

Index Map Showing Location of Study Area

LIST OF MAP UNITS	
Qal	Alluvial deposits, undivided
Tf	Fluvial plutonic rocks
Nf	Mafic plutonic rocks
Kd	Diorite sill, extensively altered
Ks	Silica Graywacke
Kk	Kelp Bay Group
Kzf	Fluvial plutonic rocks
Km	Mafic plutonic rocks
Mw	Whitestripe Marble
Gg	Good Hope Greenstone
NPPG	Undivided metametasedimentary, metavolcanic and sedimentary rocks

## CORRELATION OF MAP UNIT:

Qa1	}	QUATERNARY
T4 Tm		TERTIARY (?)
Kd		CRETACEOUS (?)
Ks	}	CRETACEOUS
Kkb		
KJf Kjs	}	CRETACEOUS AND JURASSIC
Tr		
Tr		TRIASSIC (?)
MgPau		MESOZOIC AND PALEOZOIC

## STUDIES RELATED TO WILDERNESS

The Wilderness Act (Public Law 88-577, September 3, 1964) and related acts require the U.S. Geological Survey and the U.S. Bureau of Mines to survey certain public lands in Alaska to determine their potential for resource potential. Results must be available to the Secretary of the Interior for review by the Congress. This report presents the results of a geophysical survey of the Western Chichagof-Afobli Islands in the Gulf of Alaska, south of the National Forest, Alaska. About 65 percent of the study area is under a siting agreement with the U.S. Navy for use under the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (ANILCA) (the "covenant") of the U.S. Geological Survey. Investigations of the Western Chichagof-Afobli Islands were conducted in 1965 and 1966. A total of 100 samples were collected. Samples were analyzed for 31 elements by the method of neutron activation analysis (NAA) method (Gries and Marrantino, 1968) and for 4 elements by atomic absorption spectrophotometry (AAS) (Mantel, 1968). The results of the analyses are given in tabular form. The location of the islands, their coordinates, and a station location map are available (U.S. Geological Survey, 1968). A map of the islands, Elliott, 1964. A map and discussion of the mineral resource potential of the study area is also available (U.S. Geological Survey, 1968).

Background levels for each element vary for different lithologies in the study area. Because of this and variability introduced from other sources such as sampling technique, analytical variance, and element behavior, the background level is a specific analytical level above which values indicate mineralization. Higher values may indicate a greater likelihood of bedrock mineralization, but confidence levels are low for single element high values and results are not as reliable as those by multielement values. This map shows the distribution of high analytical values for the elements gold and silver as well as the location of all 2,330 samples. Multiple samples at a single element are from the same site.

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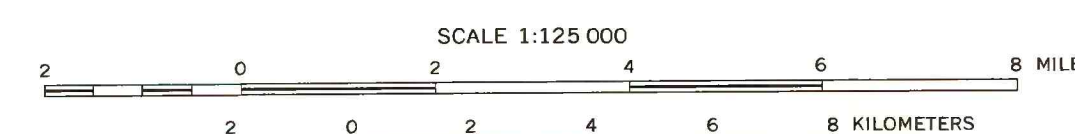
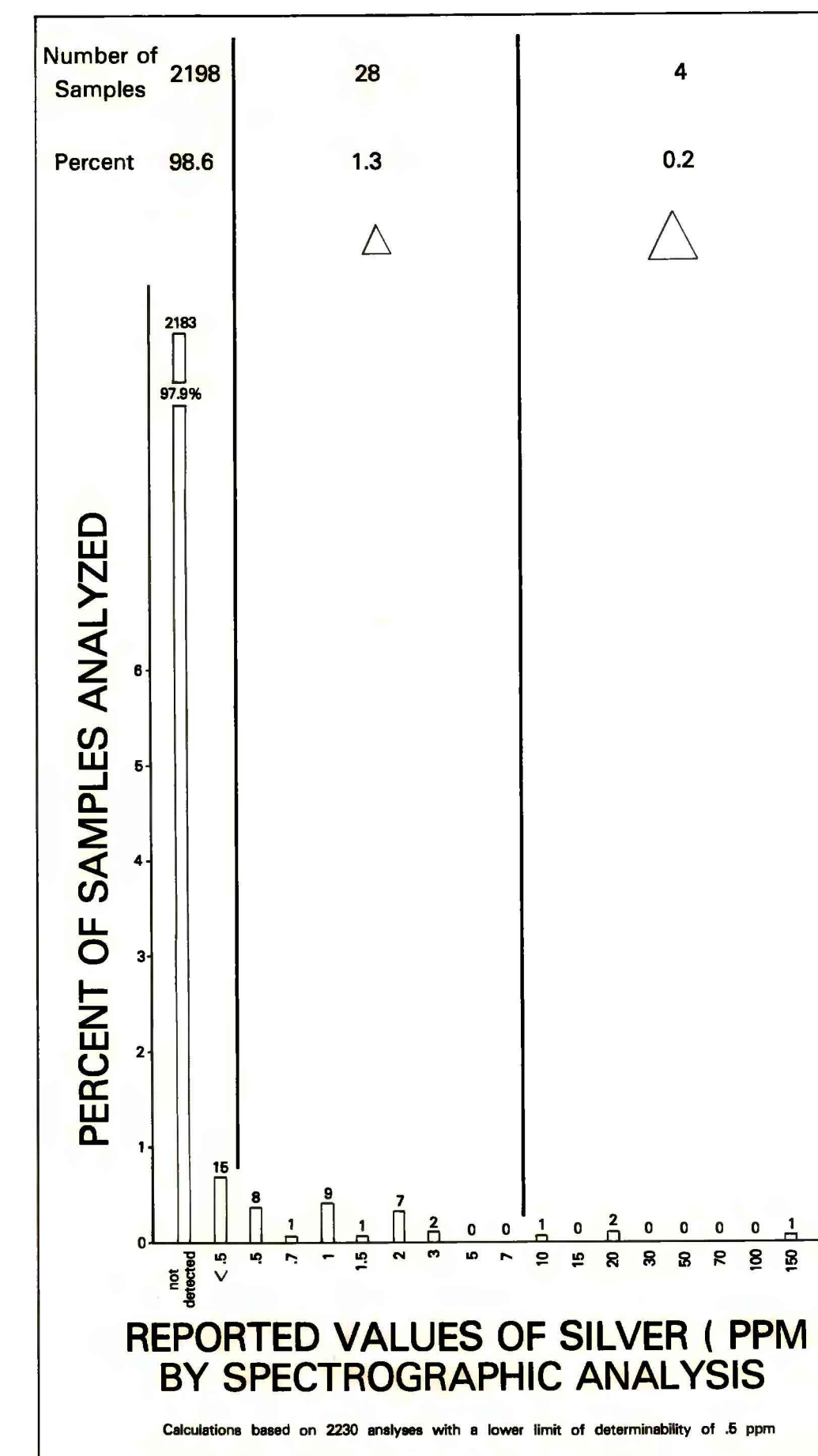
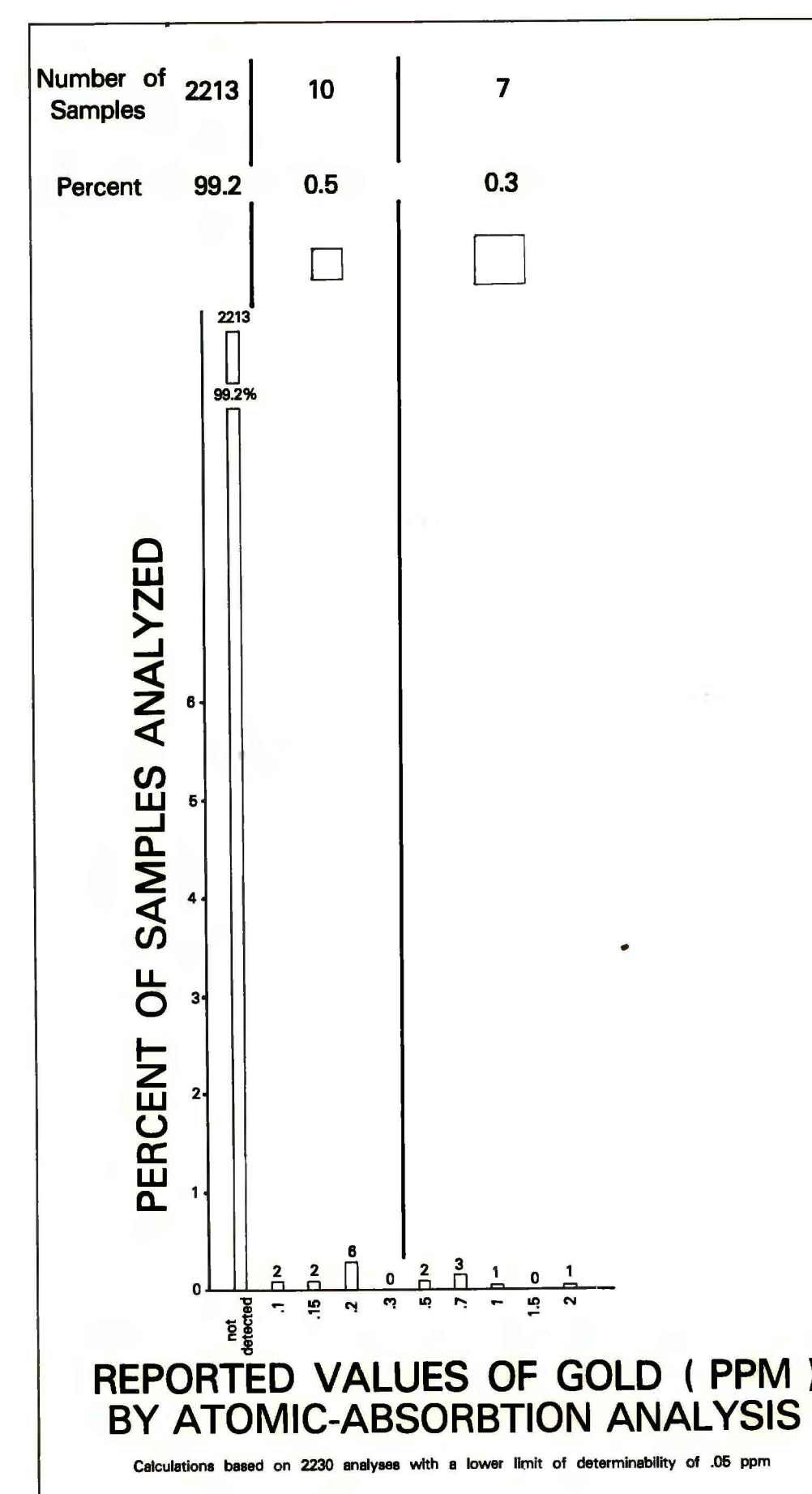
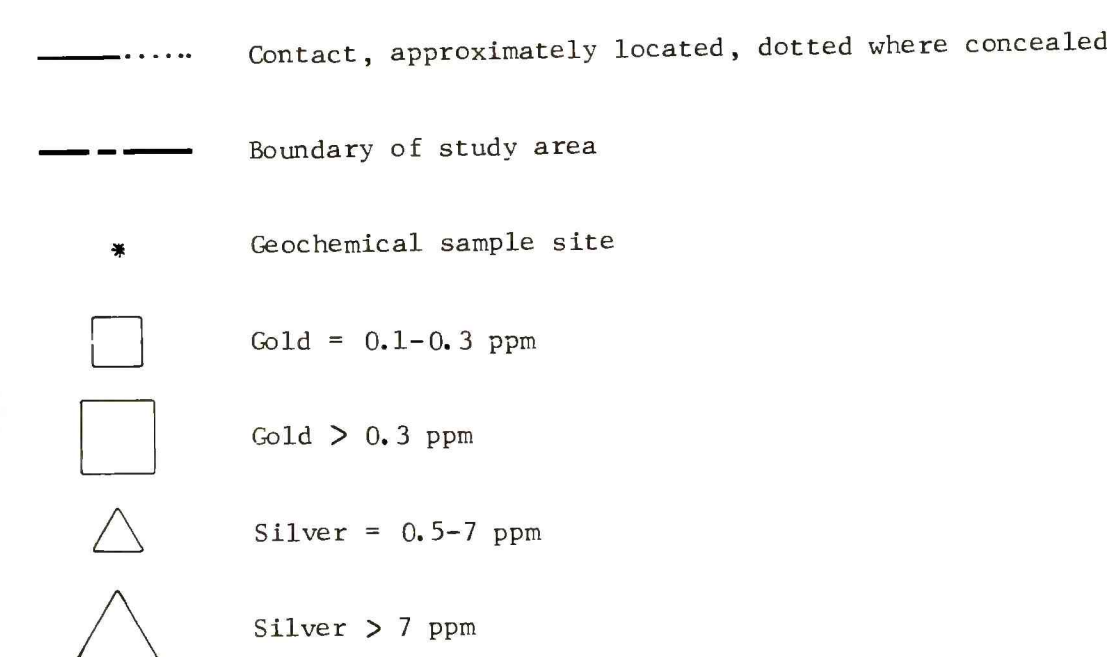
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MAP SHOWING THE DISTRIBUTION AND ABUNDANCE OF GOLD AND SILVER IN BEDROCK SAMPLES, WESTERN CHICHAGOF AND YAKOBI ISLANDS WILDERNESS STUDY AREA, SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA

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This map is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U. S. Geological Survey editorial standards, but the stratigraphic nomenclature has been approved previously.