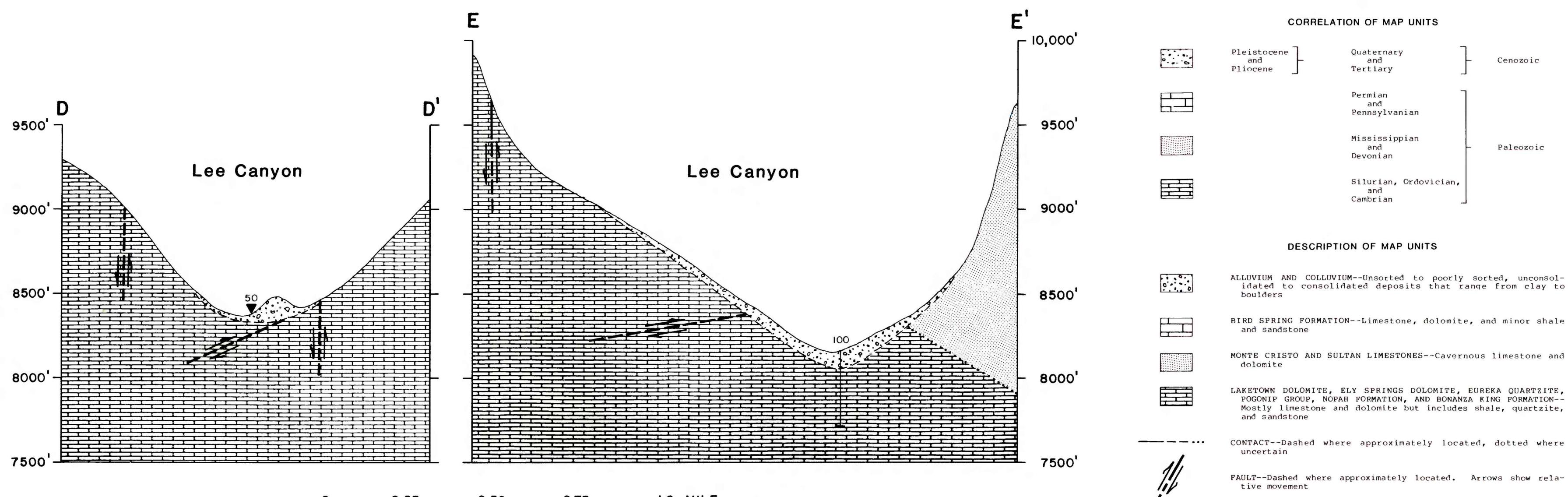


EXPLANATION



CORRELATION OF MAP UNITS

[Stippled pattern]	Pleistocene and Pliocene	Quaternary and Tertiary	Cenozoic
[Solid line pattern]			Pernian and Pennsylvanian
[Dotted pattern]			Mississippian and Devonian
[Brick pattern]			Silurian, Ordovician, and Cambrian

DESCRIPTION OF MAP UNITS

[Stippled pattern]	ALLUVIUM AND COLLUVIUM--Unsorted to poorly sorted, unconsolidated to consolidated deposits that range from clay to boulders
[Solid line pattern]	BIRD SPRING FORMATION--Limestone, dolomite, and minor shale and sandstone
[Dotted pattern]	MONTE CRISTO AND SULTAN LIMESTONES--Cavernous limestone and dolomite
[Brick pattern]	LAKETOWN DOLOMITE, ELY SPRINGS DOLOMITE, EUREKA QUARTZITE, POCNIP GROUP, NOPAH FORMATION, AND BONANZA KING FORMATION--Mostly limestone and dolomite but includes shale, quartzite, and sandstone
[Dashed line pattern]	CONTACT--dashed where approximately located, dotted where uncertain
[Dashed line with arrows]	FAULT--Dashed where approximately located. Arrows show relative movement
[Solid line]	MEAN WATER LEVEL IN KYLE CANYON, APRIL 1980 TO MARCH 1981
[Vertical line with arrow]	WELL--Number shows depth to bedrock, in feet below land surface
[Vertical line with arrow]	SEISMIC REFRACTION STATION--Number shows depth to bedrock, in feet below land surface

See Plate 1 for locations of sections

VERTICAL EXAGGERATION x 3
ALTITUDE: NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL
DATUM OF 1929 (SEA LEVEL)

HYDROGEOLOGIC SECTIONS IN KYLE AND LEE CANYONS, SPRING MOUNTAINS, CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA