TO 20
      R1=1.0/(RHO2*RHO2)
      HXP=2.0*X0*Y0*R1
      HYP=-R1*(X0*X0-YY2)
10  RETURN
20  T1=X0-L
      T2=X0+L
      R1=1.0/(T1*T1+YY2)
      R2=1.0/(T2*T2+YY2)
      HXP=Y0*(R1-R2)
      HYP=-(T1*R1-T2*R2)
      GO TO 10
      END

```

SUBROUTINE MODIFY(N)

C--UTILITY TO MODIFY COMMON/SAVE/ AS FOLLOWS:

C N >0 TO REPLACE FSAVE(I)=FSAVE(I)*(GSAVE(I)**N), I=1,NSAVE.
C N <0 TO REPLACE FSAVE(I)=FSAVE(I)/(GSAVE(I)**IABS(N)), I=1,NSAVE.
C--THIS MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH SUBPROGRAM 'ZHANKS' TO
C MODIFY SAVED KERNELS WHEN USING NEW=0 (SEE ZHANKS).

```

C
      COMPLEX FSAVE
      COMMON/SAVE/FSAVE(283),GSAVE(283),NSAVE
      IF(N) 5,9,1
1  IF(N.GT.1) GO TO 3
      DO 2 I=1,NSAVE
2  FSAVE(I)=FSAVE(I)*CMPLX(GSAVE(I),0.0)
      GO TO 9
3  DO 4 I=1,NSAVE
4  FSAVE(I)=FSAVE(I)*CMPLX(GSAVE(I)**N,0.0)

```



```

5      GO TO 9                                00032890
      IF(N.LT.-1) GO TO 3                    00032900
      DO 6 I=1,NSAVE                        00032910
6      FSAVE(I)=FSAVE(I)/CMPLX(GSAVE(I),0.0) 00032920
9      RETURN                                00032930
      END                                    00032940

      SUBROUTINE SWAP(ICODE)                  00032950
C--UTILITY TO SWAP COMMON/SAVE/ AS FOLLOWS: 00032960
C  ICODE =1 TO SWAP COMMON/SAVE/ TO INTERNAL TEMP STORAGE. 00032970
C      =-1 TO RESWAP INTERNAL TEMP STORAGE TO COMMON/SAVE/. 00032980
C                                          00032990
C--THIS MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH SUBPROGRAM 'ZHANKS' TO USE 00033000
C DIFFERENT CLASSES OF INTEGRALS. ALSO, SEE THE UTILITY 00033010
C SUBROUTINE 'MODIFY'.                     00033020
C                                          00033030
      COMPLEX FSAVE,FSWAP                    00033040
      DIMENSION FSWAP(283),GSWAP(283)        00033050
      COMMON/SAVE/FSAVE(283),GSAVE(283),NSAVE 00033060
      IF(ICODE) 3,1,1                       00033070
1      DO 2 I=1,NSAVE                       00033080
      FSWAP(I)=FSAVE(I)                     00033090
2      GSWAP(I)=GSAVE(I)                     00033100
      NSWAP=NSAVE                           00033110
      RETURN                                00033120
3      DO 4 I=1,NSWAP                       00033130
      FSAVE(I)=FSWAP(I)                     00033140
4      GSAVE(I)=GSWAP(I)                     00033150
      NSWAP=NSWAP                           00033160
      RETURN                                00033170
      END                                    00033180

      COMPLEX FUNCTION ZHANKS(N,B,FUN,TOL,NF,NEW) 00033190
C=====00033200
C  COMPLEX HANKEL TRANSFORMS OF ORDER 0 OR 1 FOR RELATED (SAVED) KERNELS 00033210
C  AND FIXED TRANSFORM ARGUMENT B.GT.0.      00033220
C                                          00033230
C--REF: ANDERSON, W.L., 1979, GEOPHYSICS, VOL. 44, NO. 7, P. 1287-1305. 00033240
C                                          00033250
C--SUBPROGRAM ZHANKS EVALUATES THE INTEGRAL FROM 0 TO INFINITY OF 00033260
C  FUN(G)*JN(G*B)*DG, DEFINED AS THE COMPLEX HANKEL TRANSFORM OF 00033270
C  ORDER N (=0 OR 1) AND TRANSFORM ARGUMENT B.GT.0. THE METHOD IS BY 00033280
C  ADAPTIVE DIGITAL FILTERING OF THE COMPLEX KERNEL FUNCTION FUN, 00033290
C  USING DIRECT AND/OR PREVIOUSLY SAVED KERNEL FUNCTION VALUES. 00033300
C                                          00033310
C--PARAMETERS (ALL INPUT, EXCEPT NF)      00033320
C                                          00033330
C  N      = ORDER (=0 OR 1) OF THE HANKEL TRANSFORM TO BE EVALUATED. 00033340
C  B      = REAL TRANSFORM ARGUMENT B.GT.0.0 OF THE HANKEL TRANSFORM. 00033350
C          IF NEW=0, B IS ASSUMED EQUAL TO THE LAST B USED WHEN NEW=1 00033360
C          (SEE PARAMETER NEW AND SUBPROGRAM USAGE BELOW). 00033370
C  FUN(G)= EXTERNAL DECLARED COMPLEX FUNCTION NAME (USER SUPPLIED) 00033380

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C      OF A REAL ARGUMENT G.GT.0. THIS REFERENCE MUST BE SUPPLIED00033390
C      EVEN WHEN NEW=0, SINCE THE ADAPTIVE CONVOLUTION          00033400
C      MAY NEED SOME DIRECT FUNCTION CALLS (E.G. IF TOL REDUCED).00033410
C      IF PARAMETERS OTHER THAN G ARE REQUIRED IN FUN, USE COMMON00033420
C      IN THE CALLING PROGRAM AND IN SUBPROGRAM FUN. BOTH      00033430
C      REAL AND IMAGINARY PARTS OF THE COMPLEX FUNCTION FUN(G) 00033440
C      MUST BE CONTINUOUS BOUNDED FUNCTIONS FOR G.GT.0.0. FOR A 00033450
C      REAL FUNCTION F1(G), FUN=CMPLX(F1(G),0.0) MAY BE USED.   00033460
C      TWO INDEPENDENT REAL-FUNCTIONS F1(G),F2(G) MAY BE      00033470
C      INTEGRATED IN PARALLEL BY WRITING FUN=CMPLX(F1(G),F2(G)). 00033480
C      TOL      = REQUESTED REAL TRUNCATION TOLERANCE ACCEPTED AT THE FILTER00033490
C      TAILS FOR ADAPTIVE FILTERING. A TRUNCATION CRITERION IS 00033500
C      DEFINED DURING CONVOLUTION IN A FIXED ABSCISSA RANGE AS 00033510
C      THE MAX. ABSOLUTE CONVOLVED PRODUCT TIMES TOL. TYPICALLY,00033520
C      TOL.LE.0.00001 WOULD GIVE ABOUT .01 PER CENT ACCURACY 00033530
C      FOR WELL-BEHAVED KERNELS AND MODERATE VALUES OF B. FOR 00033540
C      VERY LARGE OR SMALL B, A VERY SMALL TOL SHOULD BE USED. 00033550
C      IN GENERAL, DECREASING THE TOLERANCE WOULD PRODUCE HIGHER 00033560
C      ACCURACY IN THE CONVOLUTION SINCE MORE FILTER WEIGHTS ARE 00033570
C      USED (UNLESS EXPONENT UNDERFLOWS OCCUR IN THE KERNEL    00033580
C      EVALUATION -- SEE NOTE (1) BELOW).                        00033590
C      FOR MAXIMUM ACCURACY POSSIBLE, TOL=0.0 MAY BE USED.     00033600
C      NF      = TOTAL NUMBER OF DIRECT FUN CALLS USED DURING CONVOLUTION 00033610
C      FOR ANY VALUE OF NEW (NF IS AN OUTPUT PARAMETER).       00033620
C      NF IS IN THE RANGE 21.LE.NF.LE.283 WHEN NEW=1. USUALLY, 00033630
C      NF IS MUCH LESS THAN 283 (OR 0) WHEN NEW=0.              00033640
C      NEW      =1 IS REQUIRED FOR THE VERY FIRST CALL TO ZHANKS, OR IF 00033650
C      FORCING DIRECT FUNCTION FUN(G) CALLS, E.G., IF USING    00033660
C      ZHANKS FOR UNRELATED KERNELS.                            00033670
C      NEW=1 INITIALIZES COMMON/SAVE/FSAVE(283),GSAVE(283),NSAVE 00033680
C      FOR NSAVE COMPLEX KERNEL VALUES IN FSAVE AND CORRESPONDING00033690
C      REAL ARGUMENTS IN GSAVE FOR THE GIVEN PARAMETER B.      00033700
C      NEW      =0 TO USE RELATED KERNELS (MODIFIED BY USER) CURRENTLY STORED00033710
C      IN COMMON/SAVE/. FUN IS CALLED ONLY IF REQUIRED          00033720
C      DURING THE CONVOLUTION. ADDITIONAL FUNCTION VALUES WHEN 00033730
C      NEEDED ARE AUTOMATICALLY ADDED TO THE COMMON/SAVE/ BLOCK. 00033740
C      00033750
C      ***** NOTE THAT IT IS THE USERS RESPONSIBILITY TO MODIFY THE 00033760
C      COMMON FSAVE() VALUES FOR NEW=0 CALLS, EXTERNALLY IN    00033770
C      THE USERS CALLING PROGRAM (SEE SUBPROGRAM USAGE BELOW). 00033780
C      00033790
C=====00033800
C--SUBPROGRAM USAGE-- ZHANKS IS CALLED AS FOLLOWS          00033810
C      ...                                                    00033820
C      COMPLEX Z1,Z2,ZHANKS,FSAVE                             00033830
C      COMMON/SAVE/FSAVE(283),GSAVE(283),NSAVE               00033840
C      EXTERNAL ZF1,ZF2                                       00033850
C      ...                                                    00033860
C      Z1=ZHANKS(N1,B,ZF1,TOL,NF1,1)                          00033870
C      DO 1 I=1,NSAVE                                         00033880
C      C--MODIFY FSAVE IN COMMON/SAVE/ TO OBTAIN RELATED ZF2 FROM ZF1. 00033890
C      C--E.G. FSAVE(I)=GSAVE(I)*FSAVE(I) -- FOR RELATION ZF2(G)=G*ZF1(G) 00033900

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C 1 CONTINUE                                00033910
C Z2=ZHANKS(N2,B,ZF2,TOL,NF2,0)           00033920
C ...                                       00033930
C END                                       00033940
C COMPLEX FUNCTION ZF1(G)                  00033950
C ...USER SUPPLIED CODE FOR DIRECT EVALUATION OF ZF1(G), G.GT.O. 00033960
C END                                       00033970
C COMPLEX FUNCTION ZF2(G)                  00033980
C ...USER SUPPLIED CODE FOR DIRECT EVALUATION OF ZF2(G), G.GT.O. 00033990
C END                                       00034000
C=====00034010
C--NOTES                                00034020
C (1). EXP-UNDERFLOW MAY OCCUR IN EXECUTING THIS SUBPROGRAM. 00034030
C THIS IS OK PROVIDED THE MACHINE SYSTEM CONDITIONALLY SETS 00034040
C EXP-UNDERFLOW TO 0.0.                   00034050
C (2). ANSI FORTRAN (AMERICAN STANDARD X3.9-1966) IS USED, EXCEPT 00034060
C DATA STATEMENTS MAY NEED TO BE CHANGED FOR SOME COMPILERS. 00034070
C TO CONVERT ZHANKS TO THE NEW AMERICAN STANDARD FORTRAN 00034080
C (X3.9-1978), ADD THE FOLLOWING DECLARATION TO THIS ROUTINE 00034090
C SAVE Y1,ISAVE                           00034100
C (3). THE FILTER ABSCISSA CORRESPONDING TO EACH FILTER WEIGHT 00034110
C IS GENERATED IN DOUBLE-PRECISION (TO REDUCE ROUND-OFF), 00034120
C BUT IS USED IN SINGLE-PRECISION IN FUNCTION FUN. 00034130
C (4). NO CHECKS ARE MADE ON CALLING PARAMETERS (TO SAVE TIME), 00034140
C HENCE UNPREDICTABLE RESULTS COULD OCCUR IF ZHANKS 00034150
C IS CALLED INCORRECTLY (OR IF FUN OR COMMON IS IN ERROR). 00034160
C=====00034170
C COMPLEX FUN,C,CMAX,FSAVE                00034180
C COMMON/SAVE/FSAVE(283),GSAVE(283),NSAVE 00034190
C DOUBLE PRECISION E,ER,Y1,Y             00034200
C DIMENSION T(2),TMAX(2)                 00034210
C DIMENSION WTO(283),WAO(76),WBO(76),WCO(76),WDO(55), 00034220
C * WT1(283),WA1(76),WB1(76),WC1(76),WD1(55) 00034230
C EQUIVALENCE (WTO(1),WAO(1)),(WTO(77),WBO(1)),(WTO(153),WCO(1)), 00034240
C * (WTO(229),WDO(1)),(WT1(1),WA1(1)),(WT1(77),WB1(1)), 00034250
C * (WT1(153),WC1(1)),(WT1(229),WD1(1)) 00034260
C EQUIVALENCE (C,T(1)),(CMAX,TMAX(1)) 00034270
C-----E=DEXP(.2D0), ER=1.0D0/E         00034280
C DATA E/1.221402758160169834 D0/,ER/.818730753077981859 D0/ 00034290
C--JO--TRANSFORM FILTER WEIGHT ARRAYS (EQUIVALENT TO WTO ARRAY) 00034300
C DATA WAO/                             00034310
C * 2.1969101E-11, 4.1201161E-09,-6.1322980E-09, 7.2479291E-09, 00034320
C *-7.9821627E-09, 8.5778983E-09,-9.1157294E-09, 9.6615250E-09, 00034330
C *-1.0207546E-08, 1.0796633E-08,-1.1393033E-08, 1.2049873E-08, 00034340
C *-1.2708789E-08, 1.3446466E-08,-1.4174300E-08, 1.5005577E-08, 00034350
C *-1.5807160E-08, 1.6747136E-08,-1.7625961E-08, 1.8693427E-08, 00034360
C *-1.9650840E-08, 2.0869789E-08,-2.1903555E-08, 2.3305308E-08, 00034370
C *-2.4407377E-08, 2.6033678E-08,-2.7186773E-08, 2.9094334E-08, 00034380
C *-3.0266804E-08, 3.2534013E-08,-3.3672072E-08, 3.6408936E-08, 00034390
C *-3.7425022E-08, 4.0787921E-08,-4.1543242E-08, 4.5756842E-08, 00034400
C *-4.6035233E-08, 5.1425075E-08,-5.0893896E-08, 5.7934897E-08, 00034410

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*-5.6086570E-08, 6.5475248E-08, -6.1539913E-08, 7.4301996E-08, 00034430
*-6.7117043E-08, 8.4767837E-08, -7.2583120E-08, 9.7366568E-08, 00034440
*-7.7553611E-08, 1.1279873E-07, -8.1416723E-08, 1.3206914E-07, 00034450
*-8.3217217E-08, 1.5663185E-07, -8.1482581E-08, 1.8860593E-07, 00034460
*-7.3963141E-08, 2.3109673E-07, -5.7243707E-08, 2.8867452E-07, 00034470
*-2.6163525E-08, 3.6808773E-07, 2.7049871E-08, 4.7932617E-07, 00034480
* 1.1407365E-07, 6.3720626E-07, 2.5241961E-07, 8.6373487E-07, 00034490
* 4.6831433E-07, 1.1916346E-06, 8.0099716E-07, 1.6696015E-06, 00034500
* 1.3091334E-06, 2.3701475E-06, 2.0803829E-06, 3.4012978E-06/ 00034510
DATA WBO/ 00034520
* 3.2456774E-06, 4.9240402E-06, 5.0005198E-06, 7.1783540E-06, 00034530
* 7.6367633E-06, 1.0522038E-05, 1.1590021E-05, 1.5488635E-05, 00034540
* 1.7510398E-05, 2.2873836E-05, 2.6368006E-05, 3.3864387E-05, 00034550
* 3.9610390E-05, 5.0230379E-05, 5.9397373E-05, 7.4612122E-05, 00034560
* 8.8951409E-05, 1.1094809E-04, 1.3308026E-04, 1.6511335E-04, 00034570
* 1.9895671E-04, 2.4587195E-04, 2.9728181E-04, 3.6629770E-04, 00034580
* 4.4402013E-04, 5.4589361E-04, 6.6298832E-04, 8.1375348E-04, 00034590
* 9.8971624E-04, 1.2132772E-03, 1.4772052E-03, 1.8092022E-03, 00034600
* 2.2045122E-03, 2.6980811E-03, 3.2895354E-03, 4.0238764E-03, 00034610
* 4.9080203E-03, 6.0010999E-03, 7.3216878E-03, 8.9489225E-03, 00034620
* 1.0919448E-02, 1.3340696E-02, 1.6276399E-02, 1.9873311E-02, 00034630
* 2.4233627E-02, 2.9555699E-02, 3.5990069E-02, 4.3791529E-02, 00034640
* 5.3150319E-02, 6.4341372E-02, 7.7506720E-02, 9.2749987E-02, 00034650
* 1.0980561E-01, 1.2791555E-01, 1.4525830E-01, 1.5820085E-01, 00034660
* 1.6058576E-01, 1.4196085E-01, 8.9781222E-02, -1.0238278E-02, 00034670
*-1.5083434E-01, -2.9059573E-01, -2.9105437E-01, -3.7973244E-02, 00034680
* 3.8273717E-01, 2.2014118E-01, -4.7342635E-01, 1.9331133E-01, 00034690
* 5.3839527E-02, -1.1909845E-01, 9.9317051E-02, -6.6152628E-02, 00034700
* 4.0703241E-02, -2.4358316E-02, 1.4476533E-02, -8.6198067E-03/ 00034710
DATA WCO/ 00034720
* 5.1597053E-03, -3.1074602E-03, 1.8822342E-03, -1.1456545E-03, 00034730
* 7.0004347E-04, -4.2904226E-04, 2.6354444E-04, -1.6215439E-04, 00034740
* 9.9891279E-05, -6.1589037E-05, 3.7996921E-05, -2.3452250E-05, 00034750
* 1.4479572E-05, -8.9417427E-06, 5.5227518E-06, -3.4114252E-06, 00034760
* 2.1074101E-06, -1.3019229E-06, 8.0433617E-07, -4.9693681E-07, 00034770
* 3.0702417E-07, -1.8969219E-07, 1.1720069E-07, -7.2412496E-08, 00034780
* 4.4740283E-08, -2.7643004E-08, 1.7079403E-08, -1.0552634E-08, 00034790
* 6.5200311E-09, -4.0284597E-09, 2.4890232E-09, -1.5378695E-09, 00034800
* 9.5019040E-10, -5.8708696E-10, 3.6273937E-10, -2.2412348E-10, 00034810
* 1.3847792E-10, -8.5560821E-11, 5.2865474E-11, -3.2664392E-11, 00034820
* 2.0182948E-11, -1.2470979E-11, 7.7057678E-12, -4.7611713E-12, 00034830
* 2.9415274E-12, -1.8170081E-12, 1.1221034E-12, -6.9271067E-13, 00034840
* 4.2739744E-13, -2.6344388E-13, 1.6197105E-13, -9.9147443E-14, 00034850
* 6.0487998E-14, -3.6973097E-14, 2.2817964E-14, -1.4315547E-14, 00034860
* 9.1574735E-15, -5.9567236E-15, 3.9209969E-15, -2.5911739E-15, 00034870
* 1.6406939E-15, -8.8248590E-16, 3.0195409E-16, 2.2622634E-17, 00034880
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* 4.6174116E-16, -5.8627358E-16, 7.2227767E-16, -8.7972941E-16, 00034900
* 1.0211793E-15, -1.0940039E-15, 1.0789555E-15, -9.7089714E-16/ 00034910
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* 7.4110927E-16, -4.1700094E-16, 8.5977184E-17, 1.3396469E-16, 00034930
*-1.7838410E-16, 4.8975421E-17, 1.9398153E-16, -5.0046989E-16, 00034940

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* 8.3280985E-16,-1.1544640E-15, 1.4401527E-15,-1.6637066E-15, 00034950
* 1.7777129E-15,-1.7322187E-15, 1.5247247E-15,-1.1771155E-15, 00034960
* 6.9747910E-16,-1.2088956E-16,-4.8382957E-16, 1.0408292E-15, 00034970
*-1.5220450E-15, 1.9541597E-15,-2.4107448E-15, 2.9241438E-15, 00034980
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*-1.3949870E-14, 1.5332490E-14,-1.6146782E-14, 1.6084121E-14, 00035010
*-1.4962523E-14, 1.2794804E-14,-9.9286701E-15, 6.8825809E-15, 00035020
*-4.0056107E-15, 1.5965079E-15,-7.2732961E-18,-4.0433218E-16, 00035030
*-6.5679655E-16, 3.3011866E-15,-7.3545910E-15, 1.2394851E-14, 00035040
*-1.7947697E-14, 2.3774303E-14,-3.0279168E-14, 3.9252831E-14, 00035050
*-5.5510504E-14, 9.0505371E-14,-1.7064873E-13/ 00035060
C--END OF JO FILTER WEIGHTS 00035070
C 00035080
C--J1-TRANSFORM FILTER WEIGHT ARRAYS (EQUIVALENT TO WT1 ARRAY) 00035090
  DATA WA1/ 00035100
*-4.2129715E-16, 5.3667031E-15,-7.1183962E-15, 8.9478500E-15, 00035110
*-1.0767891E-14, 1.2362265E-14,-1.3371129E-14, 1.3284178E-14, 00035120
*-1.1714302E-14, 8.4134738E-15,-3.7726725E-15,-1.4263879E-15, 00035130
* 6.1279163E-15,-9.1102765E-15, 9.9696405E-15,-9.3649955E-15, 00035140
* 8.6009018E-15,-8.9749846E-15, 1.1153987E-14,-1.4914821E-14, 00035150
* 1.9314024E-14,-2.3172388E-14, 2.5605477E-14,-2.6217555E-14, 00035160
* 2.5057768E-14,-2.2485539E-14, 1.9022752E-14,-1.5198084E-14, 00035170
* 1.1422464E-14,-7.9323958E-15, 4.8421406E-15,-2.1875032E-15, 00035180
*-3.2177842E-17, 1.8637565E-15,-3.3683643E-15, 4.6132219E-15, 00035190
*-5.6209538E-15, 6.4192841E-15,-6.8959928E-15, 6.9895792E-15, 00035200
*-6.5355935E-15, 5.6125163E-15,-4.1453931E-15, 2.6358827E-15, 00035210
*-9.5104370E-16, 1.4600474E-16, 5.6166519E-16, 8.2899246E-17, 00035220
* 5.0032100E-16, 4.3752205E-16, 2.1052293E-15,-9.5451973E-16, 00035230
* 6.4004437E-15,-2.1926177E-15, 1.1651003E-14, 5.8415433E-16, 00035240
* 1.8044664E-14, 1.0755745E-14, 3.0159022E-14, 3.3506138E-14, 00035250
* 5.8709354E-14, 8.1475200E-14, 1.2530006E-13, 1.8519112E-13, 00035260
* 2.7641786E-13, 4.1330823E-13, 6.1506209E-13, 9.1921659E-13, 00035270
* 1.3698462E-12, 2.0447427E-12, 3.0494477E-12, 4.5501001E-12, 00035280
* 6.7870250E-12, 1.0126237E-11, 1.5104976E-11, 2.2536053E-11/ 00035290
  DATA WB1/ 00035300
* 3.3617368E-11, 5.0153839E-11, 7.4818173E-11, 1.1161804E-10, 00035310
* 1.6651222E-10, 2.4840923E-10, 3.7058109E-10, 5.5284353E-10, 00035320
* 8.2474468E-10, 1.2303750E-09, 1.8355034E-09, 2.7382502E-09, 00035330
* 4.0849867E-09, 6.0940898E-09, 9.0913020E-09, 1.3562651E-08, 00035340
* 2.0233058E-08, 3.0184244E-08, 4.5029477E-08, 6.7176304E-08, 00035350
* 1.0021488E-07, 1.4950371E-07, 2.2303208E-07, 3.3272689E-07, 00035360
* 4.9636623E-07, 7.4049804E-07, 1.1046805E-06, 1.6480103E-06, 00035370
* 2.4585014E-06, 3.6677163E-06, 5.4714550E-06, 8.1626422E-06, 00035380
* 1.2176782E-05, 1.8166179E-05, 2.7099223E-05, 4.0428804E-05, 00035390
* 6.0307294E-05, 8.9971508E-05, 1.3420195E-04, 2.0021123E-04, 00035400
* 2.9860417E-04, 4.4545291E-04, 6.6423156E-04, 9.9073275E-04, 00035410
* 1.4767050E-03, 2.2016806E-03, 3.2788147E-03, 4.8837292E-03, 00035420
* 7.2596811E-03, 1.0788355E-02, 1.5973323E-02, 2.3612041E-02, 00035430
* 3.4655327E-02, 5.0608141E-02, 7.2827752E-02, 1.0337889E-01, 00035440
* 1.4207357E-01, 1.8821315E-01, 2.2996815E-01, 2.5088500E-01, 00035450
* 2.0334626E-01, 6.0665451E-02,-2.0275683E-01,-3.5772336E-01, 00035460

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*-1.8280529E-01, 4.7014634E-01, 7.2991233E-03, -3.0614594E-01, 00035470
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*-2.2830217E-02, 2.4644647E-02, -2.2895284E-02, 2.0197032E-02/ 00035490
DATA WC1/ 00035500
*-1.7488968E-02, 1.5057670E-02, -1.2953923E-02, 1.1153254E-02, 00035510
*-9.6138436E-03, 8.2952090E-03, -7.1628361E-03, 6.1882910E-03, 00035520
*-5.3482055E-03, 4.6232056E-03, -3.9970542E-03, 3.4560118E-03, 00035530
*-2.9883670E-03, 2.5840861E-03, -2.2345428E-03, 1.9323046E-03, 00035540
*-1.6709583E-03, 1.4449655E-03, -1.2495408E-03, 1.0805480E-03, 00035550
*-9.3441130E-04, 8.0803899E-04, -6.9875784E-04, 6.0425624E-04, 00035560
*-5.2253532E-04, 4.5186652E-04, -3.9075515E-04, 3.3790861E-04, 00035570
*-2.9220916E-04, 2.5269019E-04, -2.1851585E-04, 1.8896332E-04, 00035580
*-1.6340753E-04, 1.4130796E-04, -1.2219719E-04, 1.0567099E-04, 00035590
*-9.1379828E-05, 7.9021432E-05, -6.8334412E-05, 5.9092726E-05, 00035600
*-5.1100905E-05, 4.4189914E-05, -3.8213580E-05, 3.3045496E-05, 00035610
*-2.8576356E-05, 2.4711631E-05, -2.1369580E-05, 1.8479514E-05, 00035620
*-1.5980301E-05, 1.3819097E-05, -1.1950174E-05, 1.0334008E-05, 00035630
*-8.9364160E-06, 7.7278366E-06, -6.6827083E-06, 5.7789251E-06, 00035640
*-4.9973715E-06, 4.3215167E-06, -3.7370660E-06, 3.2316575E-06, 00035650
*-2.7946015E-06, 2.4166539E-06, -2.0898207E-06, 1.8071890E-06, 00035660
*-1.5627811E-06, 1.3514274E-06, -1.1686576E-06, 1.0106059E-06, 00035670
*-8.7392952E-07, 7.5573750E-07, -6.5353002E-07, 5.6514528E-07, 00035680
*-4.8871388E-07, 4.2261921E-07, -3.6546333E-07, 3.1603732E-07/ 00035690
DATA WD1/ 00035700
*-2.7329579E-07, 2.3633470E-07, -2.0437231E-07, 1.7673258E-07, 00035710
*-1.5283091E-07, 1.3216174E-07, -1.1428792E-07, 9.8831386E-08, 00035720
*-8.5465227E-08, 7.3906734E-08, -6.3911437E-08, 5.5267923E-08, 00035730
*-4.7793376E-08, 4.1329702E-08, -3.5740189E-08, 3.0906612E-08, 00035740
*-2.6726739E-08, 2.3112160E-08, -1.9986424E-08, 1.7283419E-08, 00035750
*-1.4945974E-08, 1.2924650E-08, -1.1176694E-08, 9.6651347E-09, 00035760
*-8.3580023E-09, 7.2276490E-09, -6.2501673E-09, 5.4048822E-09, 00035770
*-4.6739154E-09, 4.0418061E-09, -3.4951847E-09, 3.0224895E-09, 00035780
*-2.6137226E-09, 2.2602382E-09, -1.9545596E-09, 1.6902214E-09, 00035790
*-1.4616324E-09, 1.2639577E-09, -1.0930164E-09, 9.4519327E-10, 00035800
*-8.1736202E-10, 7.0681930E-10, -6.1122713E-10, 5.2856342E-10, 00035810
*-4.5707937E-10, 3.9526267E-10, -3.4180569E-10, 2.9557785E-10, 00035820
*-2.5560176E-10, 2.2103233E-10, -1.9113891E-10, 1.6528994E-10, 00035830
*-1.4294012E-10, 1.2361991E-10, -8.2740936E-11/ 00035840
C--END OF J1 FILTER WEIGHTS 00035850
C 00035860
NONE=0 00035870
IF(NEW.EQ.0) GO TO 100 00035880
NSAVE=0 00035890
C-----INITIALIZE KERNEL ABSCISSA GENERATION FOR GIVEN B 00035900
Y1=0.7358852661479794460D0/DBLE(B) 00035910
100 ZHANKS=(0.0,0.0) 00035920
CMAX=(0.0,0.0) 00035930
NF=0 00035940
Y=Y1 00035950
C-----BEGIN RIGHT-SIDE CONVOLUTION AT WEIGHT 131 (EITHER NEW=1 OR 0) 00035960
ASSIGN 110 TO M 00035970
I=131 00035980

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Y=Y*E	00035990
GO TO 200	00036000
110 TMAX(1)=AMAX1(ABS(T(1)),TMAX(1))	00036010
TMAX(2)=AMAX1(ABS(T(2)),TMAX(2))	00036020
I=I+1	00036030
Y=Y*E	00036040
IF(I.LE.149) GO TO 200	00036050
IF(TMAX(1).EQ.0.0.AND.TMAX(2).EQ.0.0) NONE=1	00036060
C-----ESTABLISH TRUNCATION CRITERION (CMAX=CMPLX(TMAX(1),TMAX(2))	00036070
CMAX=TOL*CMAX	00036080
ASSIGN 120 TO M	00036090
GO TO 200	00036100
C-----CHECK FOR FILTER TRUNCATION AT RIGHT END	00036110
120 IF(ABS(T(1)).LE.TMAX(1).AND.ABS(T(2)).LE.TMAX(2)) GO TO 130	00036120
I=I+1	00036130
Y=Y*E	00036140
IF(I.LE.283) GO TO 200	00036150
130 Y=Y1	00036160
C-----CONTINUE WITH LEFT-SIDE CONVOLUTION AT WEIGHT 130	00036170
ASSIGN 140 TO M	00036180
I=130	00036190
GO TO 200	00036200
C-----CHECK FOR FILTER TRUNCATION AT LEFT END	00036210
140 IF(ABS(T(1)).LE.TMAX(1).AND.ABS(T(2)).LE.TMAX(2).AND.	00036220
* NONE.EQ.0) GO TO 190	00036230
I=I-1	00036240
Y=Y*ER	00036250
IF(I.GT.0) GO TO 200	00036260
C-----RETURN WITH ISAVE=1 PRESET FOR POSSIBLE NEW=0 USE.	00036270
190 ISAVE=1	00036280
C-----NORMALIZE BY B TO ACCOUNT FOR INTEGRATION RANGE CHANGE	00036290
ZHANKS=ZHANKS/B	00036300
RETURN	00036310
C-----SAVE/RETRIEVE PSEUDO-SUBROUTINE (CALL FUN ONLY WHEN NECESSARY)	00036320
200 G=SNGL(Y)	00036330
IF(NEW) 300,210,300	00036340
210 IF(ISAVE.GT.NSAVE) GO TO 300	00036350
ISAVE0=ISAVE	00036360
220 IF(G.EQ.GSAVE(ISAVE)) GO TO 240	00036370
ISAVE=ISAVE+1	00036380
IF(ISAVE.LE.NSAVE) GO TO 220	00036390
ISAVE=ISAVE0	00036400
C-----G NOT IN COMMON/SAVE/----- EVALUATE FUN.	00036410
GO TO 300	00036420
C-----G FOUND IN COMMON/SAVE/----- USE FSAVE AS GIVEN.	00036430
240 C=FSAVE(ISAVE)	00036440
ISAVE=ISAVE+1	00036450
C-----SWITCH ON ORDER N	00036460
250 IF(N) 270,260,270	00036470
260 C=C*WT0(I)	00036480
GO TO 280	00036490
270 C=C*WT1(I)	00036500

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280 ZHANKS=ZHANKS+C                                00036510
    GO TO M,(110,120,140)                            00036520
C-----DIRECT FUN EVALUATION (AND ADD TO END OF COMMON/SAVE/) 00036530
300 NSAVE=NSAVE+1                                    00036540
    C=FUN(G)                                           00036550
    NF=NF+1                                           00036560
    FSAVE(NSAVE)=C                                    00036570
    GSAVE(NSAVE)=G                                    00036580
    GO TO 250                                          00036590
    END                                              00036600

    SUBROUTINE FCODE(Y,X,B,PRNT,F,I,IDER)              00036610
C--FUNCTION EVALUATION FOR NORMALIZED HX OR HY        00036620
C                                                    00036630
C--PARAMETERS--                                     00036640
C                                                    00036650
C    Y=      OBSERVED DEPENDENT VARIABLE ARRAY (DIM. N) 00036660
C    X=      OBSERVED INDEPENDENT VARIABLE ARRAY (DIM. N,5) 00036670
C    B=      CURRENT PARAMETER ARRAY ESTIMATES (DIM. K) 00036680
C    PRNT=   WORK AND PRINT ARRAY (DIM. 5)             00036690
C    F=      OUTPUT FUNCTION VALUE EVAL. FOR GIVEN Y,X,B AT OBS. I 00036700
C    I=      OBSERVATION NO. TO EVAL. F (1<=I<=N)     00036710
C    IDER=   0 IF ANALYTIC DERIVATIVES ARE USED LATER (PCODE CALLED) 00036720
C            1 IF ESTIMATED DERIVATIVES USED ONLY (PCODE NOT CALLED) 00036730
C                                                    00036740
    REAL Y(1),X(200,5),B(1),PRNT(5),F,EPS           00036750
    COMPLEX HX03,HY03,CERR,CANC4,ZFLD,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19), 00036760
    1 ZBES(5),ERRFIN,FINHX,FINHY                     00036770
    REAL K(10),D(9),L                                00036780
    COMMON/MODEL/K,D,MM                               00036790
    COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,XX,YY,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,BB, 00036800
    1 L,DEL,DEL2,METHOD,IREST(2)                    00036810
    COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD,          00036820
    1 AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP,             00036830
    2 EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IER,IERR,MEV,IIOB 00036840
    COMMON/FIN/R1,R2,R0,XLEN,FILL,XFIN,YFIN          00036850
    COMMON/THICK/DIN(9)                              00036860
    COMMON/FINERR/HAKTOL,FINTOL,INTYPE,NFIN,NEVFIN,MEVFIN,ERRFIN,LW 00036870
    COMMON/PART/JJ,ISEP                              00036880
    EXTERNAL HX03,HY03                               00036890
    EQUIVALENCE (DUM,NEV)                            00036900
    DATA FREQL/0.0/,LCOMP/0/                        00036910
    IF(L.GT.0.0.AND.METHOD.EQ.0.AND.IDER.EQ.0)      00036920
& CALL ERRMSG('IDER=0 NOT AVAILABLE WHEN METHOD=0 AND L>0.0 ', 00036930
& 9,6,16)                                           00036940
    IF(I.GT.1.OR.MM.EQ.1) GO TO 20                    00036950
    DO 10 J=2,MM                                     00036960
    IF(B(J).EQ.B(J-1)) CALL ERRMSG(20HSOME SIG(J)=SIG(J-1),4,6,16) 00036970
10 CONTINUE                                          00036980
20 DO 30 J=1,5                                       00036990
30 PRNT(J)=X(I,J)                                    00037000
    IF(IOB.NE.6) GO TO 40                            00037010

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ISEP=0	00037020
IF(XX.NE.PRNT(2).OR.YY.NE.PRNT(3)) ISEP=1	00037030
40 CONTINUE	00037040
FREQ=PRNT(1)	00037050
IF(I.EQ.1.OR.IDER.NE.0.OR.FREQ.NE.FREQ) GO TO 50	00037060
JUMP=1	00037070
IF(IOB.EQ.5) GO TO 220	00037080
IF(IOB.EQ.6.AND.ISEP.EQ.0) GO TO 240	00037090
50 JUMP=0	00037100
SIG1=B(1)	00037110
DEL2=1.0/(39.47841762E-7*SIG1*FREQ)	00037120
DEL=SQRT(DEL2)	00037130
IF(IOB.NE.6.OR.ISEP.EQ.0) GO TO 60	00037140
XX=PRNT(2)	00037150
YY=PRNT(3)	00037160
CALL PRMHXY	00037170
GO TO 70	00037180
60 IF(L.EQ.0.0) CALL SETRHO(DUM)	00037190
70 IF(I.EQ.1) IEPS=IEPS+1	00037200
IF(IEPS.EQ.NEPS) EP=EPS	00037210
IF(L.GT.0.0) GO TO 80	00037220
C2=XX*YY/(DELRHO**2)	00037230
XR2=XX*XX/RHO2	00037240
C3=2.*(XR2-1.)/DEL2	00037250
C4=2.*(1.-2.*XR2)/DELRHO	00037260
80 IF(MM.EQ.1) GO TO 100	00037270
DO 90 J=1,M1	00037280
K(J)=B(J)/SIG1	00037290
DIN(J)=B(J+MM)	00037300
90 D(J)=2.0*B(J+MM)/DEL	00037310
100 K(MM)=B(MM)/SIG1	00037320
ICOMP=0	00037330
IF(IOB.EQ.5) GO TO 220	00037340
IF(IOB.EQ.6) GO TO 240	00037350
LCOMP=0	00037360
ICOMP=1	00037370
IF(IOB.LT.0) ICOMP=-1	00037380
C	00037390
C--GET COMPLEX NORMALIZED FUNCTION (HX/HXP OR HY/HYP)	00037400
110 IF(L.GT.0.0) GO TO 130	00037410
IF(ICOMP.EQ.1) ZFLD=HX03(DUM)/HXP	00037420
IF(ICOMP.NE.1) ZFLD=HY03(DUM)/HYP	00037430
120 IF(ICOMP.EQ.1) ZFLD=B(M2)*ZFLD	00037440
IF(ICOMP.NE.1) ZFLD=B(M2P1)*ZFLD	00037450
IF(JUMP.EQ.1) GO TO (170,180,190,200),IOBS	00037460
GO TO (170,180,190,200,220,240),IIOB	00037470
130 IF(METHOD.NE.0) GO TO 131	00037480
C--FINITE WIRE METHOD=0 (L>0.0)	00037490
XLEN=L	00037500
XFIN=XX	00037510
YFIN=YY	00037520
RO=SQRT(XX*XX+YY2)	00037530

R1=SQRT((XX+L)**2+YY2)	00037540
R2=SQRT((XX-L)**2+YY2)	00037550
BB=R0/DEL	00037560
IF(ICOMP.EQ.1) ZFLD=FINHX(BB)/HXP	00037570
IF(ICOMP.NE.1) ZFLD=FINHY(BB)/HYP	00037580
NEV=NEVFIN/2	00037590
CERR=ERRFIN	00037600
GO TO 150	00037610
131 IF(ICOMP.EQ.1) GO TO 140	00037620
IF(XX.EQ.0.0) ZFLD=2.*CANC4(0.0,L,EP,NEV,IERR,HY03,MEV,CERR)/HYP	00037630
IF(XX.NE.0.0) ZFLD=CANC4(-L,L,EP,NEV,IERR,HY03,MEV,CERR)/HYP	00037640
GO TO 150	00037650
140 ZFLD=-CANC4(-L,L,EP,NEV,IERR,HX03,MEV,CERR)/HXP	00037660
150 IF(NEV.LT.MEV.OR.IER.EQ.0.OR.	00037670
1 (REAL(CERR).LE.EP.AND.AIMAG(CERR).LE.EP)) GO TO 120	00037680
WRITE(16,160) NEV,CERR,ZFLD,ICOMP,FREQ,BB,I,EP	00037690
160 FORMAT(/4H WARNING--EP ACCURACY NOT ACHIEVED IN FCODE--/	00037700
1 5H NEV=,I5,6H CERR=,2E12.5,6H ZFLD=,2E12.5,7H ICOMP=,I2/	00037710
2 6H FREQ=,E12.5,4H BB=,E12.5,3H I=,I5,4H EP=,E12.5)	00037720
WRITE(6,160) NEV,CERR,ZFLD,ICOMP,FREQ,BB,I,EP	00037730
IERR=IERR+1	00037740
IF(IERR.LE.5) GO TO 120	00037750
IERR=2	00037760
IER=0	00037770
GO TO 120	00037780
170 F=CABS(ZFLD)	00037790
AMP=F	00037800
GO TO 210	00037810
180 CALL POLAR2(ZFLD,AMP,PHZ)	00037820
F=PHZ	00037830
GO TO 210	00037840
190 F=REAL(ZFLD)	00037850
GO TO 210	00037860
200 F=AIMAG(ZFLD)	00037870
210 RETURN	00037880
220 IOBS=PRNT(2)	00037890
230 FREQL=FREQ	00037900
LCOMP=ICOMP	00037910
ICOMP=1	00037920
IF(IOBS.LT.0) ICOMP=-1	00037930
IOBS=IABS(IOBS)	00037940
IF(ICOMP.EQ.LCOMP) GO TO (170,180,190,200),IOBS	00037950
GO TO 110	00037960
240 IOBS=PRNT(4)	00037970
GO TO 230	00037980
END	00037990
SUBROUTINE PCODE(P,X,B,PRNT,F,I,IP,IB)	00038000
C--ANALYTIC PARTIALS OF HX/HXP OR HY/HYP W/R PARAMETERS IN B AND IN COMM	00038010
C	00038020
C (PCODE ONLY CALLED BY MARQRT IF IDER=0--DEFAULT)	00038030
C	00038040

C	--PARAMETERS--	00038050
C		00038060
C	P= OUTPUT PARTIAL DERIVATIVE ARRAY (DIM. K)	00038070
C	EVALUATED FOR GIVEN X(I,),B(K) AT OBS. I	00038080
C	X= OBSERVED INDEPENDENT VARIABLE ARRAY (DIM. N,5)	00038090
C	B= CURRENT PARAMETER ARRAY ESTIMATES (DIM. K)	00038100
C	PRNT= WORK AND PRINT ARRAY (DIM. 5)	00038110
C	F= LAST FUNCTION VALUE FROM FCODE AT GIVEN I.	00038120
C	F MAY OR MAY NOT BE NEEDED--BUT AVAILABLE ANYWAY.	00038130
C	I= OBSERVATION NO. TO EVAL. P ARRAY (1<=I<=N)	00038140
C	IP= NO. PARAMETERS HELD FIXED (IF ANY--IF NONE IP=0).	00038150
C	IB= ARRAY OF PARAMETER INDICES HELD FIXED IF IP.GT.0	00038160
C	(DIM. 19).	00038170
C		00038180
C	INTEGER IB(1)	00038190
C	REAL P(1),X(200,5),B(1),PRNT(5),F,FP	00038200
C	REAL K(10),D(9),L	00038210
C	COMPLEX Z(19),CERR,CANC4,ZFLD,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19),	00038220
C	1 ZBES(5),PHXPJ,PHYPJ,ZFLD2	00038230
C	COMMON/MODEL/K,D,MM	00038240
C	COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,XX,YY,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,BB,	00038250
C	1 L,DEL,DEL2,METHOD,IREST(2)	00038260
C	COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD,	00038270
C	1 AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP,	00038280
C	2 EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IERR,IERR,MEV,IIOB	00038290
C	COMMON/PART/JJ,ISEP	00038300
C	EXTERNAL PHXPJ,PHYPJ	00038310
C	EQUIVALENCE (DUM,NEV)	00038320
C	DATA FREQLL/0.0/	00038330
C	--GET PARTIALS W/R SIGMA(JJ), JJ IN (1,MM), OR	00038340
C	W/R DIST(JJ-MM), JJ IN (MM+1,2*MM-1).	00038350
C	(UNLESS PARM HELD FIXED VIA IP,IB())	00038360
C	DO 190 J=1,M2P1	00038370
C	P(J)=0.0E0	00038380
C	JJ=J	00038390
C	IF(IP.LE.0) GO TO 20	00038400
C	DO 10 II=1,IP	00038410
C	IF(IB(II).EQ.J) GO TO 190	00038420
C	10 CONTINUE	00038430
C	20 IF(FREQ.NE.FREQLL.OR.I.EQ.1) GO TO 30	00038440
C	JUMP=1	00038450
C	IF(IOB.EQ.5) GO TO 150	00038460
C	IF(IOB.EQ.6.AND.ISEP.EQ.0) GO TO 170	00038470
C	30 JUMP=0	00038480
C	40 IF(J.GE.M2) GO TO 81	00038490
C	IF(L.EQ.0.0) GO TO 90	00038500
C	IF(ICOMP.EQ.1) GO TO 50	00038510
C	IF(XX.EQ.0.0) Z(J)=2.*CANC4(0.,L,EP,NEV,IERR,PHYPJ,MEV,CERR)	00038520
C	1 /HYP	00038530
C	IF(XX.NE.0.0) Z(J)=CANC4(-L,L,EP,NEV,IERR,PHYPJ,MEV,CERR)	00038540
C	1 /HYP	00038550
C	GO TO 60	00038560

50	Z(J)=-CANC4(-L,L,EP,NEV,IERR,PHXPJ,MEV,CERR)/HXP	00038570
60	IF(NEV.LT.MEV.OR.IER.EQ.0.OR. 1 (REAL(CERR).LE.EP.AND.AIMAG(CERR).LE.EP)) GO TO 100	00038580 00038590
70	WRITE(16,80) NEV,CERR,J,Z(J),ICOMP,FREQ,BB,I,EP	00038600
80	FORMAT(/45H WARNING--EP ACCURACY NOT ACHIEVED IN PCODE--/ 1 5H NEV=,I5,6H CERR=,2E12.5,3H Z(,I2,2H)=,2E12.5, 2 7H ICOMP=,I2/ 3 6H FREQ=,E12.5,4H BB=,E12.5,3H I=,I5,4H EP=,E12.5) WRITE(6,80) NEV,CERR,J,Z(J),ICOMP,FREQ,BB,I,EP IERR=IERR+1 IF(IERR.LE.5) GO TO 100 IERR=2 IER=0 GO TO 100	00038610 00038620 00038630 00038640 00038650 00038660 00038670 00038680 00038690 00038700
81	IF(J.EQ.M2.AND.ICOMP.NE.1) GO TO 190 IF(J.EQ.M2P1.AND.ICOMP.EQ.1) GO TO 190 Z(J)=ZFLD/B(J) ZFLD2=ZFLD ZFLD=ZFLD/B(J) GO TO 105	00038710 00038720 00038730 00038740 00038750 00038760
90	IF(ICOMP.EQ.1) Z(J)=PHXPJ(DUM)/HXP IF(ICOMP.NE.1) Z(J)=PHYPJ(DUM)/HYP	00038770 00038780
100	IF(ICOMP.EQ.1) Z(J)=B(M2)*Z(J) IF(ICOMP.NE.1) Z(J)=B(M2P1)*Z(J)	00038790 00038800
105	IF(JUMP.EQ.1) GO TO (110,120,130,140),IOBS GO TO (110,120,130,140,150,170),IIOB	00038810 00038820
110	PP=(REAL(ZFLD)*REAL(Z(J))+AIMAG(ZFLD)*AIMAG(Z(J)))/AMP GO TO 180	00038830 00038840
120	PP=57.29577951*(REAL(ZFLD)*AIMAG(Z(J))-AIMAG(ZFLD)*REAL(Z(J)))/ 1 (AMP*AMP) GO TO 180	00038850 00038860 00038870
130	PP=REAL(Z(J)) GO TO 180	00038880 00038890
140	PP=AIMAG(Z(J)) GO TO 180	00038900 00038910
150	IOBS=IABS(IFIX(PRNT(2)))	00038920
160	IF(JUMP.EQ.0) GO TO (110,120,130,140),IOBS GO TO 40	00038930 00038940
170	IOBS=IABS(IFIX(PRNT(4))) GO TO 160	00038950 00038960
180	P(J)=PP IF(J.GE.M2) ZFLD=ZFLD2	00038970 00038980
190	CONTINUE IF(IOB.GE.5) FREQLL=FREQ RETURN END	00038990 00039000 00039010 00039020
SUBROUTINE SUBZ(Y,X,B,PRNT,NPRNT,N,TITLE,IOUT)		00039030
C--INITIALIZATION ROUTINE		00039040
C		00039050
C SUBZ IS CALLED BY MARQRT AFTER THE DATA Y(I),X(I,5) ARE READ--		00039060
C SUBZ CHECKS FOR DATA ERRORS, READS ADDITIONAL \$INIT		00039070

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C PARAMETERS, AND LOADS SOME CONSTANTS IN COMMON STORAGE... 00039080
C 00039090
C--PARAMETERS-- 00039100
C 00039110
C Y,X,B,PRNT SAME AS IN SUBROUTINE FCODE. 00039120
C NPRNT= CONTROL PARAMETERS TO USE PRNT(NPRNT) ARRAY 00039130
C NPRNT REPRESENTS THE NO. X(I,NPRNT) VALUES 00039140
C PRINTED BY PGM MARQRT... 00039150
C N= NO. OBSERVATIONS GIVEN IN Y(N),X(N,5) 00039160
C TITLE= ALPHA TITLE ARRAY READ IN BY PGM MARQRT. 00039170
C ICUT= 1 IF UNIT 6 AND 16 PRINT FILES USED 00039180
C 0 IF ONLY UNIT 6 PRINT FILE USED. 00039190
C 00039200
C--FOLLOWING CHARACTER STMT ONLY FOR HONEYWELL MULTICS SYS: 00039210
C CHARACTER*5 TITLE(16) 00039220
C COMPLEX ZFLD,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P(19),ZI2P(19),ZBES(5),ERRFIN 00039230
C REAL Y(1),X(200,5),B(1),PRNT(1),EPS 00039240
C REAL K(10),D(9),L 00039250
C COMMON/MODEL/K,D,MM 00039260
C COMMON/SHARE/EPS,C2,C3,C4,X0,Y0,YY2,RHO,RHO2,DELRHO,BB, 00039270
C 1 L,DEL,DEL2,METHOD,IREST(2) 00039280
C COMMON/CTL/ZBES,ZI1,ZI2,ZI1P,ZI2P,ZFLD, 00039290
C 1 AMP,SIG1,HXP,HYP,FREQ,LCOMP,ICOMP, 00039300
C 2 EP,NEPS,IEPS,IOB,M1,M21,M2,M2P1,IER,IERR,MEV,IIOB 00039310
C COMMON/FINERR/HAKTOL,FINTOL,INTYPE,NFIN,NEVFIN,MEVFIN,ERRFIN,LW 00039320
C NAMELIST/INIT/IOB,MM,X0,Y0,METHOD,EPS,EP,NEPS,L,IER,MEV 00039330
C DATA ISUBZ/0/ 00039340
C IF(ISUBZ.NE.0) GO TO 10 00039350
C--PRESET 00039360
C ISUBZ=1 00039370
C MM=1 00039380
C MEV=300 00039390
C IER=2 00039400
C L=0.0 00039410
C IOB=1 00039420
C X0=0.0 00039430
C Y0=0.0 00039440
C METHOD=0 00039450
C NFIN=1 00039460
C EPS=.1E-3 00039470
10 EP=.1E-2 00039480
C NEPS=10 00039490
C READ(5,INIT) 00039500
C WRITE(6,20) TITLE 00039510
20 FORMAT(17H1M A R Q H X Y --,5X,16A5/) 00039520
C IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,20) TITLE 00039530
C WRITE(6,30) IOB,MM,X0,Y0,L,METHOD,IER,MEV,NFIN,EPS,EP,NEPS 00039540
C IF(IOUT.EQ.1) 00039550
1 WRITE(16,30) IOB,MM,X0,Y0,L,METHOD,IER,MEV,NFIN,EPS,EP,NEPS 00039560
30 FORMAT(7H IOB = ,I2,8X,5HMM = ,I2,9X,3HX0=,E12.5,4H Y0=,E12.5, 00039570
1 3H L=,E12.5/10H METHOD = ,I1,6X, 00039580
2 6HIER = ,I1,9X,6HMEV = ,I5,5X,5HNFIN=,I3/5H EPS=,E11.5, 00039590

```

3	4H EP=,E11.5,2X,7HNEPS = ,I4)	00039600
C--TEST	\$INIT PARMS	00039610
	IF(MM.LT.1.OR.MM.GT.9.OR.(X0.EQ.0.0.AND.IOB.GT.0.AND.IOB.LT.5)	00039620
1	.OR.Y0.EQ.0.0.OR.	00039630
2	EP.LT.EPS.OR.L.LT.0.0.OR.	00039640
3	IER.LT.0.OR.IER.GT.5.OR.	00039650
4	METHOD.LT.0.OR.METHOD.GT.2.OR.	00039660
5	IOB.EQ.0.OR.IOB.LT.-4.OR.IOB.GT.6.OR.NEPS.LT.1)	00039670
6	CALL ERRMSG(30HSOME \$INIT PARMS OUT OF RANGE ,6,6,16)	00039680
	IIOB=IABS(IOB)	00039690
C--TEST	X(I,) DATA FOR GIVEN IOB BEFORE PROCEEDING--	00039700
	DO 60 I=1,N	00039710
	IF(X(I,1).LE.0.0) CALL ERRMSG(	00039720
1	21HSOME FREQ=X(I,1).LE.0,5,6,16)	00039730
	IF(IIOB-5) 60,40,50	00039740
40	J=IFIX(X(I,2))	00039750
	IF(J.LT.-4.OR.J.GT.4.OR.J.EQ.0)	00039760
&	CALL ERRMSG(	00039770
140	HSOME IOBS=X(I,2) OUT OF RANGE WHEN IOB=5,8,6,16)	00039780
	GO TO 60	00039790
50	J=IFIX(X(I,4))	00039800
	IF(J.LT.-4.OR.J.GT.4.OR.J.EQ.0) CALL ERRMSG(	00039810
1	41HSOME IOBS=X(I,4) OUT OF RANGE WHEN IOB=6 ,9,6,16)	00039820
	IF(J.GT.0.AND.X(I,2).EQ.0.0.OR.X(I,3).EQ.0.0)	00039830
1	CALL ERRMSG(	00039840
2	57HSOME X0=X(I,2) OR Y0=X(I,3)=0 WHEN X(I,4).GT.0.AND.IOB=6 ,	00039850
3	12,6,16)	00039860
60	CONTINUE	00039870
C--PRESET	SOME GLOBAL CONSTANTS	00039880
	IERR=IER	00039890
	IF(IER.EQ.0) IERR=2	00039900
	HAKTOL=1.0E-6*EPS	00039910
	FINTOL=1.0E-3*EP	00039920
	INTYPE=IERR	00039930
	MEVFIN=2*MEV	00039940
	IF(IOB.EQ.6) GO TO 150	00039950
	CALL PRMHXY	00039960
70	WRITE(6,80) RHO,HXP,HYP	00039970
	IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,80) RHO,HXP,HYP	00039980
80	FORMAT(///40H RECEIVER-TRANSMITTER SEPARATION (RHO) =,E12.5/	00039990
1	/29H PRIMARY FIELDS (HXP X 4PI) =,E12.5,15H (HYP X 4PI) =,	00040000
2	E12.5///18H PARAMETER ORDER--/)	00040010
90	M1=MM-1	00040020
	M2=2*MM	00040030
	M21=M2-1	00040040
	M2P1=M2+1	00040050
	WRITE(6,100) (I,I,I=1,MM)	00040060
	IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,100) (I,I,I=1,MM)	00040070
100	FORMAT(5X,I3,6X,6HSIGMA(,I3,1H))	00040080
	IF(MM.EQ.1) GO TO 132	00040090
	DO 110 I=1,M1	00040100
	J=MM+I	00040110

```

      IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,120) J,I
110 WRITE(6,120) J,I
120 FORMAT(5X,I3,6X,6HTHICK(,I3,1H))
132 WRITE(6,131) M2,M2
131 FORMAT(5X,I3,10X,2HB(,I3,25H) HX/HXP SHIFT PARAMETER)
      IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,131) M2,M2
      WRITE(6,133) M2P1,M2P1
133 FORMAT(5X,I3,10X,2HB(,I3,25H) HY/HYP SHIFT PARAMETER)
      IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,133) M2P1,M2P1
C--X(I,1)=FREQ, X(I,2)=IOB TYPE (IF IOB=5), X(I,M+1)=STD.DEV. (IF IWT=1)
C NOTE-- M=1 REQUIRED IN PGM MARQRT WHEN -4<=IOB<=4, AND
C M=2 IS NECESSARY WHEN IOB=5...
C ALSO, M=4 IS NECESSARY WHEN IOB=6...
130 NPRNT=2
      IF(IOB.EQ.5) NPRNT=3
      IF(IOB.EQ.6) NPRNT=5
      IEPS=0
140 RETURN
150 WRITE(6,160)
      IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,160)
160 FORMAT(///18H PARAMETER ORDER--/)
      GO TO 90
      END

      SUBROUTINE SUBEND(Y,X,B,K,N,TITLE,IOUT)
C-- 'MARQHXY' TERMINATION ROUTINE (CALLED ONCE BY MARQRT)
C (PARAMETERS SAME AS IN SUBROUTINE FCODE,PCODE, OR SUBZ)
C B= FINAL SOLUTION VECTOR OBTAINED BY PGM MARQRT.
C
C--FOLLOWING CHARACTER STMT. ONLY FOR HONEYWELL MULTICS SYS:
      CHARACTER*5 TITLE(16)
      REAL Y(1),X(200,5),B(1)
      WRITE(6,10) TITLE
10 FORMAT(17H1M A R Q H X Y --,5X,16A5//
1 28H FINAL UNSCALED PARAMETERS--,10X,11HRESISTIVITY,11X,5HDEPTH/)
      IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,10) TITLE
      MM=(K-1)/2
      DO 30 I=1,MM
      R=1.0/B(I)
      WRITE(6,20) I,B(I),I,R
20 FORMAT(5X,I3,4X,E16.8,2X,I3,1X,E16.8)
      IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,20) I,B(I),I,R
30 CONTINUE
      IF(K.LE.3) GO TO 52
      M2=MM+1
      K1=K-2
      D=0.0
      DO 50 I=M2,K1
      D=D+B(I)
      L=I-MM
      WRITE(6,40) I,B(I),L,D
40 FORMAT(5X,I3,4X,E16.8,24X,I3,1X,E16.8)

```

IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,40) I,B(I),L,D	00040630
50 CONTINUE	00040640
52 K1=K-1	00040650
DO 53 I=K1,K	00040660
WRITE(6,51) I,B(I)	00040670
51 FORMAT(5X,I3,4X,E16.8)	00040680
IF(IOUT.EQ.1) WRITE(16,51) I,B(I)	00040690
53 CONTINUE	00040700
60 RETURN	00040710
END	00040720

Appendix 2.-- Conversion to other systems

1. All lower-case letters used for parameters and Fortran names in this report should be changed to upper-case letters for most other systems.
2. Any of the following Multics statements and/or calls should be deleted or replaced if converting to another system:

CHARACTER*n	(delete unless supported on system)
CALL OPEN	(delete)
CALL CLOSE_	(delete)
EXP	(replace by EXP)
DEXP_	(replace by DEXP)
CEXP_	(replace by CEXP)
PRINT...	(replace by WRITE(6,)... if necessary)

3. All Multics exp-underflow messages are suppressed and the result set to 0.0. An equivalent method should be used for other systems.
4. Subprogram ERRMSG should be changed according to the number of characters per word of the target machine (note that 4 char/word uses format A4 on the Honeywell Multics system; however, 5 char/word is assumed in the input parameter array MSG). Similar changes should be made, if necessary, to other character arrays and format statements (e.g., see subroutine MARQRT, arrays TITLE and FMT).

Appendix 3.-- Test problem input/output listing

The following input files (file05 and file10) were used to run a test problem on a Honeywell Multics system. The output listing (file16) follows beginning on the next page.

file05

```
test2x_hxy_reim
$parms n=36,k=5,m=2,sp=1,sy=2,iprt=-1,
b=.015,1.5,250,2.5,2.5$
(2e16.8,f10.0)
$init mm=2,x0=193.65,y0=50,iob=5,eps=.1e-5$
```

file10

0.19988102e+01	0.10000000e+01	3.
0.19487382e+01	0.10000000e+01	-3.
-0.35902090e-02	0.10000000e+01	4.
-0.46805422e-01	0.10000000e+01	-4.
0.19958991e+01	0.31622777e+01	3.
0.19064268e+01	0.31622777e+01	-3.
-0.79093666e-02	0.31622777e+01	4.
-0.61334500e-01	0.31622777e+01	-4.
0.19898521e+01	0.10000000e+02	3.
0.18580637e+01	0.10000000e+02	-3.
-0.15008689e-01	0.10000000e+02	4.
-0.69438564e-01	0.10000000e+02	-4.
0.19816850e+01	0.31622777e+02	3.
0.18152467e+01	0.31622777e+02	-3.
-0.29186640e-01	0.31622777e+02	4.
-0.85370520e-01	0.31622777e+02	-4.
0.19713796e+01	0.99999999e+02	3.
0.17722171e+01	0.99999999e+02	-3.
-0.70290070e-01	0.99999999e+02	4.
-0.15272446e+00	0.99999999e+02	-4.
0.19369595e+01	0.31622776e+03	3.
0.16537876e+01	0.31622776e+03	-3.
-0.19523958e+00	0.31622776e+03	4.
-0.35100506e+00	0.31622776e+03	-4.
0.17419008e+01	0.99999998e+03	3.
0.12331874e+01	0.99999998e+03	-3.
-0.48177406e+00	0.99999998e+03	4.
-0.60865190e+00	0.99999998e+03	-4.
0.11613263e+01	0.31622776e+04	3.
0.65861968e+00	0.31622776e+04	-3.
-0.71683308e+00	0.31622776e+04	4.
-0.54685562e+00	0.31622776e+04	-4.
0.55951296e+00	0.99999998e+04	3.
0.33628892e+00	0.99999998e+04	-3.
-0.52484126e+00	0.99999998e+04	4.
-0.32504556e+00	0.99999998e+04	-4.

m a r q h x y -- test2x_hxy_reim

iob = 5 mm = 2 x0= 0.19365e+03 y0= 0.50000e+02 l= 0.00000e+00
method = 0 ier = 2 mev = 300 nfin= 1
eps=0.10000e-05 ep=0.10000e-02 ncps = 10

receiver-transmitter separation (rho) = 0.20000e+03

primary fields (hxp x 4pi) = 0.12103e-04 (hyp x 4pi) = -0.21875e-04

parameter order--

1	sigma(1)	-
2	sigma(2)	
3	thick(1)	
4	b(4)	hx/hxp shift parameter
5	b(5)	hy/hyp shift parameter

```

marq r t --      test2x_hxy_reim

n = 36      k = 5      ip = 0      m = 2      gamcr=0.450e+02
del= 0.100e-04  modlam = 1  ff= 0.400e+01  t= 0.200e+01  e= 0.500e-04
tau= 0.100e-02  xl= 0.100e-01  zeta= 0.100e-30  ialt = 10  istop = 1
iwt = 0      ilder = 0      iprt = -1      niter = 10  inon = 1.
iout = 1      nprnt = 3      scalep = 1      scaley = 2

fnt=(2e16.8,f10.0)

parameters  0.15000000e-01  0.15000000e+01  0.25000001e+03  0.25000000e+01
            0.25000000e+01

iter        phi          s e          length      gamma      lambda
  1      0.10153034e+01  0.18097437e+00  0.000e+00  0.000e+00  0.100e-01
parameters  0.19084261e-01  0.28287086e+01  0.19507885e+03  0.20046226e+01
            0.20037439e+01

iter        phi          s e          length      gamma      lambda
  2      0.27852019e-02  0.94786719e-02  0.787e+00  0.400e+02  0.100e-02
parameters  0.20003621e-01  0.21897372e+01  0.19810882e+03  0.20003360e+01
            0.19999351e+01

iter        phi          s e          length      gamma      lambda
  3      0.39935085e-04  0.11350016e-02  0.261e+00  0.592e+02  0.100e-03
parameters  0.19999182e-01  0.20001884e+01  0.20001694e+03  0.19999786e+01
            0.19999494e+01

iter        phi          s e          length      gamma      lambda
  4      0.31665105e-08  0.10106706e-04  0.910e-01  0.477e+02  0.100e-04
parameters  0.20000017e-01  0.20000603e+01  0.19999807e+03  0.20000005e+01
            0.19999998e+01

iter        phi          s e          length      gamma      lambda
  5      0.58219410e-10  0.13704180e-05  0.125e-03  0.705e+02  0.100e-06
parameters  0.19999999e-01  0.19998865e+01  0.19999987e+03  0.19999999e+01
            0.19999989e+01

iter        phi          s e          length      gamma      lambda
  6      0.33198426e-10  0.10348512e-05  0.873e-04  0.461e+02  0.100e-08

-epsilon test
  6 iterations

```

m a r q r t -- test2x_hxy_reim

parameters 0.19999999e-01 0.19998865e+01 0.19999987e+03 0.19999999e+01
0.19999989e+01

-unscaled-

i	obs.y(i)	cal	res	Zres.err	x(1,1)	x(1,2)	x(1,3)	x(1,4)
1	0.199881e+01	0.199881e+01	-0.447e-07	-0.223650e-05	0.100000e+01	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
2	0.194874e+01	0.194874e+01	-0.641e-06	-0.328802e-04	0.100000e+01	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
3	-0.359021e-02	-0.359122e-02	0.101e-05	0.280583e-01	0.100000e+01	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
4	-0.468054e-01	-0.468045e-01	-0.911e-06	-0.194703e-02	0.100000e+01	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
5	0.199590e+01	0.199590e+01	0.924e-06	0.462885e-04	0.316228e+01	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
6	0.190643e+01	0.190643e+01	-0.118e-05	-0.617486e-04	0.316228e+01	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
7	-0.790937e-02	-0.791036e-02	0.994e-06	0.125682e-01	0.316228e+01	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
8	-0.613345e-01	-0.613338e-01	-0.662e-06	-0.107886e-02	0.316228e+01	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
9	0.198985e+01	0.198985e+01	0.180e-05	0.906119e-04	0.100000e+02	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
10	0.185806e+01	0.185806e+01	-0.109e-05	-0.585440e-04	0.100000e+02	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
11	-0.150087e-01	-0.150090e-01	0.272e-06	0.181267e-02	0.100000e+02	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
12	-0.694386e-01	-0.694386e-01	0.112e-07	0.160946e-04	0.100000e+02	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
13	0.198168e+01	0.198168e+01	0.167e-05	0.842178e-04	0.316228e+02	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
14	0.181525e+01	0.181525e+01	-0.492e-06	-0.270893e-04	0.316228e+02	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
15	-0.291866e-01	-0.291856e-01	-0.102e-05	-0.347822e-02	0.316228e+02	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
16	-0.853705e-01	-0.853713e-01	0.791e-06	0.926181e-03	0.316228e+02	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
17	0.197138e+01	0.197138e+01	-0.179e-06	-0.907050e-05	0.100000e+03	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
18	0.177222e+01	0.177222e+01	0.283e-06	0.159756e-04	0.100000e+03	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
19	-0.702901e-01	-0.702864e-01	-0.372e-05	-0.528691e-02	0.100000e+03	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
20	-0.152724e+00	-0.152723e+00	-0.128e-05	-0.839100e-03	0.100000e+03	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
21	0.193696e+01	0.193696e+01	-0.428e-05	-0.220791e-03	0.316228e+03	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
22	0.165379e+01	0.165379e+01	-0.313e-06	-0.189217e-04	0.316228e+03	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
23	-0.195240e+00	-0.195238e+00	-0.113e-05	-0.581008e-03	0.316228e+03	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
24	-0.351005e+00	-0.351004e+00	-0.630e-06	-0.179364e-03	0.316228e+03	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
25	0.174190e+01	0.174190e+01	0.715e-06	0.410618e-04	0.100000e+04	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
26	0.123319e+01	0.123319e+01	0.447e-06	0.362504e-04	0.100000e+04	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
27	-0.481774e+00	-0.481776e+00	0.235e-05	0.488688e-03	0.100000e+04	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
28	-0.608652e+00	-0.608651e+00	-0.574e-06	-0.942567e-04	0.100000e+04	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
29	0.116133e+01	0.116133e+01	-0.268e-06	-0.230961e-04	0.316228e+04	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
30	0.658620e+00	0.658619e+00	0.432e-06	0.656121e-04	0.316228e+04	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
31	-0.716833e+00	-0.716833e+00	-0.425e-06	-0.592444e-04	0.316228e+04	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
32	-0.546856e+00	-0.546855e+00	-0.209e-06	-0.381483e-04	0.316228e+04	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
33	0.559513e+00	0.559513e+00	0.149e-07	0.266324e-05	0.100000e+05	0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
34	0.336289e+00	0.336289e+00	0.171e-06	0.509572e-04	0.100000e+05	-0.300000e+01	0.000000e+00	
35	-0.524841e+00	-0.524841e+00	-0.447e-07	-0.851753e-05	0.100000e+05	0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	
36	-0.325046e+00	-0.325045e+00	-0.164e-06	-0.504277e-04	0.100000e+05	-0.400000e+01	0.000000e+00	

-unscaled partials-

1	-0.98324001e-03	-0.70699443e-03	0.87224474e-05	0.99940517e+00	0.00000000e+00
2	0.20211623e+01	-0.15181468e-01	0.18929832e-03	0.00000000e+00	0.97436994e+00
3	-0.36619371e-01	-0.10017511e-02	0.32315393e-04	-0.17956084e-02	0.00000000e+00
4	0.14721401e+01	-0.63959789e-02	0.27400627e-03	0.00000000e+00	-0.23402268e-01
5	-0.50427952e-02	-0.18695066e-02	0.39379099e-04	0.99794912e+00	0.00000000e+00
6	0.35058553e+01	-0.20009365e-01	0.47029676e-03	0.00000000e+00	0.95321449e+00
7	-0.11282019e+00	-0.12828907e-02	0.73988311e-04	-0.39551807e-02	0.00000000e+00
8	0.13523127e+01	-0.18612448e-02	0.42195511e-03	0.00000000e+00	-0.30666936e-01
9	-0.20851430e-01	-0.30347357e-02	0.12128647e-03	0.99492519e+00	0.00000000e+00
10	0.47866060e+01	-0.18649118e-01	0.88436525e-03	0.00000000e+00	0.92903288e+00
11	-0.34288906e+00	-0.54717879e-03	0.12056096e-03	-0.75044810e-02	0.00000000e+00
12	0.39549966e-01	0.44415002e-02	0.45028189e-03	0.00000000e+00	-0.34719307e-01
13	-0.83905160e-01	-0.29979246e-02	0.24762425e-03	0.99084169e+00	0.00000000e+00
14	0.47683265e+01	-0.12730029e-01	0.12774321e-02	0.00000000e+00	0.90762408e+00
15	-0.10392413e+01	0.76442611e-03	0.11748840e-03	-0.14592813e-01	0.00000000e+00

16	-0.30897405e+01	0.77454575e-02	0.24581354e-03	0.00000000e+00	-0.42685679e-01
17	-0.45444414e+00	-0.16932984e-02	0.35371194e-03	0.98568992e+00	0.00000000e+00
18	0.14717034e+01	-0.52320637e-02	0.14342632e-02	0.00000000e+00	0.88610888e+00
19	-0.31423824e+01	0.14579152e-02	0.14959256e-04	-0.35143179e-01	0.00000000e+00
20	-0.88465329e+01	0.76576153e-02	-0.28830302e-03	0.00000000e+00	-0.76361634e-01
21	-0.31857264e+01	-0.21089474e-03	0.29726317e-03	0.96848192e+00	0.00000000e+00
22	-0.10289088e+02	0.89324522e-03	0.72470024e-03	0.00000000e+00	0.82689439e+00
23	-0.87794977e+01	0.13002171e-02	-0.21941326e-03	-0.97619230e-01	0.00000000e+00
24	-0.15165902e+02	0.45758025e-02	-0.10864710e-02	0.00000000e+00	-0.17550231e+00
25	-0.16238038e+02	0.45790764e-03	-0.11434795e-03	0.87095008e+00	0.00000000e+00
26	-0.26550969e+02	0.11841594e-02	-0.51839372e-03	0.00000000e+00	0.61659381e+00
27	-0.14938942e+02	0.13582394e-03	-0.20869611e-03	-0.24088822e+00	0.00000000e+00
28	-0.56460463e+01	-0.28678413e-03	-0.31500079e-03	0.00000000e+00	-0.30432583e+00
29	-0.31250369e+02	-0.44946366e-04	0.89221082e-05	0.58066332e+00	0.00000000e+00
30	-0.20334594e+02	-0.87585275e-04	0.56106976e-04	0.00000000e+00	0.32930980e+00
31	-0.11408090e+01	-0.30843700e-04	0.47436985e-04	-0.35841635e+00	0.00000000e+00
32	0.89675951e+01	0.20093635e-05	0.53502089e-04	0.00000000e+00	-0.27342786e+00
33	-0.16925842e+02	0.54567657e-07	-0.78814387e-06	0.27975648e+00	0.00000000e+00
34	-0.87445517e+01	-0.32002781e-06	-0.22514910e-06	0.00000000e+00	0.16814447e+00
35	0.13070493e+02	-0.64505825e-06	0.65633971e-06	-0.26242063e+00	0.00000000e+00
36	0.81278172e+01	-0.52938952e-06	0.95483280e-06	0.00000000e+00	-0.16252279e+00

-unscaled-

	phi	s e	lambda
	0.57873324e-10	0.13663387e-05	0.100e-08

gtp inverse

1	0.50076640e-03	0.53534477e+00	-0.66234632e+01	0.43275620e-02	0.12743178e-01
2	0.53534479e+00	0.22718673e+04	-0.43145912e+04	0.66088848e+01	0.31293334e+02
3	-0.66234627e+01	-0.43145900e+04	0.32485865e+06	-0.86046941e+02	-0.31866170e+03
4	0.43275620e-02	0.66088843e+01	-0.86046946e+02	0.18080113e+00	0.15535608e+00
5	0.12743178e-01	0.31293332e+02	-0.31866172e+03	0.15535608e+00	0.81890342e+00

parameter correlation matrix

1	1.0000	0.5019	-0.5193	0.4548	0.6293
2	0.5019	1.0000	-0.1588	0.3261	0.7255
3	-0.5193	-0.1588	1.0000	-0.3550	-0.6178
4	0.4548	0.3261	-0.3550	1.0000	0.4037
5	0.6293	0.7255	-0.6178	0.4037	1.0000

parameter std

error

one - parameter

lower

upper

support plane

lower

upper

std.error/parm

1	0.30575668e-07	0.19999938e-01	0.20000060e-01	0.19999862e-01	0.20000136e-01	0.15287835e-05
2	0.65125316e-04	0.1997563e+01	0.20000167e+01	0.19999593e+01	0.20001778e+01	0.32564505e-04
3	0.77876350e-03	0.19999831e+03	0.20000143e+03	0.19999639e+03	0.20000335e+03	0.38938200e-05
4	0.58097700e-06	0.19999987e+01	0.20000010e+01	0.19999973e+01	0.20000025e+01	0.29048852e-06
5	0.12364447e-05	0.19999964e+01	0.20000014e+01	0.19999934e+01	0.20000044e+01	0.61822270e-06